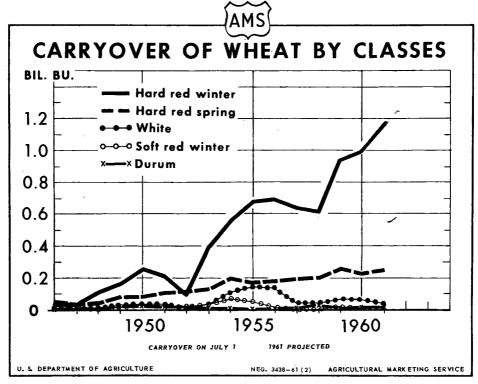
# The WHEAT SITUATION

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Stocks of hard red winter wheat constituted about 75 percent of the 1,314 million bushel total carryover July 1, 1960. Stocks of this class of wheat have been increasing sharply andnext July 1 they are expected to be 12 times as large as in 1952, when wartime demands had drawn stocks down to low levels. Stocks of hard red spring wheat may be twice as large as in 1952.

The total wheat carryover July 1, 1961 is expected to be about 170 million bushels above that of a year earlier. Expected increases of about 175 million bushels in hard red winter and 15 million in hard red spring much more than offset a possible 25-million-bushel decline in white wheat. Little change is indicated in the carryover of soft red winter and durum wheats.



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AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Table 1 .- Wheat: Supply and distribution, United States, 1954-60

	•		Year	beginnin	g July		
Item	: 1954	: : 1955	: : 1956	: : 1957	1958	1959 <u>1</u> /	1960 <u>1</u> / <u>2</u> /
Supply	: Mil. : bu. :	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.	Mil.	Mil. bu.
Carryover on July 1 Production Imports 3/	933•5 983•9		1,033.4 1,004.3 7.8		881.0 1,461.7 7.8	, , ,	1,314 1,363 7
Total	:1,921.6	1,980.8		1,870.4	2,350.5	2,429.2	2,684
Domestic disappearance	: :						
Food 4/ Seed	486.0 64.8	481.6 67.7	482.5 57.7	63.2	492.7 65.1	49 <b>1.8</b> .64 <b>.</b> 1	495 64
Industry Feed 5/	: .2	•7 51•1	•5 46•5	•3 39•0	.1 54.2	.1 49.6	<del>-</del>
$\overline{\text{Total}}$	: 611.0	601.1	587.2	586.5	612.1	605 <b>.6</b>	609
Exports 6/	274.4	346.3	549.5	402.9	443.3	509.6	5 <u>9</u> 0 \
Total disappear- ance	885.4	947.4	1,136.7	989.4	1,055.4	1,115.2	1,199
Stocks on June 30	:1,036.2	1,033.4	908.8	881.0	1,295.1	1,314.0	1,485

<sup>1/</sup> Preliminary.

<sup>2/</sup> Imports and distribution partly estimated.
3/ Excludes imports of wheat for milling in bond and export as flour.

<sup>4/</sup> Includes shipments to United States Territories and wheat for military food use at home and abroad.

<sup>5/</sup> This is the residual figure, after all other disappearance is accounted for.

<sup>6/</sup> Actual exports. Prior to October 1954 they included those for civilian feeding under the military supply program.

## THE WHEAT SITUATION Including Rye

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board, February 21, 1961

	CLONIE	) Tanking	
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17	age		age
Summary	3	Free wheat sunniw man exceed	
	_		
	-	<del></del>	17
			•
	7		<b>-</b> 2
——————————————————————————————————————	•	record	19
continues downward trend	7		
1960-61 exports estimated	•	Europe and Asia	21
at 590 million bushels	9	1960 world wheat production	
Large increase expected in		19 percent above average	24
hard red winter carryover	9	Rye Situation	25
Indicated winter crop 25		Summary	25
	13	Rye supply above last year and	
		above average	
	_	Increase in carryover expected	
_	15		29
· •		· -	
	15	year	31
			0.3
loan wheat	$T.\lambda$		
		index of tables	43
	Summary  Domestic Wheat Situation  January 1 stocks set record  July 1, 1961 carryover may be up 13 percent  Wheat consumption per person continues downward trend  1960-61 exports estimated at 590 million bushels  Large increase expected in hard red winter carryover  Indicated winter crop 25 percent above average  July 1, 1962 carryover expected to set new record  Price advance increases sales  1960-crop wheat estimated at 6 cents above effective loan  Payments advanced on resealed	Summary	Summary

#### SUMMARY

The prospective "free" supply of wheat appears adequate to take care of domestic requirements and exports for the remainder of the marketing year provided the supply is well distributed and the 1961 harvest is not unduly delayed.

Of the total stocks of 2,066 million bushels of wheat on January 1-- a record for the third successive year-- 1,133 million bushels were owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, 380 million under loan, 19 million under purchase agreements and 31 million held by farmers to avoid payment of penalty for overplanting allotments. This would leave 503 million bushels in free supplies out of stocks. In addition, in the January-June period, imports may total around

4 million bushels and purchases of wheat from CCC stocks at the statutory minimum may amount to possibly 5 million bushels. This would indicate a total free supply for the last half of the 1960-61 marketing year of 512 million bushels.

Requirements for domestic use and exports in January-June from this free supply may total some 452 million bushels. This would leave about 60 million bushels in free supply next July 1, compared with 23 million bushels last July 1 and 51 million bushels July 1, 1959. Redemptions of loan wheat and sales of purchase-agreement wheat will increase the free supply.

Cash wheat prices at terminals reached their highs for the marketing year to date in late January and early February. At that time, prices were generally at or above support levels and had advanced to a point where wheat from free supplies was sold in increased quantities by farmers and other holders. The heavy sales caused a market reaction and on February 21 prices were still as much as 4 cents below their highs.

However, even with the setback, prices are still generally favorable compared with the effective support. On February 21, the price of No. 1 Soft White at Portland at \$2.14 was 16 cents above the effective support; No. 2 Soft Red Winter at St. Louis at \$2.16 was 10 cents above; No. 2 Hard Winter, ordinary protein, at Kansas City at \$2.03, 3 cents below and No. 1 Dark Northern Spring, ordinary protein, at Minneapolis at \$2.12, 2 cents below. The strength in market prices reflects the exceptionally heavy export demand, together with the operation of the price support program. While prices of all classes of wheat rose to near or above the effective support rates, prices of soft red winter and white wheat were especially high relative to the support. Supplies of these two classes are in relatively close balance with likely takings in the last half of the marketing year.

Total supplies of wheat for the 1960-61 marketing year are now estimated at 2,684 million bushels, an increase of 10 percent from a year earlier. Domestic disappearance is estimated at about 610 million bushels, about the same as a year earlier. Exports are now expected to total about 590 million bushels. On the basis of these estimates, the carryover on July 1, 1961 would be a record 1,485 million bushels. This would be about 170 million bushels or 13 percent above the 1,314-million-bushel record last July 1.

An expected increase of around 175 million bushels in the July 1, 1961 carryover of hard red winter and around 15 million in hard red spring wheat would more than offset a possible 25-million-bushel decline in white wheat. Little change in carryover stocks of soft red winter and durum are expected.

The intentions-to-plant report, which will be issued March 17, will give an indication of the acreage of spring wheat farmers intend to plant. The first official forecast of spring wheat production will be released June 9. If 12.4

million acres are seeded to spring wheat, the same as last year, and yields equal to the average of the last 3 years of 19.3 bushels per acre are obtained, a spring crop of about 240 million bushels would be produced. Adding this to the indicated winter wheat crop of 1,034 million bushels, a total wheat production of nearly 1,275 million bushels is indicated for 1961. This is 7 percent below the 1960 crop but 16 percent above the 1950-59 average. In recent years, the final crop estimates have exceeded the indication as of December 1 because growing conditions after that date have been above average.

A crop of 1,275 million bushels would be 90 million bushels in excess of estimated domestic disappearance of 610 million, which is about the same as estimated for 1960-61, and exports assumed at 575 million. As a result, the carryover July 1, 1962 again would be increased.

World wheat exports, including products in grain equivalent, in 1960-61 are expected to be 75 million to 100 million bushels above the previous record of 1,328 million attained in 1956-57. Exports for 1959-60 were 1,321 million bushels.

Winter wheat prospects in Europe are not favorable. Excessive rains caused serious delays in seedings through the fall and early winter of 1960-61, resulting in considerably smaller fall-sown acreage than last year.

THE RYE SITUATION Begins on page 25

THE DOMESTIC WHEAT SITUATION

## Total Stocks on January 1 Set Record for Third Straight Year

For the third successive year, total stocks of wheat stored in all positions set a record. On January 1, they amounted to 2,056 million bushels, 10 percent above a year ago and 60 percent above the 1950-59 average (table 2). They were 52 percent larger than the 1960 crop, which was the second largest crop ever harvested.

Off-farm wheat stocks on January 1 totaled 1,645 million bushels and farm stocks 421 million. Nearly three-fourths of the total stocks were either owned by the Government or were under Government loan.

Table 2 .-- Wheat: Stocks, United States, by quarters, 1930-61

- 6 -

	<u>:</u>		Jan : Interior	uary 1			<u>:</u>		Apr : Interior	il l :		:
		: :Terminal		: : Merchant	Commodity	; :	: :		: mill,		Commodity	• •
Year			: elevator,	: mills	Credit Corpora-	Total	Farm	: market	:elevator,	: mills	Cornors-	: Total
	:	: 1/	and ware-	: <u>3</u> /	tion 4/	:	:	: <u>1</u> /	and ware-	• 2/	tion 4/	:
	:1,000 bu.		: house 2/	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1.000 bu.	: :1,000 bu.	1.000 bu.	:house 2/		<u> </u>	1,000 bu.
	:						:					
1930	: 216,841	182,226					: 133,200	153,122 213,583				
1931 1932	: 248,828	199,649 226,874		115,654			: 116,553 : 172,909	207,215		91,420		
1933	: 276,054	168,465		122,223				135,552		100,267		
1934	: 185,302	132,511		115,035			: 113,790	97,132		91,720		<del></del>
1935	: 146,996	90,937	87,559	106,392		431,884		51,882	66,124	74,852		291,847
1936	: 163,703	76,694	78,463	109,634		428,494 370,997	: 98,878	49,919 34,741	48,193 39,308	72,046 65,983		269,036 211,107
1937 1938	: 128,954 : 208,071	62,366 94,520	76,845 115,081	102,832 115,567		533,239	123,596	54,426	73,180	79,851		331,053
1939	: 274,260	128,748	136,091	107,706		646,805	182,801	82,687	91,800	82,481		439,769
1940	: 200 274	130 B)iO	100 566	11), 021		606 013	149,433	105,401	83,750	94,985		433,569
1940	: 229,374 : 279,970	132,84 <b>2</b> 169,776	129,566 167,727	114,231 106,303			192,173	141,897	134,242	76,675		544,987
1942	: 371,775	270,835	221,708	135,601		999,919	268,531	237,777	181,099	122,461		809,868
1943	: 484,754	245,150	238,125	139,385		1,152,414	: 321,179	212,131	176,591	123,455	62,712	896,068
1944	: 382,351	136,264	145,454	112,130	41,400	817,599	: 219,137	123,700	66,535	96,388	38,515	544,275
1945 1946	: 384,638 : 360,959	152,043 102,131	160,432 108,776	114,387 95,276	16,847 14,778	828,347 681,920	108 187	99,644 34,317	130,386 36,477	78,788 55,899	15,770 6, <b>96</b> 1	558,444 332,141
1946	: 366,003	56,256	119,044	96,779	4,404	642,486	139.873	32,838	61,000	71,957	2,903	308,571
1948	: 427,821	141,889	116,827	111,130	3,100	800,767		70,174	75,434	73,714	3,845	479,744
1949	: 387,450	166,348	203,933	103,113	3,701	864,545	243,582	124,656	147,878	63,229	3,376	582,721
1950	: 318,302	219,038	237,424	117,739	7,805	900,308	193,579	180,659	190,884	88,423	5,548	659,093
1951	: 336,242	247,318	284,511	128,974	5,451	1,002,496	217,127	193,663	200,642	101,052	3 <b>,</b> 156	715,640
1952	: 335,838	199,947	202,001	113,567	2,538	853,891		124,865	112,337	80,760	2,037	519,173
1953	: 404,643	259,257	312,694 424,292	128,199		1,109,448		217,258 298,934	24 <b>7,70</b> 6 380,137	101,691	4,351 47,483	841,934 1,128,471
1954 1955	: 425,043 : 321,145	316,765 374,369	527,943	123,467 126,382		1,481,205		351,913	461,579	104,778 101,475	122,509	1,248,834
1956	: 318,734	403,181	577,101	126,878		1,566,950		366,412	503,572	102,455	132,022	1,321,202
1957	294,214	393,211	547,347	127,877		1,488,678		360,702	450,036	108,918	102,380	1,188,680
1958	: 292,407	360,662	657,075	6/ 6/		1,382,660		335,916	535,332	6/ 67	74,571	1,122,556
1959 1960	: 456,877 : 329,691	422,047	854,305 1,475,208	<u>6/</u>		1,820,459		419,579 458,349	761,126 836,734	6/ 6/	77,029 62,589	1,541,157
1961	: 421,469		L,566,737	ਫੋ/ ਫੋ/		1,875,831 : 2,066,146 :		470,349	030,134	9/	02, 009	1,562,150
	:		July	<del>,</del>					Ooto	ber 1		
1930	: 62,452	109,327	60,166	59,170		291,115	383,574	220,600				
1931	37,084	203,967	30,252	41,202		312,505	490,292	256,327		125,816		
1932	: 93,553	168,405	41,585	71,714		375,257	; 402,719	194,858		127,772		
1933	: 82,693	123,712	54,293 48,128	107,052 83,114		377,750 272,893	286,798	156,652	114,772	134,750 126,597		595,331
1934 1935	: 61,103	80,548 21,951	30,363	49,524		145,889		120,075 79,703	102,374	123,905		578 <b>,</b> 628
1936	: 43,137	25,202	21,504	50,590		140,433		82,849	115,898	119,635		535,928
1937	: 21,972	9,022	11,774	40,399		<u>5</u> /83,167		141,496	152,978	138,160		755,931
1938	: 58,857	22,190	31,269	40,791		153,107		139,273	175,893	130,198		839,294
1939	: 88,016 :	64,103	36,842	61,054		250,015	: 527,010	161,987	160,409	137,332		787,344
1940	: 79,572	84,187	35,312	80,650			365,118	186,523	192,136	133,319		877,096
1941	: 86,675	142,671 224,441	73,789 142,366	81,598	4,409		: 483,922	284,920.	238,526	154,902	55,096	1,162,270 1,372,352
1942 1943	: 162,722 : 189,574	162,151	103,804	96,837 104,378	58,990	618,897	: 632,573 : 523,394	269,290 199,592	263,466 210,751	151,927 126,255	54,500	1,114,492
1944	: 103,622	82,912	30,332	67,308	32,381		521,123	199,475	198,413	137,818	22,365	1,079,194
1945	: 87,703	67,185	42,129	58,463	23,700	279,180	: 517,621	170,305	181,410	128,261	22,189	1,019,786
1946	: 41,604	29,917	8,376	12,838	7,351	0-'0	: 551,640	103,595	177,351	114,463	2,184	949,233
1947 1948	: 40,501	8,129 3), 065	10,116 30,645	24,591 ali alin	500 3 530		: 610,033	175,069	203,338	135,346	3,990	1,127,776
1940	: 94,463 : 66,505	34,065 128,158	76,424	34,240 32,401	2,530 3,797		: 552,994 : 454,286	219,111 261,109	251,154 287,432	129,233 134,731		1,156,452 1,146,830
1060	:		-				:	, -	-			
1950 1951	: 65,861 : 76,275	168,497 15 <b>7,</b> 848	129,522 89,159	55,934 73,587	4,900 3,002	424,714 390.871	482,276 478,604	260,104 238,443	320,831 273,021	137,422 131,963		1,205,367 1,125,821
1952	: 63,387	93,924	57 <b>,</b> 955	39,568	1,144		: 516,171	313,561	366,477	150,243		1,350,773
1953	: 79,163	256,330	203,279	58,408	8,364	605,544	: 564,495	342,163	458,641	134,477	42,719	1,542,495
1954	: 103,162	310,715	345,096	63,829	110,704	933,506	: 437,907	422,772	546,307	158,981	126,228	1,692,195
1955	: 40,644	380,409	412,387	60,144				448,678	624,302	141,403		1,780,974
1956 1957	: 67,246 : 59,896	332,323 313,481	443,676 379,162	64,741 65,257	125,429 91,010	1,033,415 908,806	: 419,398	467,254 412,237	636,396 714,829	142,165 6/	82,882	1,799,575 1,605,155
1958	50,867	304,782	447,128	6/	78,270		644,365	472,590	940,838	<u>5</u> /		2,141,524
1959	: 114,937	403,845	695,241	6/	81,067	1,295,090	: 452,796	526,717	1,074,638	6/	77,006	2,131,157
1960	: 96,375	6/	1,154,130	₫/		1,313,956		<u>6</u> /	1,729,620	<u></u> 5/		2,345,122
	:					<del>,</del>	<del>: ,</del> .			<del></del>	<del></del>	1934, or for

From reports of the Grain Division, Agricultural Marketing Service. 2/ Data not available for October 1, prior to 1934, or for January 1 and April 1, prior to 1935. 3/ Estimated total based upon Bureau of Census report of item "In mills and mill elevators attached to mills" for 1927 through April 1945. Data not available for October 1 prior to 1931, or for January 1 and April 1 prior to 1932. 4/ Beginning July 1, 1942, wheat owned by CCC and stored in bins or other storage owned or controlled by CCC. Other wheat owned by CCC as well as wheat outstanding under loan is included in other positions. 5/ Beginning with 1937 only old crop wheat shown in all positions. For the years 1927-36 inclusive, some new wheat is included in terminal and merchant mill stocks. The figure for July 1, 1937, including the new wheat, is 102,842,000 bushels. 6/ Beginning October 1, 1957, merchant mills and beginning January 1, 1960, terminal market included with interior mill, elevator and warehouse stocks.

The CCC wheat inventory on January 1 consisted of approximately the following quantities by classes, in million bushels, with 1960 comparisons in parentheses: Hard red winter, 867 (844); hard red spring, 183 (185); white, 51 (55); durum, 8 (10) and soft red winter, 0.3 (0.7), (table 28). The total of these January 1, 1961 figures, taken from operating reports of the Commodity Credit Corporation, differ slightly from the 1,133-million-bushel total from fiscal reports which do not break down holdings of wheat by classes or by States. The 1,133 million bushels owned by CCC on January 1, 1961 compares with 1,109 million on January 1, 1960 and 777 million 2 years ago.

# July 1, 1961 Carryover Expected To Reach 1,485 Million Bushels, Up 13 Percent

Total supplies of wheat for the 1960-61 marketing year are estimated at a record 2,684 million bushels, 255 million bushels or 10 percent above the previous record of a year earlier and 14 percent above 2 years earlier. Total supplies include the carryover of 1,314 million bushels, the 1960 crop estimated at 1,363 million and probable imports of 7 million. Imports are mostly of feeding quality and seed wheat, of which 2.9 million were imported in July-December.

Domestic disappearance of wheat in 1960-61 is estimated at about 610 million bushels, about the same as a year earlier. Exports are now expected to total about 590 million bushels.

On the basis of the estimated supply and disappearance, the carryover on July 1, 1961 would be a record 1,485 million bushels (table 1). This would be about 170 million bushels or 13 percent above the record last July 1.

Total disappearance of wheat in July-December of 1960 amounted to 614 million bushels -- 65 million bushels or 12 percent above the same period in 1959 and 133 million bushels or 28 percent above the 1954-58 average. Compared with the same period in 1959, exports of 298 million bushels were 92 million larger and domestic food use of 253 million were 1 million larger. However, feed use (residual) was 13 million bushels, 29 million smaller, and seed use was 49 million bushels, about unchanged from the same period in 1959.

## Wheat Consumption Per Person Continues Slight Downward Trend

The total quantity of wheat used as food in continental United States is little different today from what it was 50 years ago. The decline in per-person consumption has been offset by the increase in population. The total quantity consumed in 1960, 484 million bushels, was only slightly larger than the 478 million in 1910.

	:				Ye	ear beginn	ing July					
Item	1948	1949 :	1950 :	1951	: 1952 :	: 1953 :	1954	: 1955 :	1956 :	1957 :	1958	: :1959 <u>1</u> / :
	: 1,000 : <u>bu</u> .	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
Total exports: Under Government	502,559	298,470	365 <b>,</b> 573	474,715	317,190	216,512	273,634	345 <b>,</b> 564	548,558	401,762	442,101	508 <u>,</u> 388
programs: Quantity Percentage of	: : 376,011	256,790	172,968	159,341	29,605	100,544	158,025	240,700	375,000	245,430	302,116	376,592
total	74.8	86.0	47.3	33.6	9.3	46.4	57.7	69.7	68.4	61.1	68.	3 74.1
For dollars: Quantity Percentage of	: : 126,548 :	41,680	192,605	315,374	287,585	115,968	115,609	104,864	173,558	156,332	139,985	131,796
total	25.2	14.0	52.7	66.4	90.7	53.6	42.3	30.3	31.6	38.9	31.	7 25.9
by programs: P.L. 480 2/												
Title I :		~~~					23,802 15,991	94,300 11,900	200,500 12,200	178,035 14,290	230,820 10,861	303,140 10,677
Title III : Barter 3/ : Donations 4/ :		***	2,619	16,924	3 <b>,</b> 938	9,964	46 <b>,</b> 458	66,700 2,788	86,900 11,735	9,501 17,993	20,154 20,219	25,534 24,256
Marshall Plan 5/ : Army Civilian	208,503	137,945	138,856	137,163	22,965	89,063	70,811	65,000	63,600	25,611	20,062	12,985
	167,508	118,845	31,493	5 <b>,</b> 254	2,702	1,517	963					==-
Total	376,011	256,790	172,968	159,341	29,605	100,544	158,025	240,700	375,000	245,430	302,116	376,592

Grain and Feed Division, Foreign Agricultural Service.

Public Law 480, 83rd Congress, as amended.

<sup>1/</sup> Preliminary. 2/ Public Law 46 3/ Includes all Includes all exports of wheat and flour under the following authorities: P.L. 806, 80th Congress, CCC Charter Act; P.L. 85, 81st Congress, CCC Charter Act, amended; P.L. 439, 81st Congress, Agricultural Act of 1949; P.L. 480, 83rd Congress, Agricultural Adjustment Act of (954), P.L. 690, 83rd Congress, Agricultural Act of 1954 and P.L. 540, 84th Congress, Agricultural Act of 1956.

<sup>4/</sup> Shipments by U. S. charity and relief agencies as authorized under Tital III of P. L. 480, Section 416.
5/ P. L. 472 (4/3/48), Foreign Assistance Act of 1948. Original Act establishing Economic Cooperation Administration (now known as International Cooperation Administration, P. L. 665, Section 402). Includes, in part, exports under Greek-Turkish Aid, China Aid, Yugoslav, India and Pakistan Relief programs. In most years data represent procurement authorizations, and are not strictly comparable in time to actual exports of wheat and wheat flour.

<sup>6/</sup> Shipments for civilian feeding in occupied areas.

Consumption averaged 164 pounds per person in the calendar year 1960, down 2 pounds from a year earlier and down 66 pounds from 1945. Except for 1958, per-person consumption has declined every year since 1945. The 164 pounds of wheat consumed per-person in 1960 was only a little more than half of the 315 pounds per capita of a half century ago.

Because of the increase in population, total consumption of wheat for food declined by a smaller percentage from 1945 to 1956 than per-person consumption. The total consumption for 1960 of 484 million bushels was down only 2 percent from the 495 million in 1945. The 487 million in 1960 represented a 3 percent increase from the 468 million bushels in 1956.

## U. S. Exports in 1960-61 Estimated At 590 Million Bushels, an All-Time Record

Wheat exports, including products in grain equivalent, in 1960-61 are expected to set an all-time record of 590 million bushels compared with 510 million bushels in 1959-60. The previous high of 550 million bushels was reached in 1956-57. Programming under P. L. 480 has been expanded and dollar sales are larger.

Wheat and flour exports during July-December 1960 totaled nearly 298 million bushels, setting a new record for the first half of any marketing year. Exports under Title I, P. L. 480 were 172 million bushels, an increase of 67 percent over the first half of 1959-60.

The small harvest in Southern Europe has changed Spain and Italy from exporters to substantial importers. Increased imports of U. S. wheat by these countries plus slight increases in several other traditional-dollar-sales countries may cause a substantial increase in dollar exports.

In the first 6 months of the 1960-61 marketing year, U. S. exports of wheat (including flour) to principal importers, in millions of bushels, with last year's figures in parentheses were as follows: Brazil, 11 (23); Egypt, 23 (15); India, 81 (34); Italy, 12 (5); Japan, 20 (16); Pakistan, 16 (7); Poland, 27 (10) and Spain, 7 (0).

# Large Increase Expected in Carryover of Hard Red Winter Wheat; Decrease in White Wheat

Analysis of supply and distribution by classes indicates probable changes in the distribution of the carryover by classes on July 1, 1961, compared with July 1, 1960. 1/

<sup>1/</sup> The various classes of wheat are used for different purposes. The hard red winter and hard red spring wheats are especially suited to the making of bread flour. Flour from soft red and soft white wheats are used in the making of pastry, crackers, biscuits and cakes. Durum wheat is used in the manufacture of macaroni, spaghetti and similar products.

Table 4 .- Wheat: Estimated supply and distribution by classes, United States, 1956-60 1/

Item	Hard red winter	Soft red winter	Hard red spring	Durum	White	Total
2056 55	: Mil.	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.	Mil. bu.
1 <u>956-57</u> Carryover, July 1, 1956 Production	: : 691 : 446	17 187	185 178	7 39	133 154	1,033
Imports 2/ Supply	1,137	204	8 371	46	287	2 <b>,</b> 045
Exports, including shipments 3/	254	60	35	11	193	553
Domestic disappearance 4/ Carryover, June 30, 1957	: 235 : 648	13 <sup>1</sup> 4	140 196	13 13	52 42	583 909
<u>1957-58</u> Carryover, July 1, 1957	648	10	196	13	42	909
Production	: 425	159	167 11	40	160	951 11
Imports 2/ Supply	1,073	169	374	53	202	1,871
Exports, including shipments 3/	: 219	30	38	1	118	406
Domestic disappearance 4/ Carryover, June 30, 1958	: 241 : 613	133	133 203	27 25	50 34	584 881
1958-59 Carryover, July 1, 1958 Production Imports 2/ Supply Exports, including shipments 3/ Domestic disappearance 4/ Carryover, June 30, 1959	613 838  1,451 259 252 940	6 195  201 43 137 21	203 233 8 444 46 147 251	25 22  47 1 28 18	34 174  208 98 45 65	881 1,462 8 2,351 447 609 1,295
1959-60 5/ Carryover, July 1, 1959 Production Imports 2/	940 618	21 16 <b>1</b>	251 15 <b>1</b> 7	18 21	65 176	1,295 1,127 7
Supply	1,558	182	409	39	241	2,429
Exports, including shipments 3/	292 258	41 131	50 140	1 26	128 48	512 603
Domestic disappearance 4/ Carryover, June 30, 1960	1,008	10	219	12	65	1,314
1960-61 5/6/ Carryover, July 1, 1960 Production Imports 2/ Supply	: 1,008 : 796 : : 1,804	10 193  203	219 188 7 414	12 34 	65 152  217	1,314 1,363 7 2,684
Exports, including shipments 3/	: 367	56	40	3	127	593
Domestic disappearance 4/ Carryover, June 30, 1961	254 1,183	134 13	140 234	28 15	50 40	606 1,485

<sup>1/</sup> Figures by classes are not based on survey or enumeration data and are therefore only approximations. Estimated stocks on farms and in interior mills, elevators and warehouses, by kinds, are assumed to be present in about the same proportion as produced; the classes within kinds are established on the basis of the quinquennial wheat-variety surveys. Commercial stocks and CCC inventories are reported by classes. Exports by classes are estimated on the basis of "inspection for export" for wheat as grain and on the basis of the area from which exports are made for flour. 2/ Excludes imports for milling-inbond and export as flour. 3/ Includes shipments to Alaska and Hawaii and the U.S. Terriorties. Includes exports for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies. 4/ Wheat for food (including military food use at home and abroad), feed, seed and industry. 5/ Preliminary. 6/ Imports and distribution are partly estimated.

Data for 1944-55 in The Wheat Situation, August 1959, page 12; data for 1929-43 in The Wheat Situation, February 1958, page 10.

Total carryover on July 1, 1961 is estimated at 171 million bushels above a year earlier. An indicated increase of 175 million bushels in hard red winter and 15 million hard red spring much more than offsets a possible 25-million-bushel decline in white wheat (table 5). The increases indicate that last year's production of hard red winter and hard red spring wheats were in excess of domestic disappearance and exports. The carryover of durum may be up about 3 million bushels 2/. The expected reduction in the white wheat carryover reflects the smaller crop in 1960.

Carryover stocks of hard red winter wheat have almost doubled since the 613 million bushels on July 1, 1958 and continues exceedingly large. Stocks of hard red spring are more than ample but may not be considered burdensome. Stocks of soft red winter, white and durum are not large.

Table 5.- Wheat: Estimated July 1, 1961 carryover by classes, with comparisons

	: Total	Carr	yover Jul	y l	Percentage 1961	1961 ca change	rryover from -
Class	disapp- earance: 1955-59 average 1/	1952 <u>2</u> /	1960	1961	carryover is of aver age disap- pearance	1952	1960
	: Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Per-	Mil.	Mil.
	<u>bu.</u>	bu.	bu.	bu.	cent	bu.	bu.
Hard red winter	483	97	1,008	1,183	245	+1,086	+175
Soft red winter	: 183	16	10	13	7	- 3	+ 3
Hard red spring		117	219	234	129	+ 117	+ 15
Durum	: 26	15	12	15	58	0	+ 3
White	:175	11	65	40	23	+ 29	<b>- 2</b> 5
Total	1,049	256	1,314	1,485	142	+1,229	+171

<sup>1/</sup> Year begins July 1. Includes exports and domestic use for food, feed, seed and industry. 2/ A year when wartime demands drew stocks down to low levels.

The prospective carryover stocks of the various classes next July 1 as a percentage of the 1955-59 average disappearance are as follows: Hard red winter, 245 percent; hard red spring, 129 percent; durum, 58 percent; white, 23 percent and soft red winter, 7 percent (table 5).

<sup>2/</sup> Durum became eligible for export payments under the payment-in-kind export program on December 27, 1960. It was announced that a separate rate would be announced daily by the CCC on commercial export sales. Durum wheat was last exported in substantial quantities in 1956-57, when approximately 11 million bushels were sold for export.

Table 6 .- All wheat and winter wheat: Acreage, yield and production, United States, 1942-61

	==			neat	:		Winter		
Year of harvest	:	Seeded acreage	: Seeded but : not harvested: for grain :	Yield per : seeded : acre :	Production :	Seeded	: Seeded but : :not harvested: : for grain :	Yield per seeded acre	: Production
	:	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	Bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 acres	1,000 acres	Bushels	1,000 bushels
	:								
1942	:	53,000	3,227	18.3	969,381	38,855	2,835	18.1	702,159
1943	:	55,984	4,629	15.1	843,813	38,515	3,952	14.0	537,476
1944	:	66,190	6,441	16.0	1,060,111	46,821	5 <b>,69</b> 6	16.1	751,901
1945	:	69,192	4,025	16.0	1,107,623	50,463	3,439	16.2	816,989
1946	:	71 <b>,57</b> 8	4,473	16.1	1,152,118	52,227	3,856	16.7	869,592
1947	:	78,314	3 <b>, 7</b> 95	17.4	1,358,911	58 <b>,24</b> 8	3,313	18.2	1,058,976
1948	:	78,345	5,927	16.5	1,294,911	58,332	5 <b>,3</b> 69	17.0	990,141
1949	:	83,905	7,995	13.1	1,098,415	61,177	6,763	14.0	858,127
1950	:	71,287	9 <b>,680</b>	14.3	1,019,344	52,399	9,147	14.1	740,637
1951	:	78,524	16,651	12.6	988,161	56,145	16,052	11.6	650,822
1952	:	78,645	7,515	16.6	1,306,440	56,997	6,102	18.7	1,065,220
1953	:	78,931	11,091	14.9	1,173,071	57,087	10,154	15.5	885,032
1954	:	62,539	8,183	15.7	983,900	46,617	7,399	17.2	801,369
1955	:	58,241	10,956	16.0	934,731	44,290	10,590	15.9	704,793
1956	:	60,658	10,874	16.6	1,004,272	44,427	8,873	16.7	740,928
1957	:	49,852	6,046	19:1	950,662	37,423	5,708	19.0	710,776
1958	:	56,269	2,865	26.0	1,461,714	43,895	2,544	26.9	1,179,269
1959	:	57,722	5,057	19.5	1,126,682	44,383	4,130	20.8	923,594
1960 1/	:	55,633	2,990	24.5	1,363,443	43,213	2,652	25.9	1,117,131
1961 2/	:	7	• • •		-, -	43,926	•	23.6	1,034,486

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Indicated as of December 1, 1960.

Table 7.- All spring wheat, durum and other: Acreage, yield and production, United States, 1942-60

harvest : a : : 1 : : a : : 1 : 942 : : 1 : 1943 : : 1 : 1944 : : 1 : 1945 : : 1	Seeded acreage  1,000 acres  14,145 17,469		per seeded	:Produc-: : tion: : : :	acreage	: Seeded : but not : :harvested: :for grain:	per seeded	:Produc-:	Seeded		•	Produc-
harvest : 8 : 1 : 8 : 1 : 8 : 1 : 942 : 1 : 1 : 1943 : 1 : 1 : 1944 : 1 : 1 : 1945 : 1	1,000 acres 14,145	:harvested: :for grain: 1,000 acres	seeded acre	: tion:	acreage	: harves ted:	seeded				•	
: 6 : 1 : 8 : 1 1942 : 1 1943 : 1 1944 : 1	1,000 acres 14,145	:for grain: 1,000 acres	acre	1,000				: tion :	acreage	· hemraetad.		
: 8 : 1942 : 1 1943 : 1 1944 : 1	acres 14,145	1,000 acres			3 000	: for grain:				· mor sep cen;	seeded:	tion
: 8 : 1942 : 1 1943 : 1 1944 : 1	acres 14,145	acres	Bushels				acre	: :		:for grain:	acre	:
: - 1942 : 1 1943 : 1 1944 : 1 1945 : 1	14,145		Bushels		1,000	1,000		1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000
1943 : 1 1944 : 1 1945 : 1				bushels	acres	acres	Bushels	bushels	acres	acres	Bushels	bushels
1943 : 1 1944 : 1 1945 : 1						· · · · · ·						
1944 : 1 1945 : 1	17 160	392	18.9	267,222	2,155	46	19.1	41,236	11,990	346	18.8	225,986
1945 : 1		677	17.5	306,337	2,136	58	15.7	33,505	15,333	619	17.8	272,832
	19,369	745	15.9	308,210	2,099	42	14.1	29,666	17,270	703	16.1	278,544
	18,729	586	15.5	290,634	2,026	22	16.2	32,840	16,703	564	15.4	257,794
	19,351	617	14.6	282,526	2,493	40	14.4	35,836	16,858	577	14.6	246,690
	20 <b>,</b> 0 <b>6</b> 6	482	14.9	299,935	2,975	27	14.9	44,328	17,091	455	15.0	255,607
	20,013	558	15.2	304,770	3,278	58	13.8	45,142	16,735	500	15.5	259,628
	22,728	1,232	10.6	240,288	3,767	197	10.4	39,072	18,961	1,035	10.6	201,216
	18,888	531	14.8	278,707	2,918	89	12.8	37,212	15,970	445	15.1	241,495
	22,379	599	15.1	337,339	2,586	68	13.4	34,762	19,793	531	15.3	302,577
	21,648	1,413	11.1	241,220	2,328	154	9.7	22,493	19,320	1,259	11.3	218,727
	21,844	937	13.2	288,039	2,103	238	6.2	12,967	19,741	699	13.9	275,072
	15,922	784	11.5	182,531	1,637	328	3.0	4,982	14,285	456	12.4	177,549
	13,951	366	16.5	229,938	1,385	37	14.1	19,580	12,566	329	16.7	210,358
	16,231	2,001	16.2	263,344	2,481	171	15.5	38,503	13,750	1,830	16.4	224,841
	12,429	338	19.3	239,886	2,365	84	16.8	39,680	10,064	254	19.9	200,206
	12,374	321	22.8	282,445	932	32	22.9	21,381	11,442	289	22.8	261,064
	13,339	927	15.2	203,088	1,224	61	16.5	20,232	12,115	866	15.1	182,856
1960 1/ : 1	12,420	338	19.8	246,312	1,683	31	20.2	33,969	10,737	307	19.8	212,343
:	-							,,,	, 101	J•1		

1/ Preliminary.

Footnotes for table 21, page 34 and table 22, page 35.

<sup>1/</sup> Includes flour and other wheat products in terms of wheat. 2/ Prior to 1937 some new wheat included; beginning with 1937 only old-crop wheat is shown in all stocks positions. The figure for July 1, 1937, including the new wheat, is 102.8 million bushels, which is used as year-end carryover in the 1936-37 marketing year. 3/ Imports include full-duty wheat, wheat imported for feed, and dutiable flour and other wheat products in terms of wheat. They exclude wheat imported for milling in bond and export as flour, also flour free for export. 4/ Includes procurement for both civilian relief feeding and for military food use; military takings for civilian feeding in occupied areas measured at time of procurement, not at the time of shipment overseas. 5/ Exports as here used, in addition to commercial exports of wheat, flour and other wheat products, including those for civilian feeding in occupied areas (deliveries for export. For the years 1941-54, actual exports, including those for civilian feeding in occupied areas (deliveries for export) of wheat, flour and other wheat products, in million bushels, were as follows: 27.9; 27.6; 42.6; 144.4; 390.6; 397.4; 485.9; 504.0; 299.1; 366.1; 475.3; 317.8; 217.0 and 274.4. 6/ To Alaska, Hawaii and U. S. Territories; partly estimated. 7/ Includes exports for relief or charity by individuals and private agencies. 8/ Preliminary. 9/ For the period July-December 1955, known disappearance from the July 1 supply, without an allowance for quantities fed, is about 12 million bushels larger than that indicated by January 1 stocks. This discrepancy may be accounted for by possible inexactness in data, including some duplication in stocks reported in the various positions by different agencies. This discrepancy also occurred in the July-December 1957 period by 8 million bushels.

## Indicated Winter Wheat Crop 25 Percent Above Average

In December, seedings of winter wheat for all purposes were estimated at 43.9 million acres, slightly above the 43.2 million planted last year, but 9 percent below the 1950-59 average (table 6). The 1961 winter wheat crop, seeded in the fall of 1960, was planted under acreage allotments and marketing quotas with the same national wheat allotment as last year-- 55 million acres.

A 1961 winter wheat crop of 1,034 million bushels is indicated, based on conditions as of December 1. This assumes average weather and insect and disease conditions for the remainder of the season. A crop of this size would be about 7 percent less than that of 1960 but almost 25 percent above the 1950-59 average of 840 million bushels. In the last 10 years, the average change in the production estimate from December to harvest has been 134 million bushels, ranging from a minimum change of 5 million bushels to a maximum of 274 million.

The indicated yield of 23.6 bushels per seeded acre is below the near-record of 25.9 bushels last year, but substantially above the average of 17.6 bushels. Current indications are that 6.6 percent of the acreage seeded for harvest in 1961 will not be harvested for grain. This is about the same proportion as a year ago but less than half of the 10-year average of 16.5 percent.

The low temperatures during late January were not expected to cause undue damage to fall sown wheat because most areas had some protective snow cover. Exceptions were the Central and Northern Great Plains, where fields were generally free of snow and dry surface soils were vulnerable to blowing. Fall-seeded wheat in the Pacific Northwest continued in good condition through January with plant growth ahead of normal. Snow cover in the Great Lakes and northeastern sections provided ample protection to fall wheat. Below-normal temperatures in the Gulf and southeastern regions retarded growth of small grains. In early February heavy snowfall covered practically all of the winter wheat belt.

## New Record High Carryover Expected on July 1, 1962

The intentions-to-plant report, which will be issued March 17, will give an indication of the acreage of spring wheat farmers intend to plant. The first official forecast of spring wheat production will be released June 9. If 12.4 million acres are seeded to spring wheat, the same as last year, and yields equal to the average of the last 3 years of 19.3 bushels per acre are obtained, a spring crop of about 240 million bushels would be produced. Adding this to the indicated winter wheat crop of 1,034 million bushels, a total wheat production of nearly 1,275 million bushels is indicated for 1961. This is 7 percent below the 1960 crop but 16 percent above the 1950-59 average.

Table 8 .- Wheat and rye: Cash closing prices and support prices at terminal markets, specified months and days, 1960 and 1961

2	:				Cash clo	sing prices				-crop rt prices
Commodity, market and grade		Mon	thly av	erage	<del> </del>	:	Daily range		Effective	
	: Jan. :				: Jan. : 1961		: Feb. 9, : 1961	: Feb. 16, : 1961	Feb. 16,	: Terminal
	: Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Wheat:	:									
Chicago:	:									
No. 2 Hard Red Winter	: 2.15	2.05	2.07	2.11	2.14	2.14	2.10-2.11	2.11	2.05	2.07
No. 2 Soft Red Winter	: 2.03	1.97	2.02	2.08	2.15	2.02	2.14	2.13	2.05	2.07
St. Louis:	:							· ·	•	
No. 2 Soft Red Winter	: 2.08	1.98	2.03	2.10	2.17	2.04-2.06	2.13-2.19	2.12-2.18	2,05	2.07
Kansas City:	:						-		•	• •
No. 2 Hard Red Winter,	:									
ordinary protein	2.04	1.97	2.00	2.01	2.04	2.07-2.08	2.03-2.04	2.04	2.05	2.07
No. 2 Hard Red Winter,	:						_			_,_,
13 percent protein	2.12	2.10	2.11	2.12	2.12	2.11-2.16	2.08-2.17	2.08-2.17	2.07	2,09
No. 2 Soft Red Winter	2.04	1.97	2.00	2.01	2.04	2.07-2.08	2.03-2.06	2.04-2.06	2.05	2.07
Fort Worth:	:						_		,>	
No. 2 Hard Red Winter	: 2.37	2.30	2.31	2.31	2.35	2.40-2.47	2.34-2.41	2.34-2.41	2/2.24	2/2,26
Minneapolis:	:	_	_	_		·	-	•	<i>=</i>	=/
No. 1 Dark Northern Spring.	:									
ordinary protein	2.17	2.09	2.09	2.10	2.11	2.17	2.11	2.09	2.13	2.15
No. 1 Dark Northern Spring.						,			5	
13 percent protein	2.19	2.13	2.13	2.13	2.14	2.20	2.13-2.14	2.11-2.12	2.16	2.18
No. 1 Dark Northern Spring,		•		_						_,
15 percent protein	2.24	2.16	2.16	2.16	2.16	2.21-2.23	2.15-2.18	2.13-2.16	2.19	2.21
No. 2 Hard Amber Durum	2.44	2.25	2.21	2.21	2.22	2.43-2.45	2.19-2.22	2.22-2.23	2.22	2.24
Portland:	•	•				• ,	,			
No. 1 Hard White, 12 percent	•									
protein	2.04	2.13	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.04-2.07	2.22-2.24	2.24	3/2.00	3/2.02
No. 1 Soft White	2.02	2.01	2.06	2.10	2.12	2.03-2.04	2.15-2.16	2.15-2.16	1.97	1.99
Toledo:	•						312) 2110	/0	<b></b> -/1	<b>∸•</b> >>
No. 2 Soft Red Winter	2.00	1.90	1.95	1.99	2.04	1.96-1.97	2.01-2.02	2.03-2.04		
No. 2 Soft White	1.98	1.98	1.96	1.99	2.03	1.95-1.96	2.00-2.01	2.02-2.03		
Rye:				±•//	_,-,	//		2.02-2.03		
Minneapolis: No. 2	1.19	1.09	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.16-1.22	1.08-1.11	1.08-1.11	1.09	1.12

<sup>1/</sup> Cash grain closing prices are not the range of cash sales during the day but are on-track cash prices established at the close of the market. The terminal rate is a rate used in determining the effective support price for grain in terminal storage or in transit to terminal and for calculating most county price support rates. The effective support price is the established terminal support rate for grain received by rail minus the deduction for storage as of the date shown. A comparison of the above effective price support rate and the current cash closing price is an indication of whether the market price is above or below the support rate provided the location of the grain is on track at the specified terminals. The monthly average price is the simple average of the daily closing prices.

<sup>2/</sup> Galveston effective and terminal support price. The cash price at Fort Worth is usually backed by paid-in freight which will carry it to Galveston. Therefore, cash prices at Fort Worth may usually be compared with the effective support price at Galveston. A terminal support price is not established for Fort Worth.

<sup>3/</sup> Applies only to the varieties Baart and Bluestem of the sub-class Hard White.

A crop of 1,275 million bushels would be 90 million bushels in excess of estimated domestic disappearance of 610 million, which is about the same as last year, and exports assumed at 575 million. As a result, the carryover July 1, 1962 again would be increased.

# Wheat Prices Advance Sufficiently to Increase Sales

Cash wheat prices at terminals reached their highs for the marketing year to date in late January and early February. At that time, prices were generally at or above support levels and had advanced to a point where wheat from free supplies was sold in increased quantities by farmers and other holders. The heavy sales caused a market reaction and on February 21 were still as much as 4 cents below their highs.

However, even with the setback prices are still generally favorable compared with the effective support. On February 21 the price of No. 1 Soft White at Portland at \$2.14 was 16 cents above the effective support; No. 2 Soft Red Winter at St. Louis at \$2.16 was 10 cents above; No. 2 Hard Winter, ordinary protein, at Kansas City at \$2.03, 3 cents below and No. 1 Dark Northern Spring, ordinary protein, at Minneapolis at \$2.12, 2 cents below. Compared with the season's lows, prices for dominant classes and grades were up about 33 cents at St. Louis, 20 cents at Portland, 19 cents at Kansas City and 10 cents at Minneapolis.

The overall strength in market prices reflects the exceptionally heavy export demand, together with the operation of the price support program. While prices of all classes of wheat rose to near or above the effective support rates, prices of soft red winter and white wheat were especially high relative to the support. Supplies of these two classes are in relatively close balance with likely takings in the last half of the marketing year.

The net quantity of 1960-crop wheat under the loan program reported through January 31 totaled 321.7 million bushels, 76.8 million bushels having been redeemed out of a total of 398.5 million bushels put under loan (table 9). In addition, 18.7 million bushels of 1960-crop wheat were under purchase agreements. Farmers also had under 1959-crop reseal, 25.3 million bushels, 1958-crop extended reseal of 28.5 million bushels and 1957-crop reextended reseal of 4.9 million bushels. A year ago, the net quantity of 1959-crop wheat amounted to 260.4 million bushels and purchase agreements, 19.9 million.

# Season Average Price of 1960-Crop Wheat Estimated at About 6 Cents Above Effective Support

The season average price received by farmers for the 1960 wheat crop was estimated at \$1.75 per bushel compared with \$1.76 for the 1959 crop. This season's estimate is based on sales through November with an allowance

Table 9 .- Wheat, 1960 crop: Quantity outstanding under support program, January 31, 1961

	Und	er loan	: Under	•
State	•	:	: purchase	: Total
	: Warehouse	Farm	: agreements	<b>:</b> •
	: Bushel	Bushel	Bushel	Bushel
labama	64,351	4,188		68 <b>,</b> 539
rizona	: 15,171	4,358		19,529
rkansas	: 146,058	23,439		169,497
alifornia	: 135,148	120,553	3 <b>,</b> 568	259 <b>,</b> 269
olorado	: 9,881,034	6,311,743	1,340,203	17,532,980
elaware	2,810	4,449		7,259
eorgia	: 135,752	80,395		216,147
[daho	: 1,349,748	1,487,377	22,542	2,859,667
Illinois	858,075	406,345	14,720	1,279,140
Indiana	: 170,802	254,860	2,200	427,862
lowa.	704,582	35,144	4,839	744,565
(ansas	:121,677,305	14,189,491	5,573,312	141,440,108
Kentucky	: 537,761	157,682		695,443
Maryland	: 216,153	1,632		217,785
Michigan	: 784,753	401,350	21,813	1,207,916
/innesota	: 222,490	2,499,197	251,531	2,973,218
Mississippi	: 10,512			10,512
Missouri	: 5,130,807	473 <b>,</b> 586	9,142	5,613,535
Montana	: 872,248	10,462,193	1,846,743	13,181,184
Nebraska	: 26,375,353	14,222,227	2,053,458	42,651,038
New Jersey	: 122,405	116,621		239,026
New Mexico	: 1,071,371	143,321		1,214,692
New York	: 413,741	368,333	64,716	846,790
North Carolina	: 43,044	45,763		88,807
North Dakota	: 7,573,313	25,706,808	5,631,919	38,912,040
Ohio	: 1,496,373	242,248	7,318	1,745,939
Oklahoma	: 15,880,548	1,493,687	35,570	17,409,805
Oregon	: 816,588	1,487,092	51,591	2,355,271
Pennsylvania	: 408,220	53,425	4,800	466,445
South Carolina	: 130,936	12,310		143,246
South Dakota	: 5,965,066	14,008,928	1,489,382	21,463,376
Tennessee	: 135,294	17,076	2,200	154,570
l'exas	: 16,936,619	312,287	40,487	17,289,393
Jtah	: 24,390	106,965		131,355
/irginia	516,572	26,042	445	543 <b>,</b> 059
Mashington	2,954,918	1,621,206	31,026	4,607,150
√est Virginia	: =,//.,/=0	3,809	850	4,659
Wisconsin	: 609	1,623		2,232
Wyoming	: 134,837	544 <b>,</b> 295	149,349	828,481
	:			
Total	:223,915,757	97 <b>,</b> 452 <b>,</b> 048	18,653,724	340,021,529

Grain Division, Commodity Stabilization Service.

for marketings for the remainder of the marketing year and for unredeemed loans at the average rate.

The estimated price for the 1960 crop is about 6 cents above the effective support rate, assuming about 9 cents for storage charges from the \$1.78 announced rate. The price for the 1959 crop was about 4 cents above the effective support.

On the basis of the average price, the value of production of the 1960 crop is estimated at \$2,383 million, 20 percent above the \$1,985 million for the 1959 crop and 16 percent above the 1954-58 average of \$2,060 million.

## Payments Advanced on Resealed Loan Wheat

A program providing for advance payments on grain resealed was announced on February 8. One-half of the storage payments for reseal of farm-stored wheat under price support loans for the 1960-61 storage season will be advanced to farmers in early March. Advance storage payments will be made on 1957-59 crop wheat resealed. These advance storage payments will be made at the rate of 7 cents per bushel. Remaining storage payments due will be paid after the maturity date of the loans. The program, which also includes payments on other reseal grains, enables farmers to hold their price-supported grains in farm storage for another year and at the same time provides payments to help defray storage costs.

## Free Wheat Supply May Exceed 6-Month Requirements by 60 Million Bushels

The prospective "free" supply of wheat of about 512 million bushels appears adequate to take care of domestic requirements and exports for the remainder of the marketing year provided the supply is well distributed and the 1961 harvesters not unduly delayed.

Of the total stocks of 2,066 million bushels of wheat on January 1-- a record for the third successive year--1,133 million bushels 3/ were owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation, 380 million under loan, 19 million under purchase agreements and 31 million 4/ held by farmers to avoid payment of penalty for overplanting allotments. This would leave 503 million bushels in free supplies out of stocks. In addition, in the January-June period, imports may total around

<sup>3/</sup> On June 30, 1960 this quantity was 31.0 million bushels and a year earlier it was 34.4 million bushels (table 27).

<sup>4/</sup> As reported by the Fiscal Branch, CSS, compared with 1,109 shown by operating reports which provides a breakdown by States and by classes of wheat.

Table 10 .- Wheat: Supplies available for export and carryover in the United States, Canada, Argentina and Australia, February 1, 1959-61

Item	:	1958-59	: : 1959-60	1960-61 Preliminary
	<del>- :</del>	Million	Million	Million
	:	bushels	bushels	bushels
υ	NITE	STATES		
1	:	881	1 005	7 27).
Carryover stocks, July 1	:	1,462	1,295 1,127	1,314
Wew crop Total supplies	•	2,343	2,422	1,363 2,677
Domestic requirements for season 1/	•	604	598	602
Supplies available for export and carryover	:	1 <b>,</b> 739	1,824	2,075
Exports, July 1 through January 31 2/	•	247	246	361
Supplies on February 1 for export and carryover 3	: /	1,492	1,578	1,714
	CANA			
Commission absolute Avenue 2	:	620	Elio	E3Ω
Carryover stocks, August 1	:	639 379	549 414	538 490
New crop	:	372 1,011	963	
Total supplies  Domestic requirements for season 1/		1,011	903 148	1,028 150
Supplies available for export and carryover	•	844	815	878
Exports, August 1 through January 31 2/	:	144	150	150
Supplies on February 1 for export and carryover	:	700	665	728
	RGENI			
	:			
Carryover stocks, December 1	:	70	65	55
New crop	·	245	215	160
Total supplies	:	315	280	215 140
Domestic requirements for season 1/ Supplies available for export and carryover	:	153 162	147	
Exports, December 1 through January 31 2/	•	17	133 6	<b>7</b> 5 <b>11</b>
Supplies on February 1 for export and carryover		145	127	64
	USTRA		<u> </u>	<b>0</b>
	:			
Carryover stocks, December 1	:	18	68	64
New crop	:_	215	198	255
Total supplies	:	233	266	-319
Domestic requirements for season 1/	:	69	78	75
Supplies available for export and carryover Exports, December 1 through January 31 2/	:	164	188	244
Supplies on February 1 for export and carryover	:	12 152	19 169	26 218
TOTALS FOR T	HE FO		·	510
	:			
Carryover stocks, beginning of season	:	1,608	1,977	1,971
New crop	:_	2,294	1,954	2,268
Total supplies	:_	3,902	3,931	4,239
Domestic requirements for season $1$	:	993	971	967
Supplies available for export and carryover	:	2,909	2 <b>,</b> 960	3,272
Exports, season through January 31 2/	:	420	421	548
Supplies on February 1 for export and carryover	:	2,489	2 <b>,</b> 539	2,724
	:		,	

<sup>1/</sup> Estimated requirements for seed, food (milling for domestic use), and feed for the season. 2/ Exports of wheat and flour in grain equivalent. 3/ Without imports.

4 million bushels and purchases of wheat from CCC stocks at the statutory minimum may amount to possibly 5 million bushels. This would indicate a total free supply for the last half of the 1960-61 marketing year of 512 million bushels.

Requirements for domestic use and exports in January-June from this free supply may total some 452 million bushels. This would leave about 60 million bushels in free supply next July 1, compared with 23 million bushels last July 1 and 51 million bushels July 1, 1959. The requirements noted exclude an estimated 105 million bushels to come from CCC stocks for payment-in-kind, barter, donations and other export payments.

Redemptions of loan wheat and sales of purchase-agreements wheat will increase the indicated free supply.

#### THE WORLD WHEAT SITUATION

#### World Wheat Exports to Set Record 5/

World wheat exports, including products in grain equivalent, in 1960-61 are expected to be 75 million to 100 million bushels above the previous record of 1,328 million attained in 1956-57. Exports for 1959-60 were 1,321 million bushels.

The severe crop failure in Communist China has resulted in their purchases of over 80 million bushels of wheat from Australia and Canada. The possibility exists that additional purchases may materialize in the near future.

Southern Europe also had much smaller wheat crops. Italy and Spain, both exporters in The International Wheat Agreement, will require large imports in 1960-61. While the weather conditions in the Near East are more favorable than they have been for a number of years, Syria, Iran and several other countries are importing substantial amounts of wheat. Also, requirements in Asia, particularly India and Pakistan, are greater and increased quantities are expected to be taken by these countries.

Total wheat supplies are generally higher than a year ago, with Australia having an all-time record harvest. Supplies in Canada and the United States are also above last year's level. However, Argentina will have a smaller quantity available for export as the result of a below-average harvest. A smaller wheat crop in France will reduce their exports slightly. U.S.S.R. exports are expected to decrease somewhat from the high level of recent years primarily as the result of a decline in production. Several minor exporters have insignificant amounts, if any, available for export, namely Uruguay and Sweden.

<sup>· 5/</sup> Prepared in the Grain Division, Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 11.- Wheat and flour: United States exports by country of destination, July-December 1959 and July-December 1960

Country of	Ju:	Ly-December 19	959	:	July-December	1960
distination	:	:	:	-:		:
	: Wheat	: Flour 1/	: Total	: Wheat	: Flour <u>l</u> /	: Total
······································	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
estern Hemisphere:	:	<del></del>	<del></del>			
Canada	: 964	68	1,032	5,729	. 25	5 <b>,</b> 754
Central America	: 1,215	1,749	2,964	1,381	1,490	2 <b>,</b> 871
Federation of the West Indies		850	887	34	1,191	1,225
Cuba	: 3,226	1,102	4,328	547	1,069	1,616
Brazil	: 22,638	25	22,663	10,949	2	10,951
Chile	:	603	603	1,200	634	1,834
Colombia	: 55	312	334	1,625	654	2,279
Peru	2,265	119	2,384	1,794	269	2,063
Venezuela	<b>:</b> 4,783	235	5 <b>,01</b> 8	4,690	73	4,763
Others	<b>1,</b> 305	1,903	3 <b>,</b> 208	1,223	2 <b>,</b> 332	3 <b>,</b> 555
Total	36,455	6 <b>,</b> 966	43,421	29,172	7,739	36,911
durope:	:					
Beligum-Luxembourg	: 1,163	8	1,171	1,958	3	1,961
Germany, West	: 7,358	272	7,630	3,010	231	3,241
Greece	: 128	1,313	1,441	1,191	997	2,188
Italy	: 546	4,730	5 <b>,</b> 276	8,783	3 <b>,1</b> 46	11,929
Netherlands	: 3,143	1,876	5,019	3,154	1,612	4,766
Poland	: 9,565	343	9,908	26,532	348	26 <b>,88</b> 0
Portugal	: 89	406	495	2,022	463	2,485
Spain	:			6,904	228	7,132
United Kingdom	: 8,286	404	8,690	7,805	624	8,429
Yugoslavia	: 8,999	1,655	10,654		1,365	1,365
Others	: 3,369	558	3,927	2,344	618	2,962
Total	42,646	11,565	54,211	63,703	9,635	73,338
Asia:	:	<del></del>				
Ceylon	:	2,244	2,244		1,358	1,358
India	33,855	26	33,881	80,434	135	80,569
Iran	:	80	80	1,658	142	1,800
Israel	: 3,063	100	3,163	3,799	97	3,896
Japan	: 14,903	1,518	16,421	18,283	1,399	19,682
Jordan	: 1,484	470	1,954	1,469	1,042	2,511
Korea	4,009	8i3	4,822	5,003	562	5,565
Lebanon	: 407	1,779	2,186	184	332	516
Pakistan	: 6,570	127	6,697	15,614	484	<b>1</b> 6,098
Philippines	515	2,504	3,019	2,627	817	3,444
Syria	: 357	3	360	3,358	2,804	6,162
Taiwan (Formosa)	5,939	344	6,283	5,980	230	6,210
Turkey	: 357	5	362	2,217	67	2,284
Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia	:	1,259	1,259	-,,	1,885	1,885
Others	: 436	2,500	2,936	1,704	3,248	4,952
Total	71,895	13,772	85,667	142,330	14,602	156,932
Africa:	:				<del></del>	
Canary Islands	1,211	4	1,215	943	4	947
Egypt	6,836	7,751	14,587	9,136	13,494	22,630
Nigeria	:	1,088	1,088		996	996
Tunisia	594	1	595	2,093	34	2,127
Union of South Africa	1,082	ī	1,083	-, -, -, -	ı,	1
Others	: 1,720	<b>1,7</b> 67	3,487	2,033	1,833	3,866
Total	11,443	10,612	22,055	14,205	16,362	30,567
<del></del>						<u> </u>
Oceania	:	20	20		17	17
World total 2/	162,439	42,935	205,374	249,410	48,355	297,765
··	, .57	-1/3/			, 3//	-213192

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}\!\!/$  Wholly of U. S. wheat (grain equivalent).  $\overline{2}\!\!/$  Includes shipments for relief or charity.

Source: Bureau of the Census.

## Winter Wheat Prospects in Europe and Asia 6/

Prospects for winter wheat in Europe are not favorable. Excessive rains caused serious delays in seedings throughout the fall and early winter of 1960-61, resulting in considerably smaller fall-sown acreage than last year. The rains continued through January and in large areas prevented late sowing of winter varieties. Spring seeding may offset part of the loss. Condition of the growing crop in a number of countries has also been adversely affected by the rains.

Available information follows for countries which normally account for about 90 percent of Western Europe's wheat production.

Belgium and The Netherlands -- Rains forced planting delays and seeding was still behind schedule at the beginning of January.

France -- Seeded acreage on January 1 was offically placed at 6.6 million acres, compared with more than 10 million acres which are normally planted to wheat by that date. Dry weather is urgently needed for grain in the ground and to make field work possible. Condition of the seeded acreage is reported poor over large areas.

West Germany -- Fall-sown wheat acreage was smaller than expected and the general crop condition is considered below normal. Planting delays were general but have been worst in northern parts. Harvesting of root crops was especially late in the north, interfering with the seeding of grains as did the wet fields. Winterkill has been negligible so far.

Greece -- Wheat acreage is about 9 percent less than last year. Unfavorable weather and lower prices contributed to the reduction.

Italy -- Conditions vary widely, being poor in many regions and good in others. Following heavy rains throughout the fall and much of the winter, acreage was curtailed, especially in the north where yields are normally highest. More than a million acres of the country's wheat land was unseeded.

Portugal and Spain -- Wet, cold weather interfered with seeding in Portugal and much of the acreage intended for wheat was not utilized. The outlook is also poor in Spain. Persistent rains held up seeding and only about two-thirds of last year's acreage had been seeded by the end of January.

United Kingdom -- Wheat acreage seeded by December 1 was only about 36 percent of the acreage seeded by the corresponding period of 1959. Indications are that there will be a big shift to barley when spring sowings begin.

<sup>6/</sup> Prepared in the Grain Division, Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 12.- Wheat: Acreage, yield per acre and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1950-54, annual 1958-60 1/

•		Acres	ge <u>2</u> /			Yield p	er acre 3/		ş	Brodi	etion	
Continent and country	Average 1950-54	1958	1959	1960 🕢	Average 1950-54	1958 1	: : 19 <i>5</i> 9 :	: : 1960 <u>4</u> /	Average 1950-54	1958	,	1960 🚜
	1,000 :	1,000 :	-,	1,000	Bushels	Bushels	: : : Bushels	: : Bushels	: 1,000 : bushels :	-,	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels
orth America:			20.045		20.4	177.0	1 75 0	: 07.7	t t	207 820	172 520	. 489.62
Mexico	26,130 : 1,647 :	20,899 :		2,220		:-	: 17.9 : 22.0		: 537,632: : 21.788:			
United States	63,361								:1,094,183:			
Estimated total 5/									:1,654,000:			
	70,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,750									
urope:			,	•		1		:			:	:
Austria	573	650	661	685	29.5	31.0	: 32.7		: 16,920:	20,160	21,620	25,55
Belgium	421 :								20,278:			
Denmark	195				. ,	53.2	: 61.4		: 10,630:			
Finland	377							30.2	8,739:			
France Germany, West	10,916	11,404 : 3,226 :					: 38.7 : 50.2		: 315,244:			
Greece	21410						: 22.6		: 40.042			
Ireland	362	,				47.15.	48.2		13,036			
Italy	12,085	12.100				29.8	: 26.8		: 288,080:			
Luxembourg	45	:		. —	30.7	:	:	:	: 1,382	1,550		:
Netherlands	209 :	275 :	297	315	54.4	: 53.5	: 61.1		: 11,376	14,700	: 18,140	: 20,9
Norway						. ,	27.9		1,682			
Portugal	1,785						9.7		: 23,5261			
Spain									155,000:			
Sweden	896 s 225 s					: 31.5 : 47.7	/	: 35.9 : 48.1	: 29,640: : 9,430:			
United Kingdom									94,640			
Estimated total Western Europe 5/				46,360			: 30.1		:1,150,000:			
• =	بعدبات							. 20.4		_		
Bulgaria	3,540				18.6		: 21.7	:	: 66,000:			
Czechoslovakia							: 29.9 : 44.5	:	: 52,500: : 38,100:			
Hungary		2,936					: 44.5	:	72,500			
Poland		3,640			19.0	23.6	25.9	· —	70,800			
Rumania				: :				:	: 108,750:			
Yugoslavia	:	4,917				: 18.3	28.8	: 26.5	: 80,000:			
Estimated total Eastern Europe 5/	25,500	25,550	25,610			: 20.2	: 25.2	: 23.4	: 490,000:	515,000	: 645,000	: 585,0
Estimated total all Europe 5/	71.520	73,580	72,440	: : 71,360	: 22.9	25.3	: 28.4	: 26.6	:1,640,000	1.860.000	: :2.055.000	í 1.900.0
	,	.,,,,,	1-7-4-		: ~~,		1	1	1	_,-22,300	1	:
.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia) 6/	111 500	165 000	1 50 000	•		: 13.9	12.1	:	:1,240,000	2 200 000		•

Asia: Iran Iraq Israel Jordan Lebanon Syria Turkey China India Pakistan Japan	10,364	130 : 500 : 153 : 2,446 : 16,000 : : 29,300 : 11,815 :	153 : - 31,141 : 12,000 :	128: : : 31,508: 12,193:	11.9 : 11.1 : 8.6 : 11.5 : 11.6 : 15.8 : 10.4 : 12.5 : 30.2 :	4.8 ± 8.5 : 8.4 : 15.0 :	19.7 : 19.7 : 6.0 : - : 11.7 : 12.0 : 35.0 :	10.0 	: 75,100: 22,210: 3,000: 5,600: 1,902: 26,510: 213,598: 890,000: 253,950: 129,800: 53,322:	; 99,200: 27,700: 2,300: 2,400: 1,300: 20,640: 240,000: : 290,000: 137,000: 47,070:	: 110,000: 24,200: 2,700: 3,800: 920: 14,700: 225,000: : 365,000: 144,000: 52,000:	96,000 
Korea, South				:	17.4 :	19.4 :	23.6 :		: 4,260:	6,100:	7,300:	7,100
Estimated total 5/	127,800	: 140,730 :	140,760	143,880 :	13.8 :	13.6 :	13.5 :	13.7	:1,765,000:1	,910,000:1	,905,000:1	,965,000
Africa: Algeria Egypt	4,267 1,631	4,500 1,479			9.7 30.1	9.3 : 35.1 :	9.5 : 34.6 :	12.0 36.4	: : 41,508: : 49,060:	42,000: 51,900:	42,000: 53,000:	55,000 55,000
Morocco 7/		: 1,479 ·			10.1		9.4	9.1	: 35,302:	40.000:	36,500:	37,000
Tunisia	2,399	3,170			8.3 : 7.6 :	2 1	5.9 :	5.2	: 19,796: : 23,040:	19,100: 22,630:	19,300: 26,460:	17,500
Estimated total 5/	16,480	: 18,180	18,270	18,640 :	11.2 :	10.7 :	10.9 :	11.0	: 185,000:	195,000:	200,000:	205,000
South America:		:		:	:	:	‡		:	:		
Argentina	11,871	12,954	10,809	:	18.2	18.9 :	19.9 :		: 216,204:	245,000:	215,000:	190,000
Brazil				:	12.5		1		: 18,500:	15,000:	13,600:	
Chile	1,910				18.7	20.0 :	18.4 :		: 35,764:	43,265:	39,560:	
Colombia					11.3	13.0 :	13.4 :		: 4,860:	5,700:	5,300:	
Peru					14.2 :	14.1 :			: 5,814:	4,700: 13,200:	4,600:	76 000
Estimated total 5/					17.1			17.5	: 305.000:	330,000:	6,700: 290,000:	18,000
Estimated total 2/	17,040	20,090	10,790	15,750 1	17.1	10.4	11.5 :	17.7	1 305,0001	330,0001	290,0001	275,000
Oceania: Australia					16.9	20.7	,		: : 181,150:	215,100:	198,500:	
New Zealand			161		40.7	50.0 1	54.7 :		: 4,720:	6,750:	8,800:	
Total Oceania	10,832	: 10,535	12,334	13,242:	17.2 :	21.1 :	16.8 :	19.2	: 185,870:	221,850:	207,300:	254,900
Estimated world total 5/	447,170	: : 504,580 :	496,100	: 491,000 :	15.6	17.2	16.4 :	16.9	: :6,975,000:	3,700,000:8	3,150,000:8	3,300,000

L/Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of the Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1960 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests, which begin late in 1960 and end early in 1961. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries, for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Estimated totals which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producing countries not shown. 6/ Tentative unofficial estimates for production. 7/ Excludes areas formerly known as Spanish Morocco and Tangier. 8/ Production on European holdings only.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U. S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

Seeding in Eastern Europe was also hampered by wet weather.

Yugoslavia -- Only about 91 percent of the planned acreage was seeded, but with a considerable increase in the area planted to high-yielding Italian varieties. The crop is in good condition and no winter damage has been reported. East Germany -- Heavy rains and late harvesting of root crops caused serious delays in fall grain seeding. Lower yields are expected this year because of unfavorable conditions.

Reports are available for only scattered areas of Asia. <u>India</u> -- Grain prospects are excellent and the harvest, starting in March, is expected to be a record one. <u>Pakistan</u> -- Production is expected to be some 20 percent less than in 1960 mainly because of severe drought at seeding time.

# 1960 World Wheat Production 19 Percent Above Average, 5 Percent Below 1958 Record 7/

World wheat production in 1960, as reported in January, is now estimated at 8,300 million bushels, 2 percent above the 8,150 million a year earlier but 5 percent below the record outturn of 8,700 million in 1958 (table 12). The current crop is 19 percent above the 1950-54 average of 6,975 million bushels. The most significant increase over 1959 wheat production is in North America, where a 20 percent increase is reported. Smaller increases for Asia and Australia are partly offset by reductions in Europe, the Soviet Union and South America.

In North America, wheat production is placed at 1,905 million bushels, compared with the small crop of 1,594 million in 1959. This is a record total for the area because of a near-record U. S. outturn and a fairly good harvest in Canada.

The wheat crop for all <u>Europe</u> is still estimated at 1,900 million bushels, compared with the 1959 record total of 2,055 million. Reductions occurred in both Western and Eastern Europe. Lower quality wheat, as well as reduced production, is reported for a number of countries.

Unfavorable weather in parts of the <u>Soviet Union</u> apparently reduced grain crops below their expected level, and the actual or "barn harvest" of breadgrains is now believed to be less than in 1959. Earlier prospects were for larger outturns than last year.

Asia's 1960 wheat crop is still estimated at 1,965 million bushels. This is moderately above the 1959 total of 1,905 million bushels and is 11 percent above the 1950-54 average. A good part of the increase over 1959 is in Turkey, where a record crop is reported.

<sup>7</sup> From Foreign Agricultural Circular (Grain FG 2-61) January 1961. A revised statement will be published in Foreign Crops and Markets -- World Summaries, March 30, 1961.

Wheat production in Africa is placed at 205 million bushels, slightly above last year's harvest. The principal increase is in Algeria where a record crop of about 55 million bushels is reported, offsetting reductions in other countries.

In <u>South America</u>, the wheat crop, forecast at 275 million bushels, is well below average. The principal factor is the outlook for a smaller crop in Argentina. The current forecast of 190 million bushels is about 25 million bushels less than last year as well as below average. In contrast with that reduction, Uruguay's crop is getting back toward normal after 2 successive crop failures. The current estimate is about three times last year's low production.

In Australia, a record wheat crop is forecast. Current forecasts range from 225 to 250 million bushels. Last year's outturn was 198 million and the 1950-54 average was 181 million.

THE RYE SITUATION

#### SUMMARY

The rye carryover on July 1, 1961, will be considerably above a year earlier as a result of the large 1960 crop. In spite of the substantial quantities of rye placed under price support, prices received by farmers have declined substantially from last year's level. Rye production in 1961 is presently projected at 28.7 million bushels based on the seedings report in December.

## Rye Supply Larger Than Last Year and Above Average

The supply of rye for the 1960-61 marketing year is estimated at 45.1 million bushels (table 14). It consists of the carryover July 1, 1960 of 10.5 million, production of 32.1 million and imports of about 2.5 million 8/. The supply this year is 15 percent above last year, and 4 percent above average. The larger supply is due to a 44 percent increase in the 1960 crop, much more than offsetting a decrease of 17 percent in the carryover.

<sup>8/</sup> The import control presently in effect expires on June 30, 1961. It stipulates that imports shall be limited to a total of 6.6 million bushels for the years 1959-60 and 1960-61. Since 4.2 million bushels were imported in 1959-60 an allotment of only 2.4 million is available for 1960-61. Small amounts of rye for seed are permitted to be imported ex-quota under specified conditions.

		Sup	ply		-		Domestic	Disappeara	nce	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
Period	Stocks	Produc-	Imports	Total	Food 2/	: : Feed 3/	: Seed	Alcohol, spirits	: Total	Exports	Total
l.o	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	I,000 <u>bu.</u>	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
49 July-Dec. JanJune	8,265 17,206	18,102	7,436 1,571	33,803 18,777	2,438 2,300	4,396 1,187	4,472 388	2,003 2,859	13,309 6,734	3,288 2,522	16,597 9,256
50 July-Dec. JanJune	9,521 18,464	21 <b>,</b> 403 	2,319 726	33,243 19,190	2,629 2,571	2,864 2,487	4,438 386	4,012 3,644	13,943 9,088	836 5 <b>,</b> 092	14,779 14,180
<u>51</u> July-Dec. JanJune	5,010 15,733	21,517	835 507	27,362 16,240	2,668 2,722	2,263 3,214	3,927 342	2,348 1,860	11,206 8,138	423 4,165	11,629 12,303
<u>July-De</u> c. JanJune	: : 3,937 : 9,235	16,146 	1,638 3,926	21,721 13,161	2,641 2,574	4,300 2,014	4,294 372	935 1 <b>,927</b>	12,170 6,887	316 4	1 <b>2,48</b> 6 6 <b>,8</b> 91
<u>53</u> July-Dec. JanJune	: 6,270 : 21,707	18,894	11,941 1,527	37,105 23,234	2,582 2,447	5,302 2,532	5,206 453	2,307 2,807	15,397 8, <b>2</b> 39	1 7	15,396 8,246
54 July-Dec. : JanJune :	: 14,988 : 26,373	25,935 	3 <b>,44</b> 6 2	44,369 26,375	2,557 2,546	5,661 2,466	6,432 558	2,278 2,441	16,928 8,011	1,068 1,947	17,996 9,958
55 July-Dec : JanJune :	: 16,417 : 28,580	29 <b>,</b> 055	3,376 17	48,848 28,597	2,557 2,488	6,399 2,889	5,712 497	2,220 2,409	16,888 8,283	3,380 3,649	20,268 11,938
56 July-Dec. : JanJune :	16,665 18,973	21,155	3,419 1	41,239 18,974	2,453 2,357	5,355 3,214	5,536 482	1,915 2,625	15,259 8,678	7,007 3,697	22,260 12,37
<u>57</u> July-Dec. : JanJune :	6,599 19,772	27,243 	3,255	37 <b>,</b> 097 19 <b>,772</b>	2,367 2,303	5,046 3,829	5,559 483	1,814 2,390	1 <b>4,</b> 786 9 <b>,</b> 005	<b>2,</b> 539 995	17,325
58 July-Dec. : JanJune :	9,772 24,431	32,186 	3 <b>,2</b> 54	45,212 24,431	2,325 2,183	4,815 3 <b>,</b> 958	5,084 443	2 <b>,263</b> 3 <b>,02</b> 5	14,487 9,609	6,294 2,171	20,78 11,78
59 4/ July-Dec. : JanJune :	: : <b>12,6</b> 51 : 20,036	22,339	3 <b>,757</b> 465	38,747 20,501	<b>2,</b> 309 2 <b>,</b> 262	5,636 1,975	<b>5,</b> 280 459	2,251 3,285	15,476 7,981	3,235 2,031	18,711 10,012
60 4/ July- Dec. JanJune	: : 10,489 : 25,719	32,109	2,359	44,957	2,301	6 <b>,</b> 560	5,272	2,254	16,387	2,851	19,238

<sup>1/</sup> Includes stocks in interior mills, elevators and warehouses, stocks on farms, in terminals and beginning 1953, stocks owned by and stored in bins or other storages owned or controlled by CCC. 2/ From Bureau of the Census. 3/ Residual item. 4/ Preliminary.

Table :	14 Rye	: Supply	and	disappearance,	United	States,	1934-60
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	i,	Suppl	. <b>у</b>		•		D:	isappearance			
Year begin-	Carryover	Produc-			: :	Do	mestic			- Exports	
ning July	1/	tion	Imports	Total.		Feed <u>3</u> /	Seed	Alcohol, spirits	Total	Exports 4	Total
	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.
1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	bu.  14.9  10.8  19.7  20.9  19.6  18.7  22.4  23.3  3.3  9.5  9.6  3.3  15.4	bu. 16.3 56.9 24.2 48.9 56.0 38.6 39.7 52.7 18.5 25.5 21.4 21.5 16.1 18.9 29.1	11.2 2.3 4.0 5/ 5/ 1.4 8.8 1.5 8.3 4.1 2.0 6.8 9.0 3.1 13.5 13.5 13.4	bu. 42.4 70.9 54.5 60.5 71.4 60.5 71.4 83.1 60.9 53.1 60.9 60.4 60.4 60.4 60.4 60.4 60.6 60.4 60.6 60.4 60.6 60.6 60.6 60.7 60.6 6	8.0 6.9 7.0 5.9 6.8 7.1 8.3 8.7 7.8 8.7 7.8 4.7 4.7 5.4 5.1 5.1	4.8 21.8 13.9 17.9 19.8 20.2 19.3 27.2 33.5 17.4 8.8 6.0 5.6 5.7 5.4 6.6 8.5 9.3	8.67 10.01 17.4 13.8 15.9 14.8 14.3 15.7 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2 16.2	10.2 12.9 11.6 6.1 5.6 6.7 2.1 4.5 11.7 8.3 4.6 6.7 9 7.2 2.1 4.6	31.6 30.3 40.2 41.8 42.3 44.4 52.3 44.4 52.3 44.4 52.3 43.6	5/ 0.26.8 .7.2 .5.5 .6.1 .2.6 .7.4 .8.9 .5.9 .5.9 .5.9 .5.9 .5.9 .5.9 .5.9	31.6 50.3 42.6 42.6 42.6 42.6 42.9 42.3 43.9 45.5 45.5 45.5 27.7 29.9 29.9 23.6 20.2 23.6
1956 1957 1958 1959 <u>6/</u> 1960 <u>7/</u>	16.7 – 6.6 9.8 12.7 /	21.2 27.2 32.2 22.3 32.1	3.4 3.3 3.3 4.2 2.5	41.3 37.1 45.3 39.2 45.1	4.8 4.7 4.5 4.6 5.0	8.6 8.9 8.8 7.6 9.0	6.0 6.0 5.5 5.7 6.0	4.6 4.2 5.3 5.5 6.0	24.0 23.8 24.1 23.4 26.0	10.7 3.5 8.5 5.3	34.7 27.3 32.6 28.7 31.0

1/ Farm and terminal stocks, 1934-42; beginning 1943, interior mill, elevator and warehouse stocks; and beginning 1953, stocks owned by CCC and stored in bins or other storages owned or controlled by CCC. The figure for July 1, 1943, 38.6 million bushels, excluding interior mill, elevator and warehouse stocks, was used in computing 1942-43 disappearance. 2/Calculated from trade sources, 1934-44; from Bureau of the Census, 1945 to date. 3/ Residual item. 4/ Includes flour. 5/ Less than 50,000 bushels. 6/Preliminary. 7/ Partly estimated.

V.//



Table 15.- Rye: Stocks, United States, by quarters, 1940-61

	:		January 1			<del></del>		April 1		
Year	Farm	: :Terminal :market <u>l</u> ,	elevator, and warehouse 2/	CCC not : otherwise : accounted: for 3/	Total	Farm	:market 1/	Interior mill, elevator, and warehouse 2/	: otherwise: : accounted: : for 3/:	Total
	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	: 1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	: <u>bu.</u>	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
1940	: 21,000	10,540			31,540	: 14,500	10,138			24,638
1941	: 24,500				31,140	: 19,000	5,269			24,269
1942	: 22,400	17,474			39,874	: 16,400	17,551			33,951
1943	: 30,500	19,889			50,389	: 21,800	20,458	8,036		50,294
1944	: 13,500		7,557		42,108	: 8,325	21,148	6,146		35,619
1945	: 9,250	12,207	4,133		25,590	: 5,668	10,252	3,538		19,458
1946	: 6,476		2,221		13,241	: 2,946	3,113	1,379		7,438
1947	: 3,864		2,028		8,368	: 1,643	2,139	1,244		5,026
1948	: 7,058	4,072	3,162		14,292	: 4,357	1,521	2,179		8,057
1949	: 8,605		3,801		17,146	: 5,383	2,075	2 <b>,</b> 335		9,793
1950	: 4,566	9,338	3,302		206, 27	: 3,237	7,321	2,535		13,093
1951	: 6,819		3,774		18,464	: 3,923	5,851	2,947		12,721
1952	: 6,531		2,858		15,733	: 3,478	5,321	1,930		10,729
1953	: 3,657		2,686			: 2,454	2,186	2,127		6,767
1954	: 6,828		3,851		21,707	: 5,582	9,811	3,327	12	18,732
1955	: 9,982		3,737		26,373	: 8,308	8,779	3,337	98	20,522
1956	: 13,728	8,369	6,454		28,580	: 10,976	4,296	8,314	22	23,608
1957	: 7,074	8,289	3,572	38	18,973	: 4,415	4,844	3,422		12,681
1958	: 9,899	4,489	5,375	9	19,772	: 7,927	2,337	4,948	6	15,218
1959	: 12,994	4,973	6,259	205	24,431	9,569 5,185	3,374	4,948	124	18,015
1960	: 7,201	7,792	4,673		20,036	5,185	4,859	3,641	281	13,966
1961	: 11,441	. 4/	13,875	403	25,719	:				
2010	:	2.52/	July 1		10 (0)	·	9 500	October 1		10.000
1940	: 10,100				19,606	: 31,500	8,520	mail: 1044 PMG		40,020
1941	: 13,100				18,739	: 35,000	17,243			52,243
1942	: 12,100		~ <del>~~~</del>		29,134	: 42,000	18,477	0 = < 0		60,477
1943	: 15,300		8,505			: 21,500	22,907	8,568		52,975
1944	: 5,000		5,835		30,985	: 13,959	14,728	4,881		33,568
1945	: 3,030		2,537		12,166	: 12,837	4,732	3,301		20,870
1946	: 1,138		905		,	9,583	1,126	2,213		12,922
1947	575		722		2,321	: 13,172	3,824	4,328		21,324
1948	: 1,675		1,122			: 13,872	4,469	5,280		23,621
1949	: 3,273		1,999		8,265	8,249	5,435	3,965		17,649
1950	: 1,957		1,664		9,521	: 11,984	7,694	5,000		24,678
1951	: 1,688		1,316			: 10,473	6,183	3,893		20,549
1952	1,611		1,048		3,937	: 6,580	3,285	3,238		13,103
1953	: 1,494		1,145	1	6,270	: 10,955	6,240	3,961	2 620	21,156
1954	: 3,655		2,735		14,988	: 15,923	12,047	4,319	1,619	33,908
1955	: 3,951		4,381		16,417	: 19,860	8,932	8,288	1,687	38,767
1956	: 2,354		4,758		16,665	: 12,300	10,517	4,985	225	28,027
1957	: 2,006	2,023	2,421	149	6,599	: 15,794 : 18,948	7,684	6,399	<b>2</b> 5	29,902 32,487
1958	: 2,484	4,019	2,881	388 681	9,772	12 011	6,284 8,702	7,090 6,406	165 574	32,401
1959	: 4,362		5,454		12,651	13,044	0, <sub>102</sub>		214 403	28,726
1960	1,855	4/	8,105	529	10,489	17,721	4/	17,395	403	35,519

1960 1,855 4/8,105 529 10,489 17,721 4/17,395 403 35,51 1/7 From reports of the Grain Division, Agricultural Marketing Service. 2/Quarterly data not available prior to April 1943. 3/Beginning April 1954, rye owned by CCC and stored in bins or other storage owned or controlled by CCC. Other rye owned by CCC as well as rye outstanding under loan is included in other positions. 4/Beginning July 1960, terminal market stocks are included with interior mill, elevator and warehouse stocks.

Table 16.- Rye: Acreage, yield and production, United States, 1930-60

Year of barvest	:	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	: Production	::	Year of harvest	:	Acreage harvested	Yield per acre	: Production
	:	1,000	<del></del>	1,000	1:	·	÷	1,000	·	1,000
	:	acres	Bushels	bushels	::		:	acres	Bushels	bushels
	:			<del></del>	::		:			
1930	:	3,646	12.4	45,383	::	1946	:	1,597	11.6	18,487
1931	:	3,159	10.4	32,777	::	1947	:	1,991	12.8	25,497
1932	:	3,350	11.7	39,099	::	1948	:	2,058	12.6	25 <b>,8</b> 86
1933	:	2,405	8.6	20,573	::	1949	:	1,554	11.6	18,102
1934	:	1,921	8.5	16,285	::	1950	:	1,753	12.2	21,403
1935	:	4,066	14.0	56,938	::	1951	:	1,722	12.5	21,517
1936	:	2,694	9.0	24,239	::	1952	:	1,393	11.6	16,146
1937	:	3,825	12.8	48,862	::	1953	:	1,430	13.2	18,894
193 <b>8</b>	:	4,087	13.7	55,984	::	1954	:	1,795	14.4	25,935
1939	:	3,822	10.1	38,562	::	1955	:	2,049	14.2	29,055
1940	:	3,204	12.4	39,725	::	1956	:	1,623	13.0	21,155
1941	:	3 <b>,</b> 573	12.3	43,878	::	1957	:	1,672	16.3	27,243
1942	:	3 <b>,</b> 792	14.0	52,929	::	1958	:	1,773	18.2	32,186
1943	:	2,652	10.8	28,680	::	1959	:	1,443	<b>15.</b> 5	22,339
1944	:	2,132	10.6	22 <b>,</b> 525	::	1960 1/	:	1,652	19.4	32,109
1945	:	1,850	12.8	23,708	::		:			
	:				::		:			

July-December Disappearance
Above Last Year; Increase in
Carryover Expected

Total disappearance of rye during July-December 1960 amounted to 19.2 million bushels, half a million more than in the same period of 1959 but slightly below the 1954-58 average (table 13). Exports totaled 2.9 million bushels, below both the 3.2 million exported in 1959 and the average of 4.1 million. The quantity used for food totaled 2.3 million bushels, about the same as last year but slightly below the average of 2.5 million. Alcohol and spirits production took 2.2 million bushels, about the same as in 1959. Seed use at 5.3 million bushels was unchanged from last year. Feed use, a residual item, at 6.6 million bushels was above the 5.6 million in the first half of the previous year and above the 5-year average.

Total disappearance of rye for the entire 1960-61 marketing year may exceed the 28.7 million bushels of 1959-60. The large increase in the 1960 crop over that of 1959 may continue to encourage heavier feeding during the second half of the year. Assuming that feeding of rye increases to 9 million bushels for the entire marketing year and that other domestic disappearance items and exports remain at about the 1959-60 level, disappearance may total 31 million bushels leaving a carryover on July 1, 1961 of about 14 million. The carryover would be above that of a year earlier and above the 1954-58 average.

#### Rye Seedings Unchanged

The rye acreage sown for all purposes in the fall of 1960 is estimated at 4.2 million acres, the same as a year earlier and slightly above the 10-year average of 4.1 million acres.

The acreage seeded was reduced in most of the important rye States. North Dakota was the exception with a sharp increase. Adequate moisture provided by late August rains promoted even stands and good germination. Short moisture supplies delayed seedings in Minnesota's rye areas. Dry conditions in western Nebraska and southwest and west central areas of South Dakota slowed seedings and retarded plant growth. Improved pasture conditions in eastern sections of these States relieved the need for rye pasture and contributed to the reduced acreage. Good moisture conditions provided Kansas and Oklahoma with favorable planting conditions and less need for rye pasture. Washington received light showers that provided some top soil moisture but the fall season was on the dry side.

Montana and New Mexico increased seedings but other Western States are unchanged or down from last year. Acreage increases are estimated in the northern tier of States from Wisconsin and Illinois east, except for Michigan, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Good moisture supplies allowed larger acreage seedings in the South Atlantic States.

Table 17.- Rye: Average price per bushel received by farmers, parity price, and price of No. 2 at Minneapolis, 1949-60

Year : beginning : July :	July	: August	: September:	October	•	: : December	: : January	February	March	•	: May	: June	: Average
:		Dol.	Do1.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
:					Price	received by	y farmers o	on 15th of m	onth 1/_				
1949 :	1.20	1.20	1.27	1.28	1.25	1.26	1.25	1.19	1.21	1.20	1.24	1.21	1.20
1950 :	1.26	1.25	1.29	1.27	1.32	1.38	1.48	1.58	1.57	1.61	1.61	1.60	1.31
1951 :	1.55	1.46	1.46	1.52	1.62	1.73	1.71	1.62	1.70	1.65	1.65	1.72	1.52
1952 :		1.77	1.73	1.74	1.79	1.73	1.65	1.57	1.58	1.49	1.40	1.28	1.72
1953 :		1.15	1.12	1.15	1.17	1.20	1.17	1.16	1.14	1.07	1.02	•99	1.29 1.21
1954 :	•99	1.08	1.25	1.20	1.18	1.14	1.18	1.16	1.12	1.06	1.06 1.01	1.03 .98	1.06
1955	•90 1•09	.84	.87 1.20	•93	.90 1.24	•94 1•20	•95 1•22	•95 1 <b>.1</b> 5	.98 1.16	1.01 1.13	1.01	1.04	1.15
1956 :	1.06	1.13 1.00	1.03	1.21 1.02	1.02	.98	•94	•96	•97	•97	.98	•95	1.07
1957 : 1958 :	•96	.91	•98	•97	•96	•94	•97	•99	•97	•91 •98	•93	•97	1.02
1959 :	1.02	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.01	• <del>9 +</del>	•92	•94	.88	•93	•93 •91	1.06	<b>199</b>
1960 :	.91	.85	.87	.88	.84	•96 •83	.92 .81	• 7 .		•75	• ) =	1,00	•99 •87
:		······					ity price 2		······································	<del></del>			
1949 :	1.75	1.74	1.73	1.72	1.72	1.73	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.67	1.70	1.71	
1950 :	1.71	1.72	1.74	1.76	1.77	1.79	1.73	1.73	1.76	1.76	1.77	1.77	
1951 :		1.77	1.77	1.77	1.78	1.78	1.69	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.68	
1952 :	1.68	1.68	1.67	1.66	1.65	1.65	1.71	1.69	1.70	1.69	1.69	1.66	
1953 :	1.68	1.68	1.68	1.67	1.68 1.69	1.68	1.71 1.68	1.71 <sup>/</sup> 1.68	1.71 1.69	1.71 1.69	1.72	1.71 1.68	
1954 :	1.69	1.71 1.66	1.69 1.65	1.69 1.66	1.66	1.69 1.66	1.66	1.65	1.66	1.67	1.68 1.69	1.69	
1955 : 1956 :	1.67 1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.71	1.71	1.65	1.66	1.67	1.68	1.68	1.68	
1956 : 1957 :	1.67	1.67	1.68	1.68	1.69	1.69	1.57	1.58	1.59	1.60	1.61	1.60	
1958 :	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.61	1.62	1.62	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.51	1.51	1.50	
1959	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.49	1.50	1.50	1.49	1.49	1.49	1.50	1.50	1.49	
1960 :	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.48	1.47	,	20.7	20,0	24,70	24.7	
•				<del></del>		Price of No							
1949	1.45	1.38	1.43	1.46	1.42	1.46	1.43	1.34	1.39	1.40	1.44	1.42	1.42
1950 :	1.48	1.38	1.39	1.37	1.46	1.63	1.76	1.89	1.88	1.92	1.88	1.83	1.62
1951 :	1.79	1.64	1.66	1.82	1.93	2.05	2.04	1.92	2.03	1.94	1.93	2.04	1.79
1952	1.97	1.95	1.86	1.91	1.98	1.92	1.83	1.75	1.75	1.61	1.52	1.39	1.91
1953	1.27	1.25	1.16	1.23	1.25	1.29	1.31 1.42	1.25 1.40	1.15	1.12 1.25	1.10 1.23	1.06 1.14	1.23 1.32
1954 : 1955 :	1.25 1.04	1.28 1.05	1.43 1.11	1.37 1.06	1.32 1.03	1.30 1.16	1.42	1.40	1.32 1.22	1.24	1.16	1.14	1.10
1956 :	1.33	1.37	1.44	1.46	1.47	1.46	1.50	1.40	1.41	1.36	1.24	1.29	1.41
1957 :	1.25	1.28	1.30	1.31	1.33	1.33	1.28	1.32	1.34	1.35	1.39	1.23	1.30
1958 :	1.22	1.16	1.25	1.26	1.23	1.23	1.27	1.29	1.31	1.30	1.25	1.26	1.24
1959 :	1.24	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.25	1.21	1.21	1.18	1.16	1.16	1.17	1.15	1.24
1960 :	1.08	1.07	1.11	1.11	1.09	1.09	1.10				,	/	
.900 :	1.00	1.07	1.011	1.011	T•03	T•03	T.TO						

<sup>1/</sup>U. S. monthly prices are the result of weighting monthly State prices by production through May 1957. Beginning June 1957 monthly State prices are weighted by estimated sales for the month. U.S. marketing-year prices are the result of weighting State season average prices by estimated marketings. Prices include an allowance for unredeemed loans at average loan rates. 2/Computation of parity prices: Average price in base period (August 1909 to July 1914-72 cents per bushel) X monthly index of prices paid by farmers, interest and taxes, as revised January and October 1950 for the period 1926 through 1949. Transitional; 1950, 95 percent; 1951, 90 percent and 1952, 85 percent of parity formula in use prior to January 1950. Beginning January 1953, modernized parity. See Agricultural Prices, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, January 1950 and later issues. 3/Monthly average of daily prices weighted by carlot sales. Compiled from the Minneapolis Daily Market Record.

One-third of the United States seedings were made in the Dakotas, Nebraska, Kansas and Washington, about the same as last year. Almost three-fifths of the 1960 crop was produced in these States. In North Dakota an estimated 411,000 acres were seeded, 25 percent above last year. Acreage in South Dakota, the second largest rye producing States, was reduced 8 percent.

The condition of rye on December 1, reported at 87 percent, reflected generally good growing conditions. This condition was 1 point above December 1, 1959 and 4 points above average. Snow cover was good in most Northern States and the crop went into the winter months in good condition except for Montana, and western areas of the Dakotas and Nebraska.

The first estimate of rye production for the 1961 crop will be made as of July 1, 1961. If it is assumed that 39.4 percent of the planted acreage is harvested, and yields equal to the average of the last 3 years of 17.4 bushels per acre are obtained, a crop of 28.7 million bushels would be produced. If domestic disappearance and exports are about the same as estimated for 1960-61, the carryover on July 1, 1962 would be slightly higher than the 14-million-bushel carryover indicated for the end of the current marketing year.

## Rye Prices Average Lower This Year

On February 21, the price of No. 2 Rye at Minneapolis was \$1.08, about 3 cents above a month earlier but 1 cent below the effective loan. Prices during July-January this year averaged below the same period a year earlier. The average price received by farmers of 85.7 cents was down 13.8 cents per bushel.

Commodity Credit Corporation sales and dispositions of rye from July 1 to February 10 totaled 4.1 million bushels, of which 3.9 million were for export and the remainder for domestic sales.

As of January 31, 1961, 4.1 million bushels of rye had been placed under price support, of which 0.3 million bushels had been repaid. Purchase agreements totaled 0.7 million bushels. The quantity placed under price support a year earlier totaled 1.0 million bushels.

#### World Rye Production 11 Percent Below 1959 9

World rye production in 1960 is estimated at 1,270 million bushels, 11 percent below the 1,435 million in 1959 and 13 percent below the 1950-54 average of 1,455 million (table 20).

Rye production is somewhat smaller than the 1959 harvest in both Europe and the Soviet Union, which together produce more than 90 percent of the world rye crop. Production in Europe is estimated at 690 million bushels, 7 percent below the large 1959 crop. Production in North America, at 41 million bushels, is above average.

<sup>9/</sup> From Foreign Agricultural Circular (Grain FG 2-61) January 1961.

Table 18 Rye:	CCC-owned stocks	, by positions	and States,
	January 1, 19	61 1/	

State	:	Bin sites	: Terminals, : elevators and : warehouses 2/	: Total
	:	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
Wisconsin Minnesota Iowa North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Montana Washington Oregon		24  6 352 14 1 6	511 1,945 5 121 812 18 87 14 39	511 1,969 5 127 1,164 32 88 20 39
Area in transit 3/: Minneapolis	:			<b>1</b> 5
U. S. total	:	403	3,556	3,974

<sup>1/</sup> Includes stocks sold but not delivered. 2/ Includes terminals, sub-terminals, country elevators, warehouses, etc. 3/ Moved from official weight points and has not been unloaded or sold.

Grain Division, Commodity Stabilization Service.

Table 19.- Rye: Average price per bushel at Minneapolis, and price received by farmers, United States and selected States,
January 1961 with comparisons

	:	No. 2 at	•	Recei	ved by	farmers	
Month	M	inneapolis	•	North Dakota	South Dakota	:Nebraska	United States
	:	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
1945-54, January average	:	1.88	1.64	1.58	1.58	1.51	1.59
1955, January	:	1.42	1.16	1.06	1.09	1.03	1.18
1956, January	:	1.16	•92	.80	.86	•96	•95
1957, January	:	1.50	1.20	1.10	1.14	1.11	1.22
1958, January	:	1.28	•96	•85	.89	<b>.</b> 89	.94
1959, January	:	1.27	1.00	•90	•95	•93	•97
1960, January	:	1.21	•94	.83	.89	•90	.92
1960-61	:						
October	:	1.11	•86	•76	.81	•79	.88
November	:	1.09	•83	•73	•79	•77	.84
December	:	1.09	.82	•73	.78	• 75	.83
January	:	1.10	•84	•74	•79	<b>∙</b> 75	.81
	:	_		•			

<sup>1/</sup> Weighted by carlot sales.

Table 20.- Rye: Acreage, yield per acre and production in specified countries, year of harvest, average 1950-54, annual 1958-60 1/

:		Acrea	ge <u>2</u> /	;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yield pe	er acre 3/			Produ	ction	
Continent and country	Average : 1950-54 :	19 <b>58</b> :	1959	: : 1960 <u>4</u> / :	Average 1950-54		1959		Average : 1950-54 :	19 <b>58</b> :	1959 :	1960 <u>4</u> /
	1,000 : acres :	1,000 : acres :	1,000 acres	: 1,000 : acres	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	: 1,000 : : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	1,000 : bushels :	-,
North America: Canada	1,159:	521 <b>:</b>	517	: 543	16.6	15.4	15.8	: : 18.6	: 19,2 <b>6</b> 0:	8,002:	8,149:	10,125
United States	1,619 :	1,773:	1,428	: 1,576	12.8	18.2	15.1	: 19.7	20,779:	32,186:	21,495:	31,084
Total:	2,778:	2,294:	1,945	: 2,119	14.4	17.5	15.2	: 19.4	: 40,039:	40,188;	29,644:	41,209
Europe: :	:			:		-	;	:	: :	:	:	
Austria	601 :	509 :					30.5	. ,,	: 16,508:	15,630:	16,410:	
Belgium	205 :					46.3 39.6	7	: 40.2 : 39.3		7,870: 12,050:	7,660: 11,380:	
Denmark	323 <b>:</b> 276 <b>:</b>				24.3	23.1		: 28.1	6,694:	4,370:	6,400:	
France	1.104:	857 :							20,327:	16,930:	18,490:	
Germany, West	3,427 :	3,714:	3,521	: 3,232		39.8	43.4	: 46.4	: 131,400:	147,680:	152,900:	
Greece	155 :									1,610:	1,060:	
Italy	238 :		167	: 155		24.8	24.9	: 23.6	5,160:	4,140:	4,160:	3,665
Luxembourg	14:			:	31.4	:			439:	:	:	
Netherlands	428 :				43.6 : 30.0 :	47.1 39.0	42.8	: 48.9 : 40.0	: 18,644: : 60:	16,830: 39:	15,180: 63:	
Norway	652 :					13.2		7.4		8,220:	6.040:	
Spain	1.526 :		_					13.7	19,390:	20,300:	21,260:	
Sweden	312 :					_ ' .			: 10,302:	7,000:	8,300:	
Switzerland						51.3	51.2	: 47.8		1,590:	1,640:	
United Kingdom						36.5	40.0	: 40.0	2,072:	840:	520:	800
Estimated total Western Europe 5/:	9,360 :	8,670:	8,520	: 8,160	28.1	30.6	31.9	: 32.1	: 263,000:	265,000:	272,000:	270,000
Bulgaria	530 :	275 :	275	:	16.0	13.1	13.1	:	: 8,500:	3,600:	3,600:	
Czechoslovakia				:	26.5			:	: 41,100:	36,300:	38,000:	
Germany, East	3,110:			:	26.8	32.7	31.3	:	: 83,300:	88,500:	79,760:	
Hungary	1,275:					_,		:	: 24,700:	14,600:	17,450:	
Poland					: 19.0 :		***	:	: 235,000:	289,400:	319,000:	
Rumania	500 :				: 16.6	13.5			8,300:	5,000:	5,050:	
Yugoslavia		613 :		526		15.5		: 17.4	: 8,500:	9,490:	10,430:	
Estimated total Eastern Europe 5/:	19,990 :	19,030 :	18,760	: 17,110	20.5	23.6	25.2	24.5	: 410,000:	450,000:	473,000:	420,000
Estimated total all Europe <u>5</u> /:	29,350	27,700	27,280	25,270	22.9	25.8	27.3	: : 27.3	: 673,000:	715,000:	745,000:	690,000
U.S.S.R. (Europe and Asia) 6/	54,000	43,500 :	42,175	-	12.8	14.9	14.2	:	: 690,000:	650,000:	600,000:	
Asia:					:	:	:	:	<del></del>		<del></del>	
Turkey	1,410		,	900	: 16.1	15.2	12.3	26.1	22,700	25,000	20,000:	23,500
Argentina	2,222	2,629 :	2,897	:	: 11.7	12.2	12,3	: :	26,000	32,160	35,700	
Union of South Africa	56 :	, :		:	6.4	<u> </u>		:	360:	:	:	
				: 69,180		: 18.7		: 18.4				

<sup>1/</sup>Years shown refer to years of harvest in the Northern Hemisphere. Harvests of Northern Hemisphere countries are combined with those of the Southern Hemisphere which immediately follow; thus, the crop harvested in the Northern Hemisphere in 1960 is combined with preliminary forecasts for the Southern Hemisphere harvests, which begin late in 1960 and end early in 1961. 2/ Figures refer to harvested areas as far as possible. 3/ Yield per acre calculated from acreage and production data shown. 4/ Revised estimates for Northern Hemisphere countries; for Southern Hemisphere, preliminary forecasts based largely on acreage and weather conditions to date. 5/ Estimated totals which in the case of production are rounded to millions, include allowances for any missing data for countries shown and for other producing countries not shown. 6/ Tentative unofficial estimates for production.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Prepared or estimated on the basis of official statistics of foreign governments, other foreign source material, reports of U.S. Agricultural Attaches and Foreign Service Officers, results of office research and related information.

Table 21 .- Wheat: Supply and disappearance, United States, July-December and January-June periods, 1949-60 1/

***************************************	•	Suppl	Ly	<del> </del>	:				Disappe	arance			
Year be <b>ginnin</b> g July	Stocks	: Production:	Imports	: Total		Contin	ental United	States		: Militar;	: Exports:	Ship- ments	: Total
	: <u>\$</u> /	: :	<u>3</u> /	:	: Processed : : for food :	seed	Industrial	•	Total	curement	5/	6/	: TOTAL
	: 1,000 : bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels
1949 July-Dec. JanJune	307,285 900,308	1,098,415	182 2,055	1,405,882 902,363	250,517 233,665	57,123 23,728	100 92	24,105 87,153	331,845 344,638	102,543 20,983	69,248 109,965	1,938 2,063	505,574 477,649
1950 July-Dec. JanJune	424,714 1,002,496	1,019,344	2,243 9,676	1,446,301 1,012,172	247,206 232,344	60,72 <sup>1</sup> 4 27,180	98 94	18,085 90,723	326,113 350,341	16,566 24,701	99,299 2 <b>3</b> 5,214	1,827 2,045	443,805 612,301
1951 July-Dec. JanJune	399,871 853,891	988,161	17,434 14,175	1,405,466 868,066	246,254 234,830	61,793 26,402	727 203	16,824 85,577	325,598 34 <b>7,01</b> 2	9,371 7,343	214,608 255,739	1,998 1,994	551,575 612,088
1952 July-Dec. JanJune	255,978 1,109,448	1,306,440	17,669 3,933	1,580,087 1,113,381	245,371 228,242	61,891 27,200	73 102	743 81,737	308,078 337,281	6,307 7,313	154,436 161,216	1,818 2,027	470,639 5 <b>07</b> ,837
T	605,544 1,334,241	1,173,071	1,581 3,956	1,780,196 1,338,197	243,728 <b>2</b> 28,934	49,329 20,149	101 77	36,567 40,070	329,725 289,230	6,154 5,880	108,047 107,657	2,029 1,924	445,955 404,691
1954 July-Dec. JanJune	933,506 1,481,205	983,900 	885 3 <b>,312</b>	1,918,291 1,484,517	244,239 228,810	47,781 17,000	64 166	15 <b>,519</b> 44,555	307,603 290,531	5, <b>2</b> 58 4,624	122,286 151,133	1,939 2,051	437,086 448,339
1955 Faly-Dec. JanJune	1,036,178 1,566,950	934,731	3,174 6,759	1,974, <b>083</b> 1,573,709	<b>242,</b> 736 <b>226,7</b> 27	48,215 19,467	202 476	<b>9/-11,</b> 836 <b>63,</b> 036	279,317 309,706	3 <b>,</b> 926 4,287	121,987 <u>7</u> /224,286	1,903 2,015	407,133 540,294
1956 July-Dec. JanJune	1,033,415 1,488,678	1,004,272	3,043 4,740	2,040,730 1,493,418	<b>241,</b> 666 <b>228,</b> 122	42,620 15,129	291 206	12,648 33,769	297,225 277,226	4,657 3,979	7/248,210 7/301,327	1,960 2,0 <b>80</b>	552,052 584,612
1957 July-Dec. JanJune	908,806 1,382,660	950,662 	5,263 5,684	1,864,731 1,388,344	241,642 230,842	48,100 15,096	182 94	2/-7,956 46,967	281,968 292,999	3,463 4,142	7/194,760 7/208,158	1,880 1,998	482,071 507,297
1958 July-Dec. JanJune		1,461,714	3,047 4,722	2,345,808 1,825,181	247,299 234,063	48,800 16,322	58 56	18,528 35,718	314,685 286,159	3,749 3,623	7/204,815 7/238,479	2,100 1,830	525,349 530,091
	1,295,090 1,875,831	1,126,682	2,857 4,553	2,424,629 1,880,384	248,000 234,706	48,400 15,668	39 47	41,972 7,746	338,411 258,167	3,110 3,415	7/205,942 7/303,661	1,335 1,185	5 <b>48,</b> 798 566,428
1960 8/ July-Dec. JanJune	1,313,956 2,066,146	1,363,443	2,906	2,680,305	248,807	49,200	39	13,340	311,386	3,359	<u>7</u> /298,239	1,175	614,159
See page 12	for footnot	·oe											

See page 12 for footnotes.

Table 22.- Wheat: Supply and disappearance, United States, 1935-60  $\underline{1}/$ 

Year	:	Supj	ply		:				Disappe	earance				-172
begin- ning July	Carry- over 2/	Produc- tion	Imports 3/	Total	Processed for food	~ .	Indus- trial	ed States : : Feed :	: Total	ment 4/	Exports	Ship- ments <u>6</u> /	Total	10
	: 1,000 : bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	
1935 1936 1937 1938 1939	145,889 140,433 83,167 153,107 250,015	628,227 629,880 873,914 919,913 741,210		808,864 804,929 957,827 1,073,367 991,557	490,067 493,327 489,440 496,189 488,758	87,479 95,896 93,060 74,225 72,946	69 103	83,343 100,149 114,856 141,690 101,127	660,944 689,431 697,425 712,207 662,920		4,440 9,584 103,889 108,082 45,258	3,047 3,072 3,406 3,063 3,658	668,431 702,087 804,720 823,352 711,836	
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944	279,721 384,733 630,775 618,897 316,555	814,646 941,970 969,381 843,813 1,060,111	3,704 1,127 136,448	1,097,929 1,330,407 1,601,283 1,599,158 1,419,050	489,422 472,906 494,971 477,287 472,675	77,351		111,772 114,254 305,771 511,233 300,095	675,645 651,326 920,666 1,173,996 936,365	16,133 25,245 62,762 150,147	33,866 27,774 30,960 42,734 49,106	3,685 4,399 5,515 3,111 4,252	713,196 699,632 982,386 1,282,603 1,139,870	
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949	279,180 100,086 83,837 195,943 307,285	1,107,623 1,152,118 1,358,911 1,294,911	84 149 1,530	1,388,840 1,252,288 1,442,897 1,492,384 1,407,937	473,733 479,361 484,060 471,483 484,182	82,006 86,823 91,094 95,015 80,851		296,548 177,525 178,309 105,348 111,258	873,589 743,767 754,156 672,039 676,483	181,518	320,025 328,045 340,221 327,827 179,213	4,257 4,180 3,964 3,715 4,001	1,288,754 1,168,451 1,246,954 1,185,099 983,223	<del>-</del> 35 -
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	424,714 399,871 255,978 609,544 933,506	1,019,344 988,161 1,306,440 1,173,071 983,900	31,609 21,602 5,537	1,455,977 1,419,641 1,584,020 1,784,152 1,921,603	479,550 481,084 473,613 472,662 473,049	87,904 88,195 89,091 69,478 64,781	930 175 178	108,808 102,401 82,480 76,637 60,074	676,454 672,610 645,359 618,955 598,134	41,267 16,714 13,620 12,034 9,882	334,513 470,347 315,652 215,704 273,419		1,056,106 1,163,663 978,476 850,646 885,425	
1957 <b>-</b> 1958 <b>-</b>	:1,036,178 -1,033,415 -908,806 -881,047 :1,295,090	934,731 1,004,272 950,662 1,461,714 1,126,682	7,783 10,947 7,769	1,980,842 2,045,470 1,870,415 2,350,530 2,429,182	469,463 469,788 472,484 481.362 482,706	67,682 57,749 63,196 65,122 64,068	497 276 114	51,200 46,417 39,011 54,246 49,718	589,023 574,451 574,967 600,844 596,578	8,636 7,605 7,372	7/346,273 7/549,537 7/402,918 7/443,294 7/509,603		947,427 1,136,664 989,368 1,055,440 1,115,226	
1960 <u>8</u> /	1,313,956 1455,0	1,363,443				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								FEBRU

Table 23 .- Wheat: Supply and distribution, Pacific Northwest, (Oregon, Washington and Northern Idaho), annual 1956-59, July-December 1959 and 1960

		Yea	ar beginnin	ng July		
Item		:	:	:	: July-D	ecember
	1956	1957 :	• 1958 •	1959	: : 1959	1960 1/
	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
Supply Carryover, July 1						
Stocks on farms Stocks off farms	1,939 133,021	779 54,751	1,187 44,266	<b>2,</b> 795 72,761	2,795 72,761	2,838 76,276
Total	134,960	55 <b>,</b> 530	45 <b>,</b> 453	75 <b>,</b> 556	75 <b>,</b> 556	79,114
Production Inshipments 2/ Total supply	95,041 61,110 291,111	108,574 39,539 203,643	108,947 44,253 198,653	114,824 41,321 231,701	114,824 22,156 212,536	101,514 22,209 202,837
Distribution Disappearance						
Used for seed Milled for flour Used for feed 4/	3,530 36,299 4,672	3,744 38,844 4,173	3,79 <b>1</b> 38,945 4,402	3,690 39,855 3,590	3,286 20,152 1,846	3,310 3/18,510 1,720
Total	44,501	46 <b>,</b> 761	47,138	47 <b>, 1</b> 35	25,284	23 <b>,</b> 540
Rail shipments of grain Exports of grain 5/ Total disappearance	1,663 196,529 242,693	1,337 117,911 166,009	790 83,667 131,595	3/787 119,497 167,419	3/472 39,868 65,624	3/414 70,701 94,655
<del></del>						
Carryover, June 30	55,530	45,453	75 <b>,</b> 556	79,114	153,197	112,228
Total distribution	298,223	211,462	207,151	246 <b>,</b> 533	218,821	206,883
Difference, unaccounted 6/	-7,112	<b>-</b> 7 <b>,</b> 819	<b>-</b> 8 <b>,</b> 498	-14,832	<b>-</b> 6 <b>,</b> 285	-4,046

<sup>1/</sup> Preliminary.

Data made possible by the Research and Marketing Administration, Northwest Wheat Project carried on jointly by the Oregon Wheat Commission, Washington State Department of Agriculture and Agricultural Estimates, Agricultural Marketing Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{2}$ / Grain, only. Imports included with inshipments.

<sup>3/</sup> Partly estimated.

4/ Includes an estimate of wheat purchased for feed by farmers from other farmers, but does not include "wheat, mixed feed" or other wheat residuals commonly used in prepared feeds.

<sup>5/</sup> Inspected exports, grain only.
6/ Difference between total supplies and total distribution due to unrecorded truck inshipments and unknown errors in the estimates. Minus sign indicates total distribution exceeds total supply.

#### Table 24.- Wheat: CCC sales and other dispositions, July-February 1960-61

Item	July 1, 1960 - February 10, 1961					
	:	1,000	1,000			
	:	bushels	bushels			
omestic Sales and Dispositions	:					
By CSS Commodity Offices:	:					
Nonstorable country warehouse	:	1,170				
Nonstorable track and terminal	:	2,757				
Statutory minimum $1/$	:	2,161				
Other domestic	:	121				
Donations	:	15				
By ASC County Offices:	:					
Nonstorable bin site	:	_5				
Statutory minimum 1/	:	2,787	9,016			
xport Sales and Dispositions	:					
GR-345 and GR-368 2/	:	75 <b>,</b> 4 <b>5</b> 6				
Barter	:	17,842				
CCC credit 3/	:	3 <b>,</b> 216				
Other export	:	4 <b>,</b> 050				
Donations	<u>:</u>	10,995	111,559			
Total sales and dispositions	; ;		120,575			

Table 25 .- Wheat: Inspections for export, by classes and coastal areas, July-January, 1959-60 and 1960-61

Coastal area	: Hard red : spring :	: Hard red : winter	: Soft red : winter :	White	: Mixed and : durum 1/	: Total
	: 1,000 : bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.	1,000 bu.
	•	J	uly-January 1	959-60		
Lake ports Atlantic Gulf Pacific Total	6,808 5,698 4,299 876	41 15,424 75,495 8,731 99,691	37 13,300 4,043  17,380	1,501 9,161  42,411 53,073	54 64  118	8,387 43,637 83,901 52,018 187,943
	<u> </u>	J	uly-January 1	960-61		
Lake ports Atlantic Gulf Pacific	: 6,569 : 2,086 : 1,884 : 1,155	1,921 152,296 12,508	4,848 26,767 11,196	1,287 3,973  72,151	546 5 877 1,428	12,704 35,293 165,381 86,691
Total	: 11,694	166,725	42,811	77,411	1,420	300,069

<sup>1/</sup> All mixed; no durum.

<sup>1/</sup> For unrestricted domestic use.
2/ For redemption of certificates issued under payment-in-kind program.
3/ General Sales Manager's Credit Program; CCC sales made at the next export price.

Table 26.- Wheat: CCC-owned stocks, by positions and States, January 1, 1961  $\underline{1}/$ 

State :	Bin sites	Terminals, elevators and warehouses 2/	Maritime Fleet	: : Total :
:		1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels	1,000 bushels
:	DusileTa	DUSHELS	DUSTICIS	DUSTIELS
Maine		371	pag-tag	371
Massachusetts :		1,005		1,005
New York		9,211	15,157	24,368
New Jersey :		716		716
Pennsylvania :		1,295		1,295
Indiana :	<u>3</u> /			3/
Wisconsin :		20,545		20 <b>,</b> 545
Minnesota :	760	64,096		64,856
Iowa :	·	1,769		1,769
Missouri :	196	20,314		20,510
North Dakota :	9,159	41,890		51,049
South Dakota :	8,587	22,744		31,331
Nebraska :	800	126,097		126,897
Kansas :	13,089	351 <b>,</b> 665		364,754
Maryland :		2,323		2,323
Virginia :		207	14,317	14,524
North Carolina :		1		1.
Tennessee :		2 <b>,</b> 653		2 <b>,</b> 653
Alabama :	***	172		172
Mississippi :	-	629		629
Arkansas :		5 <b>,</b> 713		5 <b>,</b> 713
Louisiana :		13,718		13,718
Oklahoma :		107,937		107,937
Texas :		· 115,501		115,501
Montana :	6 <b>,</b> 948	17,870		24,818
Idaho :		5,063		5,063
Wyoming :		2,163		2 <b>,1</b> 63
Colorado :	710	28 <b>,</b> 650		29 <b>,</b> 360
New Mexico :		1,885		1,885
Utah :		1,544		1,544
Washington :		36 <b>,</b> 321	A-4	36,321
Oregon :		14,828	8,217	23,045
California :		2 <b>,2</b> 56		2 <b>,</b> 256
Areas in Transit $4/$ :				
Dallas -:				2 <b>,</b> 541
Evanston				
Kansas City				3,664
Minneapolis :				2,677
Portland :				539
U. S. total	40,249	1,021,152	37,691	1,108,513

Grain Division, Commodity Stabilization Service.

<sup>1/</sup> Including stocks sold but not delivered.
2/ Includes terminals, sub-terminals, country elevators, warehouses, etc.
3/ Less than 500 bushels.
4/ Moved from official weight points and has not been unloaded or sold.

Table 27.- Excess wheat stored to postpone or avoid payment of penalty, as of June 30, 1960

•	: :		From cr	op of -			:
State	1954	1955	1956	: : 1957	1958	1959	: Total
	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
California	•	-			1,630	1 <b>,</b> 536	3,166
Colorado	: 7,301	93,319	11,436	1,250,265	3 <b>, 1</b> 96 <b>,</b> 559	2,135,075	6,693,955
Idaho	: 13,556	85,319	202,679	147,428	296,091	44,912	789 <b>,</b> 985
Illinois	: 843	273	224	14	397	125	1,876
Indiana	: 2,927	2,982	4,304	1,878	9	411	12,511
Iowa.	:				282		282
Kansas	: 9,284	24,294	35,849	660 <b>,</b> 799	3 <b>,</b> 676 <b>,</b> 803	1,606,826	6,013,855
Kentucky	: 416				54		470
Michigan	: 1,914	821	1,392	537	2 <b>,</b> 347	1,503	8,514
Minnesota	2,045	1,212	1,434	529	11,539	2,217	18,976
Mississippi	: 601		-				601
Missouri	:	7			2,002	1,562	3,571
Montana	: 176,642	1,474,940	1,021,834	1,719,419	3.444,479	538 <b>,</b> 916	8,376,230
Nebraska	: 60,633	363,724	815,292	1,674,984	3,290,560	103,818	6,309,011
New Mexico	: 1,222			<b>1,</b> 356	139		2,717
New York	: 201	658	175		882	<b>\</b>	1,916
North Carolina	:				157		<b>1</b> 57
North Dakota	: 2,203	8,842	12,635	192,067	203,431	106,105	525 <b>,</b> 283
Ohio	2,432	1,019	1,080	1,101	1,632	3,668	10,932
Oklahoma	775	433	15,200	45,188	283,660	97,627	442,883
Oregon	:	***	2,554	19,688	664	42,961	65,867
Pennsylvania	: 147	58		<b>1</b> 25		146	476
South Dakota	:	12,874	23 <b>,</b> 699	<b>7</b> 0,743	149,354	29 <b>,</b> 849	286,519
Texas	:		810	35,103	38,387	17,170	91,470
Utah	: 2,370	13,818	24,751	17,473	28,756	11,836	99,004
Washington	: 1,550	5 <b>,</b> 682	16,529	154,837	103,270	203,847	485,715
West Virginia	:					149	149
Wyoming	: 690	46,221	69,610	6 <b>,</b> 658	355,825	256,146	735,150
Total U. S.	287,752	2,136,496	2,261,487	6,000,192	15,088,909	5,206,405	1/30,981,241

<sup>1/</sup> Total farm stored, 28,038,797 bushels and warehouse stored, 2,942,444 bushels. Grain Division, Commodity Stabilization Service.

Table 28	Wheat:	CCC-owned,	by ·	classes	and	commodity
		e areas, Ja				

	:	Kansas	:	•	•		Maritime	Fleet	:
Class	:	City	Dallas	:Evanston	Minneapolis	Portland	Portland area	Evanston area	Total
	:	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	:	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
Hard Winter	:	544,659	248,158	4,811	34,522	19,764		15,514	867,428
Hard Spring	:	224		9,909	159,208	74		13,960	183,375
Soft Winter	:	16	3	245		19			283
White	:	229		24	179	42,348	8,217		50,997
Mixed	:	961	46	40	55	70			1,172
Durum	:			331	7,260				7,591
Red Durum	:					-			
Balancing item 1/	:								<b>-</b> 2,333
Total	:	546 <b>,</b> 089	248,207	15,360	201,224	62,275	8,217	29,474	1,108,513

<sup>1/</sup> To bring amount reported by classes in line with amount reported in inventory.

Grain Division, Commodity Stabilization Service.

Table 29.- Wheat: Price per bushel in 3 exporting countries Friday nearest mid-month, October 1960-February 1961; weekly, October 1960-February 1961

		:	Hard Spri	ng	:	:	Soft
Date (Frida	у)		No. 1 Dark Northern at Duluth 1/	No. 2 Manitoba Northern at Fort William 2/ 3/	Hard Winter, No. 1 at Galveston  4/	No. 1 White at Portland L United	Australia 3/
		<u>:</u>	(United States):		:(United States)	: States)	:
1960-61		:	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Mid-month	21.	:	0.07	7 62	0.00	0.00	5/1.50
October November	14 18	:	2.07 2.08	1.63 1.63	2.20 2.20	2.02 2.06	5/1.50
December	16	:	2.10	1.63	2.22	2.10	2/ 1.70
	13	:	2.10	1.64	2.24	2.10	
January February	13 17	•	2.10	1.65	2.28	2.14 2.14	
Weekly	Τ,	:	2.10	1.0)	L.LO	~• <b>-</b> -	
October	21	:	2.10	1.63	2.20	2.03	
00 00001	28	:	2.10	1.63	2.20	2.04	
November	-4	•	2.09	1.63	2.21	2.06	
Movember	10	•	2.10	1.63	2.21	2.06	eggi non-ming
	25	:	2.09	1.63	2.21	2.06	<b></b>
December	ź	:	2.10	1.63	2.21	2.08	
	9	:	2.11	1.63	2.22	2.10	
	22	:	2.10	1.64	2.22	2.11	
	29	:	2.10	1.64	2.23	2.10	
January	6	:	2.12	1.65	2.24	2.10	
. •	19	:	2.10	1.64	2.25	2.14	
	27	:	2.12	1.64	2.28	2.14	
February	3	:	2.12	1.64	2.28	2.16	
•	10	:	2.10	1.64	2.28	2.16	
		:					

<sup>1/</sup> Spot or to arrive. 2/ Fort William quotation is in store. 3/ Sales to noncontract countries. Converted to United States currency. 4/ F. o. b. ship. CCC selling price for immediate delivery. 5/ Wheat board export prices trended around this level for October and November. Later prices are not available.



Table 30 .- Wheat: Weighted average cash price per bushel, specified markets and dates, 1959-61

		•	rades, arkets	: Hard	l and Winter, as City	N. S	l Dark pring, apolis	: Amber	2 Hard Durum, apolis	No. 2 Soft Red Winter, St. Louis	: Whi	1 Soft te, and <u>1</u> /
and			1960-	: 1959-	1960-		: 1960-	:1959-	: 1960-		:1959-	: 1960-
week		1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960	1961	1960 1961	1960	1961
		: Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol. Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
Month		:						- 10	0.01	0/2 0/ 0/2 07	• •0	
October		: 2.28	2.15	2.05	1.99	2.29	2.16	2.48	2.24	2/1.86 <u>3</u> /1.95	1.98	2.01
November		: 2.28	2.13	2.06	2.01	2.30	2.15	2.48	2.22	<u>2</u> /2.05	1.99	2.06
December		: 2.24	2.14	2.08	2.02	2.25	2.14	2.46	2.22	2.00 2.07	2.00	2.10
January		: 2.24	2.14	2.07	2.04	2.24	2.15	2.44	2.22	2.14	2.02	2.12
Week ended		:				0	(	- 10	1			
October	21	: 2.27	2.14	2.06	1.99	2.28	2.16	2.48	2.24		1.99	2.02
		: 2.29	2.16	2.07	1.98	2.31	2.17	2.47	2.24	2/1.86	2.00	2.04
November		: 2.31	2.14	2.05	_ 1.99	2.34	2.14	2.48	2.25	2/2.02	1.99	2.06
		: 2.29	2.14		<u>3</u> /2.02	2.31	2.15	2.48	2.21		1.98	2.06
		: 2.28	2.13	2.06	2.00	2.29	2.14	2.48	3/2.20	,	2.00	2.06
	25	: 2.25	2.13	2.07	2.01	2.27	2.15	2.48	2.20	2/2.05	2.00	2.06
December		: 2.27	2.12	2.06	2.01	2.24	2.15	2.47	2.22	<u>3</u> /1.99	2.00	2.07
		: 2.25	2.14	2.09	2.03	2,25	2.15	2.44	2.22	2.02 2/2.06	2.00	2.09
	16	: 2.23	2.14	2/2.14	2.03	2.24	2.15	2.46	2.22	1.97 7/2.10	1.99	2.10
	23	: 2.21	2.13	2.05	2.02	2.25	2.13	2.44	2.23		1.99	2.11
	30	: 2.22	2.13	2.09	2.03	2.26	2.14	2.46	2.23	<b></b> 2/2 <b>.</b> 05	2.00	2.10
January	6	: 2.25	2.15	2.07	2.03	2.27	2.16	2.46	2.25	<u></u> - 2/2 <b>.</b> 09	2.00	2.10
	13	: 2.24	2.15	2.07	2.03	2.25	2.14	2.44	2.23	<b></b> 3/2.15	2.02	2.10
	20	: 2.23	2.13	2.08	2.04	2.23	2.14	2.43	2.21	3/2.16	2.02	2.12
	27	: 2.23	2.13	2.08	2.04	2.23	2.16	2.44	2.21	2.14	2.03	2.14
February	3	: 2.26	2.13	2.09	2.06	2.24	2.16	2.45	2.19	2/1.92 2.15	2.04	2.15
·	_	: 2.25	n.a.	2 <b>.</b> 10	2.05	2,22	2.15	2.44	2.21	2/1.90 2/2.15	2.04	2.16
	17	: 2.24	n.a.	2.10	2.04	2.23	2.14	2.44	2,23	<u>3</u> /2.05	2.04	2.15

1/ Average of daily cash quotations. 2/ 1 car sold. 3/ 2 cars sold.

Table 31.- Wheat: Average closing price per bushel of May futures, specified markets and dates, 1959-61

Month a	nd.	:_	C	hicago	: Kans	as City	: Min	neapolis
week		:	1959-60	1960-61	1959-60	1960-61	1959-60	1960-61
		:	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Month		:				\ <u></u>	<del></del>	
October		:	2.00	1.99	2.00	1.98	2.12	2.10
November		:	2.01	2.02	1.99	1.99	2.12	2.10
December		:	2.01	2.03	1.99	1.98	2.13	2.08
January		:	2.02	2.10	1.99	2.00	2.14	2.10
Week ended		:						
October	21	:	2.00	1.99	2,00	1.98	2.11	2.10
	28	:	2.01	2.01	2.00	1.98	2.12	2.10
November	4	:	2.00	2.02	1.99	2.00	2.12	2.11
	11	:	2.02	2.02	1.99	2.00	2.13	2.11
	18	:	2.01	2.00	1.99	1.98	2.13	2.10
	25	:	2.00	2.02	1.99	1.98	2.12	2.10
December	ź	:	2.00	2.02	1.99	1.98	2.12	2.10
	9	:	2.00	2.02	1.99	1.97	2.12	2.09
	16	:	2.00	2.03	1.99	1.98	2.14	2.08
	23	:	2.01	2.04	1.98	1.98	2.13	2.08
	30	:	2.02	2.04	1.99	1.98	2.14	2.08
January	6	•	2.02	2.08	1.99	1.99	2.14	2.08
	13	:	2.03	2.08	1.99	1.99	2.14	2.09
	20	•	2.02	2.10	1.99	1.99	2.14	2.10
	27	:	2.02	2.12	2.00	2.02	2.14	2.12
February	3	•	2.00	2.14	1.99	2.03	2.15	2.13
100100,19	10	:	2.01	2.12	2.00	2.03	2.14	2.13

Table 32.- Wheat: Average price per bushel received by farmers, parity price, and price of No. 2 Hard Winter at Kansas City, 1945-60

				<del></del>									
Year : beginning :			: : Sept.			: Dec.		Feb.	: Mar.		May	June	: Average
July	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
:	:					rice rece	eived by	farmers	1/				
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958	1.46 1.87 2.14 2.13 1.82 1.82 1.99 2.05 1.97 2.00 1.97 1.97 1.91 1.64 1.70	1.45 1.78 2.10 1.96 1.79 1.97 2.05 2.04 1.86 2.03 1.90 1.93 1.71	1.45 1.79 2.43 1.97 1.87 1.94 2.07 2.09 1.92 2.07 1.92 1.92 1.95 1.72	1.51 1.88 2.66 1.98 1.89 1.90 2.10 2.07 1.94 2.08 1.94 2.08 1.94 1.92 1.73 1.76	1.53 1.89 2.74 2.04 1.90 1.94 2.19 2.13 2.00 2.12 1.94 2.05 1.79 1.76	1.54 1.93 2.79 2.05 1.93 2.02 2.02 2.12 2.01 2.12 1.95 2.07 1.94 1.73 1.77	1.54 1.91 2.81 2.02 1.92 2.09 2.20 2.10 2.03 2.14 1.95 2.09 1.70 1.779	1.55 1.99 2.12 1.94 1.93 2.21 2.18 2.05 2.06 2.13 1.93 1.92 1.74 1.80	1,58 2,44 2,21 1,98 1,98 2,12 2,20 2,10 2,10 2,09 2,12 1,97 2,07 1,96 1,76 1,82	1.58 2.40 2.29 2.00 2.01 2.14 2.18 2.06 2.09 2.03 2.05 1.77 1.82	2/1.70 2.39 2.22 2.00 2.04 2.11 2.13 2.06 2.00 2.13 2.00 1.98 1.93 1.77 1.82	1.74 2.18 2.11 1.86 1.93 2.08 2.06 1.91 2.06 1.91 1.70 1.69 1.72	1.49 1.90 2.29 1.98 1.88 2.00 2.11 2.09 2.04 2.12 1.99 1.97 1.75
	:	Parity price 3/											
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1956 1958	1.51 1.73 2.02 2.20 2.215 2.215 2.215 2.41 2.41 2.50 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.50 2.51 2.50 2.51 2.51 2.50 2.51 2.51 2.50 2.51 2.51 2.51 2.50 2.51 2.5	1.51 1.76 2.05 2.20 2.14 2.23 2.44 2.45 2.45 2.50 2.51 2.43 2.43 2.43 2.43	1.52 1.74 2.09 2.12 2.12 2.41 2.45 2.46 2.45 2.49 2.44 2.51 2.43 2.36	1.53 1.80 2.10 2.18 2.11 2.27 2.42 2.45 2.44 2.47 2.49 2.43 2.50 2.42 2.35	-1.53 1.85 2.11 2.17 2.11 2.29 2.43 2.44 2.45 2.45 2.49 2.45 2.49 2.45 2.36 2.35	1.54 1.86 2.15 2.17 2.12 2.31 2.43 2.43 2.45 2.46 2.50 2.46 2.50 2.46 2.36	1.56 1.89 2.20 2.17 2.13 2.35 2.44 2.48 2.51 2.38 2.38 2.38 2.36 2.37 2.38	1.56 1.94 2.18 2.16 2.13 2.36 2.46 2.41 2.48 2.51 2.38 2.39 2.39 2.36	1.57 1.99 2.17 2.16 2.14 2.40 2.43 2.49 2.52 2.39 2.50 2.41 2.36	1.57 2.01 2.19 2.17 2.16 2.40 2.45 2.50 2.51 2.39 2.37 2.39	1.61 2.01 2.20 2.16 2.19 2.41 2.45 2.43 2.50 2.51 2.42 2.37 2.38	1.64 2.02 2.20 2.15 2.42 2.42 2.49 2.52 2.49 2.52 2.43 2.36 2.37	
	: : :	Price of No. 2 Hard Winter, Kansas City 4											
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1956 1958	1.58 1.98 1.98 2.19 2.19 2.23 2.31 2.25 2.31 2.25 2.31 2.25 2.31	1.60 1.94 2.32 2.15 2.06 2.21 2.33 2.32 2.18 2.35 2.19 2.11 1.85 1.99	1.62 1.96 2.65 2.20 2.15 2.21 2.38 2.41 2.22 2.39 2.16 2.28 2.12 1.95 2.01	1.68 2.04 2.95 2.23 2.19 2.18 2.42 2.29 2.41 2.20 2.31 2.13 1.97 2.05	1.69 2.10 3.00 2.28 2.20 2.22 2.54 2.46 2.34 2.44 2.41 2.36 2.20 2.00 2.06 2.01	1.69 2.07 3.01 2.29 2.35 2.54 2.38 2.46 2.25 2.34 2.18 1.98 2.08	1.69 2.09 3.03 2.25 2.22 2.40 2.38 2.14 2.24 2.21 2.00 2.00	1.69 8.26 2.21 2.20 2.22 2.48 2.49 2.36 2.39 2.46 2.39 2.42 2.34 2.20 2.03	1.72 2.69 2.45 2.24 2.27 2.40 2.40 2.40 2.42 2.46 2.28 2.34 2.27 2.07 2.12	1.72 2.68 2.44 2.26 2.31 2.44 2.49 2.39 2.45 2.30 2.26 2.09 2.10	2.69 2.40 2.22 2.30 2.38 2.45 2.36 2.37 2.53 2.23 2.27 2.03	1.86 2.37 2.29 1.95 2.17 2.31 2.04 2.15 2.19 2.10 2.27 1.90 1.92	5/1.60 2.09 2.52 2.19 2.16 2.28 2.43 2.32 2.27 2.37 2.18 2.21 2.15 1.94 2.00

<sup>1/</sup> U.S. monthly prices are the result of weighting monthly State prices by production through May 1957. Beginning June 1957, monthly State prices are weighted by estimated sales for the month. U.S. marketing-year prices are the result of weighting State season average prices by estimated marketings. Includes an allowance for unredeemed loans at average loan values. 2/ Does not include bonus payment of 30 cents per bushel delivered under the Government purchase program. 3/ Computation of parity prices based on old formula: Average price in bese period (August 1909 to July 1914-88.4 cents) X monthly index of prices paid by farmers, interest and taxes, as revised January and October 1950 for the period 1926 through 1949. Beginning January 1950, effective parity price based on old formula. January 1956 through December 1958, transitional parity. Beginning January 1959, modernized parity. 4/ Compiled from the Kansas City Grain Market Review. Average of daily prices weighted by carlot sales. 5/ Average for Il months. 6/ Beginning July 1947, sales of Dark Hard and Hard Winter wheat combined, reported as Hard Winter.



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