



DÁIL ÉIREANN

Dé Máirt, 14 Feabhra, 2017
Tuesday, 14th February, 2017

RIAR NA hOIBRE
ORDER PAPER

Dé Máirt, 14 Feabhra, 2017
Tuesday, 14th February, 2017

2 p.m.

ORD GNÓ
ORDER OF BUSINESS

9. Tairiscint *maidir le* Róta na nAirí i gcomhair Ceisteanna Parlaiminte.
Motion *re* Ministerial Rota for Parliamentary Questions.
10. Tairiscint *maidir le* Ceadú beartaithe ag Dáil Éireann i ndáil leis an tuarascáil ón Taoiseach agus Aire Cosanta maidir le seirbhís ag Óglaigh na hÉireann leis na Náisiúin Aontaithe in 2015 a tharchur chuig Roghchoiste.
Motion *re* Referral to Select Committee of proposed approval by Dáil Éireann of the report by the Taoiseach and Minister for Defence, regarding service by the Defence Forces with the United Nations in 2015.
16. An Bille um Lá Cuimhneacháin Náisiúnta an Ghorta Mhóir, 2017 — An Dara Céim.
National Famine Commemoration Day Bill 2017 — Second Stage.
17. An Bille um Míchumas (Forálacha Ilghnéitheacha), 2016 — An Dara Céim (*atógáil*).
Disability (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2016 — Second Stage (*resumed*).

GNÓ COMHALTAÍ PRÍOBHÁIDEACHA
PRIVATE MEMBERS' BUSINESS

90. Tairiscint *maidir leis* an tIdirnascaire Thuaidh-Theas.
Motion *re* the North-South Interconnector.

I dTOSACH GNÓ PHOIBLÍ
AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF PUBLIC BUSINESS

Billí ón Seanad: Bills from the Seanad

1. An Bille um Bosca Forbartha Eolais (Deimhniú Aireagán), 2016 [*Seanad*] — An Dara Céim.
Knowledge Development Box (Certification of Inventions) Bill 2016 [*Seanad*] — Second Stage.

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2. An Bille Forbartha Mianraí, 2015 [*Seanad*] — An Dara Céim.
Minerals Development Bill 2015 [*Seanad*] — Second Stage.

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3. An Bille Iomaíochta (Leasú), 2016 [*Seanad*] — An Dara Céim.
Competition (Amendment) Bill 2016 [*Seanad*] — Second Stage.

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4. An Bille um Maoin Chultúrtha a Choimirciú i gCás Coinbhleacht Armtha (Coinbhinsiún na Háige), 2016 [*Seanad*] — An Dara Céim.
Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict (Hague Convention) Bill 2016 [*Seanad*] — Second Stage.

Billí a thionscnamh: Initiation of Bills

Tíolactha:
Presented:

5. An Bille um Shainmharcáil (Leasú), 2016 — Ordú don Dara Céim.
Hallmarking (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Order for Second Stage.

Bille dá ngairtear Acht do leasú agus do leathnú an dlí a bhaineann le hearraí de mhíotal lómhar a mheisiúnu agus a shainmharcáil; do dhéanamh socrú chun earraí de mhíotal lómhar a mheisiúnu agus a shainmharcáil lasmuigh den Stát in imthosca áirithe; agus, chun na gríoch sin, do leasú an Achta um Shainmharcáil, 1981; agus do dhéanamh socrú i dtaobh nithe gaolmhara.

Bill entitled an Act to amend and extend the law relating to the assaying and hallmarking of articles of precious metal; to make provision for the assaying and hallmarking in certain circumstances of articles of precious metal outside the State; and, for those purposes, to amend the Hallmarking Act 1981; and to provide for related matters.

—An tAire Post, Fiontar agus Nuálaíochta.

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6. An Bille um Cheartas Coiriúil (Íospartaigh na Coireachta), 2016 — Ordú don Dara Céim.
Criminal Justice (Victims of Crime) Bill 2016 — Order for Second Stage.

Bille dá ngairtear Acht do thabhairt éifeacht d'fhorálacha Threoir 2012/29/AE ó

Bill entitled an Act to give effect to provisions of Directive 2012/29/EU of the

Pharlaimint na hEorpa agus ón gComhairle an 25 Deireadh Fómhair 2012 lena mbunaítear caighdeáin fosta i dtaca le cearta íospartaigh na coireachta agus leis an tacaíocht agus leis an gcosaint dóibh, agus lena ndéantar Creat-Chinneadh 2001/220/JHA ón gComhairle a ionadú; chun na críche sin do leasú an Achta um Fhianaise Choiriúil, 1992, an Achta um Cheartas Coiriúil, 1993 agus an Achta um Sheirbhís Chúirteanna, 1998; agus do dhéanamh socrú i dtaobh nithe gaolmhara.

European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 establishing minimum standards on the rights, support and protection of victims of crime, and replacing Council Framework Decision 2001/220/JHA; for that purpose to amend the Criminal Evidence Act 1992, the Criminal Justice Act 1993 and the Courts Service Act 1998; and to provide for related matters.

—*An Tánaiste agus Aire Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais.*

7. An Bille um Mí-Úsáid Drugaí (Saoráidí Insteallta Maoirsithe), 2017 — Ordú don Dara Céim.

Misuse of Drugs (Supervised Injecting Facilities) Bill 2017 — Order for Second Stage.

Bille dá ngairtear Acht do dhéanamh socrú maidir le bunú, ceadúnú, oibriú agus rialáil saoráidí insteallta maoirsithe d'fhonn laghdú a dhéanamh ar dhíobháil do dhaoine a dhéanann drugaí a instealladh; d'fheabhsú dínit, sláinte agus leas daoine a dhéanann drugaí a instealladh in áiteanna poiblí; do laghdú líon na gcásanna insteallta drugaí agus bruscar a bhaineann le drugaí in áiteanna poiblí agus ar an tslí sin d'fheabhsú na taitneamhachta poiblí don phobal i gcoitinne; agus do dhéanamh socrú i dtaobh nithe a bhaineann leis sin.

Bill entitled an Act to provide for the establishment, licensing, operation and regulations of supervised injecting facilities for the purposes of reducing harm to people who inject drugs; to enhance the dignity, health and well-being of people who inject drugs in public places; to reduce the incidence of drug injection and drug-related litter in public places and thereby to enhance the public amenity for the wider community; and to provide for matters related thereto.

—*An tAire Sláinte.*

8. An Bille Idirghabhála, 2017 — Ordú don Dara Céim.
Mediation Bill 2017 — Order for Second Stage.

Bille dá ngairtear Acht d'éascú díospóidí sibhialta a réiteach trí idirghabháil, do shonrú na bprionsabal is infheidhme maidir le hidirghabháil, do shonrú socrúithe le haghaidh idirghabhála mar mhodh comhroghnach ar imeachtaí sibhialta a thionscnamh nó ar leanúint d'imeachtaí sibhialta arna dtionscnamh; do dhéanamh socrú maidir le cóid chleachtais lena nglacfaidh idirghabhálaithe; do dhéanamh socrú maidir le comhlacht a aithint mar Chomhairle Idirghabhála na hÉireann chun

Bill entitled an Act to facilitate the settlement of civil disputes by mediation, to specify the principles applicable to mediation, to specify arrangements for mediation as an alternative to the institution of civil proceedings or to the continuation of civil proceedings that have been instituted; to provide for codes of practice to which mediators may subscribe; to provide for the recognition of a body as the Mediation Council of Ireland for the purposes of this Act and to require that Council to make

críocha an Achta seo agus dá cheangal ar an gComhairle sin tuarascálacha a thabhairt don Aire Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais i ndáil le hidirghabháil sa Stát; do sholáthar, trí scéim, deis le haghaidh páirtithe in imeachtaí dlí teaghlaigh nó in imeachtaí faoi alt 67A(3) nó 117 den Acht Comharbais, 1965 chun freastal ar sheisiúin faisnéise idirghabhála; agus do dhéanamh socrú i dtaobh nithe gaolmhara.

reports to the Minister for Justice and Equality as regards mediation in the State; to provide, by means of a scheme, an opportunity for parties to family law proceedings or proceedings under section 67A(3) or 117 of the Succession Act 1965 to attend mediation information sessions; and to provide for related matters.

—*An Tánaiste agus Aire Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais.*

Fógraí Tairisceana: Notices of Motions

9. “D’ainneoin aon ní in Ordú an 6 Bealtaine, 2016, ón Dáil inar leagadh amach an róta ar dá réir a chuirfear Ceisteanna chun comhaltaí den Rialtas, go ndéanfar Ceisteanna le haghaidh freagra ó bheal, a leanfaidh iad sin is neasa a bheidh curtha síos don Tánaiste agus Aire Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais, a chur síos d’Airí san ord sealadach seo a leanas:

That, notwithstanding anything in the Order of the Dáil of 6th May, 2016, setting out the rota in which Questions to members of the Government are to be asked, Questions for oral answer, following those next set down to the Tánaiste and Minister for Justice and Equality, shall be set down to Ministers in the following temporary sequence:

An tAire Coimirce Sóisialaí

Minister for Social Protection

An tAire Gnóthaí Eachtracha agus Trádála

Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade

An tAire Tithíochta, Pleanála, Pobail agus Rialtais Áitiúil

Minister for Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government

An tAire Airgeadais

Minister for Finance

An tAire Oideachais agus Scileanna

Minister for Education and Skills

agus air sin leanfar den ord a bunaíodh le hOrdú an 6 Bealtaine, 2016, le Ceisteanna chun an Aire Caiteachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe.

whereupon the sequence established by the Order of 6th May, 2016, shall continue with Questions to the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform.”

—*Ríona Uí Dhochartaigh, Aire Stáit ag Roinn an Taoisigh.*

10. “Go ndéanfar an togra go gceadaíonn Dáil Éireann an tuarascáil ón Taoiseach agus Aire Cosanta maidir le seirbhís ag Óglaigh na hÉireann leis na Náisiúin Aontaithe in 2015, ar leagadh cóipeanna di faoi bhráid Dháil Éireann an 9 Meán Fómhair 2016, de réir alt 13 den Acht Cosanta (Leasú), 2006, a tharchur chuig an Roghchoiste um Gnóthaí Eachtracha agus Trádáil, agus Cosaint, de réir Bhuan-Ordú 84A(3)(b), agus go ndéanfaidh

That the proposal that Dáil Éireann approves the report by the Taoiseach and Minister for Defence, regarding service by the Defence Forces with the United Nations in 2015, copies of which were laid before Dáil Éireann on 9th September, 2016, in accordance with section 13 of the Defence (Amendment) Act 2006, be referred to the Select Committee on Foreign Affairs and Trade, and Defence, in accordance with Standing Order 84A(3)(b),

an Coiste sin, tráth nach déanaí ná an 28 Feabhra 2017, teachtaireacht a chur chuig an Dáil ar an modh a fhorordaítear i mBuan-Ordú 90, agus go mbeidh feidhm dá réir sin ag Buan-Ordú 89(2).

which, not later than 28th February, 2017, shall send a message to the Dáil in the manner prescribed in Standing Order 90, and Standing Order 89(2) shall accordingly apply.”

—*Ríona Uí Dhochartaigh, Aire Stáit ag Roinn an Taoisigh.*

11. “Go mbreithneoidh Dáil Éireann an Tuarascáil ón gComhchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach dar teideal: ‘Tuarascáil maidir leis na Méaduithe ar Chostas Árachais Mótair’ ar leagadh cóipeanna di faoi bhráid Dháil Éireann an 24 Samhain 2016.

That Dáil Éireann shall consider the Report of the Joint Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach entitled ‘Report on the Rising Costs of Motor Insurance’, copies of which were laid before Dáil Éireann on 24th November, 2016.”

—*John McGuinness,
Chairman of the Joint Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.
[29 November, 2016]*

12. “Go gceadaíonn Dáil Éireann an tuarascáil ón Taoiseach agus Aire Cosanta maidir le seirbhís ag Óglaigh na hÉireann leis na Náisiúin Aontaithe in 2015, ar leagadh cóipeanna di faoi bhráid Dháil Éireann an 9 Meán Fómhair 2016, de réir alt 13 den Acht Cosanta (Leasú), 2006.

That Dáil Éireann approves the report by the Taoiseach and Minister for Defence, regarding service by the Defence Forces with the United Nations in 2015, copies of which were laid before Dáil Éireann on 9th September, 2016, in accordance with section 13 of the Defence (Amendment) Act 2006.”

—*An Taoiseach agus Aire Cosanta.*

13. “(1) Go ndéanfar an Coiste um Chúram Sláinte sa Toghcháin, a bunaíodh le hOrdú an 1 Meitheamh 2016 ón Dáil, a chomhcheangal leis an gCoiste den ainm céanna, a bunaíodh le hOrdú an 21 Iúil 2016 ón Seanad, chun bheith ina Chomhchoiste um Chúram Sláinte sa Toghcháin.

(1) That the Committee on the Future of Healthcare established by Order of the Dáil of 1st June, 2016, be joined with the Committee of the same name established by Order of the Seanad of 21st July, 2016, to form the Joint Committee on the Future of Healthcare.

(2) Déanfaidh an Comhchoiste na feidhmeanna atá leagtha amach sna hOrduithe bunaithe faoi seach a chomhlíonadh, ach amháin go ndéanfaidh sé an tuarascáil eatramhach ón gCoiste Dála a leagadh faoi bhráid Leabharlann an Oireachtais an 4 Lúnasa 2016 a chur i gcuntas, agus rachaidh sé

(2) The Joint Committee shall perform the functions set out in the respective establishment Orders, save that it shall take account of the interim report of the Dáil Committee which was laid in the Parliamentary Library on 4th August, 2016, and proceed in its work from the point already reached in the proceedings

ar aghaidh lena chuid oibre ón bpointe a sroicheadh cheana in imeachtaí an Choiste Dála.

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| <p>(3) Beidh ag an gComhchoiste na cumhachtaí atá leagtha amach sna hOrduithe bunaithe faoi seach.</p> <p>(4) Beidh Cathaoirleach an Choiste Dála ina Chathaoirleach nó ina Cathaoirleach ar an gComhchoiste freisin.</p> <p>(5) Beidh feidhm ag forálacha Bhuan-Ordú 97A(4) i ndáil le córaim maidir leis an gComhchoiste.</p> | <p>of the Dáil Committee.</p> <p>(3) The Joint Committee shall have the powers set out in the respective establishment Orders.</p> <p>(4) The Chairman of the Dáil Committee shall also be the Chairman of the Joint Committee.</p> <p>(5) The provisions of Standing Order 97A(4) in relation to quorums shall apply to the Joint Committee.”</p> |
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—*Ríona Uí Dhochartaigh, Aire Stáit ag Roinn an Taoisigh.*

14. “Meastacháin i gcomhair Seirbhísí Poiblí [2017]:

Vóta 1 — Teaghlachas an Uachtaráin (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €3,903,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofáidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig Ard-Rúnaí an Uachtaráin, le haghaidh costais áirithe eile a bhaineann le Teaghlachas an Uachtaráin agus le haghaidh deontais áirithe.

Vóta 2 — Roinn an Taoisigh (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €36,747,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofáidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Roinn an Taoisigh, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na Roinne agus chun deontais a íoc.

Vóta 3 — Oifig an Ard-Aighne (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €14,900,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofáidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Ard-Aighne, lena n-áirítear deontas.

Estimates for Public Services [2017]:

Vote 1 — President’s Establishment (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €3,903,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Secretary General to the President, for certain other expenses of the President’s Establishment and for certain grants.

Vote 2 — Department of the Taoiseach (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €36,747,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Department of the Taoiseach, including certain services administered by the Department and for payment of grants.

Vote 3 — Office of the Attorney General (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €14,900,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Attorney General, including a grant.

Vóta 4 — An Phríomh-Oifig Staidrimh (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €48,584,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na Príomh-Oifige Staidrimh.

Vóta 5 — Oifig an Stiúrthóra Ionchúiseamh Poiblí (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €40,676,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Stiúrthóra Ionchúiseamh Poiblí.

Vóta 6 — Oifig an Phríomh-Aturnae Stáit (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €32,340,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Phríomh-Aturnae Stáit.

Vóta 7 — Oifig an Aire Airgeadais (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €39,470,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Airgeadais, lena n-áirítear Oifig an Phámháistir Ghinearálta, le haghaidh seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh Oifig an Aire agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €227,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 8 — Oifig an Ard-Reachtair Cuntas agus Ciste (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná

Vote 4 — Central Statistics Office (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €48,584,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Central Statistics Office.

Vote 5 — Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €40,676,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

Vote 6 — Office of the Chief State Solicitor (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €32,340,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Chief State Solicitor.

Vote 7 — Office of the Minister for Finance (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €39,470,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Finance, including the Paymaster-General's Office, for certain services administered by the Office of the Minister and for payment of certain grants, and that a sum not exceeding €227,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 8 — Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €6,915,000 be

€6,915,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofadh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Ard-Reachtaire Cuntas agus Ciste.

Vóta 9 — Oifig na gCoimisinéirí Ioncaim (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €341,141,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofadh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig na gCoimisinéirí Ioncaim, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe eile atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €2,000,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 10 — An Coimisiún um Achomhairc Chánach (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,605,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofadh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais an Choimisiúin um Achomhairc Chánach.

Vóta 11 — Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €53,105,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofadh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Caiteachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe, le haghaidh seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh Oifig an Aire agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc.

Vóta 12 — Aoisliúntas agus Liúntais Scoir (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €359,900,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofadh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh pinsean, aoisliúntais, díobhálacha ceirde, agus liúntas agus aiscí breise agus eile, faoi na hAchtanna

granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General.

Vote 9 — Office of the Revenue Commissioners (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €341,141,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Revenue Commissioners, including certain other services administered by that Office, and that a sum not exceeding €2,000,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 10 — Tax Appeals Commission (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,605,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Tax Appeals Commission.

Vote 11 — Public Expenditure and Reform (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €53,105,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform, for certain services administered by the Office of the Minister and for payment of certain grants.

Vote 12 — Superannuation and Retired Allowances (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €359,900,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for pensions, superannuation, occupational injuries, and additional and other allowances and gratuities under the Superannuation Acts

Aoisliúntais, 1834 go 2004, agus faoi reachtanna iolartha eile; le haghaidh pinsin, liúntais agus aiseá eisreachtúla arna ndámhachtain ag an Aire Caiteachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe, táillí do lia-réiteoirí agus táillí ócaídeacha do dhochtúirí; cúitimh agus íocaíochtaí eile i leith díobhálacha pearsanta; táillí don Údarás Pinsean; íocaíochtaí ilghnéitheacha, etc.

Vóta 13 — Oifig na nOibreacha Poiblí (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €365,067,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig na nOibreacha Poiblí; le haghaidh seirbhísí atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc agus chun caiteachas áirithe a chúiteamh, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €2,000,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 14 — An tSaotharlann Stáit (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €8,749,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na Saotharlainne Stáit.

Vóta 15 — An tSeirbhís Shicréideach (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,000,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh na Seirbhíse Sicréidí.

Vóta 16 — An Oifig Luachála (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €10,239,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na

1834 to 2004 and sundry other statutes; extra-statutory pensions, allowances and gratuities awarded by the Minister for Public Expenditure and Reform, fees to medical referees and occasional fees to doctors; compensation and other payments in respect of personal injuries; fees to Pensions Authority and other professional fees, miscellaneous payments, etc.

Vote 13 — Office of Public Works (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €365,067,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Public Works, for services administered by that Office and for payment of certain grants and for the recoupment of certain expenditure, and that a sum not exceeding €2,000,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 14 — State Laboratory (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €8,749,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the State Laboratory.

Vote 15 — Secret Service (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,000,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for Secret Service.

Vote 16 — Valuation Office (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €10,239,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year

bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na hOifige Luachála agus mionseirbhísí áirithe.

Vóta 17 — An tSeirbhís um Cheapacháin Phoiblí (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €11,156,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na Seirbhíse um Cheapacháin Phoiblí.

Vóta 18 — An Oifig Náisiúnta um Sheirbhísí Comhroinnte (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €45,173,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na hOifige Náisiúnta um Sheirbhísí Comhroinnte.

Vóta 19 — Oifig an Ombudsman (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €10,535,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Ombudsman, Oifig an Choimisiúin um Cheapacháin Seirbhíse Poiblí, an Choimisiúin um Chaighdeáin in Oifigí Poiblí, Oifig an Choimisinéara Faisnéise agus Oifig an Choimisinéara um Fhaisnéis Comhshaoil.

Vóta 20 — An Garda Síochána (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,505,946,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais an Gharda Síochána, lena n-áirítear pinsin, etc.; chun costais finnítithe áirithe a íoc, agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €9,344,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le

ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Valuation Office and certain minor services.

Vote 17 — Public Appointments Service (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €11,156,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Public Appointments Service.

Vote 18 — National Shared Services Office (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €45,173,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the National Shared Services Office.

Vote 19 — Office of the Ombudsman (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €10,535,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Ombudsman, the Office of the Commission for Public Service Appointments, the Standards in Public Office Commission, the Office of the Information Commissioner and the Office of the Commissioner for Environmental Information.

Vote 20 — Garda Síochána (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,505,946,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Garda Síochána, including pensions, etc.; for the payment of certain witnesses' expenses, and for payment of certain grants, and that a sum not exceeding €9,344,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of

haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 21 — Príosúin (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €314,790,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na Seirbhíse Príosúin, agus costais eile i ndáil le príosúin, lena n-áirítear ionaid choinneála; agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €2,833,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 22 — An tSeirbhís Chúirteanna (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €92,252,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh na dtuarastal agus na gcostas sin de chuid na Seirbhíse Chúirteanna agus na Cúirte Uachtaraí, na Cúirte Achomhairc, na hArd-Chúirte, na Cúirte Coiriúla Speisialta, na Cúirte Cuarda agus na Cúirte Dúiche agus mionseirbhísí áirithe eile nach muirear ar an bPríomh-Chiste.

Vóta 23 — An tÚdarás Clárúcháin Maoine (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €27,785,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais an Údaráis Clárúcháin Maoine.

Vóta 24 — Dlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €383,322,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig

the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 21 — Prisons (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €314,790,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Prison Service, and other expenses in connection with prisons, including places of detention, and for payment of certain grants, and that a sum not exceeding €2,833,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 22 — Courts Service (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €92,252,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for such of the salaries and expenses of the Courts Service and of the Supreme Court, the Court of Appeal, the High Court, the Special Criminal Court, the Circuit Court and the District Court and of certain other minor services as are not charged to the Central Fund.

Vote 23 — Property Registration Authority (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €27,785,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Property Registration Authority.

Vote 24 — Justice and Equality (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €383,322,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of

an Aire Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais, fhoireann na Seirbhíse Promhaidh agus seirbhísí áirithe eile, lena n-áirítear íocaíochtaí faoi scéimeanna airgead-teoranta atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc.

Vóta 25 — Coimisiún na hÉireann um Chearta an Duine agus Comhionannas (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €6,522,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Choimisiún na hÉireann um Chearta an Duine agus Comhionannas agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc.

Vóta 26 — Oideachas agus Scileanna (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €8,675,299,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Oideachais agus Scileanna, le haghaidh seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc.

Vóta 27 — Comhar Idirnáisiúnta (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €485,494,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh Cúnamh Oifigiúil Forbartha áirithe, lena n-áirítear deontais áirithe, agus le haghaidh ranníocaí le hEagraíochtaí Idirnáisiúnta áirithe a bhaineann le Cúnamh Forbartha agus le haghaidh thuarastail agus costais i ndáil leo sin.

Vóta 28 — Gnóthaí Eachtracha agus Trádáil (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €183,527,000 chun íochta an mhuirir a thíocfaidh chun bheith iníochta i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Gnóthaí Eachtracha agus Trádála, agus le haghaidh seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi

the Minister for Justice and Equality, Probation Service staff and of certain other services including payments under cash-limited schemes administered by that Office, and payment of certain grants.

Vote 25 — Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €6,522,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission and for payment of certain grants.

Vote 26 — Education and Skills (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €8,675,299,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Education and Skills, for certain services administered by that Office, and for the payments of certain grants.

Vote 27 — International Co-operation (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €485,494,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for certain Official Development Assistance, including certain grants and for contributions to certain International Organisations involved in Development Assistance and for salaries and expenses in connection therewith.

Vote 28 — Foreign Affairs and Trade (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €183,527,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade, and for certain services administered by that

riaradh na hOifige sin, lena n-áirítear deontais agus ranníocaí le hEagraíochtaí Idirnáisiúnta.

Vóta 29 — Cumarsáid, Gníomhú ar son na hAeráide agus Comhshaol (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €290,636,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Cumarsáide, Gníomhaithe ar son na hAeráide agus Comhshaol, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €12,128,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 30 — Talmhaíocht, Bia agus Muir (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,131,157,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Talmhaíochta, Bia agus Mara, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, agus Choimisiún Talún na hÉireann agus chun deontais agus fóirdheontais áirithe a íoc agus chun deontais áirithe faoi scéimeanna airgead-teoranta a íoc, agus le haghaidh leasúchán ar Inis Sionnach, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €21,700,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 31 — Iompar, Turasóireacht agus Spórt (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,442,107,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig

Office, including grants and contributions to International Organisations.

Vote 29 — Communications, Climate Action and Environment (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €290,636,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Communications, Climate Action and Environment, including certain services administered by that Office, and for payment of certain grants, and that a sum not exceeding €12,128,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 30 — Agriculture, Food and the Marine (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,131,157,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Agriculture, Food and the Marine, including certain services administered by that Office, and of the Irish Land Commission and for payment of certain grants and subsidies and for the payment of certain grants under cash-limited schemes and the remediation of Haulbowline Island, and that a sum not exceeding €21,700,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 31 — Transport, Tourism and Sport (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,442,107,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of

an Aire Iompair, Turasóireachta agus Spóirt, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, chun deontais áirithe agus seirbhísí áirithe eile a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €10,969,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 32 — Poist, Fiontair agus Nuálaíocht (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €808,047,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Post, Fiontar agus Nuálaíochta, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, chun fóirdheontais agus deontais áirithe a íoc, agus chun deontais áirithe faoi scéimeanna airgead-teoranta a íoc.

Vóta 33 — Ealaíona, Oidhreacht, Gnóthaí Réigiúnacha, Tuaithe agus Gaeltachta (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €354,982,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Ealaíon, Oidhreacht, Gnóthaí Réigiúnacha, Tuaithe agus Gaeltachta, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, agus chun fóirdheontais agus deontais áirithe a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €13,548,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 34 — Tithíocht, Pleanáil, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,705,622,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Tithíochta, Pleanála, Pobail agus Rialtais Áitiúil, lena n-áirítear deontais

the Minister for Transport, Tourism and Sport, including certain services administered by that Office, for payment of certain grants and certain other services, and that a sum not exceeding €10,969,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 32 — Jobs, Enterprise and Innovation (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €808,047,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Jobs, Enterprise and Innovation, including certain services administered by that Office, for the payment of certain subsidies and grants and for the payment of certain grants under cash-limited schemes.

Vote 33 — Arts, Heritage, Regional, Rural and Gaeltacht Affairs (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €354,982,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Arts, Heritage, Regional, Rural and Gaeltacht Affairs, including certain services administered by that Office, and for payment of certain subsidies and grants, and that a sum not exceeding €13,548,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 34 — Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,705,622,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government,

d'Údaráis Áitiúla, deontais agus costais eile i ndáil le tithíocht, seirbhísí uisce, scéimeanna ilghnéitheacha, fóirdheontais agus deontais.

Vóta 35 — Arm-Phinsin (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €224,632,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofáidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh pá scoir, pinsin, cúiteamh, liúntais agus aiscí is iníoctha faoi reachtanna iolartha le comhaltáí d'Óglaigh na hÉireann agus d'Eagraíochtaí Míleata áirithe eile, etc., nó ina leith sin; agus le haghaidh ilranníocáí agus ilchostais i ndáil leo sin; le haghaidh liúntais eisreachtúla áirithe leanaí agus íocaíochtaí eile agus le haghaidh ildeontas.

Vóta 36 — Cosaint (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €671,093,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofáidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Cosanta, lena n-áirítear seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin; le haghaidh phá agus chostais Óglaigh na hÉireann; agus chun deontais áirithe a íoc.

Vóta 37 — Coimirce Shóisialach (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €10,779,233,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiofáidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Coimirce Sóisialaí, le haghaidh seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, le haghaidh íocaíochtaí leis an gCiste Árachais Shóisialaigh agus le haghaidh deontais áirithe.

Vóta 38 — Sláinte (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná

including grants to Local Authorities, grants and other expenses in connection with housing, water services, miscellaneous schemes, subsidies and grants.

Vote 35 — Army Pensions (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €224,632,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for retired pay, pensions, compensation, allowances and gratuities payable under sundry statutes to or in respect of members of the Defence Forces and certain other Military Organisations, etc., and for sundry contributions and expenses in connection therewith; for certain extra-statutory children's allowances and other payments and for sundry grants.

Vote 36 — Defence (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €671,093,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Defence, including certain services administered by that Office; for the pay and expenses of the Defence Forces; and for payment of certain grants.

Vote 37 — Social Protection (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €10,779,233,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Social Protection, for certain services administered by that Office, for payments to the Social Insurance Fund and for certain grants.

Vote 38 — Health (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding

€14,146,309,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Sláinte agus seirbhísí áirithe eile atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin, lena n-áirítear deontais d’Fheidhmeannacht na Seirbhíse Sláinte agus deontais ilghnéitheacha.

Vóta 39 — An Oifig um Shainfháil Rialtais (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €19,960,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais na hOifige um Shainfháil Rialtais, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €110,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 40 — Leanaí agus Gnóthaí Óige (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,286,024,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais Oifig an Aire Leanaí agus Gnóthaí Óige, le haghaidh seirbhísí áirithe atá faoi riaradh na hOifige sin agus chun deontais lena n-áirítear deontais áirithe faoi scéimeanna airgead-teoranta a íoc, agus go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €1,640,000 trí leithreasáí nár caitheadh agus a bhféadfar a dtabhairt suas a iarchur faoi Alt 91 den Acht Airgeadais, 2004, a chur chun feidhme le haghaidh seirbhísí soláthair caipitiúla.

Vóta 41 — An tÚdarás Póilíneachta (Meastachán Athbhreithnithe).

Go ndeonófar suim nach mó ná €2,654,000 chun íoctha an mhuirir a thiocthaidh chun bheith iníoctha i rith na bliana dar críoch an 31ú lá de Nollaig, 2017, le haghaidh thuarastail agus chostais an Údaráis Póilíneachta.

€14,146,309,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Health and certain other services administered by that Office, including grants to the Health Service Executive and miscellaneous grants.

Vote 39 — Office of Government Procurement (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €19,960,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of Government Procurement, and that a sum not exceeding €110,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 40 — Children and Youth Affairs (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €1,286,024,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Minister for Children and Youth Affairs, for certain services administered by that Office and for the payment of grants including certain grants under cash-limited schemes, and that a sum not exceeding €1,640,000 be granted by way of the application for capital supply services of unspent appropriations, the surrender of which may be deferred under Section 91 of the Finance Act 2004.

Vote 41 — Policing Authority (Revised Estimate).

That a sum not exceeding €2,654,000 be granted to defray the charge which will come in course of payment during the year ending on the 31st day of December, 2017, for the salaries and expenses of the Policing Authority.”

—An tAire Caiteachais Phoiblí agus Athchóirithe.

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15. “Go mbreithneoidh Dáil Éireann an Tuarascáil ón gComhchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas dar teideal ‘Tuarascáil ar Aitheantas d’Eitneacht an Lucht Siúil’, ar leagadh cóipeanna di faoi bhráid Dháil Éireann an 26 Eanáir 2017. That Dáil Éireann shall consider the Report of the Joint Committee on Justice and Equality entitled ‘Report on the Recognition of Traveller Ethnicity’, copies of which were laid before Dáil Éireann on 26th January, 2017.”

—Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin,
Chairman of the Joint Committee on Justice and Equality.
[31 January, 2017]

ORDUITHE AN LAE ORDERS OF THE DAY

16. An Bille um Lá Cuimhneacháin Náisiúnta an Ghorta Mhóir, 2017 — An Dara Céim.
National Famine Commemoration Day Bill 2017 — Second Stage.
-
17. An Bille um Míchumas (Forálacha Ilghnéitheacha), 2016 — An Dara Céim (*atógáil*).
Disability (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2016 — Second Stage (*resumed*).
-
18. Ráitis maidir le hOrdú Feidhmiúcháin SAM le Déanaí maidir le hInimirce.
Statements on the Recent US Executive Order on Immigration.
-
19. (l) An Bille um Rialáil Cumarsáide (Seirbhísí Poist) (Leasú), 2016 — Ordú don Tuarascáil.
(a) Communications Regulation (Postal Services) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Order for Report.
-
20. An Bille um Fhiadhúlra (Leasú), 2016 — Ordú don Tuarascáil.
Wildlife (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Order for Report.
-
21. Bille na gCuideachtaí (Cuntasaíocht), 2016 — Ordú don Tuarascáil.
Companies (Accounting) Bill 2016 — Order for Report.
-
22. Tairiscintí Airgeadais ón Aire Airgeadais [2016] (*Tairiscint 2, atógáil*).
Financial Motions by the Minister for Finance [2016] (*Motion 2, resumed*).
-

23. Ráitis maidir le Torthaí Reifreann AE/RA (*atógáil*).
Statements on the EU/UK Referendum Results (*resumed*).
-

24. Ráitis maidir le Lánfhostaíocht Inchothaithe a Sheachadadh (*atógáil*).
Statements on Delivering Sustainable Full Employment (*resumed*).
-

25. Ráitis maidir le Seirbhísí Meabhair-Shláinte (*atógáil*).
Statements on Mental Health Services (*resumed*).
-

26. Ráitis maidir le hUisce Éireann (*atógáil*).
Statements on Irish Water (*resumed*).
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GNÓ COMHALTAÍ PRÍOBHÁIDEACHA PRIVATE MEMBERS' BUSINESS

Gnó a ordáíodh:
Business ordered:

27. (l) An Bille Sláinte (Earraí Liachta a Phraghsáil agus a Sholáthar) (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
(a) Health (Pricing and Supply of Medical Goods) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Billy Kelleher.*

Leasú ar an Tairiscint don Dara Léamh:
Amendment to Motion for Second Reading:

1. To delete all words after “That” and substitute the following:

“Dáil Éireann:

- (a) supports the development of an Irish biosimilars policy which will be progressed as a priority in 2017; and
(b) supports the intention of the Minister for Health to table a new Government Bill to amend the Health (Pricing and Supply of Medical Goods) Act 2013 within a period of 12 months, which will seek to increase the usage of biosimilar medicines in a safe and cost-effective manner, in line with the spirit of the Health (Pricing and Supply of Medical Goods) (Amendment) Bill 2016; and

in light of this, declines to give the Bill a second reading.”

—*An tAire Sláinte.*

28. An Bille um Thoirmeasc ar Mhicrophlaistigh, 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Prohibition of Micro-Plastics Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Sean Sherlock.*

29. An Bille um Chomhionannas Fostaíochta (Aois Scoir Shainordaitheach a Chealú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Employment Equality (Abolition of Mandatory Retirement Age) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*John Brady.*

-
30. Bille na bPinsean (Leasú) (Uimh. 3), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Pensions (Amendment) (No. 3) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—*Willie Penrose.*

-
31. An Bille um an Dlí Sibhialta (Daoine atá ar Iarraidh) (Uimh 2), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Civil Law (Missing Persons) (No. 2) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Pearse Doherty, Jonathan O'Brien.*

-
32. Bille an Bhainc Ceannais agus Údarás Seirbhísí Airgeadais na hÉireann (Leasú) (Uimh. 2), 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

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33. An Bille um Lá Cuimhneacháin an Ghorta Mhóir, 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Famine Memorial Day Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Peadar Tóibín.*

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34. Bille na gComhphobal Eorpach (Brexít), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
European Communities (Brexít) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—*Gerry Adams.*

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35. Bille an Choláiste Ollscoile, Gaillimh (Leasú), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
University College Galway (Amendment) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—*Éamon Ó Cuív.*

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36. An Bille chun Mangaireacht Ticéad os cionn Costais a Thoirmeasc, 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Prohibition of Above-cost Ticket Touting Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—Noel Rock, Stephen S. Donnelly.

37. An Bille Deochanna Meisciúla (Grúdlanna agus Drioglanna), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Intoxicating Liquor (Breweries and Distilleries) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—Alan Kelly.

38. An Bille um Chumarsáid Dhochrach agus Sábháilteacht Dhigiteach, 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Harmful Communications and Digital Safety Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—Jonathan O'Brien.

39. Bille na bPinsean (Leasú), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Pensions (Amendment) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—John Brady, David Cullinane, Denise Mitchell.

40. An Bille um Sheirbhísí Poiblí agus um Shainfháil Phoiblí (Luach Sóisialta), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Public Services and Procurement (Social Value) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—Frank O'Rourke, Darragh O'Brien.

41. An Bille fá Chomhairle um Pianbhreith a Ghearradh, 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Sentencing Council Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—Jonathan O'Brien.

42. An Bille um Infheistíocht Phoiblí Eiticiúil (Tobac), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Ethical Public Investment (Tobacco) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—Sean Fleming.

43. An Bille um Chomhionannas Fostaíochta (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Employment Equality (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—Willie O'Dea, Mary Butler.

44. An Bille Leictreachais (Soláthar) (Leasú), 2017 — An Dara Céim.
Electricity (Supply) (Amendment) Bill 2017 — Second Stage.

—*Eugene Murphy, Anne Rabbitte, Robert Troy.*

45. An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunreacht (Colscaradh), 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Thirty-fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Divorce) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Josepha Madigan.*

46. An Bille um Thionóntachtaí Cónaithe (Bearta Tithíochta Éigeandála ar mhaithe le Leas an Phobail) (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Residential Tenancies (Housing Emergency Measures in the Public Interest) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Brid Smith, Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny.*

47. An Bille Staidrimh (Céad Bliain Éirí Amach 1916), 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Statistics (1916 Rising Centenary) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Aengus Ó Snodaigh.*

48. An Bille um Thoirmeasc ar Scoilteadh Hidrálach (Hidreacarbón a Astarraingt), 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Prohibition of Hydraulic Fracturing (Extraction of Hydrocarbon) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Richard Boyd Barrett.*

49. An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunreacht (Úinéireacht Phoiblí ar Shócmhainní Áirithe), 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Thirty-fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Public Ownership of Certain Assets) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Willie Penrose.*

50. An Bille um an gCiste Reachtuil Foras Cónaithe (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Residential Institutions Statutory Fund (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Clare Daly.*

51. An Bille um Thithíocht Shóisialta, 2016 — An Dara Céim.

Social Housing Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Eoin Ó Broin.*

52. Bille an Bhainc Ceannais (Maoirsiú agus Forfheidhmiú) (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Noel Rock.*

53. An Bille Toghcháin (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Electoral (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Gerry Adams.*

54. An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunrecht (Uisce faoi Úinéireacht Phoiblí), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Thirty-Fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Water in Public Ownership) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Thomas Pringle.*

55. An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunrecht (Cearta Eacnamaíochta, Sóisialacha agus Cultúir), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Thirty-Fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Economic, Social and Cultural Rights) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Thomas Pringle.*

56. An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunrecht (An Ceart chun Teaghaise), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Thirty-Fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Right to a Home) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Gerry Adams, Eoin Ó Broin.*

57. An Bille um Dhúnorgain Chorparáideach, 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Corporate Manslaughter Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Jonathan O'Brien.*

58. An Bille um Fhorbairt Pheitriliam agus Mianraí Eile (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Petroleum and Other Minerals Development (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Martin Kenny, Brian Stanley.*

59. An Bille um Míchumas (Leasú), 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Disability (Amendment) Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Mattie McGrath.*

60. An Bille um Dhaoine Soghonta, 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Vulnerable Persons Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Mattie McGrath.*

61. An Bille um Athchóiriú an Dlí Talún agus Tíolactha, 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Land and Conveyancing Law Reform Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Mattie McGrath.*

62. An Bille um Chomhionannas san Oideachas, 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Equality in Education Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Jonathan O'Brien.*

63. An Bille um Chomhionannas Fostaíochta (Leasú), 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Employment Equality (Amendment) Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Jonathan O'Brien.*

64. Bille na gCistí Pinsean (Tobhaigh a Thoirmeasc), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Pension Fund (Prohibition of Levies) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Willie O'Dea.*

65. Bille na bPinsean (Inrianaitheacht Sócmhainní) (Leasú), 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Pensions (Traceability of Assets) (Amendment) Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Willie O'Dea.*

66. Bille na dTithe (Forálacha Ilghnéitheacha) (Leasú), 2012 — An Dara Céim.
Housing (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Amendment) Bill 2012 — Second Stage.

—*Willie O'Dea.*

67. An Bille um Chomhionannas (Leasú), 2014 — An Dara Céim.
Equality (Amendment) Bill 2014 — Second Stage.

—*Richard Boyd Barrett.*

68. Bille an Bhainc Ceannais (Cód Iompair), 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Central Bank (Code of Conduct) Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

69. An Bille um Fhreagracht Bhuiséadach (Leasú), 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Fiscal Responsibility (Amendment) Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

70. An Bille Airgeadais (Cáin Mhaoine Áitiúil) (Leasú), 2014 — An Dara Céim.
Finance (Local Property Tax) (Amendment) Bill 2014 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

71. An Bille um Sheirbhísí Airgeadais (Taiscí a Chosaint), 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Financial Services (Protection of Deposits) Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

72. An Bille um Rialáil Iasachtóirí Airgid, 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Regulation of Moneylenders Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

73. An Bille um Réiteach Morgáistí, 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Mortgage Resolution Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

74. An Bille um Fhorais Chreidmheasa (Cobhsúchán) (Leasú), 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Credit Institutions (Stabilisation) (Amendment) Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Michael McGrath.*

75. An Bille um an gCeathrú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunreacht (Athchóiriú Cuimsitheach
Buiséid), 2014 — An Dara Céim.

Thirty-fourth Amendment of the Constitution (Inclusive Budget Reform) Bill 2014 —
Second Stage.

—*Pearse Doherty.*

76. An Bille um Shaothraithe an Phá Íosta a Chosaint, 2013 — An Dara Céim.
Protection of Minimum Wage Earners Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Pearse Doherty.*

77. An Bille um Dhlínse Uilechoiteann do Chearta an Duine, 2015 — An Dara Céim.
Universal Jurisdiction of Human Rights Bill 2015 — Second Stage.

—*Mick Wallace.*

78. An Bille Comhshaoil agus Sláinte Poiblí (Tuirbíní Gaoithe) (Uimh. 2), 2013 — An Dara
Céim.
Environment and Public Health (Wind Turbines) (No. 2) Bill 2013 — Second Stage.

—*Mick Wallace.*

79. Bille na gCuideachtaí (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Companies (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*David Cullinane.*

80. Bille na dTithe (Easpa Dídine a Chosc), 2014 — An Dara Céim.
Housing (Homeless Prevention) Bill 2014 — Second Stage.

—*Maureen O'Sullivan.*

81. An Bille Sláinte (Leasú), 2014 — An Dara Céim.
Health (Amendment) Bill 2014 — Second Stage.

—*Fergus O'Dowd.*

82. An Bille um Stádas Comhionann (Promhadh Comhionannais) (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara
Céim.
Equal Status (Equality Proofing) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*David Cullinane.*

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83. An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunreacht (Comhúinéireacht ar Acmhainní Uisce), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Thirty-fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Common Ownership of Water Resources) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin.*

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84. An Bille Caidrimh Thionscail (An Ceart chun Rochtana) (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Industrial Relations (Right to Access) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*David Cullinane.*

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85. Bille an Gharda Síochána (Oifigigh Shinsearacha a Cheapadh), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Garda Síochána (Appointment of Senior Officers) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Gerry Adams.*

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86. An Bille um Rannpháirtíocht Chomhionann i Scoileanna, 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Equal Participation in Schools Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Ruth Coppinger, Paul Murphy, Mick Barry.*

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87. An Bille um Rialáil Tuirbíní Gaoithe, 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Wind Turbine Regulation Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Brian Stanley.*

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88. An Bille um Pleanáil agus Forbairt (Leasú) (Uimh. 2), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Planning and Development (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Eoin Ó Broin.*

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89. An Bille um Choimisiúin Imscrúdúcháin (Leasú), 2016 — An Dara Céim.
Commissions of Investigation (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Second Stage.

—*Jim O'Callaghan.*

Fógraí Tairisceana:
Notices of Motions:

90. “That Dáil Éireann:

recognises:

- that the North-South Interconnector is a vital piece of infrastructure for ensuring a safe and sustainable source of energy for both Ireland and Northern Ireland;
- that communities across Cavan, Monaghan, Meath, Tyrone and Armagh are very concerned about the present proposals for the North-South Interconnector;
- that the recent decision of An Bord Pleanála to approve planning permission for the overhead pylon project did not consider an alternative underground option, which was not put forward by EirGrid;
- the negative impacts that an overground interconnector will have on the landscape of these areas, particularly on their more scenic and ecologically sensitive locations;
- the potential detrimental consequences for the tourism sector in these areas;
- that the present plans for the North-South Interconnector would have adverse effects on the livelihoods and farming practices of farming households along its route; and
- that some 2,550 homes are potentially impacted by the proposed overhead line;

acknowledges:

- the continued failure to address the concerns raised by local residents;
- the need and requirement that the communities concerns must be addressed;
- that considerable technological advances have occurred since the most recent analysis of undergrounding was conducted in 2009, such that the cost and technical feasibility of undergrounding the North-South Interconnector have changed greatly;
- that EirGrid has recognised that undergrounding the project is feasible; and
- that the present Programme for a Partnership Government, committed and affirmed the need for ‘much better engagement with citizens and communities about the energy policy decisions that affect them’ and committed to ‘effective community consultation on energy infrastructure developments.’; and

calls on the Government to:

- commission immediately, an independent report, incorporating international industry expertise to:
 - examine the technical feasibility and cost of undergrounding the North-South Interconnector, taking into account the most recent developments in technology and experience gained from existing projects abroad;
 - evaluate the potential impacts of both undergrounding and overgrounding the North-South Interconnector on surrounding areas, considering such aspects as its impact on local tourism, health, landscape, agriculture, heritage, etc.;
 - analyse the real costs to date, and estimated future costs, of the current proposed overhead pylon project; and
 - ensure that no further work is done on the North-South Interconnector until this analysis and a full community consultation is completed; and
- implement its commitment in the Programme for a Partnership Government in relation to better engagement and community consultation about energy policy decisions that

affect them.” — *Timmy Dooley, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Stephen S. Donnelly, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Micheál Martin, Marc MacSharry, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Darragh O'Brien, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keeffe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy.*

[14 February, 2017]

91. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the recent revelations regarding the treatment of Garda whistleblower, Sergeant Maurice McCabe, by agencies of the State;
- the failure of Government Ministers to act to protect the interests of Sgt. McCabe and, by extension, endangering the rights of all citizens; and
- that this scandal goes to the very heart of the integrity of this Government; and

has no confidence in the Government and calls on the Taoiseach and his entire Cabinet to resign forthwith to allow fresh elections.” — *Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, Jonathan O'Brien, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Louise O'Reilly, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín.*

[14 February, 2017]

92. “That Dáil Éireann:

considers the ongoing crisis in hospital emergency departments a denial of the right of timely access to healthcare with dignity and a betrayal of the Republic envisioned in 1916;

remembers inspirational figures such as Dr. Kathleen Lynn, a 1916 veteran and founder of St. Ultan’s Hospital for the Children of the Poor, who pioneered public health initiatives in the most difficult and conservative of times, and recommits to the principle enshrined in the Democratic Programme of the First Dáil Éireann that ‘*it shall be the duty of the Republic to take such measures as will safeguard the health of the people*’;

condemns the decision of the Fine Gael/Labour Government to not invest adequately in the defence of the nation’s health, which saw an entirely predictable worsening of the trolley crisis in the opening weeks of the centenary year; and

concurs with the view of Dr. James Gray and other health care professionals who have described as a ‘national scandal’ the Irish Nurses and Midwives Organisation figures that show the numbers on trolleys close to 500; and

calls on the Government to:

- increase the number of hospital beds in the system and reverse the flow of nurses and doctors out of our public health system by committing to ambitious multi-annual recruitment targets and allocating the additional €412 million necessary to increase

- nursing numbers by 2,500 and consultant numbers by 800 over five years;
- commit to incrementally increasing annual funding for the Fair Deal Scheme by an additional €125 million in order to increase nursing home bed numbers by 900 additional beds in year one, 800 additional beds in year two and 700 additional beds in years three, four and five;
 - commit to increase home help hours and home care packages in year one by 10 per cent at an estimated cost of €31 million and by a further 10 per cent on the baseline year in years two and three with a resulting rise in spending of €93 million; and
 - establish an Emergency Department Taskforce on a permanent basis.” — *Gerry Adams, Mary Lou McDonald, Louise O'Reilly, David Cullinane, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Pearse Doherty, Jonathan O'Brien, Peadar Tóibín, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, John Brady, Imelda Munster, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Eoin Ó Broin, Carol Nolan, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, Kathleen Funchion, Brian Stanley, Maurice Quinlivan, Martin Kenny, Denise Mitchell.*

[22 March, 2016]

93. “That Dáil Éireann:

recognises that the people of Ireland, the Irish diaspora and friends of Ireland everywhere, are looking forward to this significant centenary year of the 1916 Easter Rising and the Proclamation of the Irish Republic, a pivotal event in our history;

acknowledges the dedication of the concerned relatives of the 1916 leaders, and those who have supported their campaign over many years, to save – thus far – Moore Street and the laneways of history which were the last outpost or the General Headquarters (GHQ) of the Army of the Irish Republic in 1916 from demolition by developers;

recognises the significant public support across the island of Ireland and the diaspora for the full preservation of the national monument and the development of the surrounding General Post Office (GPO)/Moore Street area into an historic revolutionary quarter and battlefield site;

condemns the Fine Gael/Labour Government for their outright refusal while holding Office, to use the legislative powers at their disposal to designate as a national monument the GPO/Moore Street area of historical and national importance, which should become of social, cultural and economic benefit to Dublin and the rest of Ireland; and

calls on the Government to:

- immediately rescind the Ministerial Order that allows for the demolition of numbers 13, 18 and 19 Moore Street;
- work with Dublin City Council, 1916 relatives and all relevant stakeholders to implement an urban framework plan for the area bounded by Moore Street, Parnell Street and Henry Street that will retain 10-25 Moore Street;
- meet with and work through the Dublin City Council Moore Street Forum and the Moore Street Advisory Committee to achieve this;
- develop a commemorative centre as part of a wider scheme for the regeneration of this historic quarter;
- rejuvenate street and market trading; and
- designate the GPO/Moore Street area as a national monument, to be preserved and

developed under the protection of the State as a 1916 historic revolutionary quarter.”
 — *Gerry Adams, Mary Lou McDonald, David Cullinane, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Pearse Doherty, Jonathan O'Brien, Peadar Tóibín, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, John Brady, Imelda Munster, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Eoin Ó Broin, Carol Nolan, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, Kathleen Funchion, Brian Stanley, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Martin Kenny, Denise Mitchell.*

[22 March, 2016]

94. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the introduction of household water charges was the brainchild of the Fianna Fáil-led administration who agreed the policy as part of the European Union/European Central Bank/International Monetary Fund Troika bailout programme in 2010; and
- household water charges are a regressive tax which have been followed through on, and imposed, by the Fine Gael/Labour Government, as a cornerstone of their austerity policy agenda;

commends the Right2Water campaign and the hundreds of thousands of households across the State who continue, in a determined manner, to resist the imposition of household water charges, which are both unnecessary and unfair;

supports the need for reliable, high quality public services and infrastructure, including water and sewerage services, which are economically sustainable and democratically accountable;

agrees to unite in our demand to abolish household water charges and Irish Water; and

calls on the Government to:

- establish an Independent Commission on water services to examine the most appropriate public ownership model to report back to the Dáil within nine months;
- stop the metering project and redirect the remaining monies into direct investment in the upgrade of the water and sewerage infrastructure;
- underpin the new model for a water service in legislation;
- hold a referendum to enshrine the public ownership of Ireland’s water service in the Constitution; and
- roll out a major water conservation programme in conjunction with local authorities.”
 — *Gerry Adams, Mary Lou McDonald, David Cullinane, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Pearse Doherty, Jonathan O'Brien, Peadar Tóibín, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, John Brady, Imelda Munster, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Eoin Ó Broin, Carol Nolan, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, Kathleen Funchion, Brian Stanley, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Martin Kenny, Denise Mitchell.*

[22 March, 2016]

95. “That Dáil Éireann set aside and cancel all reductions in Universal Social Charge and/or income taxation granted in Budget 2016 to the five per cent of income recipients with the highest incomes and instructs the Government to bring forward amending legislation to enact this measure immediately.” — *Seamus Healy.*

[22 March, 2016]

96. “That Dáil Éireann:

recognises:

- that 769 families including 1,570 children are in emergency accommodation in Ireland; and
- the rate of homelessness in Dublin has accelerated, with 125 new families becoming homeless in January 2016, the highest ever recorded number;

notes that:

- Freedom of Information (FOI) material has revealed social housing waiting lists have soared by 45 per cent to over 130,000 households across Ireland;
- an estimated 25,000 additional units are required per annum to accommodate demographic change; and
- overall construction levels have slumped to approximately 10,000 units in 2015;

condemns:

- the previous Government’s failure to recognise and address the escalating housing crisis over the past five years;
- the continued freezing of Rent Supplement levels despite massive rent increases; and
- the on-going failure to deliver housing units on the ground; and

calls on the Government to:

- launch a €5.4 billion social housing building programme;
- restore Part V of the Planning and Development Act 2000 to 20 per cent;
- create a Home Building Bond to finance development;
- amend planning laws to encourage above shop living and town centre residential development;
- revise density levels to encourage greater levels of building in the right locations;
- raise the Rent Supplement and subject it to a rolling review; and
- ensure new build social housing units are used as part of a Home First Strategy to tackle homelessness.” — *Barry Cowen, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Micheál Martin, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Darragh O'Brien, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keeffe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy.*

[22 March, 2016]

97. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the sharp increase in the numbers on hospital waiting lists over the past two years;
- the abandonment of the eight month target for treatment on the adult inpatient and day case waiting lists and the twelve month target for an appointment on the hospital outpatient waiting lists;
- the new eighteen month targets to be achieved by the middle of 2015 have not been met; and
- the most recent waiting list figures for February 2016 indicate a further deterioration;

further notes:

- the continuing difficulties being experienced in hospital emergency departments;
- that the April 2015 initiative by Government has not significantly improved the situation and that relative to 2014 the situation is worse; and
- the difficulties in the emergency departments are exacerbating the delays in scheduled hospital treatments;

agrees that:

- overcrowding in hospital wards and delays in scheduled treatments pose a risk to patients; and
- there is a need for more beds and frontline medical staff to meet demand; and

calls on the Government to:

- increase the number of beds and frontline staff so that the overcrowding can be eased; and
- restore the National Treatment Purchase Fund to ensure that patients receive needed treatments in a timely manner.” — *Micheál Martin, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Marc MacSharry, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Darragh O'Brien, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keeffe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy.*

[22 March, 2016]

98. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- many communities across the country are living in fear of crime with many being the target of criminals, on more than one occasion;
- the closure of 139 Garda stations has further undermined public confidence;
- Garda numbers have been whittled down below the level of 13,000; and
- reducing the force to such dangerously low levels has jeopardised the safety and

security of communities across Ireland; and

calls for:

- an increase in the number of Gardaí to 15,000;
- an increase in Garda Reserve numbers to 2,500;
- a new Garda workforce plan to increase civilisation by up to 1,000 positions; and
- a Garda Inspectorate report to be commissioned on the 139 station areas to gauge the impact of the closures and make recommendations on whether the station should be re-opened or in the case of the building being sold, a new station established.” — *Micheál Martin, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Marc MacSharry, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Darragh O'Brien, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keefe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy.*

[22 March, 2016]

99. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- 200 people in the Cruise Park area of Tyrrelstown are facing eviction following the acquisition by Beltany Property Finance of an €89 million loan from Ulster Bank to developers Michael and Richard Larkin; and
- these evictions are a consequence of a profit-sharing agreement entered into by Michael and Richard Larkin, the European Property Fund, and Beltany Property Finance that will see all of the houses sold;

further notes that:

- as a result of this deal, an entire community will be uprooted and dispersed;
- tenants in Ireland have no security of tenure or recourse in circumstances in which loans secured on their homes are traded by developers, banks, investment funds or others and the purchaser takes a decision to sell their homes;
- the sale of large portfolios of properties to foreign investment funds was actively promoted, through the support – both tacit and explicit – of the Government of the 31st Dáil for the activities of the National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) as well as through the Minister for Finance’s endorsement in 2014 of an accelerated debt redemption target for NAMA;
- 90 per cent of NAMA’s asset disposals have been to so-called ‘vulture funds’;
- representatives of United States private equity funds met officials from the Department of Finance 65 times in 2013 and 2014;
- NAMA, Irish Bank Resolution Corporation (IBRC), Irish Nationwide, Ulster Bank, Danske Bank, KBC, Bank of Scotland Ireland and others have, between them, sold

tens of billions of euro worth of property loans to so-called ‘vulture funds’, meaning tens if not hundreds of thousands of householders could find themselves in the same situation as the residents of Cruise Park in the near future;

- Goldman Sachs alone spent €760 million buying Irish loans over the course of 2014; and
- despite the criminal investigation into the purchase of NAMA’s Northern Ireland loan book by investment fund Cerberus, the sale of NAMA’s Project Arrow portfolio to Cerberus was allowed to proceed by the Fine Gael/Labour Government;

condemns:

- the sale of vast portfolios of Irish properties to investment funds whose goal is to ‘sweat’ assets in order to achieve a high return for their shareholders;
- the weak security of tenure afforded to tenants in Ireland in legislation and the consequent ease with which they can be evicted in circumstances where loans secured on their homes trade hands;
- the actions of the Fine Gael/Labour Government in actively promoting the sale of huge portfolios of Irish property and business loans to foreign investment funds;
- the failure to put in place adequate safeguards to protect tenants, homeowners, or businesses even as the large-scale acquisition of loans secured on Irish assets by so-called ‘vulture funds’ proceeded apace over the lifetime of the Fine Gael/Labour Government; and
- the sale by NAMA of billions of euro of property in Ireland at knockdown prices in the middle of a housing crisis, and the agency’s poor record on making social and affordable housing available to the State; and

calls for:

- the Residential Tenancies Acts to be amended such that sale of a property no longer constitutes unqualified grounds for the ending of a tenancy;
- an immediate review of the activities of property investment funds, ‘vulture funds’ and Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) that have acquired loans from banks, from NAMA and from other finance and loan entities in Ireland to be undertaken, and actions to mitigate any harm from the activities of the aforementioned to tenants, homeowners and businesses taken on foot of this review; and
- the Government to demand of NAMA that it have fuller cognisance of the social consequences of its activities and reorient its activities accordingly, and that the Government amend the NAMA legislation to give effect to that demand if necessary.”
— *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Joan Collins, Thomas Pringle, Thomas P. Broughan, Catherine Connolly.*

[22 March, 2016]

100. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- in 2015, 367 troop carriers landed at and departed from Shannon Airport, as well as 291 military planes; and
- in 2014, 55,405 United States troops passed through Shannon Airport on their way to or coming from theatres of war;

further notes that:

- permission is granted for the landing and overflight of all military aircraft subject to condition that the aircraft must be unarmed, carry no arms, ammunition or explosives, must not engage in intelligence gathering, and must not form part of military exercises or operations;
- the Irish Government accepts ‘in good faith’ assurances from foreign powers that these conditions are being complied with and does not search or inspect planes to ensure that they are;
- the carriage of weapons by United States troops travelling through Shannon Airport on commercial aircraft is prohibited unless an exemption has been obtained in advance from the Minister for Transport, Tourism and Sport;
- 562 exemptions for the carriage of munitions of war on civil aircraft under the Air Navigation (Carriage of Munitions of War, Weapons and Dangerous Goods) Order, 1973, as amended, were issued by the Department of Transport, Tourism and Sport in 2014 for aircraft landing at Shannon Airport;
- the Secretary General of the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade, in evidence to the Oireachtas Joint Committee on Public Service Oversight and Petitions in December 2014, stated that the only basis upon which ammunition or weapons exemptions for civilian aircraft may be issued is if weapons are in the hold;
- no State authority inspects or searches the planes landing at Shannon Airport for compliance with rules for exemptions;
- evidence presented at the trial of Deputies Mick Wallace and Clare Daly in Ennis in April 2015 indicated these rules are routinely flouted and that weapons are carried in the cabins of commercial troop-carrying aircraft;
- enshrining Ireland’s neutrality in the Irish Constitution is supported by 57 per cent of the population, according to a recent Red C poll; and
- a majority of the Irish population believe Shannon Airport should not be used for military purposes, according to the same poll;

recognises that in permitting Shannon Airport to be used as a virtual forward airbase of the United States military, and in not searching or inspecting either military planes or commercial troop-carrying planes landing at Shannon Airport, Ireland is in breach of international law, its human rights obligations, and its neutrality; and

calls on the Government to:

- pursue a policy of positive neutrality, and immediately suspend use of Shannon Airport by the United States military; and
- enshrine a policy of positive neutrality in the Irish Constitution.” — *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Joan Collins, Thomas P. Broughan, Thomas Pringle, Catherine Connolly.*

[22 March, 2016]

101. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that, according to a recent Red C poll conducted on behalf of Amnesty International:

- 87 per cent of respondents want broader access to abortion;

- 69 per cent want wider access to abortion services to be a priority issue for any new Government;
- 73 per cent believe a referendum should be held to allow people an opportunity to vote on whether or not to remove the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of Ireland;
- 68 per cent describe the law on abortion as it currently stands as ‘cruel and inhumane’; and
- 80 per cent believe that women’s health must be the priority in any reform of Ireland’s abortion law;

further notes that:

- every day approximately 12 women are forced to leave Ireland to access abortion services abroad;
- women’s health and well-being is dangerously compromised by the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of Ireland;
- forcing women to travel abroad to access abortion unfairly discriminates against women who cannot afford or are unable to travel abroad; and
- the United Nations Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights has repeatedly affirmed that reproductive rights are human rights, and that states who have ratified Article 12 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, of which Ireland is one, are obliged to ‘ensure universal access to quality sexual and reproductive health care, including maternal health care, contraceptive information and services, [and] safe abortion care’; and

calls on the Government to immediately initiate a referendum on the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of Ireland in order to give the people a say on this crucial and pressing issue.” — *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Joan Collins, Thomas P. Broughan, Thomas Pringle, Catherine Connolly.*

[22 March, 2016]

102. “That Dáil Éireann:

calls on the Government to:

- immediately demand a five-year exemption from European Union (EU) fiscal rules to allow it to raise funds to address the housing emergency in Ireland;
- allow Ireland borrow €8 billion off-balance sheet, at market rates of approximately one per cent, to fund a five-year local authority social housing construction programme;
- set up a functioning State Investment Bank to fund the construction of private housing in Ireland; and
- immediately introduce legislation to address the serious implications of land banking, which has seriously exacerbated the housing crisis in Ireland.” — *Mick Wallace, Clare Daly, Joan Collins, Thomas P. Broughan, Thomas Pringle, Catherine Connolly.*

[22 March, 2016]

103. “That Dáil Éireann resolves that the European Union (Common Fisheries Policy) (Point System) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 125 of 2016) be and are hereby annulled.” — *Martin J. Ferris, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Jonathan O'Brien, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín.*

[22 March, 2016]

104. “That Dáil Éireann resolves that S.I. No. 125 of 2016, the European Union (Common Fisheries Policy) (Point System) Regulations 2016, be and are hereby annulled.” — *Thomas Pringle.*

[22 March, 2016]

105. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the clear rejection of water charges and Irish Water/Uisce Éireann in the General Election of 26th February, 2016, whereby a significant majority of people voted for parties and independents which claimed to stand for abolition of Irish Water/Uisce Éireann and for abolition or suspension of water charges;
- water charges and Irish Water/Uisce Éireann are a crucial part of an agenda of austerity and prepare the way for the full privatisation of water through the commodification of this vital natural resource;
- that instead of raising money for investment in water infrastructure, water charges have lost money as a result of the ‘conservation grant’, the administering of the charge and the grant and the money spent on private consultants, together with higher borrowing costs as a result of the failed ‘off-balance sheet’ model of Irish Water/Uisce Éireann; and
- the Irish Water/Uisce Éireann investment plans are entirely inadequate to deal with the legacy of under-investment, with the €1.77 billion three year investment plan amounting to only a slight increase in the €500 million a year average since 2000;

recognises:

- the movement of mass protests, opposition to water metering and a boycott of over 50 per cent of the liable customers has placed abolition of water charges and Irish Water/Uisce Éireann on the agenda; and
- the continuation of that movement, with an increase in the numbers of people boycotting the water charges and further mass mobilisations is essential if opposition to water charges is not to be horse-traded away by political parties in the course of negotiations for Government; and

calls on the Government to:

- immediately abolish water charges, refunding those who have already paid, many of whom felt bullied into paying;

- halt the installation of domestic water meters;
- abolish Irish Water/Uisce Éireann, with the water and sanitation infrastructure to be vested in democratic local authority structures;
- establish a single democratic national water and sanitation board, which will be responsible for the national co-ordination of the provision, transmission, sanitation, management and operation of the public water and sanitation supply in the public interest, this board would urgently deal with the leakages in the system, this board would not be a company and remuneration and pay scales would be the same as those of local authorities;
- transfer all Irish Water/Uisce Éireann workers to local authorities or the national water and sanitation board, with a continuation of their current terms and conditions;
- initiate a referendum to amend the Constitution of Ireland to guarantee the public ownership of the public water system and all natural resources in the Constitution of Ireland; and
- develop and implement an ambitious plan of capital investment in water and sanitation infrastructure of €1 billion a year over the next five years to ensure access to quality water and sanitation for all.” — *Mick Barry, Richard Boyd Barrett, Ruth Coppinger, Gino Kenny, Paul Murphy, Bríd Smith.*

[22 March, 2016]

106. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- up to 200 families in Tyrrelstown, west Dublin, and at least 35 households in Blackrock, Cork, face being evicted by ‘vulture funds’ and receivers wishing to sell the properties;
- these funds have bought up property on a massive scale and have operated either unhindered or with encouragement by Government; and
- in the context of a severe housing emergency, these evictions would add significantly to homelessness, particularly in Dublin;

further notes that many tenants in both Tyrrelstown and Blackrock have lived in their communities for many years with their children attending local schools and clubs and their moving out would constitute the breaking up of communities; and

calls for:

- emergency legislation to give secure tenure to all tenants and homeowners whose rental properties are owned, or whose mortgages are held, by non-bank investment funds;
- amendment of the Residential Tenancies Acts to outlaw sale of a property as a grounds for ending any tenancy, as a necessary measure to stop the spread of homelessness;
- the Minister for Finance and Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government to meet immediately with representative groups of tenants of Tyrrelstown and Blackrock to discuss how they can keep people in their homes; and
- the Government to acquire properties being sold in both Tyrrelstown and Blackrock (using as leverage in Tyrrelstown that directors of Twinlite/European Property Fund

are also indebted to the State-backed National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) and Allied Irish Banks (AIB) for €42 million) with a view to initiating an affordable mortgage or rental scheme to allow tenants buy or continue rent their homes.” — *Ruth Coppinger, Mick Barry, Paul Murphy, Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Brid Smith.*

[22 March, 2016]

107. “That Dáil Éireann:

declares a National Housing Emergency to use all necessary resources to resolve the housing crisis since the policies and piecemeal measures of the Government, are wholly inadequate and in their central reliance on the private market thoroughly misguided;

notes in particular:

- the massive increase in homelessness in Dublin to approximately 769 families, including 1,570 children, with the most families ever becoming homeless in January;
- the rapid growth of local authority housing waiting lists to between 100,000 and 130,000 households nationally;
- the rise in the numbers forced into the private rented sector of approximately 85,000 people in the last year and approximately 140,000 people since 2011 when the Fine Gael/Labour Government came to Office, due to lack of affordable housing and Central Bank of Ireland mortgage lending rules;
- the spiralling rents combined with the decision to cut and cap Rent Supplement, leading to widespread hardship, impoverishment and homelessness; and
- the fact that the Fine Gael/Labour Government has provided the least council housing of any Government in the history of the State;

considers that:

- the root cause of this housing emergency is the slashing of successive capital programmes for social and affordable housing, the wholesale privatisation of housing provision, including the out-sourcing of social housing to private landlords through Rent Allowance, Rent Accommodation Scheme and other schemes, and reliance upon incentivising private developers;
- this continued policy has seen completion of only 28 council homes in 2015 and a reduction in the Part V of the Planning and Development Act 2000 social/affordable housing obligation from 20 per cent to 10 per cent; and
- the cost of building homes via the private sector is approximately double what direct State building would entail, because of the layers of profit required for different companies in the process, and that homes could be built directly at a cost of around €100,000;

proposes that among the emergency measures should be:

- legislation to ban all economic evictions and repossessions where the sitting tenant or occupant has no alternative accommodation and also to remove the grounds of needing a rental property for a relative or wanting to sell it as a basis for evicting tenants, unless it can be proven that the landlord would otherwise suffer undue economic hardship;

- an immediate Ministerial direction to all local authorities to purchase any property, using compulsory purchase powers if necessary, where an eviction is pending or that property is being put up for sale and where that sale would result in the eviction of existing tenants or families in mortgage difficulty;
 - the reversal of the Rent Supplement cuts that have taken place and the extension of rent support to working families where earned income is insufficient to high or increased rents;
 - the establishment in each local authority area, through new recruitment if necessary, of a dedicated team charged with working full-time to identify and directly source all available rental property or acquire through purchase any housing for sale on the market in their functional area;
 - the National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) to be democratised and transformed into an agency to drive social and affordable home-building, using its vast land banks and billions of euro in resources;
 - to conduct an audit of vacant properties in the State as part of the 2016 Census, considering that 230,000 habitable vacant properties were identified in Census 2011;
 - seek to acquire tens of thousands of vacant houses and apartments for use as social and affordable housing, using if necessary compulsory purchase powers, in order to relieve the crisis in the short-term while a massive council housing construction programme gets underway;
 - a plan of public investment involving the Councils and NAMA to build 100,000 social and affordable homes, including a minimum of at least 14,000 council homes and traveller-specific accommodation per year, over the next three years, breaching normal European Union (EU) fiscal rules if necessary on the basis that this is an emergency;
 - to achieve the national plan, each local authority to be allocated on a *pro-rata* basis, according to housing need, specific, year-by-year targets to acquire, source or construct council and affordable housing and identify sites for new build;
 - to avoid unnecessary delays and increased costs in tendering and outsourcing, commence new recruitment of employees in local authorities and NAMA to directly provide new social and affordable housing, build extensions and refurbish existing housing;
 - to introduce rent controls linked to the Consumer Price Index and back-dated to 2011 levels to bring rents down to affordable levels, particularly in the cities of Dublin, Cork, Galway, Limerick and surrounding areas;
 - based on this model, tenants to be empowered to submit unaffordable rents as well as proposed rent increases for review by a democratised and properly resourced Private Residential Tenancies Board (PRTB), whose prior approval would be needed for rent increases and any proposed evictions;
 - to introduce a write-down of mortgages to affordable levels under a banking system run as a democratic public utility, which serves the interests of society, instead of continuing with privatisation of the banks; and
 - in implementing all these measures to fulfil the human right of everyone living in the State, including travellers, refugees and migrants, to secure, affordable housing, which should be the core purpose of Government housing policy; and
- further proposes that funding for the emergency measures can involve:
- redirecting the €3.4 billion NAMA plans to lend to developers to build expensive

- private housing for profit to directly build social and affordable housing at cost price;
- €2 billion from the Ireland Strategic Investment Fund, to be repaid over time through increased income from social and affordable rents;
- utilising available finance offered by the credit unions;
- directing publicly owned banks to provide the State with finance for social and affordable housing construction; and
- introducing progressive taxation on wealth, including ending corporate tax avoidance and using some of the up to €17 billion owed by Apple to the State in back taxes.” — *Mick Barry, Richard Boyd Barrett, Ruth Coppinger, Gino Kenny, Paul Murphy, Bríd Smith.*

[22 March, 2016]

108. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes the publicly voiced concerns of applicants to the Symphysiotomy Payment Scheme as to its administration to date;

further notes the stated intention of the Symphysiotomy Payment Scheme to destroy all medical records of applicants after 20th March, 2016, in breach of the Scheme’s own Terms and Conditions;

expresses concern at the State’s continuing failure to adopt any of the recommendations made in the Concluding Observations of the United Nations Human Rights Committee on the Fourth Periodic Review of Ireland under the International Covenant of Civil and Political Rights in respect of protecting the legal rights of applicants subjected to symphysiotomy;

states that Ireland continues to act in violation of international law and in breach of the rights of applicants pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution of Ireland and the European Convention on Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms; and

demands that all records be retained and returned to all applicants as set out in the Terms and Conditions of the Symphysiotomy Payment Scheme.” — *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Thomas Pringle, Joan Collins, Thomas P. Broughan, Catherine Connolly.*

[22 March, 2016]

109. “That, pursuant to section 3A of the European Communities Act 1972, Dáil Éireann resolves that the European Union (Common Fisheries Policy) (Point System) Regulations 2016 (S.I. No. 125 of 2016) be and are hereby annulled.” — *Pat the Cope Gallagher, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Micheál Martin, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Darragh O’Brien, Jim O’Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O’Dea, Kevin O’Keeffe, Fiona O’Loughlin, Margaret Murphy O’Mahony, Frank O’Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy.*

[6 April, 2016]

110. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the forcing abroad of women arising from the ban on abortion in Ireland, the restrictions this ban imposes on women’s decision-making and the ongoing danger to their health;
- the democratic deficit whereby 80 per cent or more have consistently indicated in polls their wish for a referendum to repeal the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of Ireland; and
- the criminalising and potential jailing of women who access abortion on a daily basis, shown by the sentencing of a woman in Northern Ireland; and

calls for:

- an end to the policing of women’s bodies in the Constitution of Ireland; and
- a debate in Dáil Éireann on this issue and a timescale to be laid out for a referendum on the full repeal and deletion of the Eighth Amendment from the Constitution of Ireland.” — *Ruth Coppinger, Brid Smith, Mick Barry, Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Paul Murphy.*

[6 April, 2016]

111. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes the scale of the current housing and homeless crisis and the need for urgent measures to prevent this crisis escalating; and

calls for the Minister for Finance to:

- instruct the National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) to halt any dealings or sale of assets to so-called ‘vulture funds’ (such as Cerberus, Blackstone), Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), or private equity funds; and
- further instruct NAMA to conduct an audit of all sites and housing units still at NAMA’s disposal and that these are firstly considered as potential social and affordable units in such a review, working in conjunction with the relevant local authorities.” — *Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Brid Smith, Ruth Coppinger, Paul Murphy, Mick Barry.*

[6 April, 2016]

112. “That, notwithstanding anything in Standing Orders—

- (a) a sub-Committee shall be established to report on the implications for Ireland if urgent action is not taken to address the escalating homelessness and housing crisis;
- (b) the sub-Committee shall be chaired by one of its membership of 12 as agreed by the House at the sitting of the Dáil on 6th April, 2016; Standing Order 93(2) shall not apply to the sub-Committee (in relation to using the D’Hondt system for the allocation of the post of chairpersons);
- (c) the sub-Committee shall be mandated to hold hearings in public with expert

witnesses; invite and accept written submissions; draw up a report(s); make findings; and/or suggest recommendations if the membership so agrees in unison or in majority/minority format;

- (d) it shall produce an interim report, containing also its proposed work schedule, to be debated at a meeting of the Dáil no less than one week, and no more than a fortnight, after its establishment on 6th April, 2016;
- (e) within six weeks of the initial meeting, a final report by the sub-Committee shall be presented to the Ceann Comhairle for earliest possible discussion in the House;
- (f) the sub-Committee shall meet as frequently as appropriate to fulfil its remit; and
- (g) the sub-Committee membership shall be made up of three members appointed by Fine Gael, three members by Fianna Fáil, two members by Sinn Féin, one member by the Labour Party and three members representing the independent deputies and members from other political parties.” — *Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Jonathan O'Brien, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Mick Wallace, Thomas P. Broughan, Clare Daly.*

[6 April, 2016]

113. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the recent proposal by the Master of the High Court, Edmund Honohan, that the Irish Government pass emergency legislation to allow it to acquire suitable properties from foreign investment funds through Compulsory Purchase Orders, as a measure in addressing the housing crisis;
- that since this proposal was first publicly reported on, the crisis in housing has become even more acute; and
- that the cost to the State of such compulsorily purchased units would be less than the cost of building new units;

further notes that:

- to date, foreign investment funds have enjoyed access to property at deep discounts, thanks to the policies of the National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) and financial institutions operating in Ireland, even as Irish citizens and the State have been denied access to same, and that a system of compulsory purchase for suitable units sold in portfolios by banks and by NAMA would go some way toward rebalancing the deeply unfair and damaging advantage given to foreign investment funds, and toward addressing the housing crisis;
- innovative and radical proposals for tackling the housing crisis have come from a variety of different sources to date, with this latest proposal emanating from the judiciary, a grouping not generally noted for its radicalism; and
- the Government has to date failed to move any proposal adequate to addressing the scale of the housing crisis; and

calls on the Government to:

- give immediate and serious consideration to the use of Compulsory Purchase Orders as a mechanism for addressing the housing crisis; and
- immediately draft legislation to allow for compulsory purchase from foreign investment funds; draw up proposals as to the practical operation of such a scheme; and give effect to those proposals.” — *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Thomas Pringle, Joan Collins, Thomas P. Broughan, Catherine Connolly.*

[20 April, 2016]

114. “That Dáil Éireann calls for a full independent review to investigate abuse in the foster care system and the adequacy of the response to abuse allegations by child protection authorities.” — *Pat the Cope Gallagher, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Éamon Ó Cuív, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Micheál Martin, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Michael Moynihan, Aindrias Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Jim O'Callaghan, Kevin O'Keeffe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Frank O'Rourke, Darragh O'Brien, Willie O'Dea, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy.*

[20 April, 2016]

115. “That, notwithstanding anything in Standing Orders, and recognising:

the severe pressures on the Irish health service, the unacceptable waiting times that arise for public patients, and the poor outcomes relative to cost;

the need for consensus at political level on the health service funding model;

the need to establish a universal single-tier service where patients are treated on the basis of health need rather than on ability to pay;

that the best health outcomes and value for money can be achieved by re-orientating the model of care towards primary and community care where the majority of people's health needs can be met locally; and

with the intention of adopting a 10 year plan for our health services, based on political consensus, that can deliver these changes:

- (a) a Special Committee shall be established, within three weeks of the passing of this motion, to devise cross-party agreement on the future direction of health policy in Ireland;
- (b) the Committee shall examine different funding models for the health service;
- (c) the Committee shall make recommendations on the funding models that are best suited to Ireland and have these models fully costed;
- (d) the Committee shall examine and make recommendations on how best to re-orientate the health service on a phased basis towards primary and community care in as short a time-frame as possible;
- (e) notwithstanding the provisions of Standing Order 93, the Committee shall elect one of its members to be Chairman, who shall have one vote;

- (f) the Committee shall be mandated to hold hearings in public with expert witnesses; invite and accept written submissions; draw up a report(s); make findings; and/or suggest recommendations if the membership so agrees in unison or in majority/minority format;
- (g) the Committee shall produce an interim report, containing also its proposed work schedule, to be debated at a meeting of the Dáil no less than one week, and no more than two months, after its establishment;
- (h) the Committee shall, within six months of the initial meeting, present a final report to the Ceann Comhairle for earliest possible discussion in the House;
- (i) the Committee shall meet as frequently as appropriate to fulfil its remit; and
- (j) the Committee membership shall be made up of three members appointed by Fine Gael, three members by Fianna Fáil, two members by Sinn Féin, one member by the Labour Party and five members representing the independent deputies and members from other political parties.” — *Stephen S. Donnelly, Catherine Murphy, Róisín Shortall, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Micheál Martin, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Darragh O'Brien, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keefe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Jonathan O'Brien, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Joan Burton, Brendan Howlin, Alan Kelly, Jan O'Sullivan, Willie Penrose, Brendan Ryan, Sean Sherlock, Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Brid Smith, Catherine Martin, Eamon Ryan, Thomas P. Broughan, Joan Collins, Catherine Connolly, Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Seamus Healy, Mattie McGrath, Thomas Pringle.*

[17 May, 2016]

116. “That Dáil Éireann:

recalling the motion it adopted unanimously on 10th July, 2008 which:

- noted ‘the interim and final reports of the sub-Committee of the Joint Committee on Justice, Equality, Defence and Women’s Rights on the report of the Independent Commission of Inquiry into the Dublin-Monaghan Bombings and the three related Barron Reports, including the Inquiry into the Bombing of Kay’s Tavern, Dundalk, and commends the sub-Committee for its work’;
- urged ‘the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to allow access by an independent, international judicial figure to all original documents held by the British Government relating to the atrocities that occurred in this jurisdiction and which were inquired into by Judge Barron, for the purposes of assessing said documents with the aim of assisting in the resolution of these crimes’;

and

- directed ‘the Clerk of the Dáil to communicate the text of this Resolution, together with copies of the aforementioned reports, to the House of Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, with a request that the matter be considered by the House of Commons’;

recalling the motion it unanimously adopted on Wednesday 18th May, 2011 which:

- noted ‘that the question of obtaining access to information held by the British Government on the bombings has been pursued for many years’;
- requested ‘the Government to continue to raise the matter with the British Government and to press it to comply with the request of Dáil Éireann and reaffirms the support of Members on all sides of this House’; and
- acknowledged ‘that the cooperation being sought is taking place in the context of transformed relationships on this island and between Ireland and Britain based on mutual respect, on partnership and on friendship’;

notes that Tuesday 17th May, 2016 marks the 42nd Anniversary of the Dublin-Monaghan Bombings; and

calls on the Government to pursue the full implementation of these all party motions and to urgently raise the matter with the British Government.” — *Eoin Ó Broin, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Jonathan O'Brien, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Thomas P. Broughan, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, Barry Cowen, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Micheál Martin, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Darragh O'Brien, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keefe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy, Maureen O'Sullivan, Finín Mac Craith, Aire Stáit ag an Roinn Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais.*

[17 May, 2016]

117. “That Dáil Éireann:

recognises:

- the strong public opposition to green bin charges and opposes the introduction of a pay-by-weight system imposed by the previous Minister for the Environment, Community and Local Government which is due to come into effect from July 2016;
- the serious financial difficulties this system will cause for the 70,000 carers across the State who cannot recycle medical waste material, low-income earners, those in receipt of State benefits, and those who suffer from ill health or disability; and
- that the introduction of green bin charges will discourage people from recycling their household waste; and

calls on the Government to take into account the concerns expressed by citizens, carers and advocate organisations and stop the imminent imposition of this scheme.” — *Brian Stanley,*

Gerry Adams, Pat Buckley, John Brady, David Cullinane, Seán Crowe, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Imelda Munster, Denise Mitchell, Carol Nolan, Louise O'Reilly, Jonathan O'Brien, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Maurice Quinlivan, Peadar Tóibín.

[17 May, 2016]

118. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- the concerns that have been raised by the introduction of a drilling platform for oil and gas in Woodburn, County Antrim;
- the concerns that of which drilling activity could be the precursor for the introduction of hydraulic fracturing for natural gas on the island of Ireland; and
- the increasing body of international evidence that hydraulic fracturing can lead to severe consequences for the natural environment, in particular the pollution of ground-water which can lead to very grave implications for public health; and

calls on the Government to:

- adopt an ‘all-island’ approach to the issue of hydraulic fracturing;
- ensure that the issue of hydraulic fracturing is included on the agenda of the next plenary session of the North South Ministerial Council (NSMC);
- further ensure that a motion is also included on the agenda of the next Sectoral Meeting of Environment Ministers of the NSMC; with a view to the issuing of a joint communiqué recommending the immediate adoption of such an outright ban in both jurisdictions; and
- work constructively with the Northern Ireland Executive towards implementing such a ban.” — *Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin.*

[31 May, 2016]

119. “That Dáil Éireann:

recognises the mounting public concern, in Northern Ireland and Ireland, surrounding the sales process of the Northern Ireland loan book, Project Eagle, by the National Asset Management Agency (NAMA);

reaffirms the importance to which NAMA must command full public trust and confidence in securing best value for the Irish taxpayer; and

calls on the Government to:

- establish an independent Commission of Investigation under the relevant Act, in order to conduct a full and proper examination of the facts surrounding the sales process of the Northern Ireland loan book portfolio, Project Eagle, and its related matters; and
- establish a deadline for completion of the report by the Commission of Investigation into NAMA and that its findings be debated by the 32nd Dáil within two weeks of the

publication of its report.” — *Gerry Adams, Mary Lou McDonald, Louise O'Reilly, David Cullinane, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Pearse Doherty, Jonathan O'Brien, Peadar Tóibín, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, John Brady, Imelda Munster, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Eoin Ó Broin, Carol Nolan, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, Kathleen Funchion, Brian Stanley, Maurice Quinlivan, Martin Kenny, Denise Mitchell, Mick Wallace, Joan Collins, Clare Daly, Thomas P. Broughan, Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Brid Smith, Thomas Pringle, Social Democrats, Seamus Healy, Michael Fitzmaurice.*

[8 June, 2016]

120. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- Ibrahim Halawa, an Irish citizen, is presently incarcerated in Wadi el-Natrun Prison in Egypt in intolerable circumstances; and
- he has been held in detention for over 1,000 days since his arrest;

further notes that this period of detention represents a grave violation of his human rights; and in light of this situation, calls on the Egyptian authorities to arrange for his immediate release and facilitate his return home to Ireland as soon as possible.” — *Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin.*

[14 June, 2016]

121. “That Dáil Éireann:

welcomes the findings of the independent experts from the United Nations Human Rights Committee (UNHRC) that a woman who was forced to choose between carrying her foetus to term, knowing it would not survive, or seeking an abortion abroad, was subjected to discrimination, and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as a result of Ireland’s legal prohibition on abortion;

notes:

- the Committee’s findings that ‘many of the negative experiences she went through could have been avoided if (she) had not been prohibited from terminating her pregnancy in the familiar environment of her own country and under the care of health professionals whom she knew and trusted’; and
- that ‘in addition to the shame and stigma associated with the criminalisation of abortion of a fatally ill foetus, (her) suffering was aggravated by the obstacles she faced in getting information about the appropriate medical options’; and

resolves to address this matter by:

- meeting our obligations as a state party to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and taking up the recommendations of the UNHRC experts to provide the woman involved with an effective remedy and to prevent similar violations from occurring to other women; and
- immediately implementing:
 - the awarding of appropriate compensation to the woman involved; and
 - the holding of a constitutional referendum to repeal the Eighth Amendment

as the first and necessary step to enable the passage of legislation or regulation for abortion services in Ireland to protect women's lives, health and choices." — *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Thomas Pringle, Thomas P. Broughan, Catherine Connolly, Joan Collins.*

[14 June, 2016]

122. "That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- by the Government's own statements (including proposed plans to reduce the Universal Social Charge and other income taxes) there is no longer a serious disturbance in the economic circumstances of the State;
- there have not been increased costs in respect of public sector pensions;
- as private sector job numbers and salaries no longer face declines but the very opposite, with wage increases and demands by many sectors for further increases in the future;
- all indices that might pertain to measure any form of an economic crisis show that no such crisis exists;
- the pensions and salaries of public servants have faced marked declines and general stagnation since 2009; and
- the operation of the Financial Emergency Measures in the Public Interests Acts 2009-2015 can effectively deny the principle of free collective bargaining to certain sections of public sector employees, and gives undue power to the relevant Minister to set salary, pension and incremental payments for affected public servants regardless of said free collective bargaining;

believes that the criteria and rationale for the continuation of this emergency legislation has passed; and

calls on the Government to legislate in order to achieve the complete repeal of all sections of the Financial Emergency Measures in the Public Interests Acts 2009, (No. 5) (No. 2) (No. 41) and as amended in 2010 (No. 38), 2011 (No. 39), 2013 (No. 18) and 2015 (No. 91)." — *Mick Barry, Richard Boyd Barrett, Thomas P. Broughan, Joan Collins, Catherine Connolly, Ruth Coppinger, Clare Daly, Seamus Healy, Gino Kenny, Paul Murphy, Thomas Pringle, Bríd Smith, Mick Wallace.*

[21 June, 2016]

123. "That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- in November 2012, Ireland voted in favour of the United Nations General Assembly motion granting 'non-member observer state' status to Palestine;
- Seanad Éireann, on 22nd October, 2014, unanimously agreed a motion calling on the Government 'to formally recognise the State of Palestine and do everything it can at the international level to help secure a viable two-state solution to the

Israeli-Palestinian conflict’;

- Dáil Éireann, on 10th December, 2014, agreed a motion to ‘officially recognise the State of Palestine on the basis of the 1967 borders with East Jerusalem as the capital, as established in UN resolutions, as a further positive contribution to securing a negotiated two-state solution to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict’;
- the European Parliament on 17th December, 2014, passed a resolution supporting ‘in principle recognition of Palestinian statehood and the two state solution, and believes these should go hand in hand with the development of peace talks’;
- as of 22nd June, 2016, 136 countries have formally recognised the State of Palestine, including eight EU Member States - the Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Bulgaria, Romania, Malta, Cyprus and Sweden; and
- the Partnership Programme for Government states that ‘We will continue to play a role in advancing a stronger role for the EU in the Middle East Peace Process, having regard to the stalled nature of the process at present, and honour our commitment to recognise the State of Palestine as part of a lasting settlement of the conflict’;

recognises:

- the failure to advance peace talks and a two-state solution;
- continued Israeli settlement construction and extension activities in the West Bank, including in East Jerusalem, which is illegal under international law and severely threatens the establishment of a viable Palestinian state based on the 1967 borders;
- the continued illegal blockade of Gaza and that a report by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, that was released in September 2015, states that Gaza could become uninhabitable by 2020;
- the denial of basic human rights to the Palestinian people; and
- the need to stimulate new efforts to break the current-deadlock;

calls on the Government to act on motions passed in both Houses in 2014 and to expedite the process to formally recognise the State of Palestine, on the basis of the 1967 borders with East Jerusalem as the capital, as established in United Nations resolutions, independent of and co-existing with Israel; and

concludes that:

- the international law criteria for recognition of a Palestinian state have been fulfilled;
- such official recognition underscores the commitment of this House to realise the right of Palestinian people to self-determination;
- official recognition will give parity of status to Israel and Palestine;
- official recognition of the State of Palestine by Ireland can strengthen, advance and further legitimise the two-state solution; and
- the Government will continue to actively engage with both the Israelis and Palestinians and work to encourage direct talks between both sides to secure a sustainable and secure settlement of the conflict.” — *Darragh O’Brien, Barry Cowen, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Micheál Martin, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O’Mahony, Jim O’Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie*

O'Dea, Kevin O'Keefe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Eoin Ó Broin, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Jonathan O'Brien, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Brendan Howlin, Sean Sherlock, Brendan Ryan, Joan Burton, Jan O'Sullivan, Alan Kelly, Willie Penrose, Maureen O'Sullivan, Thomas Pringle, Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin.

[22 June, 2016]

124. “That Dáil Éireann:

reaffirms Article 6.1 of the Constitution of Ireland which states: ‘All powers of government, legislative, executive and judicial, derive, under God, from the people, whose right it is to designate the rulers of the State and, in final appeal, to decide all questions of national policy, according to the requirements of the common good.’;

notes that the 31st Dáil established a Constitutional Convention by resolution on 10th July, 2012;

further notes that on 9th June, 2013, the Constitutional Convention voted overwhelmingly that direct democracy (citizens’ initiatives) with adequate safeguards be introduced;

upholds the principle of direct democracy and the holding of Constitutional referendums to affect legislative change;

acknowledges that a newly constituted Citizens’ Assembly would help implement the principles of direct democracy by adding citizen-initiated referendums to the Constitution of Ireland;

supports empowering a Citizens’ Assembly for the period of one year so that it can devise a new mechanism that will enable citizens to robustly scrutinise proposed legislation, assess and advocate for citizens’ initiatives, and table amendments and counter proposals to Government sponsored legislation;

agrees that:

- membership of the new One Year Citizens’ Assembly will consist of:
 - a Chairperson, to be appointed by the Taoiseach;
 - a minimum of 66 citizens randomly selected so as to be broadly representative of Irish society and who are entitled to vote;
 - on a referendum; and
 - in local authority elections;
 - a member of the Northern Ireland Assembly from each of the political parties; and
 - one member of the Oireachtas appointed by their political party/grouping; and
- substitutes may be appointed to sit on the Assembly by their political parties/groupings who will be entitled to full participation rights on the Assembly including the right to vote; and

further agrees that:

- the Assembly will agree its own rules of procedure to ensure effective conduct of its business which will be done in as economical a manner as possible;
- the Assembly will give appropriate regard to the conventions and clauses contained within the Good Friday and St Andrew's Agreements;
- the Assembly will present an interim report to the Houses of the Oireachtas, including its recommendations, within two months of completing its deliberations;
- the Assembly may invite and accept submissions from interested bodies and members of the public and will seek advice and guidance whenever necessary to aid its members in their deliberations;
- all matters before the Assembly will be determined by a majority of the votes cast by members present;
- the Chairperson will have the casting vote in the event of a hung vote; and
- the Taoiseach will provide to the Houses of the Oireachtas a response to the recommendation(s) of the Assembly within one month of receiving the interim and final reports, and he/she will indicate the timeframe for when the Dáil envisages holding any related referendum." — *Gerry Adams, Richard Boyd Barrett, John Brady, Thomas P. Broughan, Pat Buckley, Joan Collins, Catherine Connolly, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Clare Daly, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Seamus Healy, Gino Kenny, Martin Kenny, Catherine Martin, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Jonathan O'Brien, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Louise O'Reilly, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Maureen O'Sullivan, Thomas Pringle, Maurice Quinlivan, Eamon Ryan, Bríd Smith, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Mick Wallace.*

[27 September, 2016]

125. "That Dáil Éireann:

is appalled by the deteriorating situation in Syria, and in particular Aleppo;

condemns without reservation the horrendous violence and destruction which has led to a significant loss of life;

deplores the use of weapons with indiscriminate effects, such as incendiary weapons;

condemns the deliberate attacks on essential services such as hospitals and the attacks that have killed or injured people providing humanitarian assistance;

believes that the actions of the Syrian Government and the Russian military are conducted with complete disregard for the most fundamental principles of international human rights law;

recognises that the murder of innocent civilians in Aleppo by the Syrian Government and the Russian military may amount to war crimes and should be investigated accordingly;

calls for:

- all sides in the conflict to abide by international human rights law and in particular the core principles of distinction, proportionality, and precaution;
- the Irish Government to formally make known to the Syrian and Russian Governments the Irish people's revulsion to their actions in Aleppo;
- the Irish Government to support the call from Zeid Ra'ad Al Hussein, the United

Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, that, *‘the UN Security Council should, without any further delay, adopt criteria to restrain members from using the veto when there are serious concerns that war crimes, crimes against humanity or genocide may have been committed’*;

- the situation in Syria to be referred to the International Criminal Court;
- increased humanitarian aid to be deployed to refugee camps to assist those fleeing Syria and specific efforts to be made by the Irish Government to accommodate families and children in particular from this war-torn region; and
- renewed efforts to be made to broker peace in the country; and

concludes that the Syrian population is highly vulnerable and 13.5 million people are in need of humanitarian assistance; 6.6 million are internally displaced, 4.6 million people in hard-to-reach areas, including over 480,000 besieged, whilst millions of others have fled Syria seeking refuge in neighbouring countries and beyond; Ireland, along with the International Community must stand in unity with the people of Syria and make a concerted effort to prevent further potential war crimes being committed and to work collectively to bring a lasting peace to the region.” — *Darragh O'Brien, Micheál Martin, Barry Cowen, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Shane Cassells, Pat Casey, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, John Curran, Timmy Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keeffe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy, Brendan Howlin, Joan Burton, Alan Kelly, Jan O'Sullivan, Sean Sherlock, Willie Penrose, Brendan Ryan, Stephen S. Donnelly, Thomas P. Broughan, Mattie McGrath.*

[19 October, 2016]

126. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

- that the war in Syria has become the most terrible humanitarian catastrophe of the 21st century; the number of deaths is estimated at in excess of 470,000; the number of internally displaced persons at somewhere between 7 and 11 million out of a population of 22 million, and the number of refugees is now over 4 million;
- that within this overall disaster the assault on Aleppo by the brutal Assad regime and the forces of Russian imperialism is a particularly appalling atrocity;
- the continued bombing, logistical support, arming of rebels, etc. by the USA, Britain, France, Saudi Arabia, Iran and Turkey and that the recent ceasefire was broken by the killing of over sixty Syrian soldiers by a USA air strike, possibly with British involvement;
- that this conflict began with a peaceful popular uprising against the Assad dictatorship in early 2011, as a continuation of the revolutionary movements in Tunisia and Egypt, but this revolt was immediately met with violent armed repression by the regime contributing to a spiral into civil war;
- that the descent into civil war created the opportunity for the USA and Russia, as the world’s two major imperial powers, along with regional powers such as Turkey, Iran,

and Saudi Arabia to meddle in the situation in the service of their own economic, political and strategic interests;

- parallel to the Assad/Russian assault on Aleppo, the Saudi Arabian bombing campaign in Yemen, proportionately no less deadly than that on Aleppo, and assisted by the USA;
- that this whole nightmare, including the horrific Da'ish (ISIS) regime, is the culmination of more than a century of imperialist intervention, occupation and war stretching from the notorious Sykes-Picot Agreement, which carved up the region in 1917, through to the disastrous USA-led Iraq War of 2003, the persistent unconditional support for the Israeli occupation of Palestine, along with the propping up of the el-Sisi regime in Egypt and the Saudi Arabia dictatorship, and the pervasive sale of arms to rotten governments throughout the area by big powers such as the USA, Russia, the UK, France and others; and
- that the other main and tragic consequence of this calamity is the appalling refugee crisis resulting from the unprecedented displacement of millions of people fleeing war and destruction which has been met with an utterly inhumane response by the European Union and has led to thousands of people, including many children, drowning in the Mediterranean Sea and tens of thousands incarcerated in effective concentration camps; and

calls on the Government to:

- make a clear and unambiguous public statement of opposition to all foreign military intervention in Syria and in the region as a whole;
- publicly call for all foreign powers, in particular Russia, the USA, the UK and France, to end military support for warring factions in the conflict and cease arms sales to the militarist and repressive regimes in the region, in particular Syria, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Israel and Turkey;
- urge a massive programme of humanitarian aid to the desperate peoples of Syria and Yemen on the basis that if it is possible to drop bombs and launch air strikes, it is possible to drop food, medical supplies and other aid in large quantities to the civilian population;
- call on the European Union to open its borders to the refugees and for Ireland to welcome refugees who, far from being a burden, will economically and culturally enrich our community; and
- cease providing facilities at Shannon Airport to any military power engaged in bombing of, or aggressive military intervention in, other nations.” — *Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Brid Smith, Paul Murphy, Ruth Coppinger, Mick Barry.*

[20 October, 2016]

127. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- it is a condition of eligibility under the Pyrite Remediation Scheme that an application to the Pyrite Resolution Board must be accompanied by a Building Condition Assessment with a Damage Condition Rating of two; and
- the Pyrite Resolution Board has advised that seven dwellings, which had a Damage Condition Rating of one when their Building Condition Assessments were first completed, and which were refused under the pyrite remediation scheme, have now

progressed to a Damage Condition Rating of two; and

calls on the Minister for Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government to extend the eligibility under the Pyrite Remediation Scheme so that Building Condition Assessments with a Damage Condition Rating of one can be included.” — *Louise O'Reilly*.

[25 October, 2016]

128. “That Dáil Éireann:

acknowledges that the issue of abortion in Ireland invokes strongly held and sincere views held across the broad spectrum of opinion in our society which requires understanding, compassion and mutual respect;

accepts that the enactment of the Protection of Life During Pregnancy Act 2013 by this House defines the circumstances and processes within which abortion in this State can be legally performed, giving long overdue effect to the 1992 ‘X-Case’ judgment by the Supreme Court of Ireland, allowing for limited abortion where pregnancy endangers a woman’s life through physical illness, including in an emergency and also through a risk of suicide;

recognises that the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of Ireland prevents legislation being introduced to provide for the termination of pregnancy in the limited circumstances of rape, incest and fatal foetal abnormalities;

supports the need for women in crisis pregnancies to have the right to receive accurate information by means of counselling that is impartial, non-directive and non-intimidatory and the introduction of legislation to ensure this standard is met by all agencies providing crisis pregnancy counselling;

believes the way to reduce the number of women seeking abortions is by way of State provision of comprehensive sex education, full access to safe birth control options, full access to child care and comprehensive support services, including financial support for single parents;

opposes the attitudes and forces in society which compel women to have abortions, and criminalise those who make this decision, and therefore accepts the need for the termination of pregnancy in the limited circumstances where a woman’s life and mental health is at risk or in grave danger, and in cases of rape or incest and fatal foetal abnormalities,

acknowledges the distress that is caused from having to travel outside of the State to access services; acknowledges that many women cannot afford to travel, and that others do not have the immigration status that allows them to travel; and

calls on the Government to hold a referendum, for decision by the people, to repeal the Eighth Amendment of the Constitution of Ireland in order that the Oireachtas can enact legislation which allows for the termination of pregnancy in the limited circumstances where a woman’s life and mental health is at risk or in grave danger; and in cases of rape, incest and fatal foetal abnormalities.” — *Louise O'Reilly*.

[25 October, 2016]

129. “That Dáil Éireann:

acknowledges:

— the serious side-effects of the anti-malaria drug Mefloquine (Lariam) on some Irish

Defence Forces personnel serving overseas in peacekeeping missions in the sub-Saharan region of the African continent;

- that these side-effects have resulted in serious and prolonged psychotic and psychiatric behaviour and suicidal tendencies, including the possible death by suicide of at least 11 military personnel;
- the failure by the Department of Defence to implement a comprehensive screening programme to monitor the effects of Lariam on the estimated 4,500 plus Irish Defence Forces personnel who have received it since it was made drug of choice for sub-Saharan Africa in 2000;
- that most of the world's major military powers have, on the back of overwhelming evidence, completely banned Lariam or use it only as a drug of last resort for their soldiers;
- that the Irish Defence Forces is now one of the few armies in the world to administer Lariam as the only drug of choice for its serving overseas soldiers in areas where there is a high risk of malaria;
- RTÉ's Investigations Unit engaged international medical experts whose analysis in their report in 2013 concluded that Irish Defence Forces personnel who had taken Lariam were three to five times more at risk from suicide;
- the findings of a public inquiry by the British military, led by retired Lieutenant Colonel Dr. Ashley Croft and retired USA military Major Dr. Remington Nevin, two world experts on the effects of Lariam, who recommend that Lariam should be a drug of last resort and that the prescription of the drug should only be made under the most rigorous supervision; and
- that to date, the Irish Defence Forces have discharged more than 17 soldiers who reported sick with the effects of Lariam and failed to provide them with any further medical or counselling support; and

calls on the Government to:

- instruct the military authorities to immediately cease administering Lariam to all Irish soldiers presently serving in theatre and to replace it with proven safer alternatives such as Doxycycline or Malarone;
- instigate an independent and confidential outreach programme to all serving and retired Irish Defence Forces personnel, who believe they may have been affected by Lariam, to have them fully assessed for Lariam intoxication by suitably qualified independent doctors and to subsequently make the absolute numbers affected public; the programme should include families of personnel who took their own lives;
- instigate a Lariam outreach programme for Irish Defence Forces families who have been impacted by Lariam so that they can receive the appropriate advice, support and counselling;
- implement a comprehensive treatment programme delivered by independent medical professionals for all serving and retired Irish Defence Forces personnel who received Lariam and experienced or continue to experience side-effects;
- immediately stop discharging soldiers who have reported sick and who suspect their problems are side-effects related to Lariam;
- immediately issue orders that any soldier who comes forward with the side-effects of Lariam will not be discriminated against, including overseas duty and/or promotion;
- provide counselling and support for Irish Defence Forces personnel and retired veterans who were issued Lariam to assist in their recovery from the side-effects; and

- initiate an independent inquiry within the current Dáil term into the use and effects of Lariam on serving and former Irish Defence Forces personnel.” — *Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Gerry Adams, Pat Buckley, John Brady, David Cullinane, Seán Crowe, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Imelda Munster, Denise Mitchell, Carol Nolan, Louise O'Reilly, Jonathan O'Brien, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Brid Smith, Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Joan Collins, Catherine Connolly, Thomas Pringle, Maureen O'Sullivan, Thomas P. Broughan, Mick Barry, Ruth Coppinger, Paul Murphy.*

[26 October, 2016]

130. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- the Comprehensive Economic and Trade Agreement (CETA) was signed by the European Union (EU) and Canada on 30th October, 2016, following a Belgian agreement that secured the backing of the regional government of Wallonia, and CETA will now be referred to national parliaments and the European Parliament for ratification;
- the European Commission and others applied immense pressure on the regional parliaments of Wallonia, Wallonia-Brussels and Brussels in response to the democratic votes opposing the provisional application and ratification of CETA, including ultimatums and threats of negative consequences for the regions if they maintained their opposition, in a way that demonstrated contempt for the democratic process;
- the strong position of the regional parliaments secured improved conditions for Belgium including an emergency exemption for Wallonia’s agricultural sector designed to protect farmers from market turbulence; and an assurance that CETA would not affect the EU’s ‘precautionary principle’;
- the Belgian agreement includes a statement that four of the seven Belgian regional governments will not ratify CETA if the Investment Court System (ICS) is included, and a referral of the investment court mechanism to the European Court of Justice in order to test if the ICS is compatible with the European treaties;
- CETA is part of the so-called new generation of free trade agreements, along with the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership (TTIP), the Trade in Services Agreement (TiSA) and the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP) that move far beyond the lowering of tariffs and aim primarily to remove ‘non-tariff barriers to trade’ by reaching regulatory coherence or harmonisation between parties;
- CETA was negotiated entirely in secrecy and the proposed text was not made public until the draft had been finalised in September 2014;
- despite the fact that the European Court of Justice’s legal opinion on the legal basis of the EU-Singapore Free Trade Agreement (which has significant implications for the implementation of CETA) has not yet been completed, the EU and Canada have pushed for the ‘provisional application’ of CETA;
- a comprehensive academic study published in September 2016 by the Global

Development and Environment Institute at Tufts University demonstrates that CETA will cause, *inter alia*, 200,000 job losses in the EU by 2023, significant wage compression, a decline in the labour share of income, a net loss of governments' revenue, and net losses in gross domestic product of signature parties;

- non-government organisations and civil society and consumer groups have repeatedly expressed grave concerns about the weak protections in the CETA text for the environment, workers' rights, public health, food safety and public procurement and the impact of ICS litigation on these standards and the democratic process;
- the Irish beef farming sector is particularly vulnerable to the effects of CETA including an influx of 50,000 tonnes of Canadian beef and 75,000 tonnes of pork entering the EU market; the impact of this influx on Irish beef producers will be exacerbated as a result of the Brexit vote due to the fact that Britain has been the largest importer of Canadian agri-produce and there has been no revision of quotas in response to the Brexit vote;
- the inclusion of an investor-state dispute settlement (ISDS) mechanism in these new-generation free trade agreements (whereby foreign corporations will have the right to sue national governments for compensation for loss of expected future profits in response to government actions that impact on the company's activities in private tribunals) has provoked widespread public opposition to ratification of the agreements on both sides of the Atlantic;
- the proposed minor reforms of the ISDS system into the ICS in CETA and TTIP do not address any of the substantive concerns that have been raised, and the ICS awards foreign investors both substantive and procedural privileges in relation to all other actors in a society;
- the legal opinion of a senior council has pointed out that Irish ratification of a free trade agreement that includes an ISDS or ICS would possibly infringe Article 15.2.1 of the Constitution of Ireland, which vests the sole power to make law in the Oireachtas; certainly infringe Article 34.1 of the Constitution, which vests the power to dispense justice in the Irish domestic courts; and certainly infringe Article 34.3.2 of the Constitution which makes the High Court and appellate courts above it the sole Court in which a law may be questioned;
- pursuant to Articles 34.2 and 34.3.2 of the Constitution of Ireland, a referendum of Irish citizens to change the Constitution in relation to the subjection of the Irish State to an ICS is legally required; and
- despite Article 29.5.2 of the Constitution of Ireland, which states that the terms of any international agreement involving a charge upon public funds must have been approved by Dáil Éireann, and despite the Seanad Éireann motion rejecting the provisional application that was adopted on 5th October, 2016, the Irish Government has disappointingly signed up to the provisional application of CETA;

acknowledges that:

- Seanad Éireann has voted to reject the provisional application of CETA, and the Irish Congress of Trade Unions as well as Irish environmental, public health, food safety and consumer rights organisations have called for the rejection of CETA and TTIP;
- other national and regional parliaments in Belgium, France, Slovenia, Luxembourg and the Netherlands have likewise passed resolutions against the adoption or provisional application of CETA and TTIP;
- more than 3.5 million European citizens have signed a petition calling on European authorities not to enter into the CETA and TTIP agreements;

- more than 2,000 local and regional governments have declared themselves TTIP and CETA-free zones in 13 EU member states, including Dublin City Council and Clare County Council; and
- more than 100 legal experts and academics from across Europe have signed a statement calling for an ISDS or ICS to be excluded from the terms of CETA and TTIP; and

calls on the Government:

- to withdraw from the provisional application of CETA;
- to uphold Article 29.5.2 of the Constitution of Ireland, which states that the terms of any international agreement involving a charge upon public funds must have been approved by Dáil Éireann;
- not to ratify CETA or any free trade agreement which includes the subjection of the Irish State to an ICS or ISDS mechanism;
- to hold a referendum of the Irish people, in accordance with the legal requirements of the Constitution of Ireland (Articles 34.1 and 34.3.2) in relation to the subjection of the Irish State to the ICS included in CETA; and
- to defend the principle of national sovereignty and subsidiarity in relation to the EU's trade agenda.” — *Maurice Quinlivan, Martin Kenny, David Cullinane, Gerry Adams, Pat Buckley, John Brady, Seán Crowe, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Mary Lou McDonald, Imelda Munster, Denise Mitchell, Carol Nolan, Louise O'Reilly, Jonathan O'Brien, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín.*

[17 November, 2016]

131. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- currently many patients from Kerry face waiting lists of anything from 18 months to 2 years for cataract procedures in Cork University Hospital and this is unfair on them; and
- the Sligo model for cataract surgery ensures that urgent cases are dealt with within 6 weeks and that normal procedures are dealt with within 12 weeks; and

calls on the Minister for Health and the Health Service Executive to ensure that the Sligo model for cataract surgery be implemented by the management of Cork University Hospital.” — *Danny Healy-Rae.*

[6 December, 2016]

132. “That Dáil Éireann:

condemns without reservation the brutal and systematic attack by the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS) which commenced on 3rd August, 2014, against the Yazidis in Sinjar, Iraq, the intent of which would appear to have been to destroy the Yazidis of Sinjar, composing the majority of the world's Yazidi population;

is appalled at the actions of ISIS which resulted in mass executions; the selling of women and children at slave markets for the purposes of sexual and domestic slavery; brutal physical, mental and emotional trauma; forced conversion to Islam; degrading and inhumane treatment; and the forcible transfer of children from their own families to ISIS fighters;

further condemns the deliberate destruction of Yazidi shrines and temples;

recognises that thousands of Yazidis remain in captivity under ISIS control;

notes that the British Parliament and the European Parliament have passed motions recognising that ISIS have committed genocide against the Yazidis;

takes note of the United Nations mandated report *'They Came to Destroy: ISIS Crimes Against the Yazidis'* which found that 'ISIS has committed the crime of genocide as well as multiple crimes against humanity and war crimes against the Yazidis, thousands of whom are held captive in the Syrian Arab Republic where they are subjected to almost unimaginable horrors'; and

calls for:

- the Government to explore all possibilities of ensuring that those responsible for breaches of international law, in particular of humanitarian law and human rights law, where such breaches may constitute war crimes, crimes against humanity or genocide, be brought to justice and to continue to work within the United Nations, together with others, in order to seek to ensure that there shall be no impunity for such crimes;
- the United Nations Security Council to take immediate action to prevent further possible acts of genocide and crimes against humanity;
- Ireland to support the Iraqi authorities and international efforts for the protection of the human rights of the Yazidis and other persons and minority populations, under threat from ISIS crimes, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and international law, including applicable international human rights law, international refugee law, and international humanitarian law, stressing in this regard the important role the United Nations plays in leading and coordinating this effort;
- the international community to give effective and appropriate implementation to the measures set out in United Nations Security Council resolutions 2249 and 2253 aimed at removing the global and unprecedented threat to international peace and security posed by ISIS; and
- Ireland to support the implementation of the 2014 programme for national reconciliation adopted by the Government of Iraq and to work, together with its international partners, in support of the Secretary-General of the United Nations and the Special Envoy of the Secretary-General to achieve a political resolution to the conflict in Syria based on the principles of the Geneva Communiqué of 30th June, 2012 and resolution 2254 adopted by the Security Council of the United Nations on 18th December, 2015.” — *Darragh O'Brien, Micheál Martin and all other members of the Fianna Fáil parliamentary party, an Taoiseach and all other members of the Fine Gael parliamentary party, Denis Naughten, Aire Cumarsáide, Gníomhaithe ar son na hAeráide agus Comhshaoil, Shane Ross, Aire Iompair, Turasóireachta, agus Spóirt, Katherine Zappone, Aire Leanaí agus Gnóthaí Óige, John Halligan, Aire Stáit, Finian McGrath, Aire Stáit, Sean Canney, Aire Stáit, Kevin Boxer Moran, Gerry Adams and all other members of the Sinn Féin parliamentary party, Brendan Howlin and all other members of the Labour parliamentary party, Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin, Michael Fitzmaurice, Thomas P. Broughan, Maureen O'Sullivan.*

[8 December, 2016]

Leasú:

Amendment:

I. To insert the following after “subjected to almost unimaginable horrors’;”:

“further notes that:

- Christians, Yazidis and other religious minorities in Iraq and Syria will be exterminated or forced to migrate solely for their religion by the ‘Islamic State’ (Daesh) and other militant extremists;
- Christians and other religious minorities in Iraq and Syria have been an integral part of the region’s cultural fabric for millennia;
- since 2003, minority groups including Christians and Yazidis in Iraq and Syria have been the target of systematic violence, with millions fleeing their ancestral homes;
- Christians, Yazidis and other religious minorities in Iraq and Syria have been murdered, subjugated, and suffered grievous bodily and psychological harm, including sexual enslavement and abuse, inflicted in a deliberate and calculated manner in violation of the United Nations Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide; and
- genocide is a crime under international law that shall be punished, whether committed by ‘constitutionally responsible rulers, public officials or private individuals’ as provided by the United Nations Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide;” — *Mattie McGrath, Noel Grealish, Michael Collins, Michael Harty, Danny Healy-Rae, Michael J. Healy-Rae, Michael Lowry.*

133. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- the primary purpose of the National Asset Management Agency Act 2009 is specified as follows: ‘to address the serious threat to the economy and the stability of credit institutions in the State generally and the need for the maintenance and stabilisation of the financial system in the State’; and
- a further purpose of the 2009 Act is ‘to contribute to the social and economic development of the State’;

acknowledges that:

- at the time of the 2009 Act there was an economic crisis which dictated the primary purpose of the Act;
- in 2017 there is a housing and homelessness crisis and the primary purpose of the 2009 Act must be updated to reflect this crisis; and
- sales of National Asset Management Agency (NAMA) assets to vulture funds have undermined the secondary purpose enshrined in the 2009 Act with regard to the social and economic development of the State; and

calls for:

- an immediate halt on further asset sales by NAMA pending a thorough examination of how NAMA assets can be utilised to prioritise the social development of the State in the context of the current housing crisis; and
- an update to the legislation which would change the primary purpose of the National

Asset Management Agency Act 2009 to contribute to the social and economic development of the State.” — *Catherine Murphy, Róisín Shortall*.

[17 January, 2017]

134. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- the latest figures from the Central Bank of Ireland show over 79,562 private home mortgages as being in arrears, of these, 34,551 are in arrears of over 720 days;
- the latest Central Bank of Ireland figures show that legal proceedings to enforce the debt/security on a private home mortgage were issued in 4,278 cases up to end of September 2016 and several thousand more are presently before the courts;
- in the High Court case *AIB v Coughlan* (2014), Mr. Justice Barrett ruled on 21st December, 2016, that Council Directive 93/13/EEC applies to the situation of private home mortgages and so European Union (EU) standards of consumer protection apply to all private home mortgages;
- buyers of mortgages for private homes/personal consumption are considered consumers under EU law and so are entitled to protection under the European Communities (Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts) Regulations, (SI 27/1995) which implements Council Directive 93/13/EEC on unfair terms in consumer contracts; and
- judges or county registrars dealing with such cases must carry out an ‘own motion assessment’ which requires judges and registrars to make a proportionality and fairness assessment of compliance with EU law on a case-by-case basis;

acknowledges:

- the implications of European Court of Justice case *Aziz* (2013) which requires the fairness of contracts to be assessed on a case-by-case basis in relation to private mortgages and home repossessions;
- the implications of the European Court of Justice case *Kušionová* (2014) which requires unfair contracts in cases of home repossession to be assessed in light of the fundamental protection afforded to the ‘home’ under the European Charter of Fundamental Rights;
- that the present judicial system does not currently have the resources required to adjudicate in these cases;
- that county registrars and judges will require resources in order to implement EU law and ensure correct analysis of consumer protections when conducting ‘own motion assessments’; and
- that the State is likely to be liable if any repossessions occur without proper implementation of EU law which requires ‘own motion assessment’ in these cases; and

calls for:

- a moratorium on all home repossession cases currently going through the judicial system;
- the immediate allocation of resources to ensure county registrars, judges and other research staff can fulfil their obligations under EU law; and
- an amendment to legislation to prevent homelessness occurring due to tenants in

buy-to-let mortgages, as 20 per cent of all buy-to-let mortgages are in arrears, with 10 percent of such mortgages (14,518) 720 days in arrears.” — *Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin*.

[18 January, 2017]

135. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes with extreme alarm and disapproval the many racist, divisive and dangerous policy commitments and statements made by the President of the United States of America, Donald Trump, both before and since his inauguration;

condemns, in particular, policies, statements or executive orders from President Trump, which:

- target or promote hatred, prejudice and discrimination against refugees, immigrants, muslims, women, LGBT people or other specific nationalities, such as citizens of Mexico, Syria, Libya, Iraq, Iran, Sudan, Yemen and Somalia;
- threaten to escalate military or other forms of conflict in countries such as Syria, Yemen, Palestine or elsewhere; and
- threaten to undermine international efforts to combat climate change;

specifically condemns the following executive orders and commitments made by President Trump:

- the suspension of the Refugee Admissions Programme, the drastic cut in the number of refugee admissions, and the order prohibiting entry to the US of citizens from Syria, Libya, Iran, Iraq, Yemen, Somalia and Sudan, orders which represent a breach of the 1951 Geneva Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees;
- measures targeting undocumented migrants, including an estimated 50,000 undocumented Irish, and undermining the protections afforded those migrants in ‘sanctuary’ cities and counties, or attempting to particularly associate undocumented migrants with criminality;
- the decision to commence the construction of a wall along the border between the US and Mexico and ‘make Mexico pay for it’;
- the decision to ban funding to foreign non-governmental organisations that perform or even give information about abortion; and
- the 30 day review aimed at upgrading US nuclear, missile and military capabilities; and

resolves to express its disapproval by:

- calling on the Taoiseach not to visit the White House on St. Patrick’s Day and to make a public statement explaining the reasons for this decision; and
- calling on the Government to review its co-operation with US immigration authorities operating in Irish airports, and to ensure that no Irish public officials facilitate or co-operate with US immigration policies that breach the 1951 Geneva Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees, or in any way target or discriminate against particular religious, ethnic or national groups, and calls for airport workers to be supported by their trade unions if they refuse to co-operate with the executive order.” — *Richard Boyd Barrett, Gino Kenny, Bríd Smith, Paul Murphy, Ruth Coppinger, Mick Barry, Eamon Ryan, Catherine Martin, Thomas P. Broughan*.

[31 January, 2017]

*Leasú:**Amendment:*

1. (a) To insert the following after “orders which represent a breach of the 1951 Geneva Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees”:

“and which further extend the measures contained in the Visa Waiver Program Improvement and Terrorist Travel Prevention Act signed by former-President Obama in 2015 which rendered individuals who had visited one of those seven countries in the previous five years ineligible for the US Visa Waiver Program;”

- (b) To delete all words from “the decision to commence” down to and including “make Mexico pay for it;” and substitute the following:

“— the specific promise to ‘immediately’ deport from the US between 2 and 3 million undocumented migrants, a promise which represents a further consolidation of existing US policy in this area, which saw 2.5 million undocumented migrants deported between 2009 and 2015, during former-President Obama’s term of office;

— the decision to consolidate and extend the existing Mexico-United States barrier, which currently consists of approximately 980 kilometres of barriers between the two countries;” and

- (c) To insert the following after “if they refuse to co-operate with the executive order”:

“— calling on the Government to immediately and permanently ban all military landings at Irish airports and military overflights through Irish airspace, and to acknowledge that to give foreign militaries, in particular the US military, carte blanche to use Shannon Airport as a US military airbase is to facilitate the wars that force individuals, like those currently being targeted by President Trump, to flee their homelands and seek asylum elsewhere.” — *Clare Daly, Mick Wallace, Thomas Pringle, Joan Collins.*

136. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes:

— the executive orders signed by the President of the United States of America, Donald Trump, on Friday 27th January, 2017, that put in place a targeted ban on refugees and migrants from certain countries;

— the Aviation (Preclearance) Act 2009; and

— the 2008 Agreement Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Ireland on Air Transport Preclearance;

calls on the Government to:

— conduct an urgent review of the preclearance system operating in Ireland and take appropriate action, up to and including suspension of the preclearance agreement, where there might be a reasonable chance that a person’s rights under the Constitution of Ireland, European Union (EU) law, the European Convention on Human Rights or the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, may be under threat;

- provide appropriate information on the applicable law and procedures to any person refused preclearance on the basis of the operation of the executive order and give any person refused preclearance the opportunity to seek legal advice and legal representation;
- clarify the role of Gardaí and immigration officials in the US preclearance process, to ensure that in the exercise of their public functions, a person's rights under the Constitution of Ireland, the European Convention on Human Rights, EU law or international human rights law, will not be violated;
- specify the basis upon which withdrawal from the preclearance agreement would be contemplated by the Government; and
- raise the issue with the EU as a matter of urgency, to develop a joint response to the executive orders; and

calls on the Taoiseach to make an unequivocal statement on the matter.” — *Catherine Murphy, Róisín Shortall.*

[1 February, 2017]

137. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- the Direct Provision System was introduced as a ‘temporary measure’ in 2000, but 16 years later it is still in place;
- in 2000, the State introduced a weekly allowance for those in the Direct Provision System of €19.10 per adult (€15.60 per week for each child), this allowance has remained the same for 16 years and it is impossible to live any sort of decent life on this income;
- many asylum seekers spend years in the Direct Provision System, trapped in conditions that are damaging to the health, welfare and life-chances of those forced to endure them;
- as of 2016 there are almost 5,000 people in the Direct Provision System, of which up to 18 per cent have been in the Direct Provision System for more than seven years, up to 20 per cent for five to seven years and the average length of stay is more than three years;
- residents in the Direct Provision System are denied the elementary right to cook in their own rooms;
- more than one third of those in the Direct Provision System are children and teenagers and these conditions are especially damaging to children, who are isolated from their peers and denied equal access to third-level education;
- the Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission described the Direct Provision System as a severe violation of human rights;
- in 2014, the outgoing Ombudsman for Children, Emily Logan, said the ‘treatment of children living in Direct Provision is an issue of ongoing concern which the State urgently needs to address, children should not grow up in Direct Provision’; and
- with the the running of Direct Provision System centres contracted out to private companies, the entire system has become a State-subsidised multi-million euro

industry, in which private businesses make huge profits out of the human misery of their ‘customers’; and

calls on the Government to:

- abolish the Direct Provision System forthwith, i.e., within the next three months;
- grant all asylum seekers the right to work while their claims are being processed;
- allow all asylum seekers access to third-level education on the same basis as all other young people and adults; and
- grant asylum seekers welfare benefits on the same basis as all other residents and citizens in the Republic of Ireland.” — *Brid Smith, Gino Kenny, Richard Boyd Barrett, Ruth Coppinger, Paul Murphy, Mick Barry, Joan Collins, Seamus Healy, Thomas P. Broughan, Thomas Pringle, Catherine Connolly, Maureen O’Sullivan, Clare Daly, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Jonathan O’Brien, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Louise O’Reilly, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín.*

[1 February, 2017]

138. “That Dáil Éireann:

recognises:

- the special and mutually beneficial relationship between Ireland and the United States of America (USA);
- the importance of maintaining and preserving the mutually beneficial strong economic, cultural, political and diplomatic ties with the USA;
- the many benefits of the preclearance facility in Dublin and Shannon airports;
- the role of successive US administrations in supporting the development of the peace and political processes in Northern Ireland;
- the role of the Irish diaspora in the USA in maintaining and developing the above; and
- those 50,000 undocumented Irish citizens that reside and work in the USA;

accepts that:

- security vetting based on race, religion or nationality is discriminatory and unlawful; and
- the executive order introduced by the President of the United States of America suspending their refugee admissions system for 120 days, suspending the Syrian refugee programme indefinitely and banning seven countries from entering the USA for 90 days is prejudiced and discriminatory; and

agrees to:

- condemn the executive order; and
- formally write to the President of the United States of America and his administration requesting this executive order be repealed.” — *Darragh O’Brien, Micheál Martin, Barry Cowen, Bobby Aylward, John Brassil, Declan Breathnach, James Browne, Mary Butler, Thomas Byrne, Jackie Cahill, Dara Calleary, Pat Casey, Shane Cassells, Jack Chambers, Lisa M. Chambers, Niall Collins, John Curran, Timmy*

Dooley, Sean Fleming, Pat the Cope Gallagher, Seán Haughey, Billy Kelleher, John Lahart, James Lawless, Marc MacSharry, Charlie McConalogue, Michael McGrath, John McGuinness, Aindrias Moynihan, Michael Moynihan, Eugene Murphy, Margaret Murphy O'Mahony, Jim O'Callaghan, Éamon Ó Cuív, Willie O'Dea, Kevin O'Keeffe, Fiona O'Loughlin, Frank O'Rourke, Anne Rabbitte, Eamon Scanlon, Brendan Smith, Niamh Smyth, Robert Troy, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Eoin Ó Broin, Pat Buckley, Seán Crowe, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Jonathan O'Brien, Louise O'Reilly, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín, Stephen S. Donnelly.

[2 February, 2017]

139. “That Dáil Éireann:

notes that:

- on 22nd May, 1998, voters in Northern Ireland voted to accept the Good Friday Agreement (GFA) by 71.1 per cent to 28.9 per cent, and in Ireland by 94.39 per cent to 5.61 per cent;
- since the GFA was ratified and the restoration of power-sharing in 2007, the European Union (EU) has been a critical partner for peace, providing substantial political and financial aid, which has led to greater economic and social progress on an all-island basis;
- on 23rd June, 2016, a referendum on the UK’s continued membership of the EU took place;
- a majority of voting citizens in Northern Ireland, namely 55.8 per cent, voted to remain in the EU;
- the British Government has now made clear that they will trigger Article 50 of the Lisbon Treaty by the end of March 2017, and begin the exit process, and will also be seeking to leave the single market in a so-called ‘hard Brexit’; and
- this situation is unprecedented, as no member state has left the EU and single market before now;

recognises that:

- under the terms of the GFA there is an inherent right for those born on this island to Irish citizenship, and by virtue of that right, citizenship of the EU as well;
- Northern Ireland is being forced to leave the EU against the expressed wishes of its people;
- this represents a major set-back for the political process in Northern Ireland and directly challenges the integrity of the GFA, and will have huge consequences for the protections contained within it, especially the principle of consent;
- the pursuit of a ‘hard Brexit’ may well impose the amendment of the Northern Ireland Act 1998, which gives legislative competence and authority to the GFA;
- the Oireachtas Joint Committee on European Union Affairs, in its June 2015 report ‘*UK/EU Future Relationships: Implications for Ireland*’, recommended that ‘the Irish

and UK Governments negotiate bilaterally to have Northern Ireland recognised (in an EU context) as having “a special position” in the UK, in view of the Good Friday Agreement. Recommends further that special arrangements be negotiated at EU level in that context, to maintain North-South relations and Northern Irish EU citizenship rights and protections attached to such rights.’;

- the EU has shown itself to be flexible in coming forward with pragmatic arrangements for dealing with complex territorial situations; and
- a special status relationship for Northern Ireland outside of the EU would do little to deal with the massive political, social and economic challenges thrown up by Brexit;

concludes that:

- a ‘hard Brexit’ would undermine the institutional, constitutional, and legal integrity and status of the GFA; and
- the GFA political institutions, human rights guarantees, all-Ireland bodies, and the constitutional and legal right of the people to exercise their right to self-determination and a united Ireland through consent, by referendum north and south, must all be protected; and

calls on the Government to:

- enter any forthcoming negotiations to defend the democratic mandate of the people to remain within the EU and act in Ireland’s national interest;
- report to the Houses of the Oireachtas, on a quarterly basis, regarding developments in the Brexit negotiations; and
- negotiate for Northern Ireland to be designated with a special status within the EU and for the whole island of Ireland to remain within the EU together.” — *Seán Crowe, Gerry Adams, John Brady, Pat Buckley, David Cullinane, Pearse Doherty, Dessie Ellis, Martin J. Ferris, Kathleen Funchion, Martin Kenny, Mary Lou McDonald, Denise Mitchell, Imelda Munster, Carol Nolan, Jonathan O'Brien, Eoin Ó Broin, Caoimhghín Ó Caoláin, Donnchadh Ó Laoghaire, Louise O'Reilly, Aengus Ó Snodaigh, Maurice Quinlivan, Brian Stanley, Peadar Tóibín.*

[14 February, 2017]

140. An Dáil a chur ar athló.
Adjournment of the Dáil.

**BILLÍ AR SIÚL AGUS GNÓ ATÁ ORDAITHE
BILLS IN PROGRESS AND BUSINESS ORDERED**

*Dé hAoine, 31 Márta, 2017
Friday, 31st March, 2017*

Bille na dTithe (Tithíocht Údaráis Áitiúil a Dhíol), 2016 — Ordaíodh é a léamh an dara huair an 31 Márta, 2017.

Housing (Sale of Local Authority Housing) Bill 2016 — Ordered to be read a second time on 31 March, 2017.

*Dé hAoine, 30 Meitheamh, 2017
Friday, 30th June, 2017*

An Bille um Stádas Comhionann (Ligean Isteach i Scoileanna), 2016 — Ordaíodh é a léamh an dara huair an 30 Meitheamh, 2017.

Equal Status (Admission to Schools) Bill 2016 — Ordered to be read a second time on 30 June, 2017.

Dé hAoine, 30 Meitheamh, 2017
Friday, 30th June, 2017

An Bille um Athchóiriú Rialtais Áitiúil (Leasú) (Méara Dírhofa Bhaile Átha Cliath), 2016 — Ordaíodh é a léamh an dara huair an 30 Meitheamh, 2017.

Local Government Reform (Amendment) (Directly Elected Mayor of Dublin) Bill 2016 — Ordered to be read a second time on 30 June, 2017.

Dé hAoine, 30 Meitheamh, 2017
Friday, 30th June, 2017

An Bille Rialtais Áitiúil (Méara agus Údarás Réigiúnach Bhaile Átha Cliath), 2016 — Ordaíodh é a léamh an dara huair an 30 Meitheamh, 2017.

Local Government (Mayor and Regional Authority of Dublin) Bill 2016 — Ordered to be read a second time on 30 June, 2017.

Dé hAoine, 7 Iúil, 2017
Friday, 7th July, 2017

An Bille um Chonarthaí Uaireanta Bandáilte, 2016 — Ordaíodh é a léamh an dara huair an 7 Iúil, 2017.

Banded Hours Contract Bill 2016 — Ordered to be read a second time on 7 July, 2017.

Dé Céadaoin, 26 Iúil, 2017
Wednesday, 26th July, 2017

An Bille fán Scéim um Thacaíocht Tithe Banaltrais (Leasú), 2016 — Ordaíodh é a léamh an dara huair an 26 Iúil, 2017.

Nursing Home Support Scheme (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Ordered to be read a second time on 26 July, 2017.

BILLÍ I ROGHCHOISTÍ, I gCOISTÍ SPEISIALTA NÓ I gCOMHCHOISTÍ
BILLS IN SELECT, SPECIAL OR JOINT COMMITTEES

An Bille um Chosaint Sealbhóirí Cuntais Morgáiste Cónaithe, 2014 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.

Protection of Residential Mortgage Account Holders Bill 2014 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

An Bille um an gCeathrú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunreacht (Vótáil Uachtaráin), 2014 — An Roghchoiste um Thithíocht, Pleanáil, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil.
Thirty-fourth Amendment of the Constitution (Presidential Voting) Bill 2014 — Select Committee on Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government.

An Bille Toghcháin (Leasú) (Uimh. 3), 2014 — An Roghchoiste um Thithíocht, Pleanáil, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil.
Electoral (Amendment) (No. 3) Bill 2014 — Select Committee on Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government.

Bille an Gharda Síochána (Leasú) (Uimh. 2), 2014 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
Garda Síochána (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill 2014 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

Bille an Bhainc Ceannais agus Údarás Seirbhísí Airgeadais na hÉireann (Leasú), 2014 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.
Central Bank and Financial Services Authority of Ireland (Amendment) Bill 2014 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

An Bille Cróinéirí, 2015 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
Coroners Bill 2015 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille um Fheithiclí de chuid an Gharda Síochána a Sháinniú, 2015 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
Ramming of Garda Vehicles Bill 2015 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille Oideachais (Leasú), 2015 — An Roghchoiste um Oideachas agus Scileanna.
Education (Amendment) Bill 2015 — Select Committee on Education and Skills.

Bille na Lia-Chleachtóirí (Leasú), 2014 [*Seanad*] — An Roghchoiste um Shláinte.
Medical Practitioners (Amendment) Bill 2014 [*Seanad*] — Select Committee on Health.

Bille na nOllscoileanna Teicneolaíochta, 2015 — An Roghchoiste um Oideachas agus Scileanna.
Technological Universities Bill 2015 — Select Committee on Education and Skills.

An Bille um Chaighdeáin san Earnáil Phoiblí, 2015 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.
Public Sector Standards Bill 2015 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and

Reform, and Taoiseach.

An Bille um Pleanáil agus Forbairt (Leasú), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Thithíocht, Pleanáil, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil.
 Planning and Development (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government.

An Bille um Árachas Tuile, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.
 Flood Insurance Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

An Bille um Cheartas Coiriúil (Cionta a bhaineann le Córais Faisnéise), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
 Criminal Justice (Offences Relating to Information Systems) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille fán Oifig Náisiúnta um Sheirbhísí Comhroinnte, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.
 National Shared Services Office Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

Bille an Bhainc Ceannais (Morgáistí Ráta Athraithigh), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.
 Central Bank (Variable Rate Mortgages) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

An Bille Parúil, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
 Parole Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille um an gCúigiú Leasú is Tríocha ar an mBunreacht (Uisce faoi Úinéireacht Phoiblí) (Uimh. 2), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Thithíocht, Pleanáil, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil.
 Thirty-fifth Amendment of the Constitution (Water in Public Ownership) (No. 2) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government.

An Bille um Thoirmeasc ar Pheitriúil i dTír Mór a Thaiscéaladh agus a Astarraingt, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Chumarsáid, Gníomhú ar son na hAeráide agus Comhshaol.
 Prohibition of the Exploration and Extraction of Onshore Petroleum Bill 2016 — Select

Committee on Communications, Climate Action and Environment.

An Bille Oideachais (Ligean Isteach i Scoileanna), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Oideachas agus Scileanna.

Education (Admission to Schools) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Education and Skills.

An Bille um Rialáil Cannabais atá lena Úsáid chun críocha Íocshláinte, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Shláinte.

Cannabis for Medicinal Use Regulation Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Health.

An Bille um Cheartas Coiriúil (Forthromú de dheasca Claontachta), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.

Criminal Justice (Aggravation by Prejudice) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

(l) An Bille fá Choimisiún um Cheapacháin Bhreithiúnacha, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.

(a) Judicial Appointments Commission Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille um Ghairmithe Sláinte agus Cúraim Shóisialaigh (Leasú), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Shláinte.

Health and Social Care Professionals (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Health.

Bille na bPríosún (Gaibhniú Aonair) (Leasú), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.

Prisons (Solitary Confinement) (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille um Dhífheistiú Breosla Iontaise, 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.

Fossil Fuel Divestment Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

An Bille um Cheartas Coiriúil (Pianbhreitheanna Príosúnachta Fionraithe), 2016 [*Seanad*] — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.

Criminal Justice (Suspended Sentences of Imprisonment) Bill 2016 [*Seanad*] — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille um Bannaí (Leasú), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
Bail (Amendment) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

Bille na gCúirteanna (Uimh. 2), 2016 — An Roghchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas.
Courts (No. 2) Bill 2016 — Select Committee on Justice and Equality.

An Bille um Chonarthaí Árachais i leith Tomhaltóirí, 2017 — An Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach.
Consumer Insurance Contracts Bill 2017 — Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach.

Bille na bPinsean (Leasú) (Uimh. 2), 2017 — An Roghchoiste um Choimirce Shóisialach.
Pensions (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill 2017 — Select Committee on Social Protection.

MEMORANDA

Dé Máirt, 14 Feabhra, 2017
Tuesday, 14th February, 2017

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Maoiniú ar Sheirbhísí Uisce Tí sa Todhchaí i Seomra Coiste 4, TL2000, ar 12 meán lae.
Meeting of the Joint Committee on the Future Funding of Domestic Water Services in Committee Room 4, LH2000, at 12 noon.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Thalmhaíocht, Bia agus Muir i Seomra Coiste 1, TL2000, ar 4 p.m. (*príobháideach*).
Meeting of the Joint Committee on Agriculture, Food and the Marine in Committee Room 1, LH2000, at 4 p.m. (*private*).

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Poist, Fiontair agus Nuálaíocht i Seomra Coiste 4, TL2000, ar 4 p.m.
Meeting of the Joint Committee on Jobs, Enterprise and Innovation in Committee Room 4, LH2000, at 4 p.m.

Cruinniú den Roghchoiste um Fhormhaoirsiú Buiséid i Seomra Coiste 3, TL2000, ar 4 p.m.
Meeting of the Select Committee on Budgetary Oversight in Committee Room 3, LH2000, at 4 p.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Chumarsáid, Gníomhú ar son na hAeráide agus Comhshaol i Seomra Coiste 2, TL2000, ar 5 p.m.
Meeting of the Joint Committee on Communications, Climate Action and Environment in

Committee Room 2, LH2000, at 5 p.m.

Dé Céadaoin, 15 Feabhra, 2017
Wednesday, 15th February, 2017

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas i Seomra Coiste 2, TL2000, ar 9 a.m.

Meeting of the Joint Committee on Justice and Equality in Committee Room 2, LH2000, at 9 a.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Ealaíona, Oidhreacht, Gnóthaí Réigiúnacha, Tuaithe agus Gaeltachta i Seomra Coiste 4, TL2000, ar 9.30 a.m.

Meeting of the Joint Committee on Arts, Heritage, Regional, Rural and Gaeltacht Affairs in Committee Room 4, LH2000, at 9.30 a.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Thithíocht, Pleanáil, Pobal agus Rialtas Áitiúil i Seomra Coiste 1, TL2000, ar 9.30 a.m.

Meeting of the Joint Committee on Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government in Committee Room 1, LH2000, at 9.30 a.m.

Cruinniú den Choiste um Nós Imeachta Dháil Éireann Seomra 160, an Bloc Cúig Stór, ar 10.30 a.m. (*príobháideach*).

Committee on Procedure of Dáil Éireann in Room 160, Five Storey Block, at 10.30 a.m. (*private*).

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Ghnóthaí an Aontais Eorpaigh i Seomra Coiste 1, TL2000, ar 1.30 p.m.

Meeting of the Joint Committee on European Union Affairs in Committee Room 1, LH2000, at 1.30 p.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Maoiniú ar Sheirbhísí Uisce Tí sa Toghcháin i Seomra Coiste 4, TL2000, ar 1.30 p.m.

Meeting of the Joint Committee on the Future Funding of Domestic Water Services in Committee Room 4, LH2000, at 1.30 p.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Iompar, Turasóireacht agus Spórt i Seomra Coiste 3, TL2000, ar 1.30 p.m.

Meeting of the Joint Committee on Transport, Tourism and Sport in Committee Room 3, LH2000, at 1.30 p.m.

Meastacháin (An Grúpa Airgeadais):

Estimates (Finance Group):

Cruinniú den Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach i Seomra Coiste 2, TL2000, ar 1.30 p.m.

Meeting of the Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach in Committee Room 2, LH2000, at 1.30 p.m.

Cruinniú den Choiste um Chuntais Phoiblí i Seomra Coiste 3, TL2000, ar 5 p.m.
(*príobháideach*).
Meeting of the Committee of Public Accounts in Committee Room 3, LH2000, at 5 p.m.
(*private*).

Déardaoin, 16 Feabhra, 2017
Thursday, 16th February, 2017

Cruinniú den Choiste um Chuntais Phoiblí i Seomra Coiste 3, TL2000, ar 9 a.m.
Meeting of the Committee of Public Accounts in Committee Room 3, LH2000, at 9 a.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Shláinte i Seomra Coiste 4, TL2000, ar 9 a.m.
Meeting of the Joint Committee on Health in Committee Room 4, LH2000, at 9 a.m.

Cruinniú den Chomhchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach i Seomra Coiste 2, TL2000, ar 9.30 a.m.
Meeting of the Joint Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach in Committee Room 2, LH2000, at 9.30 a.m.

Meastacháin (Gnóthaí Eachtracha agus Trádáil):
Estimates (Foreign Affairs and Trade):

Cruinniú den Roghchoiste um Ghnóthaí Eachtracha agus Trádáil, agus Cosaint i Seomra Coiste 1, TL2000, ar 9.30 a.m.
Meeting of the Select Committee on Foreign Affairs and Trade, and Defence in Committee Room 1, LH2000, at 9.30 a.m.

Cruinniú den Choiste Gnó Seomra 160, an Bloc Cúig Stór, ar 10.30 a.m. (*príobháideach*).
Meeting of the Business Committee in Room 160, Five Storey Block, at 10.30 a.m. (*private*).

Meastacháin (Grúpa Roinn an Taoisigh):
Estimates (Department of the Taoiseach Group):

Cruinniú den Roghchoiste um Airgeadas, Caiteachas Poiblí agus Athchóiriú, agus an Taoiseach i Seomra Coiste 2, TL2000, ar 11.15 a.m.
Meeting of the Select Committee on Finance, Public Expenditure and Reform, and Taoiseach in Committee Room 2, LH2000, at 11.15 a.m.

BILLÍ DÁLA SA SEANAD
DÁIL BILLS WITH THE SEANAD

An Bille um an Dlí Coiriúil (Cionta Gnéasacha), 2015.
Criminal Law (Sexual Offences) Bill 2015.

An Bille Uchtála (Leasú), 2016.

**SCRÍBHINNÍ A LEAGADH FAOI BHRÁID NA dTITHE
DOCUMENTS LAID BEFORE THE HOUSES¹**

<i>Reachtúil</i>	<i>Statutory</i>
<i>Tairiscint Ceadaithe ag Teastáil</i>	<i>Requiring Motion of Approval</i>
Na Rialacháin um Acht na gCuideachtaí, 2014 (Alt 1313), 2017 (Dréacht).	Companies Act 2014 (Section 1313) Regulations 2017 (Draft).
An tOrdú um Choimisiún Imscrúdúcháin (Nithe áirithe a bhaineann le dhá nochtadh a rinne comhaltaí den Gharda Síochána faoin Acht um Nochtadh Cosanta, 2014), 2017 [a bhfuil Téarmaí Tagartha ann] (Dréacht).	Commission of Investigation (Certain matters relating to two disclosures made by members of An Garda Síochána under the Protected Disclosures Act 2014) Order 2017 [containing Terms of Reference] (Draft).
<i>In-neamhnithe le Tairiscint</i>	<i>Open to Motion to Annul</i>
Rialacháin na gComhphobal Eorpach (Margú Ábhair Iomadaithe Plandaí Torthaí) (Leasú), 2017 (I.R. Uimh. 39 de 2017).	European Communities (Marketing of Fruit Plant Propagating Material) (Amendment) Regulations 2017 (S.I. No. 39 of 2017).
Na Rialacháin Leasa Shóisialaigh (Ranníocaí Comhdhlúite agus Inárachaitheacht) (Leasú) (Uimh. 1) (Ranníocaí Saorálacha), 2017 (I.R. Uimh. 38 de 2017).	Social Welfare (Consolidated Contributions and Insurability) (Amendment) (No. 1) (Voluntary Contributions) Regulations 2017 (S.I. No. 38 of 2017).
<i>Eile</i>	<i>Other</i>
Peitri Liam a Thaiscéaladh agus a Fhorbairt in Éirinn. Tuarascáil a bhaineann leis an tréimhse 1 Iúil 2016 - 31 Nollaig, 2016.	Petroleum Exploration and Development in Ireland. Report covering period 1 July 2016 – 31 December, 2016.
Togra le haghaidh Cinneadh Forfheidhmiúcháin ón gComhairle lena n-údaraitear don Fhrainc comhaontú leis an Eilbhéis a chríochnú lena n-áirítear forálacha lena ndéantar maolú ar Airteagal 5 de threoir 2006/112/CE maidir leis an aerfort ag Bâle-Mulhouse mar aon le nóta faisnéise míniúcháin. COM (2017) 2.	Proposal for a Council Implementing Decision authorising France to conclude an agreement with Switzerland that includes provisions derogating from Article 5 of Directive 2006/112/EC as regards the airport of Bâle-Mulhouse together with explanatory information note. COM (2017) 2.
Togra le haghaidh Cinneadh ó Pharlaimint na hEorpa agus ón gComhairle maidir le cúnaimh maicreacnamaíoch a sholáthar do Phoblacht na Moldóive mar aon le nóta faisnéise míniúcháin.	Proposal for a Decision of the European Parliament and of the Council providing macro-financial assistance to the Republic of Moldova together with explanatory information note.

¹ I gcás nach leagtar scríbhinn ach faoi bhráid aon Teach amháin, cuirfear (D) – Dáil nó (S) – Seanad ina diaidh dá réir sin.

Where a document is laid before one House only it will be appended with (D) – Dáil or (S) – Seanad accordingly.

COM (2017) 14.

Togra le haghaidh Cinneadh Forfheidhmiúcháin ón gComhairle lena leasaítear Cinneadh 2013/677/AE lena n-údaráítear do Lucsamburg beart a chur chun feidhme lena ndéantar maolú ar Airteagal 285 de Threoir 2006/112/CE maidir leis an gcomhchóras cánach breisluacha mar aon le nóta faisnéise míniúcháin.

COM (2016) 833.

An tOrdú Tobac (Limistéir do 2017), 2017 (I.R. Uimh. 41 de 2017).

An tÚdarás Rialála Táirgí Sláinte. An Naoú Tuarascáil Déag don Aire Sláinte ar Sheirbhís Fuilastriúcháin na hÉireann. (Tréimhse a chlúdaítear: 1 Eanáir - 31 Nollaig, 2015).

Ráiteas ar na cúiseanna le Coimisiún a bhunú chun nithe áirithe a bhaineann le dhá nochtadh a rinne comhaltaí den Gharda Síochána faoin Acht um Nochtadh Cosanta, 2014 a imscrúdú.

An Roinn Dlí agus Cirt agus Comhionannais. An Ráiteas Straitéise, 2016 – 2019.

Togra le haghaidh Cinneadh ón gComhairle maidir le forálacha acquis Schengen a fheidhmiú i limistéar Chóras Faisnéise Schengen i bPoblacht na Cróite mar aon le nóta faisnéise míniúcháin. COM (2017) 17.

Togra le haghaidh Cinneadh Forfheidhmiúcháin ón gComhairle lena leagtar amach Moladh chun fad a chur le rialú sealadach teorann inmheánaí in imthosca eisceachtúla a chuireann feidhmiú foriomlán limistéar Schengen i mbaol mar aon le nóta faisnéise míniúcháin. COM (2017) 40.

Neamhrechtúil

Dáil Éireann. An Naoú Tuarascáil ón gCoiste Roghnóireachta. (9 Feabhra 2017). (D)

Tithe an Oireachtais. An Comhchoiste um Dhlí agus Ceart agus Comhionannas. An Clár

COM (2017) 14.

Proposal for a Council Implementing Decision amending Decision 2013/677/EU authorising Luxembourg to apply a measure derogating from Article 285 of Directive 2006/112/EC on the common system of value added tax together with explanatory information note.

COM (2016) 833.

Tobacco (Areas for 2017) Order 2017 (S.I. No. 41 of 2017).

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