

Aconophora compressa





QNRM03122

Aconophora compressa, a stem-sucking bug, has a limited distribution, preferring dry, cool areas.

ORIGIN

- A. compressa occurs naturally from Mexico to Columbia.
- · Laboratory cultures of A. compressa originate from Mexico and Guatemala.
- The insect was first released in Australia in 1995.

BIOLOGY

- Adults and nymphs suck the sap of woody stems.
- · Eggs are laid along woody stems.
- · Females show maternal behaviour, tending the nymphs until they reach adulthood.
- Development time from egg to adult is about 40 days.
- · Adults live for about six months.

AUSTRALIAN DISTRIBUTION AND IMPACT ON LANTANA

- A. compressa is found in north Queensland, Brisbane and central New South Wales.
- In Queensland, the bug prefers open, cooler, drier conditions, while in New South Wales, it prefers semishaded areas.
- Populations of A. compressa build up in winter, subsiding during summer when temperatures are high.
- The bug can cause branches to die back, causing plants to become stunted and produce fewer flowers and seeds.
- A. compressa is found on several flowering varieties of Lantana camara and has damaged some non-target species. For a full list of species refer to NRM fact PA27 'Aconophora on fiddlewood trees'. (www.nrm.qld.gov.au/pests/aconophora.html)

