



May 5th, 2017 Report of the Electoral Boundaries Commission of Prince Edward Island



Hon. Gerard Mitchell, Chair
Lynn Murray, QC, Commissioner
Kerri Carpenter, Commissioner
Elizabeth Shaw, Commissioner
Elmer MacDonald, Commissioner



May 5, 2017

The Honourable Francis D. Watts
Speaker of the Legislative Assembly
Prince Edward Island
P.O. Box 2000
Charlottetown, P.E.
C1A 7N8

Dear Mr. Speaker

Re: Electoral Boundaries

The Electoral Boundaries Commission is pleased to submit to you its report containing a discussion of the considerations referenced in section 17 of the *Electoral Boundaries Act* R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-2.1 and setting out the areas, boundaries and names of the 27 electoral districts it proposes for Prince Edward Island.

Yours Sincerely

Gerard Mitchell
Commission Chair

Lynn Murray Q.C.
Commission Member

Elmer MacDonald
Commission Member

Kerri Carpenter
Commission Member

Elizabeth Shaw
Commission Member

Report of the PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	1
Part One - Mandate	3
Part Two - The Considerations	5
Conclusion	15
Part Three - The Proposed New Districts	17
Acknowledgments	22
Schedule A - Names, Maps and Printed Descriptions of Electoral Districts	25
Schedule B - Provincial Map & Districts	

Report of the Prince Edward Island Electoral Boundaries Commission

This is the report of the 2016-17 Prince Edward Island Electoral Boundaries Commission (“the Commission”) established pursuant to section 8 of the *Electoral Boundaries Act*, R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-2.1 (“the Act”).

The Chair of the Commission was appointed by Order in Council on November 1st, 2016. The other members of the Commission were appointed by the speaker of the Legislative Assembly on December 6th, 2016.

The members of the Commission are: Hon. Gerard Mitchell, chair, Lynn Murray Q.C., Elmer MacDonald, Kerri Carpenter and Elizabeth Shaw.

Part One Mandate

The function of the Commission as set out in the Act is to: (1) review the 27 electoral districts of the province and (2) make a report to the Legislative Assembly setting out its recommendations as to the areas, boundaries, and names of the districts of the Province.

The Act directs the Commission to hold public meetings throughout the Province to enable representations to be made by any person as to the area and boundaries of any district.

The objective of the review is to design and establish electoral districts that will provide effective representation for the whole populace of Prince Edward Island in the Legislative Assembly over the next three general election cycles.

The Commission has no mandate to change the number of electoral districts from the current 27.

The Commission has authority to regulate its own procedure and the conduct of its business.

Considerations

Section 17(1) of the Act requires the Commission to take into account the following:

1. The Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms;
2. Data from the Register of Electors;
3. Polling divisions from the last general election;
4. Geographical features;
5. Information pertaining to population;
6. Community of interest;
7. Municipal boundaries;
8. Public input; and
9. Guidelines or criteria proposed for the consideration of the Commission by resolution of the Legislative Assembly.

In addition, section 17(1) of the Act permits the Commission to consider such other factors it regards as relevant.

Section 17(2) of the Act provides that the number of electors in a district cannot be more than 25% above or below the average number of electors of all the proposed districts.

Part Two

The Considerations

1. The Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

In reviewing current boundaries and proposing new ones the Commission first looked to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms (the "Charter") for direction. The Charter is part of the constitution which is the supreme law of the land. Section 3 provides that every citizen of Canada has the right to vote in an election of members of the House of Commons or of a legislative assembly.

The leading authority interpreting section 3 of the Charter in the context of establishing electoral boundaries is the decision of the Supreme Court of Canada in *Reference re Prov. Electoral Boundaries*, 1991, 2 S.C.R. 158 (hereinafter referred to as the "*Sask. Boundaries Case*").

Writing for the majority of the Supreme Court, McLachlin J. (now C.J.C.) at pp.183-185 made the following important points :

1. The purpose of the right to vote in section 3 of the Charter is to provide each citizen with effective representation in government;
2. The primary, but not the sole, condition for effective representation is relative parity of voting power;
3. Although a citizen's vote should not be unduly diluted, effective representation often cannot be achieved without taking into account countervailing factors;
4. Relative parity of voting power may be undesirable if it detracts from the primary goal of effective representation;
5. Sometimes factors such as geography, regional issues, community history, community interests, and minority representation may need to be taken into account to ensure legislative assemblies effectively represent our diversity; and
6. In the end though, any deviations from parity of voting power must be justified on the grounds that they contribute to the better government of the population as a whole.

Further, McLachlin J. at pp.194-5 noted three factors that could justify some deviation from equality of voting power.

One of the most important, she said, was the fact that rural districts are more difficult to represent than urban ones. Therefore, in her opinion the goal of effective representation may justify somewhat lower populations in rural areas;

She also noted geographic boundaries, such as rivers and municipal boundaries, form natural community dividing lines and therefore natural electoral boundaries.

Finally, she indicated, projected population changes may justify a variation from strict equality of voting power at the time the boundaries are drawn.

McLachlin J.'s judgement weighs heavily on the work of this Commission as she was interpreting and applying section 3 of the Charter specifically in the context of an electoral boundaries case. Her decision makes it is clear that section. 3 of the Charter requires this Commission in proposing boundaries to balance voter parity and any countervailing factor or factors that apply to the circumstances.

The Charter does not guarantee precise equality of voting power but it does demand effective representation for the population as a whole, which often justifies some deviation from parity. However, such deviation must be as limited as possible.

2. Data from the Register of Electors

In Prince Edward Island redistricting is based on the number of electors, not the population as a whole. Electors are persons entitled to vote in an election to select a representative to serve in the Legislative Assembly.

According to the Register of Electors established and maintained pursuant to section 24.1(1) of the *Election Act*, R.S.P.E.I. 1988, Cap. E-1.1, the number of currently registered electors in the Province is just under 100,000. Dividing that number by 27 (the number of electoral districts) gives an average of approximately 3700 electors per district (hereinafter referred to as the "provincial average").

It should be noted that with such a small number of electors it only takes about 370 of them to cause a 10 % variance in a district.

Section 17(2) of the Act provides that the number of electors in a district shall not be more than 25 per cent above, nor more than 25 per cent below, the average number of electors of all the proposed districts. However, the Commission starts from the Charter-based position that every electoral district should contain a number of electors that is as near as possible to the provincial average, except to the extent necessary to vary from that in order to ensure effective representation.

The following outlines the current number of registered electors in each district and the percentage of variance of that district from the provincial average:

District	Name	Electors	Variance
1.	Souris- Elmira	3044	-18%
2.	Georgetown - St. Peters	3558	-3.78%
3.	Montague - Kilmuir	3030	-18.06%
4.	Belfast - Murray River	3078	-16.76%
5.	Vernon River - Stratford	3411	-7.75%
6.	Stratford - Kinlock	5317	+43.79%
7.	Morell - Mermaid	3632	-1.78%
8.	Tracadie - Hillsborough Park	3853	+4.20%
9.	York - Oyster Bed	5017	+35.68%
10.	Charlottetown - Sherwood	3770	+1.96%
11.	Charlottetown - Parkdale	3381	-8.56%
12.	Charlottetown - Victoria Park	2943	-20.41%
13.	Charlottetown - Brighton	3130	-15.35%
14.	Charlottetown - Lewis Point	3753	+1.50%
15.	West Royalty - Springvale	4564	+23.43%
16.	Cornwall - Meadowbank	3889	+5.17%
17.	Kellys Cross - Cumberland	4445	+20.21%
18.	Rustico - Emerald	3929	+6.26%
19.	Borden - Kinkora	4063	+9.88%
20.	Kensington - Malpeque	4479	+21.13%
21.	Summerside - Wilmot	3865	+4.53%
22.	Summerside - St. Eleanors	4007	+8.37%
23.	Tyne Valley - Linkletter	3391	-8.29%
24.	Evangeline - Miscouche	2653	-28.25%
25.	O'Leary - Inverness	3284	-11.19%
26.	Alberton - Roseville	3463	-6.35%
27.	Tignish - Palmer Road	2888	-21.90%

As can be seen from the previous chart, three districts exceed or are below the provincial average by more than 25%. Five others are above or below by more than 20%. Three more are above or below by more than 15%. One more is above by more than 10%. The Commission does not believe such variances are justified. It is also notable that not all the districts that are too small are rural. Two districts in Charlottetown (Charlottetown - Victoria Park and Charlottetown - Brighton) are more than 15% below the provincial average and another Charlottetown district (Charlottetown - Parkdale) is under by more than 8%.

3. Polling Divisions from the most recent General Election

The Commission looked at the polling divisions from the last general election and, as a result, decided to refrain as much as possible from using roads as boundaries in rural areas (meaning those areas of the Province that are outside the municipal boundaries of Charlottetown, Summerside, Cornwall and Stratford). Further discussion on off-road boundaries will follow.

4. Geography

There are no geographical features of Prince Edward Island that warrant special treatment of any of its electoral districts.

5. Population Information

Prince Edward Island is small and densely populated. According to data released from the 2016 Census by Statistics Canada on February 8th, 2017, Prince Edward Island has a population of 142,907. Current projections calculated by the Province's Bureau of Statistics indicate the population of the Province will reach about 160,000 by 2028 or 2029. Most of the recent and projected population growth is based on international immigration. However, immigrants cannot vote until they become Canadian citizens. Gaining citizenship status typically takes at least four years after they become permanent residents.

Domestically, more people are leaving the Province for other parts of Canada than are coming here from other provinces or territories. Furthermore, in 2016 Prince Edward Island had more deaths than births. This trend is likely to continue for a while due to the province's aging population. The median age of Prince Edward Islanders now stands at nearly 44 years.

Within the Province there is a continuing trend of people moving from the eastern and western ends to the center. Between 2011 and 2016 the population of Kings County dropped by 830 people to a total of only 17,160. During that period Prince County's population decreased by 618 to a total of 43,730. On the other hand, in the same period the population of Queens County increased by 4151 to a total of 82,017. In terms of percentages over the five years, Queens County grew by 5.3% while Prince County declined by 1.4% and Kings County declined by 4.6%. Kings County has by far the smallest population of the three counties. Prince County has about 2.5 times more people than Kings County and Queens County has almost 5 times more.

A significant portion of the Province's population, 66,007, is now concentrated in the four municipalities of Charlottetown (36,094), Summerside (14,829), Stratford (9,706), and Cornwall (5,348). In addition, many are moving into rural areas adjacent to the four municipalities.

The City of Charlottetown and the Town of Cornwall in Queens County have only had growth of 4.4% and 3.6% respectively over the past 5 years. However, a number of rural areas in Queens County such as Lots 33, 34, 50, and 62 have experienced growth of over 10% during that period. The current district of York- Oyster Bed has grown to the point where it has a variance of + 35.68% from the provincial average.

The fastest growing, by far, of all municipal communities in Prince Edward Island is the Town of Stratford which is also in Queens County. It has experienced growth of 37% since electoral boundaries were last changed in 2006 and 13.2 % since 2011. It now has a population of 9,706. All indications are that Stratford will continue to grow at a strong pace. According to projections it will have a population of about 14,000 by 2029. Obviously, some changes must be made to the electoral boundaries of this area to address the growth that has occurred and is projected. However, the Commission is not prepared to go so far as the Stratford representatives requested in their strong presentation at the public meeting held in the Town.

If boundary setting was purely a numbers exercise, electoral districts in the central part of the Province (from the Summerside area to the Stratford area) would be many and small and those in the east and west would be few and large. However, establishing appropriate electoral boundaries is not simply a mathematical process. While relative parity of voting power is of prime importance, any countervailing factors that exist must also be taken into account to ensure effective representation for the population as a whole. In the opinion of the Commission, the added difficulty of representing rural districts is a countervailing factor that justifies some deviation from parity in order to provide better government for all Prince Edward Islanders. As a result, some proposed districts are not as large and others are not as small as would be the case if parity and population trends were the only factors to be considered.

6. Community of Interest

Community of interest was a matter often referred to at the public meetings and in written submissions. It was clearly an important factor Islanders wanted this Commission to pay close attention to in its deliberations.

A community of interest is a geographically connected area that has a distinct identity established and marked by factors such as school zones, travel patterns, choice of shopping and business centers, religious and recreational activities, municipal boundaries, culture, economic pursuits, or tradition.

The Commission has tried to identify and respect these communities of interest by, whenever possible, fitting them within the same electoral district. Indeed, preserving communities of interest was the reason the Commission decided to use mostly off-road boundaries.

7. Municipal Boundaries

Municipal boundaries was one of the factors the Supreme Court of Canada identified that could justify some deviation from parity of voting power. As McLachlin J. said in the *Sask. Boundaries Case* at p. 194, municipal boundaries form natural community dividing lines and therefore natural electoral boundaries. Accordingly, the Commission has tried to respect municipal boundaries as much as possible.

In the 2015 general election Charlottetown electors were spread among eight districts (8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15). Summerside electors were spread among five districts (19, 20, 21, 22, and 23).

Under the proposals of this Commission, Charlottetown electors would be confined to six districts, all of which are completely within the city's boundaries. Summerside electors will be confined to three districts, two of which are completely within the city's boundaries. Cornwall electors would all be in one district. Stratford electors would be spread among two districts. However, the districts in which Cornwall and Stratford are located also include some rural electors from adjacent areas outside the municipal boundaries of those Towns.

Overall, the Commission's proposals would mean that urban electors (meaning those living within the municipal boundaries of Charlottetown, Summerside, Cornwall, and Stratford) will be voting in only 12 districts as opposed to 16 under the current electoral map.

8. Public Input

The Commission held 14 public meetings across the Province. It also reached out to the public through a website, a Facebook page, and a Twitter account. As well, the Commission advertised in all local newspapers inviting members of the public to submit written submissions. A total of 206 people attended the public meetings. The Commission received 22 written submissions.

A major concern expressed by the public was the continuing movement of the population toward the center of the Province. This trend was used as both an argument for and against electoral boundary changes. Communities experiencing population growth seek greater parity of voting power. On the other hand, people from areas suffering population declines believe significant increases in the size of their electoral districts will only worsen the problems they have with access to government and services now.

A second area of great public concern was the desire to identify and keep together communities that have interests in common.

Members of the public often expressed the view that rural residents are harder to serve and are more dependent on their MLAs than are urban residents. This view was not confined to residents of rural locations.

The public indicated that to the extent possible and reasonable they would like to have their electoral district boundaries match-up with other types of boundaries that affect them; such as those for schools, municipalities, hockey associations, and fire protection.

The public also wanted the Commission to do what it could to make it easy to vote and to avoid having neighbors voting in different polling divisions. Although the Commission does not have authority to establish polling divisions or designate polling sites, the Commission hopes that those charged with doing so will take notice of, and address, this concern.

At the public meeting in Wellington and in written submissions, there were strong presentations urging the Commission to maintain Evangeline - Miscouche as an Acadian district.

9. Legislative Assembly Guidelines

There were no guidelines or criteria proposed for the consideration of the Commission by resolution of the Legislative Assembly under section 17(1)(i) of the Act.

10. Other Relevant Factors

Pursuant to the authority of the final words of section 17(1) of the Act, the Commission took into account the following three additional considerations that it considered relevant:

1. McLachlin J. noted in the *Sask Boundaries Case* at p. 194 that rural districts are more difficult to represent than urban ones. Rural MLAs have to travel more and their constituents, especially those in the far ends of the Province, depend on them more. Another problem in some rural areas is the lack of adequate internet service. People living in urban centers have access to more resources than do rural residents, and it is easier for urban MLAs to get around their districts. The relative ease of service and access is a factor in the Commission's decision to propose making some urban districts larger than the rural ones.
2. The elected representative for Evangeline - Miscouche has a dual role. In addition to representing his or her own district, he or she is also depended upon to be a spokesperson for other Acadian communities in the Province. Acadians across the Province rely on the elected member from Evangeline - Miscouche to play an important role in protecting their language, culture and traditions. Accordingly, the Commission proposes to allow that district a variance of - 20.1% so as to increase the chances electing an Acadian representative to the Legislative Assembly.
3. The Commission is of the view that using roads as boundaries in rural areas unnecessarily and inappropriately divides communities. Accordingly, the Commission is proposing that rural districts mainly have off- road boundaries. This is so that people living on opposite sides of the same road generally do not vote in different districts because a boundary line runs along the centerline.

Conclusion

After taking into account all of the forgoing considerations, the Commission has concluded that, with the exception of Evangeline - Miscouche, all districts should be adjusted to have a variance of less than 10% from the provincial average. In the case of Evangeline - Miscouche, a greater variance is justified by the need to protect Acadian language, culture and tradition in the Province. Overall, the boundaries the Commission is proposing would provide greater parity of voting power by reducing the average variance among districts. The Commission believes that its proposals for readjustment of the Province's electoral boundaries constitute a fair and proper balancing of voter parity and applicable countervailing factors.

Part Three

The Proposed New Districts

The Commission is proposing the following electoral district names and boundaries be adopted:

1. **Souris-Elmira** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 1. Souris-Elmira. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
2. **Georgetown-Pownal** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 2. Georgetown-Pownal. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
3. **Montague-Kilmuir** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 3. Montague-Kilmuir. The description is immediately followed by a printed description.
4. **Belfast-Murray River** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 4. Belfast-Murray River. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
5. **Mermaid-Stratford** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 5. Mermaid-Stratford. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
6. **Stratford-Keppoch** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 6. Stratford-Keppoch. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
7. **Morell-Donagh** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 7. Morell-Donagh. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
8. **Stanhope-Marshfield** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 8. Stanhope-Marshfield. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.

9. **Charlottetown-Hillsborough Park** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 9. Charlottetown-Hillsborough Park. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
10. **Charlottetown-Winsloe** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 10. Charlottetown-Winsloe. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
11. **Charlottetown-Belvedere** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 11. Charlottetown-Belvedere. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
12. **Charlottetown-Victoria Park** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A marked 12. Charlottetown-Victoria Park. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
13. **Charlottetown-Brighton** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 13. Charlottetown-Brighton. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
14. **Charlottetown-West Royalty** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 14. Charlottetown-West Royalty. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
15. **Brackley-Hunter River** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 15. Brackley-Hunter River. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
16. **Cornwall-Meadowbank** - its boundary description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 16. Cornwall-Meadowbank. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
17. **New Haven-Rocky Point** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 17. New Haven-Rocky Point. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
18. **Rustico-Emerald** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 18. Rustico-Emerald. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.

19. **Borden-Kinkora** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 19. Borden-Kinkora. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
20. **Kensington-Malpeque** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 20. Kensington-Malpeque. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
21. **Summerside-Wilmot** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 21. Summerside-Wilmot. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
22. **Summerside-South Drive** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 22. Summerside-South Drive. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
23. **Tyne Valley-Sherbrooke** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 23. Tyne Valley-Sherbrooke. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
24. **Evangeline-Miscouche** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 24. Evangeline-Miscouche. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
25. **O'Leary-Inverness** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 25. O'Leary-Inverness. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
26. **Alberton-Bloomfield** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 26. Alberton-Bloomfield. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.
27. **Tignish-Palmer Road** - its description is shown on a map in Schedule A referred to as 27. Tignish-Palmer Road. The map is immediately followed by a printed description.

Proposed Electoral Districts

The following is a list of the names of the proposed districts, the number of electors in each, and the percentage variance from the provincial average:

District	Name	Electors	Variance
1.	Souris – Elmira	3582	-3.1%
2.	Georgetown – Pownal	3644	-1.4%
3.	Montague – Kilmuir	3571	-3.4%
4.	Belfast – Murray River	3509	-5.1%
5.	Mermaid – Stratford	3597	-2.7%
6.	Stratford – Keppoch	3593	-2.8%
7.	Morell – Donagh	3690	-0.2%
8.	Stanhope – Marshfield	3577	-3.2%
9.	Charlottetown– Hillsborough Park	3898	+5.45%
10.	Charlottetown – Winsloe	4028	+9.0%
11.	Charlottetown – Belvedere	3972	+7.4%
12.	Charlottetown– Victoria Park	4019	+8.7%
13.	Charlottetown – Brighton	4014	+8.6%
14.	Charlottetown – West Royalty	4032	+9.1%
15.	Brackley – Hunter River	3609	-2.4%
16.	Cornwall – Meadowbank	3853	+4.2%
17.	New Haven – Rocky Point	3719	+0.6%
18.	Rustico – Emerald	3794	+2.6%
19.	Borden – Kinkora	3718	+0.6%
20.	Kensington – Malpeque	3890	+5.2%
21.	Summerside – Wilmot	4048	+9.5%
22.	Summerside – South Drive	4044	+9.4%
23.	Tyne Valley – Sherbrooke	3613	-2.3%
24.	Evangeline – Miscouche	2925	-21.9%
25.	O’Leary – Inverness	3353	-9.3%
26.	Alberton – Bloomfield	3346	-9.5%
27.	Tignish – Palmer Road	3367	-8.9%

The Commission believes the deviations from parity it proposes to allow are justified in the interests of better government for the populace as a whole.

Acknowledgments

The Commissioners are thankful for having had this opportunity to serve the Prince Edward Island electoral process.

The Commission thanks all those who attended the public meetings and all those who provided written submissions.

The Commission was very fortunate to have the support of the office of the Chief Electoral Officer, Gary McLeod.

The Commission thanks Paul Alan the Director of Communications at Elections Prince Edward Island for his invaluable logistical, administrative, and communications support throughout.

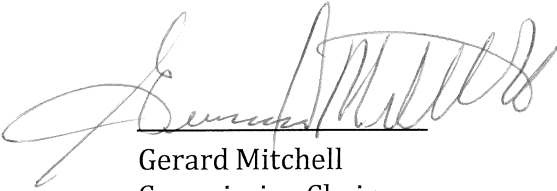
The Commission thanks our mapper, GIS Technician Terry Scott from IT Shared Services for his diligence and dedication to the project. Thanks too to Nick MacQueen who ably filled in for Terry Scott on several occasions.

The Commission thanks Phil Pater and Chris Roumbanis of Pater Audio who provided us with a great sound and recording system for our public meetings.

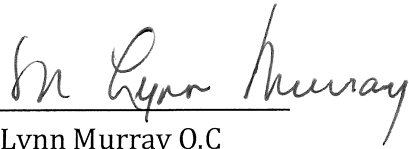
The Commission thanks Sharon Slauenwhite and Joyce Dunphy for their work on district descriptions.

We are also grateful for the population information provided by economists Colin Mosely and Nigel Burns from the Statistics Bureau of the Provincial Department of Finance.

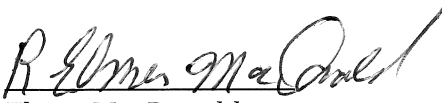
Dated this 5th day of May, 2017




Gerard Mitchell
Commission Chair



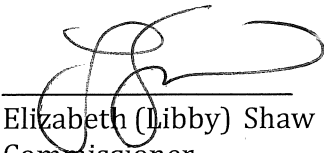
Lynn Murray Q.C
Commissioner



Elmer MacDonald
Commissioner



Kerri Carpenter
Commissioner



Elizabeth (Libby) Shaw
Commissioner

Schedule A

Names, Maps and Printed Descriptions of Electoral Districts

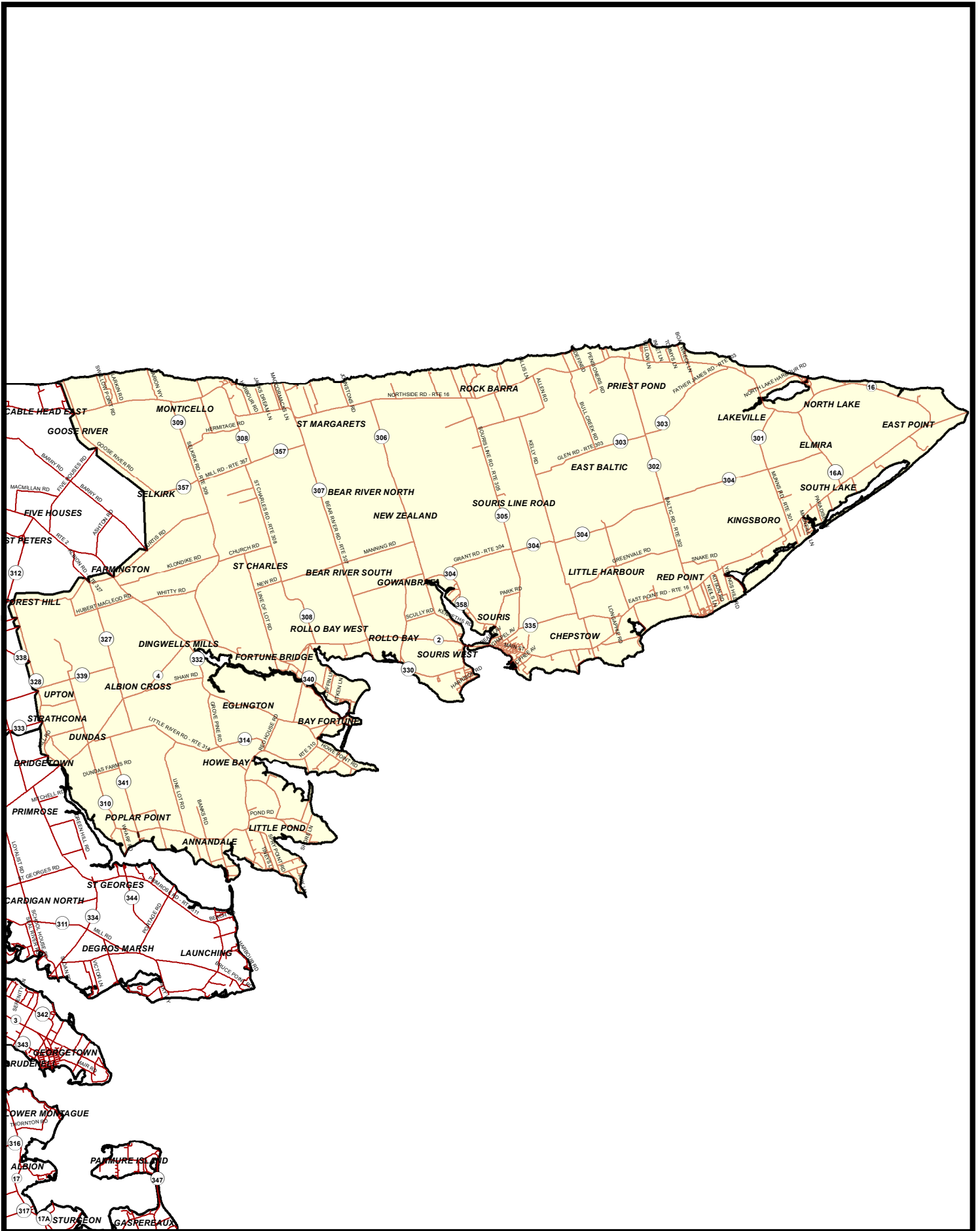
Please note the following:

The following pages provide the names, descriptions and a locator map for each of the 27 proposed electoral districts.

The maps are designed as a general index of the proposed electoral districts and are not intended to be used for measurements or for legal purposes. Should there be any discrepancy between the printed description and the map, the map shall prevail. A provincial index map illustrating the 27 proposed electoral districts is attached to this report as Schedule B.

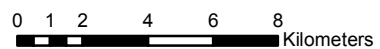
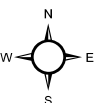
Each electoral district shall include all civic addresses located in the particular district. A voter's electoral district shall be determined in accordance with the location of the voter's civic address; as assigned by the relevant government authority, which is at the intersection of the street or road with their property, rather than in accordance with the location of the actual residence on the map.

In most cases roads are not used as district boundaries. However, where a street or road is used as a district boundary, voters living on opposite sides of that street or road, vote in different districts.



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 1 Souris - Elmira

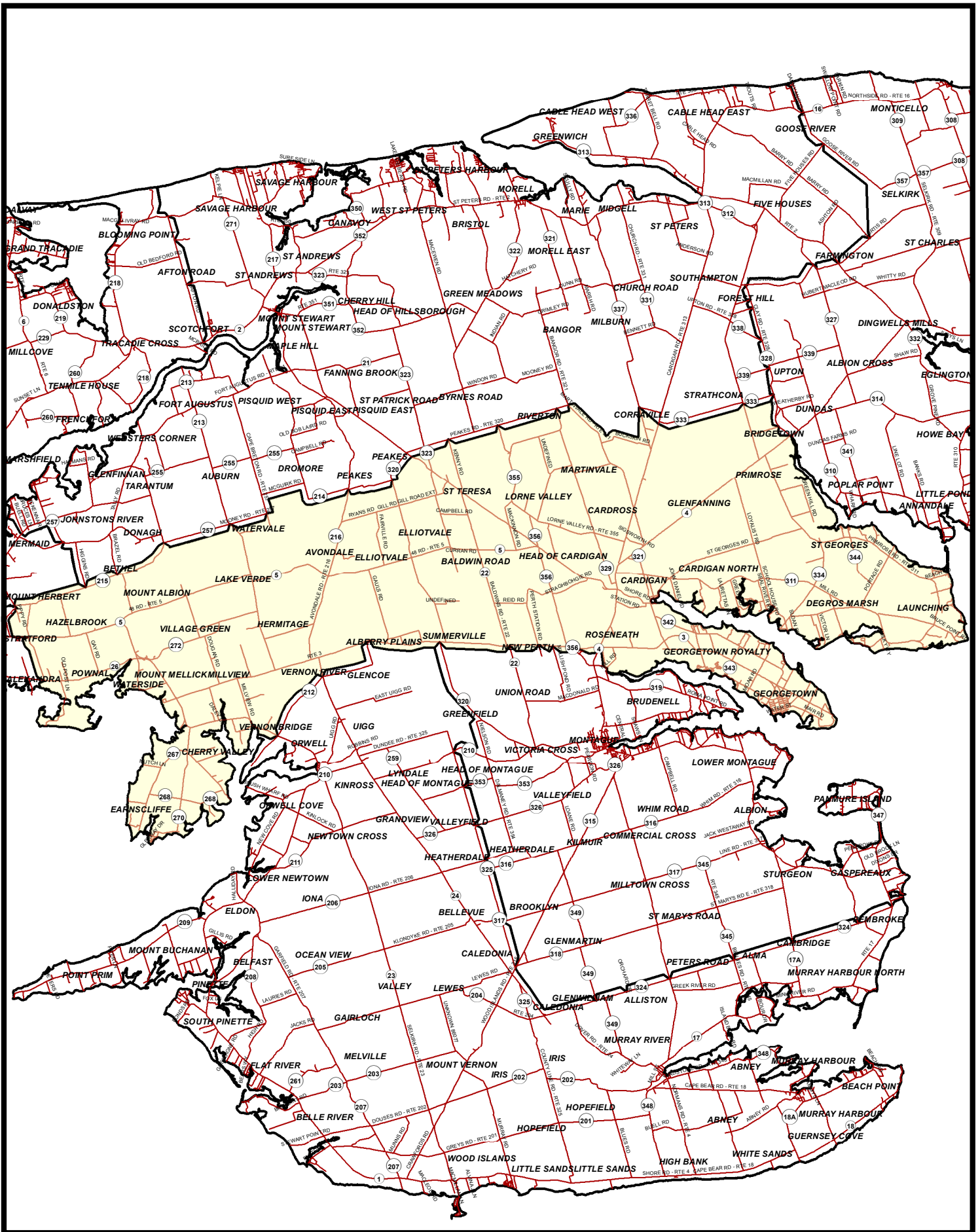


District 1 - Souris - Elmira

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

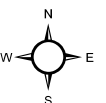
ALBION CROSS
ANNANDALE
BAY FORTUNE
BEAR RIVER NORTH
BEAR RIVER SOUTH
BRIDGETOWN (portion of)
CHEPSTOW
DINGWELLS MILLS
DUNDAS
EAST BALTIC
EAST POINT
EGLINGTON
ELMIRA
FARMINGTON (portion of)
FIVE HOUSES (portion of)
FOREST HILL (portion of)
FORTUNE BRIDGE
GOOSE RIVER (portion of)
GOWANBRAE
HOWE BAY
KINGSBORO
LAKEVILLE
LITTLE HARBOUR
LITTLE POND
MONTICELLO
NEW ZEALAND
NORTH LAKE
POPLAR POINT
PRIEST POND
RED POINT
ROCK BARRA
ROLLO BAY
ROLLO BAY WEST
SELKIRK
SOURIS
SOURIS LINE ROAD
SOURIS WEST
SOUTH LAKE
ST CHARLES
ST MARGARETS
UPTON (portion of)

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 1 - Souris - Elmira



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 2 Georgetown - Pownal



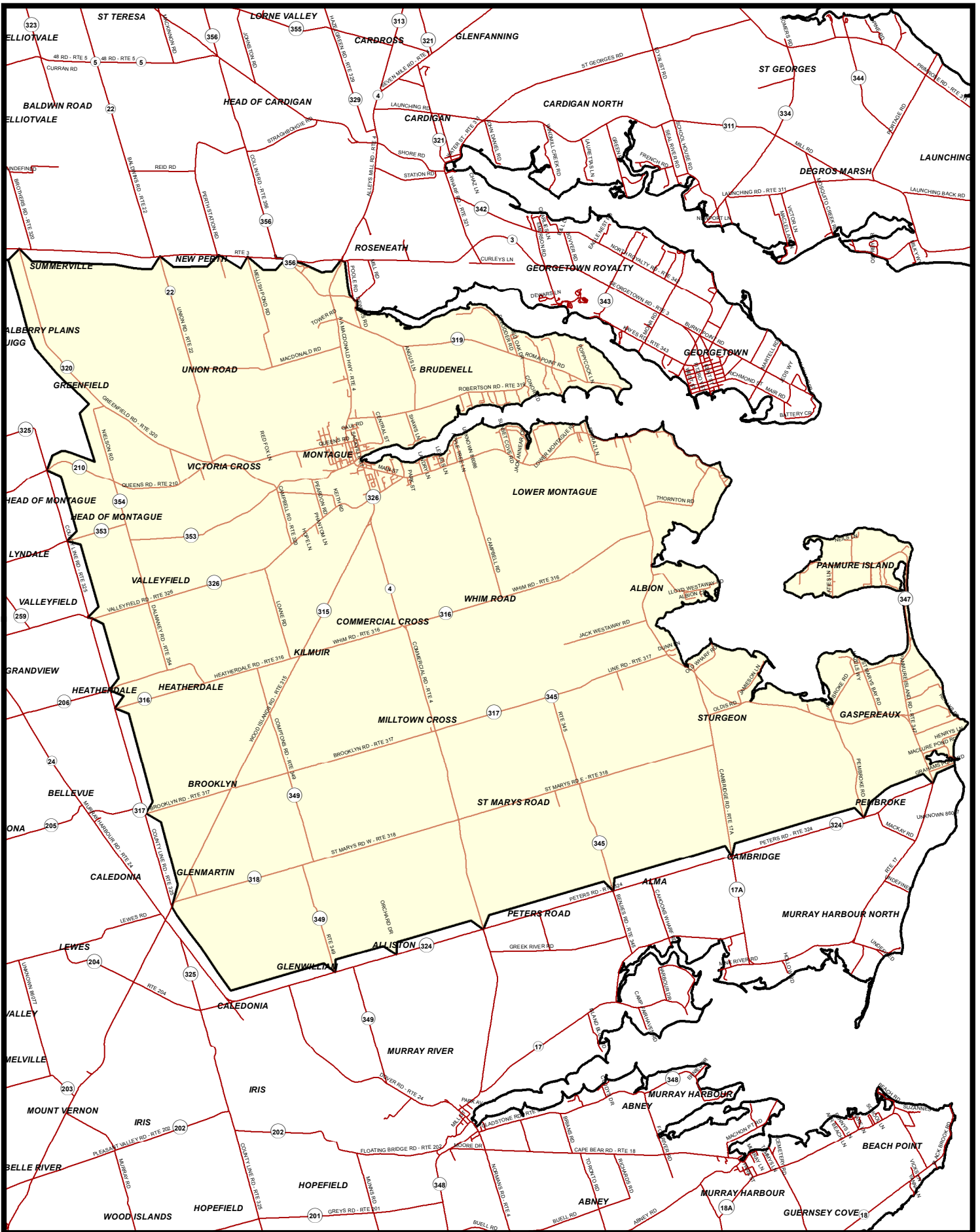
0 1 2 4 6 8
 Kilometers

District 2 - Georgetown - Pownal

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

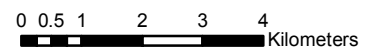
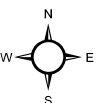
ALBERRY PLAINS (portion of)	MARTINVALE (portion of)
ALEXANDRA (portion of)	MILLVIEW
AVONDALE	MOUNT ALBION
BALDWIN ROAD	MOUNT HERBERT (portion of)
BETHEL (portion of)	MOUNT MELLICK
BRIDGETOWN (portion of)	NEW PERTH (portion of)
BYRNES ROAD (portion of)	PEAKES (portion of)
CARDIGAN	POWNAL
CARDIGAN NORTH	PRIMROSE
CARDROSS	RIVERTON (portion of)
CHERRY VALLEY	ROSENEATH (portion of)
CORRAVILLE (portion of)	ST GEORGES
DEGROS MARSH	ST TERESA
DONAGH (portion of)	STRATHCONA (portion of)
DROMORE (portion of)	SUMMERVILLE (portion of)
EARNSCLIFFE	UPTON (portion of)
ELLIOTVALE	VERNON BRIDGE (portion of)
GEORGETOWN	VERNON RIVER (portion of)
GEORGETOWN ROYALTY	VILLAGE GREEN
GLENCOE (portion of)	WATERSIDE
GLENFANNING	WATERVALE (portion of)
HAZELBROOK	
HEAD OF CARDIGAN	
HERMITAGE	
LAKE VERDE	
LAUNCHING	
LORNE VALLEY	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 2 - Georgetown - Pownal



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 3 Montague - Kilmuir

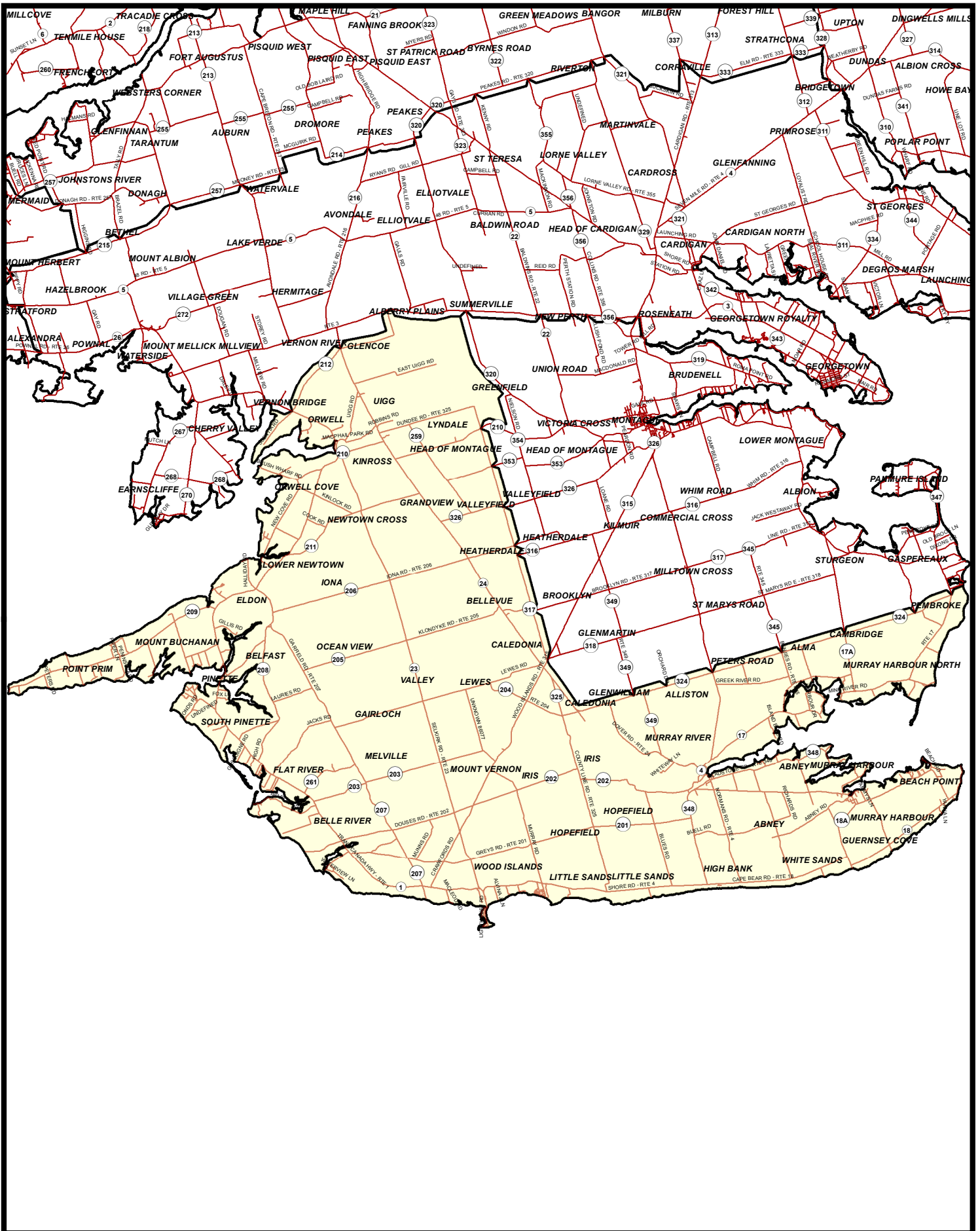


District 3 - Montague - Kilmuir

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

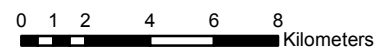
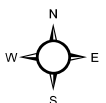
ALBION
ALLISTON (portion of)
ALMA (portion of)
BROOKLYN (portion of)
BRUDENELL
CALEDONIA (portion of)
CAMBRIDGE (portion of)
COMMERCIAL CROSS
GASPEREAUX (portion of)
GLENMARTIN (portion of)
GLENWILLIAM (portion of)
GREENFIELD (portion of)
HEAD OF MONTAGUE (portion of)
HEATHERDALE (portion of)
KILMUIR
LOWER MONTAGUE
MILLTOWN CROSS
MONTAGUE
NEW PERTH (portion of)
PANMURE ISLAND
PEMBROKE (portion of)
PETERS ROAD (portion of)
ROSENEATH (portion of)
ST MARYS ROAD
STURGEON
SUMMERVILLE (portion of)
UNION ROAD
VALLEYFIELD (portion of)
VICTORIA CROSS
WHIM ROAD

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 3 - Montague - Kilmuir



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 4 Belfast - Murray River

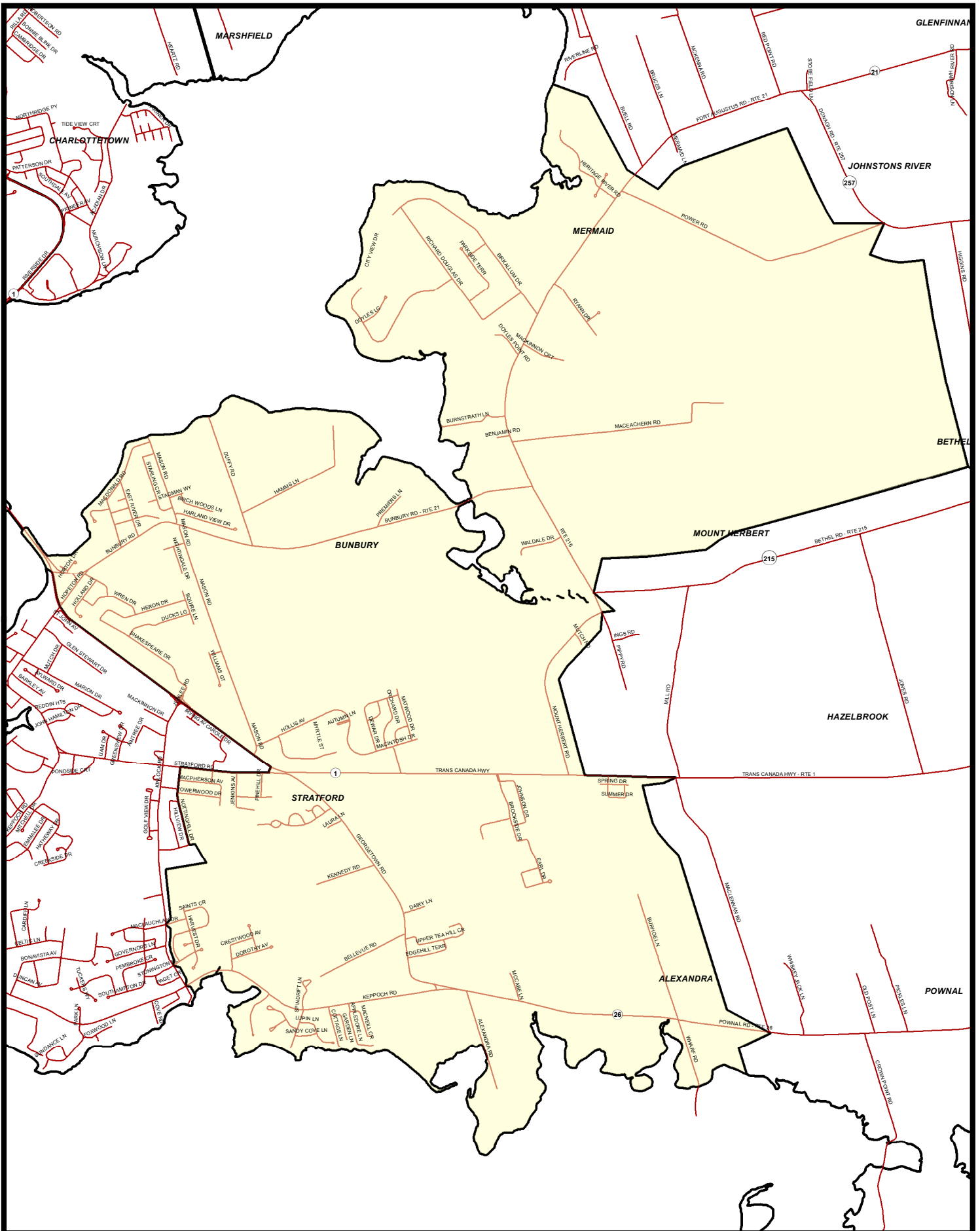


District 4 - Belfast - Murray River

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

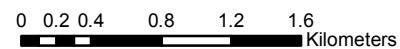
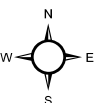
ABNEY	MELVILLE
ALBERRY PLAINS (portion of)	MOUNT BUCHANAN
ALLISTON (portion of)	MOUNT VERNON
ALMA (portion of)	MURRAY HARBOUR
BEACH POINT	MURRAY HARBOUR NORTH
BELFAST	MURRAY RIVER
BELLE RIVER	NEWTOWN CROSS
BELLEVUE	OCEAN VIEW
BROOKLYN (portion of)	ORWELL
CALEDONIA (portion of)	ORWELL COVE
CAMBRIDGE (portion of)	PEMBROKE (portion of)
ELDON	PETERS ROAD (portion of)
FLAT RIVER	PINETTE
GAIRLOCH	POINT PRIM
GASPEREAUX (portion of)	SOUTH PINETTE
GLENCOE (portion of)	SUMMERVILLE (portion of)
GLENMARTIN (portion of)	UIGG
GLENWILLIAM (portion of)	VALLEY
GRANDVIEW	VALLEYFIELD (portion of)
GREENFIELD (portion of)	VERNON BRIDGE (portion of)
GUERNSEY COVE	VERNON RIVER (portion of)
HEAD OF MONTAGUE (portion of)	WHITE SANDS
HEATHERDALE (portion of)	WOOD ISLANDS
HIGH BANK	
HOPEFIELD	
IONA	
IRIS	
KINROSS	
LEWES	
LITTLE SANDS	
LOWER NEWTOWN	
LYNDALE	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 4 - Belfast - Murray River



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 5 Mermaid - Stratford



District 5 - Mermaid - Stratford

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

ALEXANDRA (portion of)

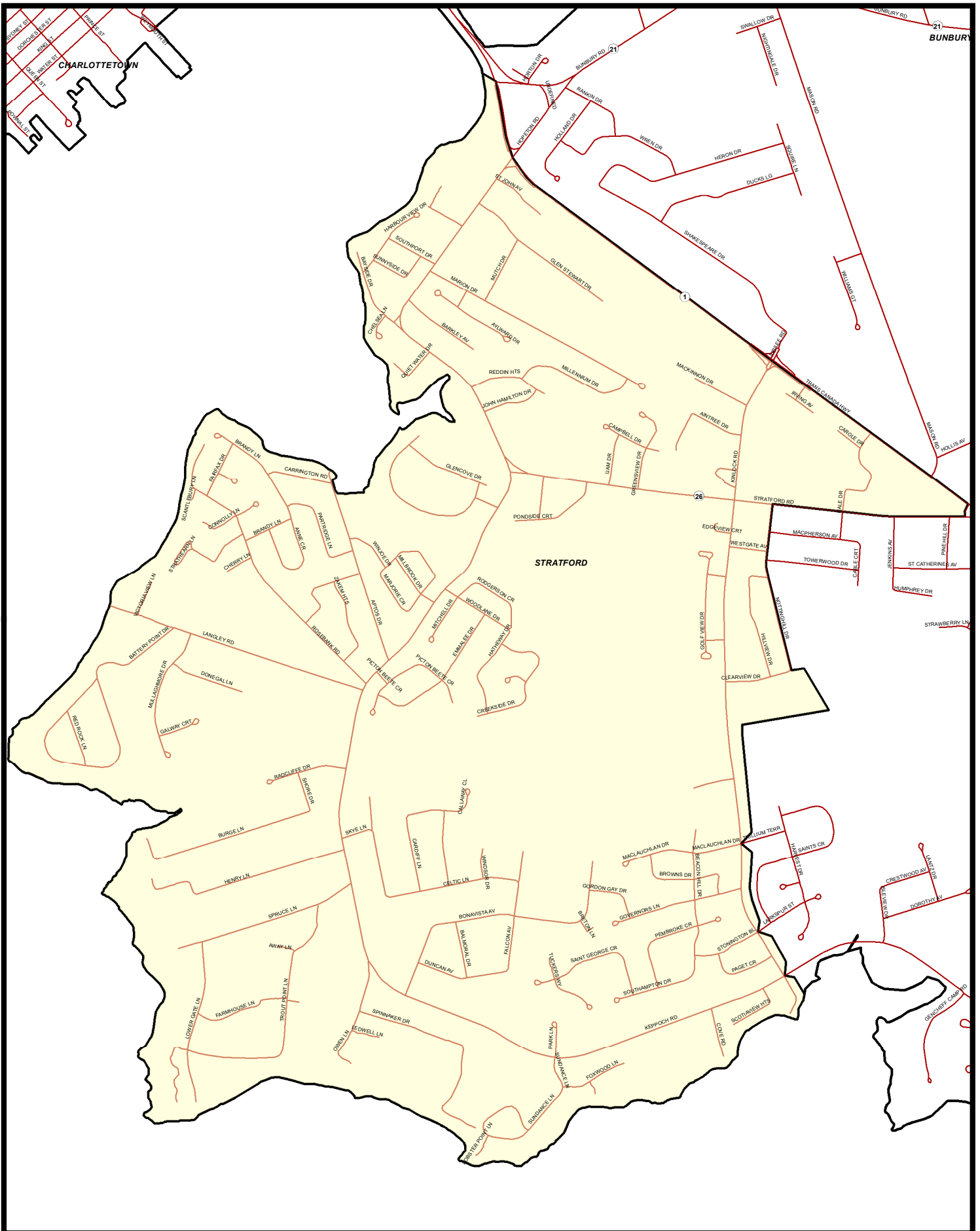
BUNBURY

MERMAID (portion of)

MOUNT HERBERT (portion of)

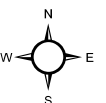
STRATFORD

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 5 - Mermaid - Stratford



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 6 Stratford - Keppoch



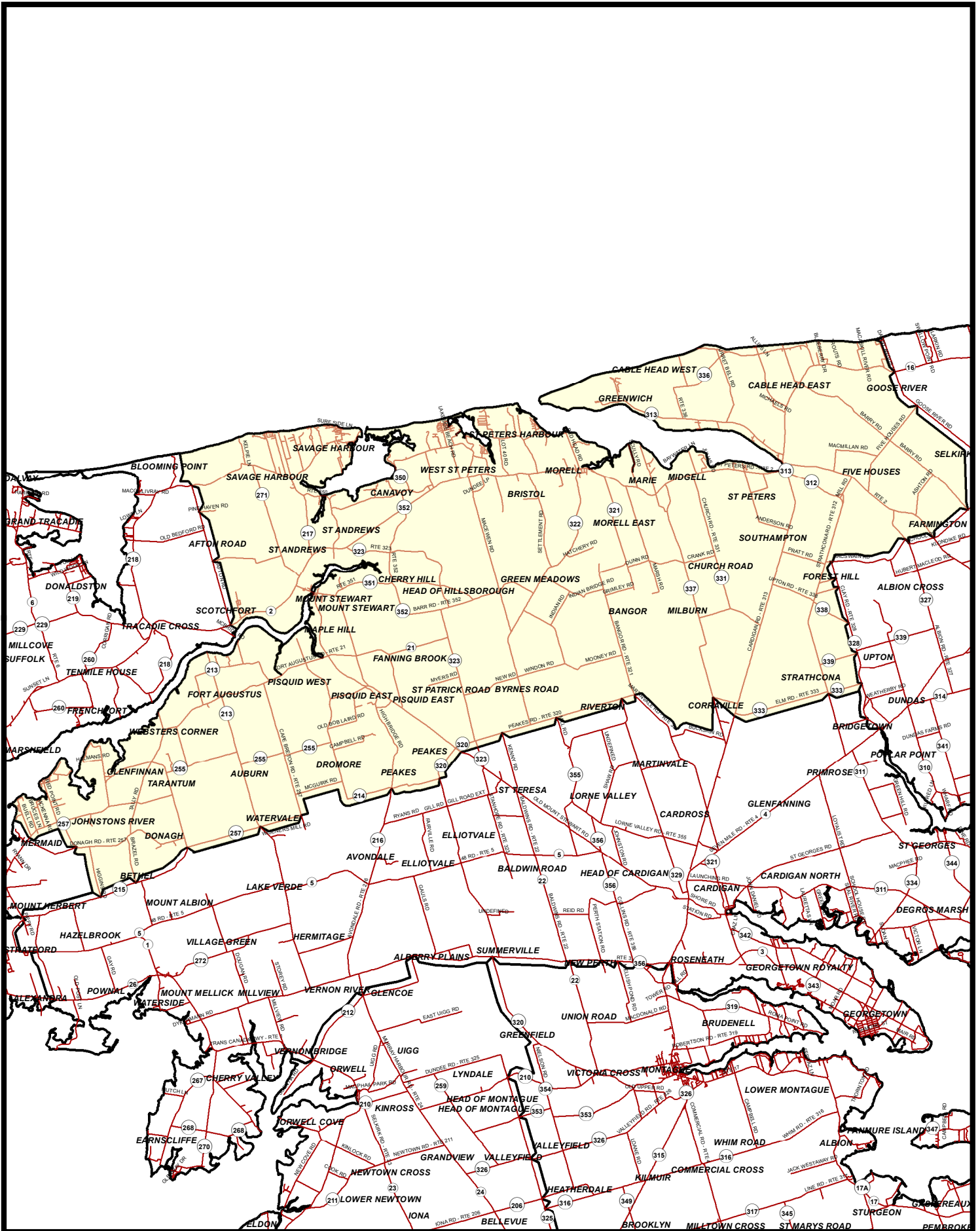
00.07 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6
 Kilometers

District 6 - Stratford - Keppoch

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

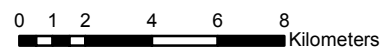
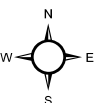
STRATFORD

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 6 - Stratford - Keppoch



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 7 Morell - Donagh

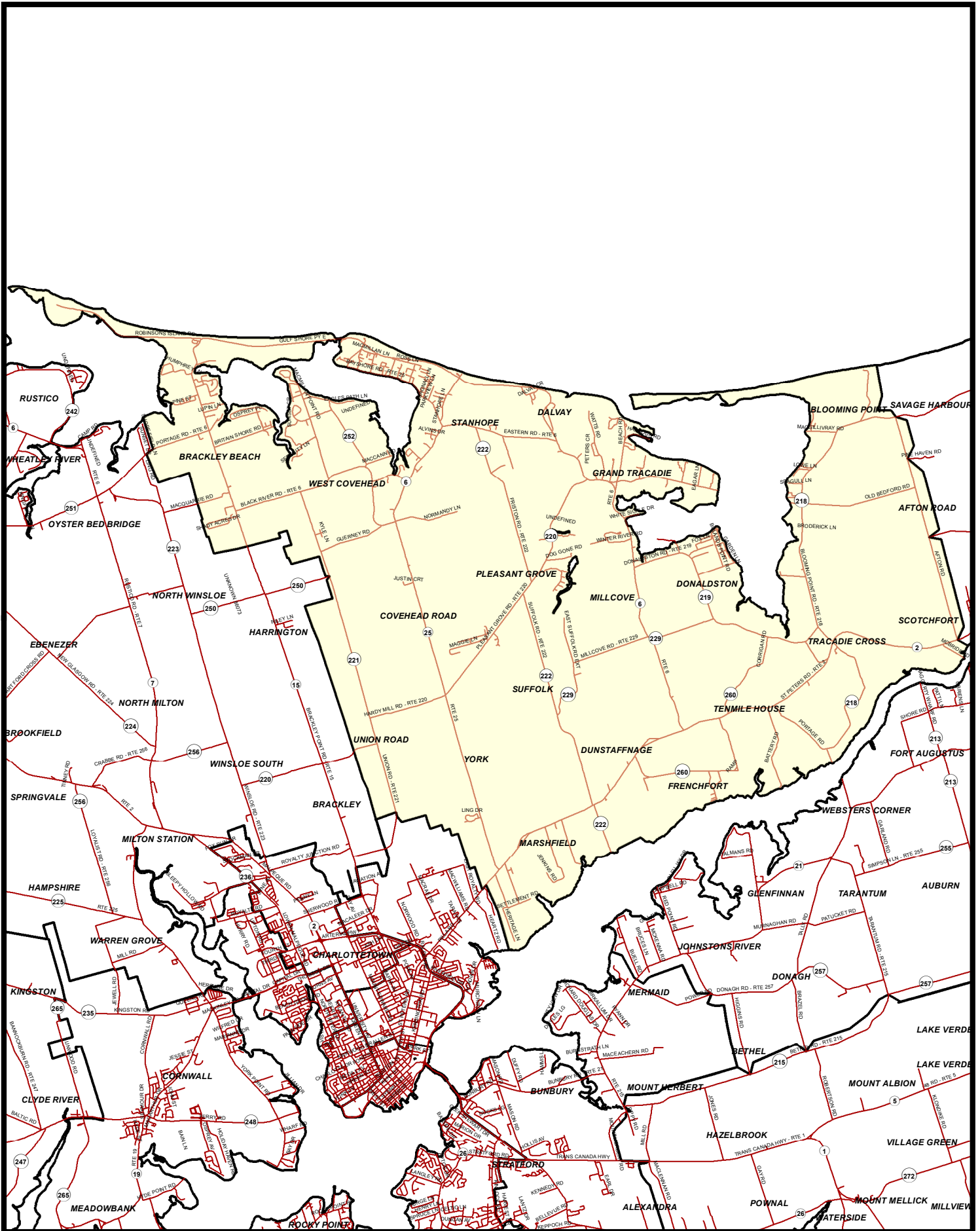


District 7 - Morell - Donagh

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

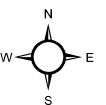
AFTON ROAD (portion of)	MARIE
AUBURN	MARTINVALE (portion of)
BANGOR	MERMAID (portion of)
BETHEL (portion of)	MIDGELL
BLOOMING POINT (portion of)	MILBURN
BRISTOL	MORELL
BYRNES ROAD (portion of)	MORELL EAST
CABLE HEAD EAST	MOUNT STEWART
CABLE HEAD WEST	PEAKES (portion of)
CANAVOY	PISQUID EAST
CHERRY HILL	PISQUID WEST
CHURCH ROAD	RIVERTON (portion of)
CORRAVILLE (portion of)	SAVAGE HARBOUR
DONAGH (portion of)	SCOTCHFORT (portion of)
DROMORE (portion of)	SELKIRK (portion of)
FANNING BROOK	SOUTHAMPTON
FARMINGTON (portion of)	ST ANDREWS
FIVE HOUSES (portion of)	ST PATRICK ROAD
FOREST HILL (portion of)	ST PETERS
FORT AUGUSTUS	ST PETERS HARBOUR
GLENFINNAN	STRATHCONA (portion of)
GOOSE RIVER (portion of)	TARANTUM
GREEN MEADOWS	UPTON (portion of)
GREENWICH	WATERVALE (portion of)
HEAD OF HILLSBOROUGH	WEBSTERS CORNER
JOHNSTONS RIVER	WEST ST PETERS
MAPLE HILL	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 7 - Morell - Donagh



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 8 Stanhope - Marshfield



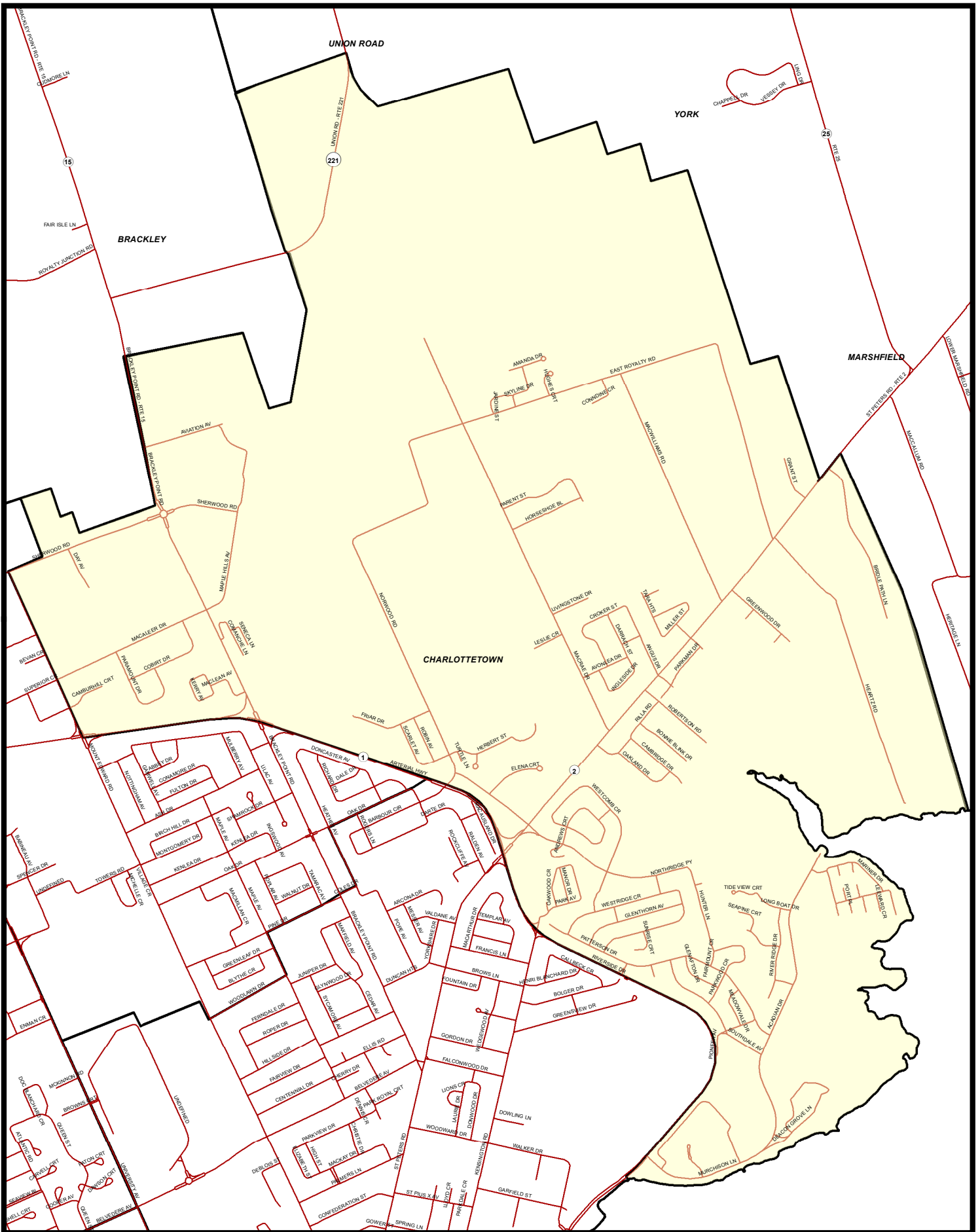
0 0.5 1 2 3 4
 Kilometers

District 8 - Stanhope - Marshfield

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

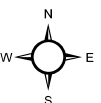
AFTON ROAD (portion of)
BLOOMING POINT (portion of)
BRACKLEY BEACH
COVEHEAD ROAD
DALVAY
DONALDSTON
DUNSTAFFNAGE
FRENCHFORT
GRAND TRACADIE
MARSHFIELD
MILLCOVE
PLEASANT GROVE
SCOTCHFORT (portion of)
STANHOPE
SUFFOLK
TENMILE HOUSE
TRACADIE CROSS
UNION ROAD
WEST COVEHEAD
YORK

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 8 - Stanhope - Marshfield



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 9 Charlottetown - Hillsborough Park



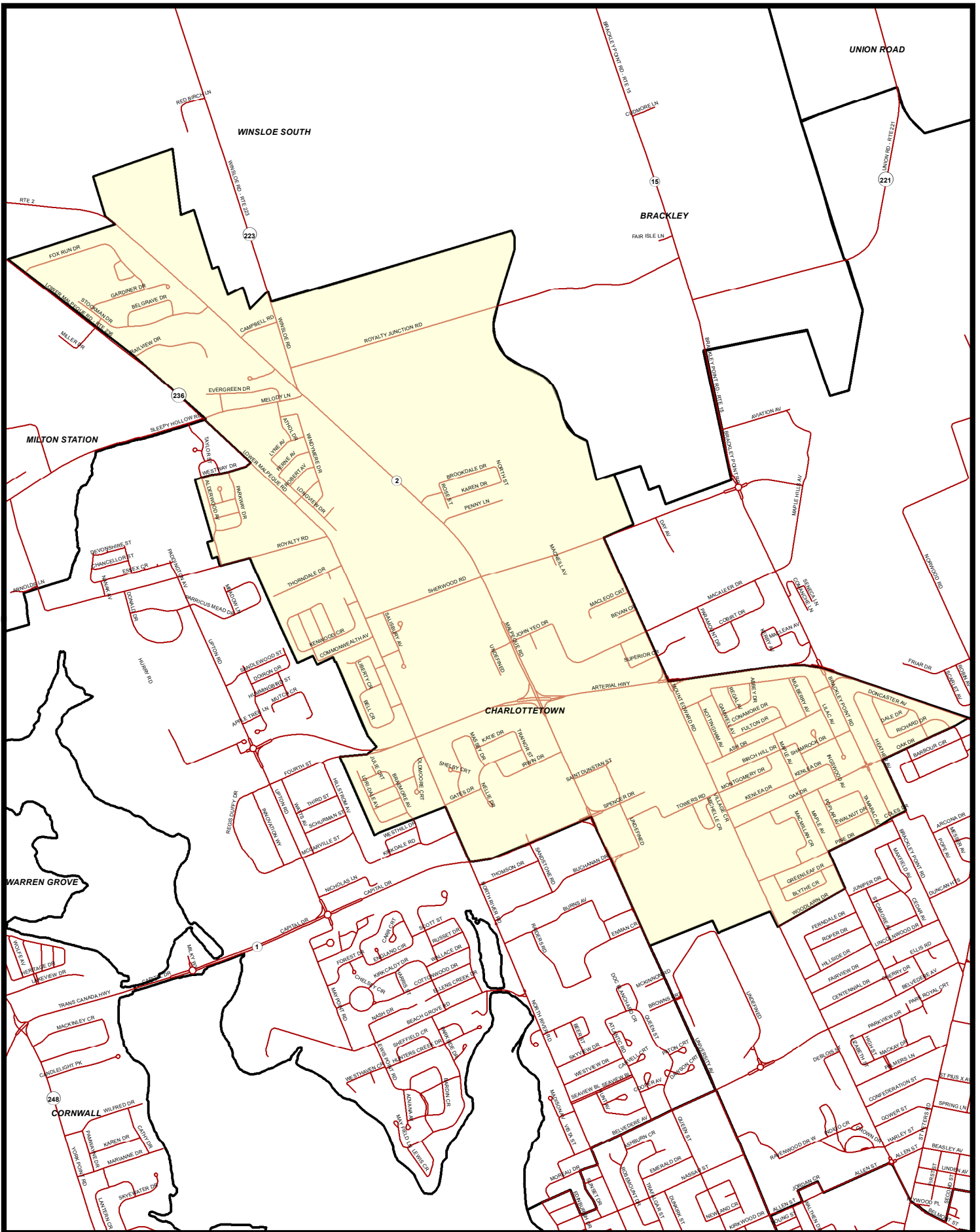
0 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8
 Kilometers

District 9 - Charlottetown - Hillsborough Park

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

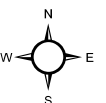
CHARLOTTETOWN

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 9 - Charlottetown - Hillsborough Park



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 10 Charlottetown - Winsloe



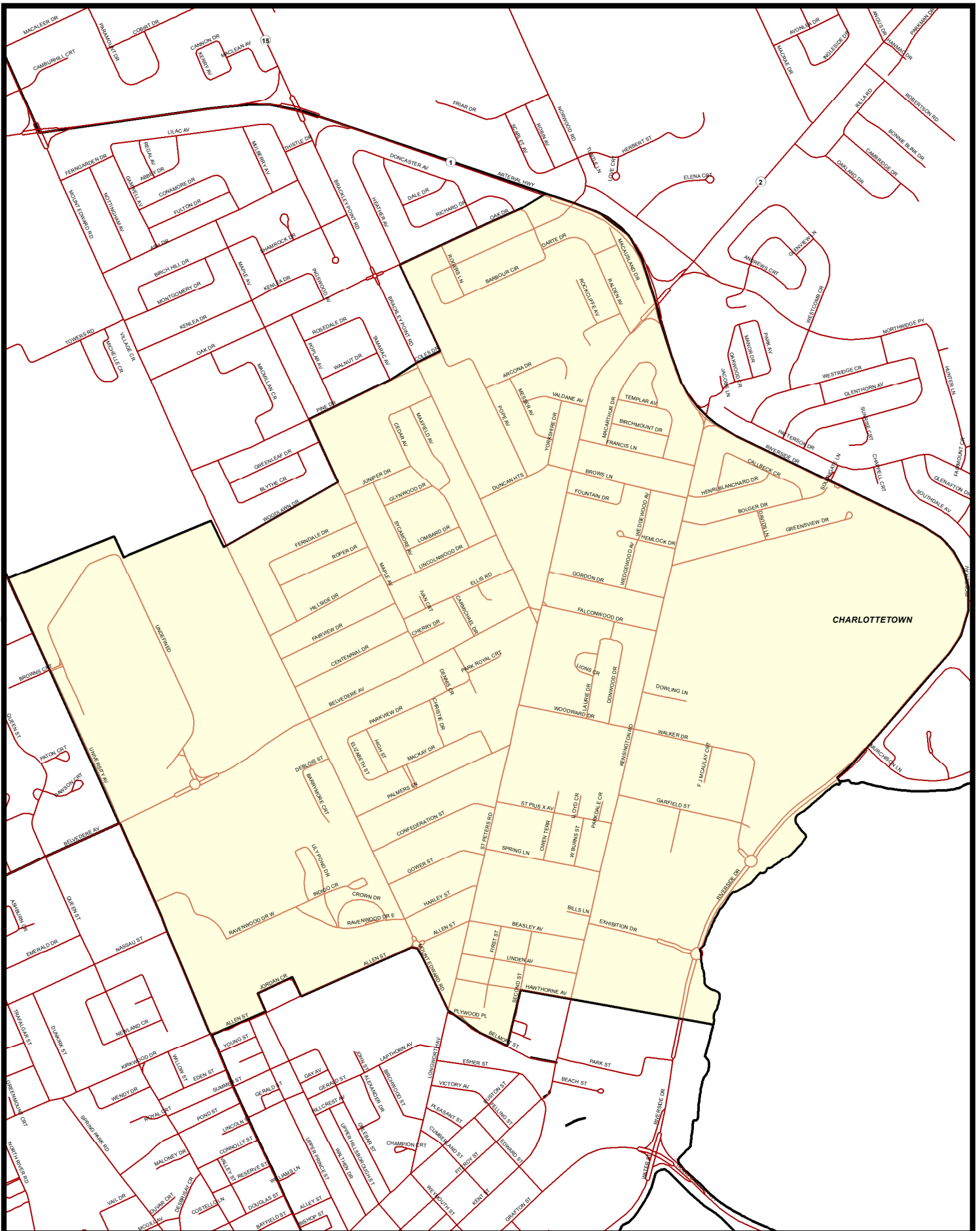
0 0.126.25 0.5 0.75 1
 Kilometers

District 10 - Charlottetown - Winsloe

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

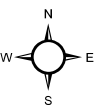
CHARLOTTETOWN

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 10 - Charlottetown - Winsloe



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 11 Charlottetown - Belvedere



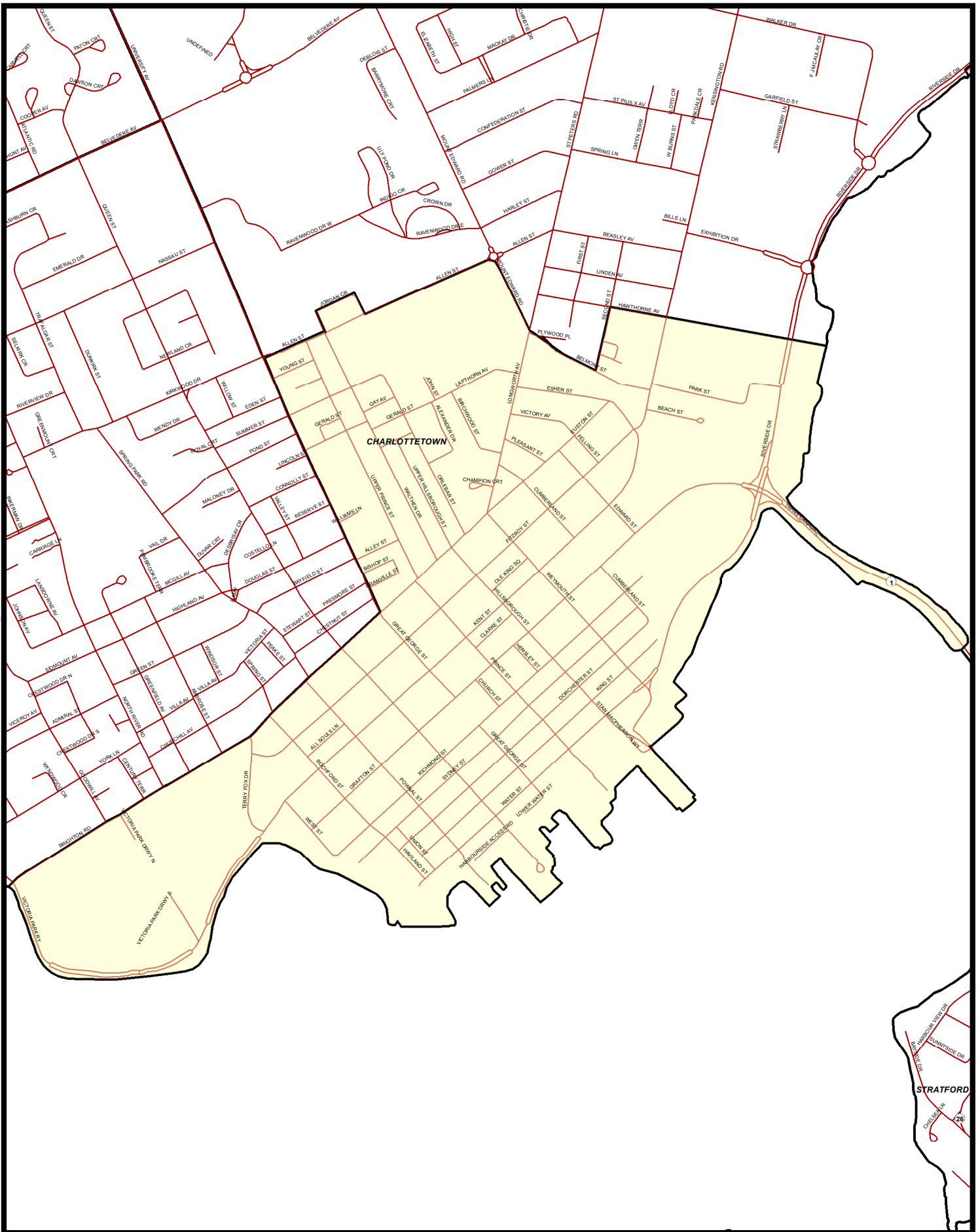
0.0 0.076.15 0.3 0.45 0.6
 Kilometers

District 11 - Charlottetown - Belvedere

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

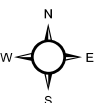
CHARLOTTETOWN

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 11 - Charlottetown - Belvedere



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 12 Charlottetown - Victoria Park



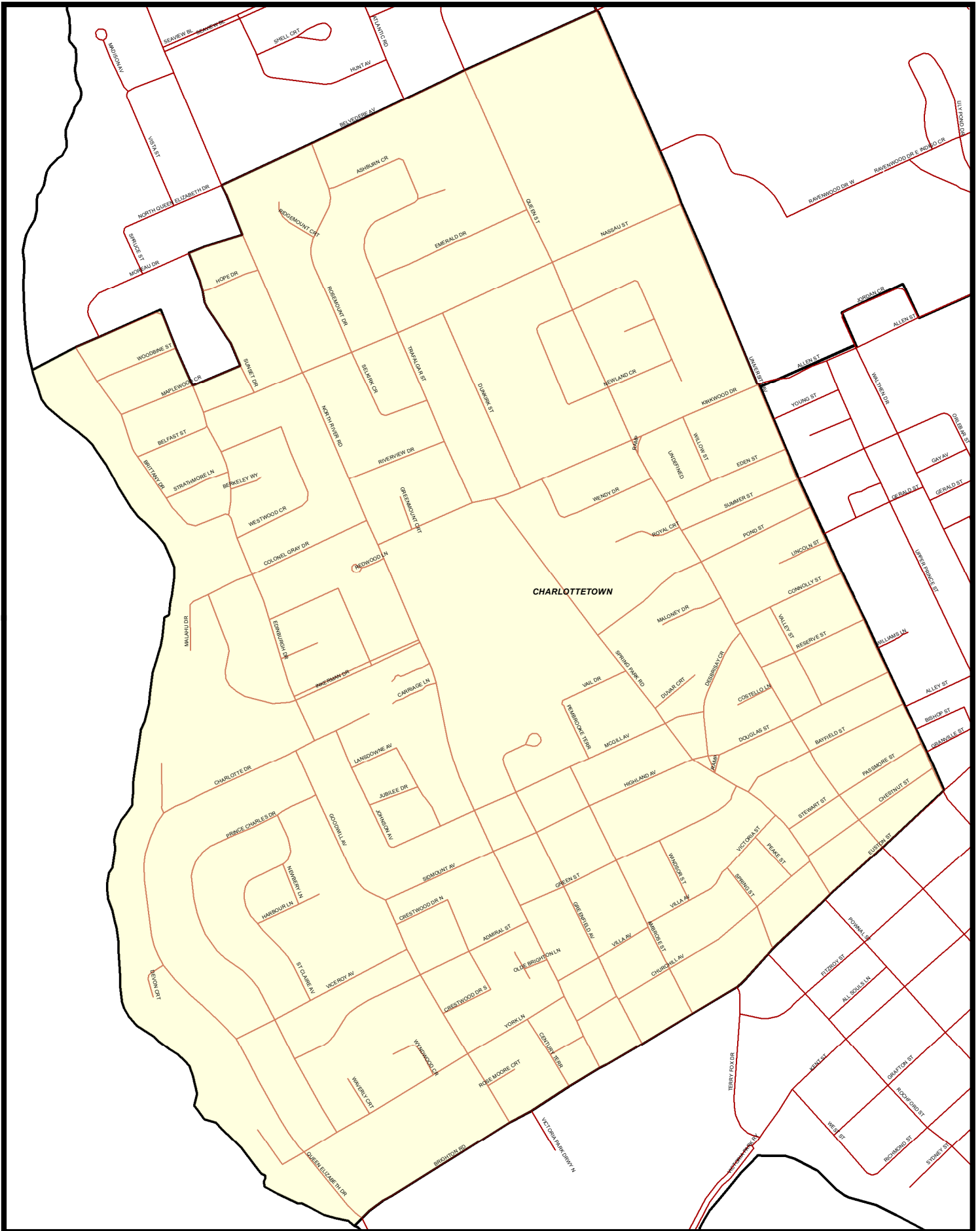
0 0.075 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6
 Kilometers

District 12 - Charlottetown - Victoria Park

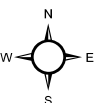
The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

CHARLOTTETOWN

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 12 - Charlottetown - Victoria Park



District 13 Charlottetown - Brighton

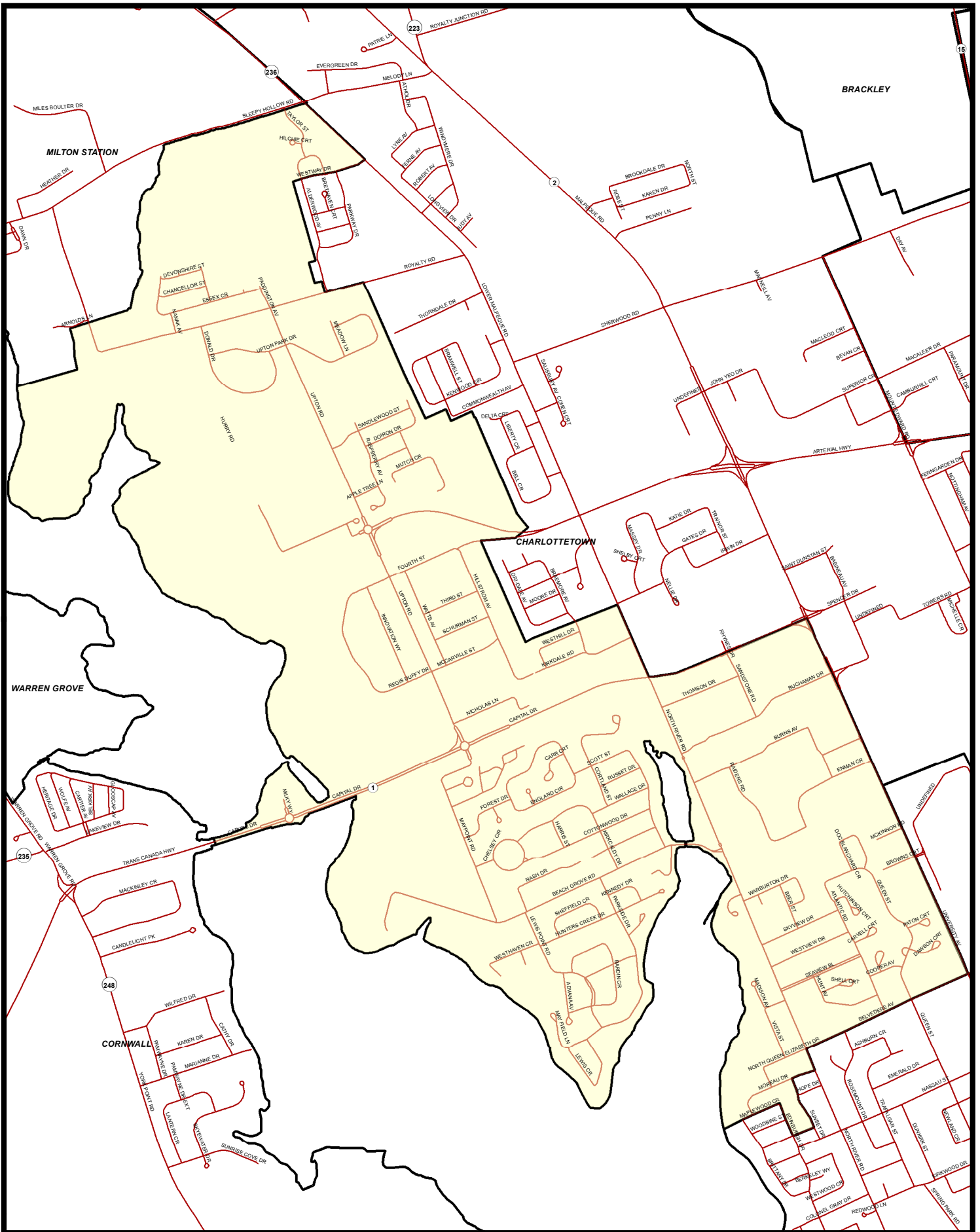


District 13 - Charlottetown - Brighton

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

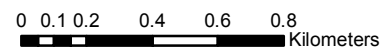
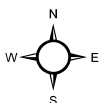
CHARLOTTETOWN

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 13 - Charlottetown - Brighton



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 14 Charlottetown - West Royalty

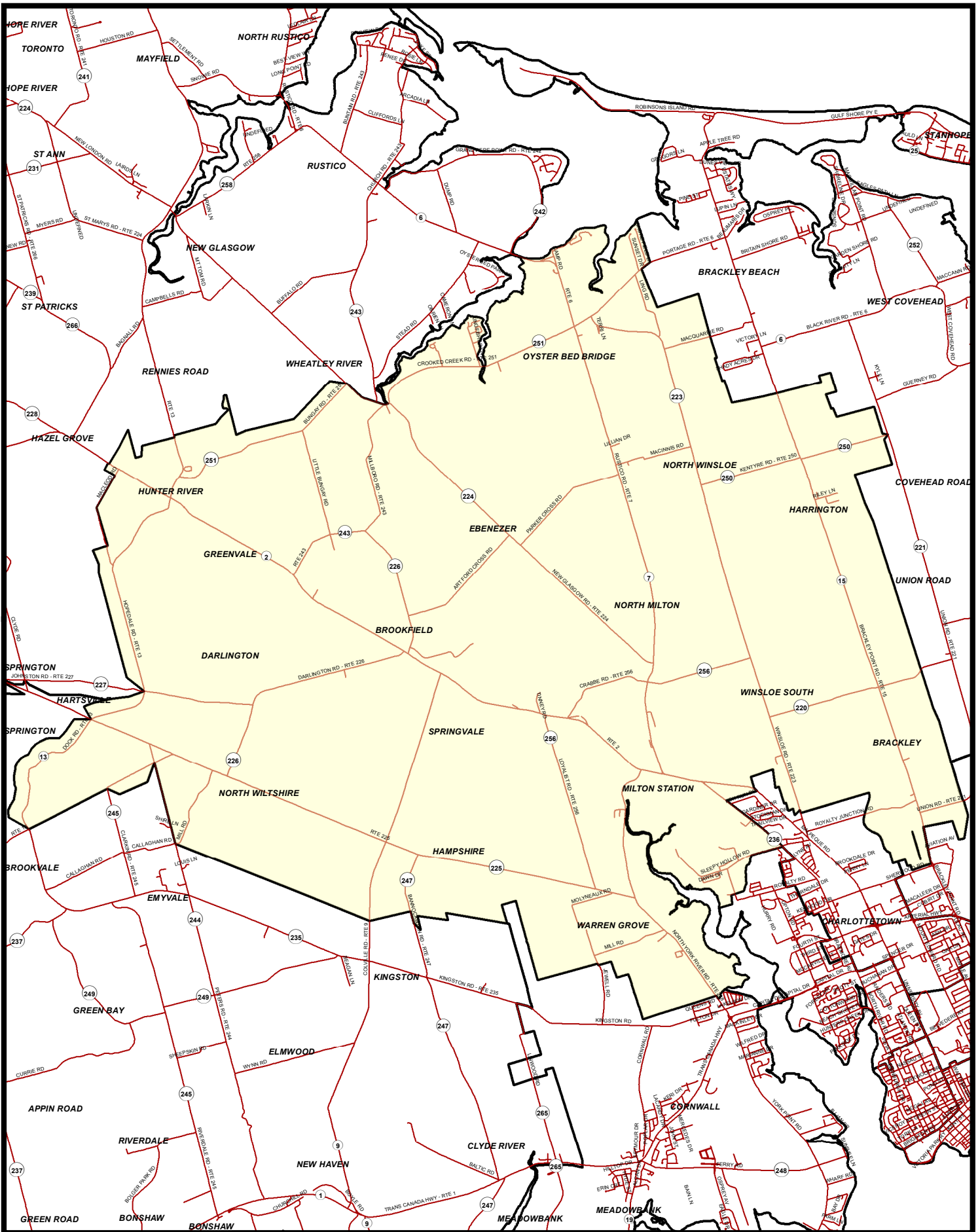


District 14 - Charlottetown - West Royalty

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

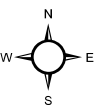
CHARLOTTETOWN

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 14 - Charlottetown - West Royalty



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 15 Brackley - Hunter River



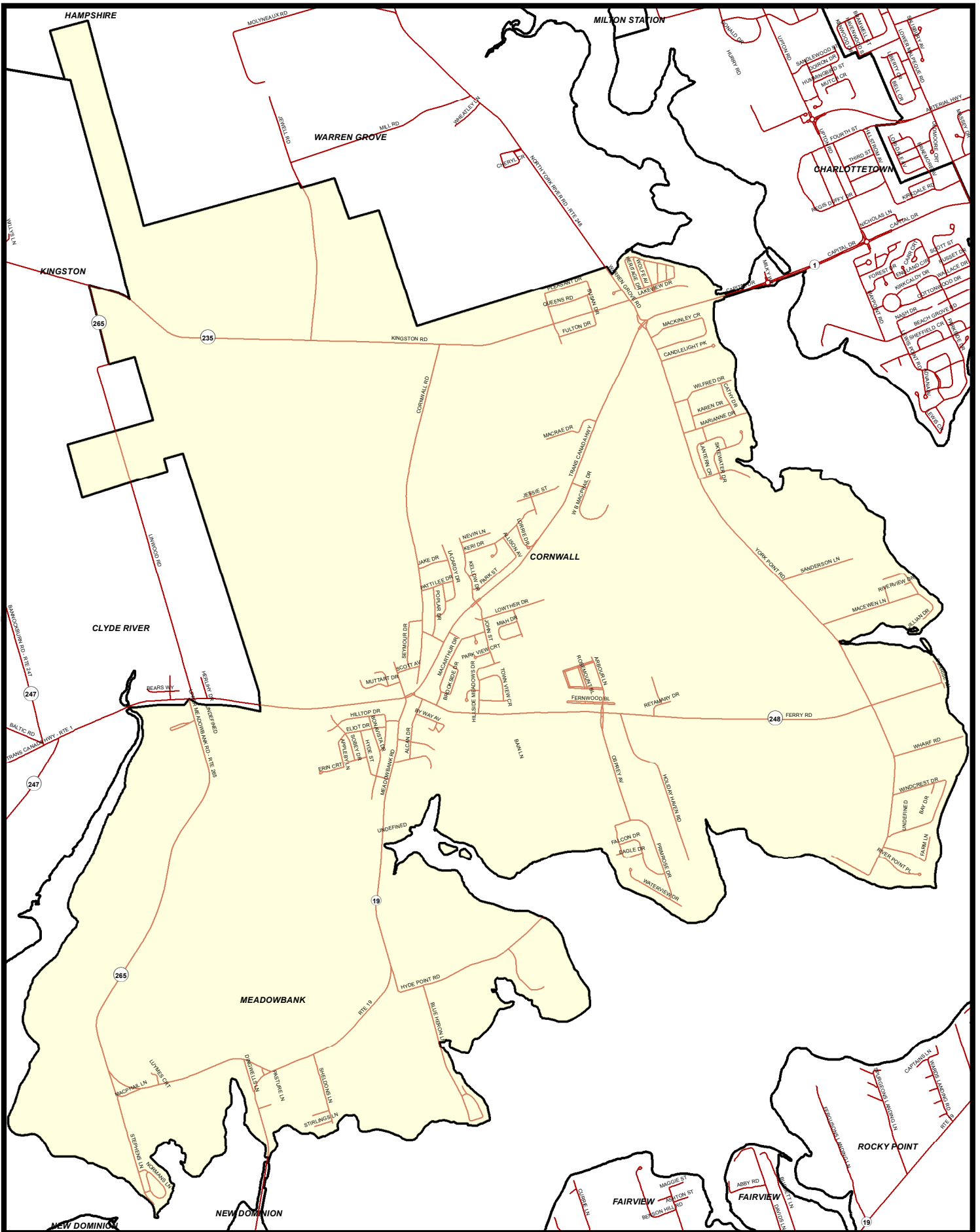
0 0.5 1 2 3 4
 Kilometers

District 15 - Brackley - Hunter River

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

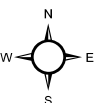
BRACKLEY
BROOKFIELD
DARLINGTON (portion of)
EBENEZER
GREENVALE
HAMPSHIRE
HARRINGTON
HARTSVILLE (portion of)
HUNTER RIVER
MILTON STATION
NORTH MILTON
NORTH WILTSHIRE
NORTH WINSLOE
OYSTER BED BRIDGE
SPRINGVALE
WARREN GROVE
WHEATLEY RIVER (portion of)
WINSLOE SOUTH

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 15 - Brackley - Hunter River



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 16 Cornwall - Meadowbank



0.0 0.176.35 0.7 1.05 1.4
 Kilometers

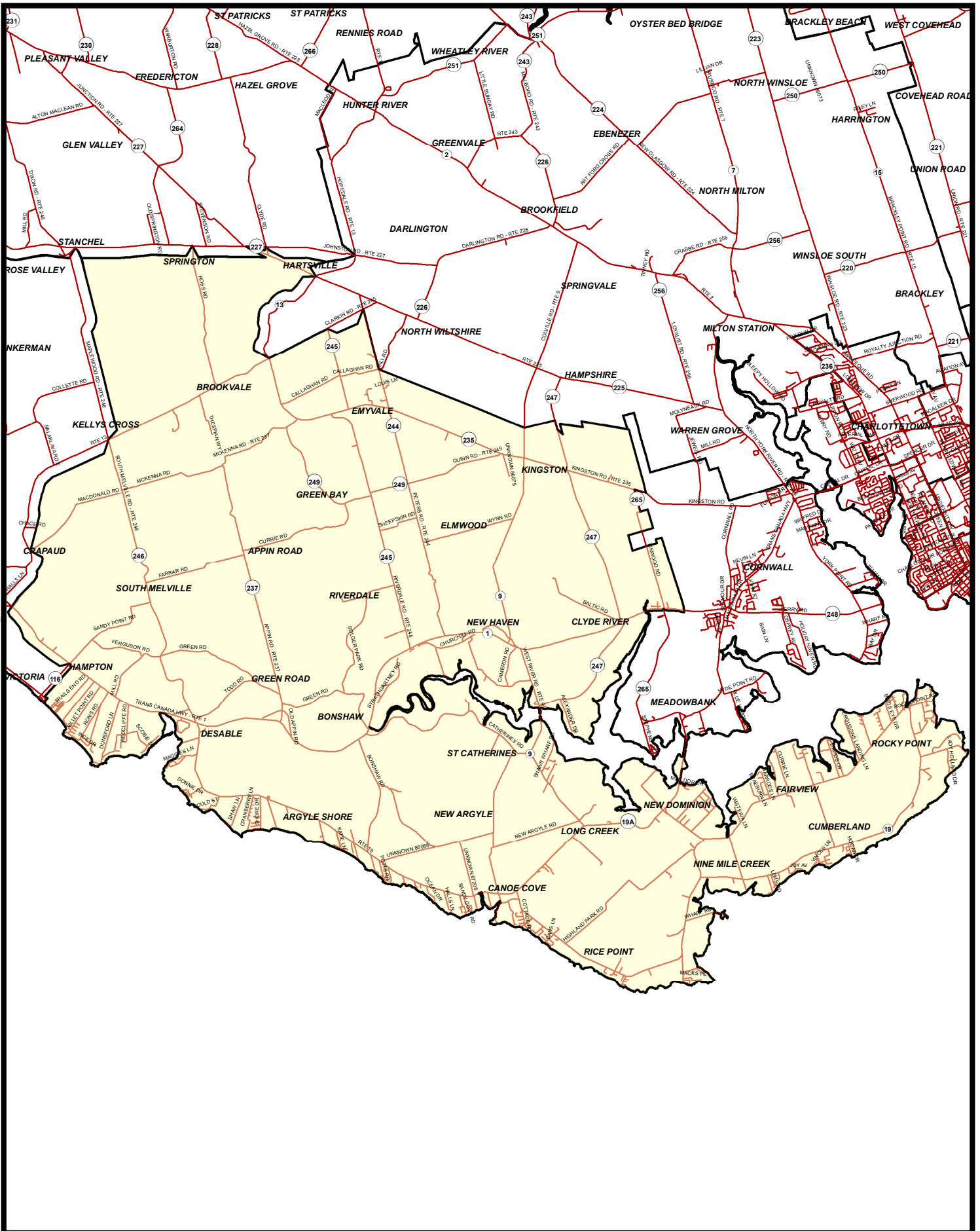
District 16 - Cornwall - Meadowbank

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

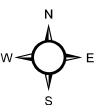
CORNWALL

MEADOWBANK

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 16 - Cornwall - Meadowbank



District 17 New Haven - Rocky Point

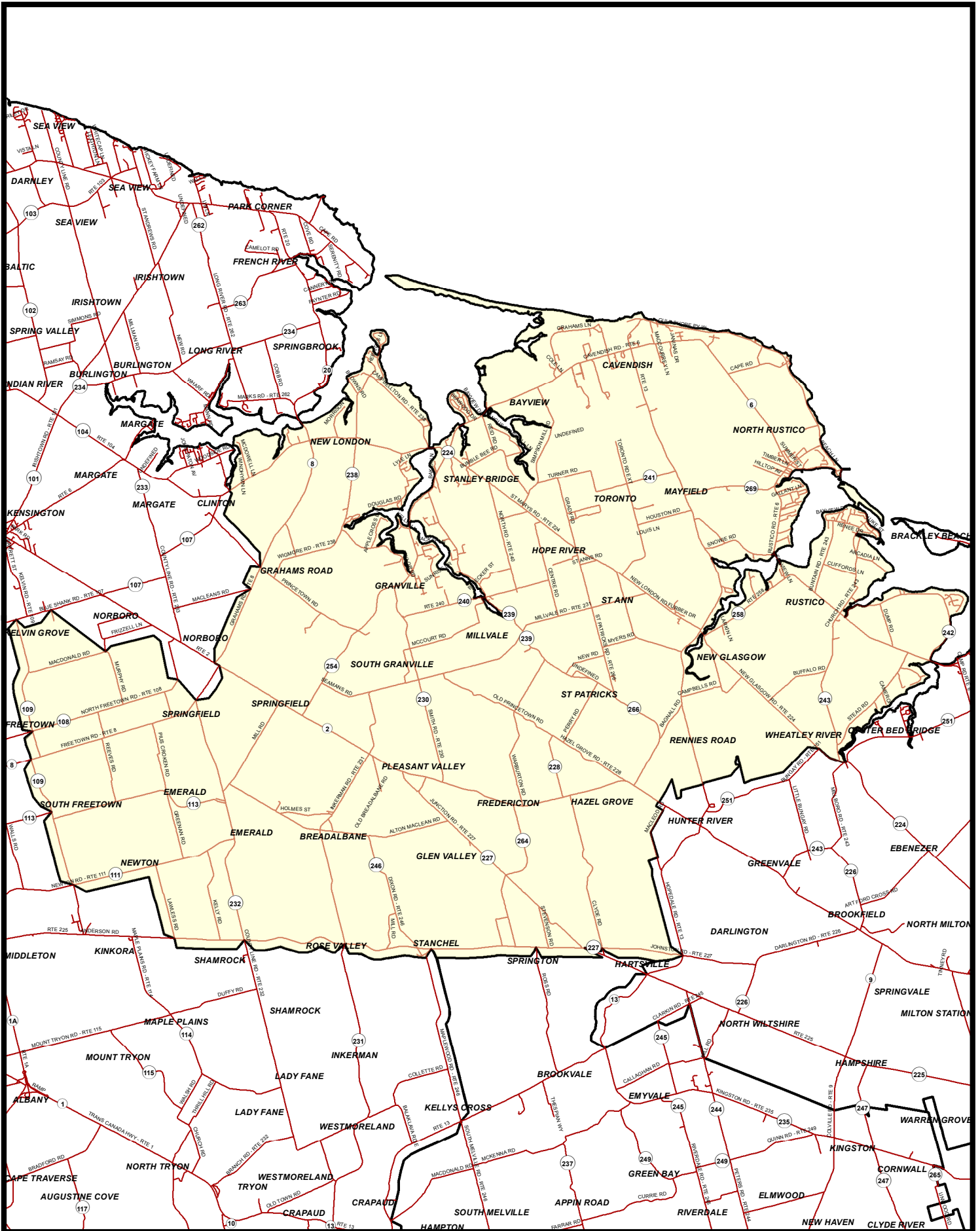


District 17 - New Haven - Rocky Point

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

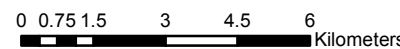
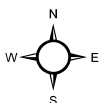
APPIN ROAD
ARGYLE SHORE
BONSHAW
BROOKVALE
CANOE COVE
CLYDE RIVER
CRAPAUD (portion of)
CUMBERLAND
DESABLE
ELMWOOD
EMYVALE
FAIRVIEW
GREEN BAY
GREEN ROAD
HAMPTON (portion of)
HARTSVILLE (portion of)
KELLYS CROSS (portion of)
KINGSTON
LONG CREEK
NEW ARGYLE
NEW DOMINION
NEW HAVEN
NINE MILE CREEK
RICE POINT
RIVERDALE
ROCKY POINT
SOUTH MELVILLE
SPRINGTON (portion of)
ST CATHERINES
STANCHEL (portion of)

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 17 - New Haven - Rocky Point



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 18 Rustico - Emerald

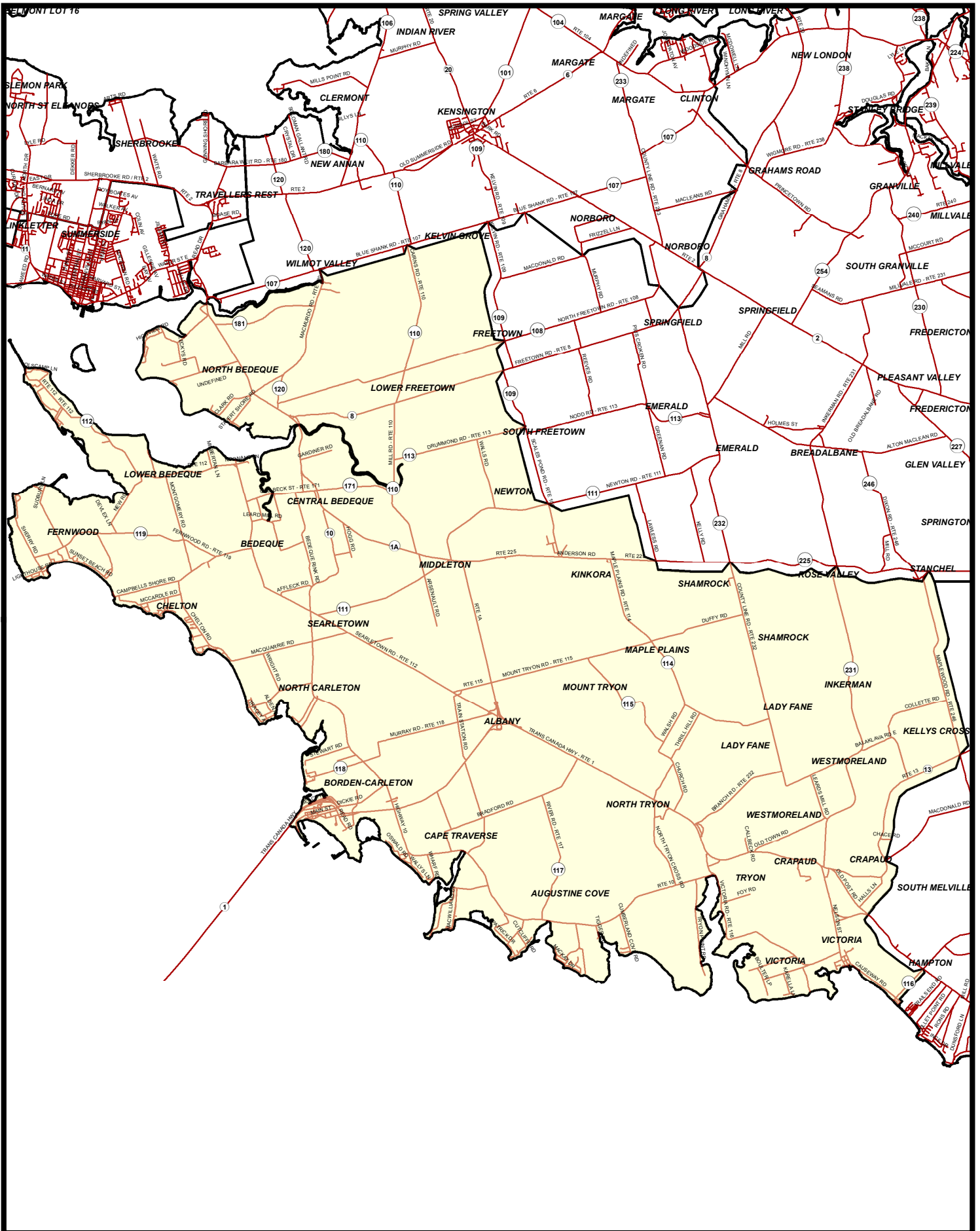


District 18 - Rustico - Emerald

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

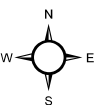
BAYVIEW	NEWTON (portion of)
BREADALBANE	NORBORO (portion of)
CAVENDISH	NORTH RUSTICO
CLINTON (portion of)	PLEASANT VALLEY
DARLINGTON (portion of)	RENNIES ROAD
EMERALD	ROSE VALLEY (portion of)
FREDERICTON	RUSTICO
FREETOWN (portion of)	SHAMROCK
GLEN VALLEY	SOUTH FREETOWN (portion of)
GRAHAMS ROAD (portion of)	SOUTH GRANVILLE
GRANVILLE	SPRINGFIELD (portion of)
HARTSVILLE (portion of)	SPRINGTON (portion of)
HAZEL GROVE	ST ANN
HOPE RIVER	ST PATRICKS
KELVIN GROVE (portion of)	STANCHEL (portion of)
KINKORA (portion of)	STANLEY BRIDGE
MAYFIELD	TORONTO
MILLVALE	WHEATLEY RIVER (portion of)
NEW GLASGOW	
NEW LONDON	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 18 - Rustico - Emerald



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 19 Borden - Kinkora



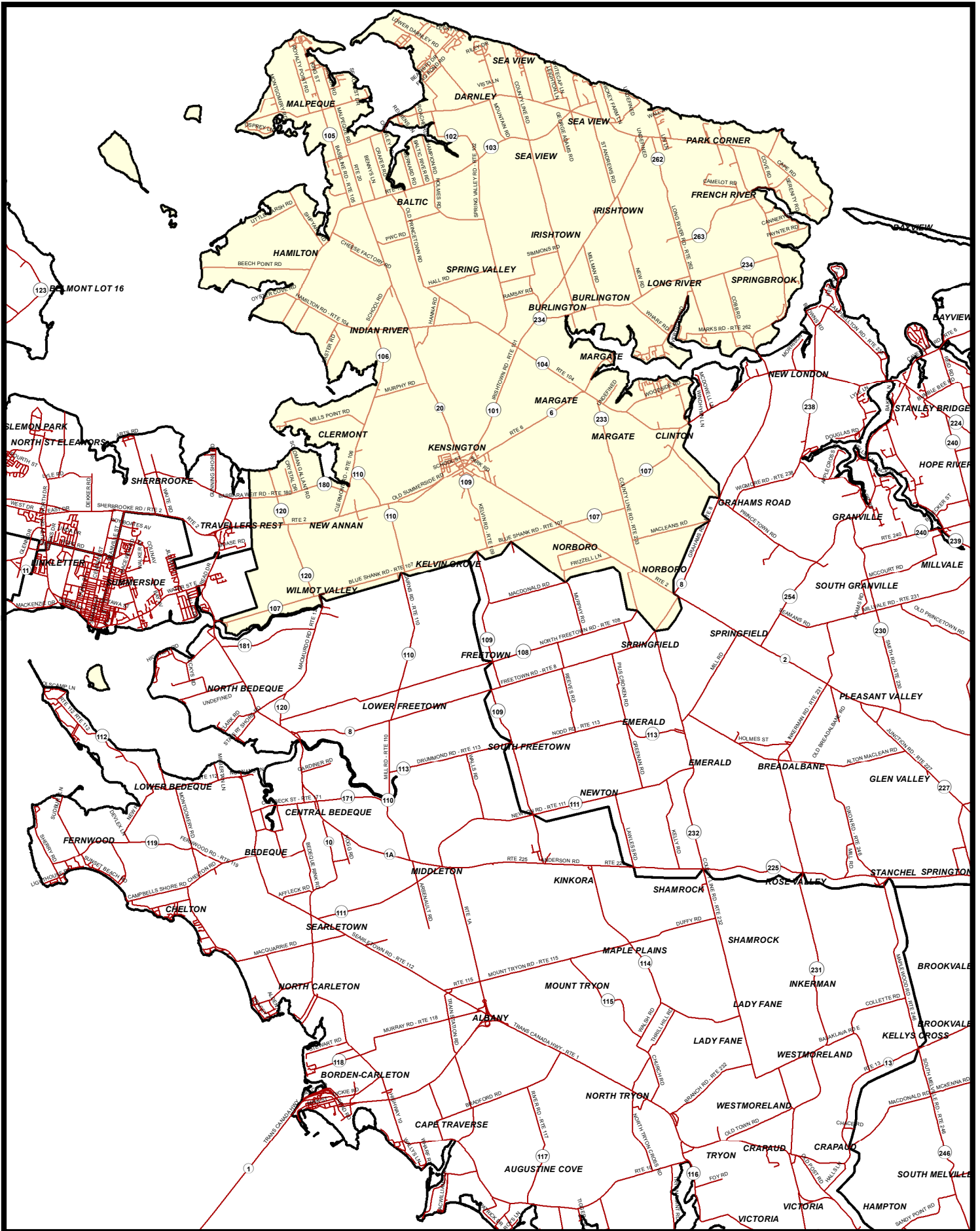
0 0.5 1 2 3 4
 Kilometers

District 19 - Borden - Kinkora

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

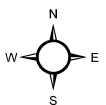
ALBANY	NEWTON (portion of)
AUGUSTINE COVE	NORTH BEDEQUE
BEDEQUE	NORTH CARLETON
BORDEN-CARLETON	NORTH TRYON
CAPE TRAVERSE	ROSE VALLEY (portion of)
CENTRAL BEDEQUE	SEARLETOWN
CHELTON	SHAMROCK (portion of)
CRAPAUD (portion of)	SOUTH FREETOWN (portion of)
FERNWOOD	STANCHEL (portion of)
FREETOWN (portion of)	TRYON
HAMPTON (portion of)	VICTORIA
INKERMAN	WESTMORELAND
KELLYS CROSS (portion of)	WILMOT VALLEY (portion of)
KELVIN GROVE (portion of)	
KINKORA (portion of)	
LADY FANE	
LOWER BEDEQUE	
LOWER FREETOWN	
MAPLE PLAINS	
MIDDLETON	
MOUNT TRYON	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 19 - Borden - Kinkora



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 20 Kensington - Malpeque



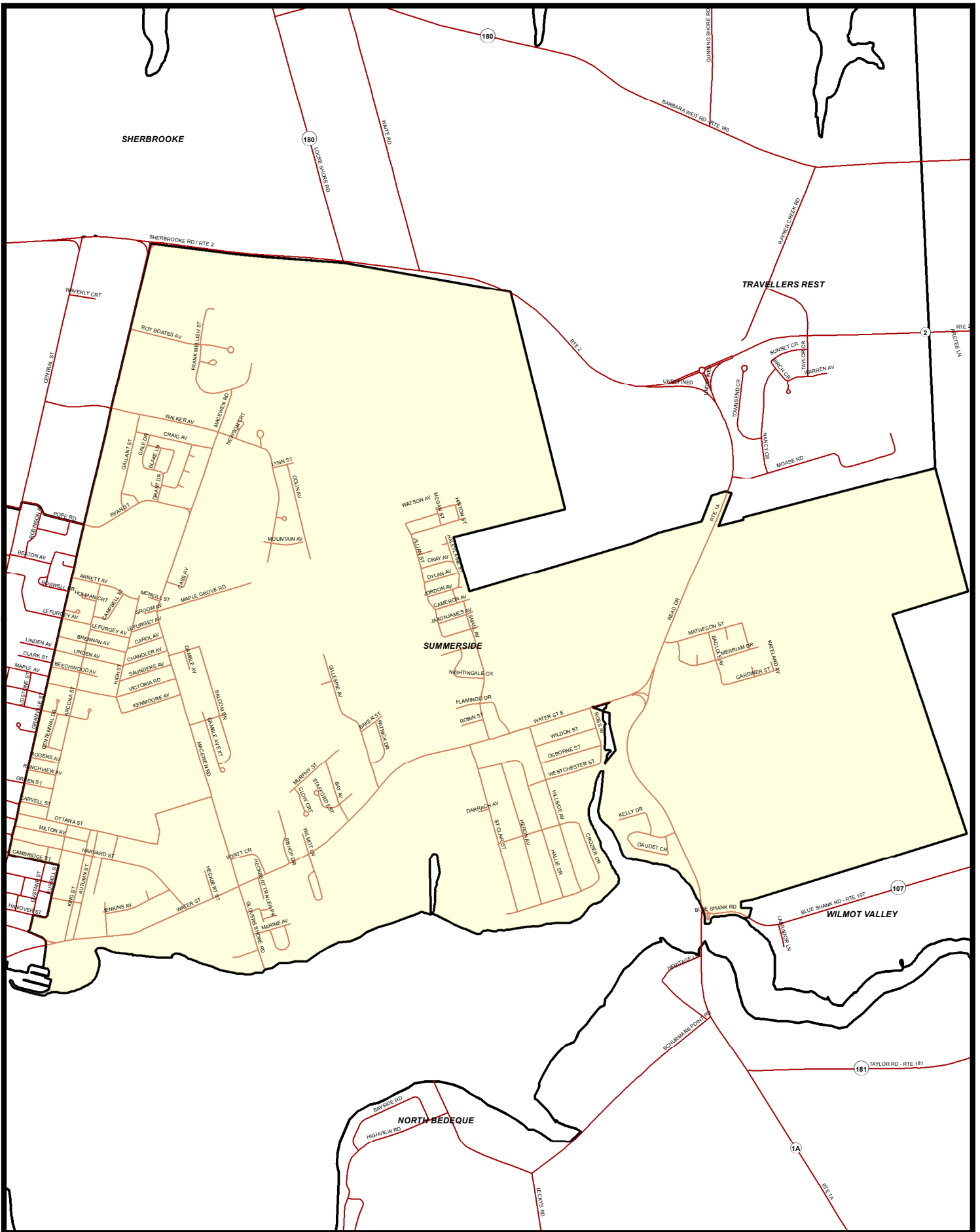
0 0.75 1.5 3 4.5 6 Kilometers

District 20 - Kensington - Malpeque

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

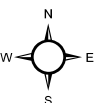
BALTIC	MALPEQUE
BURLINGTON	MARGATE
CLERMONT	NEW ANNAN
CLINTON (portion of)	NORBORO (portion of)
DARNLEY	PARK CORNER
FRENCH RIVER	SEA VIEW
GRAHAMS ROAD (portion of)	SPRING VALLEY
HAMILTON	SPRINGBROOK
INDIAN RIVER	SPRINGFIELD (portion of)
IRISHTOWN	TRAVELLERS REST (portion of)
KELVIN GROVE (portion of)	WILMOT VALLEY (portion of)
KENSINGTON	
LONG RIVER	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 20 - Kensington - Malpeque



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 21 Summerside - Wilmot



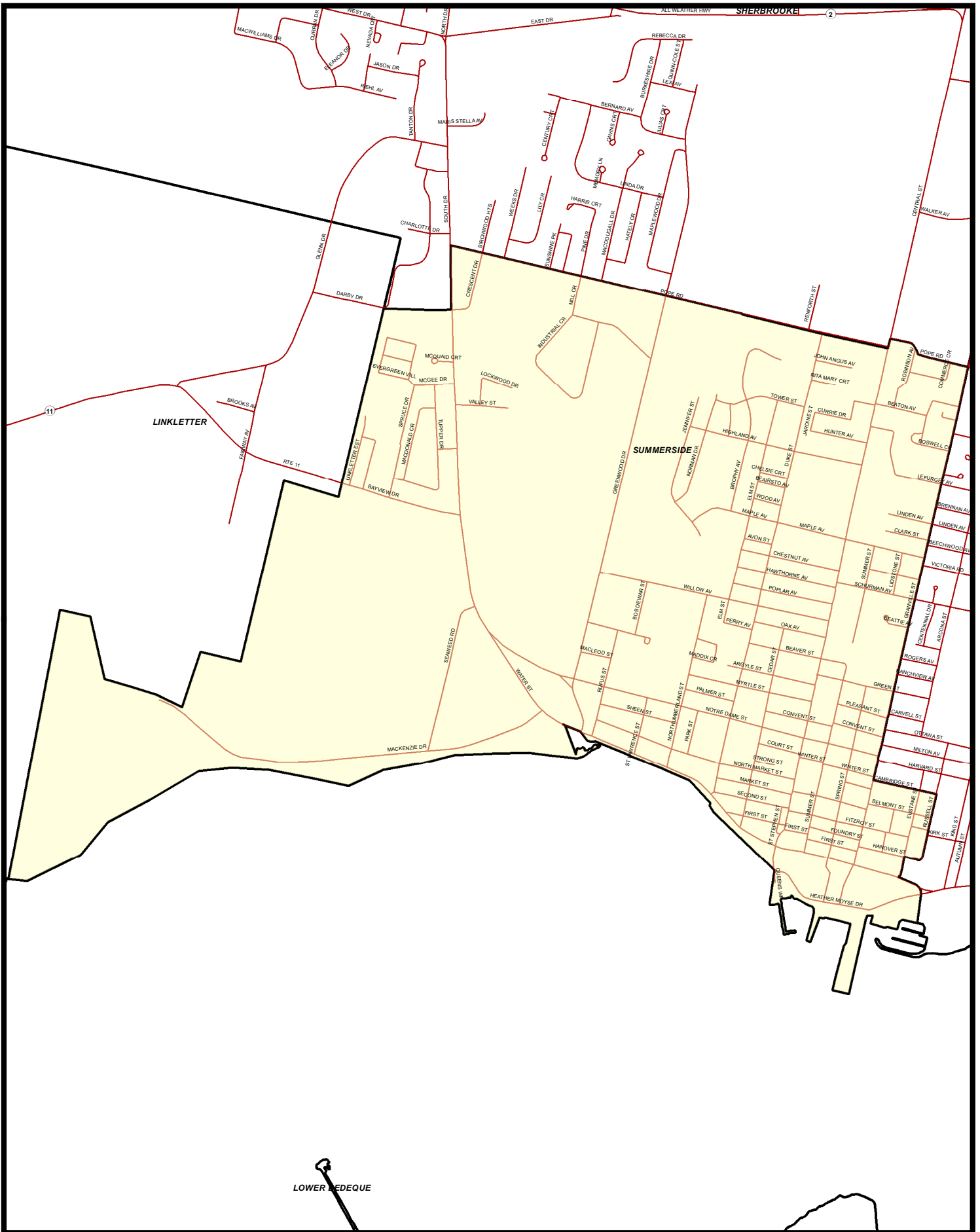
0 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8
 Kilometers

District 21 - Summerside - Wilmot

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

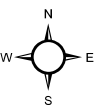
SUMMERSIDE

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 21 - Summerside - Wilmot



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 22 Summerside - South Drive



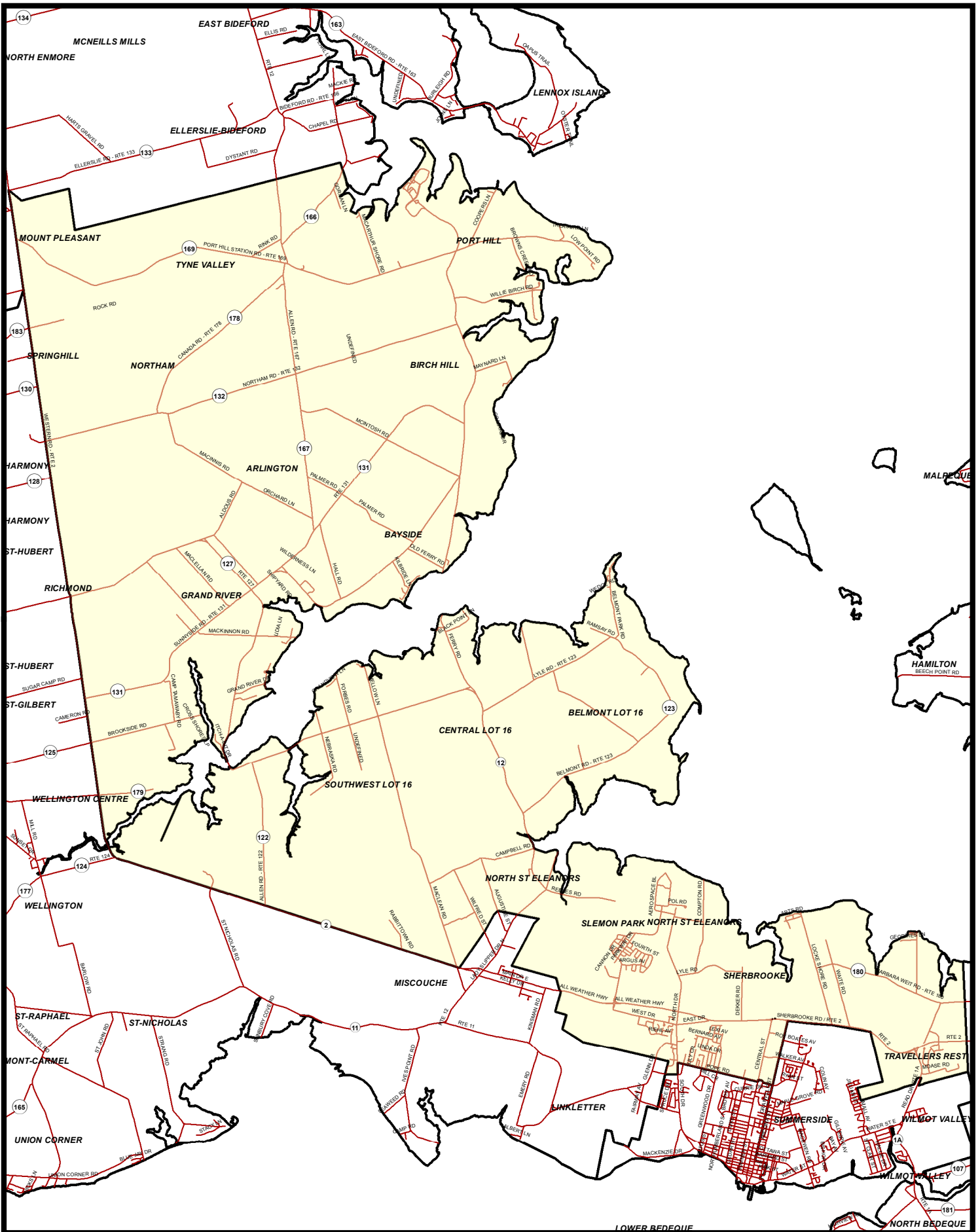
00.075 0.15 0.3 0.45 0.6
 Kilometers

District 22 - Summerside - South Drive

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

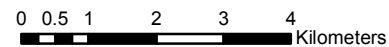
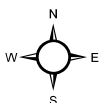
SUMMERSIDE

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 22 - Summerside - South Drive



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 23 Tyne Valley - Sherbrooke



District 23 - Tyne Valley - Sherbrooke

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

ARLINGTON

BAYSIDE

BELMONT LOT 16

BIRCH HILL

CENTRAL LOT 16

GRAND RIVER

MISCOUCHE (portion of)

MOUNT PLEASANT (portion of)

NORTH ST ELEANORS

NORTHAM

PORT HILL

RICHMOND (portion of)

SHERBROOKE

SLEMON PARK

SOUTHWEST LOT 16

SPRINGHILL (portion of)

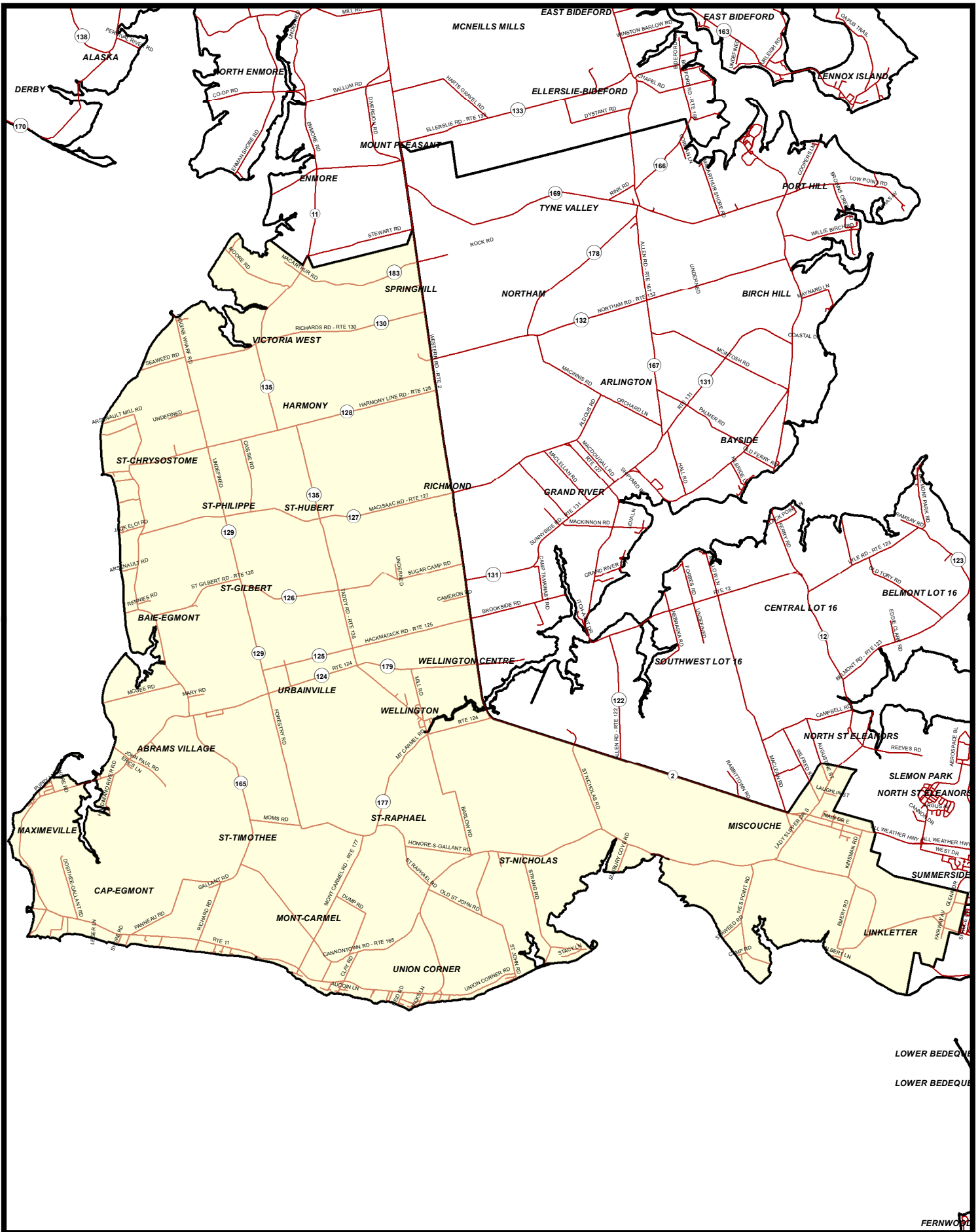
SUMMERSIDE (portion of)

TRAVELLERS REST (portion of)

TYNE VALLEY

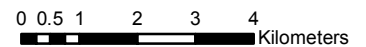
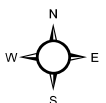
WELLINGTON CENTRE (portion of)

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 23 - Tyne Valley - Sherbrooke



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 24 Evangeline - Miscouche



District 24 - Evangeline - Miscouche

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

ABRAMS VILLAGE
BAIE-EGMONT
CAP-EGMONT
ENMORE
HARMONY
LINKLETTER
MAXIMEVILLE
MISCOUCHE (portion of)
MONT-CARMEL
MOUNT PLEASANT (portion of)
RICHMOND (portion of)
SPRINGHILL (portion of)
ST-CHRYSOSTOME
ST-GILBERT
ST-HUBERT
ST-NICHOLAS
ST-PHILIPPE
ST-RAPHAEL
ST-TIMOTHEE
UNION CORNER
URBAINVILLE
VICTORIA WEST
WELLINGTON
WELLINGTON CENTRE (portion of)

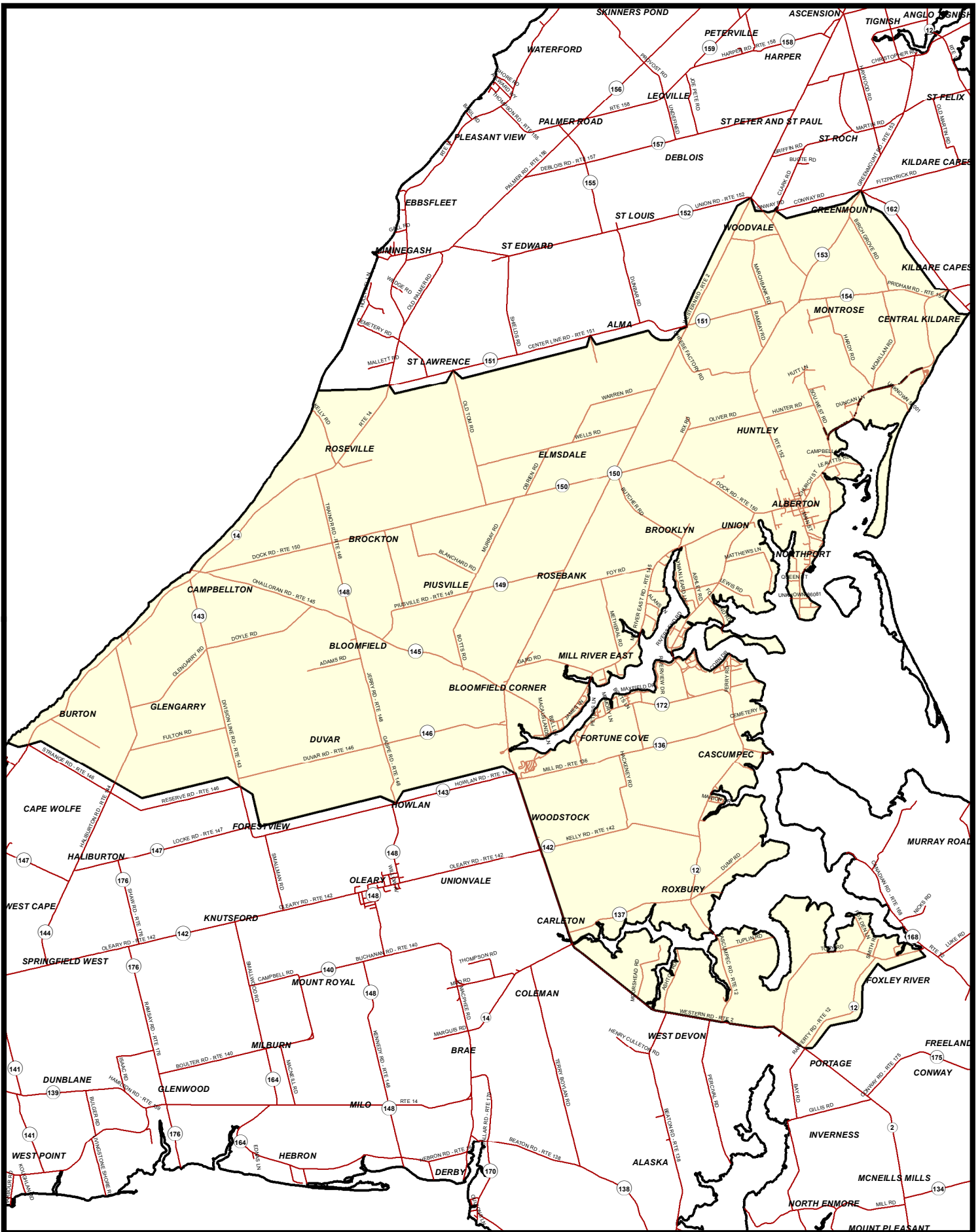
All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 24 - Evangeline - Miscouche

District 25 - O'Leary - Inverness

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

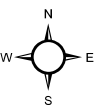
ALASKA	LENNOX ISLAND
BRAE	MCNEILLS MILLS
CAPE WOLFE	MILBURN
CARLETON (portion of)	MILO
COLEMAN	MOUNT PLEASANT (portion of)
CONWAY	MOUNT ROYAL
DERBY	MURRAY ROAD
DUNBLANE	NORTH ENMORE
EAST BIDEFORD	O'LEARY
ELLERSLIE-BIDEFORD	POPLAR GROVE
ENMORE	PORTAGE (portion of)
FORESTVIEW (portion of)	SPRINGFIELD WEST
FOXLEY RIVER (portion of)	SPRINGHILL (portion of)
FREELAND	UNIONVALE
GLENWOOD	WEST CAPE
HALIBURTON	WEST DEVON (portion of)
HEBRON	WEST POINT
HOWLAN (portion of)	WOODSTOCK (portion of)
INVERNESS	
KNUTSFORD	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 25 - O'Leary - Inverness



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 26 Alberton - Bloomfield



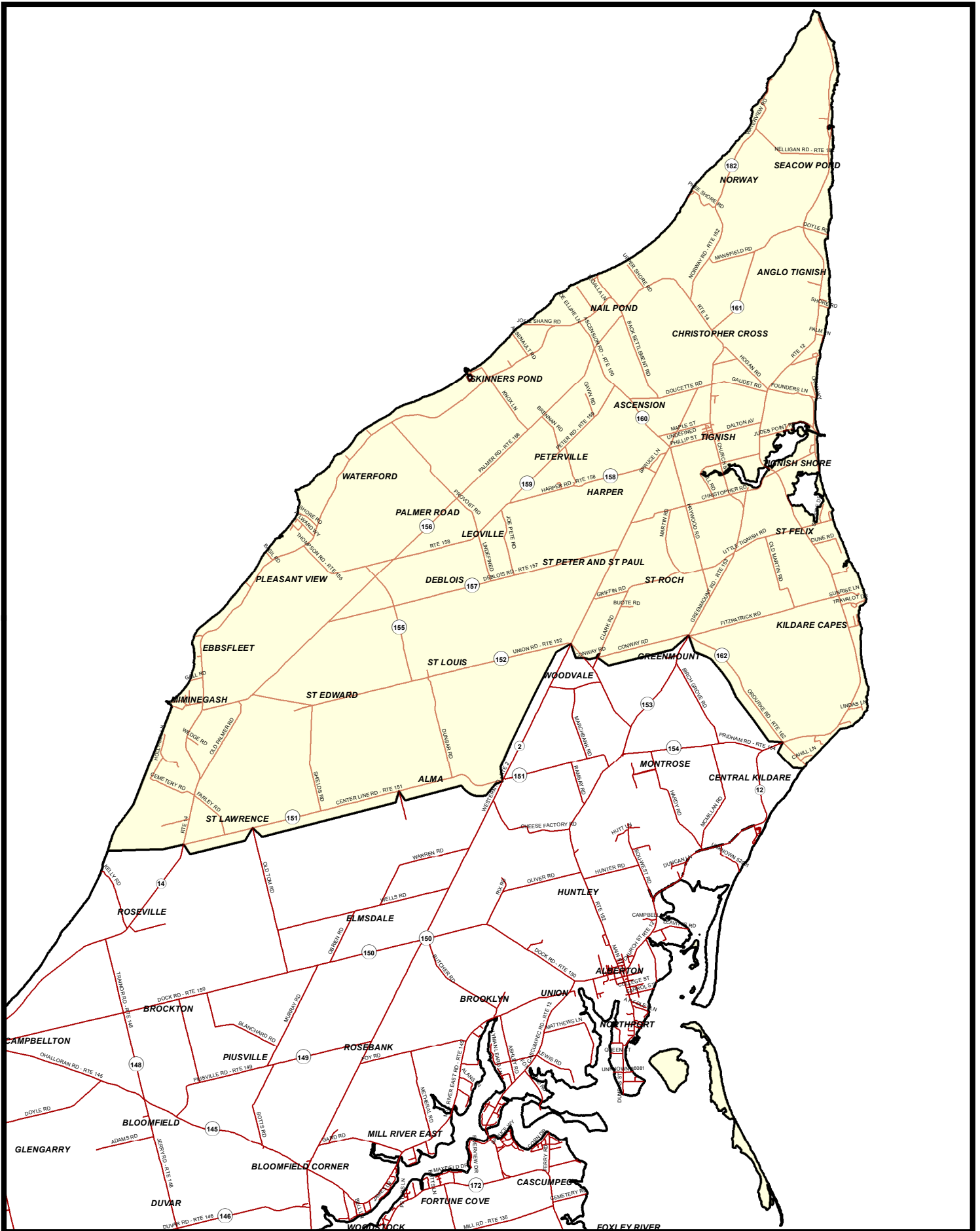
0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Kilometers

District 26 - Alberton - Bloomfield

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

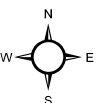
ALBERTON	HOWLAN (portion of)
ALMA (portion of)	HUNTLEY
BLOOMFIELD	MILL RIVER EAST
BLOOMFIELD CORNER	MONTROSE
BROCKTON	NORTHPORT
BROOKLYN	PIUSVILLE
BURTON	PORTAGE (portion of)
CAMPBELLTON	ROSEBANK
CARLETON (portion of)	ROSEVILLE (portion of)
CASCUMPEC	ROXBURY
CENTRAL KILDARE (portion of)	ST LAWRENCE (portion of)
DUVAR	UNION
ELMSDALE	WEST DEVON (portion of)
FORESTVIEW (portion of)	WOODSTOCK (portion of)
FORTUNE COVE	WOODVALE (portion of)
FOXLEY RIVER (portion of)	
GLENGARRY	
GREENMOUNT (portion of)	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 26 - Alberton - Bloomfield



Provincial Electoral District
 PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
 May 5, 2017

District 27 Tignish - Palmer Road



0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Kilometers

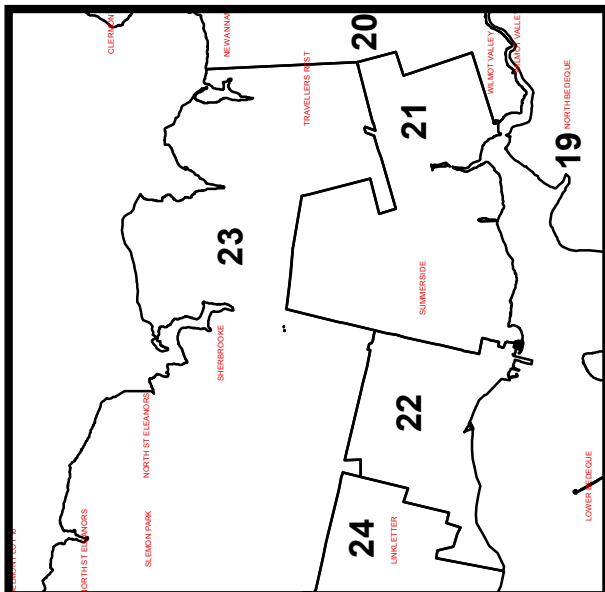
District 27 - Tignish - Palmer Road

The electoral district consists of all or portions of the following civic address communities:

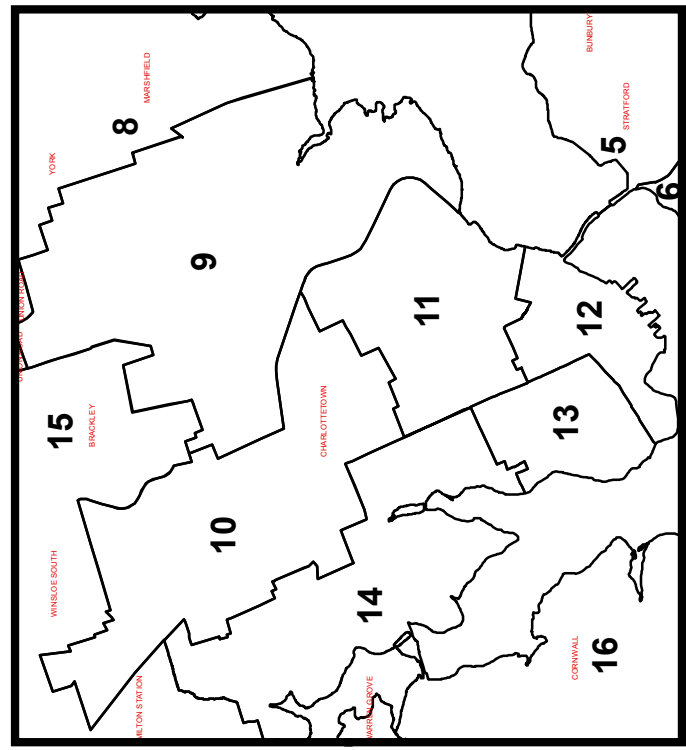
ALMA (portion of)	ROSEVILLE (portion of)
ANGLO TIGNISH	SEACOW POND
ASCENSION	SKINNERS POND
CENTRAL KILDARE (portion of)	ST EDWARD
CHRISTOPHER CROSS	ST FELIX
DEBLOIS	ST LAWRENCE (portion of)
EBBSFLEET	ST LOUIS
GREENMOUNT (portion of)	ST PETER AND ST PAUL
HARPER	ST ROCH
KILDARE CAPES	TIGNISH
LEOVILLE	TIGNISH SHORE
MIMINEGASH	WATERFORD
NAIL POND	WOODVALE (portion of)
NORWAY	
PALMER ROAD	
PETERVILLE	
PLEASANT VIEW	

All as more particularly shown on the map for Electoral District 27 - Tignish - Palmer Road

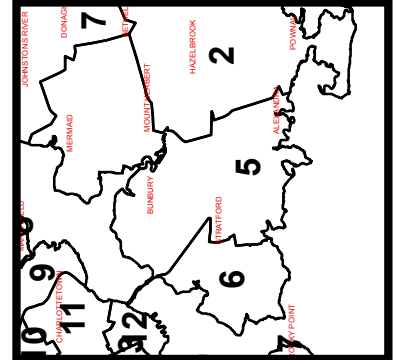
Schedule B
Provincial Map & Districts



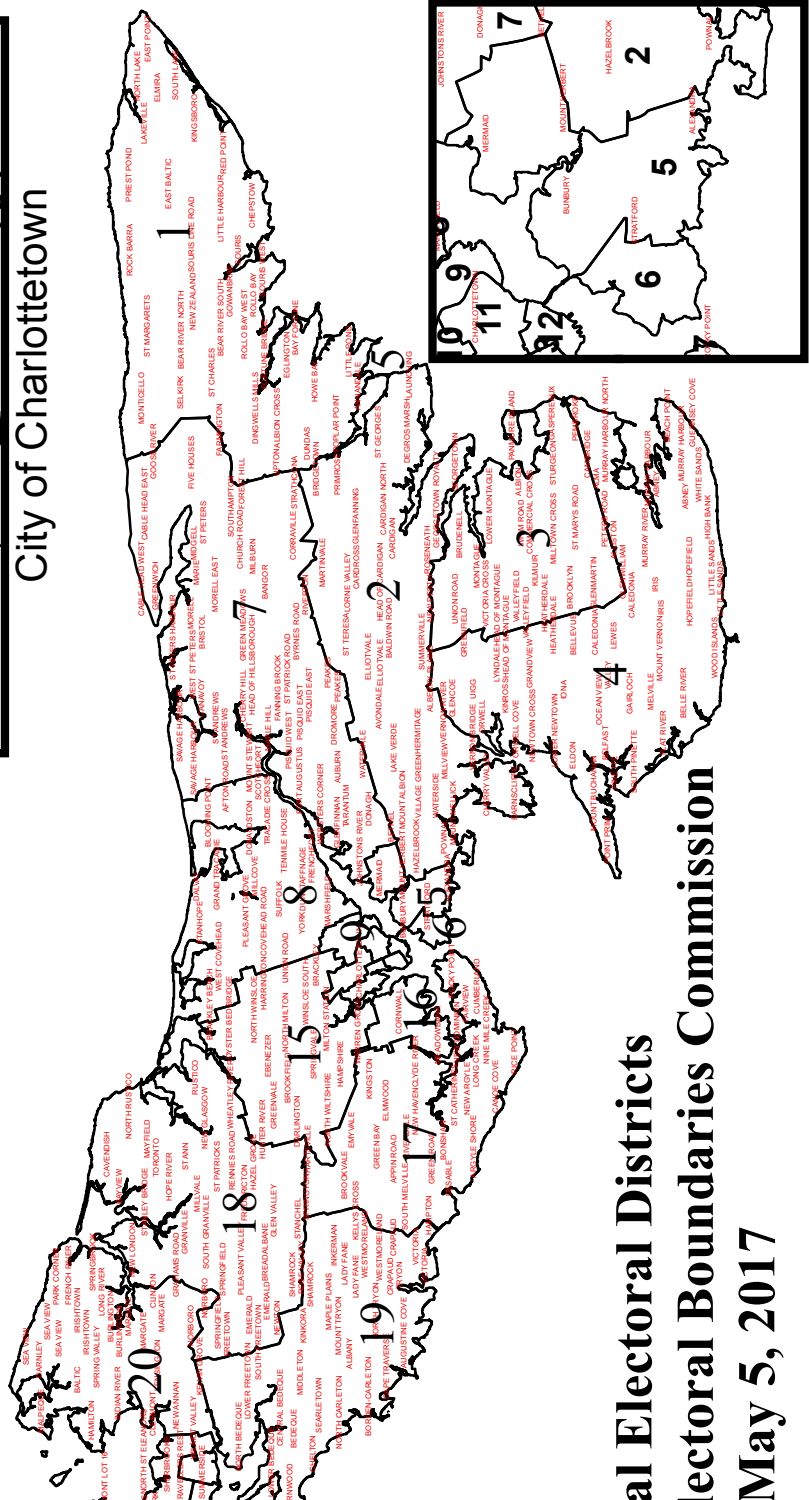
City of Summerside



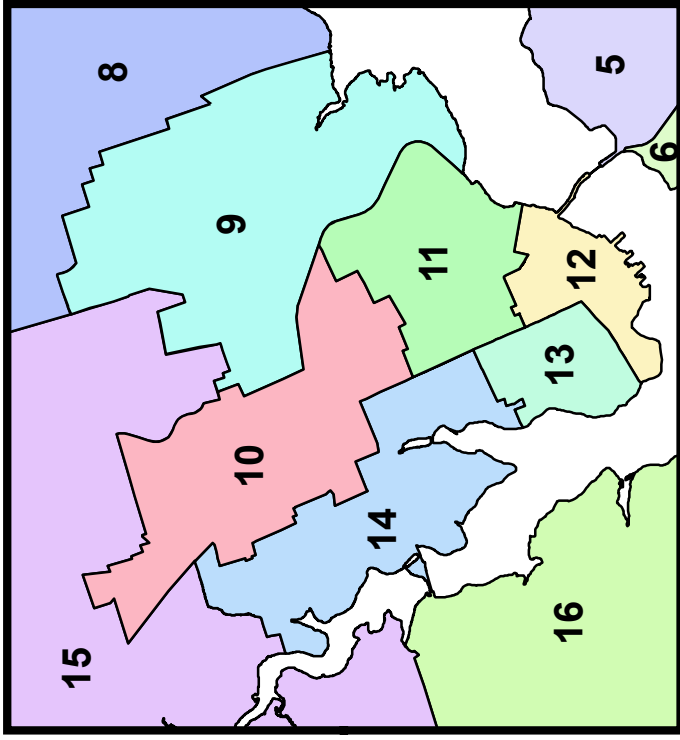
City of Charlottetown



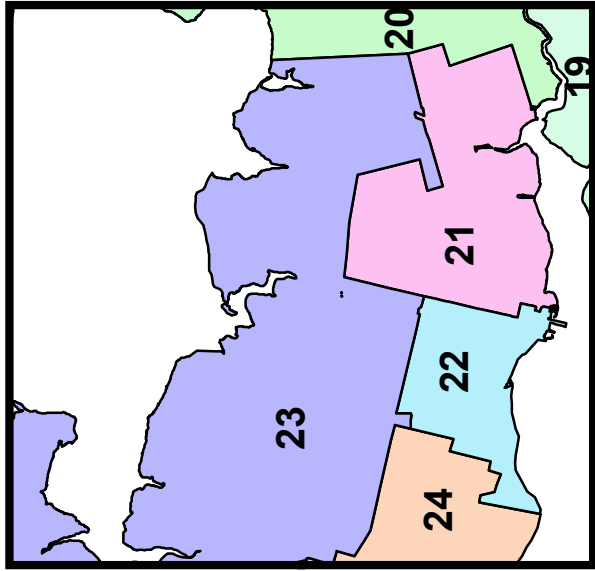
Town of Stratford



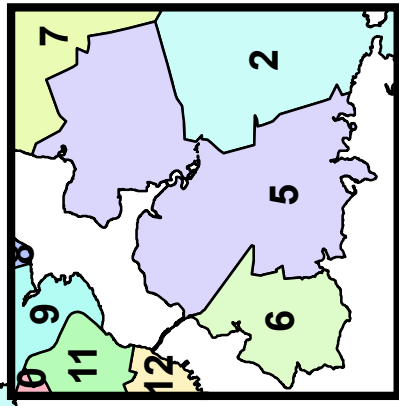
Provincial Electoral Districts Report of the PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission May 5, 2017



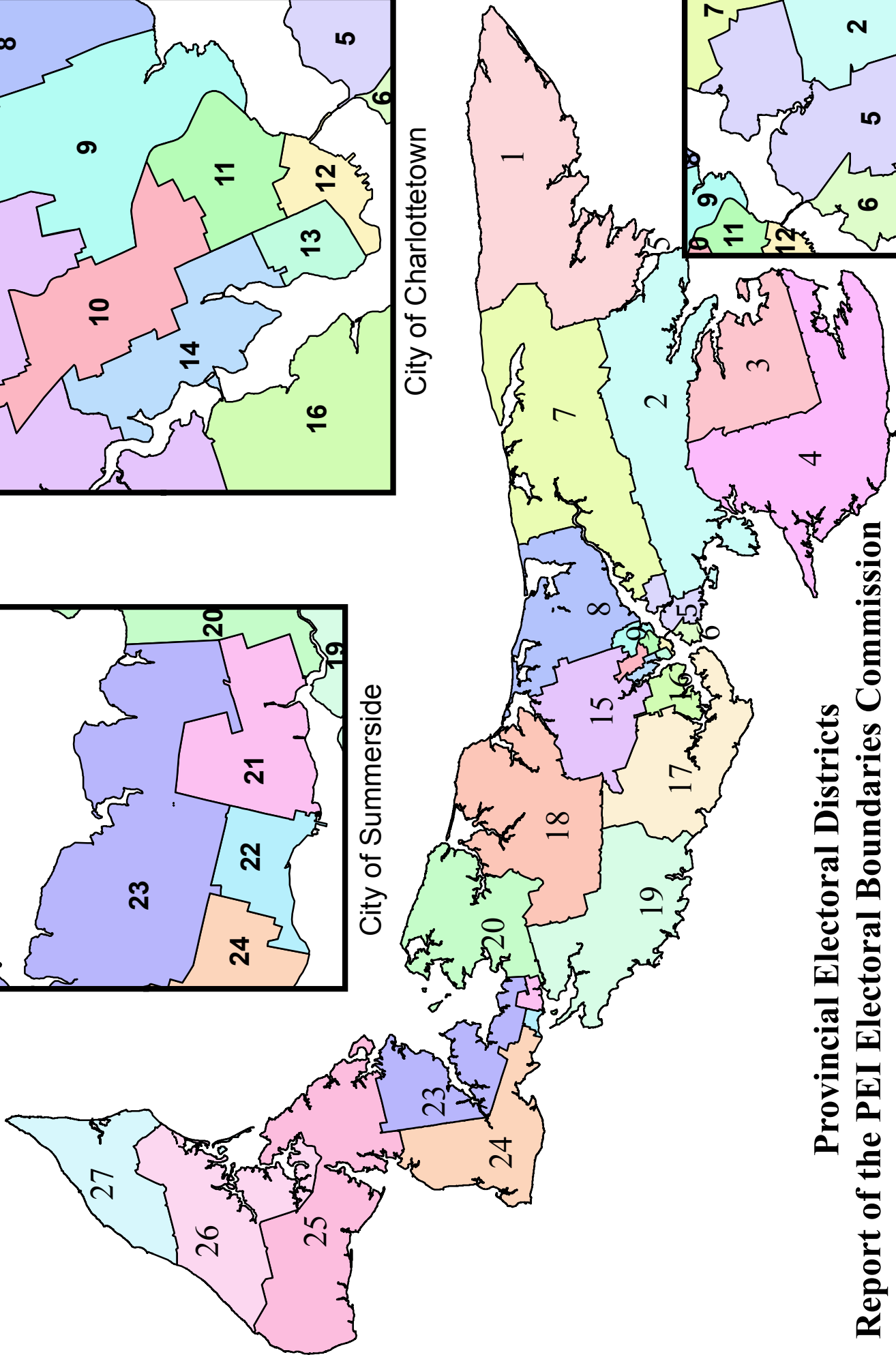
City of Charlottetown



City of Summerside



Town of Stratford



Provincial Electoral Districts
Report of the PEI Electoral Boundaries Commission
May 5, 2017

