# Debugging Dalvik programs with IDA

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# **Preface**

Starting with v6.6 IDA Pro can debug Android applications written for the Dalvik Virtual Machine. It includes the source level debugging too. This tutorial explains how to set up and run a Dalvik debugging session.

# **Install Android SDK**

First of all we have to install the Android SDK from the official site <u>http://developer.android.com/sdk</u>.

We do not need the ADT Bundle, so selecting the "SDK Tools Only" download is enough.

#### **Environment variables**

IDA needs to know where the *adb* utility resides, and tries various methods to locate it automatically. Usually IDA finds the path to *adb*, but if it fails then we can define the *ANDROID\_SDK\_HOME* or the *ANDROID\_HOME* environment variable to point to the directory where the Android SDK is installed to.

#### **Android device**

Start the Android Emulator or connect the Android device to a USB port.

The information about creating AVDs (Android Virtual Devices) and starting the emulator can be found at the official site: <u>Using the Emulator</u>.

The information about preparing a physical device for development can be found at <u>Using Hardware</u> <u>Devices</u>.

Check that the device can be correctly detected by *adb*:

\$ adb devices List of devices attached emulator-5554 device

# **Install application**

IDA presumes that the debugged application is already installed on the Android emulator/device.

Please download <u>MyFirstApp.apk</u> and <u>MyFirstApp.src.zip</u> from our site. We will use this application in the tutorial.

We will use *adb* to install the application:

adb -s emulator-5554 install MyFirstApp.apk

# Loading application into IDA

We can start with *apk* or *dex* files into IDA. If we specify the *apk* file, IDA will display its contents and ask us to select the desired file from the package. We select the *classes.dex* file:

R Archive: C:\tmp\MyFirstApp.apk Type: ZIP			x		
File name	Method	Size	•		
res/drawable-hdpi/ic_launcher.png	STORED	5964			
res/drawable-mdpi/ic_launcher.png	STORED	3112			
res/drawable-xhdpi/ic_launcher.png	STORED	9355			
res/drawable-xxhdpi/ic_launcher.png	STORED	17889			
classes.dex	DEFLATED	563812			
META-INF/MANIFEST.MF	DEFLATED	950	=		
META-INF/CERT.SF	DEFLATED	979			
META-INF/CERT.RSA	DEFLATED	1203	-		
OK Cancel Search Help Line 11 of 14					

# **Dalvik debugger options**

Before launching the debugger let us check out the debugger configuration. Go to "Debugger/Debugger Options/Set specific options":

Talvik debugger configuration			
<u>A</u> DB executable <u>E</u> mulator/device	e serial numb	C:\android-sdk-windows\platform-tools\adb.exe	
Start application	n: pidManifest.:	ml	
<u>P</u> ackage name	com.examp	le.myfirstapp 🔹	
Activity	com.examp	le.myfirstapp.MainActivity 🔹	
or set arguments for 'adb shell am start' command:			
		•	
show obje object ID reset <u>B</u> P	ect <u>I</u> D safety ched Ts	:	
		OK Cancel	

#### **ADB executable**

As mentioned above IDA tries to locate the *adb* utility. If IDA failed to find it then we can set the path to *adb* here.

#### Fill from AndroidManifest.xml

Press button and point IDA to *MyFirstApp.apk* file. IDA fetches package name and application activity name to start with.

#### **Preset BPTs**

IDA can help us to start debugging by setting breakpoints for all methods of the application activity class.

#### Path to sources

To use source-level debugging we have to set paths to the application source files. We can do it using the "*Options/Sources path* ..." menu item.

Our Dalvik debugger presumes that the application sources reside in the current (".") directory. If this is not the case, we can map current directory (".") to the directory where the source files are located.

Let us place the source files *DisplayMessageActivity.java* and *MainActivity.java* in the same directory as the *MyFirstApp.apk* package. This way we do not need any mapping.

### Set breakpoints

Before launching the application it is reasonable to set a few breakpoints. We can rely on the decision made by IDA (see above the *presetBPTs* option) or set breakpoints ourselves. A good candidate is the "*onCreate*" method of the application's main activity.

We can use the activity name and the method name "onCreate" to set a breakpoint:

Choose a name						
Name	✓ Address	Public 🔺				
D LruCache_size	0000B698					
f MainActivity_init_@V	0004EE08	P 📃				
f MainActivity.onCreate@VL	0004EE20	Р				
📝 MainActivity.onCreateOptionsMenu@ZL	0004EE44	P				
📝 MainActivity.sendMessage@VL	0004EE6C	P				
	0000C9D8	-				
Image: Help     Search     Cancel       Line 2676 of 15694						

Naturally, we can set any other breakpoints any time. For example, we can do it later, when we suspend the application.

# Starting the debugger

At last we can start the debugger. Check that the Dalvik debugger backend is selected. Usually it should be done automatically by IDA:



If the debugger backend is correct, we are ready to start a debugger session. There are two ways to do it:

- 1. Launch a new copy of the application (Start process)
- 2. Attach to a running process (Attach to process)

#### 1. Start process

To start a new copy of the application just press <F9> or use the "*Debugger/Start process*" menu item. The Dalvik debugger will launch the application, wait until application is ready and open a debugger session to it.

We may wait for the execution to reach a breakpoint or press the "*Cancel*" button to suspend the application.

In our case let us wait until execution reach of *onCreate()* method breakpoint.

#### 2. Attach to process

Instead of launching a new process we could attach to a running process and debug it. For that we could have selected the "*Debugger/Attach to process*..." menu item. IDA will display a list of active processes.

Choose process to attach to		
ID	Name	
16883	com.example.myfirstapp	
	Bearch Cancel CACK	
Line 1 of 1		

We just select the process we want to attach to.

# Particularities of Dalvik debugger

All traditional debug actions like Step into, Step over, Run until return and others can be used. If the application sources are accessible then IDA will automatically switch to the source-level debugging.

Below is the list of special things about our Dalvik debugger:

- In Dalvik there is no stack and there is no SP register. The only available register is IP.
- The method frame registers and slots (v0, v1, ...) are represented as local variables in IDA. We can see them in the *Debugger/Debugger Windows/Locals* window (see below)

- The stack trace is available from "*Debugger/Windows/Stack trace*" (the hot key is <Ctrl-Alt-S>).
- When the application is running, it may execute some system code. If we break the execution by clicking on the "*Cancel*" button, quite often we may find ourselves outside of the application, in the system code. The value of the *IP* register is *OxFFFFFFFF* in this case, and stack trace shows only system calls and a lot of *OxFFFFFFFF*. It means that IDA could not locate the current execution position inside the application. We recommend to set more breakpoints inside the application, resume the execution and interact with application by clicking on its windows, selecting menu items, etc. The same thing can occur when we step out the application.
- Use "Run until return" command to return to the source-level debugging if you occasionally step into a method and the value of the *IP* register becomes *OxFFFFFFFF*.

# Locals window

IDA considers the method frame registers, slots, and variables (v0, v1, ...) as local variables. To see their values we have to open the "*Locals*" window from the "*Debugger/Debugger windows/Locals*" menu item.

At the moment the debugger stopped the execution at the breakpoint which we set on *onCreate()* method. Let us open the "*Locals*" window and we will see something like the following:

14 prot	<pre>ected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {</pre>				
<pre>15 super.onCreate(savedInstanceState); 16 setContentView(R.lavout.activity main);</pre>					
17 }					
0000001	)				
🔄 Locals					
Name	Value Type	Location			
⊕ this	{mActionBar=null,mActivityInfo=,mAllL com.example.myfirs	tapp.MainActivity * v1			
savedInstanc	State null android.os.Bundle *	v2			
···· v0	Bad type	v0			
v1	Bad type	v1			

If the information about the frame is available (the symbol table is intact) then IDA shows the method arguments, the method local variables with names and other non-named variables. Otherwise some variable values will not be displayed because IDA does not know their types.

Variables without type information are marked with "*Bad type*" in the "*Locals*" window. To see the variable value in this case please use the "*Watch view*" window (see below).

# Watch view window

To open the "*Watch view*" window please select the "*Debugger/Debugger windows/Watch view*" menu item. In this window we can add any variable to watch its value.



Please note that we have to specify type of variable if it is not known. Use C-style casts:

```
(Object*)v0
(String)v6
(char*)v17
(int)v7
```

We do not need to specify the real type of an object variable, the "(*Object*<sup>\*</sup>)" cast is enough. IDA can derive the real object type itself.

Attention! An incorrect type may cause the Dalvik VM to crash. There is not much we can do about it. Our recommendation is to never cast an integer variable to an object type, the Dalvik VM usually crashes if we do that. But the integer cast "(*int*)" is safe in practice. If the "object ID safety check" debugger option is selected then IDA tries to prevent such a situation. The only drawback is that this option adds some overhead.

Keeping the above in the mind, do not leave the cast entries in the "*Watch view*" window for a long time. Delete them before any executing instruction that may change the type of the watched variable.

# If something goes wrong

- Check the path to adb in the "Debugger specific options"
- Check the package and activity names
- Check that the emulator is working and was registered as an *adb* device. Try to restart the *adb* daemon.
- Check that the application was successfully installed on the emulator/device
- Check the output window of IDA for any errors or warnings
- Turn on more debug print in IDA with the -z50000 command line switch.