Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Material Identification

PRODUCT NAME: Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

PART NUMBER: 52412605 CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture

QUANTITY: Approximately 6 fl. ounces or less

Company Identification

MANUFACTURER: TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

Delphi Harrison Thermal Product Information: 716.439.3098

200 Upper Mountain Rd Transport Emergency: INFOTRAC 800.535.5053
Bldg 6 Medical Emergency: INFOTRAC 800.535.5053

Lockport, NY 14094

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Physical Appearance:

Clear, colorless to light green, odorless liquid

Immediate Concerns:

Health effects from this product are not anticipated to occur from normal use in the LCS unit. The primary health hazard associated with direct contact to the small amount of fluid inside the sealed unit is the potential for irritation of skin and eyes. This product is not flammable or reactive under typical emergency response conditions.

OSHA regulatory status:

This material is not classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations

Acute Health Effects

Eye: Although not an anticipated route of exposure under normal conditions of use, contact of the liquid in the sealed unit with the eyes will cause irritation and possibly burning, which is generally alleviated when the product is rinsed from the eyes.

Skin: Although not an anticipated route of exposure under normal conditions of use, direct contact with liquid may cause local redness or irritation of the skin following prolonged exposure. This condition is generally alleviated by washing skin with soap and water.

Ingestion: Ingestion of this product, while not likely to occur under normal conditions of use, may cause irritation of the mouth and throat, gastric disturbances, upset stomach, cramps, nausea and vomiting.

Inhalation: Inhalation of the mists or vapors of this product are not expected to be significant routes of exposure for this product as contained within this LCS system under normal conditions of use.

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 1 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

Chronic Health Effects

Prolonged or repeated skin exposures to large quantities of the fluid within the sealed unit can lead to dermatitis (dry, chapped skin). Refer to Section 11 (Toxicological Information) for additional information.

Carcinogenicity

The components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are not listed as carcinogens by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Pre-existing skin conditions may be aggravated by exposure to the fluid contained in the sealed unit.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| INGREDIENT | CAS Number | Weight % |
|------------------|------------|----------|
| DI WATER | 7732-18-5 | > 80 |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 57-55-6 | 15 |

NOTE: Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid, as used in LCS, is fully enclosed in a sealed housing and are not accessible unless the unit is damaged or altered.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Although not an anticipated route of exposure, if vapors or mists are inhaled, remove the victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact

Although not an anticipated route of exposure, if the fluid contacts the skin, flush skin with plenty of soap and water. Take care not to contaminate eyes. Get medical attention if irritation or redness develops.

Eye Contact

Although not an anticipated route of exposure, if the product enters the eyes, open victim's eyes under gentle running water. Have victim "roll" eyes. Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

Although not an anticipated route of exposure, if the product is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER. If professional advice is not available, do not induce vomiting. Patient should drink milk, egg whites, or large quantities of water. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who is unable to swallow. Get immediate medical attention. Take copy of the MSDS to physician or health professional with victim.

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 2 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Delphi A2 fluid, as contained in the LCS, is not flammable. However, residues remaining after evaporation of liquid residues may be combustible.

Hazardous Combustion Products

May include, but not be limited to, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and potassium compounds. Under fire conditions partial combustion and decomposition can produce smoke and gases containing unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds.

Extinguishing Media

Water, foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide

Fire Fighting Instructions

In case of fire, Delphi A2 fluid as used in individual LCS should not require special fire fighting procedures. Larger quantities of Delphi A2 fluid as typically seen in industrial or warehouse environments would require the following procedures in the event of a fire: Emergency responders should wear eye protection, self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Prevent run-off water from fires involving large amounts of the fluid from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other environmental areas. Decontaminate fire-response equipment with soap and water solution if necessary. Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Keep personnel away and upwind of the fire.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Small Spill

Cover with absorbent material (floor absorbent, vermiculite, etc.). Soak up spill and place material in properly labeled container for disposal.

Large Spill

Not likely for this product as contained within this LCS system under normal conditions of use.

Environmental Precautions

Not relevant considering the small amounts used.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Take care not to damage/alter the sealed housing that contains the heat transfer fluid. If contact occurs with the liquid, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Do not eat, drink, smoke or apply cosmetics while handling this material.

Storage

Inspect all incoming LCS units before storage, to ensure they are not damaged.

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 3 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

| INGREDIENT | CAS Number | OSHA PEL (TWA) | ACGIH TLV (TWA) | AIHA WEEL (TWA) |
|------------------|------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| DI WATER | 7732-18-5 | NE | NE | NE |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 57-55-6 | NE | NE | 10 mg/m^3 |

NE = Not Established

mg/m3 = Milligrams of contaminant per cubic meter of air

Engineering Controls

No special protection needed when used as intended.

Personal Protective Equipment

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: No special protection needed when used as intended.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: None needed for normal circumstances of use (handling of sealed units containing the material).

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: No special protection needed for normal circumstances of use (handling of sealed units containing the material). If the housing unit is damaged, wear rubber or neoprene gloves to prevent skin contact.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: The following data apply to the Delphi A2 fluid within the sealed LCS Unit.

APPEARANCE: Clear, colorless to light green liquid

ODOR: Not available ODOR THRESHOLD: Not applicable

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid pH: 8.5 FREEZING POINT: 23°F

BOILING POINT: >100°C (>212°F)
BOILING RANGE: Not available
FLASH POINT: Not applicable
FLASH POINT METHOD: Not applicable
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not applicable
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: 300°C (dry residues)

EVAPORATION RATE (n-BuAc=1): Not available VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): Not available VAPOR PRESSURE, mmHg @ 20°C: Less than water

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1):

VISCOSITY

SOLUBILITY IN WATER:

PARTITION COEFFICIENT:

ANALYTICAL VOC:

THEORETICAL VOC:

Not available

Not available

Not available

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 4 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid exposing the Delphi A2 fluid to extremely high temperatures (>350 C) and contact with incompatible chemicals

Incompatibility with Other Materials

Strong oxidizers, strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, chloroformates, or strong reducing agents

Decomposition

Decomposes with extreme heat (>350 C), possibly releasing hazardous gases or vapors, potentially including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, potassium compounds, and other compounds of unknown composition.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Toxicity Information

Based on the volume and manner of use of the liquid inside the sealed unit, this product is not expected to be hazardous per the Hazardous Substance Labeling Act (16 CFR 1500.135 (d))

Propylene Glycol:

Oral – Rat LD₅₀: 20 g/kg

Reproductive Toxicity Information

Listed below is information concerning the effects of this product and its components on the human reproductive system.

Mutagenicity: This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.

Embryotoxicity: This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.

Teratogenicity: This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans.

Reproductive Toxicity: This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans.

Carcinogenicity

The components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate & Ecotoxicity Data

No data available for this product. Based on the manner of use, this product is not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms, waste treatment microorganisms, and the germination and early growth of plants.

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 5 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Waste disposal must be in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, and local regulations. This product, if unaltered by use, may be disposed of by treatment at a permitted facility or as advised by your local waste regulatory authority.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping Information

This material is not hazardous as defined by 49 CFR 172.101 by the U.S. Department of Transportation.

Proper Shipping Name:

Hazard Class Number and Description

UN Identification Number

Packing Group

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulation: This material is not considered dangerous goods.

Mexico Transportation Regulation:

Instituto Nacienal de Ecologia (INE#):

CRETIB Code:

Not applicable

Not applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

A: General Product Information

No additional information available.

B: Component Analysis

The components of this product are not subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

SARA 311/312 Hazard Indicators:

| Immediate Health | Delayed Health | Fire | Sudden Pressure Release | Reactivity | |
|------------------|----------------|------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| Y | N | N | N | N | |

C: Component Marine Pollutants

No component of this product is listed as a Marine Pollutant (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix B).

D: Hazardous Air Pollutants

The components of this material are not considered hazardous air pollutants under the US Clean Air Act.

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 6 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

State Regulations

A: General Product Information

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

| Component | CAS# | MA | MN | PA | RI |
|------------------|---------|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Propylene Glycol | 57-55-6 | NO | YES | YES | YES |

B: Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

| Component | CAS# | Minimum Concentration |
|------------------|---------|--|
| Propylene Glycol | 57-55-6 | 1 % (English Item 1362, French Item 1454 |

Labeling according to EEC Directive

A: Contains

Propylene Glycol

B: Symbols

None

C: R-phrases

R36/R38: Irritating to eyes, irritating to skin

D: S-phrases

S13: Keep away from food, drink, and animal feedstuffs

S15: Keep away from heat

S24/S25: Avoid contact with skin, avoid contact with eyes

S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice

S37: Wear suitable gloves

S39: Wear eye/face protection

E: Ozone Depleting Chemicals

No ozone depleting chemicals are present in this product.

Additional Regulatory Information

A: General Product Information

Components of this product have been checked against the non-confidential TSCA inventory by CAS Registry Number. All components are listed on the TSCA section 8(b) inventory.

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 7 of 8

Delphi A2 Heat Transfer Fluid as used in Liquid Cooling System (LCS)

B: Component Analysis – Inventory

| Component | CAS# | TSCA | DSL | EINECS | ECL | ENCS | PICCS | AICS |
|------------------|-----------|------|-----|--------|-----|------|-------|------|
| Di Water | 7732-18-5 | YES | YES | YES | YES | NO | YES | YES |
| Propylene Glycol | 57-55-6 | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Ratings

Health: 1 Flammability 1 Instability 0

The information and recommendations set forth herein are taken from sources believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation; however, Delphi Corporation makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy or suitability of the recommendations, and assumes no liability to any use thereof.

Date of Preparation: 06/17/2005 Date of Revision: 09/13/2005

Revision: 2.000

Key/Legend

ppm = parts per million; mg/m³ = milligrams per cubic meter of air; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; TLV = Threshold Limit Value; TWA = 8-hour, time-weighted average; STEL = short-term exposure limit; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; DSL = Canada Domestic Substances List; EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ECL = Korea Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances Inventory; ENCS = Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory; PICCS = Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; AICS = Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; PMN = Premanufacture Notification; DSL = Domestic Substances List; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; WHMIS = Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System; HEPA = High Efficiency Particulate Air; CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act; SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; EPCRA= Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (SARA, Title III); 302 = Extremely Hazardous Substance; HAP = Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant; TPQ = Threshold Planning Quantity; RQ = Reportable Quantity; NA = Not Available; NR = Not Regulated

END OF DATA SHEET FSG-ETS File MS201F

Current Issue Date: September 15, 2005 Page 8 of 8