## \$ Tetrahedron

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A dollar bill $(66 \mathrm{~mm} \times 157 \mathrm{~mm})$ produces a model 38 mm on a side.


1. Either side up.

Mountain crease bisector.

2. Pivoting on $A$, bring $B$ to horizontal crease. Repeat symmetrically. Propagate 60degree valley creases, for a total of 8 creases.

4. Reverse-fold. Rotate 60 degrees.
5. Triangle C will be the base of the tetrahedron. All valley folds are 120-degree planar angles. Tuck D into pocket at bottom edge of $C$.

3. Swing behind.

6. Model is now 3-D. Wrap around with 120-degree planar valley folds, and tuck E into pocket on right side of front face.
7. Done.

There are 2 pockets you could have tucked E into.
The one in the front face covers the seam, but locks loosely.
The one in the right face makes a tighter lock, but leaves the seam visible.

