# PRE-CLAIM CONCILIATION PROJECT 

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## MISSION

To ensure that branches and colleagues approach conciliation with a view to securing improved outcomes for individual members with employment problems.
-To use conciliation to encourage employers to provide acceptable outcomes at the earliest possible stage and thereby avoid the costs, delays and entrenchment of attitudes that are commonly associated with litigation.

TTo secure and promote an ongoing central role for the trade union in the conciliation process.

## WHY?

Changes arising from the Jackson Report to the funding of legal costs of employment work.
I Increased risks of wards of costs where litigation is unsuccessful.
$\square$ Proposals to introduce significant changes for making a claim and for attending Employment Tribunals.

- Actual achievements from contested Employment Tribunals are very limited - average awards low. Even successful claimants tend not to be positive about the experience.
$\square$ Many desirable outcomes e.g. good references can only be made by agreement.


## PRINCIPLES

$\square$ Conciliation is voluntary, although investigating the scope for conciliation will become a pre-requisite for making an Employment Tribunal claim, conciliated outcomes only apply if the parties can be brought to agree them.
$\square$ The role of the trade union representative at whatever level remain what it has always been, to advise and represent. It is only the conciliator who is 'neutral'.

## REQUIREMENTS

$\square$ A positive attitude to conciliation from employers.
-Use of an agreed form to convey sufficient information to concilators and to enable advisors to assess conciliated outcomes.
-Awareness of realities of Employment Tribunal actual awards to displace any prejudices that ACAS conciliation sells claims cheaply.
aTraining for all parties on the scope for, and process of conciliation including time limits.

## ONGOING

$\square$ Assessment of the impact of conciliation.

