# Airport planning publication APP

BD500-3AB48-22000-00 Issue No. 018

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# Highlights

#### Issue 018

The listed changes are introduced in Issue 018, dated 2018-10-18, of this publication.

Data module code	Reason for change
BD500-A-J00-00-00-12AAA-030A-A	Changed Data Module
	To change the procedure.

# Technical Publications Comment form



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### Change record

Check in the following record that all earlier changes has been incorporated.

Issue	Incorporated Date	by (signature)	lssue	Incorporated Date	by (signature)
001	<u>Jul 29/2014</u>	Initial issue	000		
002	Dec 19/2014	BCSG	000		
003	<u>Sep 15/2015</u>	BCSG	000		
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008	Nov 17/2016	BCSG	000		
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017	Sep 20/2018	BCSG	000		
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018	Oct 18/2018	BCSG	000		
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### List of effective data modules

The listed documents are included in Issue 018, dated 2018-10-18, of this publication.

- C = Changed data module
- N = New data module

Document title	Data module code		Issue date	No. of pages	Applicable to
Airport Planning Publica- tion (APP) - Introduction	BD500-A-J00-00-00-20AAA-018A-A		2017-05-08	3	All
Aircraft description - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-12AAA-030A-A	С	2018-10-09	34	All
Aircraft performance - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-13AAA-030A-A		2015-09-01	14	All
Ground maneuvering - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A		2018-08-14		All
Terminal servicing - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-18AAA-030A-A		2016-05-02	41	All
Operating conditions - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-17AAA-030A-A		2018-01-15	14	All
Pavement data - Techni- cal data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-11AAA-030A-A		2016-05-09	15	All
Derivative aircraft - Tech- nical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-22AAA-030A-A		2015-09-01	1	All
Scaled drawings - Tech- nical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-21AAA-030A-A		2015-09-01	2	All



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Airport Planning Publication (APP) - Introduction	BD500-A-J00-00-00-20AAA-018A-A	2017-05-08	All
Aircraft description - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-12AAA-030A-A	2018-10-09	All
Aircraft performance - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-13AAA-030A-A	2015-09-01	All
Ground maneuvering - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A	2018-08-14	All
Terminal servicing - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-18AAA-030A-A	2016-05-02	All
Operating conditions - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-17AAA-030A-A	2018-01-15	All
Pavement data - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-11AAA-030A-A	2016-05-09	All
Derivative aircraft - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-22AAA-030A-A	2015-09-01	All
Scaled drawings - Technical data	BD500-A-J00-00-00-21AAA-030A-A	2015-09-01	All



## List of terms

Maximum cargo volume	The maximum space available for cargo.
Maximum design Landing Weight (MLW)	Maximum weight for landing as limited by aircraft strength and airworthiness requirement.
Maximum design Take-Off Weight (MTOW)	Maximum weight for take off as limited by aircraft strength and airworthiness requirements. This includes weight of fuel for taxi and run-up.
Maximum design Taxi Weight (MTW)	Maximum weight at which an aircraft can move safely on the ground. This includes the fuel for these displacements and the takeoff run.
Maximum design Zero Fuel Weight (MZFW)	Maximum weight permitted before usable fuel and other usable agents must be loaded in defined sections of the aircraft, as limited by strength and airworthiness requirements.
Maximum seating capacity	The maximum number of passengers permitted based on certification requirements.
Operational Weight Empty (OWE)	Weight of structure, power plant, furnishings, systems, unusable fuel and other items of equipment that are a necessary part of a particular aircraft configuration. Also included are certain standard items, personnel, equipment and supplies necessary for full operations, but does not include usable fuel or payload.
Usable fuel	Fuel available for aircraft propulsion and the Auxiliary Power Unit (APU).

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### **Airport Planning Publication (APP) - Introduction**

Applicability: Model: CS100

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#### References

Table 1 References

Data Module/Technical Publication Title

None

### Description

### 1 Scope of the publication

The Airport Planning Publication (APP), prepared by Bombardier Aerospace (BA), contains general data on the airport facilities, ramp, and runway areas necessary to operate the Bombardier commercial aircraft model BD-500-1A10 (CS100).

Since operational practices vary among airlines, specific data should be coordinated with the user airlines prior to facility design. For additional information, please contact BA.

The content of this publication will change as options and aircraft changes occur. Make sure that you refer to the latest release of this publication.

If there is a difference between the data contained in this publication and that given by the local regulatory authority, the data from the local regulatory authority must be obeyed.

#### 2 Publication organization

This publication is divided into six sections:

- Aircraft description
- Aircraft performance
- Ground maneuvering



- Terminal servicing
- Operating conditions
- Pavement data

### 3 Dimensions and weight

Linear dimensions given in this publication are in inches. The metric equivalents are given in parentheses ( ).

Weight measures is given in pound (lb) with the metric equivalent in parentheses ( ).

### 4 Correspondence

The publications change request form is available online and is used to request technical changes to rectify any errors, omissions, or procedural inconsistencies (if applicable), etc. using the Bombardier Navigator Interactive Electronic Technical Publication (IETP) application.

### 5 Translation of publication

If all or part of this publication is translated, the official version is the English language version by Bombardier Aerospace Commercial Aircraft.

### 6 Standard term definitions

Maximum design Taxi Weight (MTW)	Maximum weight at which an aircraft can move safely on the ground. This in- cludes the fuel for these displacements and the takeoff run.
Maximum de- sign Landing Weight (MLW)	Maximum weight for landing as limited by aircraft strength and airworthiness requirement.
Maximum de- sign Take- Off Weight (MTOW)	Maximum weight for take off as limited by aircraft strength and airworthiness requirements. This includes weight of fuel for taxi and run-up.
Operational Weight Empty (OWE)	Weight of structure, power plant, furnishings, systems, unusable fuel and other items of equipment that are a necessary part of a particular aircraft configuration. Also included are certain standard items, personnel, equip- ment and supplies necessary for full operations, but does not include usable fuel or payload.
Maximum design Zero Fuel Weight (MZFW)	Maximum weight permitted before usable fuel and other usable agents must be loaded in defined sections of the aircraft, as limited by strength and air- worthiness requirements.
Maximum car- go volume	The maximum space available for cargo.
Maximum seating capac- ity	The maximum number of passengers permitted based on certification re- quirements.



**Usable fuel** Fuel available for aircraft propulsion and the Auxiliary Power Unit (APU).

#### 7 Acronyms

The first time an acronym is used it will be defined, and all subsequent uses will be in blue. When you mouse over the acronym the definition will appear. Acronyms are not plural in this publication.

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# Aircraft description - Technical data

Applicability: Model: CS100

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### References

Table 1 References

Data Module/Technical Publication Title

None

### Description

#### **1** Aircraft characteristics

#### 1.1 Introduction

This data module contains general data about the Bombardier CSeries model BD-500-1A10 (CS100) characteristics. The structural weight limits, such as maximum ramp weight, and zero fuel weight are dependent on configuration. Refer to each aircraft's specified Weight and Balance Manual (WBM) BD500-3AB48-22100-00 and weight and balance report for structural limits and other weight information.

Refer to Table 2 for the aircraft characteristics.

Refer to Table 3 for the system fluid capacities.

Refer to Table 4 for the service fluid capacities.

#### 1.2 Aircraft characteristics

Description	CS100
Engines	2 Pure Power™ PW1519G <sup>1</sup>
Mode	Passenger
Standard seating capacity	120
Maximum Ramp Weight (MRW)	135,000 lb (61 235 kg)

Table 2 Aircraft characteristics

#### BD500-A-J00-00-00-12AAA-030A-A



Description	CS100
Maximum Take-Off Weight (MTOW)	134,000 lb (60 781 kg)
Maximum Landing Weight (MLW)	115,500 lb (52 390 kg)
Maximum Zero Fuel Weight (MZFW)	111,000 lb (50 349 kg)
Maximum fuel tank capacity	5,756 US gal (21 805 L)
Unusable fuel	220.5 lb (100 kg)
Maximum cargo volume - Overhead bins	280 ft³ (7,93 m³)
1 Optional engine models: PW1521G and PW1524G	1

#### 1.3 System fluid capacities

Table 3 System fluid capacities		
Description	Volume	Weight
Engine fluids calculated with 7.7 lb/US gal (0,920 kg/L)		
Engines oil tank at 60 °F	12.9 US gal (49,0 L)	99 lb (44,9 kg)
Lines and internal engine oil	3.3 US gal (12,6 L)	26 lb (11,8 kg)
Total	16.2 US gal (61,6 L)	125 lb (56,7 kg)
APU fluids calculated with 7.98 lb/US gal (0.956 kg/L)		
APU	2.78 US gal (10.52 L)	22.1 lb (10.02 kg)
Hydraulic fluids at 77 °F (25 °C) low density 8.43 lb/US gal (1,01 kg/L)		
System 1 reservoir	4.98 US gal (18.85 L)	41.98 lb (19.04 kg)
System 2 reservoir	4.33 US gal (16.39 L)	36.50 lb (16.55 kg)
System 3 reservoir	4.33 US gal (16.39 L)	36.50 lb (16.55 kg)
Total	13.64 US gal (51.63 L)	114.98 lb (52.15 kg)
Hydraulic fluids at 77 °F (25 °C) high density 8.86 lb/US gal (1,06 kg/L)		
System 1 reservoir	4.98 US gal (18.85 L)	44.12 lb (20.01 kg)
System 2 reservoir	4.33 US gal (16.39 L)	38.36 lb (17.40 kg)
System 3 reservoir	4.33 US gal (16.39 L)	38.36 lb (17.40 kg)
Total	13.64 US gal (51.63 L)	120.84 lb (54.81 kg)

#### 1.4 Service fluid capacities

Table 4 Service fluid capacities		
Description	Volume	Weight
Potable water at 60 °F (15,5 °C)		
Galley/Lavatory tank	42.0 US gal (159,0 L)	350.5 lb (159.0 kg)
Chemical toilet fluid at 60 °F (15,5 °C)		
Waste tank	38 US gal (143.84 L)	316.54 lb (143.58 kg)

### 2 Aircraft dimensions

#### 2.1 General aircraft dimensions

This section contains general data about the aircraft dimensions.





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22469-A-002-01 Figure 1 General aircraft dimensions - (Sheet 1 of 2)

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22470-A-003-01 Figure 1 General aircraft dimensions - (Sheet 2 of 2)

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#### 2.2 General aircraft area

Table 5 General aircraft area

Description	CS100
ESDU wing area (including ailerons, flaps, spoilers and area within the fuselage)	1209 ft² (112.3 m²)
Total horizontal stabilizer area (hor- izontal tail area and elevator area)	395 ft² (36.6 m²)
Total vertical stabilizer area (ver- tical tail area and rudder area)	304 ft² (28.2 m²)

#### 3 Ground clearances

This section gives the height of various points of the aircraft, above the ground.

Dimensions in the tables are approximate and will vary with tire type, weight and balance and other special conditions.

#### 3.1 Ground clearances



Dimensions	Minimum	Maximum
А	17 ft 5 in.(5,3 m)	17 ft 10 in.(5,4 m)
В	15 ft 8 in.(4,8 m)	16 ft 2 in.(4,9 m)
С	5 ft 3 in.(1,6 m)	5 ft 8 in.(1,7 m)
D	9 ft 9 in.(3,0 m)	10 ft 2 in.(3,1 m)
E	9 ft 9 in.(3,0 m)	10 ft 2 in.(3,1 m)
F	5 ft 6 in.(1,7 m)	5 ft11in.1,8 m)
G	1 ft 7 in.(0,5 m)	2 ft 0 in.(0,6 m)
Н	11 ft 6 in.(3,5 m)	11 ft 11 in.(3,5 m)
J	4 ft 8 in.(1,4 m)	5 ft 1 in.(1,5 m)
К	6 ft 1 in.(1,8 m)	6 ft 7 in.(2,0 m)
L	19 ft 1 in.(5,8 m)	19 ft 18 in.(6,0 m)
М	10 ft 6 in.(3,2 m)	11 ft 2 in.(3,4 m)
Ν	10 ft 6 in.(3,2 m)	11 ft 2 in.(3,4 m)
P	9 ft 0 in.(2,8 m)	10 ft 1 in.(3,1 m)
Q	11 ft 8 in.(3,6 m)	12 ft 7 in.(3,8 m)

#### NOTES

Vertical clearances shown are the greatest possible variations in attitude due to the variation of aircraft weight and center of gravity.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21709-A-001-01 Figure 2 Ground clearances



#### **3.2 Ground clearances for evacuation slides**

This section gives ground clearances for evacuation slides. Refer to Table 6 and Fig. 3.

#### Table 6 Ground clearances for evacuation slides

Description	Dimensions
Forward Passenger Door (FPD) Slide	240 in. (6096 mm)
Forward Service Door (FSD) Slide	240 in. (6096 mm)
Aft Passenger Door (APD) Slide	200 in. (5080 mm)
Aft Service Door (ASD) Slide	200 in. (5080 mm)
Overwing Emergency Exit Door (OWEED) Slides (Left & Right sides)	119 in. (3022.60 mm)



#### NOTE

1> Emergency evacuation ground area.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-C-3AB48-52580-A-001-01 Figure 3 Ground clearances for evacuation slides

**C**SERIES

#### 4 Layout of passenger compartment accommodation

The passenger compartment includes the galley area, lavatory, and passenger seating area. The galleys and utility areas are isolated from the passenger area by partitions and curtains. Refer to Fig. 4.





ICN-BD500-A-J061200-A-3AB48-00007-A-001-01 Figure 4 Layout Of Passenger Accommodation (LOPA)



5 Passenger cross-section



ICN-BD500-A-J061200-A-3AB48-00010-A-001-01 Figure 5 Passenger cross-section (economy class)

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ICN-BD500-A-J061200-A-3AB48-00011-A-001-01 Figure 6 Passenger cross-section (optional business class)

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ICN-BD500-A-J061200-A-3AB48-00012-A-001-01 Figure 7 Overhead stowage bins

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#### 6 Cargo compartment

Two under-floor cargo compartments are provided, each with a dedicated outward-opening access door. The forward compartment is positioned between the forward equipment compartment and the Environmental Control System (ECS) distribution bay. The aft compartment is positioned between the mid equipment compartment and the water system bay. Refer to Fig. 8.

Both compartments are furnished with heavy duty floor panels and sidewall linings and are sealed to meet the requirements of a Class C compartment. Decompression and ventilation panels are provided as well. The compartment linings also incorporate provisions for compartment lighting, smoke detector, and fire extinguish.

The combined maximum weight loading of the cargo compartment is 8,290 lb (3 760 kg).

#### 6.1 Cargo door nets

Protective nets are provided at the door area of each cargo compartment to prevent baggage from fouling the door due to in-flight shifting of the loads. Refer to Fig. 9.

#### 6.2 Volumes – Cargo compartment

The estimated volume of the cargo compartments is based on geometric volume and accounts for the unusable area in the vicinity of the cargo doors. Table 7 lists the estimated wet volume of the cargo compartments.

Description	CS100
Cargo compartments (wet total)	839 ft³ (23.7 m³)
Fwd cargo compartment	365 ft³ (10.3 m³)
Aft cargo compartment	474 ft³ (13.4 m³)

#### Table 7 Cargo compartment volumes





ICN-BD500-A-J084305-A-3AB48-10441-A-001-01 Figure 8 Aircraft cargo side view - (Sheet 1 of 3)




ICN-BD500-A-J084305-A-3AB48-10438-A-001-01 Figure 8 Aircraft cargo side view - (Sheet 2 of 3)



ICN-BD500-A-J084305-A-3AB48-10440-A-001-01 Figure 8 Aircraft cargo side view - (Sheet 3 of 3)





ICN-BD500-A-J502200-C-3AB48-17798-A-001-01 Figure 9 Cargo nets - (Sheet 1 of 2)



ICN-BD500-A-J502200-C-3AB48-17809-A-001-01 Figure 9 Cargo nets - (Sheet 2 of 2)

#### 7 Door clearances and clear opening dimensions

A general description of the doors is as follows:

#### 7.1 Passenger/Crew

Two semi-plug type doors on the left side of the aircraft provide access for passengers and crew. Door 1L is considered the primary entrance while door 2L provides a secondary entrance available for passenger loading/unloading as well as ground servicing.

Each door is classified as a type C floor level exit. Due to the sill height, every door incorporates an emergency evacuation slide system. In addition each one translates outwards from closed position, supported by a hinged arm to rest in open position.

Every door is operable from the exterior and interior of the aircraft and features an inspection window to allow verification of the outside conditions from the interior. The exterior operating handle has a linear motion and is interconnected to a vent flap system to provide pressure equalization between the aircraft and the ambient air prior to be opened.

Each door is fully lined and insulated to meet thermal and noise performance requirements.

For Passenger/Crew doors distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11Fig. 12. For aft passenger door opening and clearances, refer to Fig. 13.

#### 7.2 Emergency exit

The over-wing emergency exits are type III semi-plug type doors.

The exits are provided with an operating handle with removable cover and are fitted with a standard sized passenger compartment window. Each door is fully lined and insulated to meet thermal and noise performance requirements.

The door rotates upwards from the closed position, supported by a hinged arm to rest in open position. The door opening sequence is automatically supported by the energy stored in its own mechanism.

For emergency access to the passenger compartment, the doors may be opened from an exterior handle.

Due to the exit path height from the ground, an off-wing evacuation slide system is provided.

For over-wing emergency exits distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11. For doors dimensions, refer to Table 8.

#### 7.3 Flight compartment emergency exit

The flight compartment is outfitted with a single, inward-opening overhead escape hatch.

#### 7.4 Cargo doors

Access doors are provided to allow cargo compartment loading and unloading.

The semi-plug forward and aft cargo doors are identical components, each hinged along the top edge of its frame.

Each door incorporates an exterior lock/unlock handle with linear motion that is interconnected to a vent flap system and provide pressure equalization between the aircraft and the ambient air prior to be opened.

An electrical actuation system with a switch panel, installed on the fuselage near each door, is provided to open and close the door.

Each door is fully lined and insulated to meet thermal and noise performance requirements.

For cargo doors distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11. For doors dimensions, refer to Table 8. For forward cargo door opening and clearances, refer to Fig. 14. For aft cargo door opening and clearances, refer to Fig. 15.

#### 7.5 Service doors

Two semi-plug type doors are provided on the right side of the aircraft to provide access for the forward (door 1R) and aft (door 2R) galley service areas.

Each door is classified as a type C floor level exit. Due to the sill height, each door incorporates an emergency evacuation slide system.

Each door translates outwards from the closed position, supported by a hinged arm and stabilizing system, to rest parallel to the fuselage in the open position.

Each door is operable from the exterior and interior of the aircraft and features an inspection window to allow verification of the outside conditions from the interior. The exterior operating handle has a linear motion and is interconnected to a vent flap system to provide pressure equalization between the aircraft and the ambient air prior to be opened.

Each door is fully lined and insulated to meet thermal and noise performance requirements.

For service doors distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11. For service doors dimensions, refer to Table 8. For forward service door opening and clearances, refer to Fig. 16. For aft service door opening and clearances, refer to Fig. 17.

#### 7.6 Forward avionics bay door

A plug-type door is provided in the forward fuselage to gain access to the pressurized forward equipment compartment. The door is fitted with a stowable operating handle.

For forward equipment compartment door distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11. For dimensions, refer to Table 8.

#### 7.7 Mid avionics bay door

A plug-type door is provided in the mid fuselage to gain access to the pressurized mid equipment compartment. The door is fitted with a stowable operating handle.

For mid equipment compartment door distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11. For dimensions, refer to Table 8.

#### 7.8 Aft equipment bay door

A door is provided in the aft fuselage to gain access to the unpressurized aft equipment compartment.

For aft equipment compartment door distance from the nose, refer to Fig. 11. For dimensions, refer to Table 8.

#### 7.9 Doors identification

This section shows a general overview of the doors





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-23216-A-001-01 Figure 10 General door location

#### 7.10 Access and exit doors dimensions

Door	Height	Width
Main entrance door - Type C exit (door 1L)	6 ft 3 in. (1,9 m)	2 ft 6 in. (0,8 m)
Service door - Type C exit (door 1R)	5 ft 0 in. (1,5 m)	2 ft 6 in. (0,8 m)
Aft entrance door - Type C exit (door 2L)	6 ft 0 in. (1,8 m)	2 ft 6 in. (0,8 m)
Service door - Type C exit (door 2R)	5 ft 0 in. (1,5 m)	2 ft 6 in. (0,8 m)
Forward avionics bay door	2 ft 8 in. (0,81 m)	3 ft 8 in. (1,1 m)
Mid avionics bay door	2 ft 8 in. (0,81 m)	3 ft 8 in. (1,1 m)
Aft equipment bay door	3 ft 6 in. (1,08 m)	1 ft 11 in. (0,6 m)
Forward cargo compartment door	2 ft 8 in. (0,81 m)	3 ft 8 in. (1,1 m)
Aft cargo compartment door	2 ft 8 in. (0,81 m)	3 ft 8 in. (1,1 m)
Over-wing emergency exit	3 ft 6 in. (1,08 m)	1 ft 11 in. (0,59 m)
Flight compartment emergency exit	22 in. (0,559 m)	20 in. (0,508 m)

#### Table 8 Access and exit doors dimensions

7.11 Door distance from nose





Dimensions	CS100		
A	102 ft 4 in. (31,2 m)		
В	93 ft 10 in. (28,6 m)		
С	84 ft 4 in. (25,7 m)		
D	69 ft 4 in. (21,1 m)		
E	58 ft 0 in. (17,7 m)		
F	43 ft 0 in. (13,11 m)		
G	21 ft 4 in. (6,5 m)		
н	15 ft 10 in. (4,8 m)		
J	15 ft 0 in. (4,6 m)		
к	14 ft 3 in. (4,3 m)		
L	9 ft 2 in. (2,8 m)		

#### NOTES

The values shown are the greatest possible variations in attitude due to the variation of aircraft weight and gravity.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21712-A-001-01 Figure 11 Door distance from nose

#### 7.12 Door opening and clearance



ICN-BD500-A-J061100-A-3AB48-00103-A-003-01 Figure 12 Forward passenger door opening and clearances



ICN-BD500-A-J061100-A-3AB48-00104-A-003-01 Figure 13 Aft passenger door opening and clearances







ICN-BD500-A-J061100-A-3AB48-00102-A-002-01 Figure 14 Forward cargo compartment door opening and clearances

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ICN-BD500-A-J061100-A-3AB48-00101-A-002-01 Figure 15 Aft cargo compartment door opening and clearances



ICN-BD500-A-J061100-A-3AB48-00106-A-002-01 Figure 16 Forward service door opening and clearance

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ICN-BD500-A-J061100-A-3AB48-00105-A-002-01 Figure 17 Aft service door opening and clearances

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-12AAA-030A-A

End of data module

Page

Page



#### Aircraft performance - Technical data

Applicability: Model: CS100

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#### References

	Table 1 References
Data Module/Technical Publication	Title

None

#### Description

#### 1 Introduction

This data module gives data about:

- Payload/Range
- Takeoff field length requirements
- Landing field length requirements
- Landing reference speed

The table below provides standard day temperature for pressure altitudes.

Table 2 Standard day temperature chart				
Altitude		Standard day temperature		
Feet (ft.)	Meters (m)	۴	٥C	
0	0	59	15	
2000	610	51.9	11	
4000	1220	44.7	7.1	
6000	1830	37.6	3.1	
8000	2440	30.5	-0.8	
10000	3050	23.3	-4.8	

#### 2 Payload/Range

This section gives information about the payload/range at ISA conditions.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-23899-A-002-01 Figure 1 Zero Fuel Weight (ZFW) vs Range ISA

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#### 3 Takeoff field length requirements

For more information about aircraft performance, refer to the Aircraft Flight Manual (AFM) BD500–3AB48–22200-00.

For aircraft performance and field length requirements refer to:

- Fig. 2 for the takeoff field length ISA PW1519G.
- Fig. 3 for the takeoff field length ISA +15°C PW1519G.
- Fig. 4 for the takeoff field length ISA PW1521G.
- Fig. 5 for the takeoff field length ISA +15°C PW1521G.
- Fig. 6 for the takeoff field length ISA PW1524G.
- Fig. 7 for the takeoff field length ISA +15°C PW1524G.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-01753-A-002-01 Figure 2 Takeoff field length - ISA - PW1519G

#### BD500-A-J00-00-00-13AAA-030A-A





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-01754-A-002-01 Figure 3 Takeoff field length ISA +15°C - PW1519G





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-29045-A-001-01 Figure 4 Takeoff field length ISA - PW1521G

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-29046-A-001-01 Figure 5 Takeoff field length ISA +15°C - PW1521G

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-13AAA-030A-A

**C**SERIES

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-29047-A-001-01 Figure 6 Takeoff field length ISA - PW1524G

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-29048-A-001-01 Figure 7 Takeoff field length ISA +15°C - PW1524G

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**C**SERIES

#### 4 Landing field length requirements

For more information about landing field, refer to the AFM BD500-3AB48-22200-00. For landing field length requirements refer to Fig. 8.



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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-01757-A-002-01 Figure 8 Landing field length - Dry runway



#### 5 Landing reference speed

This section gives information about the landing reference speed.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-23901-A-002-01 Figure 9 Landing reference speed

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-13AAA-030A-A

**C**SERIES

End of data module



#### Ground maneuvering - Technical data

Applicability: Model: CS100

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#### References

	Table 1 References
Data Module/Technical Publication	Title

None

#### Description

#### 1 Turning radii

#### 1.1 Introduction

This data module contains data about the aircraft turning capability and maneuvering characteristics on the ground. The data is based on aircraft performance in good conditions of operation.

Thus, the values must be considered theoretical and used only as an aid. Refer to Table 2 for the values to use with Fig. 1 for the turn radii with 3 degree slip angle.

#### 1.2 Landing gear turning radii, including minimum turning radii



Table 2 CS100 turning radii for various nose wheel angles							
Turning angle (in degrees) with 3 degree tire slip	Turning center to air- craft center line (D)	Nose tip (R1)	Nose gear outside face (R2)	Main gear outside face (R3)	Wing tip (R4)	Empennage tip (R5)	Minimum theoretical pavement width for 180 degrees turn (Tw= R2+R3)
17	1686.8 in.	1807.5 in.	1776.3 in.	1845.6 in.	2385.4 in.	2046.7 in.	3621.9 in.
	(42844.72 mm)	(45910.50 mm)	(45118.02 mm)	(46878.24 mm)	(60589.16 mm)	(51986.18 mm)	(91996.26 mm)
27	1012.1 in.	1202.7 in.	1148.4 in.	1171 in.	1715 in.	1430.1 in.	2319.4 in
	(25707.34 mm)	(30548.58 mm)	(29169.36 mm)	(29743.40 mm)	(43561 mm)	(36324.54 mm)	(58912.76 mm)
37	684.4 in.	943.6 in	869.3 in.	843.2 in.	1390.8 in.	1154.2 in.	1712.6 in.
	(17383.76 mm)	(23967.44 mm)	(22080.22 mm)	(21417.28 mm)	(35326.32 mm)	(29316.68 mm)	(43500.04 mm)
47	480.9 in.	808.3 in	717.6 in.	639.8 in.	1190.6 in.	998.9 in.	1357.3 in.
	(12214.86 mm)	(20530.82 mm)	(18227.04 mm)	(16250.92 mm)	(30241.24 mm)	(25372.06 mm)	(34475.42 mm)
57	334.9 in.	730.9 in.	627.9 in.	493.2 in.	1047.6 in.	899.3 in.	1121.1 in.
	(8506.46 mm)	(18564.86 mm)	(15948.66 mm)	(12527.28 mm)	(26609.04 mm)	(22842.22 mm)	(28475.94 mm)
67	218.9 in.	685.5 in.	572.7 in.	377.8 in.	934.7 in.	830.1 in.	950.4 in.
	(5560.06 mm)	(17411.70 mm)	(14546.58 mm)	(9596.12 mm)	(23741.38 mm)	(21084.54 mm)	(24140.16 mm)
77	119.1 in.	660.4 in.	541.7 in.	277.9 in.	838.2 in.	779.4 in.	819.6 in.
	(3025.14 mm)	(16774.16 mm)	(13759.18 mm)	(7058.66 mm)	(21290.28 mm)	(19796.76 mm)	(20817.84 mm)

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See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A

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### 2 Visibility from cockpit in static position

This section contains data about the visibility from cockpit in static position.

To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 2.




VISUAL ANGLES IN VERTICAL PLANE THROUGH PILOT'S EYE POSITION



### VISUAL ANGLES IN HORIZONTAL PLANE THROUGH PILOT'S EYE POSITION



#### NOTES

- 1. Not to be used for landing approach visibility.
- 2. Not scale.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22579-A-001-01 Figure 2 Visibility from cockpit in static position

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### 2.1 Clear areas of vision

To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 3 and Fig. 4.



ICN-BD500-A-J092001-A-3AB48-00119-A-001-01 Figure 3 Clear areas of vision





----- FAA RECOMMENDED VISION AREA

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-45615-A-001-01 Figure 4 CSERIES Clear areas of vision

I

**C**SERIES

### 3 Runways and taxiways turn paths

This section contains data about the runways and taxiways turn paths.

**3.1** More than 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 5.



### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22068-A-001-01 Figure 5 More than 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method

### BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A



**3.2** More than 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Oversteering method To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 6.



### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22553-A-001-01 Figure 6 More than 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Oversteering method

### BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A



**3.3 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method** To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 7.



### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

#### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22065-A-001-01 Figure 7 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method



### **3.4 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Oversteering method** To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 8.



### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22555-A-001-01 Figure 8 90° turn - Runway to taxiway - Oversteering method



**3.5** More than 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 9.



### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22069-A-001-01 Figure 9 More than 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method

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**3.6** More than 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Oversteering method To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 10.



### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22552-A-001-01 Figure 10 More than 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Oversteering method



**3.7 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method** To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 11.



### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22066-A-001-01 Figure 11 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Cockpit over centerline method

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### **3.8 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Oversteering method** To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 12



#### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

#### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22554-A-001-01 Figure 12 90° turn - Taxiway to taxiway - Oversteering method



3.9 Runway holding bay (Apron)

To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 13.



### LEGEND

----- Nose gear. ----- Main gear.

### NOTE

Coordinate with airline operator for the specific planned operating procedure.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22067-A-001-01 Figure 13 Runway holding bay (Apron)

### BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A



### 3.10 Hammerhead Turnaround

To see the diagrams, refer to Fig. 14 and Fig. 15.





#### NOTE

Follow turnaround steering guidance cues if available.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-45728-A-001-01 Figure 14 Techniques when using a Hammerhead Turnaround



### NOTE

Follow turnaround steering guidance cues if available.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-45729-A-001-01 Figure 15 Techniques when using a Hammerhead Turnaround

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### 3.11 180 Degree (Pivot) Turns in Less than 147.6 feet (45 m)

To see the diagram, refer to Fig. 16.



### NOTE

Follow turnaround steering guidance cues if available.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-45730-A-001-01 Figure 16 180 Degree (Pivot) Turns in Less than 147.6 feet / 45 m

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-19AAA-030A-A

End of data module

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## Terminal servicing - Technical data

Applicability: Model: CS100

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### References

	Table 1 References
Data Module/Technical Publication	Title
None	

## Description

### Introduction

1

This data module contains data related to the preparation of an aircraft for flight from a terminal. This data is provided to show the general types of tasks involved in terminal operations. Each airline has different operating conditions and practices, which can result in changes in the operating procedures and time intervals to do the tasks specified. Because of this, requirements for ground operations should be approved with the specified airline(s) before ramp planning is started. This section presents the following topics:

- Aircraft servicing arrangement
- Terminal operations
- Ground servicing connections
- Ground electrical power requirements
- Ground pneumatic power requirements Engine starting
- Preconditioned airflow requirements Air conditioning
- Ground towing requirements

### Note

All applicable procedures and limitations are provided in the Aircraft Maintenance Publication (AMP) BD500-3AB48-10200-00.

### 1.1 Aircraft servicing arrangement

Refer to Fig. 1 for the aircraft servicing arrangement.





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21739-A-001-01 Figure 1 Aircraft servicing arrangement

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### 1.2 Terminal operations

Refer to Fig. 2 for the turnaround station operations.

The turnaround time analysis is based on the following parameters:

- 100% Pax/baggage exchange
- 94 passengers (85% load factor) / 1 class / 1 door
- 2 Galley service trucks
- Water/Waste servicing is sequential
- Cabin servicing during available time
- Passenger deplane rate is 18 per minute per door
- Passenger boarding rate is 12 per minute per door
- 2 bulk-loading belt-loaders
- 45 bags forward, 67 bags aft (1.2 x 4 cubic feet (1.2 X 0.11 Cubic meter) per passenger)
- Bag loading/unloading rates are 10 and 15 bags per minute
- Fuel loaded via one refuel/defuel adapter
- Refuel adapter rate at 50 PSI (344.74 kPa) is as follows:
  - 1 When refueling tree (3) tanks simultaneously (the center tank and two wing tanks), the refuel rate is 260 gpm (984 L/min).
  - 2 When refueling two (2) wing tanks, the refuel rate is 140 gpm (530 L/min).
  - 3 When refueling the center tank only, the refuel rate is 140 gpm (530 L/min).
- Mission range is 1200 nmi (2222.4 km)
- Refueling performed while deplaning/boarding.

#### Note

All equipment is assumed to function properly and weather condition to be normal. This data is provided to illustrate the general scope and type of operations involved in a terminal gate environment. Varying operating practices and circumstances may result in different task sequences and durations.



ICN-BD500-A-J000005-A-3AB48-00066-A-001-01 Figure 2 Turnaround time analysis

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### 1.3 Ground servicing connections

Refer to Fig. 3 for the ground servicing connection points. For servicing procedures, refer to the AMP .

All servicing points are designed and positioned to consider accessibility and compatibility with industry standard vehicles and other Ground Support Equipment (GSE). All applicable procedures and limitations are provided in the AMP.





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21914-A-001-01 Figure 3 Ground servicing connections

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Table 2 Hydraulic system								
Access	Aft of nose ft (m)	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground				
ALLESS		RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)				
System # 1 Access door 195CB	60.96 (18,58)	-	3.93 (8,20)	5.82 (1,77)				
System # 2 Access door 195AB	58.543 (17,84)	2.795 (0,85)	-	5.57 (1,70)				
System # 3 Aft equipment bay door	95.12 (28,99)	On centerline of the aircraft		8.77 (2,67)				

### Note

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

### **Technical specifications**

- Nominal pressure: 3000 Pounds per Square Inch (PSI) (206.84 Bar)
- Fitting connectors
  - Fitting dimension: Draining: 4 in (10,16 cm)
  - Fitting dimension: Rinsing: 1 in (2,54 cm)




Figure 4 Ground servicing system

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	Table 3 Hydra	aulic system - Accumu	lator charging	
Access	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground
	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Aft equipment bay door	95.12 (28,99)	On centerline of the aircraft		8.77 (2,67)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

#### **Technical specifications**

- Operating pressure: 3000 Pounds per Square Inch Gage (PSIG) (206.84 Bar)
- Accumulator pressure gauge range: 0 to 5000 PSIG (344.74 Bar)
- Gauge accuracy: ±75 PSIG (5.17 Bar)





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22071-A-001-01 Figure 5 Accumulator charging valves



		Table 4 Waste system	1	
Access	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground
	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Access door	86.80		1.21	7.14
146BR	(26,46)	-	(0,37)	(2,18)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

#### **Technical specifications**

- Usable volume: 143.85 L (38 US gal)
- Fitting connectors
  - Fitting dimension: Draining: 4 in (10,16 cm)
  - Fitting dimension: Rinsing: 1 in (2,54 cm)







WASTE ACCESS PANEL

Α

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22008-A-001-01 Figure 6 Waste system access panel



	Tab	le 5 Potable water sys	stem	
Accoss	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground
	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Access door	84.75	3.661		7.75
146CR	(25,83)	(1,11)	-	(2,36)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

#### **Technical specifications**

- Usable volume: 158.99 L (42 US gal)
- Fitting dimension: Filling/Draining: 3/4 inch (1,905 cm)







ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22007-A-001-01 Figure 7 Potable water system service panel



	Ta	ble 6 Pneumatic syste	em	
A	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height
Access	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Low Pressure Ground Connection (LPGC) Access door 191BB	37.76 (11,51)	-	4.33 (1,32)	5.30 (1,61)
High Pressure Ground Connection (HPGC) Access door 191AB	37.38 (11,39)	-	1.30 (0,40)	4.62 (1,41)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

### **Technical specifications**

### - LPGC Spec

- Discharge pressure range: [0.7 to 1.0 PSIG (Max)] or [0.05 to 0.07 bar (Max)]
- Temp range: [41 °F to 122 °F Max] or [5 °C to 50 °C Max]
- Max airflow: 125 lb/min
- Fitting dimension: 8 in (20,32 cm)
- LP Ground Cart Standard pneumatic connection per ISO 1034 or MS 33562

#### - HPGC Spec

- Bleed pressure range: [30 to 45 PSIG (Max)] or [2.07 to 3.10 bar (Max)]
- Bleed temperature range: [338 °F to 450 °F] or [170 °C to 232 °C]
- Airflow range: 100 lb/min to 140 lb/min
- Fitting dimension: 3 in (7,62 cm)
- HP Ground Cart Standard pneumatic connection per ISO 2026 or MS 33740





ICN-BD500-A-J212100-C-3AB48-19016-A-001-01 Figure 8 Low pressure ground system





ICN-BD500-A-J361500-C-3AB48-15114-A-001-01 Figure 9 High pressure ground system



	Tä	able 7 Electrical Syste	m		
Access	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground	
	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)	
Access door 115DL	11.71 (3,57)	-	2.68 (0,82)	6.37 (1,94)	

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

#### **Technical specifications**

- Power supply: 115 Volts Alternating Current (AC) External Power Receptacle

#### Note

For more specification about the electrical system, refer to section 1.4 - Ground electrical power requirements.





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22070-A-001-01 Figure 10 Electrical service panel



	7	Table 8 Oxygen system	n	
Accoss	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground
	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Access door	10.20	-	2.60	6.44
115CL	(3,11)		(0,79)	(1,96)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

#### **Technical specifications**

- Nominal working pressure: 1850 PSIG (128 bar)
- Capacity: 77 ft.<sup>3</sup> (2180 L)



ICN-BD500-A-J351100-C-3AB48-20623-A-001-01 Figure 11 Crew oxygen system



Table 9 Grounding points				
Access	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline	Mean height from ground	
	π (m)	RH side	ft (m)	LH side
		ft (m)		ft (m)
Nose Landing Gear	11.73	On aircraft	5.00	
(NLG) leg	(3,58)	centerline	(1,51)	
Left Main Landing	53.23		10.75	2.85
Gear (MLG) leg	(16,23)	-	(3,27)	(0,87)
	53.23	10.75		2.85
Right MLG leg	(16,23)	(3,27)	-	(0,87)
Pight MLC log	53.23	10.75		2.85
	(16,23)	(3,27)	-	(0,87)
LH Refuel/Defuel				
Access door	51.32		27.31	10.93
621FB	(15,64)	-	(8,32)	(3,33)
(Optional)				
RH Refuel/Defuel				
Access door	51.32	27.31	_	10.93
521FB	(15,64)	(8,32)		(3,33)
Fig. 13				

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22049-A-001-01 Figure 12 Landing gears grounding points



	Table 10 F	uel system Refuel/De	fuel adapter	
	A.f	Position from aircraft		Mean height
Access	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	_ from ground ft (m)
LH Refuel/Defuel Access door 621FB (Optional)	51.32 (15,64)		27.31 (8,32)	10.93 (3,33)
RH Refuel/Defuel Access door 521FB	51.32 (15,64)	27.31 (8,32)	-	10.93 (3,33)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.



1. Refuel adapter is optional on the left side.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22099-A-002-01 Figure 13 Refuel adapter and grounding point



	Table	11 Fuel system contro	l panel	
Access Aft of nos ft (m)	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height from ground
	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Access door	35.76	4.98		6.12
192AB	(10.9)	(1,52)	_	(1,86)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.





ICN-BD500-A-J282300-C-3AB48-12260-A-001-01 Figure 14 Refuel/Defuel system



		Table 12 Oil system		
_	Aft of nose	Position from aircraft Centerline		Mean height
Access	ft (m)	RH side ft (m)	LH side ft (m)	ft (m)
Engine Oil Filling Cap Access door (LH) 475CR (RH) 485CR	35.76 (10.9)	19.60 (5.97)	16.16 (4.93)	5.50 (1,68)

All distances are approximate.

All height from ground distances are approximate and will vary with aircraft configuration and loading conditions.

#### **Technical specifications**

- Oil tank capacity: 25.7 L (6.8 US gal)







ICN-BD500-A-J791100-C-3AB48-09787-A-001-01 Figure 15 Oil storage system



### 1.4 Ground electrical power requirements

### 1.5 Ground electrical power requirements

The external power system is used to connect AC electrical power from a ground cart. There are no provisions to connect DC power from an external ground cart. External AC can be used to power the complete AC distribution system or only those buses that provide power to the passenger compartment.

#### Note

It is recommended to use ground cart standard 75 KVA and higher. Using ground cart 60 KVA standard can lead to the EICAS nuisance messages.

Refer to Table 13 for the external AC power requirements data.

Refer to Table 14 for the external power quality limitations data.

Refer to Table 15 for overcurrent protection ampere versus time delay.

Refer to Table 16 for overvoltage protection versus time delay.

#### Table 13 External AC power requirements

Voltage	Frequency	
115 ± 5 V	400 ± 15 Hz	

Parameter	Setting limit	Response time			
Overcurrent	Tabl	e 15			
Overvoltage (highest phase)	Tabl	e 16			
Redundant Overvoltage (highest phase)	130 ± 3.3 V	0.75 ± 0.055 sec			
Undervoltage	107 ± 2.0 V (lowest phase) or 108.5 ± 2.0 V (3 phase average)	4.5 ± 0.5 sec			
Overfrequency	418 ± 2 Hz	4.5 ± 0.5 sec			
Underfrequency	382 ± 2 Hz	4 ± 0.5 sec			
Phase sequence	A-B-C	0.1 sec			
Open sequence	Lowest phase 15 ± 5 A and other phase greater than 30 ± 5 A	2.0 ± 0.5 sec			

#### Table 14 External power quality limitations

Table 15 Overcurrent protection ampere versus time delay		
Current A	Time (s)	
230 ± 12	300	
336 ± 12	11.75	

Current A	Time (s)
337 ± 12	11.05
346 ± 12	9.4
355 ± 12	8.2
370 ± 12	6.75
380 ± 12	6.1

Table 16 Overvoltage protection versus time delay

Voltage (V)	Time (s)
123	0.6
124	0.5
132	0.3
141	0.14
146	0.1
151	0.05

### 1.6 Engine starting pneumatic power requirements

The ground air supply requirements for engine starting are shown in Table 17. Conditions:

- Time allowed during start (to starter cutout) is 90 seconds
- Time-to-IDLE on ground is 45 seconds minimum
- No bleed air extraction is permitted during start sequence

ATS requirements	Inlet Pressure	Airflow
ISA day	45 PSIG	150 lb/min
	45 Pounds per Square Inch Absolute (PSIA)	68,04 kg/min

### Table 17 Ground pneumatic power requirements – Engine starting

### 1.7 Ground pneumatic power requirements

### 1.7.1 Heating

This section provides the ground pneumatic power requirements for heating the cabin with specific conditions.

Refer to Fig. 16 for heating pull-up graphic.



Tal	ble 18 Ground air supply requ	uirements for heati	ng (Pull up)	
Requir	ements	Pressure	Airflow	Temperature
To heat cabin to 69.8 °F ( Conditions	21 °C) within 30 minutes			
- Outside air temperatu	re: -40 °F ( -40 °C)			
<ul> <li>Initial cabin and cockp (-23 °C)</li> </ul>	it temperature: -9.4 °F	31 PSIG	203 lb/min	280 °F
<ul> <li>Cockpit, FWD &amp; AFT Hot (86 °F (30 °C))</li> </ul>	CABIN Temp Selector: Full	(45.7 PSIA )	(92,1 kg/min)	(138 °C)
- Recirculation fan: On				
- Trim air: On				
<ul> <li>No passenger</li> </ul>				





PULL-UP, Cs100

Time (min)

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22378-A-001-01 Figure 16 Ground pneumatic requirements - Heating



	Table 19 Ground air supply requirements for heating at a steady state				
	Requirements	Pressure	Airflow	Temperature	
Conditions	S				
- Outsi	de air temperature: -40 °F ( -40 °C)				
- Stead °F (24	dy state Cockpit & Cabin temperature: 75.2 4 °C)	25.4 PSIG	166 lb/min	253 °F	
- Cock selec	pit, FWD & AFT CABIN Temp Selector: Mid tion (75.2 °F (24 °C))	(40.1 PSIA )	(73.3 kg/min)	(123 °C)	
- Recir	culation fan: On				
- Trim a	air: On				
- 15 pa	issengers				

#### to for booting of a standy state - . . . . . . . . . . . . .

#### 1.7.2 Cooling

This section provides the ground pneumatic power requirements for cooling the cabin with specific conditions.

Refer to Fig. 17 for the cooling pull-down graphic.

#### Table 20 Ground air supply requirements for cooling (Pull down)

	Requirements	Pressure	Airflow	Temperature
<b>То</b> Со	cool cabin to 80.6 °F (27 °C) within 30 minutes nditions			
-	Outside air temperature: 104 °F (40 °C)			
-	Initial cabin and cockpit temperature: 114.8 °F (46 °C)	38 PSIG	140 lb/min	437 °F
-	Cockpit, FWD & AFT CABIN Temp Selector: Full Cold (64.4 °F (18 °C))	(52.7 PSIA )	(63,5 kg/min)	(225 °C)
-	Recirculation fan: On			
-	Trim air: On			
-	No passenger			





PULL-DOWN, Cs100

Time (min)

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22379-A-001-01 Figure 17 Ground pneumatic requirements - Cooling



	Table 21 Ground air supply require	ements for cooling	at a steady state	
	Requirements	Pressure	Airflow	Temperature
Co	nditions			
-	Outside air temperature: 104 °F ( 40 °C)			
-	Steady state Cockpit & Cabin temperature: 75.2°F (24 °C)	31 PSIG	203 lb/min	280 °F
-	Cockpit, FWD & AFT CABIN Temp Selector: Mid selection (75.2 °F (24 °C))	(45.7 PSIA )	(92,1 kg/min)	(138 °C)
-	Recirculation fan: On			
-	Trim air: On			
-	130 passengers			
1				

#### 1.8 **Preconditioned airflow requirements**

The ground air supply requirements for air conditioning and airflow requirements are shown in Table 22 for the LPGC .

Requirements	Pressure	Airflow	Temperature
To cool cabin to 75.2 °F (24 °C) Conditions - Outside air temperature is 104 °F (40 °C) - Recirculation fan is on - 130 passenger	0.6 PSIG (15.2 PSIA) (4.1 kPa g)	125 lb/min (54.4 kg/min)	41 °F (5 °C)
To heat cabin to 75.2 °F (24 °C)Conditions-Outside air temperature is -40 °F (-40 °C)-Recirculation fan is on-15 passenger	0.6 PSIG (15.2 PSIA) (4.1 kPa g)	125 lb/min (54.4 kg/min)	104°F (40°C)

Table 22 Preconditioned airflow requirements

#### 1.9 Ground towing requirements

The aircraft is designed for towing and pushing with a tractor and tow bar as well as with selected tow bar-less ground handling vehicles.

For towing and pushing operations, controls are provided to accommodate the following conditions:

Aircraft not powered (see note below):

A control panel is provided on the left side of the aircraft by the nose NLG. A push-button on the control panel can be toggled to engage power to begin the towing sequence (Navigation lights are lit automatically). The parking brake can be deactivated by way of a switch located on this panel. Annunciation lights on the NLG indicate when the parking brake is deactivated and the aircraft is ready for towing.

#### Note

Availability of the controls to facilitate towing the aircraft with the flight deck vacant does not constitute an approval to conduct such operations.

- Aircraft powered, and flight deck occupied:

Two separate controls, one to deactivate the nose wheel steering, and one to deactivate the parking brake, are located in both the flight deck and on the control panel located in the vicinity of the nose landing gear. Headset jacks are provided on this control panel to allow for communication between personnel on the flight deck and on the ground. Annunciation lights on the control panel indicate when the aircraft is ready for towing.

With the torque links connected, towing up to  $\pm 130^{\circ}$  nose wheel angle is possible.

The ground towing requirements are described in the illustration below.



### NOTES

- 1. Unusual breakaway conditions not reflected.
- 2. Estimated for rubber tired tow vehicles.
- 3. Coefficient of friction ( $\mu$ ) approximate.
- 4. Example: At an aircraft gross weight of 125000lbs ( 56699 Kg ), an uphill slope of 1.5%, with one engine ON and with a dry concrete surface, the corresponding draw bar pull or push required is 80( ( 35.6 kN ) and the total tractor weight of approximately 10 500 lbs (4762 Kg ).

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22839-A-001-01 Figure 18 Ground towing requirements (imperial unit)



### NOTES

- 1. Unusual breakaway conditions not reflected.
- 2. Estimated for rubber tired tow vehicles.
- 3. Coefficient of friction ( $\mu$ ) approximate.
- 4. Example: At an aircraft gross weight of 125000lbs (56699 Kg), an uphill slope of 1.5%, with one engine ON and with a dry concrete surface, the corresponding draw bar pull or push required is 80( (35.6 kN) and the total tractor weight of approximately 10 500 lbs (4762 Kg).

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-22840-A-001-01 Figure 19 Ground towing requirements (metric unit)

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-18AAA-030A-A



For more information related to towing, refer to the AMP .

End of data module

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## **Operating conditions - Technical data**

Applicability: Model: CS100

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## References

Table 1 References Data Module/Technical Publication Title

None

## Description

#### 1 Introduction

This data module gives data on the engine noise levels and the intake and exhaust dangerous areas during normal operations. This section is divided into the subsections that follow:

- Engine dangerous areas \_
- Engine exhaust velocities and temperatures \_
- \_ Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)
- Engine noise levels

Aircraft operating conditions and noise are important to airport and community planners. While an airport is a major element in a community transportation system and is vital to it's growth, it must be a good neighbor. This can only be accomplished with proper planning. Because aircraft noise extends beyond the boundaries of the airport, it is vital to consider the impact on surroundings communities.

## 2 Engine dangerous areas

This section contains information about the danger areas of engines during a ground run up. Refer to Fig. 1 for danger areas of engines.




ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21738-A-002-01 Figure 1 Danger Areas of Engines

#### 3 Engine exhaust velocities and temperatures

This section shows the estimated engine exhaust plume velocity and temperature profiles during idle, breakaway, and maximum takeoff conditions.

The exhaust plume profiles are provided from the engine nozzle exit plane, assuming sea level, static, ISA condition, without any wind and bleed extraction. They do not take into account an engine-to-engine variation or engine deterioration and do not account for interaction with the fuselage, ground or other engine plume.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-27915-A-001-01 Figure 2 Exhaust plume velocity profile / CS100 Break-away thrust 2970 lbf

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-27917-A-001-01 Figure 3 Exhaust plume temperature profile / CS100 Break-away thrust 2970 lbf





ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-27919-A-001-01 Figure 4 Exhaust plume velocity profile / Ground idle

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-27920-A-001-01 Figure 5 Exhaust plume temperature profile / Ground idle



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-27921-A-001-01 Figure 6 Exhaust plume velocity profile / Maximum take-off at sea level static

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ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-27922-A-001-01 Figure 7 Exhaust plume temperature profile / Maximum take-off at sea level static

**C**SERIES

#### 4 Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)

This section contains information about the danger areas of the APU when operated on the ground. Refer to Fig. 8 and Fig. 9 for danger areas and the exhaust plume temperature of the APU.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-47400-A-001-01 Figure 8 APU exhaust plume temperature

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-17AAA-030A-A



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-47401-A-001-01 Figure 9 APU danger areas

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#### 5 Engine noise levels

The community noise levels must agree with FAR 36 Stage 3, ICAO Annex 16, Chapter 4, Chapter 516.

Refer to Table 2 for the demonstrated Effective Perceived Noise levels (EPNdB), limits, and the relative difference (margin of compliance) for the engines.

Table 2 Engine noise levels							
Engine	Weights		Measure-			Margins	Margin
<option code&gt;</option 			ment Points			(EPNdB)	Require- ment
							(EPNdB)
	MTOW	MLW	Description	Noise Limit	Measured		
	<option< th=""><th><option< th=""><th></th><th>(EPNdB)</th><th>Level</th><th></th><th></th></option<></th></option<>	<option< th=""><th></th><th>(EPNdB)</th><th>Level</th><th></th><th></th></option<>		(EPNdB)	Level		
	code>	code>			(EPNdB)		
PW1524G	134,000 lb	115,500 lb	Approach	99.9	91.9	8.0	0
<72210003>	(60,781 kg)	(52,390 kg)					
	<13000170>	<1300270>					
			Lateral	96.0	87.9	8.1	0
			Flyover	90.4	79.0	11.4	0
			Sum of			16.1	2
			smallest two				
			individual				
			margins:				
			Sum of all			27.5	10
			individual				
			margins:				



#### Pavement data - Technical data

Applicability: Model: CS100

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#### 

#### References

 Table 1 References

 Data Module/Technical Publication
 Title

None

### Description

#### 1 Introduction

This data module contains data related to the pavement design specifications, including aircraft footprints, pavement loading during standard operations, and aircraft/pavement rating systems. Also given are the flotation classification for different weights, fixed tire pressure, and aft Center of Gravity (CG), with the Aircraft Classification Number (ACN) methods.

This section is divided into the subsections that follow:

- ACN
- Landing gear footprint
- Maximum pavement load
- Landing gear loading on pavement

#### Note

Runway strength data shown in this publication is derived from available information and is a realistic estimate of capability at an average level of activity. It is not intended as a maximum allowable weight or as an operating limitation. Many airport pavements are capable of supporting limited operations with gross weights in excess of published figures. Permissible operating weight, insofar as runway strengths are concerned, are a matter of agreement between the owner and user.

For more information about the Pavement Classification Number (PCN), please contact the concerned airport authority.

### 1.1 Aircraft Classification Number (ACN) / Pavement Classification Number (PCN) Introduction

#### 1.1.1 Aircraft Classification Number (ACN)

The ACN value is a number which expresses the relative structural effect of an aircraft on different pavement types for specified standard subgrade strengths in terms of a standard single wheel load.

An aircraft will have eight (8) ACN numbers for any given aircraft weight and tire pressure: four (4) for flexible pavement and four (4) for rigid pavement.

#### 1.1.2 Pavement Classification Number (PCN)

The PCN value is a number which expresses the relative load carrying capacity of a pavement in terms of a standard single wheel load.

An airport determined and published PCN can be compared with an aircraft's ACN . An aircraft that has an ACN equal to or less than the PCN of a given pavement can operate without restriction on the pavement. (Ref. International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) State Letter AN411.1.17–8019. Ref. US FAA Advisory Circular 150153355 15/06/83).

For example, if the published airport PCN is 52/R/B/Y/T, it means that the aircraft ACN must be less than 52 for rigid pavement type, with medium subgrade strenght, and the tire pressure of the aircraft must be less than 145 psi (1.0 MPa). The PCN also shows that the value was arrived at through a technical review.

Pavement type	Pavement type	Tire pressure cat- egory psi (MPa)	Evaluation
R = Rigid F = Flexible	A = High B = Medium C = Low D = Ultra Low	W = No limit X = To 254 (1.75) Y = To 181 (1.25) Z = To 73 (0.5)	T = Technical U = Using aircraft

Table 2 Airport method to show Pavement Classification Number (PCN) .



	Table 3 Subgrade strength categories						
Sub- grade cate- gories	Flexible p	pavement	Rigid pa	avement			
	Characterization	CBR range	Characterization	k-Value Range			
A	CBR 15	Above 13	k = 150MN/ m3 (550 pci)	Above 120MN/ m3 (442pci)			
В	CBR 10	From 8 to 13	k = 80MN/m3 (300 pci)	From 60 to 120 MN/ m3 (221 to 442pci)			
С	CBR 6	From 4 to 8	k = 80MN/m3 (300 pci)	From 25 to 60 MN/ m3 (92 to 221pci)			
D	CBR 3	Below 4	k=20MN/m3 (75pci)	Below 25 MN/ m3 (92pci)			

### 2 Aircraft Classification Number (ACN) results

Refer to Fig. 1 for the ACN results for rigid pavement and Fig. 2 for the ACN results for flexible pavement.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21452-A-002-01 Figure 1 ACN results - Rigid pavement - (Sheet 1 of 2)



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21453-A-002-01 Figure 1 ACN results - Rigid pavement - (Sheet 2 of 2)



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21450-A-002-01 Figure 2 ACN results - Flexible pavement - (Sheet 1 of 2)

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-11AAA-030A-A



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21451-A-002-01 Figure 2 ACN results - Flexible pavement - (Sheet 2 of 2)

### 3 Landing gear footprint

Refer to Fig. 3 for the landing gear footprint.

Table 4 Landing gear footprint					
Aircraft (A/C) code	A-B-C-D-E-F-G-H-I-J-K-L-M-N				
Percentage of weight on main gear group	Refer to section 4				
Nose gear tire size	27 x 8.5 R12 16 PR				
Nose gear tire pressure	146 PSIG (10 Bar)				
Main gear tire size	H42 x 15.0 R21 26 PR				
Main gear tire pressure	189 PSIG (13.0 Bar)				



#### NOTE

Not to scale.

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-21628-A-002-01 Figure 3 Landing gear footprint

### 4 Maximum pavement loads

The maximum pavement load is given at different Maximum Ramp Weight (MRW) load to cover the multiple possible operations usage of the aircraft by the operators.

1	2			3		4	
				VNG	VMG	(per strut)	
A/C code	MRW		Static L Forwar	Static Load at most Forward (FWD)CG 1		Static Load at MAXAft (AFT)CG 2	
	lb.	kg	lb.	kg	lb.	kg	
А	117,000	53 070	14,012	6 356	55,141	25 011	
В	118,000	53 524	14,044	6 370	55,612	25 225	
С	119,000	53 977	14,075	6 384	56,083	25 439	
D	120,000	54 431	14,104	6 397	56,523	25 639	
E	121,000	54 885	14,131	6 410	56,931	25 824	
F	122,000	55 338	14,157	6 422	57,338	26 008	
G	123,000	55 792	14,182	6 433	57,744	26 192	
Н	124,000	56 245	14,205	6 443	58,149	26 376	
I	125,000	56 699	14,227	6 453	58,552	26 559	
J	126,000	57 153	14,247	6 462	58,955	26 741	
К	127,000	57 606	14,265	6 471	59,356	26 924	
L	128,000	58 060	14,283	6 478	59,757	27 105	
М	129,000	58 513	14,298	6 486	60,156	27 287	
Ν	130,000	58 967	14,312	6 492	60,555	27 467	
0	131,000	59 421	14,325	6 498	60,952	27 648	
Р	132,000	59 874	14,336	6 503	61,349	27 827	
Q	133,000	60 328	14,346	6 507	61,744	28 007	
R	134,000	60 781	14,354	6 511	62,138	28 185	
S	135,000	61 235	14,361	6 514	62,532	28 364	
1		<u>    l                                </u>	<u>    I                                </u>	I			
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Table 5 Maximum pavement loads

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-11AAA-030A-A

- 1 V (NG) Maximum Vertical Nose Gear Ground Load at most FWDCG
- 2 V (MG) Maximum Vertical Main Gear Ground Load at most AFTCG

V (NG) Maximum Vertical Nose Gear Ground Load at most FWDCG for the respective A/C code are as follow:

- A: MRW equals 117,000 lb. FWDCG equals 14.2% Mean Aerodynamic Chord (MAC) at A/ C weight equals 117,000 lb.
- B: MRW equals 118,000 lb. FWDCG equals 14.4% MAC at A/C weight equals 118,000 lb.
- C: MRW equals 119,000 lb. FWDCG equals 14.7% MAC at A/C weight equals 119,000 lb.
- D: MRW equals 120,000 lb. FWDCG equals 15% MAC at A/C weight equals 120,000 lb.
- E: MRW equals 121,000 lb. FWDCG equals 15.2% MAC at A/C weight equals 121,000 lb.
- F: MRW equals 122,000 lb. FWDCG equals 15.5% MAC at A/C weight equals 122,000 lb.
- G: MRW equals 123,000 lb. FWDCG equals 15.7% MAC at A/C weight equals 123,000 lb.
- H: MRW equals 124,000 lb. FWDCG equals 16% MAC at A/C weight equals 124,000 lb.
- I: MRW equals 125,000 lb. FWDCG equals 16.3% MAC at A/C weight equals 125,000 lb.
- J: MRW equals 126,000 lb. FWDCG equals 16.5% MAC at A/C weight equals 126,000 lb.
- K: MRW equals 127,000 lb. FWDCG equals 16.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 127,000 lb.
- L: MRW equals 128,000 lb. FWDCG equals 17% MAC at A/C weight equals 128,000 lb.
- M: MRW equals 129,000 lb. FWDCG equals 17.3% MAC at A/C weight equals 129,000 lb.
- N: MRW equals 130,000 lb. FWDCG equals 17.5% MAC at A/C weight equals 130,000 lb.
- O: MRW equals 131,000 lb. FWDCG equals 17.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 131,000 lb.
- P: MRW equals 132,000 lb. FWDCG equals 18.1% MAC at A/C weight equals 132,000 lb.
- Q: MRW equals 133,000 lb. FWDCG equals 18.3% MAC at A/C weight equals 133,000 lb.
- R: MRW equals 134,000 lb. FWDCG equals 18.6% MAC at A/C weight equals 134,000 lb.
- S: MRW equals 135,000 lb. FWDCG equals 18.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 135,000 lb.

V (MG) Maximum Vertical Main Gear Ground Load at most AFTCG for the respective A/C code are as follow:

- A: MRW equals 117,000 lb. AFTCG equals 35.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 117,000 lb.
- B: MRW equals 118,000 lb. AFTCG equals 35.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 118,000 lb.
- C: MRW equals 119,000 lb. AFTCG equals 35.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 119,000 lb.
- D: MRW equals 120,000 lb. AFTCG equals 35.6% MAC at A/C weight equals 120,000 lb.
- E: MRW equals 121,000 lb. AFTCG equals 35.3% MAC at A/C weight equals 121,000 lb.
- F: MRW equals 122,000 lb. AFTCG equals 34.9% MAC at A/C weight equals 122,000 lb.
- G: MRW equals 123,000 lb. AFTCG equals 34.5% MAC at A/C weight equals 123,000 lb.
- H: MRW equals 124,000 lb. AFTCG equals 34.2% MAC at A/C weight equals 124,000 lb.
- I: MRW equals 125,000 lb. AFTCG equals 33.8% MAC at A/C weight equals 125,000 lb.
- J: MRW equals 126,000 lb. AFTCG equals 33.4% MAC at A/C weight equals 126,000 lb.
- K: MRW equals 127,000 lb. AFTCG equals 33.1% MAC at A/C weight equals 127,000 lb.
- L: MRW equals 128,000 lb. AFTCG equals 32.7% MAC at A/C weight equals 128,000 lb.
- M: MRW equals 129,000 lb. AFTCG equals 32.4% MAC at A/C weight equals 129,000 lb.

- N: MRW equals 130,000 lb. AFTCG equals 32% MAC at A/C weight equals 130,000 lb.
- O: MRW equals 131,000 lb. AFTCG equals 31.6% MAC at A/C weight equals 131,000 lb.
- P: MRW equals 132,000 lb. AFTCG equals 31.3% MAC at A/C weight equals 132,000 lb.
- Q: MRW equals 133,000 lb. AFTCG equals 30.9% MAC at A/C weight equals 133,000 lb.
- R: MRW equals 134,000 lb. AFTCG equals 30.6% MAC at A/C weight equals 134,000 lb.
- SMRW equals 135,000 lb. AFTCG equals 30.2% MAC at A/C weight equals 135,000 lb.



ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-23590-A-002-01 Figure 4 Maximum pavement load - CS100

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### 5 Landing gear loading on pavement

This section gives the landing gear loading on pavement.



PERCENTAGE ON MAIN GEAR

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-23313-A-001-01 Figure 5 Landing gear loading on pavement

End of data module

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#### **Derivative aircraft - Technical data**

Applicability: Model: CS100

#### 

#### References

	Table 1 References
Data Module/Technical Publication	Title
None	

### Description

This section will be updated if new derivatives of the BD-500-1A10 (CS100) model are manufactured.

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#### Scaled drawings - Technical data

Applicability: Model: CS100

Table of conte	ents	Page
Scaled Referen Descrip 1	drawings - Technical data ces tion Introduction	
List of tables		Page
1	References	1
List of figures		Page
1	Scaled drawing	
	References	

	Table 1	References
Data Module/Technical Publication	Title	
None		

### Description

#### 1 Introduction

This data module contains the scaled drawings for the Bombardier CSeries model BD500-1A10 (CS100).

It can be used to plan and to verify runway, ramp, and maintenance facility layouts.

Refer to Fig. 1 for the scaled drawing.



#### NOTES

- 1. Scale: 1 in. = 25 ft (1 cm = 3 m)
- 2. When printing this illustration, make sure to adjust for proper scaling.

BD500-A-J00-00-00-21AAA-030A-A

ICN-BD500-A-J000000-A-3AB48-23312-A-001-01 Figure 1 Scaled drawing

See applicability on the first page of the DM BD500-A-J00-00-00-21AAA-030A-A

End of data module