

Eastern Shoshone Working Dictionary

Compiled by David Leedom Shaul

This is a working dictionary based of the published and publicly accessible sources for Eastern Shoshone.

The NSF DEL Eastern Shoshone project is to accumulate all of the known information about Eastern Shoshone words into a database. This has included gathering together several major sources, from both published sources and manuscripts. The project was slated to work with native speakers, but because the Shoshone Business Council was not able to identify a Shoshone coordinator as a liaison, this phase has not been possible. Instead, a large database has been accumulated of Eastern Shoshone words and phrases.

A list was first made of all published dictionaries and vocabularies of Shoshone (Idaho, Utah, Nevada). In this way, it is possible to tell if a Eastern Shoshone word is shared with the other dialects of the language. This pan-Shoshone list was originally made as a checklist for work with Eastern Shoshone speakers so that no word would be overlooked.

Sources for Eastern Shoshone Words and Phrases

The main published and publicly accessible sources for Eastern Shoshone are listed below, along with the abbreviations used in the working dictionary.

E	Eastern Shoshone Cultural Center (2004)
Geb	Gebow (1869, 1868)
Hi	Hill (n.d.)
Hul	Hultkrantz (1987); Trehero and Hultkrantz (2009)
Mor	Moore (n.d.)
Rob	Roberts (n.d.)
S	St. Clair ([1901])
S dis	Shimkin (1953; published version)
Sh	Shimkin field notes (n.d.)
SG	Shimkin grammar sketch (n.d.)
SGE	Shimkin ethnogeography (1947a)
SM	Shimkin morpheme list (1949a, 1949b)
T	Tidzump (n.d.; 1970); Tidzump and Kosin

	(1967a, 1967b)
Van	Vander (1978)

One major source of data is the morpheme list from the the Eastern Shoshone texts collected in 1901 by Harry Hull St. Clair. Another main source is a published Eastern Shoshone text with notes and glossary published by Demitri Boris Shimkin (1949a, 1949b), as well as his manuscript grammatical sketch and field notes (Shimkin n.d.). The work of Malinda Tidzump (n.d., 1970; Tidzump and Kosin 1967a, 1967b) are the other primary source for Eastern Shoshone vocabulary.

Published articles and monographs by Shimkin (1947a, 1947b) and the published version of his dissertation (Shimkin 1953) contain valuable material. So do the major ethnographic work of the Swedish scholar Ake Hultkrantz Hultkrantz 1987; Trehero and Hultkrantz 2009), and Vander (1978).

The papers of Shimkin in the American Heritage Center of the University contain words and phrases not found in the major sources mentioned above that were used to create the Eastern Shoshone union list. The papers and short texts of the missionary John Roberts also contain a great deal of additional Eastern Shoshone words.

Roberts' work is written in a combination of English spelling conventions and the use of two letters from his native Welsh: <w> which stands for the u in the word *rule*, and <y> which can be either the i in *bit* or the u in *run*. Many of Roberts' words are very similar to the work of Gebow (1959, 1868) and Moore (n.d.) which are talked about below.

Some words came from ethnographic works on the Eastern Shoshone. These include two works based on the fieldwork of Ake Hultkrantz (Hultkrantz 1987, Trehero and Hultkrantz 2009) and are identified with the source abbreviation "Hul." Another source is work by Judith Vander (1978).

Two early works have been surveyed that could include words present in Eastern Shoshone. These include Gebow (1859, 1868), and Moore (n.d.). Both of these reflect a practical need for communication in Shoshone, and both are useful for neologisms that reflect first contact with the White invaders.

Joseph A. Gebow's Shoshone Vocabulary was printed twice (Gebow 1859, 1868), reflecting the practical interest of the contact frontier in Utah and southern Wyoming in the middle of the 1800s. Gebow lived with the Shoshones of southern Wyoming for 14 years as a trapper, and later was the interpreter for Dr. Forney, Superintendent of Indian Affairs in Salt Lake City. At the end of his vocabulary and phrasebook, he noted that he intended to open a school to teach Shoshone, adding that his spelling of the language was "so plainly spelled that none can mistake the sounds" (1859:15).

J. K. Moore was a clerk in Judge Carter's store at Fort Bridger in the late 1860s. Like the work of Gebow, Moore's vocabulary (Moore n.d.) was intended to be practical. The original manuscript is in the J. K. Moore papers at the University of Wyoming. Some of the entries in Moore are identical to the words collected by Roberts, so Roberts must have had access to Moore's work at some time after Moore compiled the vocabulary (recall Moore settled near the Wind River Reservation and that Roberts arrived after Moore was on sight). The work of Moore and Roberts both reflect a familiarity with the work of Gebow, who precedes both historically.

A large number of entries are from the more recent work by Gladys St. Clair Hill (n.d.) and the Eastern Shoshone Cultural Center (2004). The work by Hill has Final Vowel Dropping, Vowel Nasalization, and the shift from /e/ to /i/ in first syllables. The work by Eastern Shoshone Cultural Center reflects three speakers of different dialects. Entries from these sources have been put in where unambiguous interpretation is possible, the remainder being reserved for checking with speakers.

Additional Sources (Not Eastern Shoshone)

Words from Northern Shoshone (Gould and Loether 2002), Central/Gosiute Shoshone (Miller 1972), and Western Shoshone (Crum and Dailey 1993; Crum and Miller 1987) are used to either document the root of an Eastern Shoshone word, or else to provide support for an Eastern Shoshone word or form that is ambiguous either in phonetic spelling or meaning.

The abbreviations for these additional Shoshone sources are as follows.

C	Crum and Dailey (1993)
G	Gould and Loether (2002)
H	<i>How to Read Shoshoni</i> (Crum and Miller 1987)
M	Miller (1972)

The forms supplied from Shoshone varieties other than Eastern Shoshone may be eventually replaced as the dictionary work continues and the non-Eastern forms are replaced.

The Phonetic Alphabet Used in the Working Dictionary

The following phonetic alphabet is used to write Eastern Shoshone in this work. It is based on the work of Tidzump, with two major changes: the use of the letter *ê* and the use of apostrophe (') for the glottal stop.

Letter	Approximate English Sound
a	a in <i>father</i>
ai	ai in <i>aisle</i>
b	b in <i>bug</i>
ch	ch in <i>batch</i>
d	d in <i>dog</i>
e	u in <i>cup</i>
ê	e in <i>bet</i>
f	f in <i>food</i> (but with both lips touching)
g	g in <i>get</i>
gw	gw in <i>dogwood</i>

h	h in <i>hat</i>
hw	wh in <i>what</i>
i	i in <i>machine</i>
j	j in <i>jack</i>
k	k in <i>skit</i>
kw	qu in <i>quick</i>
m	m in <i>moon</i>
mw	mw in <i>broomwood</i>
n	n in <i>new</i>
ng	ng in <i>sing</i> (never as in <i>finger</i>)
ny	ny in <i>canyon</i>
o	o in <i>wrote</i>
p	p in <i>spot</i>
r	tt in <i>butter</i> (tongue flap against roof of mouth)
s	s in <i>sit</i>
sh	sh in <i>mush</i>
t	t in <i>stay</i>
u	u in <i>rule</i>
v	v in <i>lavish</i> (but with both lips touching)
w	w in <i>way</i>
x	ch in German <i>ich</i>
xw	ch in German <i>ich</i> plus a <i>w</i>
y	y in <i>yes</i>
z	z in <i>zap</i>

There are also several other features that need to be mentioned.

Long vowels are written as a double vowel: *baa*, water; *duu*, black.

As is well known in Shoshone and Numic studies, Shoshone words may end in "final features" which are not pronounced when a word is said by itself, but which have are realized if a consonant follows. For example, the singular possessor marker *eN* ends in the nasalizing final feature. The nasal final feature realizes as a homo-organic nasal with the following consonant.

en dembi	'your rock'
em bungku	'your horse'
em mo'o	'your head'

eng kahni	'your house'
eng kwinya	'your raptor'

A similar system developed for all of the Celtic languages such as Irish, Welsh, and Scots Gaelic. It is worth noting that all of the Insular Celtic languages evolved phonetic spellings for their consonant changes without resorting to abstract spellings.

English has the same thing, except for a very few words.

- knife → knives
- wife → wives
- goose → geese
- mouse → mice

Although such morphophonemic spellings are not typical of the vast majority of English words, they are typical of high frequency items, and a Shoshone person would be familiar with the idea of writing consonant variation instead of computing it with a set of rules. The Tidzump system handles morphophonemics the way English does, instead of relying on a more abstract writing system.

There is also some evidence for writing on the phonetic level involving minimal and near minimal pairs of words that contrast, at least in Eastern Shoshone.

Minimal Pairs on the “Phonetic Level”

There are two sorts of data that show that the phonetic system of writing Shoshone (Tidzump as proposed here) is actually phonemic: (a) minimal pairs and near-minimal pairs that contrast medial nasal consonants with medial nasal consonants with off-glides; and (b) medial voiced versus voiceless consonants that form durative (as opposed to nomic) forms.

Below is representative data of minimal pairs and near-minimal pairs involving medial nasal consonants with off-glides.

gwinya	'raptor'	gwiya	'startled'
hunyan	'badger'	huna-	'menses'
sanya"-	'sap'	sa'ana	'yonder'
yunya"	'carry/take'	yunaH	'scoop/dip'

These words show that /ny/ contrasts with /n/ medially, as well as with /y/.

A second data set that shows the Tidzump system is phonemic are pairs involving nomic and durative forms of verbs.

wenyeH	'stand (sing.)'	weneH	'stands (dur.)'
havi	'lie down (sing.)'	hapi	'lie down (dur.)'
maga"	'feeds (nomic)'	maka"	is/was feeding for a while

Following the axiom, "once a phoneme – always a phoneme," the Tidzump system is writing phonemically. An additional argument can be made that /ny/ contrasts with /n/ medially in two different contexts: (a) in nomic/duratives pairs, but also (b) in pairs not involving any alternation.

Abbreviations Used in the Working Dictionary

Here are the abbreviations for the source materials, both Eastern Shoshone and non-Eastern Shoshone sources.

C	Crum and Dailey (1993)
G	Gould and Loether (2002)
Geb	Gebow (1859, 1868)
H	<i>How to Read Shoshoni</i> (Crum and Miller 1987)
Hul	Hultkrantz (1987); Trehero and Hultkrantz (2009)
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Van	Vander (1978)

The following abbreviations are also used in the working dictionary.

<i>adj.</i>	adjective	<i>lit.</i>	literally
<i>adv.</i>	adverb	<i>n.</i>	noun
<i>cf.</i>	see also	<i>num.</i>	numeral
<i>cl.</i>	clitic	<i>pl.</i>	plural
<i>comb.</i>	combining form	<i>postp.</i>	postposition
<i>conj.</i>	conjunction	<i>pref.</i>	prefix
<i>dem.</i>	demonstratiive	<i>pron.</i>	pronoun
<i>dl.</i>	dual	<i>ptc.</i>	particle
<i>dv.</i>	ditransitive verb	<i>quan.</i>	quantifier
<i>excl.</i>	exclusive	<i>rdp.</i>	reduplication
<i>exp.</i>	expression	<i>sing.</i>	singular
<i>incl.</i>	inclusive	<i>sp.</i>	speaking (man or woman)
<i>indef.</i>	indefinite	<i>suf.</i>	suffix
<i>interj.</i>	interjection	<i>tv.</i>	transitive verb
<i>iv.</i>	intransitive verb	<i>v.</i>	verb

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aa êri	<i>n.</i>	bow (of horn) (Rob)
Aa'a	<i>n.</i>	Crow Indian (S; T) [aane[e], pl] (SGE)
aa''		demonstrative stem denoting distance (SM) aata , a great distance aavi , far outside or far below
aagwis	<i>iv.</i>	sneeze (T)
aakur		far [?] sure we u riasuas u naru'engken, "déa=nets iwant muvishich aakur ure[:] muraxw," us sukur u naru'engken u riasuas , now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them out to a distant place," that is what he was telling/relating (SG)
aakwênt	<i>adv</i>	far away from (SM)
aaN	<i>n.</i>	horn (S, T)
Aano	<i>n.</i>	1. Horn Pokers, a men's society in friendly competition with the Muuvinjawai, Nose Pokers (S dis) 2. Cree Indian (Sh, T)
Aano Nekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	Horn Dance, Round Dance (Hi)
aashê		river (S; has the notation "Crow")
aasia	<i>n.</i>	scarlet bee blossom (<i>Gaura coccinea</i>) (SGE); syn. yana wetsi
aata	<i>n.</i>	a great distance (SM)
aatengk[i]	<i>n.</i>	grasshopper (Rob, Mor)
aavi	<i>adv</i>	far outside, far below (SM); way down there (SG)
aawua	<i>n.</i>	sucker (fish; <i>lit.</i> horned) (Sh); <i>var.</i> a'uhutsi (Sh); <i>var.</i> aawuk (Sh)
agai''	<i>n.</i>	salmon (SGE)
Agaiteka	<i>n.</i>	Lemhi Shoshone (<i>lit.</i> salmon eaters) (SGE)
agêr[eN]		Appaloosa horse (E)
agwai pohagand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	medicine man with bear power ((Hul)

agwai''	" <i>n.</i>	bear (S, T); Sh states this refers to a female bear (SGE); var. agwê
agwain du'a	<i>n.</i>	bear cub (Hul)
agwaren	<i>iv.</i>	belch (E)
agwarin		burp (E)
agwê	<i>n.</i>	bear; var. agwai
ahanazitoh		crutches (E)
ahna	<i>n.</i>	armpit (E); T has: ah; Hi has: ahe; cf. ahna, armpit (M)
ahó		thanks (Sh, S dis)
ahwai	<i>v.</i>	dig roots (S); var. ahwê ahwainid , was digging (S; 78.9) ahwêgwádu'i , going to dig (S)
ahwê	<i>v.</i>	var. of ahwai, dig roots
ahwêgwaN	<i>v.</i>	go to dig roots (S) áhwêgwádu'i , [I am] going to dig roots (S 78.3)
ai'		come in (E)
aiangkwx		somewhere (SG)
aishêmit	<i>adv</i>	roan (Sh)
aishêrêva	<i>adj</i>	pinto (Sh, (Rob); var. aishêrava (Sh)
aiya'ai	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	hello, ah (S 5.8, 2.7, 3.4)
akeN	<i>n.</i>	sunflower (<i>Helianthus</i>) (SGE); cf. akeN, sunflower (C)
ama'akand[eN]		drunk (Rob)
amatsaniga	<i>n.</i>	vest (Mor <a-mat-zan-e-gah> and Rob <a-mat-za-e-gah>)
anda naigi	<i>adv</i>	to one side of, different place (S)
anda naku	<i>adv</i>	on the other side (S)
anda nángkwa	<i>adv</i>	at another place, in another place, to another place (S)

anda wêhand[eN]		inflammable (E)
anda''	<i>co mb.</i>	another (S); in the opposite direction, away from (SM)
andagopat		breakable (E)
andape[eH]	<i>n.</i>	detour (E)
andapu wen'		convert (E) andapu u wen' , convert X (E)
andapu'i-	<i>v.</i>	change (E)
andapu[N]	<i>pos tp., adj.</i>	1. postp. away from (S), SM 2. adj. different (Hi, E) andapundes[eN] , different (E) u andápu , away from them (S; 8.7) u andap wupix , jumped away from it (SM)
andapun u naroiŋke	<i>v.</i>	give false information (lit. explain it otherwise) (E)
andapun[d[eN]		1. otherwise, other than (SG) 2. error (E)
andapung neweroap[eH]		deformed (lit. one made human differently ?) (E)
andapus nawandavuin		disguised (E)
andarer		wobbly, shaky (T)
andasawend[eN]		delicate (E)
andates		certain (S), another (S, E); <i>var.</i> andatish; <i>var.</i> andares (Rob)
andavich[i]	<i>n.</i>	person of another tribe (Hi)
andawich	<i>n.</i>	a weed like peppermint (Sh)
andó'a		young (S 66.8) [andu'a ?]
angkap[eH]		lard (E)
angkashingkwinqenka	<i>n.</i>	south side of tipi (Sh)
aniH		1. downward (SM) 2. capsize (E), fall down, fall over (E); <i>cf.</i> aniH, <i>iv.</i> fall down (M) [gwambi ~ yumwa, pl. subj.] (M)
anikwakwa	<i>n.</i>	woodpecker (Hi)
aningkwakwa	<i>n.</i>	yellow throat (SM: bird; <i>Geothypis trichos</i> ?)
aningkwichip	<i>n.</i>	ants pounded, roasted and eaten (Sh)
aningkwitsang kahni	<i>n.</i>	ant hill (T)
aningkwitsiH	<i>n.</i>	ant (T, HI)
anivui	<i>n.</i>	housefly (<i>lit.</i> downward sees) (SM has: aniwu'i; T has:

		hanivui)
anivui wan[a]		fly trap (E)
anivui we kumba		fly swatter (E)
anixwa	<i>iv.</i>	fall (S 97.3) anixwats , [after falling] (S)
anzi wowo	<i>n.</i>	cantelopes (E)
ape nakand[eN]		father-in-law (E); cf. dogo
Ape Nekar	<i>n.</i>	Father Dance, for mass curing for epidemics; "a close relative of the Ghost Dance of latter days") (Sh)
Ape Tavê	<i>n.</i>	Father's Day (E)
ape'' (-a)	<i>n.</i>	father (S); father, God (T)
apêchis[eN]		in: gê apêchiseN, instant (E)
apetsi	<i>n.</i>	daddy (E)
apo	<i>n.</i>	apple (T)
Apsariko	<i>n.</i>	Crow Indians (Rob; Geb <Hap-sah-ro-kay>; <Ap-sair-e-ca>)
ara	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of arafeH, jaw/bit
arafan zokap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	dimple (lit. jaw's dent) (E)
arafeH	<i>n.</i>	1. jaw (T) 2. bit (bridle) (Rob, Mor); <i>var.</i> ara
araH	<i>n.</i>	uncle (T) [araneë, <i>pl.</i>] (T)
arapane	<i>n.</i>	elephant (T)
are	<i>co mb.</i>	deep (S) are hunu , deep gulch (S 45.7; <i>cf.</i> hunuviN, gulch/ditch; C)
aroipe		moldy, corroded (T)
arombana	<i>n.</i>	cliff (S)
asavêgas[eN]		as far as (E)
ase suwait		emphasize (E)
ashi buir[eN]		white eye (injury) (Hi)
asnia		claim (E)
atu		in: atu se[a]kande, growing here and there (E)
avête	<i>adv</i>	out doors (T)

avêtembes[eN]		antique (E)
avêtsise[N]	<i>adv</i>	early (T)
avi bikap[e]	<i>n.</i>	buckskin (Sh); <i>cf.</i> bikape, buckskin
awasoits[i]	<i>n.</i>	spider (Hi)
awatame	<i>n.</i>	thoracic cavity (T)
awe	<i>n.</i>	cup (M), dishes (in general) (E); jar (E) dembi awe , china cup (Rob)
awe goijoi	<i>tv.</i> , <i>n.</i>	1. v. wash, do dishes (E) 2. n. dish washer (E)
awe rahan[a]	<i>n.</i>	cupboard (Hi, E)
awe rotsimwan	<i>n.</i>	dish towel (E)
ayaporeng	<i>n.</i>	butterfly (Hi, E); <i>cf.</i> a'iporungkiH, butterfly (M)
azai		knob (E)
azapa		woodpecker (S dis <azaba>); Sh also spells it: adzaba; the -b- is probably -p-)
aziwo	<i>n.</i>	cantalope (Hi)
azu	<i>n.</i>	hook (Sh); Rob has: <nat-sook>, <naz zwn> [natsuk] and [nazun] bêngkwi azu , fish hook (Sh)
ba'a	<i>adv</i>	above, up (S), high (S 181.2) diviji ba'ángxw , way up above (S) diviji ba'a , higher still (S 67.6)
ba'aida	<i>adv</i>	above (S)
ba'anái	<i>adv</i>	from above; <i>var.</i> banái (S) ba'anai shuant , a little upstream (SG)
ba'and[eN]		very high (SG); high (E); <i>cf.</i> ba'int[en]
ba'andis		on top of (S 62.3, 62.8)
ba'ang kwiwene	<i>n.</i>	smoky water (Rob)
ba'angkw	<i>adv</i>	up above (S); <baangkw>
ba'ántu		on (S 56.0, 70.3, 83.9, 97.2)

ba'arái		on (his) back (S; 83.8)
ba'aru	<i>adv</i>	above here (S)
ba'i		high (S) ba'int , a high place (Rob)
ba'int[eN]	<i>adj</i>	high (Rob); cf. ba'ant[eN]
baa (baai, bai, bê)	<i>n.</i>	water (S, T, SG); <i>var.</i> baN; <i>comb.</i> ba-, baN baru , through water (S 111.7) bagáhi , into water (S 111.9) bavai' , with water (S 184.1) bawemánd , around water (S 141.2) bang ke[']mar , along the bank (S) sur baai hivit , he drinks water (SG)
baa awe	<i>n.</i>	bottle (lit. water cup/bowl) (Rob <bá aweh>)
Baa Gayofi	<i>n.</i>	Hot Springs near Bear River (<i>lit.</i> warm water) (Sh)
baa ge'mwan havir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	bank (river) (E)
Baa Guchuna Yagait		1. Bull Lake (<i>lit.</i> water buffalo crier) (Sh) 2. Dinwoody Canyon (Sh)
baa guhuyaki	<i>iv.</i>	bob in the water (E)
Baa Gutse Wener		Thermopolis Hot Springs (<i>lit.</i> water hot standing) (SGE)
baa gwana	<i>n.</i>	deer perfume (lit. water smell) (E)
Baa Gwi Wene	<i>n.</i>	Thermopolis Hot Springs (lit. water smoke standing) (Hul, E)
baa gwitsu[N]	<i>n.</i>	water buffalo (T)
baa huna	<i>n.</i>	water child, glossed by Roberts as 'mermaid' (water + huna, menstruation OR hunya, badger) (Rob)
Baa Iyuta		Paiute Indian (SGE); <i>var.</i> Baiwik
baa na zaituya	<i>n.</i>	faucet (E)
Baa Navui		Water Looking Glass, the river at Cody (S dis); Shoshone River (Sh)
baa nokand[eN]		dew (E)
baa rotoihoa		flood (water streaming) (E)
baa saip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cattails (lit. water cattail) (E); E also gives: baa siapeH [a typo?]

baa we horap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	ditch (lit. dug for water) (E)
baa we te'mwa	<i>tv.</i>	1. [dam up] 2. divert water [by damming] (E)
baa wesaihagin		fall (of a river), waterfall (river) (E)
baa wituaH	<i>n.</i>	bucket (lit. water cup/bowl) (E); cf. bia awe
baa zatigia		jug (E)
baa zatoi		irrigate (lit. bail/pull up water) (E)
baa zikap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	ditch (E)
baa zitumwan[a]	<i>n.</i>	flask (lit. water storer) (E)
baabahop	<i>n.</i>	water cress (<i>Draba andina</i>) (lit. water + bahu, toabcco ?) (SGE)
baadozo'ênde[N]		wet (T)
baagarer	<i>n.</i>	lake (SGE); puddle (T)S; dam (T) bia vaagarer, big lake (E)
Baagarer	<i>n.</i>	Jackson Lake (<i>lit.</i> water sitting) (Sh)
baagintsêre	<i>n.</i>	swamp (T)
baarapuruwa'	<i>v.</i>	splash, splatter (T)
baariha	<i>n.</i>	elk (<i>lit.</i> water-deer) (T); <i>var.</i> baareheya
baarihan damwa	<i>n.</i>	elk teeth (E)
baarihan dang kwasu	<i>n.</i>	woman's elk tooth dress (Sh)
baaru	<i>iv.</i>	be translucent, iridescent (Sh) baaru timbi , white [iridescent] rock (Sh)
baaru gwahavit[eN]	<i>n.</i>	rainbow (<i>lit.</i> all different colors lying) (Sh; Mor <pah-o-gwo-a-bits>)
baasaga	<i>n.</i>	slush (SM)
baasigo	<i>n.</i>	camas, a food plant (<i>Camassia</i> sp.; lit. water sego) (SGE); cf. basigoo, camas (C)
baasiN		sand (SG); cf. baasiwambi, sand Baasim Bia , Sand's mother (SG)
baasiwagant[eN]	<i>adj</i>	sandy (Rob)
baasiwambi	<i>n.</i>	sand (T)
baaviji	<i>n.</i>	weasel (SGE, Mor); <i>var.</i> baavis

baavis	<i>n.</i>	weasel (T); <i>var.</i> baaviji
baawakare	<i>n.</i>	water cedar (SGE)
Baawakaren Doyap Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Greybull River (<i>lit.</i> water cedar mountain river) (SGE)
Baawakarena Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Greybull (E)
baawat[e]		drought (E)
baawe pagarengkep	<i>n.</i>	lake, pond (T); <i>cf.</i> bagareH, <i>iv.</i> be a body of water (C)
Baawipo'o Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Grass Creek (<i>lit.</i> water bog river) (Sh)
baawoho	<i>n.</i>	water sage (Gnaphalium), used for its aromatic scent (S dis); big-leafed sage (Sh)
badzitemp	<i>n.</i>	a smooth granite rock used to roll hides in tanning (<i>lit.</i> water rock) (Sh; -,timp>)
bagaN (bagana)	<i>n.</i>	arrow (S, SG, SM); arrow, penis (M) [bagane[e], <i>pl.</i> (Rob)] um bagan , his arrows (S) bem bagána , his [own] arrows (S)
bagan dekapeH	<i>n.</i>	banana (<i>lit.</i> arrow-food) (T); <i>syn.</i> muungki rekapeH
baganaï	<i>v.</i>	make an arrow (SM) baganaixw , made an arrow (SM) baganaix , he made an arrow (SG)
Baganawooni	<i>n.</i>	Cheyenne Indian (<i>lit.</i> many colored arrows) (SGE); <i>cf.</i> Siyanavo
baganduru	<i>n.</i>	dragonfly (E)
bagarereng ke'mwa	<i>n.</i>	beach (lake), [lakeshore] (E)
bagarexu	<i>v.</i>	shoot in dish (S; 128.7; or 178.8??)
Bagawih	<i>n.</i>	Assiniboin Indian (E)
bagenáigi	<i>iv.</i>	turned into fog (S 47.5); <i>cf.</i> bagenaiH, <i>iv.</i> get blurry (C)
bagenaiH	<i>iv.</i>	get blurry (C)
bagenaikand[eN]		foggy (E)
bagenaip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	fog (Hi, E)
bagenapeH	<i>n.</i>	thundercloud (Central dialect) (M)
bagêr[eN]		fluid (E)
bagitso wuni		slobbering (Hi)
Bagusho Wener	<i>n.</i>	Thermopolis (<i>lit.</i> hot water standing) (Sh)

bagwana	<i>n.</i>	peppermint (<i>lit.</i> water-smell) (S 162.3)
bagwêshi	<i>n.</i>	bald eagle (E)
bahaH	<i>n.</i>	nephew, niece, aunt (T) [pahane[e], <i>pl.</i> aunts] (T)
bahai	<i>iv.</i>	fall off (S, Rob) [bavahai", <i>dl. subj.</i> ; yokaH, <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M)
bahaiku		[fall] down semwesem bahaiku , suddenly [fall] down (T)
bahaiN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	three (T) baha[i]n davê nakare , in three days (T8)
bahaite[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	three (in counting) (T)
bahaites[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	three (quantity) (T; <bahates>)
bahambia		nephew or niece's mother (w.sp.) (S8)
bahambiyape	<i>n.</i>	sister-in-law (T)
báhavi	<i>iv.</i>	1. swim (S) 2. bathe (T) bahavid , swam (S 41.5) baháviwa.ait , can swim (S 104.3)
bahê semano	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	thirty (Sh)
Bahi Naziripa Ravê	<i>n.</i>	Wednesday (Hi)
baho pekan[V]	<i>iv.</i>	be tired (Geb <paw-book>, Mor <pah-ha-wook-en, and Rob <ba ho wugan>); <i>cf.</i> bahu ~ baho, hunger ['be tired because of hunger']
baho'ingwat[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be hailing (Sh)
baho'omp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	hail (Hi, E), hailstones (E)
bahogo'iH	<i>iv.</i>	starve (<i>pl. subj.</i>) (C)) [bahoriyeH, <i>sing. subj.</i>]
bahoriyeH	<i>iv.</i>	starve (S; 136.3; <bahaw reyáina>); <i>cf.</i> bahoriyeH, starve (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (C))j.] [bahogo'iH, <i>pl. subj.</i>]
bahotê	<i>n.</i>	a weed pounded, boiled, and drunk for stomach ache (Sh)
bahu ge tsoxwai	<i>v.</i>	be chewing tobacco (T; <-xwaih>)

bahu nambishiya	<i>n.</i>	cigarette butt (T)
Bahu Nekare	<i>n.</i>	Smoke Dance: using small bags of wild tobacco with a stone pipe passed around clockwise, "men or women might start dancing" (Sh)
bahu'endetsi	<i>n.</i>	smoker (having to do with a medicine man) (Sh)
bahuN (bahi)	<i>n.,</i> <i>v.</i>	1. <i>n.</i> tobacco (T); cigarette (Hi) 2. <i>v.</i> smoke (T) bahundoi' , will smoke (T)
bahun zitoya	<i>n.</i>	ashtray (E)
bai'e	<i>n.</i>	vein (T)
baidi	<i>tv.</i>	throw (S); <i>var.</i> bêdi; <i>cf.</i> bairi", <i>tv.</i> heave/throw something heavy (M) [final feature " or H] dá paidigit , throw (S 4.4) dá paidegus , throw (S 4.8) dzi pêdixwats , threw (S 51.1)
baigi	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	over (T)
baigiN	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	over (T); over, on (S) [may have nasal or geminate final feature] Surem biigi gê tekowape vaigi to'ixu. The pig didn't jump over the fence (T). Surem biigi gê u vaixin do'iyu. The pig didn't jump over it (T).
baihyuva	<i>n.</i>	tea (T, Hi) baihyuva wanti hivi , drink some tea (T)
baikwa	<i>iv.</i>	fall, drop (T)
báintu	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	over (S) u váintu , over them (S 189.6)
bainy[aN]	<i>n.</i>	wasp (Rob); <i>cf.</i> bainyaN, wasp/hornet (C)
baiseN	<i>adv</i>	yet (T;); <i>var.</i> bêsheN eng kwehe ha paisem birevite? has your wife returned yet? (T1)
baite mando'êxendeN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	thirteen (Sh); <i>var.</i> baite mando'ingkent (Hi)

baitso'avich	<i>n.</i>	wildman, invisible (<i>syn.</i> bêwadzi) (Sh)
Baiwik	<i>n.</i>	Paiute Indian (SGE); <i>var.</i> Baa Iyuta
baixu	<i>iv.</i>	fall (into) (T); fall into, fall off (E); <i>var.</i> bai' (E) u gupandem baixu , fall down into (T)
baiyam biha	<i>n.</i>	honey (<i>lit.</i> bee's sweet) (Rob); <i>var.</i> baiyam bina (E)
baiyaN (baiyana)	<i>n.</i>	bee (T, E); <i>cf.</i> benaN, bee (H); <i>var.</i> benaN (SGE)
baiyanang kahni	<i>n.</i>	beehive (T, E); <i>var.</i> baiyam beng kahni (<i>lit.</i> bee's own house) (E)
bajat[eN]		in: da pajateN, flat footed (E)
baka	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	ice(y)
baka gahni	<i>n.</i>	ice house (E)
baka garer	<i>n.</i>	glacier (<i>lit.</i> ice sitting) (E)
Baka Newe	<i>n.</i>	Eskimo (<i>lit.</i> Ice Indian) (E)
baka rekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	ice cream (E)
baka wênyond[eN]	<i>n.</i>	icicle (<i>lit.</i> ice hanging) (E)
bakape	<i>n.</i>	ice (T)
baki	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	hard or stiff leather; <i>cf.</i> bigape
baki kusa	<i>n.</i>	chaps, leather pants (E)
baki namp	<i>n.</i>	boots or [Whiteman style] shoes (Geb)
Baki'a Goi Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Dry Creek (going into the Big Horn River; <i>lit.</i> Blackfoot peak river) (Sh)
baki''	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	hard, stiff baki kusa, chaps (E)
Bakia	<i>n.</i>	Blackfoot/Piegan Indians (<i>lit.</i> hard clothes) (SGE) [Bakianee, pl.]
bakia	<i>n.</i>	hard clothes (SGE)
Bakia Goi	<i>n.</i>	Piegan Peak (SGE)
Bakia Goi Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Piegan's Peak River (SGE)
bakipeH	<i>n.</i>	rawhide (T, Sh)
bakiro		hard (E)
bakiro rekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cracker (<i>lit.</i> hard food) (E)
bakiya		in: Bakiyagoi Ogwê, Dry Creek (E)

baku	<i>v.</i>	quit (T); cf. <i>suvêgai</i>
bakwair[eN]	<i>n.</i>	artery (E); syn. <i>beyava</i>
bam boafuind[eN]		buoyant, floating (E)
bam boafuind[eN]	<i>adj</i>	buoyant (E)
Bamanait[eN]		European (E)
bambi (bambi)	<i>n.</i>	head, head hair (SM, T)
bambi jakwa		head band (E); var. <i>bambi jakwoa</i> (E)
bambi jika		haircut (E)
bambi nesivêre[N]		shaven head (T)
bambi netsegwa	<i>iv.</i>	have a head ache (Rob)
bambi netsi'	<i>n.</i>	headache (E) bambi nateso , headache medicine (E)
bambi we kwinduvi	<i>n.</i>	curlers (for hair) (E)
bambi we tushê	<i>n.</i>	hair brush (E)
bambi wi'hyuN	<i>n.</i>	pin (<i>lit.</i> headed needle) (Rob, Geb)
bambi yuhu	<i>n.</i>	hair oil (T)
bambi zowamia	<i>v.</i>	lose hair (T; <-zowamiya>)
Bambijimina	<i>n.</i>	Lakhota (<i>lit.</i> cut off head) (Sh); var. <i>Bambizimina</i>
bambishipe	<i>adj</i>	stale (T; [<i>cf.</i> <i>bishipe</i> , rotten])
Bambizimina	<i>n.</i>	Lakhota Indian (<i>lit.</i> head-cutter) ((SGE); T); var. <i>Bambijimina</i>
bamboi wekenena		hood (E)
bambonê	<i>n.</i>	mouse (T)
bambuka[N]	<i>n.</i>	muskrat (Rob)
Bamête	<i>n.</i>	Bannock Indian (T)
bamp	<i>n.</i>	hair (of head) (Shaul, E)
baN	<i>n.</i>	var. of <i>baa</i> , water bang ke[']mar, on or along the bank (S)
ban devínyandeN	<i>n.</i>	island (<i>lit.</i> thing in the middle of the water) (S; <-du>) un dogwê ban devinyándus , [actual] island in the middle of [a] river (S 41.4)

ban diyêp[eH]	<i>adj</i>	drowned (<i>lit.</i> killed by water) (Rob); cf. bando
ban dosawene		wave (<i>lit.</i> water white-standing) (T)
ban dosi'a	<i>n.</i>	sea gull (<i>lit.</i> water white-feather) (Internet)
ban dzo'a hivia	<i>n.</i>	water ghost song (SM)
ban dzo'avich	<i>n.</i>	water ghost being, a mystical being with malign power (SG); water being, "looks like a devil" because it has horns; "he bothers people, gets them lost, gets them into trouble, mean, male – they live outside on high ridges" (Sh); "they would come to camp singing <i>yihu</i> – they came after bad children and people and ate them" (Sh); "was killed by the railroad when it came through" (Sh); water spirit, a dangerous ogre associated with water and may grant power to a person (Hul); water giant (Hul); var. <i>ban dzo'avits</i> (Hul)
bana		in: naini panatsi, braggart (E)
banai		upstream (SG); <i>var.</i> of ba'anai, from above
BanaiteH	<i>n.</i>	Bannock Indian (T; SGE)
Banaiti Doyanee	<i>n.</i>	Bannock Moutaineers (Hultkrants)
banavui	<i>n.</i>	mirror (Hi)
band[eN]		above (E) baa vant, above water (E)
banda nekare	<i>n.</i>	a dance where [boys] dressed like Magpies wore rawhide necklaces and bracelets, which the Magpies tried to take (Sh)
bandam	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	by means of (SM) em bandam , by means of you (SM)
bande[N]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	above (T) u vande , above X (T)
bando tiyêH	<i>iv.</i>	drown (E); cf. ban diyêpeH bando góipe , drowned people (S; 181.5)
Bando'ifuint	<i>n.</i>	1. Yellowstone Geyser basins (<i>lit.</i> water-keeps coming out) (SGE) 2. Yellowstone Lake (Sh)
banê	<i>n.</i>	up creek (S); cf. banai
bang kwijuwa-		evaporate (E)

bangkat [eN]		aloft (E)
bangkonê'	<i>v.</i>	dive (E)
bangkwawend {eN]		baggy (E)
banipend [en]		up (Rob)
bantu	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	into (S 157.4)
banzadexi		soak (T)
banzuk	<i>n.</i>	mink (?) (SGE); <i>cf.</i> bandugu, otter/drun kard (M)
baparazikun		dazzling, sparkling (T); <i>cf.</i> barasigaiH, <i>iv.</i> sparkle (C) [baparazi- ~ baparasi-, <i>rdp.</i>]
bara		in: nangki we para, ear muffs (E)
baradzigi	<i>iv.</i>	be shining (Sh), dazzle. glisten (E); var. barazigi (E)
barai	<i>adv</i>	on one's back (T)
barai havi	<i>iv.</i>	lie on back (T)
barangki		[berry ?] êngka parangki , strawberries (T)
baratagin		gallop (E)
barazigêt	<i>n.</i>	glitter (lit. something glistens) (E)
bareheya [N] (-na)	<i>n.</i>	elk (S); <i>var.</i> baariha
barekapi	<i>n.</i>	watermelon (<i>lit.</i> water-food) (T, Hi)
barezopa	<i>n.</i>	spring (water) (Rob); <i>cf.</i> barezopi, <i>n.</i> spring (M)
baridzopê		? (Sh) [probably refers to a plant, since it was recorded in a context of naming plants]Yes, I wd like to come; I have a mtg at 5:30 nearby, so I will come after.
baridzopeH	<i>n.</i>	spring (water) (SGE, Hi)
bariwi	<i>v.</i>	melt (Hi); <i>cf.</i> barowi, melt
barootsa	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp. (used as a painkiller in birth) (SGE)
barowi	<i>v.</i>	dissolve (E); <i>cf.</i> bariwi, melt
barukand [eN]	<i>tv.</i>	have knowledge of dza ma varukant , expert (E)
baruvichi	<i>n.</i>	water dog (Hi)

basa sogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	desert (lit. dry land) (E), dry land (E)
Basa Soni Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Dry Cottonwood Creek (flowing into Big Horn River (<i>lit.</i> dry grass creek) (Sh)
basa tosa tikapeH	<i>n.</i>	cracker (<i>lit.</i> dry bread) (Rob)
basa''	<i>iv.</i>	dry up, be dried up (SGE., M)
basaant		rather high (SG)
basánagux	<i>n.</i>	dry spot on top(S 184.2; <i>cf.</i> basa'', <i>iv.</i> dry up/be dried up; M)
basangke	<i>tv.</i>	dry (E)
basape[H]	<i>adj.</i>	1. dried up, dry (T, Rob), dried, dehydratede (E) 2. roasted (Rob) 3. arid (E) basap kapi , parched/[roasted] coffee (Rob)
Basasoni Ogwê		Dry Cottonwood Creek (<i>lit.</i> dry grass river) (SGE)
basewoty	<i>n.</i>	mussel, [clam] (Rob)
basia ('a)	<i>n.</i>	bald eagle (<i>Halaectus leucocephalus leucocephalus</i>) (SM); S spells it: basiya; syn. bagwêshi
basikoi		gush (E)
basinuhyunwa	<i>n.</i>	water snake (T; <pasinunhyuwah>)
basiwemb[e]		gravel (E); var. basiwomb[e] (E)
basokombê	<i>n.</i>	swallow (bird) (<i>Tachycineta thalesina lepida</i>) (SGE)
basunuwiyo	<i>n.</i>	water snake (SGE); <i>cf.</i> suuiyo, bull snake (SGE)
bata êri	<i>n.</i>	caps (gun) (E); <i>cf.</i> navagaN
bata''	<i>co mb.</i>	clapping or percussive sound bata êri , percussion caps (for gun) (E) ma vatatagi , clap hands (E) basa batê , dry pop (E)
batê		flash, ignite (E) dosa batê, flash
batêki		in: êshim batêki, eyes roll up (E)
batêkit[eN]		fire cracker (E)
batsi	<i>n.</i>	1. older sister (S) 2. mother's sister (Sh) 3. mother's sister's child (Sh); <i>var.</i> bazi (Sh) um batsi , [your older sister] (S 88.7)

batsi goofê		barefaced (E)
batsi raserere		barefoot (E); syn. nambewat[eN]
batsigêhyu		naked (T)
batsigêr[eN]		bare (E)
batsimitaH	<i>n.</i>	large tick (T); <i>cf.</i> mitah, tick (T)
baungku	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	draped over (T) dzoape faungku u noogina , carry on shoulder (T16)
bavahai''	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of bahai, fall off
Bavi	<i>n.</i>	Grand Tetons (when in sight of it; <i>lit.</i> elder brother) (Sh)
bavi (-a)	<i>n.</i>	1. older brother (S, T) 2. chief (S) um bávi , king (chief) (S 179.6) [be]m bavia ganhigewant , beside his older brother's house (SM) ne dza e ma Bavi miar , I will go with you Older Brother (SG)
bavi wihi		jack knife (E)
baviji (-'a)	<i>n.</i>	weasel (S), ermine (Rob, E) bavijiniúhw , two weasels (S 142.1) bavijim behe , ermine skins (Rob) bavijiham behe , ermine skins (E)
bavo hoas	<i>n.</i>	[buckwheat] species (<i>Eriogonum</i>) (SGE)
bavo hopi	<i>n.</i>	[an aromatic plant species] (Sh)
bavon duhuvit[eN]	<i>n.</i>	ebony (<i>lit.</i> black ?)
bavugêt[eN]	<i>adj</i>	shiny, clear (Hi)
Bawagap		Perfume (name for girl) (S8)
bawe		sore eyes
bawe vuireN		sore-eyed (S 87, 90), crusty-eyed (E; bawe vuir[eN])
bawener	<i>n.</i>	arc (E)
bawepe		matter [in eye] (S 84.8)
bawetemwa	<i>tv.</i>	dam up (T)
bawituaH	<i>n.</i>	water pail (T)
bawoho	<i>n.</i>	cudweed, used in the Sun Dance (<i>Gnaphalium</i>) (SGE)

bawonakand[eN]		damp (E)
bawuN	<i>n.</i>	crystal (Sh)
Bawun Do'iha Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Sweetwater River (<i>lit.</i> crystal pipe river) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Biha Ogwê; <i>syn.</i> Biha Ogw
baxa	<i>n.</i>	father's sister (Sh)
bayuna	<i>v.</i>	dip water (T)
bazayaH	<i>v.</i>	fetch water (T) bazayakungk[V], go to get water (E)
bazi nuyoa		gartersnake (E)
bazi temp	<i>n.</i>	sharp rock used for scraping elk horns to make a bow (Sh)
bazi temwa	<i>v.</i>	store water (T)
baziH	<i>n.</i>	older sister (T); <i>var.</i> batsi
baziwê	<i>n.</i>	 oha paziwê , a rose sp. (<i>Rosa fendleri crepin</i>) (SGE)
bazoinde[N]		wet (T)
bazoki'	<i>adv</i>	sound of dripping (T); blot (E) bazoki nangkande[N] , sounds like something dripping (T)
bazokip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	drip, droplet (E)
bazokixu	<i>iv.</i>	drip (T)
be	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	hide, skin (Sh)
bê	<i>n.</i>	seed (T); <i>var.</i> bêhê
bê	<i>ptc</i>	already (SM); <i>var.</i> we [often with seN in stories]
be'a''	<i>tv.</i>	1. to leave behind (SM) 2. to leave alone, let go (SM) 3. surpass (SM) sit ijape ure[e] pe'akw , Coyote surpassed them (SM)
bêchi		slowly (E) gê bêchi wêhant , burn rapidly (E)
bêchu tavê		morning before noon (Sh)
bêchu''	<i>co</i>	morning

	<i>mb.</i>	
bêchuxu	<i>adv</i>	in the morning, tomorrow (SG, SM); <i>var.</i> bêchuxu, betsuku
bêchuxus	<i>adv</i>	early in the morning (SM)
bedaga	<i>v.</i>	will try (S 62.6)
bede	<i>iv.</i>	to arrive (SG); ; <i>var.</i> bire
bêdiH	<i>tv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of baidiH, throw
bêê	<i>n.</i>	insect (SGE)
bee havir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	blood vessel (E)
bee karer[eN]		bloodshot (E), blood clot (E)
bee zapagi'	<i>n.</i>	blood stain (E); <i>var.</i> bee zapagit (E)
bee''	<i>co mb.</i>	blood
beêchu tekape	<i>n.</i>	breakfast (Rob); Hi has: da tekap[eH]
beêchuxu	<i>adv</i>	in [the] morning (S 81.5), next morning (S 81.8); <i>var.</i> bêchuxu, betsuku
beeka	<i>n.</i>	blood (S; 149.5; vowel length added based on beepiN, blood) [is this an objective form ?]
beekêr		bloody (E)
beêN	<i>co mb.</i>	light (not heavy) (Rob <bwi ye did se> and Mor <pen-tet-se>); cf. beaiH, light (M)
beêndetsi	<i>adj</i>	light (not heavy) (Rob)
beepiN (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	blood (T); cf. beepiN, blood (C)
beeping koishoin		dialysis (lit. wash blood)
bega	<i>v.</i>	hang up (S 67.2)
bêga		fill to capacity de pêgakan , engorge (E) de pêga , fill (E) de pêgangke , fill with liquid (E) bem bêgawen , height (E)
begá'i	<i>v.</i>	could stop (S 80.2)
bêgakan		in: de pêgakan, engorge (E)
bêgas[eN]	<i>pos</i>	against (E)

	<i>tp.</i>	u vêgas, against it (E)
bêgawen		in: bem bêgawen, height (E)
bêgwi''	<i>iv.</i>	swell, be swollen (injury) (Mor <pay-gwic> and Rob <be gwi>); cf. baigwi'', <i>iv.</i> swell (M, C)
behê		alert, energetic, agile (E)
behe (-i)	<i>n.</i>	1. hide, skin (S 156.3) 2. fur, body hair (T) 3. seed (T)
behê suwa		energetic (E)
behe woafi	<i>n.</i>	caterpillar (<i>lit.</i> hairy-worm) (T)
behêchi		frisky (E)
behegêr[eN]		hairy (E)
bêhêgite	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	beside (T) u vêhêgite , beside X (T)
behêr[eN]		alert (E)
behese		bristle (E)
behêvui'k		bright-eyed (E)
behewáte	<i>adj</i>	bare (S; 165.1; <i>lit.</i> fur/hair-without); desolate (E) behewatendu , through the prairie (S 104.9, 112.7, 112.5)
beini	<i>tv.</i>	say (S) véinínu , I say (S 137.5) béiníku , they say (S 137.2, 127.4)
bêj		coax (E)
bêjekwaN	<i>tv.</i>	take [away] (S) bêjekwandu'i , will take [away] (S 76.8)
bêji''	<i>tv.</i>	take (S; C has: baiji'', lead/guide); guide (E) bêjís , she took (S 32.7) bêgimia , to guide (E)
bêjiki	<i>tv.</i>	come after/for, come to find (Sh); escort (E) ne em bêjiki , I come after/for you (Sh)

bêka	<i>tv.</i>	kill, fight (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S, SM); kill (T) [wase', <i>dl.</i> and <i>pl. obj.</i>] (M) [final feature seems variable] bende vêkape , the one he killed (S 16.1) bêkángkungwahi , will kill if I can (S 13.3) ukan damebekáre'i , there where we will fight (SM)
bekamia		dêna vekamia, almost a man (E) waipe vekamia, almost a woman (E)
bekaN	<i>co mb.</i>	suffer from (T) duhuvékando'i' , get angry (T) ohni vekarande , <i>n.</i> paralysis (T)
bêkap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	execution (E)
bekaraN	<i>iv.</i>	be suffering from (T) ohni vekarande , <i>n.</i> paralysis (T)
bekarande[N]	<i>n.</i>	suffer from X disease (T) ohni vekarande , <i>n.</i> paralysis (T)
beki namp	<i>n.</i>	boots (Rob); <i>syn.</i> wovin namp
bemeN	<i>pro n.</i>	plural of beN, reflexive pronoun
beN	<i>pro n.</i>	reflexive pronoun [beweH, <i>dl.</i> ; bemeN, pl] be[ng] kwetixunt , stuck themselves (S 92.7)
benaN	<i>n.</i>	bee (SGE); var. baiyaN
bênd[eN]		in: gê pênd[eN], later (E)
bendeN		place (SM) [penk, <i>obj.</i>] (SM) pent [e]n dekapexa , the place where he had eaten before (SM) siwunden dza pent , indeed among these places (SM)
bendi	<i>n.</i>	kill deer (bird) (Hi); E has: ban duwi
benen daga		alone (E)
benen daga nahap		last one of one's family (E)

benendaga	<i>adv</i>	alone, [by one's self] (T)
beneseN		one's self (S); individual (E)
bengkana		? (Sh) Bengkana Ogwê , Big Sandy Creek (Sh)
Bengkana Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Big Sandy Creek (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Duku Gare Ogwê
bêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	fish (T)
bêngkwi awe	<i>n.</i>	fish bowl (E)
bêngkwi azu	<i>n.</i>	fish hook (Sh)
bêngkwi do utu	<i>n.</i>	fishing spear (Sh)
bêngkwi gwêshi	<i>n.</i>	fish hawk, osprey (lit. fish tail) (E)
bêngkwi hegwaN	<i>iv.</i>	go fishing (T) bêngkwi hegwando'i , [fut.] (T)
bêngkwi ho'i	<i>v.</i>	fish (SM)
bêngkwi huup{eH}	<i>n.</i>	fishing pole (Sh)
bêngkwi nasuk[V]	<i>n.</i>	fish hook (Rob); <i>cf.</i> Geb <nat soon> = [natsun], fish hook)
bêngkwi natsu	<i>n.</i>	fish hooks (Mor)
bêngkwi rua'a	<i>n.</i>	baby fish (T)
bêngkwi shia w[osa]	<i>n.</i>	fish basket (Sh)
bêngkwi teka	<i>n.</i>	kingfisher (<i>lit.</i> fish eater) ((Rob))
bêngkwi ush	<i>n.</i>	fish trap (Sh)
bêngkwi wana	<i>n.</i>	fishing pole (T); fishing line (Rob), Sh, Geb)
bêngkwi want[eN]	<i>n.</i>	fish drying pole (Sh)
bêngkwi wuta'ap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	fish dam (Sh)
bêngkwi yuna	<i>v.</i>	scoop up fish (T)
bêngkwi'a reka	<i>n.</i>	bait (for fishing) (Sh)
bêngkwikung[V]		fishing (E)
bêngkwiwap[i]	<i>n.</i>	fisherman (E)
beni		because (E)
benike	<i>v.</i>	look at (T)
benuki	<i>tv.</i>	in: ma venuki, run away from someone who is visible
beperandzugupe	<i>n.</i>	weasel (SM)

bera (-i)	<i>n.</i>	arm (T) berai manaki , span with one's arm (T)
beradzagi		biceps (?) (Sh)
berahwa	<i>iv.</i>	burst (with gu, by means of fire SM)
bêre" (bêri)	<i>n.</i>	daughter (Rob, Sh); niece (brother's daughter) (Sh); <i>cf.</i> baire", daughter (M)
bêretsih		light (T)
bêsh u hanimape	<i>adv</i>	completely (<i>lit.</i> already done) (T)
beshe	<i>tv.</i>	drag (SG) [wepshe, <i>rdp.</i>] wepsherant , dragging (SG) goja wepsheranten dawi , Head Dragging One's younger brother (SG) ne vêshen dekape , I have already eaten (T7)
bêshe	<i>tv.</i>	invite (T) u vêse , invite someone (T)
bêsheN	<i>adv</i> <i>adj.</i>	1. <i>adv.</i> already (SG, T); already is (SM); enough, already (SM); has been done (Geb) 2. <i>adj.</i> ready (Hi); var. baiseN besh miagwai , he is already gone (SG)
bêshen zant	<i>adj</i>	well in health (Mor <pasyh-en-sant> = [bêshen zant], good at present
bêshendats	<i>adv</i>	enough indeed (SG)
bêsheng ke'a	<i>adv</i>	already may be (SM)
bêshi dzenixant	<i>adv</i>	after a long while (S) gê bêshi dzenixant , not long after (S)
bêshun nakakwai		elapse (E)
beshungwir[eN]		jealous (E)
bêsip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cattails (E)
besipe	<i>n.</i>	feather (T)
bet		fore arm (E)

betaxu	<i>iv.</i>	open out, fall apart, burst (T)
bêtemp[eH]		old (T, Hi)
betendeN	<i>adj</i>	heavy (T)
beti'yu	<i>iv.</i>	be heavy (SM; with suffix -iyu) bemendats peti'yu , you are the ones that are heavy (SM)
beto	<i>v.</i>	bang (E)
betsuku	<i>adv</i>	morning, tomorrow (T); <i>var.</i> bêchuxu, beêchuxu nia petsuku miaro['i] , tomorrow morning I am going (Geb)
betsuku wenangk	<i>adv</i>	mid-morning (T)
bêwadzi	<i>n.</i>	wildman, invisible (<i>syn.</i> baitso'avich) (Sh)
beweH	<i>pro n.</i>	dual of beN, reflexive pronoun
bêyaN	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of baiyaN, bee
bêyan dekapeH	<i>n.</i>	Utah sweetvetch (lit. bee food; <i>Hedysarum cinerascens</i>) (SGE)
beyava	<i>n.</i>	artery (E); <i>var.</i> biyava (E); <i>syn.</i> bakwavir[eN]
bêyug[V]		by, beside (E) ma vêyug , beside X(E)
bêyund[eN]		? (E) gê pêyund[eN] , after a while (E)
bi-	<i>pre f.</i>	in: binakw, binaxw
bi'onip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	down feather (Sh); plume (Hi)
bi''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of buttocks, behind (SM)
bia	<i>adj</i>	big (S, T); <i>var.</i> bi [usually has the final feature ""] mam bía naigu , big side of (S)
bia akeN	<i>n.</i>	sunflower (<i>Helianthus</i>) (lit. big sunflower) (SGE), large sunflowers that grow in the mountains (Sh)

bia awe	<i>n.</i>	bucket (<i>lit.</i> big cup) (Mor); cf. baa wituaH
Bia Boshógunt Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	North Platte River (<i>lit.</i> big bridge river) Sh)
bia dawn	<i>n.</i>	city (<i>lit.</i> big town) (E)
bia dogoa	<i>n.</i>	dragon, water serpent (Hul)
bia êr[i]	<i>n.</i>	cannon (<i>lit.</i> big gun) (E)
bia êri	<i>n.</i>	shot gun, [rifle] (Geb)
bia ge savaH		open mouth wide (T)
bia goihe	<i>n.</i>	large intestines (T); cf. gwirats[i]
Bia Gutuvi	<i>n.</i>	Evanston (<i>lit.</i> big coal) (Sh)
bia gwinya	<i>n.</i>	eagle (<i>lit.</i> big bird) (S, T); eagle species (golden, since /basia/ is bald eagle) (SM)
bia gwinya gwêshi	<i>n.</i>	eagle tail feathers (E)
bia gwinya nepoki	<i>n.</i>	eagle fan (E)
bia gwinyan dua	<i>n.</i>	eaglet (E)
bia gwinyang kas[a]	<i>n.</i>	eagle wing (E)
bia ijape (bia ijapa)	<i>n.</i>	wolf, <i>Canis nubilus</i> [= <i>Canis lupus nubilus</i> , the Great Plains wolf, a subspecies of gray wolf] (SM); <i>syn.</i> ija
bia kwasu	<i>n.</i>	coat (<i>lit.</i> big shirt) (Hi); jacket (E)
Bia Mea	<i>n.</i>	December (<i>lit.</i> big month) (Sh, Hul)
bia muungki	<i>n.</i>	baboon, ape (T)
Bia Nambê	<i>n.</i>	Big Foot (E)
bia angka	<i>iv.</i>	boisterous, noisy (T) bia nangkan , be noisy (T)
bia nanihakaite[N]	<i>n.</i>	important person (T) [is this: bia, big + naniha-kande, name-characterized, i.e., have a big name?]
bia nazitemwa gahni	<i>n.</i>	prison (<i>lit.</i> big shut up building) (T)
bia nima		holler (<i>lit.</i> vocalize big) (E)
Bia Ogwê		1. Big Horn River 2. Big Wind River (<i>lit.</i> big river) (SGE; T) 3. Green River (Geb)
bia pêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	bass (<i>lit.</i> big fish) (Sh)
Bia Pungku Nekar[e]	<i>n.</i>	Big Horse Dance, an old Shoshone men's dance (Sh); Big Horse Dance (war dance of the Ohamupe) (S 18,9; S spells it: Bia Pongko Nekar)

bia ratoxo	<i>n.</i>	big toe (T)
Bia Ravê	<i>n.</i>	Sunday (<i>lit.</i> big day) (T)
bia reka	<i>v.</i>	feast (Hi)
bia rekar[eN]		feast (E)
bia rembi	<i>n.</i>	boulder (<i>lit.</i> big rock) (E)
bia saiki	<i>n.</i>	ship (<i>lit.</i> big boat) (Rob)
bia sonipeH	<i>n.</i>	giant rye grass (<i>Elymus condensatus</i> ; used for sore eyes; <i>lit.</i> big grass) (SGE)
bia tamwa	<i>n.</i>	fang (<i>lit.</i> big tooth) (E)
bia tégwa		speak loudly (T)
bia tégwahên	<i>n.</i>	big shot (E)
Bia Tevateka	<i>n.</i>	Pine Nut Shoshone (northern Utah) (SGE)
bia vaa	<i>n.</i>	ocean, sea (Rob); main river (T)
bia vaa garer[eN]		high tide (<i>lit.</i> big water sitting) (E)
bia vaa ung ge'mwa	<i>n.</i>	shore, seashore (Rob)
bia vaan duviji	<i>n.</i>	crocodile (<i>lit.</i> big water lizard) (E)
bia vaang ke'mwa	<i>n.</i>	beach (ocean) (E)
bia vêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	bullhead (<i>lit.</i> big fish) (SGE)
bia vihiN		big hearted (E)
bia wêgite[N]	<i>adj</i>	wide (T)
bia wihiN (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	butcher knife (<i>lit.</i> big knife) (E)
bia wihyu	<i>n.</i>	awl (<i>lit.</i> big needle) (E)
bia yagwadza	<i>n.</i>	turtle (<i>lit.</i> big frog) (Rob)
Bia Yahang kahni	<i>n.</i>	cliffs near Bear River Divide (<i>lit.</i> big woodchuck's house) (SGE)
bia zikap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	gash (<i>lit.</i> big cut) (E)
bia zoonaa	<i>n.</i>	silky phacelia (<i>Phacelia sericea</i>) (SGE)
bia''	<i>n.</i>	mother (S, SG); mother (T; <biya> biatsi , [little mother] (S 32.6) bem bia , her [own] mother (S 89.1)
biafe	<i>n.</i>	female (animal) (T; <ombiafe> looks like 'it's female');

		female, doe (E)
bian'		immense (E)
bianden	<i>adj</i>	very large (SM)
biangke	<i>tv.</i>	make large or big (SM)
bias nahar[eN]		expand (lit. become big)
biasuandeN		rather large (SM)
biavi	<i>n.</i>	female (SM)
biawêg		broad (E)
bichi	<i>adj</i>	big (SM); enormous (E); var. biyêchi [pivichi, <i>rdp.</i> , huge]
bichipivit	<i>n.</i>	the horse fly (generic; <i>lit.</i> the big horse fly) (SM)
biga wi'hyuH	<i>n.</i>	buckskin needle (T)
biga''	<i>co mb.</i>	buckskin, leather biga kusa , leather pants (Geb) biga kwasho , leather shirts (Geb)
bigapeH (-ha)	<i>n.</i>	buckskin (S, T); var. bigiyapeH (E); var. bika; <i>cf.</i> baki, hard leather [biga-, <i>comb.</i>] bigápe daga , nothing but buckskin (S) bigape gwasu , buckskin dress (E) bigape mapo , buckskin gloves (E)
bigax		in: erei bigax, he heard [a] loud sound (S 145.5)
bigiH (bigiha)	<i>n.</i>	pig (T)
bigihang kuhma	<i>n.</i>	boar (<i>lit.</i> pig's husband) (T)
biginamp[eH]		kindergarten (E)
biha	<i>n., adj.</i>	1. sweet (T, Sh) 2. sugar (T, Hi); var. bina (Rob)
biha gamande[N]	<i>iv.</i>	taste sweet (T)
biha gwasep[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cookies (T, E)
Biha Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Sweetwater River (<i>lit.</i> sweet river) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Bawun Do'iha Ogwê
biha vaiya	<i>n.</i>	honey bee (lit. sweet bee) (T, E)
biha ziina	<i>n.</i>	sweet potato (T)
bihagaite[N]		itchy (T); var. bihagêr[eN] (E); <i>cf.</i> bihyagiH, itch (M,

		C)
bihande [N]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in the middle (T) duvihande , middle (T) ure vihande , in the middle of X (T)
bihangk [V]		itch (E)
biheN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	heart (T); <i>var.</i> bihiN
bihi shunê		apprehensive (E)
bihi siamp	<i>n.</i>	coward (E)
bihi sunê		frustrate (lit. heart + ?) (E)
bihi weno		heart attack (E)
bihia-	<i>n.</i>	young man (SM); found only in: bihinux, two young men; bihianee, young men
bihiN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	1. heart (S, T) 2. Hearts (in cards) (E); <i>var.</i> biheN
bihits [i]		greedy (E)
bihuuraH	<i>n.</i>	bean (T, Rob; Mor has <pe-chu-rah> = [bichura]); Mor and Geb state this also means 'peas'
biishe		suck in mouth (T)
bija zainiga	<i>n.</i>	brassiere (E)
bijako	<i>tv.</i>	choke (E; <kow-w>)
bijaniH	<i>v.</i>	<i>var.</i> of bizaniH, choke
biji yup [eH]	<i>n.</i>	butter (lit. milk fat) (Rob)
bika		make (a) noise (SM) buihwi pik, clunk (E)
bikagin		buzz (E)
biketi		kingbird (E)
bimeni'		constipation (E)
bimi garer [eN]	<i>n.</i>	back seat (E)
bimipund [eN]	<i>adv</i>	backwards (E)
bimiwaih		back down (E)
bimiwêha'	<i>iv.</i>	backfire (E)
bina	<i>adj</i>	sweet (Rob, Geb) <i>var.</i> biha
bina huup [iN]	<i>n.</i>	<i>I.</i> maple tree (<i>lit.</i> sweet wood) (Rob)

binagus[eN]		later (E)
binagwar[eN]		last (E)
binai'	<i>tv.</i>	follow (E); cf. binangkwise u vinai' , follow X (E) newe vinai' , follower (E)
bináigi	<i>adv</i>	from behind (S)
binaish	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	behind (SM)
binakw		1. <i>var.</i> of binangkwa(a) 2. after, behind, last (E) 3. between the legs (E), crotch (E) newe venangkwa, last person
binaN	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	back, rear
binan natsatumwa	<i>n.</i>	back door (E; <-nah-zah->)
binangkwa betsuku		day after tomorrow (T; <pinagubetsuk>); <i>var.</i> binangkwa vêchu (E)
binangkwa nahan[i]	<i>adv</i>	too late (<i>lit.</i> done afterward) (Rob)
binangkwa(a)	<i>adv</i> <i>.,</i> <i>postp</i> <i>.,</i> <i>adj.</i>	1. <i>adv.</i> after a while (S 26.6), Geb, Mor), afterwards (S) 2. <i>postp.</i> behind (SG, S, M) 3. <i>adj.</i> last (Hi); <i>var.</i> binakw bem baavi binangkwa miar , he is going behind his [older] brother (SG) ne vinangkwa , after me (E)
binangkwar[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	1. <i>tv.</i> back hand (E) 2. <i>postp.</i> behind (T) ma vinangkwar , back hand (X) (E) u vinangkware , behind X (T)
binangkwise[N]	<i>adv</i>	1. <i>adv.</i> later on (T) 2. <i>tv.</i> follow (T); cf. binai u vinangkwise , follow X (T)
bináxw		after, next (S 62.9, 52.2)
bingkahurangkaboha	<i>n.</i>	[term connected by an arrow to the fire in the center of a diagram of a tipi; center? fire?] (Sh)
binoiif[eH]	<i>n.</i>	afterbirth (E)
binyanimaxu	<i>v.</i>	yell, scream (T)

binyohoinipe	<i>n.</i>	feather (fuzzy) (S); <i>cf.</i> biooyip, eagle down feather (S dis)
bire''	<i>iv.</i>	arrive (S), come (S), go back (S); arrive (SM); come, arrive (T) [bite, dur.] bidikwas , got there (S 82.5), went back (S 80.1) bidihúngkwa , got there (S 147.3) gê haise surem birekande , he has not returned yet (T3)
birevide[H]	<i>iv.</i>	arrive at (T); arrive (E) bitusem birevite , return , arrive back (T) eng kwehe hapaisem birevite? has your wife returned yet? (T1)
biru	<i>n.</i>	buttocks (Hi)
bisha''	<i>tv.</i>	paint (face) (C))
bishapeH	<i>n.</i>	paint (Rob), vermilion (Geb); make-up, rouge, Indian paint (Hi)
bishêyuni	<i>n.</i>	bells (S)
bishi	<i>co mb.</i>	rotten, decayed
bishi garer[eN]		infected (E)
bishia	<i>n.</i>	base (E), bottom (E) doya bishia , mountain base (E) gê bishiagand , bottomless (E)
bishiagand[eN]		having a base or bottom (E)
bishihap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	carrion, rotting flesh (E)
bishikand[eN]		infection (E)
bishimia		decay (E)
bishipeH	<i>adj</i> <i>., n.</i>	1. <i>adj.</i> rotten, putrid (T), decayed (E), stink[y] (Geb) 2. <i>n.</i> pus (Hi) 3. infect (E)
bishopivi	<i>n.</i>	big fly (SG); <i>cf.</i> bitsiH, big (T)
bishiromia	<i>iv.</i>	be rotting, decomposing (E)
bishiya	<i>n.</i>	handle (T)
bishona		cushion (E)
bishu	<i>tv.</i>	drag; <i>cf.</i> dza pishura, beshe

bishu	<i>iv.</i>	fart (SM); <i>cf.</i> bishu'uH, fart (M)
bishu	<i>n.</i>	beetle (Hi)
bita	<i>n.</i>	clay (Sh)
bito	<i>tv.</i>	butt, bump with butt (E)
bitohwit[eN]	<i>v.</i>	limp (Mor and Rob <pe-to-whit> and Rob <pi to hw et>)
bitsiH	<i>adj.</i>	big (T) bivichi, <i>rdp.</i> huge] bitsi eh[e] , large blanket (T)
bitsuk	<i>n.</i>	pants (Rob; <peet sook>); <i>cf.</i> bitsogo, <i>n.</i> body from waist to knees (M); <i>cf.</i> bitsoga, <i>n.</i> waist; <i>cf.</i> gusa, pants [this prob means 'waist' in Eastern Shoshone]
bituhwêr		crippled (E), lame (E)
bitus(eN)	<i>adv.</i>	back to a certain place (T) bitusem birevite , return (T) bitus u roiya , carry it gently (E) bituseng kim[a] , come back (E)
bituseng kima	<i>iv.</i>	come back, return (E)
bivi	<i>n.</i>	horse fly, deer fly (E)
bivichi	<i>adj.</i>	really big, huge (SM)
biviji bichi		gigantic (E)
bivite	<i>n.</i>	horsefly (T)
biwos[a]		hind quarters, hip (E); <i>cf.</i> biwo'sa, hip (C))
biyagwakwa	<i>n.</i>	unidentified herb given to mother after birth if she had no milk (<i>lit.</i> milk squeezing) (S8); SGE has: biyigwakwa, was rubbed on breasts to promote milk (SGE)
biyêchi		var. of bichi, big/enormous (E)
biyêchi		giant (E), huge (E)
biyungkar[eN]		fidget (E)
biza	<i>n.</i>	breast (T; first vowel long in original); var., bija (E); <i>cf.</i> bija, <i>n.</i> milk (M)
bizaniH	<i>v.</i>	choke (T, E); var. bijani (Hi, E)

		dam pijani' , cause to choke on food (E) baa vijani , choke on water (E)
bizanixu	<i>v.</i>	choke on food (T)
bizho	<i>tv.</i>	absorb ma vizhon , absorb it (E)
bizi	<i>tv.</i>	1. suck, suckle (T; first vowel long in original) 2. breast (female) (G) 3. milk (Rob); <i>var.</i> <i>biji</i> (Rob), <i>biizi</i> (T) [appears to have geminate final feature for T]
bizi kwitsumungku	<i>n.</i>	milk cow, dairy cow (T)
bo'a'		all over (E)
bo'i (bo'i)	<i>n.</i>	road (S, T); T also has this word as 'door', in the sense 'block the way' bo'i wete'mwa , block the road (T)
boa	<i>iv.</i>	float (Hi) bam boafuint , buoyant (E)
boambe (boamba)	<i>n.</i>	husk, bark, skin (of anything) (T); crust (E); exterior (E) newem boambe , skin of a person (T)
boani	<i>iv.</i>	float around (E) bam boanin , floating around on the water (E)
bodzeN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	buffalo bull (S; SGE); <i>var.</i> <i>bojeN</i> (E) [bodzena, <i>obj.</i>] (S); [pójin[ee], <i>pl.</i>] (Sh)
bogo	<i>n.</i>	thistle (a food item; has green leaves) (Sh <bokw>); <i>cf.</i> <i>bogo</i> , thistle (-i) (M) doya bogo , thistle (SGE)
bogombe	<i>n.</i>	any fruit or berry (T); fruit (Rob) bogon dekap , fruit (E)
bogombeH	<i>n.</i>	1. currant (<i>Ribes</i> sp.) 2. [berry]; <i>cf.</i> <i>bogunapeH</i> , <i>hu'a bogombeH</i> , <i>wêshigogombe</i> dêngkwi pogop , <i>Ribes congiflorum</i> (SGE)
bogombiham baa		juice (lit. fruit water) (E)

bogono		dry, not flowing (Rob)
bogono ogwê	<i>n.</i>	dry creek (Rob)
Boguna Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Crow Creek (<i>lit.</i> currant creek) (Sh)
bogunap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	bull berry bush (Sh); currant (Sh; SGE); <i>cf.</i> bogombeH, hu'a bogombeH
boguretsi		? (Sh) [term given wi/ no gloss under the heading of religion]
boha	<i>n.</i>	1. medicine (Sh); supernatural power which oscillates between the impersonal and a personal guardian spirit (Sh); supernatural power (Hul); spiritual power (T); 2. spirits which grant supernatural power to a person (Hul); a guarding spirit (S8) 3. decoration on shield, medicine (Sh); <i>var.</i> buha, box
boha gahni	<i>n.</i>	pictographs (<i>lit.</i> power house) (Sh)
boha garer[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	fast (not eat, as in a ceremony; <i>lit.</i> power sitting) (E)
bohagandeN	<i>n.</i>	healer, shaman (T); SG has: bohagant, shaman
boham bavi	<i>n.</i>	the highest kind of spiritual power (<i>lit.</i> power's older brother) (Hul)
bohanawa gwanduvin[a]	<i>n.</i>	medicine bundle (E)
bohanêfuint	<i>n.</i>	ceremony (E)
bohidesas	<i>n.</i>	a plant that has a strong smell when sunlight strikes it (Sh)
bohiye	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (<i>Descuriana</i> ; [<i>D. pinnata</i> is the familiar tansy mustard]) (SGE)
bohni'atseH	<i>n.</i>	skunk (T); SGE has: bohni'êts; <i>cf.</i> bohni'atsiH, skunk (C)
boho kahni	<i>n.</i>	sage brush homes (Sh)
Boho Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Sage Creek (<i>lit.</i> sage river) (SGE)
Boho Wiyar	<i>n.</i>	ridge on the east of the Bridger Mountains (<i>lit.</i> sagebrush ridge) (SGE)
Boho'inee	<i>n.</i>	name given to all Shoshones by the Comanches (Sh); Sage Brush people (S 18,9; Sh)
boho''	<i>n.</i>	sagebrush (<i>Artemisia frigid</i> ; used for infusion for fever and adornment) (SGE); <i>var.</i> bohopi
bohoN	<i>co mb.</i>	thick
bohondandeN	<i>adj</i>	thick (T), coarse (E); <i>cf.</i> bohondaN, thick (M)

	.	
bohondoip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	callous (lit. one that became thick) (E)
bohongkaiteN	<i>adj</i>	slippery (T)
bohoriyêxa	<i>iv.</i>	be hungry (T, E)
bohovi[reN]	<i>adj</i>	gray (<i>lit.</i> sage-colored) (Mor <po-ho-bit>)
Bohowiapp	<i>n.</i>	name of a pass on Powder River (?) (S8)
Bohowiyar[e]	<i>n.</i>	ridge on the east of the Bridger Mountains (<i>lit.</i> sagebrush ridge) (Sh)
boinyoN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	tallow (S 30.9, 45.6) [bóinyóna, <i>obj.</i>] (S)
boiya	<i>iv.</i>	glide, drift (E) boiyafuint , glide (E)
bojeN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	var. of dodzeN, buffalo bullroarer bojena sap , buffalo stomach (E) bojena eku , buffalo tongue (E) bojena sogova havin , buffalo wallow (E)
bojena sogova havin[a]	<i>n.</i>	buffalo wallow (lit. bull buffalo's lying in the earth) (E)
bokindana		? (Sh) Bokindána Ogwê , Port Neuf River (Sh)
Bokindána Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Port Neuf River (Sh)
boko	<i>n.</i>	burrowing owl (SM; <i>Speotyto cunicularia hypogaea</i>)
bomo	<i>n.</i>	calf (E) êngka pomo , buffalo calf (E)
bonaku	<i>v.</i>	pick berries (T)
bondowent		bump (E)
boo'wa	<i>n.</i>	shell, "found near sagebrush, like a fingernail" (used as a bracelet or necklace) (Sh)
boogori		(no meaning given) (Sh)
booH	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	mark, write devooh , write/paint/mark dzi pooH , engrave (E)

Boosêch	<i>n.</i>	February (Sh); February to March ("half spring, half winter") (Hul); Hul has: Boosij
Boosij	<i>n.</i>	var. of Booshêch, February-March
bopi	<i>iv.</i>	jump (S, T); bound, leap (E) get off, jump off (E); <i>cf.</i> bopiH, hop (M) bopíxwats , jumped (S 62.3) bopíxw , jumped (S 62.1) narapopi , excitement (E)
bopiga		kangaroo rat (E)
bopigin		bouncy (E)
bopixu	<i>iv.</i>	jump down (T)
boro	<i>n.</i>	digging stick (Hi, E); <i>cf.</i> boroN, digging stick (M)
bosege	<i>n.</i>	bridge (S); <i>var.</i> bosexá (S); <i>var.</i> bosho (Sh)
bosho	<i>n.</i>	bridge (Sh); <i>var.</i> bosege (S) Bia Bosho/gunt Ogwê, North Platte River (<i>lit.</i> big bridge river) Sh)
bosi	<i>tv.</i>	 huuta bosiwap , carpenter (lit. X's wood) (E)
bosi'wai		bloated (E)
bosia	<i>n.</i>	var. of busia, louse (T)
bosip{eH}		belly up (E)
bot	<i>n.</i>	pestle (Sh)
botoki"	<i>iv.</i> , <i>iv.</i>	1. be bloated (M); bulge (E) 2. <i>tv.</i> blow till it bursts (E) [M has H final feature, but it appears to be geminate in Eastern Shoshone]
botokipeH	<i>adj</i>	1. soft, bloated (T); bloated (E) 2. carcas (E)
botokixa	<i>iv.</i>	have a gassy stomach (T)
bototogi		bubbling sound. crunching sound (E); <i>cf.</i> muvototogi, buigijichigi
bowê		back] (Sh) dupai powê , dark back (Sh)
box	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of boha, supernatural power

boya		ma voyap , invent (E)
boyafuind[eN]		hover (E)
boyoka	<i>iv.</i>	canter (E), gallop (E)
boyokamia	<i>iv.</i>	trot (Rob)
bozaikin		bounce (E)
bu gwasu	<i>n.</i>	sweater (Hi)
bu'wêwadzip	<i>n.</i>	a kind of whirlwind "which are the breath of people who have died" (Sh)
buha	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of boha, supernatural power
buhi	<i>co mb.</i>	grass (Rob), [brush]
buhi gahni	<i>n.</i>	brush house (E); circular brush enclosure used in mourning (Sh)
buhi karer	<i>n.</i>	bush (E)
Buhi Mea	<i>n.</i>	May (lit. green month) (Hul)
buhi pahu	<i>n.</i>	wild tobacco (Sh; SGE)
buhi pêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	minnow (<i>lit.</i> green fish) (SGE)
buhi pêngkwi wush	<i>n.</i>	minnow scoop (Sh)
buhi remp	<i>n.</i>	jade (<i>lit.</i> green stone) (E)
buhi tekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	lettuce (<i>lit.</i> green food) (Hi)
buhi''	<i>co mb.</i>	green (S)
buhigêr[eN]		green (E)
buhimbuid[eN]		cycle (E)
buhipeH (buhipeha)	<i>n.</i>	small grass , weeds (T); grass (green grass) (Rob); <i>cf.</i> sonipeH, dry grass buhipeha tsikeraxwa , cut weeds (T)
buhipit[eN]	<i>adj</i>	blue (Geb)
buhiragande[N]	<i>adj</i>	weedy (T)
buhishegand[eN]		foliage (E)
buhiwat[eN]		barren (land; <i>lit.</i> without grass/brush) (E)

buhui sonipe	<i>n.</i>	alfalfa hay (T, E)
buhwa'i	<i>tv.</i>	look for (S) u buhwá'is , looked for (S 68.5)
buhwainin		amble (E)
buhwe	<i>pro n.</i>	you (<i>dl.</i>) (T)
bui chainiga		eye glasses (lit. looking framework) (E)
bui chaiya		glance (lit. grasp by looking) (E)
bui chepo		eye-liner (E) (lit. eye marking) (E)
bui hwetamwan[a]	<i>n.</i>	blindfold (E)
bui shumbanaru	<i>tv.</i>	recognize (T)
bui tēga		eye make-up (E)
bui zaniga	<i>n.</i>	eyeglasses (Hi)
bui'hyu	<i>n.</i>	duck (T; the original spelling is a pausal form); Sh has: buuye (SGE); (Rob) has: buyi
bui''	<i>tv.</i>	look (S), see (S) <i>var.</i> buni- buits , looked (S 19.7) u vuiu , saw her (S 84.1) buika , could see (S 26.6) buihwái'yū , must see (S 82.8) ugan daham buidu'i , let us see him (S 59.9, 60.1) ma voníku , look at him (S 140.5) buníku , look (S 154.2)
buichengke		glare (E)
buigaN	<i>tv.</i>	be looking at (S) ure vúigangku , while they were looking at (S 85.7)
buijijchigi		bubbling (E); cf. bototogi, muvototogi baa vuigijchigin , water bubbling (E)
buigungkwaN	<i>tv.</i>	go to look at (S) sogobúigúngkwandu'i , will go look over the country (S 161.2)
buiH (buiha)	<i>n.</i>	eye (S, T) [buiha, <i>obj.</i> (S)]

		bem bui , his eyes (S 8.1)
buiham boamb[e]	<i>n.</i>	eyelid (lit. eye's skin) (E)
buihe	<i>n.</i>	lower abdomen (T)
buihwate		blind (T)
buihwi mogotsi	<i>n.</i>	purse (lit. money bag) (Hi)
buihwi rak[V]	<i>n.</i>	arrow (iron point) (E)
buihwi rapai	<i>n.</i>	blacksmith (E)
buihwi remboka		hooks and eyes (<i>lit.</i> metal button) (Geb <poo-e-we too-tum-book>)
buihwi renegke		anchor (E)
buihwi temwuk[uN]	<i>n.</i>	chain (<i>lit.</i> iron rope) (Rob)
buihwi wetowan[a]	<i>n.</i>	chain (lit. metal ?) (E)
buihwi witua	<i>n.</i>	cast iron kettle (E)
buihwi wituaH	<i>n.</i>	metal bucket (E)
buihwiH	<i>n.</i>	1. money (T, Geb, E) 2. metal, iron (Rob, Geb) 3. coin (E)
buihwin daivo	<i>n.</i>	banker (lit. money whiteman) (Internet)
buihwin datsi		clink (metallic) (E)
buihwin devop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	check (lit. money paper) (E)
buihwing kahni	<i>n.</i>	bank (money) (E)
buika	<i>tv.</i>	see (T) divi zangku puika , see clearly (T14)
buikandeN	<i>adj</i>	visible (Rob); seeing (T); the person who saw X (E) u vuikant, eyewitness (E)
buiku	<i>tv.</i>	look at, gaze at (T) u wandaponi vuiku , avert gaze in hatred
buingke		in: de za puingke, dazzle (action) (E)
buini		analyze (E), examine (E), [look at], inspect (E) dzangku vuinin , analyze carefully (E) mitotsi u vuinin , analyze closely (E) o búinína , looked at it (S 87.9)
buireN	<i>v.</i>	look (T)

		wêgi vuire , cross-eyed (T)
buitêp		cast away (E)
buixwayaxu	<i>v.</i>	glance at, barely see (T)
buiyogo	<i>n.</i>	gnat (E); syn. girayogo
buki	<i>tv.</i>	fan (E); var. bukê de pukê , fan someone (E) nee puki , fan one's self (E)
buku	<i>n.</i>	pet, [domestic animal] (T); <i>var.</i> bungku
bungdzatui	<i>n.</i>	currying brush (Sh)
bungkin	<i>n.</i>	pumpkin (Hi)
bungku		horse (SG); horse (owned by someone) (T); <i>var.</i> buku; <i>cf.</i> deheyaN bemem bungku gwakúp haint , from where they won their horse (SG) em bungku van do'ê , you go on your own horse (E)
bungkung kahni	<i>n.</i>	barn (lit. horse house) (Rob, E)
buni	<i>tv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of bui, see
buniku		open eyes (T)
burushi	<i>n.</i>	eyelash (T); <i>cf.</i> burushii, eye brow (M) and burushipeH, eyelash (M)
buruwa		burst (E); eruption, explosion (E); <i>cf.</i> botoki, blow up till it bursts (E) [is the -t- of this <i>cf.</i> word -r-; u ~ o = boro-]
busia (-i)	<i>n.</i>	louse (T); bugs, insect (E); flea (E); <i>var.</i> bosiaH (T)
busiagi	<i>tv.</i>	louse (S) ne vusiagi , louse me (S 21.2; 19.2) busiagêgu , loused (S 19.4)
Buuhêgap	<i>n.</i>	a kind of flower (name for girl) (S8)
buuhwi sonipe	<i>n.</i>	alfalfa hay (<i>lit.</i> flowered-hay) (T)
buuhwipe	<i>n.</i>	flower (T); <i>cf.</i> buhipe, small grass (T) [buuhwui-, <i>comb.</i>] buuhwi sonipe , alfalfa hay(T)
buuv	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	meaningless sound representing the noise of a hummingbird (SM)

buwêwasen	<i>n.</i>	whirlwinds (Sh)
buwindapai		hammer (E)
buxwa		to appear us sur we ure[:] nekáhik ure[:]n devanaru wenenen yuupa puxwaint usewe suk yuupa buin , it is he who is looking at that fat one – that fat one appearing standing in front of those ones who are dancing (SG)
Buyana	<i>n.</i>	name of a woman shaman (Sh)
da	<i>cl.</i>	we (S 139.2), our (S 181.4); we two (inclusive) (SM)
da	<i>ptc</i>	they say (S 137.2)
da ke'a	<i>iv.</i>	ooze (SM)
dá dzakwa	<i>v.</i>	pick one's way, step through (SM)
da hova	<i>n.</i>	soup (Hi); syn. sahova
da ke'afuikwa	<i>iv.</i>	be pulped (SM)
da kijoin		crunch (E)
da kishi	<i>tv.</i>	smash (SM); E has: we kishê
da kumba	<i>tv.</i>	kill (S) u ra kumbáxi , killed him (S 115.7) u ra kumbauhw , is killed (smashed) (S; 114.1) dakumbáida , will kill (S 107.9)
da kutí	<i>iv.</i>	be shot (SG) gêjá, dame neshungken sik dame[n] dia da kutíx , not good, we feel that our friend is somehow shot (SG)
da kwahu	<i>tv.</i>	beat (S) da gwahuk , beaten (S)
da manavia	<i>tv.</i>	pick up (S) da manavíap , pick[ed] up (S 15.2)
Da Muipe[H]	<i>n.</i>	Saturday (Rob); <i>cf.</i> da, indirect object marker, this would imply that muipe is a verb; syn. Mutavai'i
da na utup[eH]	<i>n.</i>	contribution (E); <i>cf.</i> na utupeH, donation
da na utup[eH]	<i>n.</i>	donation (E); <i>cf.</i> da na utupeH, contribution
da navitengken	<i>n.</i>	war (T)

da nosakwa	<i>tv.</i>	hammer on, pound (T)
da pajat[eN]		flat footed (lit. foot ?) (E)
da remaigengke	<i>v.</i>	make charge (S) da remaigengke , might make charge (S)
da renaip[eH]		custom (da, IS + de, IO + nai, make ??) (E)
da rowen		blotch (E)
da sona	<i>n.</i>	rug (Hi), carpet (E)
da sumbijavin	<i>iv.</i>	be interesting (E) gê da sumbijavin , boring/dull (E)
da sundêp[eH]		blessed (E); var. sundêgaipeH
da suwai' kand[eN]		hope (E)
da suwaihwa	<i>tv.</i>	grab (S) da suwaihwa , [after] s/he grabbed it (S 146.5)
da suwap[eH]		conscience (E)
da togwai	<i>tv.</i>	smash (S) da dogwainu , smashed (S 70.5)
da tsi wonikwa	<i>v.</i>	be scratched (S) da tsi wónikwats , [after s/he was] scratched (S 108.6)
da tsobóraki	<i>tv.</i>	clinch (S)
da utup	<i>tv.</i>	accept (E)
da vuind[eN]		well regarded (E) gê da vuint , inferior (E)
da weped	<i>iv.</i>	come into view (SM) bêsh[e]ng kea da wepedexen , already something is starting to come into view (SM)
da wihiki	<i>tv.</i>	knock over (S); <dauwihiki> u rauwihikits , [after s/he] knocked him over (S 115.6)
da wú pesherapeH	<i>n.</i>	something dragged by rope (SM)
da yaa'a	<i>v.</i>	lift foot (Sh) [they are taken/ = da, indefinite agent = yaa", take?]

da yaahwai'		arrested (E)
da yaap[eH]	<i>adj</i>	arrested (E)
da'a		(no definition) (S 159.8)
da''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of foot
daa	<i>co mb.</i>	in the day, in the light (SG) daagoto, a fire to illuminate (SG) daa yoyoresh, they having gotten up in the day (SG)
daagoto	<i>n.</i>	a fire to illuminate (SG)
daani''	<i>tv.</i>	knock down (SM) sur we u ráanidawaxw , he tried to knock him down (SM)
daavip	<i>n.</i>	tapertip hawksbeard, a flowering plant (<i>Crepis acuminata</i>) (SGE); syn. yamba wuura, doyareva
dadégix		he had his feet (S 19.5)
dadi	<i>co mb.</i>	step, leap (S), in: dadigi, dadigwavi; <i>cf.</i> dadégix, he had feet
dadígi	<i>v.</i>	step (take a step) (S) dadígis , stepped (106.5, 131.7)
dadigwavi	<i>v.</i>	jump (S) dadígwavit , jumped (S 104.6)
daga	<i>n.</i>	man's close friend (Sh); friend, partner (Hi); E has: daga, friend of either sex
dagaN	<i>ptc</i>	until (S 77.7, 12..5, 12.2), only (S; 159.5, 186.6)
dagano'e		all (until, only) (S 7.8)
dagapeH	<i>n.</i>	orphan (T)
dagar[eN]		increase (E)
dagare	<i>tv.</i>	grabbed (S 153.3) dagaréku, [when s/he] grabbed (S 153.3)
dagaru	<i>tv.</i>	u ragaru, addition (E)
dagíne'e biasá'a		biggest one (S 78.1)

dagúganehwak	<i>adv</i>	when it gets dark (SG)
dagusipe[H]	<i>n.</i>	sweat (Mor <tu-guss-se-pa>); cf. dagusipeH, <i>n.</i> sweat (C)
dagut iyêxa	<i>iv.</i>	be thirsty (T)
daguvêkaH	<i>iv.</i>	be thirsty (M)
Daguwene	<i>iv.</i>	Sun Dance (S; cf. daguvekaH, <i>iv.</i> be thirsty; M) daguwénenuhi , let us dance (S; 189.3) daguwenengkena , made [a] sundance (S; 189.1)
dagúyanúnuhúi	<i>v.</i>	dazzle (S; 165.2)
dagweti	<i>v.</i>	stub toe (T)
dagwishiro'iH	<i>iv.</i>	1. perspire (Rob <ta gw si doi>; HI <dah wuiash she doy>); cf. dagusiro'iH. <i>iv.</i> sweat (C) 2. glisten (E) [with sweat?]
daha	<i>v.</i>	to lay down (SG)
dahamikêna	<i>v.</i>	allow (S 138.2)
dahaN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we (S) [dahi, <i>obj.</i>] u gan daham buidu'i , let us see him (S 59.9, 60.1)
dahi	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	us (S)
Dahma Mea	<i>n.</i>	April (lit. spring month) (Sh); syn. Isharu'a Mea
Dahma Nekar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	Spring Dance (Sh)
dahmani	<i>n.</i>	spring (season) (T)
dahwi nuhi	<i>v.</i>	to play with a ball (E)
dahwine	<i>tv.</i>	throw (T)
dahwirahi	<i>tv.</i>	throw away (T)
dai	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	down (S) ben dai , right down on it (S; 133.8)
daindeN	<i>n.</i>	hole (S; cf. daindeN, <i>n.</i> hole; M) dainding kupa , into [a] hole (S 50.6) sogon dain[deN] , hole in the ground (E)
daiper[e]	<i>n.</i>	baby, young one (Sh); <i>var.</i> deêper
daivo buiH	<i>n.</i>	telescope (lit. whiteman's eye) (Rob <tib boo wh-h>

		and Mor <tib-oo-whe'h>)
daivo pigape	<i>n.</i>	leather (<i>lit.</i> Anglo leather) (T)
Daivo''	<i>n.</i>	White person (T)
daiya	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	with (S 147.2) raiya, [with] (S 146.8)
daiyéme<i>k</i>i	<i>tv.</i>	shake with foot (S 72.2)
daka	<i>tv.</i>	1. to chop, to cut (SG) 2. to cut at cards (Mor) [/dzaka/ ?]
daka'ingwat[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be snowing (Sh)
dakafi	<i>n.</i>	snow (T); <i>var.</i> dakap (Sh)
dakaH	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	snow
dakambots	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp. (small cherry; eaten) (SGE); "small ground cherry, low" (Sh)
dakaN	<i>n.</i>	obsidian, arrow point (SG)
Dakangko'i	<i>n.</i>	Arrowhead Hill where the Shoshones got moss agates and fossils to sell in Salt Lake (Sh); cf. dakaN, semen (M)
dakano		frost (E)
dakenax	<i>v.</i>	narakenax , crowd in on (T)
dakirêne		miss (T)
dakisê		crush narakisêpe, smashed (T)
dakisêku	<i>tv.</i>	crush, pulverize (T)
dam bêkaro'i	<i>v.</i>	execute (E)
dam bêngkwi gare	<i>n.</i>	a fishing place (Rob)
dam boiyap[eH]		something that has drifted/glided into place (<i>lit.</i> daN, indef. subj. + boiya, glide) huupi ram boiyap , driftwood (E)
dam masekan[a]	<i>n.</i>	adopted child (E)
dambêka	<i>iv.</i>	be killed naworó'ihoindo suk damen dia dambéka eenjí'enen , (let us) shake blankets in a circle because/that our

		friend was killed long ago (SG)
dambixa rekai	<i>n.</i>	gilia, sweet ends sucked by children (<i>Gilia aggregata</i>) (SGE); E has: dimbe na reka (E)
dame	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we (<i>pl. incl.</i>) (S, T) [dami, <i>obj.</i>] dame gigiman , we and you came back (SG) uka ram bekáre'i , there where we are (I) will fight (SM)
Dame Ape	<i>n.</i>	Our Father, God, the Creator (Sh dis)
Dame Ape'ang Gan[hi]		Heaven (<i>lit.</i> Our Father's House) (Sh)
Dame Sogo Bia	<i>n.</i>	Our Earth Mother (Hul); <i>syn.</i> Damem Bia
damehoiger		all around (E)
Damem Bia	<i>n.</i>	Our Mother (Sh); <i>syn.</i> Dame Sogobia
Damevant[eN]		Heaven (<i>lit.</i> above us) (Sh)
dami	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	us (<i>pl. incl.</i>) (S)
damp[eH]		sinew (SG)
damu	<i>n.</i>	tendon, sinew (S, T), thread (T)
damu na zatowan		knotted (muscles) (E)
damu sivo	<i>n.</i>	cartilage (<i>lit.</i> tendon ?) (E)
damuitêp[eH]	<i>tv.</i>	abandon (E)
damwa[N]	<i>n.</i>	tooth (T) damwana wisoa , brush teeth (E)
damwanaip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	dentures, false teeth (<i>lit.</i> made teeth) (E)
damwi (-a)	<i>n.</i>	younger brother (T) [dadáimiane[e], <i>pl.</i>] (S)
daN	<i>ptc</i>	detransitivizer (SM): prefix indicating an indefinite object of the verbal stem, something, changes transitive verbs to impersonals (SM); cf. da
dan deho'i gare	<i>n.</i>	a hunting place (Rob)
dan dian		dreadful (E); cf. diakandeN
dan dowidziep	<i>n.</i>	water ousel (Rob)
danakwa		break of day, dawn (Hi)
danape	<i>n.</i>	turnip (from English) (T, Hi)
danapeH	<i>n.</i>	knee (Rob); <i>var.</i> dangkapeH (T)

dandihoitê	<i>tv.</i>	banish (E); var. dandiyutê
dandutsi	<i>n.</i>	swan (Geb <tan-doo-tse>)
danetigwai	<i>n.</i>	Rocky Mountain birch (<i>Betula fnetinalis</i>) (SGE)
dang kopop[eH]		brand mark (<i>lit.</i> someone's brand)(Rob <dang gop oop>)
dangka rezowên	<i>n.</i>	knee cap (<i>lit.</i> knee hat) (E)
dangka sito(a)		kneel, kneel down (E)
dangka yerik[V]		knee jerk (E)
dangkangka	<i>n.</i>	horseback dance (Sh); <i>cf.</i> dia nekare
dangkape	<i>n.</i>	knee (T, E); <i>var.</i> danapeH (Rob)
dangkaregep{eh}		built (E)
dangkwêsh[i]	<i>tv.</i>	braid (E); <i>cf.</i> narangkwishi
Dangsingwêgant	<i>n.</i>	March (<i>lit.</i> half spring) (Sh)
dapaka		in: dembi tapakape, crevice (E)
dapana	<i>n.</i>	bottom of foot (S), sole (SM, T) ben dapanága, on [the] bottom of his foot (S 93.9)
dapanzêxu	<i>tv.</i>	stamp down (T)
dapihaH	<i>n.</i>	socks (T, Mor, Rob)
dapihaku	<i>tv.</i>	smash, break (T)
daping koi	<i>n.</i>	heel (<i>lit.</i> foot peak) (T, E)
dapos		in: de rapos, drive a nail (E)
dar tazium[bi]	<i>n.</i>	morning star (Sh)
darekape	<i>n.</i>	cereal (T)
daró	<i>v.</i>	put on shoes (Hi)
daruhugu	<i>n.</i>	marrow bone (S) daruhugu regaku , [I] am eating [a] marrow bone (S 23.6)
daruitetsi	<i>n.</i>	dime (E)
daruwiretsihi		thin (T)
dasanavu	<i>n.</i>	"something to do with hawk" (E)
Dasaye Nekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	Wolf Dance (Hi)
dasayudzont		a type of dance (?) (S dis)
dasayuwunt		dancing in place then leaping forward with long steps to the center, and hopping back to position (S dis)

dasevekiH	<i>n.</i>	middle toes (T)
dasi		flat [datasi, rdp.] datasiva , flatten (E) datasivant , flats (land) (E) dasivant , flat (E)
dasi	<i>n.</i>	brother-in-law (S)
dasia	<i>n.</i>	measles (Hi)
dasiro	<i>n.</i>	hoof (S), toenail (Hi); cf. masiro, claw; cf. dasiroN (-a), toenail, hoof, claw (C) dásidó'one, two hoofs (S 54.4)
dasirowa	<i>n.</i>	toenail (T)
dasivand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	flat (E)
dasomwa	<i>n.</i>	flooring, mat (T)
dasú'a	<i>tv.</i>	claw at (SM)
dasungka	<i>tv.</i>	feel with feet (E)
datagenteN	<i>n.</i>	trading partner (Sh; he also spells it: datagente[N])
datasiva	<i>tv.</i>	flatten (E)
datasivand[eN]		flats (E)
Datsiwaa	<i>n.</i>	Flathead Indian ("they're all kind of flat," folk etymology) (SGE); Rob has: <To ta-se-van-ne> = [Dotasivane]
datazipuin		brilliant (E)
date		to step (SG)
datexi	<i>tv.</i>	stamp on (T)
datogi		collect, assemble, gather de tatogir, gathering, to herd (E)
datoixa		 naratoixa , crowded (people) (T)
datoxi	<i>tv.</i>	round up, head off (T)
datsa	<i>n.</i>	summer (S 189.3); <i>var.</i> daza
datsa gahni	<i>n.</i>	summer camp (<i>lit.</i> summer house) (Rob)
datsai	<i>tv.</i>	get near (S), overtake (S); cf. dasa

		ura tsaimiakw , get near (S 22.5) ure[e] ratsáinu , overtook them (S 33.3)
datsaigiN	<i>tv.</i>	be gaining on (S), be overtaking (S) u ratsáigina , was gaining on him (S; 109.5, 37.8) u ratsáigingku , he was pretty near (S; 37.9) u ratsáigingku , was gaining on him (S; 112.8, 33.4, 41.9)
datsaividi	<i>tv.</i>	overtake (S) u ratsaividíkw , overtook him (S 153.7)
datsekixa		naratsekixa , crowded (things) (T)
datsewi semano	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	seventy (Sh)
datsewit[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	seven (Sh, Hi); var. datuwiteN (T)
datsewit[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	seventeen (Hi)
datsewites[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	seven (quantity) (T) give orders (S 18,9)
datsi		clicking sound (E) buihwin datsi , clink (E)
datsi	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful): Oregon boxwood (<i>Pachistima myrsinitas</i> (?)) (SGE)
datsinúmbi[N] (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	star(s) (S 73.3, 76.1, 73.5) var. daziumbiN , dazi-
datsu		(no definition) (S 105.7, 113.2, 114.7, 116.3)
datuwite[N]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	var. of datsewiteN , seven
dauhw	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we (S)
Daunawisua		pocket valley near the head of Owl Creek (SGE)
daux	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we two (inclusive) [da-, <i>obj.</i>] (SM) dauw gigiman , you and I came back (SG)
davasap	<i>n.</i>	bile (E)

davê	<i>n., adv.</i>	1. sun 2. day; in the day (SG) 3. clock (E) 4. date (E) sikan davên , today's date (E)
davê epuine	<i>iv.</i>	oversleep (T)
davê goonip][eH]		hours (lit. day turned) (E)
davê gosov	<i>n.</i>	sparrow hawk (Hi)
davê muzupi	<i>n.</i>	a plant like a morning glory"with purple-pink-blue-reddish flowers and long, slim leaves" used for love medicine (not as strong as doya natewura) (Hul)
davê rigama		afternoon (after dinner) (Rob)
davê ro'êgi		[dawn], sun up (Sh, E)
davê ro'êH	<i>iv.</i>	be (at) sunrise (inceptive) (SG); be the sunrise (T); daylight (E)
davê ro'ênêt[eN]		east (lit. where the sun rises) (E)
davê shawa pu'in		hourglass (E)
davê shoiha	<i>iv.</i>	bask in the sun (E)
davê suaixa		sunny, dry (T)
davê yangkware[N]		right (T)
davê yiwêmi		[dusk], sundown (Sh)
davê yuwixu	<i>iv.</i>	be sunset (T)
davê zuwangk[V]		solar eclipse (E)
davê'endoi nangkwar[e]		east (<i>lit.</i> where the sun comes up) (Sh, Hi)
davê'mwa	<i>adv.</i>	during the day (T)
davê'ni	<i>n.</i>	day, afternoon (T)
Davediunashia	<i>n.</i>	a chief hostile to Washakie (Sh)
davêm	<i>adv.</i>	by daylight (SM); cf. dên, daylight (E)av
davên do'ênangkw		early, still dark (T)
davên do'ika	<i>n.</i>	sunrise (Rob)
davênde[N]		daytime (T)
davêng kwasava	<i>n.</i>	speckle-breasted hawk (<i>Falco</i> sp.; lit. day's -?) (SM)
davêshoi		sunshine (Hi)

davêwand[eN]		daily (E)
davêyi nangkwar		west (<i>lit.</i> where the sun goes down) (Sh)
davip	<i>n.</i>	purple Virginia bower (<i>Clematis douglasii</i>) (SGE)
Davivo (-a)	<i>n.</i>	Whiteman (S 140.1)
davu	<i>n.</i>	rabbit (T); cottontail rabbit (SGE)
davu ho'i	<i>v.</i>	hunt jackrabbits (SM) [davu, cottontails; shouldn't this be 'hunt rabbits' (generic) or 'hunt cottontails' ?]
davui	<i>tv.</i>	believe gê u ravui' , doubt X (E)
Davunashia		a chief hostile to Washakie (S dis)
dawa	<i>tv.</i>	tie, fasten (SM); <i>var.</i> dahwa wu táwhwats , after having tied with a rope (SM)
Dawawisua	<i>n.</i>	valley below Washakie Needles (<i>lit.</i> pack dry meat) (SGE)
Dawawisua Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	North Fork of Owl Creek (<i>lit.</i> packs dry meat creek) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Sehe Ogwê
dawhaN	<i>tv.</i>	tie (SM); <i>var.</i> dawa
dawi		younger brother (SM); <i>var.</i> damwi goja wepsheranten dawi , Head Dragging One's younger brother (SG)
dawinza	<i>n.</i>	ankle (T)
dawn	<i>n.</i>	town (from English) (E) bia dawn, city (E)
dawoH	<i>n.</i>	pounded meat (T)
dawowendeN		narawowende , striped (T)
daya	<i>tv.</i>	snatch (SM)
daza	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of datsa, summer
Daza Mea	<i>n.</i>	May (beginning of summer) (Sh)
daza[N]	<i>n.</i>	summer (T); <i>var.</i> datsa
dazi		crabs (E)

dazitam bai	<i>n.</i>	falling star, shooting star (<i>lit.</i> star falling) (Sh)
daziumbi	<i>n.</i>	star (T); <i>var.</i> datsinúmbiN
de dêwap	<i>n.</i>	servant, slave, work helper (Sh)
de doipeH (-ha)	<i>n.</i>	fat, grease (S)
de doteviki		crow bar (E)
de garer[eN]		<i>var.</i> of garereN, chair
de gepiyaimp		conserve (E)
de geyaa"	<i>n.</i>	spoon (Rob and Mor < tay goo yah>); <i>cf.</i> ge yaa", carry in mouth (H); <i>syn.</i> de gwini
de goishoi gahni	<i>n.</i>	laundry, laundromat (E)
de goshomwo	<i>n.</i>	tub (Hi) (<dee go shaw ough>)
de goto	<i>n.</i>	stove (Hi)
de guwekingk[e]	<i>tv.</i>	lasso (E)
de gwasengkewap	<i>n.</i>	cook (E)
de gwini	<i>n.</i>	spoon (Geb <ta-gwe-nae>); <i>cf.</i> gwiniombeH, <i>n.</i> spoon (C); <i>syn.</i> de geyaa"
de hani	<i>tv.</i>	skin (S); butcher (SG) u re hanid , skinned it (S 16.2)
de haníngke	<i>dv.</i>	help skin (S) u réhaníngkint , helped him skin (S 17.7)
de haniwapiH	<i>n.</i>	butcher (<i>lit.</i> one who does it/them) (T)
de ho'igwaN	<i>v.</i>	go hunting [for someone] (T) dehoigwando'i , will go hunting (T)
de ho'iH	<i>tv.</i>	hunt (S, T) de xó'ihwats , went hunting (S 81.6; glottal supplied) de hó'ixw , went hunting (S 149.1; glottal supplied) wasepita de ho'i, hunt for game (E)
de ho'iha	<i>tv.</i>	hunt (T)
de kitso	<i>v.</i>	chew (Hi)
de koijoniH	<i>n.</i>	soap (Geb <ta-co-tson> and Mor <tay-gooch-ah>); <i>syn.</i> de koisi mo re goishoi , hand soap (E)

de kois	<i>tv.</i>	launder (T); <i>cf.</i> goijoiH, <i>tv.</i> wash (C)
de koisi	<i>n.</i>	soap (T); var. de ko[i]sho (Hi); <i>syn.</i> de kojoniH
de kowa	<i>tv.</i>	[fence, enclose]
de kowapeH	<i>n.</i>	fence (T, E)
de kúmba	<i>n.</i>	club (SM)
de kump		club (hit) (E)
de kwasengke	<i>dv.</i>	cook [for] (S, T) ben de kwasengkepe , that [which] he cooked (S; 143.8) de kwasengkeveid , was cooking (S; 145.2) ben de kwasengkepe, that [which] he cooked [for her/him] (S 143.8)
de kwasengkefuindeN	<i>n.</i>	cooking (T)
de muziya		file (E); <i>cf.</i> muzi, point
de mwanasoid[eN]		embarrass (E)
de nángkant	<i>iv.</i>	one who listens (SM) gê de nángkant , one who will not listen (SM)
de nigwehe	<i>dv.</i>	sing for (S) de nígwemía, singing (S 57.7) de nígwéhent, was singing (S 145.3) u ré nigwéhéghundu, will sing for it (S 189.4)
de nihani		court (E)
de nikwehe	<i>v.</i>	sing (Mor <tin-e-quon>)
de nime		compromise (E)
de nimehawi		to agree (E)
de no'a	<i>tv.</i>	sweep (Hi)
de noo nareno	<i>n.</i>	pack saddle (Sh); <i>syn.</i> noo nareno
de noop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cargo (E)
de noov[iN]		bearer (on back) (E)
dê ogwê	<i>n.</i>	brook (lit. small creek) (E)
de pêgakan		engorge (E)
de pêgank[e]	<i>tv.</i>	fill with liquid (E) ma re pêgank, fill it with water (E)

de pêka	<i>tv.</i>	fill (E)
de pukê	<i>v.</i>	fan someone (E); cf. nee puki, fan one's self
de raka		chisel (E)
de ropika'		clipping sound (E)
de sivi	<i>n.</i>	spoon (Hi); syn. de geyaa", de gwini
de soyoand[eN]		faithfull (E)
de sumbarond[eN]		genius (lit. know things) (E)
de suwanzi		imagine (lit. thinking about X) (E)
de suwanzip[eH]		idea (lit. thinking about something) (E)
de tatogir[eN]		gathering (E); to herd, drive (animals) (E)
de temboka	<i>n.</i>	buttons (<i>lit.</i> fastened one) (Rob, Mor <tay toom buck ah>)
de temwamb[eH]	<i>n.</i>	dam (E)
de temwan[a]	<i>n.</i>	plug, stopper (E) huu de temwan, cork (lit. wood stopper) (E)
de tēnai	<i>v.</i>	to hire (Sh)
de tewa		? (E) de tewa gahni, cage (E)
de tezai		brace (corner to corner) (E); cf. ne tezai [<i>is tezi a word?</i>]
de tóipeH (-ha)	<i>n.</i>	fat, grease (S 126.7)
de totso	<i>tv.</i>	dip something into something else (E)
de towangkant		blockade (E) [<i>should gê be instead of de?</i>]
de tsakena	<i>tv.</i>	sew (T) de tsakenama , finish sewing (E)
de tsakwini	<i>n.</i>	coffee mill (Mor <tit-se-que-ny> and Rob <dís -sag-gwi>)
de tsi'kêr[eN]	<i>n.</i>	barber (E)
de tsipo		crease (E)
de tsipop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	crease (E)
de vêka	<i>iv.</i>	kill wild game (Hi)
de vêkap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	killer (E)
dê waimungk[u]	<i>n.</i>	carriage (E)

de waingke		attack (E)
de wainheyungke	<i>n.</i>	drying rack (E)
de wanaihain		clown (E)
de wanansoind[eN]		disgraceful (E) divi re wanansoint , very disgraceful (E)
de wansengkand[eN]		gardener (E)
de wanyahai		funny(E)
de wanzawai	<i>tv.</i>	enable (E) u re wanzawain, enable X (E)
de wanzuvi	<i>n.</i>	clamp (E)
de waseng[ke]	<i>tv.</i>	plant (garden) (Hi)
de wazapagi		glue (E)
de yaa''		hitch (E)
de yangke		harness (team of horses) (E)
de zapui		fair, exhibition (lit. show things) (E)
de zapui shogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	fairgrounds (E)
de zapuingk[V]		guide (E); cf. dzapuikandeN
de zatoi		hoist, [lift] (E)
de zikwishat[eN]		knit (E)
de zipop[eH]		imprint (lit. crease something) (E)
de zitemwan		latch (for door; lit. keeps it) (E)
de.e	<i>ptc</i>	must have (S 182.1)
de'ase	<i>iv.</i>	be freezing cold (weather) (G), freeze (E) de'asep, froze (E)
de'asep[eH]		frozen (Hi)
de'e	<i>n.</i>	woman's close friend (Sh, E)
de'ew	<i>n.</i>	woven mulling tray (Sh)
dê'oi	<i>iv.</i>	be sick, ill (SG); cf. dewoi, <i>iv.</i> be sick (C)) dê'oip , made sick (SG)
dê'oip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	disease, illness, sickness (E); E has: du'oiv, epidemic (E)

de''	<i>ptc</i>	indefinite object marker; may be added to an intransitive verb to produce a transitive [Although the final feature is nasalizing in most Shoshohe dialects, it appears to be geminate in Eastern Shoshone.] de ho'ik , to hunt (SG) gê re nangka rogwê suwangka , stubborn, skeptical (<i>lit.</i> not consider correct what is heard) (T3) De Aagand[e] , One That Has Horns (Hul) wánda te mahaihúndu , will go after poles (S 189.6)
dea	<i>co mb.</i>	1. <i>var.</i> of deeya, frightened, dreadful 2. <i>var.</i> of dia, little dea nuki , run away (frightened) (T)
dea	<i>adv</i>	[already ?] sure we u riasuas u naru'engken , "d _{éa} =nets iwant mu vishich aakur ure[:]] muraxw," us sukur u naru'engken u riasuas , now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them out to a distant place," that is what he was telling/relating (SG)
Dea Mumbich Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Owl Creek (<i>lit.</i> little owl creek) (Sh)
deagea		and maybe will (SM)
deagis	<i>ptc</i>	I suppose (S 138.1, 138.5)
deahwai	<i>tv.</i>	tell about (S 84.8) un deahwêna , that he told about (S 84.4) da roahwênu x, they tell about (S 159.2)
deahwain	<i>tv.</i>	discuss (E)
deamp[i]		service berry (<i>Amalanchier aljifolia</i>) (Geb <te-emp>); June berry (T); <i>cf.</i> deambiH, <i>n.</i> service berry (M)
deantsu	<i>ptc</i>	why (S 14.8, 16.9)
dearátsu	<i>ptc</i>	why did he (S 19.7), something [why] (S 18.3)
deas[eN]	<i>adv</i> <i>conj.</i>	also, and (SG); <i>var.</i> diês, deas gê gembú'it ge deas wesege dai! don't be looking (<i>pl.</i>) and don't peek (SG)

deats		and surely (SM)
dêcheN	<i>adj</i>	bad (Sh)
dêchent dame hanik		sin [<i>lit.</i> we do bad] (Sh)
dechetsi		fine (<i>lit.</i> little, plus diminutive suffix -tsi)(S 5.8)
dêchi	<i>adj</i>	little (SM) [dirétitsi, <i>pl.</i>] (SM)
Deê Baa Gwi Wene	<i>n.</i>	Washakie Hot Spring (<i>lit.</i> little water smoke standing) (Hul)
deê gahni	<i>n.</i>	shack, small house (T)
Deê Mea	<i>n.</i>	November (<i>lit.</i> little month) (Hul)
deê ogwêpe	<i>n.</i>	brook, [creek] (<i>lit.</i> small river)(Rob)
dee'echi		a little (SG; glottal added)
dee'oyep		illness (Sh)
deêdi	<i>n.</i>	young one (S) [dedeêdi, <i>pl.</i>] ne rereêdi , my young ones (S 30.5)
deegungkwaiya		clear (T)
deêH	<i>co mb.</i>	slim (S 161.5, 165.5), [small] (S); adjective prefix, small/childish (SM); small, slight (SG); <i>var.</i> dê; <i>cf.</i> deêH, <i>comb.</i> small (M) mehe deêhwapi , the smallest of you two (S 17.4) deê kahni , shack (little house) (T); cottage (E)
deemítsi	<i>n.</i>	owner (S 140.3); <c>
deêper	<i>n.</i>	baby, young one (S); child (SM); child (SG); baby at breast, young child (Sh); <i>var.</i> daiper (Sh), dêpere (E) [deêperi, <i>obj.</i> (S 67.3); diréd, <i>pl.</i> (SM)]
deêperewait[eN]		immature, [childish, juvenile] (E)
deêre[N]	<i>adj</i> <i>, n.</i>	1. <i>adj.</i> little (S) 2. <i>n.</i> young one; <i>var.</i> dêri [deêri, <i>obj.</i> ; dereêruuN, <i>pl.</i> ; rereêdi, <i>pl. obj.</i>] ma deêrén naigit , the little side of (S 17.4)
deês(eN)	<i>ptc</i>	again (S), also (S), and (S); <i>var.</i> diês deêseng kia, again [again-quotative] (S)
dêêtatoxo	<i>n.</i>	little toe (T)
deevéh	<i>n.</i>	buckskin, tanned hide (T)

dêwapi	<i>n.</i>	white-bark pine (<i>Pinus albicaulis</i>) (SGE) [small cedar/juniper ?]
deewasangkaN	<i>tv.</i>	plant (corn, potatoes, etc.) (T) deewasangkando'i , will plant (T)
deeya		be scared (S; cf. de'eya- C)); var. dea, dee'iya (SM), diiya (E)
Deeya Nekar	<i>n.</i>	Fear Dance, a dance of one of the older men's societies (S dis; <Dee'ia>)
deeya suwa		fear (E), to frighten (E)
deeya veka	<i>tv.</i>	be scared out (S); intimidate, [frighten] (E) ma reeya suwa , frighten X (E) ma riya vekak , intimidate X (E)
deeyand[eN]		one who fears (E) gê hina deeyant , fearless (E)
dêg		in: bambi dêg, dry hair (E)
dêga		substance that can be applied; cf. ota bui têga, eye make-up (E) goovi rêga, face powder (E)
degareH	<i>n.</i>	chair (T); Rob has: garer
degesawi		crumbs (E)
degi''	<i>tv.</i>	put, place (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (M); SG has: dege-, to put away again, to return to its place [dapuiH, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (M)
degihwa	<i>iv.</i>	leave, depart (S) do degihwats , [after] she left (S 87.1)
degingka	<i>tv.</i>	put down (S) degingkis , put down (S 34.2)
dêgipo'	<i>n.</i>	kidney (T); var. digipo (Hi), dagipo (E) dêgipo dang kwasengkep , cooked kidney (E)
degoa	<i>n.</i>	scissors (Geb <ta-goo-ah> and Rob <dig go ah>); cf. degoa, scissors/shears (M)
degoihe	<i>n.</i>	small intestines (T)

degopoH	<i>tv.</i> , <i>n.</i>	1. to brand (Rob, C) 2. branding iron (Rob, C, E)
dêgudzatawika		slightly opened (T)
degum hani	<i>tv.</i>	cook (T)
degumbana	<i>n.</i>	sky (T)
dêgwa	<i>iv.</i> , <i>tv.</i>	1. say (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (S) 2. give a command (T) 3. announce, act as a chief (SM) 4. read (T) [niweneH, <i>dl.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) dêgwap , said (S 183.3) dêgwagant , have said a word (S 159.3) o rêkwa , [read it] (T)
dêgwa tevopeH	<i>n.</i>	book (lit. marking that speaks) (E); syn. geta revopeH
dêgwahên	<i>n.</i>	authority (E), king (E)
dêgwahên shoa		proclaim, cry (as in town crier) (E); bossy (E)
dêgwahi	<i>tv.</i>	announce (E); proclaim, cry (as in town crier) (Rob <de gwan hin>);' interpret (E) dêgwahindo'i , go to announce (E)
dêgwahi suwa	<i>tv.</i>	bully, oppress (T)
dêgwahini	<i>n.</i>	chief (SM); S has: dêgwahen
dêgwakand[eN]		gripe (E); have said a word (S)
dêgwanen[a]	<i>n.</i>	commandment
dêgwaniH	<i>n.</i>	master, employer, [boss] (T); chief (SG) newe rêgwana, Indian chief (E)
degwap[eH]		barrier (E)
dêgwapuinde[N]	<i>n.</i>	talking (T)
dêgwareN		in: gê têgware , <i>exp.</i> say no more, heed [heed because of agreement, no further explanation required] (T3)
dêgwawapi	<i>n.</i>	assistant to a shaman (Sh), speaker, chair person (E); camp crier (E); interpreter (E)
dêgwêku	<i>iv.</i>	speak (T)
deheya oyor[eN]		horse trappings (lit. horse's all) (E)
deheyam beng kuparanoin		horse trailor (E)
deheyaN (-i, -a)	<i>n.</i>	1. horse (any horse) (T), horse (Geb); horse (not owned) (E) 2. deer (M); Sh has: dehia (SGE); var. dihiya (E); cf. bungku

deheyan da gwiship[eH]		horse sweat (E)
deheyan dua (-'a)	<i>n.</i>	colt, foal (horse; <i>lit.</i> deer's child) (S 157.1, E)
deheyan namp		horse shoe (E)
dêhuwani		hatchet (E)
dei (dia)	<i>n.</i>	partner (S 139.1, 140.5); var. de'e ne r[e]i , my friend (S8) gêjá, dame neshungken sik dame[n] dia da gutíx , not good, we feel that our friend is somehow shot (SG)
dêji	<i>n.</i>	brother-in-law (man's sister's husband) (SM, Hi); <i>var.</i> dêch (Sh), dêj (Sh), dêshe (T) ne rêch , my brother-in-law (Sh)
dêk		apply (E) ma dêk, apply (E) man varêg, apply liquid (E)
deka gahni	<i>n.</i>	cafe, restaurant (E)
deka okagan	<i>n.</i>	Arctic or Perry harebell (E); syn. dutsiwambi
deka rêvoikand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	chow line, serving line (E)
deka suwand[rN]	<i>n.</i>	appetite (E)
dekaH	<i>tv.</i>	eat (S., SM, T) dekaxint , eating (S: 3.7) u rekáhwats , ate it(S 150.1)
dekangke	<i>dv.</i>	feed (S) u rekángkis , fed him (S 70.8)
dekape[H] (-ha)	<i>n.</i>	food (S, T) huuchu rekap , bird seed (E)
dekaru['i]	<i>n.</i>	meal (time for eating) (Rob) duugani tekaru'i, dinner (Rob)
dekêyipera	<i>n.</i>	forearm (T)
deki	<i>tv.</i>	put (T)
dekik[V]		keep (E)
dekwenê	<i>v.</i>	draw knife (E)
dêmasevekiH	<i>n.</i>	little finger (T)

demavand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	magician or wonder worker (Sh)
demaxwa	<i>v.</i>	plug up (S) u redemaxwats , plugged it up (S 51.2)
dembai naikan	<i>n.</i>	cliff (E)
dembaizaniga	<i>n.</i>	bridle (lit. mouth slip-on) (Rob; Geb <tim-pay tsah-na-ga> = [dembê tsanaga]; Mor <tinip-at-zan-e-gah> = [demba tsaniga]); var. dembêjainiga (E)
dembana	<i>n.</i>	canyon (SG)
Dembana Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	South Fork (<i>lit.</i> canyon river) (Sh)
dembánagar	<i>n.</i>	cliff (<i>lit.</i> toward the canyon) (SG)
dembanapi	<i>n.</i>	bluff (Rob; dim-)
dembê (dembê)	<i>n.</i>	mouth (S, T); lips (T, Rob, Mor) un dombê gupa , into his mouth (S 55.3)
dembê jainiga		bit (bridle) (E)
dembê jani	<i>n.</i>	bridle (Sh)
dembeeno'		two-faced (T)
dembi	<i>n.</i>	1. rock, stone (S, T, SG) 2. metals (Rob) 3. china, porcelain (Rob) dembi awe , china cup (Rob)
Dembi BaaradzopeH	<i>n.</i>	Rock Springs (<i>lit.</i> rock spring) (SGE)
dembi buihwi	<i>n.</i>	silver money (<i>lit.</i> rock money) (Rob); [does this include all coins, or just silver ones?]
dembi muzi	<i>n.</i>	diamond (lit. rock point) (E)
dembi narak	<i>n.</i>	flint (for musket or rifle; <i>lit.</i> rock gun cap) (Geb <tin-pa nah-rack>)
dembi natowan	<i>n.</i>	cast (for broken bone) (E)
Dembi Navor[eN]	<i>n.</i>	Independence Rock (<i>lit.</i> written rock) (Geb)
dembi ogwên[a]		lava (lit. rock flowing) (E)
dembi sêgwip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cement (lit. rock mud) (E)
Dembi Shogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	Boulder Flats (E)
dembi tapakape[H]	<i>n.</i>	crevice (in rocks) (E)
dembi vuihwi	<i>n.</i>	cast iron (E) dembi vuihwi witua , cast iron kettle (E)

dembi wêha	<i>n.</i>	rock that burns (head in a cliff; if a light held to it it burst into flames) (Sh; dim-)
dembi wêhap		lava rock (lit. rock burned) (E); syn. nasokon dembi
dembi yumwa'	<i>n.</i>	avalanche (of rocks) (E; dim-)
dembin daindeN	<i>n.</i>	cave (lit. rock hole) (E)
dembin dak[V]	<i>n.</i>	arrow (flint point) (E)
dembin damup[eH]	<i>n.</i>	chain (<i>lit.</i> rock sinew) (Rob)
Dembinagutsi	<i>n.</i>	Tenpenny Utes (from Ute 'among the rocks') (Geb <Tin-pa-nah-goots>)
Dembita Wene	<i>n.</i>	Grand Teton (<i>lit.</i> rock standing) (Sh); <i>cf.</i> Bavi, Duu Wener
dembok-	<i>co mb.</i>	fasten, button we tembokaH , tv. button (sing. <i>obj.</i>) (C) de tumboka , <i>n.</i> button (Mor, Rob)
dempaxepe	<i>n.</i>	crack of rocks (S) dembaxeperúinti (S; 91.6) dembaxepex (S; 91.5)
demwa	<i>tv.</i>	shut, close
demwansunê		disturbance (E)
demwanvoiyap		culprit (E)
demwanzawê	<i>tv.</i>	assist, help(E); <i>cf.</i> demachaiH, to help (M) ne remwanzawên , help me (E)
demwe	<i>tv.</i>	buy (T); <i>cf.</i> naremwe, cost ne za hanivita temwero'i , I am going to buy corn (T7) gê hina remwen , cheap (E)
demwend[eN]	<i>n.</i>	buyer,k customer (E)
demwep[eH]	<i>adj</i>	store-bought clothes (E)
demwuku goinda	<i>tv.</i>	cut into ropes (S) u remukugoinda , cut into ropes (S 81.8)
demwukum bopi		jump rope (lit. rope's jump) (E; demwongkom)
demwukuN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	rope (S, T); lariat (E) [demukún'a, <i>obj.</i>] (S 89.6)

dena [N]	<i>adv</i>	down (S), downwards (C) mai ún denavúnti , it from there down (S; 137.4) chk
denaig	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	amidst (E) u renaig, amidst it
denapa nareno	<i>n.</i>	riding saddle (Sh)
dênape (-a)	<i>n.</i>	male (S 138.5 ; T); man (SG); husband (Sh) us tenape netsigai , that is the sick man (SG)
dênapeng kwasu	<i>n.</i>	shirt (<i>lit.</i> man's garment) (T)
denapitsi	<i>n.</i>	old man (<i>lit.</i> small man) (Geb); <i>cf.</i> dzugupeH
dênavekap [eH]	<i>n.</i>	adult man (E)
denaya		compass (E)
dêndeN	<i>iv.</i>	fall out through (T) dainden dumbahaixu , fall through a hole (T13)
dendoi		ladder (E)
dendzoavich	<i>n.</i>	rock ghost beings (Sh)
deneke		brake (E)
dengka	<i>tv.</i>	achieve (E), improve (E) final feature may be N] ma rengkan , achieved it (E) man dengka , improve it (E)
dêngkutsi		barely (description) (E)
dêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	in: dêngkwi pogop , <i>Ribes congiflorum</i> (SGE)
deni netsigwar [eN]		insult (<i>lit.</i> ? + sickness) (E)
deni shuwaiH	<i>tv.</i>	guess (S) denisuwaixant , guessed (S 9.2)
deni shuwanid	<i>v.</i>	bothering about here (S 29.5; showa-)
denime'		blame (E)
denimep [eH]	<i>n.</i>	agreement (E); decision (E); contract (E)
deniwep	<i>n.</i>	song (T)
denoa	<i>n.</i>	broom (E)
denwinja		approve (E)

denzaiN	<i>n.</i>	prairie dog (<i>Cynomys leucurus</i>) (SM; T); <i>var.</i> denzant (SGE)
dênzon	<i>n.</i>	stick used in handgame] (Sh); cf. dinzo'o, bones used in handgame (Hi)
deohnafe		lazy (T); <i>var.</i> deuhnafe
depai		in: wituan depai, drum stick (E)
depaziniga buihwi	<i>n.</i>	bit (bridle) (E)
depêgax		full (T)
depêh		whip (T)
dêpere	<i>n.</i>	child (T), small child (Sh) dêperen de garer , high chair, [child's chair] (E)
dêperewai[t]	<i>adj</i>	childish, child-like (E)
deramiN		in: gwinyan deramingkwetixo' , rooster's spur (T5)
derapaihi		hammer (T); E has: detapai
deraposah		nail (T)
derê''	<i>iv.</i>	work (Rob) dame sumwaikare terête , we are working together (T)
deredidzehup		counting sticks (?) (Sh; he also records: deredegip)
dereena	<i>n.</i>	root (T)
deregáhi	<i>iv.</i>	sit there (S) reregáhi , to sit there (S 181.3)
derekaf		crook (E)
derekaf[eH]	<i>n.</i>	thief (Hi)
derekaH	<i>tv.</i>	steal (T, Mor) [detekai, dur. ?] (E) derekaxw , he stole (S 78.4)
dereko		crook (E)
derekupeH	<i>n.</i>	theft (Sh)
derêN	<i>n.</i>	child (T) himbêgande en derêmba'i? how many children do you have? (T2)

derênai	<i>tv.</i>	hire (T)
derênaip[eH]		errand (lit. make work) (E)
derêp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	work, chore (E); job (E)
derêr[eN]	<i>n.</i>	worker (E) getan derêr , hard worker (E)
deresuna	<i>v.</i>	give up (S) deresunánu , gave up (S 158.1)
derêtinikwin		humming (E)
deretse huup[i]	<i>n.</i>	counting sticks (for enumerating) (Sh)
dêretsih	<i>adj</i>	small (T) divitêretsi , very small (T; should this be: divi rêvetsih ?]
derevuiH	<i>iv.</i>	wake up (<i>pl. subj.</i>) (M) [devu'iH, <i>sing. and dl. subj.</i>]
derêwapi	<i>n.</i>	servant, slave (T); hired hand, [hired worker] (E)
derêxa	<i>n.</i>	work, livelihood (T)
derêxu	<i>adv</i>	little by little (T)
dereyori huvia	<i>n.</i>	waking up songs (Sh)
deri		<i>var.</i> of deêre, little
derosê wiwihi		sound of footsteps (S 140.2)
des	<i>con</i> <i>j.</i>	and (T); <i>cf.</i> deas
dese	<i>adj</i>	bad (S; 138.5); <i>var.</i> dis
dese		freeze dese wêhak , frostbite (E) deseha rekap , frozen food (E)
dese remwanir	<i>n.</i>	shopping spree (? bad buying) (E)
dese wêhak		frostbite (E)
deseha rekap[eH]		frozen food (E)
desh	<i>n.</i>	mortar (Sh)
dêshe	<i>n.</i>	brother-in-law (T)

desonah	<i>n.</i>	dish, bowl (T)
deta nakande[N]	<i>adj</i>	poor (T); Sh records: detanaxant
deta nesengka		grieve (lit. feel poorly) (E)
dêtah	<i>qu an.</i>	a little (T); <i>var.</i> dêteh (T)
detakunê		iron (clothes) (E)
detapeta		flat (E)
detas[eN]		cute (E)
detats[i] suwagan		[have] affection [for] (E) detats u suwagan, affection (E)
detawezogi	<i>n.</i>	bicycle (E)
Dêtawn		Hudson (E)
detêga		jelly (E)
dêtêgwa		chat, small talk (E) [is this a verb?]
detemboka	<i>n.</i>	buckle (E)
detêtatageneh	<i>n.</i>	youngest sibling (T)
dêtetsi vo'i	<i>n.</i>	dirt road, trail, path (T)
dêtetsih		small (T)
detse	<i>adj</i>	bad; <i>var.</i> dese, dis, ditsi [is dese actually deze; this would agree with medial -ts/dz- in other forms]
Detsoi Nekape	<i>n.</i>	Hat Dance ceremony (Van)
detsoiH (-a)	<i>n.</i>	hat (M); <i>var.</i> dezowên; <i>syn.</i> ditsomo
detuir[eN]		patient gê retuir, impatient (E)
dêtutsitêper	<i>n.</i>	young child (T)
deva	<i>v.</i>	bet (S); bet, wager (Hi); E has: deva; <i>var.</i> diva (S, Hi)
deva	<i>n.</i>	pine nut (Hultkrants); SGE has: engka teva nahup, pinyon pine (?); <i>cf.</i> devaa, pine nut (M)
devak	<i>n.</i>	bet (E)
devakwa	<i>n.</i>	gambling (Sh)
devanare	<i>pos</i>	in front of

	<i>tp.</i>	devana , hill side (E) us sur we ure[:] nekáhik ure[:] n devanaru wenenen yuupa puxwaint usewe suk yuupa buin , it is he who is looking at that fat one – that fat one appearing standing in front of those ones who are dancing (SG)
devasa		feminine acting man (E)
deviha		half, middle (T); SG has an additional meaning: twice as; SG gives the form as: dêwi , half, middle (SG): S and Sh have <i>var.</i> devinya dêwi de'ichi , twice as small (SG)
deviha wêgite		[the space of] half (T)
devihande[N]	<i>n.</i>	middle (T), center (E); half (E); cf. dêwixand[eN] , <i>n.</i> center (SG) mean devihant , half moon (E)
devihant	<i>n.</i>	kick stick (E)
devina	<i>dv.</i>	ask (S; T); T has: devine sur[e]m baavi suk ben dawia u revin , the older brother asks his own younger brother about it (SG) u revína , asked him (S)
devinya	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in the middle of (S) ban devínyya , [middle of the water] (S; 55.9, 147.2)
devinya havir	<i>n.</i>	boundary line (E)
dêvinya wêgit[eN]		one half (Sh); <i>var.</i> deviha wêgite , half (T)
devinyand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	center pole, one in the center (E)
devishi		recent (T)
devishi egevits		recently new (T)
devo vaa	<i>n.</i>	ink (lit. writing liquid) (E)
devoH	<i>tv.</i>	write (T); mark, paint, illustrate draw (E); cf. devooh (M); cf. Dembi Navor[eN] dzan devor[eN] , artist (E)
dêvoi''		in: deka rêvoikant , serving line (E)
devope gahni	<i>n.</i>	1. school 2. office (<i>lit.</i> writing house) (Rob)
devopeH	<i>n.</i>	paper, book (T); document (E)

devopeha sumbanait[eN]		literate (lit. knows writing) (E)
devopoi		education (E)
Devopoiyan Dawn	<i>n.</i>	Laramie (lit. books' town) (E)
devú'iH	<i>iv.</i>	wake up (<i>sing.</i> and <i>dl. subj.</i>) (S, T) [derevuiH, <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) revú'is , woke up (S 26.5)
devuhwai'i	<i>n.</i>	binoculars (E)
dêvui'		alive (E)
devuiH	<i>tv.</i>	awaken (E)
devuikand[eN]		awake (E)
devúngke	<i>tv.</i>	wake up (S) uni dovúngku , woke him up (S 26.4)
dewan		? dewan se[a]ngke , to farm (E) dewan se[a]ngke taivo , farmer (E)
dewanyoyap[e]		guilty (E)
dêwape	<i>n.</i>	word (T)
dewasivêh	<i>n.</i>	plane (T)
dêwêgire[N]		narrow, close (T)
dewêr[eN]		alarm (E)
dêwi		var. of deviha, half/middle
deyai	<i>iv.</i>	die (S); <i>var.</i> deyê [gogoiH, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; goi", <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) deyaixw , died (S; 57.5) deyai nuár , while dying (S; 150.2) u deyêhwaka , when he died (S; 57.6)
deyai toip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	atrophy (E)
deyê	<i>iv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of deyai, die (<i>sing. subj.</i>) ne hivijo reyênuhi , I might die as an old woman (SG)
deyohu	<i>tv.</i>	send (S) reyohúdn<u>u</u> , sent (S 187.2)
deyotê	<i>tv.</i>	plow, till (T); <i>cf.</i> deyotaH, plow (C)

		suren deyotêgwape , he has gone to plow (the field) (T12)
dezai	<i>v.</i>	vote (E)
dezai ravê	<i>n.</i>	election day (E)
dezaingke	<i>tv.</i>	elect (E)
dezaiwap[i]	<i>n.</i>	council member (E)
dezakena	<i>tv.</i>	sew (T)
dezamena		container (E)
dezapuingke		educate (E)
dezapuingkewap[i]	<i>n.</i>	educator, teacher (E)
dezateveki	<i>n.</i>	auger (E)
deze'	<i>tv.</i>	count (S, T) [deretse/dereze, rdp.] nafêga u reze' , divide/apportion (T) rezé- , counted (S; 73.3) deretse huup[i] , counting sticks (Sh)
dêziripa	<i>n.</i>	key (Hi); cf. dezituwa
dezitewa		key (E);; cf. dêziripa
dezowên wetowa	<i>n.</i>	hat band (E)
dezowên[a]	<i>n.</i>	hat (E); var. detsoiH; syn. ditsomo
dia	<i>n.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of dei, partner/friend; cf. de'i (de'a), friend (M) gêjá, dame neshungken sik dame[n] dia da gutíx , not good, we feel that our friend is somehow shot (SG)
dia	<i>co mb.</i>	dreadful (SM)
dia nekare	<i>n.</i>	horseback dance: "women in two lines, cross, hop forward"; danced when warriors came back (Sh); <i>var.</i> dangkangka
dia nuki		run away (frightened) (T)
dia suwa	<i>tv.</i>	fear (SG) sure we u riasuas u naru'engken , "dêa=nets iwant muvishich aakur ure[:] muraxw," us sukur u naru'engken u riasuas, now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them out to a distant place," that is what he

		was telling/relating (SG)
Diagwoi	<i>n.</i>	a peak in the mountains in the Fort Bridger country (Sh)
diakand[eN]		dreadful (E); cf. dan dian
diant[eN]	<i>adj</i>	frightened (Geb) ma riant , frightened [of it] (Geb)
dichand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	ugly (Rob)
diche nesengka		bereaved (E)
diche suwa	<i>iv.</i>	be gloomy (E)
Dichem Paa Gwana	<i>n.</i>	Stinking Water (wintering place for Washakie's band; <i>lit.</i> stinking water; north of Owl Creek) (Sh)
dicheN		bad; var. dichi Dichem Paa Gwana , stinking water (Sh) diche suwa , be gloomy (E)
dichi	<i>adj</i>	bad (Sh); var. diche
dichi narein[a]		gossip (<i>lit.</i> bad telling) (E; naru-)
dichi wasepeH	<i>n.</i>	blue jay (<i>Cyanocepalus</i> ; <i>lit.</i> bad game) (SGE); syn. (?) wongko zaiviN
dichin[V]		ill will (E)
Dichipaa	<i>n.</i>	Great Salt Lake (<i>lit.</i> bad water) (Sh)
Dichipaa Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Shoshone River (<i>lit.</i> bad water river) (Sh)
dichopo	<i>n.</i>	bad dream (Rob)
dichu danyugwin		corruption (E)
dichu'yu	<i>tv.</i>	corrupt (E)
diê	<i>co mb.</i>	<i>var.</i> of dirê, small
Diê Goi	<i>n.</i>	King's Peaks (?) (<i>lit.</i> small peak) (SGE)
Diê Mea	<i>n.</i>	November (starts year; <i>lit.</i> small month) (Sh)
Diê Mumbich Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	South Fork of Owl Creek (<i>lit.</i> little owl creek) (Sh)
Diê Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Little Wind River (<i>lit.</i> little river) (Sh)
Diê Yeva Mea	<i>n.</i>	October (<i>lit.</i> little autumn month) (Sh); <i>syn.</i> Sogoriya Mea
dies	<i>ptc</i>	<i>var.</i> of deaseN, and/also

	.	
diga		? (Sh) Diga Ondimp , Stingy Ear band (Sh; <i>cf.</i> ondembe, stingy)
digoposinka	<i>n.</i>	baking powder (Hi)
digwop	<i>n.</i>	field, fence (Rob); <i>cf.</i> de kowape, fence (T)
dihimb[eH]	<i>n.</i>	sweetheart (Hi), boyfriend (E), girl friend (E)
dihyu	<i>tv.</i>	send (T)
diji	<i>adj</i>	<i>var.</i> of ditsi, bad
diji nareind[eN]		hint (E; naru-)
dima	<i>tv.</i>	trade (Rob, Mor) ma rima , trade it (Rob)
dimatsoni		file (Rob; Geb <te-mah-tson-e>)
dimunani	<i>n.</i>	guide (Rob)
dindoi		climb up (Hi)
Dindoihap	<i>n.</i>	a person's name (S8)
dinime	<i>tv.</i>	authorize (E) un dinimep , authorize it (E)
dinzo'o	<i>n.</i>	bones used in handgame (Hi); <i>cf.</i> dênzon, sticks used in handgame
dipuga	<i>v.</i>	fall (Rob)
dirê	<i>co mb.</i>	small (S); <i>var.</i> diê dirêdetsi , small (S 185.6) diêhyúnihi , it will be small (S 187.8)
direp ohapi	<i>n.</i>	yellow sweet clover (<i>Melilotus officinalis</i>) (SGE)
diroshuwaid		try to hit (Sh)
dis	<i>adj</i>	<i>var.</i> of dese, bad
disomwqa	<i>n.</i>	plate (Hi)
disuánsV		mind (S) disuáns , make up your mind (S 161.1)

ditand[en]	<i>adj</i>	lonely (Hi)
ditsaya	<i>n.</i>	fork (Rob, Geb); <i>cf.</i> dejiyaa, <i>n.</i> fork (M)
ditse	<i>adj</i>	bad] (T)
ditse navuinde[N]	<i>adj</i>	ugly (T)
ditsi	<i>adj</i>	bad (S); <i>var.</i> diji (S), detse (S), dizi (T), dichi (Sh) ditsi gwana , stunk (S 182.2) diji gwanár , stinks (S 184.6)
ditsok	<i>n.</i>	leather parfleches (Sh, Geb <tit-sock>); <i>var.</i> tijok (Sh), dezok (Sh)
ditsok nameH	<i>n.</i>	shoes with soles (Geb) [also 'sole?']
ditsomo	<i>n.</i>	hat (Geb, Rob); <i>var.</i> detsoiH, dezowên[a] ne titsomo tsukuvitsi , my hat is old (Geb)
divi	<i>co mb.</i>	very (T) divi riyepe , very dead (T) divi ruhuvite , very black (T) divi runande , very straight (T) divi ruuganixwa , very dark (T) divi têretsih , very small (T) diviz ande , very good (T) divi zangku puika , see clearly (T14)
divi jaaN		best (E)
divi shoonde[N]	<i>n.</i>	hordes (<i>lit.</i> very many) (T)
divigand[en]		very good (Hi)
divihand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	middle, center (Hi)
divijê vehait[eN]		ambitious (E)
diviji geta suwa		determined (<i>lit.</i> want/think very hard) (E)
diviji motoxa	<i>n.</i>	hummingbird (<i>Selasphorus platycercus</i>) (SM); <i>var.</i> diviji motoinj[V] (E)
diviji nai[fi]	<i>n.</i>	gorgeous woman (E)
diviji nariand{eN]	<i>ajd</i>	brutal (<i>lit.</i> extremely bad) (E)
diviji shoond[eN]		excess (E)

diviji taga	<i>n.</i>	close friend, close acquaintance (Sh) un divij taga, her/his close friend
diviji tégwa	<i>v.</i>	telling the truth (Geb)
diviji tí[a]	<i>n.</i>	close friend (woman friend of another woman) (Sh) ún diviji di , her close friend (Sh)
diviji''	<i>ptc</i>	1. surely, certainly (S, E), very (S 178.5), certain (Geb, E) 2. own [with possession?] (S 178.1, 178.3) 3. very much (SM), more than (S) 4. truthful (Geb) diviji kevera , taller (S 68.1) eng ka divitsi dégwan , you don't tell the truth (Geb) divitsi tégwan , telling the truth
divijit[eN]	<i>adj</i>	genuine (E)
divis	<i>ptc</i>	very (T) divis engkavite , very red (T)
divishe		true (T); <i>var.</i> divishi (T), diviji (Sh) un diviji daga , his true friend (Sh) un diviji de'[e] , her true friend (Sh)
divishi vêtsuk[u]	<i>adv</i>	earlier this morning (T)
divishite[N]	<i>adj</i>	important (affair) (T)
diwijit		right hand (Sh)
diya	<i>co mb.</i>	male (from /denya-/) (T) diya gwitsuN , bull (T)
diya		<i>var.</i> of deeya, fear (T)
diya gwitsuN	<i>n.</i>	bull (<i>lit.</i> male cow) (T)
diya waipeH	<i>n.</i>	angle (E)
diyêH	<i>iv.</i>	die (SM, T) [gogoiH, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; goi", <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) diyêhimia , dying (E)
diyêhimia		deadly, fatal (E)
diyêp havuir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	coroner (E)

diyêpeh	<i>adj</i>	dead (T); corpse (Sh) divi riyepe , very dead (T)
diyugwind[eN]		behavior (E)
dizi	<i>adj</i>	<i>var.</i> of ditsi, bad
dizipeH	<i>n.</i>	demon, evil spirit (T)
Dizowê NekapeH	<i>n.</i>	War Bonnet Dance (Hi)
do degihwa	<i>iv.</i>	leave (S) do degihwats , [after] she left (S 87.1)
do tekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	biscuit (E); <i>var.</i> of dosa tekapeH
do'êH, do'êN	<i>iv.</i>	1. come out, go out, get out, climb out, emerge (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (S); climb (E) 2. advance (SM); <i>var.</i> do'iH, do'iN [final feature is either H or N] [doro'êH, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; geya", <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) watsewi mando'êxendeN , 14 (Sh; -H) davên do'êhangkw , early/still dark (T; -N) do'igyíts , came out (S; 58.2; glottal supplied) u ro'is , went through it (S 94.5; glottal supplied) em bungku van do'i , you go on your own horse (E) do'imbidígwa , he got on (S 156.8) ma van do'i , get on X (E)
do'êhangkw	<i>iv.</i>	in: davên do'êhangkw , early/still dark (T)
do'êne	<i>iv.</i>	in: davê ro'êne , sunrise (T)
do'i temp	<i>n.</i>	rock from which pipes are made (Sh)
do'iH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of do'êH, emerge/get on
do'iH	<i>n.</i>	rock-bowled pipe (Sh); <i>cf.</i> do'iH, pipe (M)
do'ihêngkenwap	<i>n.</i>	shaman's assistant, pipe-smoking helper (Sh)
do'ika	<i>tv.</i>	get on, mount; <i>cf.</i> do'ika, mount deheya ro'ikan , mount a horse (Mor <te-ya-a-ra-i-can>) de[he]ya'a ro'ikan , mount a horse (Rob <te ya a ro i can>)
do'ikwa	<i>iv.</i>	go out, be out (T)
do'iwa'i	<i>adv</i>	outside (S 138.1)

do'iwichimo	<i>n.</i>	a long straight pipe painted with different animals; used in the older Eastern Shoshone Sun Dance, but buried with Ohamagwaya (S dis)
do'ixu	<i>iv.</i>	go out (T) semwesen doixu , suddenly [go] out (T)
do'ixwa	<i>iv.</i>	come out (SM) dam ma wagant do'ixande'i , we will go out towards her (SM)
doa mambi		chemis (Rob) [meaning ??; given in a list of animals names]
dogagant[eN]		? (Sh; given in notes about handgame and the word 'half')
dogo	<i>n.</i>	1. grandfather (maternal) (T) 2. father-in-law (husband) (T, Sh) uren dogo , [her father] father-in-law (husband) (T)
dogoa (-i)	<i>n.</i>	rattlesnake (S, SM); snake (T)
dogoa pohagand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	medicine man with snake power (Hul)
Dogoa reka	<i>n.</i>	1. Snake Eater (S) 2. vulture (<i>lit.</i> eats rattlesnake) (SM)
dogoa vêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	lamprey (<i>lit.</i> rattlesnake fish) (SGE); "ling fish, not eaten in the old days, afraid of them" (Sh)
dogot[eN]		jab (E)
dogudíxu	<i>tv.</i>	touch (S) u dogudíxu , touched it (S 24.7)
dogwai	<i>tv.</i>	hit, strike (S); <i>var.</i> dogwê we togwê , kill by means of blows (S) da dogwai , smash (<i>cf.</i> dogwedexu)
dogwatsi	<i>n.</i>	assistant chief (Sh)
dogwê	<i>tv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of dogwai, hit/strike
dogwê nazakarengke	<i>tv.</i>	adjust (E)
dogwê nangkar[eN]		right side (E); <i>cf.</i> ohai nangkareN, left side
dogwê shuwangke		devote (E)

		diviji rogwê shuwangkant, devoted (E)
dogwê suwangkend[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	believe (T); E has: dogwê sho'agen
dogwê tatsa	<i>n.</i>	midsummer (Rob)
dogwê tavê'		high noon (T); <i>var.</i> dogwa tavê, midday (Sh); noon (Rob, Mor)
dogwê tavi	<i>n.</i>	afternoon (E)
dogwê tomoH	<i>n.</i>	midwinter
dogwê tugani		midnight (T); Sh has: dogwê tugant
dogwê''	<i>adv</i>	1. middle of (S) 2. right, correct, true, proper (T) 3. enough (SG, E) 4. perfect (E); <i>var.</i> togwa (Sh) un dogwê ban devinyándus , [real] island in the middle of the river (S 41.4) dogwê tatsa , middle of the summer (S 189.3) dogwê tavê' , high noon (T) dogwê tuugani , midnight (T) dogwê suwangendeN , believe (T) gê rogwêndeN , sin (<i>lit.</i> not proper) (T) gê re nangka rogwê suwangka , stubborn, skeptical (<i>lit.</i> not consider correct what is heard) (T3) dogwê noovegant , one who carries all he can (SG) gê dogwênt , imperfect (E)
dogwedexu	<i>tv.</i>	strike, hit (S); <i>cf.</i> dotexwa, hit (T) dogwedexunína , struck (S 24.8)
dogwên[deN]		appropriate (E); approximate (E); adequate (E); fit (E); perfect (E); sincere (E)
dogwêngku	<i>adv</i>	adequately, approximately
dogwêngku rekaxwai	<i>v.</i>	have eaten enough (E)
dogwêngku sunangka sumbanar[eN]		apparent (E)
dogwênt[eN]	<i>n.</i>	1. amount (E); ample (E) 2. correct (E)
Dogwitaza Mea	<i>n.</i>	July (<i>lit.</i> between summer mlonth) (Sh)
dohóvê		hindquarters (S 70.2); thigh (T; dohofê); <i>cf.</i> dohoviN, thigh (M)
dohu	<i>n.</i>	hind quarters (meat) (Sh)
dohu'uwa	<i>n.</i>	fore quarters (meat) (Sh)
doihe	<i>n.</i> ,	1. pipe (T) 2. to smoke (T)

	<i>tv.</i>	bahi un doihe , [smoke tobacco] (T)
doingke	<i>tv.</i>	exclude (E) ma roink , exclude X (E)
doixwaihe		left over, surplus (T)
doiya	<i>tv.</i>	carry (S); , carry, carry in arms, carry away (E); <i>cf.</i> doiyax, <i>tv.</i> carry in arms (M) u roiya , carried him (S) u roiyas , got hold of him (S 146.7) doiyanis , took (S 70.7) bitus u doiya , carry it gently (E)
doiyagine		hold on (T)
doiyawinya	<i>tv.</i>	carry on (E)
doiyax	<i>tv.</i>	carry in one's arms, hold in both arms (T)
dojichigi	<i>tv.</i>	cuddle (E)
doka		remove (?) (SG)
dokewa		in: de rokewan, hem (E)
doki		just right, plenty (Sh)
domboni	<i>n.</i>	circle (T)
domboni mumbich	<i>n.</i>	barn owl (E)
domboni wêxi gooni	<i>iv.</i>	turn, circle (<i>lit.</i> turn into the circle) (T)
dombonite[N] (domboniti)	<i>n</i> , <i>adj.</i>	1. <i>n.</i> circle (T, E) 2. <i>adj.</i> round (T), circular (E)
domo[H]	<i>n.</i> , <i>iv.</i>	1. <i>n.</i> winter (T); <i>adv.</i> in the winter (SG); <i>iv.</i> be winter (SM) 2. <i>n.</i> year (Rob, Mor) manigin domo , five years (Rob)
domowitogwa	<i>n.</i>	mole (Rob)
domwa	<i>tv.</i>	prick (SG <dona>); stuck (S 176.6, 178.6; <dona>); T has also: doomwa- suvê veng geno suk beng geno sum we sonipa u ron , then the grandson pricks his own grandfather with (a blade of) grass (SG)
domwagaxu	<i>tv.</i>	jab down (T)
domwakwa	<i>iv.</i>	be pierced (T)

domwaxu	<i>tv.</i>	hit, pierce (T)
dona	<i>tv.</i>	stick, pierce, stab (S); C and M have: donya"
donambi	<i>n.</i>	chokecherries (T); SGE has: doonamp, chokecherry; used for bows and quivers
donamp huup[i]	<i>n.</i>	chokecherry wood (E)
donamp shev[i]	<i>n.</i>	chokecherry bush (E)
donapi	<i>n.</i>	greasewood, used for arrowheads ((Rob); SGE; original in SGE has long initial vowel); <i>cf.</i> donyaviN, greasewood (C))
dongkisape	<i>n.</i>	chokecherry leaf (T); SGE has: dongkisap, chokecherry
donovi	<i>n.</i>	rabbit bush, shortspine horsebrush; used for arrow points (<i>Tetradymia spinosa</i>) (SGE); greasewood (Rob, E)
donziapeH	<i>n.</i>	[flower]; <i>cf.</i> donjiaH, flower (C) êngka tonziape , <i>Actinella simplex</i> (lit. red-flower) (SGE)
doogoti	<i>n.</i>	striker (Sh)
doomwo gutugwa	<i>n.</i>	thunderbolt (lit. doomwo, cloud + gutu-, having to do with fire + -gwa) (Rob < domo gwd dw gwa>)
doomwo yagaire[N]	<i>n.</i>	thunder (T, Geb too-yah-ka>)
doomwo yagaireki	<i>iv.</i>	thunder (T) doomiyagairekiro'i , will thunder (T)
doomwo yagait	<i>n.</i>	form of the Thunderbird similar to a hummingbird (lit. tunder crying) (Hul)
doomwombe	<i>n.</i>	cloud (T)
doomwopat	<i>n.</i>	person struck by lightning (Sh)
doomwowat[e]		clear, cloudless (E)
doomwoxe	<i>iv.</i>	be cloudy (T)
doonduwat[e]	<i>n.</i>	gelding (Sh)
dopa	<i>tv.</i>	dig [out of] (S) dopáuhwats , dug it (S; 79.5) dopáiyu , must dig/dig up (S; 80.7, 78.7) ben dopáhwaixat[s] , after she dug it out of (S; 79.6); 78.3)

dopara	<i>n.</i>	dance apron (E)
dopika'		in: de ropika', clapping sound (E)
dopo	<i>n.</i>	shield (Sh; Geb <to-po>; Sh also has: gapêk)
dora	<i>tv.</i>	find (S, SM); <i>cf.</i> da'oraH, find (C)
doraki	<i>tv.</i>	go look for (E)
dorakir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	detective (E)
doróix	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of do'êH, emerge doróix , be out [<i>dl. subj.</i>] (S; 56.7)
dosa	<i>co mb.</i>	white (T); <i>var.</i> dotsa (Sh) [final feature is " or other] dosa pambe , gray hair (T) dosa ziina , white potato (T) Wohon Dotsan Doyap , Medicine Bow Mountains (<i>lit.</i> rival-white mountain range) (Sh)
dosa aweguts[i]	<i>n.</i>	tin pan (<i>lit.</i> white little-cup) (Geb <too-shaw au-goots>)
dosa bambi	<i>n.</i>	white hair (Hi)
dosa êkuvi	<i>n.</i>	miner's candle (<i>lit.</i> white tongue plant; <i>Oreocarya virgata</i>) (SGE)
Dosa gahni	<i>n.</i>	Salt Cliffs near Duku Garer (<i>lit.</i> white house)
Dosa Gamu	<i>n.</i>	Big Dipper (<i>lit.</i> white jackrabbit) (Sh); <i>var.</i> Dosa Gamunee, White Jackrabbits (Hul)
dosa kamu	<i>n.</i>	jack rabbit (T)
dosa kopagant[eN]	<i>n.</i>	blaze face (horse) (<i>lit.</i> white face-haver) (Geb <too-shaw-co-bah-gan>)
dosa navagaN	<i>n.</i>	pewter (<i>lit.</i> white bullet) (Geb)
dosa onafe	<i>n.</i>	salt [store bought] (<i>lit.</i> white salt) (Rob)
dosa pambe	<i>n.</i>	gray hair (T)
dosa patê		flash (<i>lit.</i> white flash) (E)
dosa te goihsoi		bleach (E)
dosa tekapeH	<i>n.</i>	bread (<i>lit.</i> white-food) (T); bread, flour (Rob); <i>var.</i> do tekap (Hi, E)
dosa temp	<i>n.</i>	a white rock for skinning (Sh)
dosa wanap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	canvas (<i>lit.</i> white cloth) (E)
dosa war	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp. (seeds ground and eaten; <i>lit.</i>

		white ?) (SGE); "seed from the ground, a white and black variety" (Sh)
dosa wera	<i>n.</i>	grizzly (<i>lit.</i> white bear) (Rob. Mor)
dosa woga	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp. (used for rope) (SGE)
dosa yahêd	<i>n.</i>	wild strawberry (<i>Fragaria</i>) (SGE)
dosa ziina	<i>n.</i>	white potato (T; <ziina>)
dosaroi		become white (E)
dosaroip[eH]		faded, pale (T, E)
dosaroipe[H]	<i>adj</i>	pale, faded (T)
dosarosavite[N]	<i>adj</i>	very white (T)
dosavit mumbich	<i>n.</i>	white owl (SM)
dosavit pambigand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	grey-headed (Rob)
dosavit tênzon	<i>n.</i>	umarked bone (in handgame; <i>lit.</i> white marker) (Sh)
dosavite[N]	<i>adj</i>	white (T) [dosarosavite, <i>rdp.</i>] (T) dosarosavite , very white (T)
dositingkishap	<i>n.</i>	harebell (<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>) (SGE); E has: nosatigisap
dosusaiki		feint (E)
dota	<i>iv.</i>	var. of duta, iv. bleed
dotembuka		patch (T)
dotemwa	<i>tv.</i>	plug up (T)
doteviki		in: de doteviki, crow bar (E)
dotexwa	<i>tv.</i>	hit (T)
doto		knock [final feature may be N]
dotoihwa		flood, stream baa rotoihwa, flood (E) ogwêr baa rotoihwa , flash flood (E)
dotondogi	<i>tv.</i>	knock on, peck (C; dotandagi)
dotoro'		knock (E)
dotsa''	<i>co</i>	dirty; var. dutsa'' (E)

	<i>mb.</i>	
dotsakair[eN]		dirty (E)
dotsakante[N]	<i>adj</i>	dirty (T)
dotsanangke	<i>tv.</i>	hang up (S 20.9)
dotsido	<i>v.</i>	peeling or scraping (Sh)
Dotsido Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Yellowstone River (<i>lit.</i> peeling or scraping river) (Sh)
dotsimwa	<i>tv.</i>	wipe (T)
dotsinani	<i>v.</i>	strike at (S 113.8, 115.5); <c> chk
dotsiniga	<i>n.</i>	special feather headdress of chief (S 18,9)
dotso		in: de totso, dip (E)
dovoi[H]	<i>iv.</i>	stand (S), <i>pl.</i> of wene, stand dovoin , [they] stood (S 69.9) rovois , [they]stand (S 69.3)
dovuind[eN]		in: gê rovuint, awful (E)
dowaN	<i>co mb.</i>	pass through, exude gê towangkant , blockade (E) bee towangkar , blood letting (E)
dowanixu	<i>tv.</i>	knock, hit (T)
dowê	<i>tv.</i>	to throw down (SG)
dowirira	<i>tv.</i>	pour out (Hi)
doya	<i>tv.</i>	untie (S, Mor), unwrap (S) u dzá doyês , untied it (S 86.1) u royahwats , unwrapped it (S 88.5) ma roya , untie it (Rob)
doya bishia	<i>n.</i>	mountain base (E)
Doya Dawn	<i>n.</i>	Jackson (<i>lit.</i> mountain town) (E)
doya engka parang[ki]	<i>n.</i>	cinquefoil (<i>lit.</i> mountain red berry); <i>Potentilla glandulosa</i> (SGE, E)
doya êngka parangki	<i>n.</i>	raspberry (<i>lit.</i> mountain red berry) (Hi)
doya kwichum bagaN	<i>n.</i>	gum plant (<i>lit.</i> mountain buffalo arrow; <i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>) (SGE); E has: doya ake (<i>lit.</i> mountain sunflower)
doya natewura	<i>n.</i>	a plant whose flower blooms mid-morning, but wilts in

		the evening (used for love medicine; stronger than davê muzupi) (Hul)
doya ohayahan	<i>n.</i>	balsam root (<i>Balzamorrisa</i>) (lit. mountain yellow woodchuck) (SGE); E has: doya okagan
doya ohayap	<i>n.</i>	blanket flower, common gaillardia (<i>Gaillardia aristata</i>) (SGE)
doya paak	<i>n.</i>	prairie sunflower (<i>Helianthus petiolaris</i>) (SGE); cf. akeN
doya pogo	<i>n.</i>	thistle (<i>lit.</i> mountain thistle; <i>Cirsium Parryi</i> ; eaten in summer) (SGE)
doya sehe	<i>n.</i>	mountain maple (<i>Acer glabrum</i> Torr.) (SGE)
doya sonipeH	<i>n.</i>	a grass with black seeds (<i>lit.</i> mountain grass) (SGE)
doya witamba	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful) (SGE); dog-tooth violet used as a painkiller in birth (<i>Erythronium parviflorum</i>) (SGE); plant growing in mountains with big flowers which were used by men to interest women in sex (Sh)
doya wogonapeH	<i>n.</i>	rock spirea (<i>Holodiscus dumosus</i>) (SGE)
doya zoon	<i>n.</i>	globemallow (<i>Sphaeralcea coccinea</i>) (SGE); syn. dushigup
doya'ánunaka	<i>tv.</i>	catch it (S; 19.5)
doya''	<i>co mb.</i>	mountain (SM); mountain(s) (S) doyaga , on [the] mountain (S 181.2)
doyaachu	<i>n.</i>	sand dock, used for stomach-ache (<i>Rumex venosus</i>) (SGE)
doyagarer	<i>n.</i>	mountain (<i>lit.</i> mountain sitting) (S 184.2)
doyahavi	<i>n.</i>	mountain (Rob) dzan doyahavi navuint , view of the mountain (lit. good mountain view) (Rob)
Doyahinee		1. mixed-bloods from Fort Bridger (?) (Sh) 2. Bannock (Sh) 3. Mountain Shoshones (Sh), Mountaineers (S 18,9) 4. a Shoshone leader (S dis); SGE give the form: Doya'hi
Doyaraivoh	<i>n.</i>	Mexican (<i>lit.</i> mountain-Whiteman) (T)
doyaratuwara	<i>n.</i>	1. an unidentified mountain plant with red, blue, and yellow flowers; leaves turn brown; source of visions (as a spirit); used to kill animals (place in tracks) or

		people (bury it with their hair); this plant, if overcome, would give power in battle and sorcery (S dis); a plant used in sorcery (Sh); SGE suggests that this plant is a primrose (<i>Primula parryi</i>) 2. a scornful woman (S8)
doyareva	<i>n.</i>	tapertip hawksbeard, a flowering plant (<i>Crepis acuminata</i>) (SGE); syn. daavip, yamba wuura
doyaruku	<i>n.</i>	mountain lion (<i>lit.</i> mountain-body) (SGE)
doyasha wêêkai	<i>n.</i>	prince's plume (<i>Stanleya pinnata</i>) (SGE)
doyavi	<i>n.</i>	mountain range (shortened form of /doyahavi/) (SM; T: doyafi)
Doyawiyap		Washakie Pass (<i>lit.</i> mountain pass) (Sh)
doyombe	<i>n.</i>	neck (S, T has: doihyo); <i>var.</i> doyoN; <i>syn.</i> gura un doyombe , his neck (S 155.4)
doyoN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	throat (S); <i>cf.</i> doyoN, neck (C)); <i>syn.</i> gura u royo , his throat (S 154.5)
doza	<i>n.</i>	bear root (E)
doza'e		corner (E)
dozom bora'		clenched fist (E)
du mwaseangkep[eH]	<i>n.</i>	crop (E)
Du'a	<i>n.</i>	Hidatsa (E)
du'a'' (du'ai)	<i>n.</i>	1. son, child (SM) 2. nephew (brother's son) (Sh) [duru'a, pl]
Du'aanee	<i>n.</i>	Hidatsa Indians (<i>lit.</i> black horn people) (Sh)
du'i	<i>co mb.</i>	[young] (SM) <du'i->
du'iape	<i>n.</i>	boy (SM) <du'iape> [pihianux, <i>dl.</i> ; pihiane[e], <i>pl.</i>] (SM) sur tu'iape be huupit yakw , that boy took his own stick (SG)
du'itsi	<i>n.</i>	child (Geb)
du'ivichi	<i>n.</i>	youth, [young man]; handsome (E) <i>var.</i> <du'iwichi> (SM); <i>var.</i> du'iwitsi (Sh)
Du'iwichan Dewener	<i>n.</i>	Split Rock (<i>lit.</i> youth's rock-standing) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Gwinya Tewener
Du'iwichan Dewener		Split Rock (<i>lit.</i> youth rock standing) (Sh)

duachuxwa''	<i>iv.</i>	be born (SM) duachuxwats , after having been born (SM)
duêdi	<i>n.</i>	child (S) [dedeêdi, pl.] (S)
dugi	<i>tv.</i>	extinguish (E); var. wetugi, dzituxi wêhandi tug, put out a fire (E)
dúgnu		indeed maybe (SM); <i>var.</i> nuun dugu
dugoiN	<i>tv.</i>	cut into ropes (S) ure[e] rugóinda , cut [them] into ropes (S; 81.8) chk
dugopop	<i>n.</i>	birth mark (E)
dugu kwasu	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep dress (Sh)
dugu[H]	<i>ptc</i>	did (S 184.6, 187.3, 189.1); the very one suren-dug, he indeed/the very one (SG)
dúgugúmê	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep (S 23.5)
dugúhmats		I see now (S 75.6)
dugumbaN (dugumbana)	<i>n.</i>	sky (S 182.8; Sh; T)
dugumbanait[eN]		alien (E)
dugumpai'yu	<i>v.</i>	skying, a poetic verb of present (Sh)
dugupa	<i>adv</i> <i>, n.</i>	1. adv. above (S 77.4), upward (S 92.2), to heaven (S 89.9), uphill (S 109.6), incline (E) 2. n. sky (Hi)
dugupita		lamp (E) yuhu dugupita, lantern (E)
dugupondoi mia		ascend (E)
dugupu wosa	<i>n.</i>	paint bag (S 74.7); <i>cf.</i> wosa, burden basket
dugupuN	<i>adv</i>	up in the air (S); overheard, up (T) dugupun dahwi , throw it up in the air (T)
dugupungku wêku	<i>iv.</i>	go up (T) [is the /dugupungku/, upwards + /wêku/, go in ?]
duguvina		it was (S); <i>cf.</i> duguviN, <i>n.</i> fine sand (M) urun duguvína , [it was] (S 163.7)

duhipe		dead fire (T)
duhu	<i>co mb.</i>	<i>var.</i> of du <i>comb.</i> , black
duhu	<i>n.</i>	counter (in handgame) (Sh)
duhu	<i>co mb.</i>	angry (T)
duhu suwa	<i>iv.</i> <i>tv.</i>	1. <i>iv.</i> be angry (T), be grumpy (E); 2. <i>tv.</i> fret, agitate, [upset] (E)
duhu vekand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	angry (Hi)
duhu vekandoi'	<i>iv.</i>	get angry (T)
duhuro'i		go out mad (E)
duhusogin		fret (E)
duhuvit pivit	<i>n.</i>	black horsefly (SGE)
duhuvite[N] (duhuviti)	<i>adj</i>	black (S; SM) divi ruhuvite , very black (T)
duhwaitse		run (T)
duiape	<i>n.</i>	older boy (Sh)
Duiga nêxandin	<i>n.</i>	Hell (Sh)
duij		own (S) Damen duij ape[a], gê da sumbanain. Our own father, we do not know (S).76
duiwichi	<i>n.</i>	youth [boy] (Sh); young man (S; <c>)
duja		infection (E) duja riyêp , died from an infection (E)
duka	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	under (S); bottom (E), deep (E) duka magupan , deep inside (E) duka marukav , deep underneath (E) deviji dukant , far below (E)
duka	<i>iv.</i>	break off (SG) uren duká'ahwaifuint , that which they kept on almost breaking (SG)
duka hono remp	<i>n.</i>	mouth of a canyon (lit. deep canyon mouth) (E)

dukai gwasu	<i>n.</i>	underclothes (Hi)
dukanangk		down below (E)
dukande[N]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.,</i> <i>adj.</i>	below (T), under (S); deep (T, E) u rukande , below X (T)
duku (-i)	<i>n.</i>	meat, flesh (S; T); mountain sheep (SGE); [body: in 'mountain lion; this sense is old in Uto-Aztecán, related to the duku in dukuvits, bobcat]; <i>cf.</i> muza, muzambia [dúgugúmê , mountain sheep (S 23.5) seems to be pl. or distr.] dukui wekeraxu , chop meat (T) on dukui , [her/his meat] (<i>obj.</i>) (S 67.1, 67.5) doya ruku , mountain lion (SGE)
Duku Gare Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Big Sandy Creek (<i>lit.</i> meat sitting creek) (Sh); <i>syn.</i> Bengkana Ogwê
Duku Garer	<i>n.</i>	Wind River Peak (<i>lit.</i> mountain sheep seat) (SGE); Mount Nystrom (Sh)
duku yurawendeN		flabby (<i>lit.</i> body flabby) (E)
Dukugare Ogwêvi	<i>n.</i>	Little Sandy Creek (<i>lit.</i> mountain sheep seat riverbed) (Sh)
Dukureka	<i>n.</i>	Sheepeater Indian (SGE Geb); <i>syn.</i> Doya'hi
dukutsu	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep (Geb)
dukuvits	<i>n.</i>	[bobcat]; <i>cf.</i> dukuvijeH, bobcat (C) sehe tukuvits , bobcat (T)
dumbahaixu	<i>iv.</i>	fall through (T) dainden dumbahaixu , fall through a hole (T13)
dumboha	<i>tv.</i>	fastern dzi tumboha, clip (E)
dumwun yagai		flute (E)
duna	<i>v.</i>	strive (SM)
duna wene	<i>iv.</i>	stand straight (T)
dunaiji	<i>iv.</i>	run (S); <i>var.</i> dunê dunaijis , ran (S 62.2)

dunand[eN]		directly (E)
dunande[N]	<i>adj</i>	straight (T, Mor) [duna-, <i>comb.</i>] divi runande , very straight (T) duna wene , stand straight (T)
Dunangkare	<i>n.</i>	peak on the west side of the Bridger Mountains (<i>lit.</i> butte standing straight) (SGE)
dunas	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	through (SG); <i>var.</i> du (S) ne ganhi tunas do'êxw , I went through my house (SG) u runas , infiltrate (E)
dunasengkumaixu	<i>tv.</i>	go past (T) u runasengkumaixu , go past it (T)
dunawohint	<i>adj</i>	dark black (Sh)
dunê	<i>iv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of dunaiji, run
dunipitsi	<i>n.</i>	little boy (Geb <too-nip-it-se>)
dupai		dark (Sh) dupai powê , dark back (Sh)
dupai		hornet (E)
dupasawe	<i>n.</i>	otter (<i>Lutra canadenses</i>) (SGE)
dupi	<i>n.</i>	flint (rock) (S 95.4) [dupîha, <i>obj.</i>] (S 149.3) dupimantu , against [a] flint rock (S 94.3)
dupishi		clutter, junk (E)
dupo		in: we tupo, roll it up (E)
Durawêgi Ravê	<i>n.</i>	Thursday (Hi, E)
duro		black paint (a black sticky paint was obtained at Duro Ogwê (Sh)
durua	<i>n.</i>	young one (S) duruánii , young ones [<i>obj.</i>] (S 32.5) durúava'i , had young ones (S 28.2) ben duruáni , his young ones (S 118.8)
durugati	<i>n.</i>	spear (Sh)

dushê		in: we tushê, brush (E)
dushi	<i>iv.</i>	spit (T)
dushigup	<i>n.</i>	globemallow (<i>Sphaeralcea coccinea</i>) (SGE); syn. doya zoonā
dusipeH	<i>n.</i>	saliva (C)); syn. hizipeH, sookapeH
dusuyu	<i>tv.</i>	boggle, overwhelm (E) ma rusuyu, boggle X (E)
duta	<i>iv.</i>	bleed (Rob); var. dota (E) movin dutan , nose bleed (Rob)
dutsa		to place upon (SG)
dutsiwambi	<i>n.</i>	Arctic or Parry harebell (<i>Campanula toundifolia</i> L.) (SGE); syn. deka okagan
duu aningkwtsiH	<i>n.</i>	black ant (E)
Duu Daivo	<i>n.</i>	Black person (<i>lit.</i> black whiteman) (Hul)
duu êshi		iron grey (horse color; <i>lit.</i> black-gray) (S 140.3)
duu kandi	<i>n.</i>	chocolate (<i>lit.</i> black candy) (E)
duu kwasu	<i>n.</i>	soldier (<i>lit.</i> black shirt) (T) duu kwasunee , army (E)
duu kwasu gahni	<i>n.</i>	fort (<i>lit.</i> black shirt house) (Mor)
Duu Muzi Wener	<i>n.</i>	Grand Teton (<i>lit.</i> black point standing) (E)
duu nambe	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful): mountain mahogany used for clubs (<i>Cercocarpus ledifolius</i>) (SGE); cf. donyambiN, mountain mahogany (M)
duu nêtawat tênzon	<i>n.</i>	marked bone (in handgame) (Sh)
Duu Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Ham's Fork, Black's Fork (<i>lit.</i> black paint creek) (SGE); Geb has: <Too-roug em-paw> = [Durogem Paa]
duu onafi	<i>n.</i>	pepper (black) ((Rob), T)
duu paariha	<i>n.</i>	moose (<i>lit.</i> dark elk) (T)
duu paganap[e]	<i>n.</i>	black magic (<i>lit.</i> black arrow) (Hul)
duu pambi	<i>n.</i>	black hair (Hi)
duu pazoki	<i>n.</i>	blackbird (<i>lit.</i> black dripping) (Hi); E has: duu paganzuk[i]
duu pishep[eH]		ganrene (<i>lit.</i> black rotting) (E)
duu po'i	<i>n.</i>	paved road, highway, [black top] (T)

duu pair[eN]		black eye, blue eye, shiner (Hi)
duu sehép	<i>n.</i>	willow sp. without berries used for firewood (<i>lit.</i> black willow) (SGE)
Duu Taivo	<i>n.</i>	Black (<i>lit.</i> black whiteman) (Mor)
duu teheyaN	<i>n.</i>	mule deer (<i>Odocoileus hemionus</i> ; <i>lit.</i> black deer) (SGE)
duu temboka	<i>n.</i>	button (<i>lit.</i> black fastener) (Geb <too-tum-book>
duu tomwombe	<i>n.</i>	rain cloud (<i>lit.</i> black cloud) (T)
duu vuiki	<i>n.</i>	bad look, evil eye (Hul); sorcery, sorcerer (Hul)
duu waaniH	<i>n.</i>	black fox (Rob)
Duu Wener		Grand Teton (can't be used unless snow has fallen; Hul: cannot be used if in sight of it); <i>cf.</i> Bavi, Dembita Wene
duu''	<i>co mb.</i>	black (SG; T); <i>var.</i> duhu [may have geminate final feature] ure mimiak we' duuwu['i]naex , as they are going along they see a black spot (SG)
duuga	<i>iv.</i>	be dark (SG)
duugani	<i>n., adv.</i>	night (S; SM), at night (S; T) da ruugani miagwa , coming night (S 142.6) duuganish , it got dark (S; 92.1) duuganin , it is night (SG) duuganidaga , just at night (SG)
duugani tekaru'i	<i>n.</i>	dinner (<i>lit.</i> night meal) (Rob)
duugani'ixu	<i>iv.</i>	be night (Sh)
duuganikand[eN]		dark (E)
duuganipe	<i>n.</i>	night, darkness (T, Hi); dark (E)
duuganiviyare		darkening (T)
duuganixande[N]	<i>adj</i>	pitch black (T)
duuganixwa		dark (T) divi ruuganixwa , very dark (T)
duunamp		tree with very hard wood, gathered (Sh)
duunhêgwep	<i>n.</i>	medicinemans assistant (Sh)
Duunkunt	<i>n.</i>	Rope, a band chief (S8)

duupareheyaN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	moose (<i>lit.</i> black elk) (S 178.5)
duupohi tonziap	<i>n.</i>	larkspur (<i>Delphinium scapulorum</i>) (<i>lit.</i> dark flower) (SGE)
duuposonawiyareN		darkening (T)
duutoi'	<i>tv.</i>	blacken (E)
duviji		[lizard] bia vaan duviji, crocodile (E)
duwainyoakant		contagious (E)
duwan sonêt[eN]		hinder (E)
duwan voyap[eH]		arrange (E)
duwandega	<i>tv.</i>	accomplish (E)
duwin yagaingke		flute (E; <-yahn-gy-guh>)
duya sonip	<i>n.</i>	a kind of grass with black seeds (Sh)
duzakeni	<i>n.</i>	work (T) dzon duzakenipe , bead work (T)
dza	<i>ptc</i>	[good, well; may indicate intention, or effectiveness]: 1. well, good, thoroughly, indeed (SM); do thoroughly (SG) 2. causing to (SM) 3. be advantageous to (SM) 4. want to , let [may have final feature "] dza gwêyawî , will take out (S 58.5, 57.8) ne dza e ma baavi miar , I will go with you Older Brother (SG) u za táwan , tied it fast (SM) ne za hanivita temwero'i , I am going to buy corn (T7) ne za nukindo'i , I want to go (T7) suka za gê ve ma nangkasuwangku , while he indeed didn't want to listen to her (T)
dza 'u'u		out (?) (S 165.3)
dza daga	<i>n.</i>	best friend (E)
dza gwindzumwaxu	<i>tv.</i>	wring, twist (T)
dza hina hanir[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be competent (<i>lit.</i> does things well) (E)
dza hora"	<i>tv.</i>	dig (E); cf. hora", dig
dza ma varukand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	expert (<i>lit.</i> knows it well) (E)
dza na sumekant		confident (E)

dza na utur[eN]		generous (lit. giving well)
dza nagand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	rich, wealthy (Hi)
dza navishê	<i>adv</i>	after a good while (S)
dza navuindeN	<i>adj</i>	beautiful (<i>lit.</i> good-looking) (T, Rob, E); clear (E); SG has: dzaanawu'i; E has: dza navui' Gwinya Dzaanawu'ini , Bird Good-Looking (SG)
dza navuinigi		dazzling (Rob)
dza nawai guhaind[eN]		get along (E)
dza nesungka	<i>tv.</i>	comfort (E); enjoy (E); happy, happiness (E) dza u nesungka , enjoy it (E)
dza nêv		beautify one's self (female) (E)
dza pêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	trout (<i>lit.</i> good fish) ((Rob), SGE)
dza peti	<i>tv.</i>	flip it (E); cf. mapeti
dza pishura	<i>tv.</i>	drag, drag [from] behind (E) da wú p[i]shurap[eH] , something dragged by rope (Sh) hoopita zapishur , drag timber (E)
dza re nesengkar[eN]		friendly (lit. feel well toward others) (E)
Dza Shoshonee	<i>n.</i>	part of Eastern Shoshone that came from the Comanches around 1800, "about 5 or 6 families, they had horses with them" (<i>lit.</i> good/real Shoshones) (Sh)
Dza Sogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	Heaven (lit. the good land) (E); synl Mugwa Nakan
Dza SogopeH	<i>n.</i>	Bear River Divide and land west to the Great Salt Lake (<i>lit.</i> good land) (SGE, E)
dza suwa	<i>iv.</i>	be elated, glad (E)
dza suwagêt[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	like (Hi)
dza suwande		happy (T)
dza tekap[eH]		delicacy (E)
dza u sume'	<i>tv.</i>	be fond of X (E)
dza u sumexa	<i>tv.</i>	accept, be not jealous of (T); appreciate (E) gê za u sumexa , jealous (T)

dza u suwangkande[N]	<i>tv.</i>	not jealous, [accepting] (<i>lit.</i> regard it well) (T); love, pity (T)
dza vuishungka	<i>tv.</i>	admire (E) dza u vuishungka, admired X (E)
dza wa nesungka	<i>tv.</i>	anticipate (E) dza u wa nasungka , anticipate X (E)
dza'a	<i>v.</i>	want to, let (S 44.7, 50.2, 60.4, 140.1, 140.2?); <i>cf.</i> dza
dza'a	<i>ptc</i>	specifier (S) [dze'i, obj.] hevijó tsa'a , old woman (S 151.2) hevijó tse'i , old woman (obj.) (S 147.6)
dza'niga	<i>tv.</i>	slip on (Rob); <i>cf.</i> dza'niga, <i>tv.</i> slip on (C) dembaiza'niga , bridle (Rob)
dzaaN	<i>adj</i>	good (S, SG); <i>var.</i> dzaN [dzaandi, obj.] dzaandi bihigant , having a good heart (S 186.2) bihianux dzaandux , two good boys (SG)
dzaanaxandeN	<i>adj</i>	rich (T); Sh has: dzanaxant
dzagera	<i>tv.</i>	gather, get (T) ene wiza sonipa ne rekaroiha ne tsagerangke , you should get me some hay for me to eat (T)
dzahani	<i>tv.</i>	drive (E) ma zahani , you drive (E)
dzaheki		inhale, gasp (E)
dzai''	<i>tv.</i>	grasp, hold in hand, catch (E); capture (E); <i>cf.</i> dzai'', <i>tv.</i> hold in hand (C, M) dzaip, cuaght (E)
dzaik[V]	<i>tv.</i>	hold in hand, [grasp] (Rob); cling (E), hold (E) man dzaik[V] , hold it (Rob) ma tsaik , hold it (Mor)
dzainiga	<i>n.</i>	framework for holding something

		bui chainiga , eye glasses (E) bija zainiga , brassiere (E)
dzaituya		in: baa na zaituya, faucet (E)
dzaiwainin	<i>tv.</i>	feel with something (E)
dzaka	<i>tv.</i>	break off (SM); pick off, break (T), break a stick or string (Mor)
dzakaiki		creak (E)
dzakare'		hooked (E)
dzakaxu	<i>tv.</i>	break off, break (T)
dzakeraxu	<i>v.</i>	pick apples (T)
dzakew		evacuate (E)
dzakiraixu	<i>tv.</i>	drop, let fall (T); cf. dzapai
dzako	<i>tv.</i>	let out, release (S); break (E) dzakoene , let out, released (S 32.5) dzakov , break (E)
dzakusa	<i>tv.</i>	untie (T)
dzakwaiyaxu	<i>tv.</i>	remove, take off (T)
dzakwesa	<i>tv.</i>	pull out (S) dzákwensats , [after s/he] pulled out (S 134.7)
dzakwêyuind[eN]		disconnect (E)
dzakwi	<i>tv.</i>	grind (Rob <dws sa gei hwn> and Mor <tit-zac-que-nah>); E has: dzakwiyoin gaapi tsakwini , coffee mill (Geb) de tsakwini , coffee mill (Mor, Rob)
dzakwichai		jerk, jolt (E)
dzakwindzónakwa	<i>iv.</i>	be twisted (S) dzakwindzónakwats , twisted (S 155.5)
dzakwishê		crochet (E)
dzakwitsaihi	<i>tv.</i>	jerk, pull repeatedly (T); cf. sakwitsaihi, jerk/spasm (T)
dzakwiyui		crank (E)
dzam bêechux	<i>exp</i>	good morning (Sh)

dzam bui	<i>tv.</i>	inspect (lit. look over well) (E) dza u vui, inspect X (E)
dzaminakwa	<i>tv.</i>	break (T)
dzan de suwanzi		faith (lit. ponder things well) (E)
dzan devor[eN]	<i>n.</i>	artist (lit. marks well) (E)
dzan nahan[a]		benefit (E)
dzan neskungkend[eN]	<i>adj</i>	well (in health) (Rob <san nish swn gant> = [dzan neshungkent], feel good
dzan suwandeN	<i>adj</i>	happy (T), glad (Hi), bubbly (person) (E)
dzana'		convenient (E)
dzanaga	<i>tv.</i>	slip on (Rob); var. dza'niga cf. dembai za'niga, <i>n.</i> bridle
Dzanaiyanee	<i>n.</i>	Piegan Indians (<i>lit.</i> [have] pretty girls) (Sh)
dzand[e] nesungka		happy (Mor), be good humored (E)
dzande suwa	<i>iv.</i>	be cheerful, good tempered (E)
dzande[N]	<i>adj</i>	good (T, SG)); decent (E); kind (E) divi zande , very good (T)
dzandengkat	<i>n.</i>	bliss (E)
dzandes[eN]		better (E)
dzandeseN	<i>adj</i>	very good (SG; long first vowel in original)
dzandiroi'		exceptional (E)
dzang kamand[eN]		delicious, tasty (E)
dzang kamande[N]	<i>adj</i>	delicious, tasty (<i>lit.</i> good-tasting) (T)
dzang karenin		comfortable (E)
dzang kusu vui	<i>tv.</i>	check, check over (E)
dzang kwanate	<i>adj</i>	fragrant (T); good smelling (E); Rob and E have: dzang kwanar
dzangkaH	<i>tv.</i>	lead (animal, person) (Rob) um bungkwi ne zangkar , give me your horse (E) bungku zangkan , guiding a horse (E)
dzangke		be good (SG)

		waipenee dzangkene , good women/women are good (SG)
dzangku haind[eN]		easy-going (E)
dzangku vuika		good tempered (T) [is this /dzaN, good + /vuika/, look at ?; what is the -ku-?]
dzangku vuinin		analyze carefully (E)
dzangku''	<i>adv</i>	well, [thoroughly] (T); well (SG; has long first vowel in original); kindly (E) dzaangkw miagwai , will go around well (S dis) divi zangku puika , see clearly (T14) divi zangku sumbanaruxande , know thoroughly (T14) dzangku nekenakande , well covered (T15)
dzangkus u vuinin[a]	<i>n.</i>	inspection (lit. looked over completely) (E)
dzano'iyu	<i>tv.</i>	pluck, take (T); <i>cf.</i> dzano'i, pluck (C)
dzanoi		in: sogo zanoih, hoe (E)
dzant sogopeH	<i>n.</i>	a peaceful place (Rob)
dzanwê'i	<i>tv.</i>	hang on a string (T); hang (E) ma zanwê'i , hang it up (E)
dzapai	<i>tv.</i>	take off (SM); bring down (E); drop (E; <i>cf.</i> dzakiraixu) ma zapai , bring X down (E)
dzapaixu	<i>v.</i>	let down (T)
dzapaki		cling, stick (E) de wazapagi , glue (E) nahan zapagi , stick together (T)
Dzapani	<i>n.</i>	Japanese person (Hi, E); <i>syn.</i> Oha Raivo
dzapar	<i>tv.</i>	open out, spread (T)
dzapataih	<i>tv.</i>	snap, break off (T)
dzapesep[eH]	<i>n.</i>	down of a bird (E)
dzapêshe	<i>tv.</i>	beckon (T); <i>var.</i> dzapêj (E)
dzapisuta	<i>tv.</i>	drag, transport (T)

dzapuikand[eN]		expressive (E) de zapuingk , guide (E)
dzaragand[en}		kindness (E)
Dzaramani	<i>n.</i>	Japanese person (T); Chinese (E)
Dzaranem	<i>n.</i>	Chinese person (Hi)
dzaroki''		in: êngka zarokikandeN, coal
dzas[eN]		ease (E)
dzasagit		? (Sh) Soho Dzasagit Ogwê , Muddy Creek (<i>lit.</i> cottonwood ? creek)(SGE)
dzasikê'		flush (E)
Dzasogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	Evantson (<i>lit.</i> good ground) (Sh)
dzata		to open (SG) ma zatawa , open the door (Rob)
dzatawa	<i>tv.</i>	tie securely, tie tight (T); lash, bind (E)
dzatemwaH	<i>tv.</i>	shut, [close] (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (Mor <ma-sat-to>); <i>cf.</i> dzatemaH, close (C)) [dzatemi'iH, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (C)
dzatemwi'iH	<i>tv.</i>	shut, close them (C) [dzatemaH, <i>sing. obj.</i>] (Mor)
dzateveki	<i>v.</i>	bore a hole (T)
dzatevop		intricate (E)
dzatoi	<i>tv.</i>	pull up (S); bail out (E); bring up (E) u dzatóiHW , pulled her up (S 89.9) de zatoi , hoist (E) baa zatoip , irrigate (E)
dzatoiraxu	<i>tv.</i>	release (T) êri zatoraxu , release the trigger of a gun (T)
dzatoixu	<i>tv.</i>	pull up, pull out (T)
dzatovaxu	<i>v.</i>	pick flowers (T)
dzatovixu	<i>tv.</i>	pick, pluck (T)
dzatowa		in: na zatowan, knotted
dzatóya	<i>tv.</i>	open (SM)

dzatsiyaH	<i>tv.</i>	pinch (T, Hi)
dzatumwaitse	<i>tv.</i>	pull (T)
dzawai		grope (E)
dzawê		in: gwasun zawêna, closet
dzawê''	<i>tv.</i>	let down (S) dzawêdu'i , will let you down (S 82.4)
dzawêixaN	<i>tv.</i>	let down (S) dzawêixangku , [when s/he] let down (S)
dzawekwishir[eN]		embroidery (E)
dzawenangke	<i>dv.</i>	put before someone to eat (S) u dzawenángkena , put it before him to eat (S 112.8)
dzawi''	<i>tv.</i>	throw (SM); pull (Geb), hurl (E) <tam-aie tsah-we-naie> = damwa tsawina , pulling a tooth (Geb)
dzawihi	<i>tv.</i>	throw (S) u dzawihi, threw him (S 90.6)
dzawingke		jerk around (E)
dzawingkê		dangle (E)
dzawinza		bend (T); E has: dzawinja, nazawinj[a] getan nazawinjar , bend something hard (E)
dzawitê		discard (lit. completely throw away) (E)
dzayaH	<i>tv.</i>	seize (SM); fetch (T); <i>cf.</i> dzayaaH, get/obtain/carry in hands (C) ba zaya , fetch water (T) ma zaya , carry it along (Rob)
dzayahe	<i>tv.</i>	receive (T; <ozayyayhe>) o zayahe , [receive it] (T)
dzea	<i>n.</i>	wart (T)
dzebora		root digging (S dis)
dzéixwáina	<i>iv.</i>	go (S 159.4)
dzekaH	<i>iv.</i>	get stuck (C)

dzekaku	<i>iv.</i>	be stuck, caught (T)
dzenixa	<i>adv</i>	certain amount of time (S) ei u dzenixangku , after a while (S) gê bêshi dzenixant , not long after (S) ein dzenixant , after [a] long time (S 56.3, 130.40)
dzi apo	<i>n.</i>	tomato (Hi)
dzi engke	<i>tv.</i>	to pierce (SG)
dzi hora''	<i>tv.</i>	dig (T); dig with a shovel (E)
dzi ká'a[H]	<i>tv.</i>	cut (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S), cut a flexible object (C) [dzipongka'iH, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (C) dziká'a ma wuikit , tried to cut [it] (S; 154.5)
dzi ka'anú	<i>tv.</i>	cut, hit (T)
dzi ka'axu	<i>tv.</i>	cut (T)
dzi kena	<i>tv.</i>	to hold down with a stick (SG) u dzi kénaxw , (he) held him down with a stick (SG)
dzi keraxwa	<i>tv.</i>	cut (T) buhipeha tsi keraxwa , cut weeds (T)
dzi kwinakê	<i>tv.</i>	stir (T)
dzi mina	<i>tv.</i>	[cut] Bambizimina , Souix Indian (<i>lit.</i> head-cutter) (T)
dzi noangke	<i>tv.</i>	shove (S) [I can't find a roo /noa/ for 'shove'; just /noa/, pregnant] u dzi nóangkenu , shoved it back to him (S 123.5, 129.6, 135.2)
dzi po[o]	<i>tv.</i>	engrave (<i>lit.</i> write with a pointed instrument) (E)
dzi tahwi	<i>tv.</i>	push with a stick (T)
dzi tarawengka		make holes (T)
dzi tsaka		point with a stick dzi tsaka nekape , pointing ceremony/sick dance (Van; <i>cf.</i> dzi, with a pointed instrument; dzaka, break)
dzi tumboha	<i>tv.</i>	clip, fasten with a clip (E)
dzi yaagina	<i>tv.</i>	carry with a pole (T)

dzi yuwixu	<i>tv.</i>	poke in, insert (T)
dzi''	<i>ptc</i>	with a pointed instrument (SG) dzi engken , he pierces (SG) sur na dzi popix , he pole vaulted (SG)
dzia rav[u]	<i>n.</i>	brush rabbit (E)
dzia wêhant	<i>n.</i>	brush fire (E)
Dziambe Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Raspberry Creek (<i>lit.</i> rose berry creek) (S)
dziambeH (-ha)	<i>n.</i>	1. rose berry, [rose hip] (S 2.2; SGE); berries eaten with grease (SGE; SGE also notes: "berries, religion, etc.") 2. rose (plant) (SGE)
dziamp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	brush (plant) (E)
dzicha		hold up (E)
dzigut[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	jab (Hi)
dziha goihomiar		were starving (S 151.1)
dzihê'	<i>tv./</i>	keep up u zihê', keep something up (E)
dziina	<i>n.</i>	potato (T); <i>cf.</i> dzinara
dzikan		stuck (past perfect; SM)
dzikap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cut (E)
dzikwi		in: de zikwishateN, knit (E)
dzimb[eH]	<i>n.</i>	hip (Hi); E has: dziamp, hip joint (E)
dzina gengk[a]		garlic (<i>lit.</i> potato onion) (E)
dzinara	<i>n.</i>	wild parsnip (SGE); <i>cf.</i> dziina
Dzinara Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Cottonwood Creek (<i>lit.</i> wild parsnip creek) (SGE)
dzingk	<i>n.</i>	snowshoe (Sh)
dzingkwiyu'ar		bow legged (E)
dziningka		insert (E); var. dziniga (E) nangki ziningka , ear plugs (E)
dzip	<i>n.</i>	ground squirrel (Sh)
dzipahax[a'']	<i>tv.</i>	split (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S 16.3, 17.1) [dzipaaxuiH, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (C)
dzipin	<i>tv.</i>	bury (E)
dzipiyo		chip (E; <zee-pee-yow-w>)

dzipo		cut, crease
dzirovê		horned lark (E)
dziruwaH	<i>tv.</i>	peel (T) we tsiruwah , peel with a knife (T)
dzisi[ve]p	<i>n.</i>	skin scraper (Rob <tes eep> and <te seep>)
dzitain		bore (E)
dzitemwa	<i>tv.</i>	store, keep (T) baa zitemwa , store water (T) baa zitemwan , flask (E) de zitemwan , latch (for door) (E)
dzitima	<i>tv.</i>	arrest (Rob) ma zitiman , arrested him/her (Rob)
dzitiyê	<i>tv.</i>	comb (T) dzitiyêro'i , will comb (T) natsitiyê , <i>n.</i> comb (Mor, Rob)
dzitogi	<i>n.</i>	Indian hemp (<i>Apocynum hyperfolium</i> ; bark of last year's plant used for rope fiber) (SGE)
dzitogia	<i>n.</i>	"Indian callico" (Sh)
dzitoh		boost (E)
dzitoi	<i>tv.</i>	ban from the tribe, boot someone out, [expel], evict (E), eviction (E)
dzitoik[V]		influence (E)
dzitoka'		bust (E)
dzitsga	<i>n.</i>	prairie chicken (S; a Crow word?)
dzitu vek[a]		antagonize (E)
dzitu'ik[V]		disgusted with (E)
dzituxi		put out fire, [extinguish] (T); <i>syn.</i> wetugi wêha zituxi , fire extinguisher (E)
dzivitsiH		big (T) divi zivitsi , very big (T)
dziviva	<i>tv.</i>	clench (E) ge tsiviva , clench with one's teeth (E)

dziwa		chapped (E) dziwap, chapped looking hands (E)
dziwai	v.	punch (S) dziwainda , came and punched (S 92.5) dziwaiyingkaide , punch around to find (S 91.7)
dziwê gwanu		stuck (S 92.2)
dziwena	tv.	stand one on purpose (S 69.8)
dziya	v.	? (T) ge tsiya , bite (animal) (T)
dzo wi'hyuH	n.	bead needle (T)
dzo'apeH	n.	1. ghost (Sh); "long time dead" (Rob) 2. Americans (Geb; because of pale skin); <i>var.</i> dzo'avitsi (S)
dzo'apeham bi[hi]	n.	mushroom (lit. ghost heart) (Internet)
dzo'avitsi	n.	devil, ghost (S); "soul, hangs around, becomes a dzo'ap" (Sh); supernatural beings, giants (Sh)
dzo'iga	n.	a kind of root (Sh); <i>cf.</i> dzoiga, breadroot (C))
Dzo'igarai Ogwê	n.	Spring Valley (lit. breadroot creek) (Sh)
dzoa suwand[eN]		haunt (lit. thinking ghostly) (E)
Dzoaahaidiyá	n.	He Takes Two Guns (name for boy) (S8)
Dzoabitsing Kahni	n.	Sawtooth Mountains of south central Idaho (<i>lit.</i> giant's house) (Sh)
dzoape	n.	shoulder (T); <i>cf.</i> hondo [is this the same as dzo'ape, ghost ?] dzoape xate manaki , hand to opposite shoulder (T) dzoape faungku u noogina , carry on shoulder (T16)
dzoborakihya	tv.	in: da tsoboraki, clinch
dzogai		in: we tsogai, demolish
dzogwê	v.	<i>var.</i> of dzogwai, chew
dzoH	n.	great grandparent (maternal or paternal, either sex) (T); great grandparents (Sh; <jo>); <i>var.</i> dzu (E); <i>cf.</i> dzoo, great grand parent (M)
dzohwê		in: we tsohwê, hack (E)
Dzoigara Ogwê	n.	Albert Creek (?) (<i>lit.</i> breadroot creek) (SGE)
dzokapeH		dented (T); bent (E), dent (E)

dzomêmagits		picked up (S 16.4); <c>
dzomo naiki	<i>n.</i>	beaded belt (Hi, S)
dzomo nambe	<i>n.</i>	beaded moccasin (Geb, Hi); var. dzomo namp (Hi)
dzomóN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	bead(s) (S) dzomo mante , some of the beads (S) dzomo naiki , beaded belt (S)
dzoN	<i>n.</i>	bead (T; <tsoq>)
dzon duzakenipe	<i>n.</i>	bead work (T)
dzon[V]		gather (E)
dzoona	<i>n.</i>	phacelia (plant sp.) bia zoon , silky phacelia (<i>Phacelia sericea</i>) (SGE)
Dzoowiya	<i>n.</i>	Nez Pierce Indian (<i>lit.</i> drags root) (SGE); Geb has: <Tsoo-ah-gah-rah> = [Dzuagara]
dzopêregih	<i>n.</i>	pillow (T)
dzovi'		compress (E)
dzowamia	<i>v.</i>	lose bambi zowamia , lose hair (t)
dzowap wepara	<i>n.</i>	cape (lit shoulder ?) (E)
dzowape	<i>n.</i>	shoulder (T); var. soape
dzowênd[eN]		collect (E)
dzoxwai	<i>tv.</i>	1. pound (with /we/, with blows) (SM) 2. chew (with ge, by means of mouth) (T); var. dzoxwê bahu ge tsoxwai , chewing tobacco (T)
dzu	<i>ptc</i>	now (S 140.5, 161.1), emphatic particle (C)
dzu'a	<i>tv.</i>	consume, destroy (SM)
dzu'angke	<i>tv.</i>	destroy (SM) sur mopho ne nanew[i] tsu'angke , the mosquito(es) destroyed/consumed my relatives (SM)
dzua veka		cramp (E)
dzuchu'		erase (E) de zichugi , eraser (E)

dzuga		in: matsichuga navop, fingerprint (E)
Dzugai	<i>n.</i>	Kiowa (E); syn. Gêwa
dzugu	<i>adj.</i>	old (Geb) [dzutsugu-, pl.] ne titsomo tsukuvitsi , my hat is old (Geb) nana zutsugwan , elderly (pl.) (E) dzutsugwane , elders (E)
dzugupeH	<i>n.</i>	old man (SG, T); <i>cf.</i> denapitsi [tsutsugu'e, pl.]
dzuhi	<i>co mb.</i>	bone
dzuhi netsigwar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	arthritis (lit. pain in bones) (E)
dzuhimbe	<i>n.</i>	bone (T)
dzuhnipeH (-ha)	<i>n., adj.</i>	1. bone(s) (S) 2. skeletal being, living corpse (<i>lit.</i> all bones) (Sh: dzunhip) 3. strong (T); <i>cf.</i> dzuhimbe, bone man dzonipeha , their bones (<i>obj.</i>) (S) dzonipema , with the bone (S)
dzumaH	<i>iv.</i>	run out of, be all gone, disappear © dzumáuhw , will disappear (S; 160.1)
dzungka	<i>v.</i>	shut, close (T) ge tsungka , close mouth (T)
dzuno gida	<i>exp.</i>	I don't care (S 159.6)
dzunoo	<i>ptc.</i>	did (lit. dzu plus nooN)(S 123.6, 129.4, 135.2)
dzurewen		boom (E)
dzurutugin		buzz (E); <i>cf.</i> bikagin nangki zurutugin , buzzing in ear (E)
dzusawa	<i>tv.</i>	rend, [tear] (Rob) ma zushawa , tear it (Rob)
dzutoimbui	<i>tv.</i>	astound (E)
dzutsugwan		elder (E) [dzutsugwane, pl.] (E)

dzuv[V]		grasp, clasp (E) mazuv, clasp (E)
dzuwaN	v.	cease (E) dzuwamp , cease[d] (E)
dzuwangke		consume, destroy (E) davê zuwangk , solar eclipse (E) mea zuwangk , lunar eclipse (E)
dzuwangkep[eH]		endangered (E)
dzuwape	n.	var. of dzowape, ghost (T); cf. dzo'apeH, ghost (M) and dzowape, shoulder (T)
dzuvo		in: ge tsuvo, consume (E)
dzux[i]	n.	white-tail deer (Sh)
e'a	n.	wound, sore (SG); cf. e'achiH, sore/wound (H, C) e'a riyêp , died from a wound (E)
ê'êmepene		we haven't any sense (S 186.5); cf. êmwaH, crazy
ê'its	tv.	simmer (boil) (Rob)
earuaxwa		chip, crack (T)
ee'inê	adv	forever (SM); a long time (SG) cf. eiN
eêomis	v.	shut his eyes (S 134.3) [probably starts with epui-, sleep reference]
êfi	n.	1. chalk (E) 2. clay (E) êfi vaa , chalk water (E)
êfi kus[a]	n.	blue jeans (E), denim (E)
êfi muviji	n.	blue bells (flower) (E)
êfi re goijoi	n.	Comet (E) [can this be any scouring powder?]
êfi revo	n.	chalk board (lit. chalk write) (E)
êfi shogop[eH]	n.	alkali (lit. grey-whitish earth) (E)
êfivit[eN]	adj	blue (Hi)
egachi	adv	now (SG); now, at the present time (SM). var. egeji, egetsi

		nuundugu egachi marankw nahán , probably indeed now far away he has traveled (SG)
egatsi'a	<i>con</i> <i>j.</i>	henceforth, [from now on] (SG); <i>var.</i> egechi'a (SM) gê egachía so wenáhai , henceforth you shouldn't be acting like this (SG) egach wayunt saria wupá'eni , there are two beating a dog (SG)
ege	<i>adv</i> .	adjectival/adverbial modifier of inception: immediately, as soon as, now; now (S); immediately (SG) ege vide , immediately upon arrival (SM) ege rênape , just now a man (E) ege waipe , just now a woman (E)
ege nahar[eN]		juvenile (lit. being/doing new) (E)
ege naifi	<i>n.</i>	teenage girl (T)
ege ruivits	<i>n.</i>	teenage boy (T)
egechi	<i>adv</i> ., <i>adj.</i>	1. adv. now (S 185.4) 2. adj. current (E); <i>var.</i> egachi, egetsi, egeji
egechi gêwat[e]		extinct (lit. gone now) (E)
egechi sak[V]		here and there (E)
egechi sikir[eN]		here and now (E)
egechi'a	<i>con</i> <i>j.</i>	henceforth (SM); <i>var.</i> egatsi'a
eges[eN]	<i>adv</i> .	right here is/are (SM)
egetija	<i>adv</i> .	right away indeed (SM)
egetsi	<i>adv</i> .	[now] (S 26.8, 183.1); <i>var.</i> egachii, egeji
egetsi duugáni	<i>adv</i> .	last night (S 76.2)
egevich[i]		fresh (E)
egevitsi	<i>adj</i> .	new (T) devishi egevits , recently new (T)
egewen		full moon (lit. new standing?) (E)

egidága	<i>adv</i>	now (S 85.3)
egis	<i>adv</i>	now (T)
egitag[a]	<i>adv</i>	again (T) egetag u vui , double-check (E)
egitsi ravê	<i>adv</i>	today (<i>lit.</i> present-day) (T) [does the final feature vary ?] ne egitsi tavê netsikwa , I am sick today (T7)
egitsiH	<i>adv</i>	right now (T); now (Rob, Hi)
egitsis[eN]	<i>adv</i>	immediately (T)
egitsiyane	<i>adv</i>	just now (T)
egivich[i]	<i>adj</i>	new (Hi)
êgunzakan[deN]	<i>adj</i>	crooked (in shape) (E)
êgunzar[eN]		crooked (E)
egwi	<i>tv.</i>	smell (smell for scent) (S); smell (T) u egwiwáint , smelled around for it (S; 14.2) egwinayámíar gia , he was smelling along for tracks (S 13.7)
egwinina		smelling (T)
egwiseni		sniff (T)
ehe kwasu	<i>n.</i>	cloak (E)
ehe''	<i>n., v.</i>	1. blanket (S, T) 2. <i>v.</i> wear ehéhundu , will wear (S 17.5) ehe kwasu, cloak (E)
êhwhit	<i>adj</i>	blue (Sh)
ei u tsenixángku	<i>adv</i>	after a while (S)

Eiji Mea	<i>n.</i>	Cold Month (part of January and February (Hul); January (sh)
eiji shogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	arctic (E)
eijind[eN]	<i>adj</i>	cold (Hi, E), chilly (E)
eiN	<i>adv</i>	long time (S 78.2, 85.2) ein dzenixant , after [a] long time (S 56.3, 130.40)
einji'enen	<i>adv</i>	be long ago (SG) naworó'ihoindo suk damen dia dambéka eenjí'enen , (let us) shake blankets in a circle because/that our friend was killed long ago (SG)
Eizi Mea	<i>n.</i>	January (<i>lit.</i> cold month) (Sh)
eiziN	<i>co mb.</i>	cold (Rob); <i>var.</i> eidziN (Rob)
eizindeN	<i>adj</i>	cold (weather) (T); <i>var.</i> eitsind[eN] (Geb)
eizishuwaxe		cool (T); cf. hetsawendeN
eizixa		cold (T)
eke	<i>n.</i>	dandelion (E)
ekira'a	<i>int erj.</i>	translation uncertain) (T); exclamative (woman speaking) (E); syn. ishateN
êkuN	<i>n.</i>	tongue (T; S 58.5)
êkung kwitsê		stick out one's tongue (T); lap water (like a dog) (E); <i>var.</i> êkung kwichê (E)
êkuvi	<i>n.</i>	tongue plant (SG); SGE has a long first vowel, and identifies this as pale evening primrose (<i>Oenothera trichocalix</i>)
Êkw Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Tongue River (SGE)
êmangkoi'		frenzy (E)
embinangw	<i>adv</i>	after (T)
emi	<i>pro n.</i>	thee (S)
êmwa	<i>co mb.</i>	crazy, foolish (T) [may have aspirating or nasal final feature]
êmwa vaa	<i>n.</i>	alcohol (E), alcoholism (E)

êmwa vakap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	alcoholism (E)
êmwa vekap[eH]		amok (E); hysterical (E)
êmwafaH	<i>n.</i>	wine, beer (<i>lit.</i> crazy water) (T); whiskey (Hi); alcoholic beverage (E)
êmwahap[eH]		gone crazy (E)
emwamaxwaihi		end of rain (T)
êmwambeN	<i>adj</i>	foolish, crazy (T)
êmwamp dang kahni	<i>n.</i>	insane asylum (E)
êmwan		foolish (E)
êmwandoi		beserk (E)
êmwapeH	<i>n.</i>	crazy [person] (T, Rob); fool, idiot (E); insane (E)
emwareN	<i>n.</i>	rain (T)
êmwaxandeN	<i>adj</i>	drunk (T, Hi, E); E also has: êmakant
eN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	you (<i>sing.</i>) (SM, T); <i>var.</i> eneN, eweN [emi, <i>obj.</i> ; eN, poss.] ene mêkw , you all right! (SM) haga eng kuhmambe'? where is your husband? (T2) hinan hanivuni? what are you doing? (T1, 2)
eneN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of eN, you (<i>sing.</i>)
enetsi	<i>n.</i>	bogey man (E), creature (E)
êngka	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	red [final feature usually "]
êngka aningkwitsiH	<i>n.</i>	flying ant (T); red ant (Hi)
Êngka Bagarer	<i>n.</i>	Alkali Lake (<i>lit.</i> red lake) (SGE, E)
êngka bambi	<i>n.</i>	red hair (Hi)
êngka guzinigi		flare (<i>lit.</i> red ?) (E)
êngka gwichai demp	<i>n.</i>	flint for starting fire (<i>lit.</i> red spark stone) (E)
êngka gwingkit[eN]	<i>adj</i>	pink (Sh)
êngka homp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	bull berry (Rob, Sh); Hi has: êngka komp[eH]
êngka ko'i	<i>n.</i>	king (in cards; <i>lit.</i> red tip/peak) (E)
Êngka Kwehengan Doyavi	<i>n.</i>	Black Hills (<i>lit.</i> red-wife having-mountain range) (SGE); <i>var.</i> Êngka Kwehengkaren Doyap (Sh)

êngka kwenaga	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp. (fir ?) (SGE)
êngka kwitsaikite	<i>n.</i>	lightening (<i>lit.</i> sticking out red) (T)
Êngka Muzi	<i>n.</i>	Diamonds (cards; <i>lit.</i> read point) (E)
engka narak	<i>n.</i>	caps (ammunition; <i>lit.</i> red percussion caps) (Geb <ingah nah-rack>)
Êngka Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Little Muddy Creek (<i>lit.</i> red creek) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Gushi Ogwê
êngka onafi	<i>n.</i>	red pepper (T)
êngka parangki	<i>n.</i>	strawberries (T)
êngka pogambi	<i>n.</i>	strawberries (Rob)
êngka pomo	<i>n.</i>	buffalo calf (E)
êngka puihwi	<i>n.</i>	copper (<i>lit.</i> red metal) (E)
êngka pusia	<i>n.</i>	bed bug (<i>lit.</i> red louse) (Hi, E)
êngka rembi	<i>n.</i>	brick (<i>lit.</i> red stone) (E) êngka rembi kahni , brick house (E)
Êngka SogopeH	<i>n.</i>	Red Desert (<i>lit.</i> red earth) (SGE)
êngka teva nahup	<i>n.</i>	pinyon pine (<i>Pinus edulis</i>) (?) (SGE)
êngka tonziapeH	<i>n.</i>	plant species: <i>Actinella simplex</i> (<i>lit.</i> red-flower) (SGE)
êngka tsiina	<i>n.</i>	beets (<i>lit.</i> red potatoes) (Rob)
êngka waapiN	<i>n.</i>	red cedar (Sh)
êngka wea	<i>n.</i>	radish (<i>lit.</i> red-penis) (T) [what is a 'beet' called ?]
êngka woaviN	<i>n.</i>	earthworm (<i>lit.</i> red worm) (E)
êngka wu'uwunt	<i>n.</i>	skunkbush (<i>Rhus tridobattum</i>) (SGE)
êngka yahait	<i>n.</i>	painted cup, Indian paintbrush (<i>Castilleja lirariaefolia</i>) (SGE)
êngka yahan	<i>n.</i>	painted cup, Indian paintbrush (<i>Castilleja anguatifolia</i> ; pistils used as children's sweets) (SGE)
êngka zarokikand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	coal (live coal; <i>lit.</i> read ?) (E)
êngka ziina	<i>n.</i>	red potato (T)
Êngkahonovita Ogwêvi	<i>n.</i>	Red Canyon (<i>lit.</i> red canyon) (SGE)
êngkavite	<i>adj.</i>	red (SM, T)
êngkomp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	buffalo berries (E)
eni		fright, surprise (Hi)

êniya	<i>tv.</i>	astound (E)
enizi		scary, a scary monster (Hi)
epê	<i>n.</i>	cocoon (T)
epúi	<i>iv.</i>	sleep (SM, SG, T) epuiro'i , will sleep (T)
epúihwa	<i>iv.</i>	go to sleep (S) u epuihwak[u] , as/while s/he went to sleep (S 25.3)
epuikand[eN]		asleep (E)
epúine		sleeping (T) davê epuine , oversleep (T)
epuiramwaki		doze (E)
epúisuwa	<i>iv.</i>	be sleepy (T)
epúixaN	<i>iv.</i>	be asleep (S) epuixangkus , while s/he was asleep (S)
ere suwai'		heat waves (lit. hot breeze) (E)
erei		referring to a loud sound (S) erei súavigagwáina , make noise with one's breath (S) erei bigax , he heard [a] loud sound (S 145.5)
ereN	<i>co mb.</i>	hot, heat (E);; var. eri (E), ere (Sh)
erende	<i>iv., n.</i>	1. <i>iv.</i> it is hot (S 18.6), be hot (E) 2. <i>n.</i> pepper, [chile pepper] (E)
erevui''		alert (E)
êreweh		about (E); syn. iruweh
êri (êri, êrita)	<i>n.</i>	bow (weapon) (S); var. êrihe
Êri Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Bow Creek (S)
êri rohinw	<i>tv.</i>	arm (with weapons) (E)
êri za toiraxu	<i>v.</i>	release the trigger of a gun (T)
êrihe	<i>n.</i>	gun, rifle (T); <i>var.</i> êri (M)
erindeN		hot (to touch) (T)
êritan wak		gun hammer (<i>lit.</i> gun's ?) (Mor and Rob <a-te-an-wak>); E has: nawungka

erix[u]		hot (in general) (T)
eseN		this is es ne ganhiva'in , this is what I have for a house (SG)
êshaigait[eN]		amaze (E)
êshi wihî	<i>n.</i>	silver (metal) (T) [why isn't this êshim buihwi ??]
êshim batêki		eyes roll up (E)
êshimbireN	<i>adj</i>	gray (Sh)
êshiN	<i>co mb.</i>	gray
êshungkêr[eN]		crystal (E)
esororo	<i>iv.</i>	snore (Hi)
etsa têtwa	<i>iv.</i>	talk in sleep (T)
etsa''		hidden etsa têtwa , talk in one's sleep (T)
etsuniku	<i>iv.</i>	shut one's eyes (T)
êvi	<i>adj</i>	blue-green (SM, SG); var. êfi (Hi)
êvi buir[eN]		blue eyes (Hi)
êvi tonziap	<i>n.</i>	red cleome (<i>Cleome serrulata</i> ; roots/bulbs used in summer) (lit. blue-green flower) (SGE); syn. gengkan donziap
êvi yahêd	<i>n.</i>	lungwort (<i>Mertensia alpina</i>) (SGE)
êvi yaputsi	<i>n.</i>	alpine forget-me-not (<i>Etrichium argenteum</i>) (SGE)
êviN (êvita)	<i>n.</i>	white clay (S)
êvinarasayaga		tattooing (Sh)
Êvita Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Gooseberry Creek (lit. it flows white clay) (Sh)
ewe	<i>pro n.</i>	var. of eN, you (<i>sing.</i>) (T) ewe nangkwase , before you (T2) ewe suwaregiha , miss [you] (T)
êwinawu'int	<i>adj</i>	purple (Sh)
ewpaihe		

		wituwa ewpaihe , drumstick (T)
eyagand[eN]		wastching over (Hi; <ee->)
ga	<i>ptc</i>	not (Rob, Geb); <i>var.</i> gê ga suwant[eN] , naughty (Rob)
ga	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	at, on, in (s); within (SG) baax yaenux , he gets in the water (SG) huupit u moox u regin , (he) puts a stick in his hand (SG)
ga suwant[eN]	<i>adj</i>	naughty (Rob <ka shw unt>, mean (Mor kay-shoo-ent>)
ga wate		none (<i>lit.</i> not without); <i>var.</i> gê wate; none at all (Geb <tib-it-se ka-wet> = [tivitsi ka wate])
ga'i	<i>n.</i>	wood rat (<i>Netoma cinerea</i>) (SGE)
gaaki	<i>n.</i>	rat (T)
gaapi tsakwini	<i>n.</i>	coffee mill (Geb <cup-pay tsock-que-naie>)
gaapi witua	<i>n.</i>	coffee pot (Rob)
gaapiH	<i>n.</i>	coffee (T, Rob); coffee grounds (E); cf. huva
gadzo[N] (-na)	<i>n.</i>	point (S 165.2), end (S) gadzong karu , on [the] end of (S)
gahawa'		in awe (E)
gahi	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	at (S; 13.9), into (S; 111.9)
gahni (gahni)	<i>n.</i>	house (SM: T); home, house (S); nest (Rob) [may have geminate final feature (S)] haga eng kahni? where do you live? (T2) haga eng kuhmambe'? where is your husband? (T2) gwinya ung kahni , eagle nest (Rob) gahni kate , <i>tv.</i> visit (S)
gahni garê'	<i>n.</i>	household, family (Hul)
gahni go'i'	<i>n.</i>	roof, house top (E)
gahni kate	<i>tv.</i>	visit (S 130.6)
gahni naip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	camp (E)
gahni rukand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	basement (of house) (E)

gahni viri	<i>n.</i>	guest (lit. house arriver) (E)
gahni vu'iyen		household (E)
gahni yewire[N]	<i>tv.</i>	visit (T)
gahnin devo	<i>n.</i>	architect (E)
gai'e	<i>tv.</i>	leave, depart from (SG) ne dza gê hagap eng kai'ewait , I will never leave you (SG)
gaigwa	<i>tv.</i>	leave (S) uree gaigwats , he left them (S 6.9)
gaimbe	<i>n.</i>	eyebrow (T, Hi); syn. butus (Hi)
gaindes[eN]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	near, around, about (SM) beng kahni gaindes , at his house, around about his house (SG)
gakiH (-ha)	<i>n.</i>	crow (bird) (S); Sh has: kaak (SGE); cf. haiN gakiha, [crow] (<i>obj.</i>) (S); 181.1)
gakoihe	<i>n.</i>	roof (T)
gakuH	<i>n.</i>	1. grandmother (maternal) (T) 2. woman's daughter's child) (M) 3. mother-in-law (wife's mother, husband speaking) (T) 4. female cross cousin (Sh) ureng kaku , [her mother] mother-in-law (husband) (T)
gam[u]	<i>n.</i>	jackrabbit (Sh); cf. gamu, <i>n.</i> jackrabbit (M)
gamande[N]	<i>iv.</i>	taste a certain way (T) yuhu gamar , greasy tasting (E)
gamiyuingk[V]		doorway (E)
gamwaN	<i>iv.</i>	hurt, ache (C)); cf. yenzi gwahing kama , sore back (Rob)
ganaf		gaunt (E), lanky (E)
ganarêgwap[eH]		abrupt (E)
ganariate[N]	<i>adj</i>	lean (T)
ganavitsi	<i>adj</i>	thin (Rob) ireng kanavitsi , he is thin (Rob)

gandi (gandi)	<i>n.</i>	candy (Hi, E)
ganhikate	<i>n.</i>	visitor (T)
ganhinai	<i>v.</i>	make a house (SG) bemem e gahninaire'i waren , what you will build with is missing (SG)
ganyaN	<i>n.</i>	bitterroot (<i>Lewsia rediviva</i>) (SGE); cf. ganyaN, bitterroot (C))
gapai	<i>n.</i>	bed (T)
gapai shungkwe nagan		bedside (E)
gapêk	<i>n.</i>	shield (Sh; also has: dop)
gare	<i>iv.</i>	sit, reside (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (S; T); SM has: <i>gari</i> [gate, dur.; yegwi", <i>dl.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>]
garengke		jumble (E) ma garengk , jumble (E)
garengke	<i>tv.</i>	set down (SM)
gareni		kick back, [relax] (E)
garer[eN]	<i>n.</i>	chair, seat (SM, Rob); <i>var.</i> de gare, na gare
garexi	<i>iv.</i>	sit (T) gênbarang karexi , sit quietly (T)
garíngke	<i>tv.</i>	build up (S) u garíngkes , built it up (S)
garivide[N]	<i>iv.</i>	alight (SM) sur we pasia benese'ets uva garivides , bald eagle in turn alighted there (SM)
garu	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	to (S); toward, among (SM) nemi gar , among/toward us (SG) beng kahnigarhus miakw , he went to his own home (SG) tembanagar , cliff (<i>lit.</i> toward the canyon) (SG)
gasa (-i)	<i>n.</i>	wing (S; SM; T) beng gasa ma , with his wing (S 117.2)
gasa raivo'	<i>n.</i>	angel (<i>lit.</i> winged-Anglo) (T)

gasagant	<i>n.</i>	winged creatures, poetic for birds (<i>lit.</i> wing-havers) (SM) [gakasagant, <i>pl.</i>] (SM) gakasagand nanáriand , winged creatures are dangerous (SG)
gasai		among (SM) dame xasai , any one of us (SM)
gatina	<i>n.</i>	village (T)
gate	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	on opposite (T); locative (SG) [<i>var.</i> -hat, -waixid] dzoape xate manaki , hand to opposite shoulder (T) epúip=hat , where he slept (SG)
gate	<i>iv.</i>	dur. of gare", sit (<i>sing. subj.</i>) gategen , barely sitting (SM)
gategiN	<i>iv.</i>	sit again (S) u gategingku gia , was sitting there again (S 8.9)
gavaigi	<i>tv.</i> , <i>postp</i> ·	1. <i>tv.</i> pass through, be amongst (SM) 2. <i>postp.</i> through (S 149.7) ma gavaigits , after he passed through it/them (SM)
gavant	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	among (S, SM)
gavonzini	<i>n.</i>	[Navajo] fleabane (<i>Erigeron concinnus</i>), and [tapero] fleabane (<i>Erigeron radicans</i>) (SGE); E has: gamuziya
gawanakw[a]	<i>iv.</i>	disappear (E)
gawêgid	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	over (S) u gawêgid , over it (S 60.5)
gawohinta	<i>iv.</i>	cry (S) xawohínta , cried (S; 90.2)
gaxu	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	into (S 79.5), at (S), with (S)
gayofi		warm (Sh) Baa Gayofi , Hot Springs near Bear River (<i>lit.</i> warm water) (Sh)

gaz[V]		lobe nangki gaz , ear lobe (E)
gaziva'		cruise (E)
gazu	<i>n.</i>	end (Hi, E), ending (E); cf. <i>gazuN</i> , n. end (story, stick, etc.) (M)
gazungka		come to an end, end (?) gê gazungkan , endless (E)
ge		must (S 87.6)
gê	<i>ptc</i>	no, not; negative command marker (T); <i>var.</i> <i>ka</i> gê ma hanire , don't [do it] (T3) gê gembú'it gê deas wesege dai! don't be looking (<i>pl.</i>) and don't peek (SG) gê de nángkant , one who will not listen (SM)
gê rovuind[eN]		awful (E)
gê apêchis[eN]		instant (E)
gê bêchi	<i>adv</i>	rapidly (E) gê bêchi wêhant , burn rapidly (E)
gê bishiagand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	bottomless (E)
gê da sumbijavin	<i>iv.</i>	be boring, dull (E)
gê da vuind[eN]		inferior (lit. not regarded) (E)
gê ênyasuwevêrêka	<i>v.</i>	sleep soundly (T)
gê epuisuwe	<i>iv.</i>	awake, wakeful, be not sleepy (T)
gê gazungkan		endless (E)
gê getande[N]	<i>adj</i>	fragile, easily torn (<i>lit.</i> not strong) (T)
gê haga'i		do not (S 12.6, 15.3)
gê hagani'	<i>exp</i>	all right (E)
gê hêwa	<i>iv.</i>	be absent (S, Hi) u gê hêwákus , while he was absent (S)
gê hêwat[eN]		empty (E)
gê hina deeyand[eN]		fearless (lit. fears nothing) (E)

gê hina hanid[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be idle (<i>lit.</i> not doing anything) (Rob)
gê hina naravuiH	<i>iv.</i>	be adventurous (E)
gê hina reeyant		bold, [fearless] (<i>lit.</i> fear nothing) (E)
gê hina remwe		cheap (E)
gê hina sumbanaind[eN]		dumb, [stupid] (<i>lit.</i> not realize/know anything) (E)
gê hina wavanain		incompetent, inept (E)
gê hina yaak	<i>iv.</i>	have one's hands free (<i>lit.</i> not holding something) (E)
gê hingkat[eN]		for nothing (E)
gê hining kamande[N]	<i>iv.</i>	flat tasting (<i>lit.</i> taste nothing) (T)
gê ishanai	<i>iv.</i>	be honest (<i>lit.</i> not lie) (Rob); var. gê ishanair[eN] (E)
gê ja naharemp[eH]		person with a disability (<i>lit.</i> does not usually do it well) (E)
ge kaa	<i>tv.</i>	bite, chew (T) ge kaanu , bites (T) gaaki remwukunang ke kaahwa , rat chews the rope (T)
ge kaahwa	<i>tv.</i>	chew up (T) demwukunang ke kaahwa , chew up the rope (T)
gê keta[N]	<i>adj</i>	soft (<i>lit.</i> not hard) (Geb)
ge kumba	<i>tv.</i>	to kill by biting (SG) sur honovich u ke kumbax , that bat bit him to death (SG)
ge kwanê		gnaw (E)
gê kwasekandeN	<i>adj</i>	unripe (T)
gê na sumbanain[a]		confusion (E)
gê naini nakêr[eN]		invaluable (E)
gê nakaiti sumbanaid[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be disoriented (E)
gê nanangk[a]		inaudible (E)
gê nangka		disobey (E)
gê nanwangkoru sumbainati[eN]		amnesia (E)
gê navor[eN]		blank (not written on) (E)
gê navuikan[deN]		invisible (E)

gê navuikand[eN]		camouflaged (lit. not seeable) (E)
gê nazitiyêkandeN	<i>adj</i>	uncombed, shaggy (T)
gê oyo nahar[eN]		infrequent (E)
gê pênd[eN]		later (E)
gê pêr[eN]		absent (E)
gê pêyud[eN]	<i>adv</i>	after a while (E)
ge pishi kwanar[eN]		bad breath (E)
gê re nangkand[eN]		disobedient (E)
gê rerê shuwa		idle (lit. not thinking of work) (E)
gê retuir[eN]		impatient (E)
gê revopeha sumbanait[eN]		illiterate (lit. not know writing) (E)
gê rivishe[N]	<i>adj</i>	false (T)
gê riyax	<i>v.</i>	fear not, be not afraid (T)
gê rogwênd[eN]		imperfect (E); insincere (E)
gê rogwênde[N]	<i>n.</i>	sin (<i>lit.</i> not exact/proper) (T)
gê rotsangande[N]	<i>adj</i>	clean (<i>lit.</i> not dirty) (T)
gê rukande[N]	<i>adj</i>	shallow (<i>lit.</i> not deep) (T)
gê runande[N]	<i>adj</i>	crooked, not straight (Rob)
gê shumavanai	<i>iv.</i>	be afraid (S)
gê shumbanêr[eN]		ignorance (E)
ge siraki		bared (teeth) (E)
ge so'i[H]	<i>tv.</i>	bite many times (M) [ge tsi'a, <i>sing.</i> 'bite once'] sure wihyu saari viigiha ke so'i mwenexiya , the dog then began to bite the pig many times (T)
ge soyu	<i>tv.</i>	annoy by biting (insects) (SM)
gê sumbainaid[eN]		indefinite (lit. not be known) (E)
gê sumbanai	<i>tv.</i>	confuse (E) gê u sumbanai, confuse (E)

ge suwaihyu	<i>tv.</i>	snap at, bite (T)
gê suwainde[N]	<i>tv.</i>	not want (T); <i>var.</i> suwêndeN
gê suwande[N]	<i>iv.</i>	mischievous, destructive, [unthinking, thoughtless] (T); bully (E)
gê tégwa		say no more, heed, hush(T) gê tégware , say no more, heed [heed because of agreement, no further explanation required] (T3)
gê tégware	<i>exp</i>	say no more, heed [heed because of agreement, no further explanation required] (T3)
ge tsanafuin[teN]		be gnawing (E)
ge tsi'a[H]	<i>tv.</i>	bite once (by an animal) (T, Rob); <i>cf.</i> ge tsi'aH, bite once (M) [ge so'iH, <i>pl.</i> 'bite many times' (M)]
ge tsiviva	<i>tv.</i>	clench with one's teeth (E)
ge tsoxwai		chew (with ge", by means of mouth) (T); <i>var.</i> ge tsogwê bahu ge tsoxwai , chewing tobacco (T)
ge tsumahwa	<i>tv.</i>	eat up, devour (S)
ge tsungka	<i>v.</i>	shut mouth (T)
ge tsuwo		consume (E; <-wow-w>)
gê u suwainde[N]	<i>tv.</i>	refuse, not want (T)
gê virer[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be absent (E)
gê vuikand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	dark (not visible) (Rob); not seeing (T); <i>cf.</i> gê vuireN, <i>iv.</i> be blind (C)
gê wambui shuwa	<i>tv.</i>	ignore (E) gê u wambui shuwa , ignore X (E)
gê wat[eN]		away (E)
gê wate		none; <i>var.</i> ka wate (Geb)
gê wengkaranakan		uninhabited (T)
gê wiroar[eN]		durable (E)
gê yanangka		be quiet, stop (T)
gê yavuikande[N]	<i>adj</i>	invisible (T)
gê yewengki		motionless (T)

gê yu'u		late (E, S); cf. gê yu'uN, late (C))
gê za u sumexa	<i>iv.</i>	be jealous (T)
gê za u suwangkande[N]	<i>tv.</i>	hate (<i>lit.</i> not reagrd X well) (T)
gê zan da newe nai	<i>v.</i>	deform (E); cf. andapuN gê zan da newe naip, deformed someone (E)
gê zand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	bad (T; SM; <dzan->); poorly, ineffective(ly) (Geb) en du'atsi gê zant ma hani , your child has done wrong (Geb) e sari gê zant , your dog is bad (Geb) en wihi[ng] kê zant tsika , your knife don't cut (Geb)
gê zandi damwagand[eN]		have bad teeth (E)
gê zangu vuika	<i>iv.</i>	be resentful, short tempered (<i>lit.</i> not regard well) (T)
gê... (verb)-wai	<i>exp</i>	it will not be possible that (SM)
ge'a	<i>ptc</i>	maybe will, is about to (future inceptive subjunctive particle) (SM) [is this the quotative??]
ge'a	<i>n.</i>	locust (eaten has food) (SGE)
ge'a''	<i>iv.</i>	blow away, [drift away in the air] (SM)
gê'e	<i>n.</i>	forehead (T); E has: gaih
gê'ê	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	no (T)
gê'emp	<i>adv</i>	not at all (SM)
ge'mwa	<i>n.</i>	1. edge (S; T) 2. border 3. brim (E) bang ke'mar , along the bank (S) surux sut sena ge'mwar mimiar , the both are walkers beside those quaking aspens (SM) bia vaa ung ge'mwa , on the shore (Rob) ogwê ung ke'mwa , on the river bank (Rob)
ge'mwa nahai	<i>n.</i>	brink (E)
ge'mwawat[e]		dull, blunt (knife; lit. no edge) (T, E)
ge''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of jaws or biting (SG); by means of mouth, jaws [or teeth] (SM) ge kúmbax , bites to death (SG)

gea	<i>ptc</i>	future subjunctive (added to pronouns) (SG) nea gea , I maybe will be (SG) gea vex , maybe you two will be (SG)
gea''	<i>iv.</i>	come out (S), go out (S 43.4) geagits , came out (S; 51.6) geats , came out (S; 150.6)
gêêdê'dê	<i>n.</i>	name of a war song (S dis)
geepai vungku	<i>n.</i>	goat (domesticated) (E)
geepaife	<i>n.</i>	goat (T)
geereki'	<i>n.</i>	cat (T)
gegwêyagant		touch (S 119.4, 123.2)
gêja	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i> , <i>n.</i>	1. interj. not good (SG) 2. adj. bad (E) 3. n. evil spirit (E) gêjá , dame neshungken sik dame[n] dia da kutíx , not good, we feel that our friend is somehow shot (SG) gêja baa , bad water (E)
gêja hin[a] hanir[eN]		handicapped, [disabled] (E)
gêja nahar[eN]		incest (lit. ill doing) (E)
gekezupune		creak, squeak (T)
gema		near, close by (S); <i>cf.</i> gêma , to approach, and ge'mwa , edge gemager , (S 31.3) gemagáid , (S 29.1) gemarus , (S 101.8)
gêma		to approach (SG); <i>cf.</i> gema , near
gemangkaN	<i>tv.</i>	to love (Geb, Rob) ma gemangkan , love it (Geb) ne tivitsi gemangkan oyent , I love the whole (of you) (Geb)
gemangkande[N]	<i>n.</i>	love (T)
gembú'i		be looking (<i>pl.</i>) gê gembú'it gê deas wesegedai! don't be looking (<i>pl.</i>) and don't peek (SG)
gena	<i>tv.</i>	cover (T, Rob)

		we kena , cover over (T) dzangku nekenakande , well covered (T15) nee kena, cover (E)
genduN	<i>adv</i>	yesterday (T; first vowel long in original) haiga genduN , day before yesterday (T)
gendun duugani	<i>adv</i>	last night (T; first vowel long in original)
genemanúx		are tired out (S 165.4, 165.7)
gengka	<i>n.</i>	onions (T, Rob); <i>cf.</i> gengka (-i), onion (M)
gengkan donziap	<i>n.</i>	red cleome (<i>Cleome serrulata</i> ; roots/bulbs used in summer) (lit. onion flower) (SGE); syn. êêvi tonziap
gengkene		in: wea gengkene, yearling (S 26.9)
genu		1. grandfather (paternal) (SG; T) 2. man's son's child (Sh) 3. father-in-law (husband's father, wife speaking) (T) 4. a young man's sponsor in the Sun Dance (Sh); <i>var.</i> geno (SG) ureng geno ure wagant mian , their grandfather went to them (SG) ureng kenu , [his father] father-in-law (wife) (T)
gênugenza		wished (S 73.5, 76.2; <z>)
gênuyafêgandeN		uneven (T)
gênuyaH		uneven (T)
gênuyaraN	<i>adv</i>	quietly (T) gênuyarang karexi , sit quietly (T)
gêpêt[eN]	<i>adv</i>	(for) a little while (SM)
gepiyai		in: de gepiyaimp, conserve (E)
geporok		crispy (E)
gera	<i>tv.</i>	cover (used with instrumental prefix) (T) we kera , cover (T)
gerakwa	<i>tv.</i>	cutting action we kerakwa , cut in chunks (T)
gerekamaxwa	<i>tv.</i>	chew up (SG)

		u gerekamaxwats , when he had finished chewing it up (SG)
gereki	<i>n.</i>	cat (from English <i>kitty</i>) (E)
ges	<i>v.</i>	wait (S 62.4)
gesavah	<i>iv.</i>	open mouth (T) bia gesavah , open mouth wide (T)
gesesi	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. used for pipestems and bows (indentification doubtful, possibly smooth sumac, <i>Schmaltzia glabra</i>) (SGE)
gêsh[eN]	<i>adv</i>	not yet (SG); var. <i>gêshes[eN]</i> besh miap geshe , he's not gone yet (SG)
gêshes[eN]	<i>adv</i>	not yet (T); var. <i>gêsh[eN]</i>
gêshi	<i>adv</i>	not yet (SM)
gêshis[eN]	<i>adv</i>	almost (SG)
geta narorar[eN]		elusive (E); cf. <i>naroranu</i>
geta ogwêr[eN]		current (lit. flowing strong) (E)
geta revopeH	<i>n.</i>	book (lit. fast/strong writing) (E); syn. <i>dêgwa tevopeH</i>
geta wener[eN]		endurance (E)
geta[N]	<i>adj</i> <i>adv</i>	1. fast (S 110.8); fast, speedy (SM) 2. hard (SM); firm, strong, hard (T); brawny (E) 3. very, really, extremely (G) 4. harsh (E); var. <i>getaaN</i> (SM) geta neaite , strong wind (Rob)
getam bih[i]		hard-hearted (E)
getam buika	<i>tv.</i>	gaze (lit. look hard at) (E) getan u vuik , gaze at X (E)
getambeH	<i>n.</i>	strength (T)
getamp		brave (E)
getan dembi	<i>n.</i>	granite (lit. strong rock) (E)
getan zaik		grip (lit. strong grasping) (E)
getande[N]	<i>adj</i>	hard, stiff, firm (T); firm (E)

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getandi bampe roap		bull headed (E)
getanetsi'		agony (E)
getang kandi	<i>n.</i>	hard candy, Christmas candy (E)
getang karer	<i>iv.</i>	be firm (<i>lit.</i> sitting-fast) (T)
getangu nukinyare	<i>iv.</i>	be fast (at running) (T)
getangu suwani		concern (E)
getangu suwanzi		concentrate (E)
getangu tsa tawa	<i>tv.</i>	tie tightly (<i>lit.</i> tie good]and] tight) (T)
getangu''		firm, fast, tight (T); intense (E)
getar[eN]	<i>v.</i>	clench (E)
getas[eN]		fast (swift) (E) getatsi , faster (E)
getatsi		brisk (E), faster (E)
Gete Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Yellowstone River at Billings [the word "sunlight" is penciled in by this name in the fieldnotes] (SGE)
getegwash	<i>n.</i>	chin (Hi); E has: getug
Getsap NekapeH	<i>n.</i>	Pot Dance, Chokecherry Dance (Hi)
getsapeH	<i>n.</i>	gruel, pudding (Shaul); berry sauce, stew, gravy (Hi); gravy (E = gotsap)
getso	<i>tv.</i>	chew (E) de gitso, chew (Hi)
gevera degare	<i>n.</i>	bench (<i>lit.</i> long chair) (E)
gevera on	<i>n.</i>	grand daddy long-legs (E)
gevera[N]	<i>co mb.</i>	tall (S 161.5, 165.5)
geverande[N]	<i>adj</i>	long, tall (T) geveran hagwêshi , long squash (T)
geverant wihi	<i>n.</i>	sword (<i>lit.</i> long knife) (Geb)
gevi êri	<i>n.</i>	pistol (<i>lit.</i> short bow/gun) (Rob)
gevireN	<i>adj</i>	short
geviretsi	<i>adj</i>	short (Rob, T)

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gewa	<i>co mb.</i>	sharp
Gêwa	<i>n.</i>	Kiowa Indian (T); syn. Dzugai
gewambe	<i>n., adj.</i>	1. adj. sharpened edge (T); 2. n. sharp (Hi)
gewant[eN]	<i>pos tp.</i>	side, beside (SM); <i>cf.</i> ge'mwa, edge [be]m bavia ganhi gewant , beside his older brother's house (SM); surux sut sena gewar mimiar , they both are walkers beside those quaking aspens (SM)
gewart[eN]	<i>pos tp.</i>	side, beside (SM) sena gewar, beside aspens (SM)
gêwat[e]		none (Rob <kay wut>; Mor <kay-weet>); <i>cf.</i> gê, not + -wate, without); [be none] (E), gone, [not present] (E) egichi gêwat, extinct (E)
gêya	<i>tv.</i>	catch (SM)
geya''	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of do'êH, emerge
gia	<i>ptc</i>	(quotative particle) (S)
gigima	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of gima, come
gigwédixu	<i>tv.</i>	hit with elbows (S98.3, 99.8)
giipeH	<i>n.</i>	elbow (T, E)
giji	<i>tv.</i>	tickle (SG)
gijichigin		giggle (E)
gijichigin	<i>iv.</i>	chuckle (E)
gijoi		in: da gijoin, crunch (E)
gima	<i>iv.</i>	come (<i>sing.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>)(S, SM) [gigima, <i>dl. subj.</i>] (M) gimaik , come here (E)
gimangke	<i>tv.</i>	be after (S), [pursue] (S); chase, follow (T) ne gimangkéna , [is after me] (S)
gini (-a)	<i>n.</i>	chicken hawk (S), sparrow hawk (<i>Falco</i> sp.) (SGE),

		falcon (E)
girayogo	<i>n.</i>	gnat (Hi); syn. buiyogo
giriki	<i>n.</i>	cat (Hi)
giruwai'e		peeled (T)
gishekand[eN]		oyom bu[hi] gishekant, evergreen (E)
gishi		in: da kishi, <i>tv.</i> smash
giwinzokoxa	<i>tv.</i>	carry under arm (T)
giyagina	<i>tv.</i>	carry in mouth (T)
go'ho		crop-eared (S; 102.3)
go'i (-a)	<i>n.</i>	top (s); peak (Sh); point, top (M); hill, knoll, top (C)) go'i ga , on top of (S)
go'iH	<i>iv.</i>	come back (S); return, go back (SM); come or go back (T; <goiy>); to turn back (Mor) ne go'imiaro'i , I am going home now (T7) goigint , came back (S) go'ix , return just at this moment (SM)
go'ihwa	<i>iv.</i>	go home (<i>sing.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>) (S); <i>cf.</i> go'ixwa, go away (M) [gogóihwa, <i>dl.</i>] (S)
go'iki	<i>iv.</i>	come back (S); <i>cf.</i> go'ixi, come home (from the speaker's viewpoint) (G) go'igint , came back (S)
goa	<i>v.</i>	bust (S) bê goánu , busted (S)
goap[e]	<i>n.</i>	fan (Rob)
gofiyap[eH]		broken down (E) [follows a noun in possessive case] dzuhnipehang kofiyap , broken down bones (E) bihing kofiyap , broken heart (E)
gogoiH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. sub.</i> of diyêH, die
gogoihwa	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of go'ihwa, go home
gogonyungka	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of gooniH, turn around

gogonokin		boisterous (E)
gogwêh		? (T) useng kogwêh , that's enough! (T)
gohno	<i>n.</i>	cradle, cradleboard (Hi); cf. gohnoN, cradleboard (M)
Gohoyiwitavê	<i>n.</i>	Friday (T); var. Gohiyegwi Ravê (Hi, E), Goihiyegwi Rav[ê] (E)
goi	<i>co mb.</i>	wash (T) de kois , launder (T) de kosis' , soap (T)
goi		in: noongkoi, for (cf. nooN, for some time)
goi''	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of diyêH, die
goihe	<i>n.</i>	intestines (T), guts (Rob)
goihoi veka		dysentery (E)
goijohi''	<i>tv.</i>	wash (S); clean (E); var. gojoi (E), goijoi (E) o goijohibeinda , while washing it (S 64.1)
goijohigungkwa	<i>tv.</i>	to go wash (S) ma goijohigungkwa , go wash it (S 63.6)
goinda	<i>v.</i>	in: demuku goinga, cut into ropes
gois	<i>v.</i>	wash (T)
goishoi		rippling, in waves baa goishoigi , choppy water (E)
goite	<i>pos tp.</i>	along on top of (T) ung koite , along the top of X (T)
goja	<i>n.</i>	head (SG) goja wepsheranden dawi , Head-Dragging One's younger brother (SG)
gojoi	<i>tv.</i>	var. of goijohi'', wash
gokomish		another (Rob); cf. <kic-o-mich>, another (Mor) and cf. gokoN, bullsnake (C, M)
gonh	<i>n.</i>	coffin (E) [is this gahni, house?]
Gonodina Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Three Forks of the Missouri River (SGE)

gonok		bump (E); bump (noise) (E); burp (E) [gonono-, rdp.]
gonomíagwa	<i>v.</i>	go to pack wood (S 87.2)
gononogin	<i>iv.</i>	clatter (E)
goofê	<i>n.</i>	face (T); <i>var.</i> goovê; cf. gopa
gooni	<i>iv.</i>	turn (S); turn around (T); come by (E) [gogoniyungka, <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) goníxw , turned (S 109.7) gónixwats , turned around (S 101.8) domboni wêxi gooni , <i>iv.</i> turn/circle (T)
goonixu	<i>v.</i>	turn (T)
gootsu	<i>n.</i>	braids (T)
goovê (-i, -ta)	<i>n.</i>	face (S); <i>var.</i> goofê ong koovêga , at his face (S 19.6)
gop	<i>n.</i>	bed (Rob); <i>cf.</i> gawai, bed (T)
gopa	<i>n.</i>	face (Mor <co-bah>); <i>cf.</i> goovê dosa kopagant[eN] , blaze face (horse) (Geb)
gopa'		broke (E)
gopap[eH]	<i>adj</i>	broken (Hi, E)
gope hani	<i>v.</i>	make a cache (E)
gope[H]	<i>n.</i>	cache (E)
gopep[eH]	<i>adj</i>	torn (Geb <co-pup>) nia kwashu oyent kopep , my shirt is all torn (Geb)
gopooH	<i>tv.</i>	mark, brand (C) de gopooH , <i>tv.</i> to brand (Rob, C) dang kopop[eH] , <i>n.</i> brand mark (Rob) nagopo , <i>n.</i> brand mark (Mor)
gorotogin		gurgle (E)
gosho	<i>n.</i>	pig (from French <i>couchon</i>) (Rob, Geb); <i>var.</i> gosho vungku (Hi)
gosho yupe	<i>n.</i>	bacon (<i>lit.</i> pig fat) (Rob, Hi)
goso vungku	<i>n.</i>	pig (<i>lit.</i> 'pig' in French + bungku, domestic animal)

		(Hi)
gosopi[N]	<i>n.</i>	fire drill (M); <i>cf.</i> huu kosop[iN], <i>n.</i> match
gosoviN	<i>n.</i>	matches (Hi); fire drill; <i>cf.</i> gosoviN, <i>n.</i> fire drill (M)
goto'k		incinerate (E)
gotoH	<i>tv.</i>	build fire (S); set a fire (SM); make fire (T: gotoho) burn it (E); <i>var.</i> gutu (Rob) godos , built [a] fire (S 49.3) gotónu , built a fire (S 144.2) godóxangku , if one has a fire (S 142.8) gahni goto , burn a house (E)
gotopeH	<i>n.</i>	fire (T)
gotor[eN]		someone who makes a fire nariang kotor , fire bug (lit. dangerous fire setter) (E)
gototogin		crunching sound (E)
govaH	<i>tv.</i>	break a rigid object (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (M) [govi'iH, <i>pl. obj.</i>]
góvi'í[H]	<i>tv.</i>	break a rigid object (<i>pl. obj.</i>) (S) [govaH, <i>sing. obj.</i>] (M) góvi'ínu , [broke] (S) nagoviyúina , broke (S; 94.4)
gowa		in: de kowapeH , fence (T)
gowohoi	<i>n.</i>	bells (Rob; <gow wo ho hoi>; Mor <caw-wo-oo>); E has: gowohoi [is this the sound bells make or the bell or both?]
gu perahwa	<i>iv.</i>	burst from heat or fire (SM)
gu tavêro'i		bright (E); <i>var.</i> gotavêro'i
gu tiyêH	<i>v.</i>	burn to death (E)
gu'avi'iyu	<i>iv.</i>	tired (Rob <gu av ve yu> <yn ha gu av ve yu> = en ha gu'avi'iyu? , are you tired? (Rob)
gu'igêt	<i>n.</i>	smoke (SM)
gu'iyawapeH	<i>n.</i>	scout SM); game scout (S 18.9)
gu''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of fire, smoke, or wood (SM)
gubuidúin		were thick (S 20.3)

guch riyin shoa		hoarse (E)
guch siagand[eN]		sore throat (Hi)
Guchandeka	<i>n.</i>	Buffalo Eaters (S 18,9)
guchum be[he]	<i>n.</i>	buffalo robe (Mor)
guchum pongko	<i>n.</i>	ox (<i>lit.</i> buffalo horse) (Mor)
guchuN	<i>n.</i>	buffalo (Sh); <i>var.</i> gutsuN, gwichuN
guguhne''	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of guhne'', run off
gugut		gore (E)
gugwai	<i>n.</i>	birds, <i>pl.</i> of gwinya, bird
gugwaiyegwid[eN]	<i>n.</i>	<i>pl.</i> of gwinyagarer, butte
gugweti		butt, gore (T)
guhai		bolt, dart guhain , bolt (E) guhaik , launch (E); cf. we kuhaingku
guhaind[eN]		in: dza nawai guhaideN, get along (E)
guhaingku		in: we guhaingku, launch (E)
guhanwitoji	<i>n.</i>	miller (moth) (Hi)
guhêgu	<i>iv.</i>	take off, start to run
guhmambeH	<i>n.</i>	husband (S); T has: gwomape'e; Hi has: guhmapeH
guhmaN	<i>n.</i>	male (T) ung kuhma , male animal (T) haga eng kuhmambe'? where is your husband? (T2)
guhne''	<i>iv.</i>	he flew (S 117.2); <i>cf.</i> guhne'', start to run, run off (M) [guguhne'', <i>dl. subj.</i> ; nuraa, <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) guhne''ku , went (S 77.5)
guhne''gingke	<i>iv.</i>	be coming toward (S) u guhne''gingke , it was coming right at him (S)
guhne''ki	<i>iv.</i>	start towards one (S) u guhne''gingku , it was coming (S133.8); see 'fly'
guingkaH	<i>v.</i>	dry meat (S) guingkax[u] , while they were drying meat (S: 142.3)

guirutukin	<i>iv.</i>	chug (E)
gukê	<i>v.</i>	gather firewood (SM)
gumba	<i>tv.</i>	kill (SM); kill by biting or hitting (SG)
gunwa waimungku	<i>n.</i>	train (T)
gunwaru		marry (get a husband) (T)
gun	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful): wild oniion (?) (<i>Allium acunimatum</i>) (SGE) [Is this a mis-hearing of gengka, onion ?]
guna paa	<i>n.</i>	whiskey (<i>lit.</i> fire water) (Rob)
guna saki	<i>n.</i>	steam boat (<i>lit.</i> fire boat) (Rob)
guna'' (-i)	<i>n.</i>	1. fire (S) 2. firewood (E) guna gáru , into [the] fire (S 90.5)
gunái		to go speedily (SG)
gunánda[N] (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	crane (S, (Rob)) gunánda[N]ta, [<i>obj.</i>] (S)
gunenaxarexa		heartburn (T)
gunya	<i>n.</i>	firewood (T)
gupa	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in, inside (T); into (S) ma gupa , inside X (T) u gup , inside of it (SG)
gupáiki	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	through (S 79.8)
gupande[N]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	inside (T; S 45.1, 51.1) u gupande , inside of X (T) u gupandem baixu , fall into (T)
gupandes[eN]		ma gupandes , inward (E)
guparataki	<i>iv.</i>	crackle, explode (T)
gupasangk[e]		to make a fire (SG)
gura tsika	<i>n.</i>	cut throat (Geb <coo-rah tse-kah>)
gura''	<i>n.</i>	throat, [neck] (Geb <coo-rah>); cf. gura, neck (M); syn. doyoN
gurembê	<i>n.</i>	neck (of shirt) (T)

gusa	<i>n.</i>	trousers (T); leggings (Sh; <kuc>); <i>cf.</i> bitsuk
gushêgi	<i>n.</i>	buckwheat sp. (<i>Eriogonum subalpinum</i>) (SGE)
gushi akeN	<i>n.</i>	sunflower (<i>Helianthus</i>) (lit. gray sunflower) (SGE)
gushi bamp		gray hair (E)
gushi bogo	<i>n.</i>	thistle with dark gray leaves (Sh)
gushi mambi	<i>n.</i>	lynx (<i>lit.</i> gray bobcat) (Rob)
gushi mogots[i]	<i>n.</i>	gunny sack, [burlap bag] (E; gusi ~); <i>syn.</i> yuu mogotsi
Gushi Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Little Muddy Creek (<i>lit.</i> gray creek) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Êngka Ogwê
gushi pavoho	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (<i>Astragalus tridactalicus</i> ; lit. gray water sage) (SGE)
gushi pogomp	<i>n.</i>	gooseberries (<i>lit.</i> gray berries) (Sh)
gushi sehep	<i>n.</i>	a small kind of willow (<i>lit.</i> grey willow) (Sh); willow (Geb; <on-goo-tse-up> = [gusi sehep], gray willow)
gushi''	<i>co mb.</i>	gray (Sh); var. gusi (E)
gushiaN	<i>adj</i>	gray (Sh)
gushiang kengka	<i>n.</i>	a variety of alpine yarrow (<i>Achillea millefolim</i> L.) (SGE)
gushidot wanawunt	<i>n.</i>	pepper weed (<i>Lepidium apetalum</i>) (SGE)
gushigê pivit	<i>n.</i>	gray horsefly (SGE)
gushigêr		gray (E)
gushigêt[eN]	<i>adj</i>	gray (SM)
gusi		var. of gushi, gray (E)
gusi buir[en]		grey eyes (Hi)
gusi wovi	<i>n.</i>	donkey (lit. gray box) (E) [or should it be gusi muvi, gray nose?]
gusi zoH	<i>n.</i>	great, great grandparent (either sex) (Hi); var. gusi jo (E)., gusi tsoH (T)
gusi-	<i>v.</i>	whistle (Rob <gws si tur rek gwen>, Mor <coo-sha-tin-e-quon>); <i>cf.</i> gusivaitseH, v. whistle (M); <i>syn.</i> huuku
gusibag	<i>n.</i>	thistle (<i>Cirsium undulatum</i>) (SGE; <-sh->)
Gusiyuta	<i>n.</i>	Goshiute Indian (lit. gray Ute) (T, E)

gutêh	<i>n.</i>	oven (Sh)
gutiH	<i>tv.</i>	shoot (SM); T has: gwêti peni gutído'ix , just as (he) was about to shoot him/her (SM); umigutígen , (I) keep on shooting toward ye (SM); peme gutígwan , (I) will shoot ye right away (SM)
gutixu	<i>tv.</i>	shoot (more than once) (S 13.9)
gutoi	<i>co mb.</i>	boil; brew (E)
gutoifuindeN	<i>adj</i>	boiling (T)
gutoingke		boil baa gutoinge , boil water (E)
gutoipeH	<i>adj</i>	boiled (T)
gutoixu	<i>v.</i>	boil (T)
gutoixwa	<i>iv.</i>	be boiled (T)
gutseniH	<i>iv.</i>	be hot (weather) (T); Sh has: gusho, hot; <i>cf.</i> gutseniH, <i>iv.</i> heat up/get hot (G)
gutsi	<i>co mb.</i>	result of extreme heat; <i>cf.</i> gutse, be hot u gutsinige, heater (E) [= u gutsiningke ?]
gutsinexa	<i>v.</i>	roast (T); Hi has: guzi'engk[V], roast for?
gutsinigan		fever (E)
gutsiyaxant		roasted (S 18.1)
gutsu	<i>n.</i>	buffalo (S); <gucu>; <i>var.</i> guchuN, gwichuN, gutsuN [gutsunee, <i>pl.</i>] (S) gutsu piatsi , buffalo cow (Geb) guchum be[he] , buffalo robe (Mor)
gutu	<i>tv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of gotoH, set fire to ma gutu , burn [it] (Rob)
gutusipe[H]	<i>n.</i>	ashes (T)
gutuvi[N]	<i>n.</i>	charcoal (T); coal (Sh); <i>var.</i> gotovi (E)
guuwitsap	<i>n.</i>	a kind of wild parsnip, unidentified plant sp. (SGE); 'a vegetable with big leaves – wild parsnip" (Sh)

guvishi	<i>n.</i>	1. brain (T, E) 2. dunce (E) [wouldn't 'dunce' be guvishiwate ?]
guwaingkant		continue (E)
guwekingk[e]		in: de guwenkingk[e], lasso (E)
guwih	<i>n.</i>	whimbrell (large shorebird) (T); curlew (swamp bird) (E)
guya	<i>v.</i>	bend down (SG)
guya	<i>n.</i>	bear (Geb)
guyareka	<i>n.</i>	chicken hawk (<i>Falco</i> sp.) (SM; SGE)
guyenit	<i>n.</i>	turkey (Hi)
Guyo Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Bear River (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Huu Ogwê; E has: Guya Ogwê
guyunugin		guzzle (E)
guzinigi		in: êngka guzinigi, flare (E)
gwahareN	<i>n.</i>	antelope (S); Sh states this is the adult female (SGE, E)
gwahiN	<i>n.</i>	back (body) (S, T) gwahing kama , sore back (Rob) ne gwahingka , on my back (S)
gwahinzuhnipeH	<i>n.</i>	backbone, [spine] (T)
gwaku	<i>tv.</i>	1. beat, [win] (S); win, win a bet (SG); win (T) 2. attain (E), earn (E), gain (E) bemem bungku gwakúp haint , from where they won their horse (SG) mang kwakup , attained (it) (E)
gwakukand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	earnings, [wages] (E)
gwakun[eN]		be excellent (E)
gwakungke	<i>dv.</i>	beat, [win] for someone (S)
gwakupeH	<i>n.</i>	gambling wins (Sh)
gwambi	<i>iv.</i>	pl. of aniH, fall; <i>syn.</i> yumwa
gwana''	<i>iv.</i>	smell a certain way (T) ditsi gwana , stunk (S 182.2) diji gwanár , stinks (S 184.6) dzang kwanate , fragrant (T) dzant gwana , smell good (Rob) ge pishi kwanar , bad breath (E)

gwanar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	aroma, smell, odor (E); fume(E) soong kwanar , fumes(E)
gwanate[N]	<i>adj</i>	smelling a certain way (T); smelly (T) dzang kwanate , fragrant (T)
gwandata	<i>n.</i>	heron: Great Blue Heron (<i>Ordea herodias</i>) (SGE); Crowned Night Heron (<i>Nycticorax nycticorax naevius</i>) (SGE)
gwanduvi	<i>tv.</i>	wrap (T, Rob) <ma gwand dwi>, <ma gwan dwp> = ma gwandu , wrap it (Rob) we kwanduvi , wrap up (T)
gwape	<i>iv.</i>	overflow, splash (Hi)
gwase''	<i>tv.</i>	cook (M)
gwasengke	<i>dv.</i>	cook it for(E)
gwasep pinakamunt	<i>n.</i>	cakes (Rob)
gwasepeH	<i>adj</i>	1. <i>adj.</i> cooked, cooked (T) 2. <i>n.</i> bread, cake (Mor) gê seseng kwasekande , not yet ripe (T3)
gwash	<i>n.</i>	tail (SM); bob-tailed (S; 101.5; <gwé>); var. gwêshi (T)
gwashigande[N]	<i>n.</i>	tail owner (SM); demon, devil (<i>lit.</i> tail-haver) (T) gwêshigand izavigape , deceived by demons (T)
gwasu hanir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	dress-maker (E)
gwasu we wêni	<i>n.</i>	clothes line (E)
gwasu[N] (gwasuna)	<i>n.</i>	clothes (SM); dress, shirt (M, Sh); calico [cloth] (Rob, Mor)
gwasun de goishoi		laundry soap (E)
gwasun zawên[a]	<i>n.</i>	closet (E)
gwasun zi temboha	<i>n.</i>	clothes pin (<i>lit.</i> clothes clip) (E)
gwasung koishoip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	laundry (<i>lit.</i> clothes to wash) (E)
gwasungke		cook dêgipo dang kwasengkep , cooked kidney (E)
gwava''	<i>tv.</i>	embrace, to hug (S; Mor, Rob <ma-gwab>); console with a hug (E); <i>cf.</i> gwava'', hug (C))

gwavaka	<i>tv.</i>	carry in arms (T)
gwavata	<i>tv.</i>	carry in arms (T) sure sonipa u gwavatanningke , s/he carries hay in her/his arms for her/him (T)
gwavi	<i>iv.</i>	lie, lie down (<i>dl.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>) (S) [havi, <i>sing. subj.</i>] gwavikant , lay (S 73.2) gwavik , go to bed (S) gwavihundu , will stay (109.2)
gwavi huvia	<i>n.</i>	lying down songs (Sh)
gwayaxu	<i>v.</i>	glance bui xwayaxu , glance at (T)
gwê wenenuki	<i>iv.</i>	buck (horse) (S) u gwê wenenúkwáinda , bucked around with him (S)
gwe'etu	<i>iv.</i>	get married (of a man) (M) gwe'etúnu , married (S 77.9)
gwêgwêshigat	<i>n.</i>	foxtail, foxtail barley (<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>) (SGE) [is this gwashi, tail – gandeN, characterized ?]
gwehe" (-i)	<i>n.</i>	wife (T) eng kwehe ha baishem birevite? has your wife returned yet? (T1)
gwehenai	<i>v.</i>	look for a wife (S) gwehenáid , looking for girls (S 152.2)
gweheru		marry, take a wife (Hi)
gwêhi	<i>tv.</i>	chase (E)
gwêhimbangu noogina	<i>tv.</i>	carry piggy-back (T)
gwenai	<i>tv.</i>	caress (E)
gwese	<i>v.</i>	stretch (one's self) out (SG)
gwêshe	<i>v.</i>	weave baskets (SG; <-a>-); E has: se'owadang kwêsh
gwêshi	<i>co mb.</i>	entangle; cf. gwishingkeN, <i>tv.</i> trap, catch, ensnare, net, entangle (C) nawaing kwêshik , entangle (E)

gwêshi taziumbi	<i>n.</i>	star (lit. tail star) (E)
gwêshi''	<i>n.</i>	1. var. of gwashi'', tail; tail feathers (E) 2. hawk (E) bia gwinya gwêshi , eagle tail feathers (E)
gwêshigand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	barley (E)
gwêshoi		var. of goishoi, launder, wash de gwêshoi gahni , laundromat (E)
gwêsingke	<i>tv.</i>	trap (T)
gweti	<i>tv.</i>	stick be[ng] kwetixunt , stuck themselves (S 92.7)
gwetixo'		gwinyan deraming kwetixo' , rooster's spur (T5)
gwetsi	<i>ptc</i>	somewhat (SG) getaangk kwetsi , somewhat harder
gwêya'	<i>iv.</i>	be tired (E)
gwêyagan		fatigue (E)
gwêyap[e]		haggard (E)
gwêyawai	<i>iv.</i>	rest (T); Rob has: <gwi a man> gwêyawairo'i , resting (T)
gwêyawaixa		rest (T); rest, be tired (SG: gwaya)
gwêyaxe	<i>iv.</i>	be tired (T)
gwêyekand[en]	<i>adj</i>	tired (Hi), exhausted (E)
gwêyo		in: se kwêyo, kick off (E)
gwi havit[eN]		hazy (lit. smoke lying) (E)
gwichai		flash, spark (E); var. gwichê (E)
gwichê		var. of gwitsê, stick out/protrude
gwichêH	<i>tv.</i>	abuse, bother (G)' aggravate (E); <i>cf.</i> gwichewandeN, abusive
gwichewand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	abusive, cruel (Rob)
gwichu ehe	<i>n.</i>	buffalo robe (<i>lit.</i> buffalo blanket) Rob, Sh)

gwichu waipeH	<i>n.</i>	cowgirl, [cattlemoman] (E)
gwichumungkum boga	<i>n.</i>	cockle burr (lit. cow's ?; boga = bogo, thistle?) (E)
gwichuN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	buffalo (T); Sh state this is buffalo cow; <i>var.</i> gutsuN, gwichuN
gwichun daivo	<i>n.</i>	cowboy, cattleman (E) gwichun daivo nekap, country-western dance (E) gwichun daivoan nikwepeH, cowboy songs (E)
gwichun daivo namp	<i>n.</i>	cowboy boots (E)
gwichun daivo rezowên[a]	<i>n.</i>	cowboy hat (E)
gwichun daivoang kusa	<i>n.</i>	cowboy pants (E)
gwichun daivoang kwasu	<i>n.</i>	cowboy shirt (E)
gwichun derekar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	cattle rustling (E)
gwichuna ehe	<i>n.</i>	buffalo robe (E)
gwichung kakiH	<i>n.</i>	raven (<i>lit.</i> buffalo crow) (Rob); <i>syn.</i> hai
gwidavoi	<i>n.</i>	magpie (S dis; S: gwitawo'yo[N]); Geb has: <quetan gah> = [gwitang kakiH], lit. feces crow
gwiijuna	<i>iv.</i>	get well, recover (Mor <que-cho-nah> and Rob <gwidjw na>); <i>cf.</i> gwiijuneH, be alive/survive (C))
gwiijunai		alive (Hi)
gwinya (-i)	<i>n.</i>	1. pet (S 152.6) 2. bird (M, SM; <gwëa>); large bird (Rob) 3. chicken (T); chicken, bird (Hi) [gugwai, <i>pl.</i>] (SM)
Gwinya Garer		Needle Mountain (<i>lit.</i> bird seat) (SGE)
gwinya garer	<i>n.</i>	butte (<i>lit.</i> bird seat) (SM) [gugwaiyegwid, <i>pl.</i>] (SM)
gwinya gwêshi	<i>n.</i>	chicken hawk (E)
Gwinya Noyo Dav[ê]	<i>n.</i>	Easter (lit. bird egg day) (E)
gwinya reka'	<i>n.</i>	chicken hawk (<i>lit.</i> chicken-eats) (T)
Gwinya Tewener		Split Rock (<i>lit.</i> bird rock-standing) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Tu'iwichan Dewener
gwinyam biafe	<i>n.</i>	hen (T) gwinyam biafe nohavit , setting hen (T5)
gwinyan dua	<i>n.</i>	chick (E)
gwinyan noyo	<i>n.</i>	chicken egg(s) (Hi)
gwinyang kahni	<i>n.</i>	chicken house (E)

gwinyang kuhmaN	<i>n.</i>	rooster (T) gwinyang kuhman nazitiyai' , rooster's comb (T5)
gwinyavishi	<i>n.</i>	butte (gwinya, bird + -vishi, ?) (S; guê->)
gwinyumwangke		daze (E)
gwinyumwit[eN]		dizzy (Internet) 2. turkey (Internet)
gwinyuwa	<i>iv.</i>	be dizzy gwinyuwaxu, dizzy (T) gwinyuwan, dizzy (E)
gwipeH	<i>n.</i>	smoke (T); exhaust (E)
gwipsi'ep	<i>tv.</i>	smoke (buckskin) (Hi) de gwipsi'ep, smoke a buckskin
gwira''	<i>iv.</i>	defecate (M)
gwirapeH	<i>n.</i>	feces (T)
gwirasof[eH]	<i>n.</i>	buttocks (E)
gwirats[i]		in: bia gwirats, big intestines (E)
gwiravo'i	<i>n.</i>	magpie (<i>Pica hudsonian</i> ; tails used for dances) (SGE)
gwisi'ep[eH]	<i>n.</i>	smoked buckskin (Hi)
gwitchung kuhma	<i>n.</i>	bull (cattle); cf. bejeN
gwitoingkuxu	<i>tv.</i>	smoke out (T)
gwitsê	<i>iv.</i>	protrude, stick out êkung kwitsê , stick out one's tongue (T) êngka kwitsaikite , lightning (T)
gwitsumun dua	<i>n.</i>	calf (cattle) (E)
gwitsumungk[u]	<i>n.</i>	cow (<i>lit.</i> buffalo-domestic animal) (T); E says that the plural means 'herd of cattle' [~nee, pl. (E)]
gwitsumungkun duku	<i>n.</i>	beef (<i>lit.</i> cow meat) (E)
gwitsuN	<i>n.</i>	1. buffalo (in general) (T) 2. buffalo cow (E)
gwitsun dua	<i>n.</i>	calf (<i>lit.</i> buffalo-offspring) T)
gwitsung kwirapeH	<i>n.</i>	[cow] manure (<i>lit.</i> buffalo-feces) (T)
gwiwene		smoky (<i>lit.</i> smoke standing) (Rob)
gwizaixu	<i>tv.</i>	tie (T)

		we kwizaixu , lash (T)
ha	<i>ptc</i>	[question marker] (S 52.9, 75.5, 52.3, 4.3); <i>var.</i> han (SM; SM says this is from hani, do/make) mê ha , I just say (E) ne ha , I will (E) gê ha netsire'i , won't you be sick? (SG) bêshe han u za táwan? Did you tie it fast? (SM)
ha'a	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	yes (S); <i>var.</i> han (SM)
haga	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	where (T); indefinite stem: what, who, how, where (SM) haga eng kahni? where do you live? (T2)
hagai	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	what (S 16.6, 153.1); how, what (C)
hagait[eN]	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	what (S 58.3); what kind (Hi) [hagaiti, <i>obj.</i> ; hakaN, <i>poss.</i>]
hagana	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	where (S 55.6, 56.4)
haganai	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	from where (SM)
hagani	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	how, [someway] (SM)
haganiku	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	how (S, Hi); how so, anyway, whatever (C) [may have a nasal final feature] ne gê haganikung ko'ihwayu , (if) I don't somehow get back (T)
haganionde	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	why? (T)
haganiu	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	whether (S 34.9)
haganivina	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	of course, naturally (T)
haganiyane?	<i>exp</i>	how are you? (T)
hagap	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	for any possible reason (SG) ne dza ge hagap en gai'ewait , I will never leave you (SG)

hagapuna	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	to where (T) hagapuna nukina? where are (you) going? (T2)
hagare	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	who, where (T); either (E)
hagwêshi	<i>n.</i>	squash (plant) (T)
hai	<i>n.</i>	raven (Hi); syn. gwichung kakiH
haiga	<i>adv</i>	at first (T), [previous, last] (T) haiga mea , last month (T) haiga gendu , day before yesterday (T)
haiga genduN	<i>adv</i>	day before yesterday (T)
haigand[eN]		1. day before yesterday (E) 2. first (E)
haigena	<i>adv</i>	first (Rob; SM: ha'igena); var. hêhiga, first (Hi); <i>cf.</i> haiyégena, first/before
hajuchugi		gobble (E)
haikaija		elaborate (E)
Haimbi	<i>n.</i>	Crow Heart Butte (<i>lit.</i> crow heart) (Sh); <i>var.</i> Haihaimbi (Sh)
haiN	<i>n.</i>	crow (Sh); <i>cf.</i> gakiH
haingka		before (first) (E), go ahead (E) haingka dazi , last summer (E)
hainji	<i>n.</i>	partner (S); SM has: hanj, friendly <i>var.</i> hainze (T) o hainji , his partner (S 156.1) nanahainjiníuhw , two partners (S 152.1)
hainjichi	<i>n.</i>	friend (hainji, partner + -tsi, diminutive) (S) dza hainjichi , good friend (S 161.1)
haint	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	from, withdrawing direction (SG) ma gúp[a] haint , from out of here (SG) bemem bungku gwakúp haint , from where they won their horse (SG)
hainzeH	<i>n.</i>	friend (T); E says this is a man who is friend of another man; <i>var.</i> hainji ne hainzeh , my friend (T7)

haiseN	<i>adv</i>	yet (T) [does this only occur with 'not' ?] gê haise surem birekande , he has not returned yet (T3)
haiwo	<i>n.</i>	1. dove (bird) (S); mourning dove (SGE); <i>var.</i> hêwo (Sh) 2. pigeon (E); <i>vs.</i> newe haiwo [haiwone[e], <i>pl.</i>] (S)
Haiwodeka[nee]	<i>n.</i>	Dove Eaters, a Wyoming Shoshone group (from Hul)
haiya	<i>co mb.</i>	accurate, exact
haiya rogwênd[eN]	<i>adj</i>	accurate, exact (lit. exactly correct) (E); direct (E), just right (E) gê haiya rogwênt, indirect (E)
haiya suvê'	<i>adv</i>	just then (T); <i>cf.</i> hayasuvê', formerly
haiya uvêgand[eN]		exact (E)
haiya vinangk		latest (E)
haiyégena		first (S 60.9), before (S); <i>cf.</i> haiga, haigena
hak	<i>tv.</i>	choose (E)
hak		any (E)
haka	<i>ind ef.</i>	which (T), what (SM); <i>var.</i> hak
hakupunt[eN]	<i>ind ef.</i>	where to, whither (SG); which way? (Hi) hagapunt mia'y<u>u</u> , where are you going? (SG)
hake	<i>v.</i>	to progress through space (generally compounded) (SG)
han	<i>int erj.</i>	1. <i>var.</i> of ha, question particle 2. <i>var.</i> of ha'a, yes 3. greeting (woman sp.; <i>cf.</i> ho) (E); hello (E)
handem		agree (man sp.) (E)
handemes		agree (woman sp.) (E)
hanê'êngka	<i>n.</i>	alpine yarrow (<i>Achillea millefolium</i>) (SGE); E has: hanizaingka
hani	<i>n.</i>	beaver (S, T)
hani wan[a]	<i>n.</i>	beaver trap (Rob, E)
hani''	<i>tv.</i>	1. put (S), do, make (S, SM); do, make (T); create (E)

		2. to butcher (T) 3. fix (E) 4. force (E) o hanis , put in and then (S 67.7) hanid , is doing (S; 23.3) u hanipe , made him 178.6) hinan hanivuni? what are you doing? (T1, 2) gê ma hani , don't do it (T) de haniwapi , <i>n.</i> butcher (T) gê hina hanir , don't do anything (E) ma hanin , force (E)
hanifuin[t]		construction (E)
hanihundoi		confidence [to be able to do] (E) ma hanihundoi, confidence (E)
hanima	<i>tv.</i>	complete, finish (lit. do completely) (E)
hanimaxu		finished (T)
haniN	co mb.	corn
Hanin Dimbing Kahni		a valley in the upper course of Black's Fork, about 30 miles south of Fort Bridger (<i>lit.</i> beaver's rock house) (SGE)
Hanindeka	<i>n.</i>	Mandan Indian (<i>lit.</i> eats corn) (Sh; long first vowel in original)
haníngke	<i>dv.</i>	finish up for (S) o haníngemas , finished it up for him (S 17.8)
hanip[eH]	<i>adj</i>	fixed, prepared (Hi)
hanireN	<i>n.</i>	activity (E)
hanisuwand[eN]		enthusiastic (lit. want to do) (E)
hanivi	<i>n.</i>	corn (T); <i>var.</i> hanif (T) ne za hanivita temwero'i , I am going to buy corn (T7)
hanixa	<i>iv.</i>	be situated (G) hanixána , on it (S 197.7)
hatu[N]	<i>ptc</i>	I wonder (S 79.1, 9.3, 7.5, 3.6, 3.5); question particle (C)
hatuvich		obligatory: ought to (SG)

		ne hatuvich , I ought to (SG)
havi	<i>iv.</i>	lie, lie down (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (S; T); lie down, sleep (SM) [gwavi, <i>dl.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>] haviníd , lying [down] (S 83.9) gwavahávinina , hugging lying down with her (S 138.6) dekaháviníd , lay down and ate (S 143.8)
havi wihi	<i>n.</i>	pocket knife (Rob); E has: buvi wihi
havich	<i>n.</i>	sleep (number of nights) (Rob) waha havich , two sleeps (Rob) manigi havich , five sleeps (Rob)
havikwa	<i>iv.</i>	lie down (T); go to bed (S) [is the <i>pl.</i> gwavikwa??] havikwats , [after s/he] went to bed (S)
havin		1. overnight (SM) 2. (cap.) Sleep, Night (in sense of overnight) (SM)
havinina	<i>n.</i>	range (mountain) (S)
havitaip[eH]		bedridden (E)
havíxu	<i>iv.</i>	turned into (S 45.7)
hawan		cobweb (E)
hawitê		is that right? (E); var. hawitig (E)
hawogand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	hollow (Hi); hollow sounding (E)
haya	<i>ptc</i>	just (S 159.8, 161.2)
hayadza'a	<i>ptc</i>	it just happened (S 134.5, 146.6)
hayasuvê'	<i>adv</i>	formerly, at that time (T); <i>cf.</i> haiyasuvê', just then
he'echi	<i>adj</i>	slight, slightly, light, lightly (SM); a few (SG)
hêgant[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	begin (E)
hegi	<i>n.</i>	shade, shadow [C]
hegi gahni	<i>n.</i>	shade lodge (S 11.1, 11.3)
hegiyaxe		shady (T)

hegwaN	v.	hunt (T); cf. ho'i bêngwi hegwaN , go fishing (T)
hêhiga		first (Hi); var. haigena
hêka	n.	an edible seed (Hul)
hemángkw		for (S 38.3, 48.4)
hena	tv.	hold down (SG)
hende[N]		few (E)
hene vair[eN]		fuzzy (lit. look fuzzy) (E)
hene woaviN	n.	caterpillar (lit. fuzz worm) (E)
henegêr		fuzz (E)
henikiyu		hiccough (T); E has: henin
hêritsi		few (Hi)
hesiki		cat hissing (E)
hêteh	qu an.	few, little (T); cf. he'echi
hêtehukumbe	n.	particles of dirt (T)
hetsawekand[eN]	n.	cooler (E)
hetsawend[eN]		cool (E); cf. eizishuwaxe
hêwa		appear, be present (S) [only in the phrase: gê hêwa, absent/disappear ?] gê hêwa , it disappears (SG) u gê hêwákw , [while] he was absent (S) u gê hêwákus , while he was absent (S) gê hêwat , empty (E)
hihindahan		attic (E)
hihindahan	n.	drawer (in furniture) (E)
hihing kahni	n.	bin (E)
hihiwetoip		junk yard (E)
hiito	n.	meadow lark (<i>Stunnella neglecta</i>) (SGE)
hima	tv.	take (<i>pl. obj.</i>) (S); fetch (SG); dsiperse (E); get, carry, pick up, take (M) [yaa", <i>sing. obj.</i>] himats , [after s/he] took [them] (S 20.8)
himba	ind	by means of what? (SM)

	<i>ef.</i>	
himband[eN]		for no reason (E)
himbê	<i>n., tv.</i>	1. <i>n.</i> things, [belongings], [property] (S) 2. belong to (T) u himbê , it belongs to X (T) behe himba , their [things] (S 20.7) nia himp , mine (Rob)
himbê	<i>ind ef.</i>	1. how much? (SM) 2. when (T) 3. as soon as (E)
himbêgandeN	<i>ind ef.</i>	how much, how many (T, SM); age (E) himbêgande en dedêmba'i? how many children do you have? (T2)
himberuánohwi	<i>tv.</i>	own, possess (S) u himberuánohwi , will own it (S 60.6)
himbêyun		as soon as (refers to one's self) (E)
himero'ap	<i>tv.</i>	acquire (E)
himi	<i>dv.</i>	give more than one thing (S) [utuH, <i>sing. obj.</i>] o himinu , give her [them] (S 30.9)
hina	<i>ind ef., n.</i>	1. what (S; T) 2. [something], possession(s) (S) SM has: hini, what sort of [hini, <i>obj.</i>] hina wija , with what (S 57.8) behe hina , their thing(s) (S 74.2) hinan hanivuni? what are you doing? (T1, 2) gê hina sumbanaire , foolish, stubborn [not know otherwise ?] (T3)
hina dichi yegwi	<i>tv.</i>	botch, [ruin, spoil] (lit. do something badly) (E)
hina wat[e]		down-and-out, have nothing (E)
hinano	<i>ind ef.</i>	whatever (S 185.2)
hinengkand[eN]		gadget (E)
hini	<i>ind ef.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of hina, what; what sort of? (SG) hini hup , what kind of wood? (SG)

hiump	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful): sunflower (SGE); [way of saying sunflower] in Fort Hall (Sh)
hivi awe	<i>n.</i>	dipper (T), cup (E)
hivi''	<i>tv.</i>	drink (T)
hivijo vekan[a]	<i>n.</i>	change of life, menopause (E)
hivijo''	<i>n.</i>	1. old woman (S; SM; T) 2. female ghost (Sh); S has: hevijo; T has: hivizo' [hihivijo, <i>dl.</i> and <i>pl.</i> stem] Hivijo Mê Suwa , Old Woman Thinks (SG) hevijó tsa'a , old woman (S 151.2) hihivijóniuhw , two old women (S 98.1)
hivikand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	drinker (alcohol) (Hi)
hivinir	<i>n.</i>	drinking binge (E)
hivipuindeN	<i>n.</i>	drink (T)
hivivekap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	adult woman (E)
hiwi	<i>tv.</i>	fetch, give to , hand to (SM)
hizip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	saliva (Hi); syn. sookapeH, dushipeH
ho	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	greeting (man sp.) (E); cf. han
ho'i	<i>tv.</i>	hunt (S; SM); cf. hegwaN de ho'i , hunt ðavu ho'i , hunt jackrabbits (SM) bêngkwi ho'i , <i>tv.</i> fish (SM)
ho'i	<i>tv.</i>	circle (SM)
hoiki	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	around (T); var. hoi' (E) u hoiki , around X (T) u hoi' , around X (E)
hondo	<i>n.</i>	shoulder (S); <i>var.</i> hondu; cf. dzoape be hondúx , his shoulder (S 134.6) be hondóhwj , his shoulder (S 132.1) be hondohúja , on his shoulder (S 131.7, 134.5)
hono	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	gulch (SG), canyon (SGE); <i>var.</i> hunuviN, honoviN (E) hono havir , gully (E)

hono rumbaina'	<i>n.</i>	canyon cliff (E)
honorovoi		growl (dog) (Hi) honorona , growl (E)
honovich		bat (lit. gulch-being) (SM; T); <i>var.</i> honovits (T) sur honovich u ge kumbax , that bat bit him to death (SG)
hoo''	<i>co mb.</i>	wood (Geb); <i>var.</i> huu hoope, <i>n.</i> wood (Geb)
hora''	<i>tv.</i>	dig (S; SG) dza hora'' , dig (E) dzi hora'' , dig with a shovel (E) we hora'' , dig a grave (E) de horas , after (s/he) dug a hole (48.9) de horagwaindu , digging (S; 42.7)
hoviwon	<i>n.</i>	bumble bee (E)
hu'a bogomb[eH]	<i>n.</i>	currant (<i>Ribes cougefloreum</i>) (SG, Hii); T and E have: hua vogombe; cf. bogunapeH, wêshigogombe
hu'êri wukewap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	archer (E)
hugapi	<i>n.</i>	aspen (SG) suk hugapit soongk nahán , fetch more of that aspen (SG)
hugujap	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful): alder (<i>Alnus tenuifolia</i> ; used for bows and weaving) (SGE)
huhaniya	<i>n.</i>	axe (T); <i>var.</i> huhani: Rob has: <ho wan ny>, Mor has: <ho-wau-ny>; Hi has: <hoo ha nee>
huhaniya bambi	<i>n.</i>	axehead (T)
huka	<i>n.</i>	willow(s) (S) huká uva , in the willows (S 58.1)
hukama		? (Van) hukama nekape , chokecherry ceremony (refers to harvest, but a reminder of foraging; ceremony of plenty and thanks for food; Van)
huku near[eN]		dust storm (lit. blowing dirt) (E)

huku wutush	<i>v.</i>	dust off (E)
huku zuhnipeH	<i>n.</i>	collar bone (E)
hukumbe	<i>n.</i>	dust, ashes (T)
hukungkêt[eN]	<i>adj</i>	dusty (Rob; Mor <ho-coo-nate>; E <hoo-koon-gay-d>)
hunaN	<i>n.</i>	badger (S); <i>var.</i> huuna[N] (Sh)
hunang kahni	<i>n.</i>	menstrual hut (Sh)
hunangwa	<i>n.</i>	menstruating woman (Sh)
hunave vekayuN	<i>iv.</i>	menstruate [C]
hunavepiN (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	menstrual flow [C]
huniha	<i>exp</i>	is that so? (S 108.1)
hunuviN (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	gulch, ditch (C)); valley (Rob); <i>var.</i> hono [hunuvíta, <i>obj.</i>] (S)
hutsembiapeH	<i>n.</i>	daughter-in-law (woman speaking) (S8, Hi)
hutsiN	<i>n.</i>	1. grandmother (paternal) (T) 2. mother-in-law (wife) (T) 3. grandchild (son's children) (Hi) ure hutsi , [his mother] mother-in-law (wife) (T)
huu baganai	<i>v.</i>	make arrows (E)
huu êre	<i>n.</i>	bow (wooden)(T)
huu kosop[iN]	<i>n.</i>	matches (Rob <hw gosop>; cf. gosoviN, <i>n.</i> fire drill (M)
Huu Ogwê		Bear River (<i>lit.</i> wood river) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Guyo Ogwê
huu paga[N]	<i>n.</i>	arrow (<i>lit.</i> wood-arrow) (T)
huu sive	<i>n.</i>	plane (tool; <i>lit.</i> saw wood) (Rob)
huu tsapaguxia	<i>tv.</i>	saws wood (SGE)
Huu Tsapaguxia	<i>n.</i>	Mosquito Park (<i>lit.</i> saw wood) (SGE)
huu tsika	<i>n.</i>	saw (tool; <i>lit.</i> cuts wood) (Rob)
huu wanih	<i>n.</i>	axle (E)
huu wov[iN]	<i>n.</i>	crate (<i>lit.</i> wood box) (E)
huu yugwikungk[V]		get wood (E)
huu"	<i>co mb.</i>	wood (S 139.8 ; SG); <i>var.</i> hoo"; <i>cf.</i> huupe
huuchuchiH	<i>n.</i>	little bird (T)

huuchuH	<i>n.</i>	bird (T) [huuchunee, <i>pl.</i>] (T) huuchun dua , baby bird (E) huuchuren , birds (E)
huugwigap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	birch (Sh)
huuja	<i>n.</i>	sage chicken (<i>Centrocercus urophasianus</i>) (SGE); var. huusha (Hi)
huuk	<i>n.</i>	collar bone (T); Hi has: huukum
huuku	<i>v.</i>	whistle (T); syn. gusi-
huukuna[']	<i>n.</i>	quiver (for arrows) (S); Sh also has: hógen
huupe (huupita)	<i>n.</i>	wood (Geb, S)
huupi witua	<i>n.</i>	barrel (E); E also has: ban awe, lit. water vessel
huupim baa witua	<i>n.</i>	rain barrel (E)
huupiN (huupita)	<i>n.</i>	stick (SG), wood (T); tree (S 96.5, 97.2), stick (S 21.4) sur tu'iape be huupit yakw , that boy took his own stick (SG)
huupitam bui	<i>n.</i>	knot (in wood; lit. wood's eye) (E)
huuta bosiwap[i]	<i>n.</i>	carpenter (E)
huutsikah	<i>tv.</i>	saw (T)
huuwihu	<i>exp</i>	thank you (T)
huuza	<i>n.</i>	pheasant (T)
huva	<i>n.</i>	beverage (coffee, soup, tea) (Hi); brewed coffee (E); soup (Hi) sa huv[a] , broth (E)
huvia (-i)	<i>n.</i>	song (H)
huviagandEN	<i>n.</i>	song owner (Sh), song composert (C)
huwarara		grasshopper (E)
huzirua	<i>n.</i>	shin (Hi)
i	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	ah! (S 15.5, 21.2, 105.6, 113.1, 184.6, 116.3)
i-		here (S); demonstrative stem of proximity (SM); ik, here is; iwait, in this way

Iakar[eH]		one of the three large [Eastern Shoshone] tribes (Sh)
id wait		right this way (SG); just in this direction (SM)
igê	<i>int erj.</i>	oh no! (S 10.4, 54.6, 54.2, 54.6, 1144.3)
ihwaihu		this way (Hi)
ii'i	<i>int erj.</i>	meaningless sound representing oozing (SM)
ija	<i>co mb.</i>	1. comb. var. of isha, wolf/coyote/deceive 2. n. wolf (S 178.2); <i>syn.</i> bia ijape; <i>cf.</i> isha
ijape (ijapa)	<i>n.</i>	coyote (<i>Canis lestes</i> , <i>C. nebracensis</i>) (S, SM); isha- is used in compounds; <i>var.</i> izape (M)
Ijapem Bêdenec	<i>n.</i>	the Pleides (<i>lit.</i> coyote's daughters) (Sh)
ijapingke	<i>tv.</i>	deceive (SM) ijapingken , he deceives (SM)
ike		here is (SM, T)
im mia	<i>v.</i>	gallop (Rob)
ire soondeN		more than (T)
ireeN	<i>pro n.</i>	they, them (very close) (T)
ireN	<i>pro n.</i>	he, she, it, her, him (very close) (T)
ireweh		about (E); <i>syn.</i> êreweh
Isawea	<i>n.</i>	Washakie Needles (<i>lit.</i> coyote penis) (SGE)
Isawea Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	South Fork of the Greybull River (<i>lit.</i> coyote penis river) (Sh)
isha	<i>co mb.</i>	1. refers to wolves or coyotes 2. deceive; <i>var.</i> ija (E) isha waipe, foxy woman (Hi)
isha paa ma nateso'	<i>n.</i>	strychnine (isha, coyote + paa, water + ma, with it + nateso', medicine) (Rob)
isha so'and[eN]		betray (E) [isha suwandeN ?]
Isha Wea		Washakie's Needle (<i>lit.</i> coyote penis) (SM)
Isha Wea Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Greybull [creek] before canyon (<i>lit.</i> coyote penis creek) (Sh)
ishamp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	1. lie, mistruth (Rob; Hi; <ish-amp>; (Geb) <e-shem>) 2. liar

ishanai	<i>iv.</i>	lie, tell a mistruth (Rob; <isham>); <i>cf.</i> ishanai, <i>iv.</i> lie (C)
Ishanekar[eN]		Wolf Dance of the Horn Packers (Sh)
Isharu'a [Mea]	<i>n.</i>	April (coyote birthing month) (Hul); syn. Dahman Mea
ishasuwand[eN]		deceitful (E); var. ijasuwandeN (E)
ishat[eN]	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	by word (used by men only) (Hi), exclamatie (man speaking) (E); syn. ekira'a
ishavêka	<i>tv.</i>	fool, trick (Hi); cheat (E); var. ijavêka (E); <i>cf.</i> izavingke, trick/deceive
isheN		this is (SM); demonstrative of identity (followed by subjective case) (SG); <i>var.</i> ish, is is ne' ganhiva'in , this is what I have for a house (SM) is nawáipa , one or the other? (SG) ishi ja , this is good (SM) ishem besh , this is all (SM)
ishende[N]		he is [a] (S 140.5)
isiat	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	ah! (S 29,4, 11.9)
isinde	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	ah! (S 16.5, 14.5)
itsi paa		vinegar (Rob)
itsi''	<i>adj</i> .	sour (Rob)
ivi	<i>adv</i> .	nearby outside, down here ((SM)
iwait	<i>adv</i> .	in this way (SM)
iwunduduk	<i>adv</i> .	this very way (direction or manner), thus (SG)
iya(i)	<i>tv.</i>	to watch, look out for (SM; "generally with the prefix gu-, of unknown meaning gu'iyawape , scout (SM) hina iyêkant , caretaker (E)
yaikand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	caretaker (E; iyê-)
iyakwa		is it this side? (Hi)
iyap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	jerky, dried meat (Hi); E has: inyap[eH],, iyamp[eH]

		(E)
iyeng		next to, by (Hi)
iyuta		in: Baa Iyuta, Paiute; Iyuta, Ute
Iyutaanee	<i>n.</i>	Ute Indians (SGE); <i>var.</i> Yuta (SGE)
izape	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of ijape, coyote
izavigapeH	<i>adj.</i>	misled, [deceived] (T)
izavingke	<i>tv.</i>	[trick, deceive] (SM); <i>cf.</i> isha vêka, trick/fool
jish	<i>n.</i>	cheese (E)
ma	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	1. on (S 12.8, 20.8) 2. instrumental: with, by means of; with (comitative) (SG); <i>cf.</i> ma'i, with (comitative) huu m[a] mê wiyudzin , he brings it with a stick (SG) beng gasama , with his wing (S 117.2)
ma	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	third person pronoun for referents in sight (objective case only); may refer to any number (singular, dual, plural); <i>cf.</i> u [maN, pos.] mam bía naigu , big side of (S) gê ma hanire , don't [do it] (T3) ma gúp haint , from out of here (SG)
ma pitsuk[u]	<i>n.</i>	gloves (Mor <map-tsook> and Rob V>); mittens or gloves (Geb)
ma vatatagi	<i>iv.</i>	clap hands (E)
ma yaa'a	<i>v.</i>	lift [hand] (Rob); <i>cf.</i> da yaa'a, lift foot
ma'aixw	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	with (S 133.5)
ma'i	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	with (comitative); <i>var.</i> ma'ê ne dza e ma baavi miar , I will go with you Older Brother (SG)
ma''	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	hand
maanangkw sogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	big country (lit. far country) (Rob <man nunk so-gwp>) [does this mean 'territory' or 'vast?']
maanangkw(a)	<i>adv.</i>	away (far) (S); <i>cf.</i> maanakw(a), far away/on the other side of (C)

maanangkwar[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be far off (Rob); be beyond (E) u manangkwar, beyond X (E)
mafinan'	<i>n.</i>	cascade (series of waterfalls) (E)
maga	<i>dv.</i>	feed (SG); feed a child (T), give to eat/drink (T) [maka, dur.] sure suvê u viizim mwaganu , s/he then gave her/him milk (T)
magamengkend[eN]	<i>n.</i>	cinnamon (E)
magande (magandi)	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	some (T) magandi ne viizi nyiwaingke , bring me some milk (T)
magant	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	toward (E) e magant , coming toward you (E)
magewa	<i>tv.</i>	sharpen (T)
magijoin[eN]		crumpled (E); cf. yovinjakêreN, gijoi
magisêku		crush, pulverize, squeeze (T)
magwanduvi	<i>tv.</i>	fold, wrap up, roll up (T); bundle, fold, fold up (E)
magwêha	<i>tv.</i>	touch (T)
magwêyuiN	<i>tv.</i>	disarm (E)
magwêyuind[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	disassemble, take apart (E)
mágwíjonái	<i>tv.</i>	save (S); cf. makwishunai, <i>tv.</i> save © magwíjonáinu , saved him (S 117.5, 106.9)
magwíru'wa	<i>tv.</i>	squeeze, wring (T)
magwítsaiyu		nourish anger (T)
mahai	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	reference to war and raiding wánda te mahaihúndu , will go after poles (S 189.6)
mahai joaihwai	<i>iv.</i>	go on the warpath (S)
mahai mia	<i>iv.</i>	go to war (Sh)
mahai mia huvia	<i>n.</i>	going to war songs (Sh)
mahaimyaki	<i>n.</i>	horse stealing raids (Sh)
mahoi		1. around, encircling (perimeter) (M, H) 2. v. get around (E)

		wazi mahoi , creeping (E)
mahoihe		stalk (T)
mahwi	<i>tv.</i>	knock down (E)
mai aihainkin		amused (E)
mai'k		at will (E)
maigengke	<i>v.</i>	in: da remaigengke, make charge
maik		allow (E)
maiku	<i>ptc</i>	<i>var.</i> of mêku, well maikusen , well (S 189.2)
maise	<i>tv.</i>	follow, accompany (T) u mwise , follow/accompany X (T)
maiten	<i>co mb.</i>	external maiting káru , outside of it (S)
maitengkaH	<i>adv</i>	outside (T); <i>cf.</i> maitengkaH (G)
maitengkat[eN]		external (E)
maiwaN		maiwangkant, impressive (E)
maiwangkand[eN]		impressive (E)
mayahaingku		dispel sadness (T)
maka	<i>pron.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of mareN, he/she/it; <i>var.</i> mak
maka	<i>dv.</i>	dur. of maga, give to eat; give (Rob) ne vui maka , give me (some) money (Rob) ne vungku maka , give me (a) horse (Rob)
makar	<i>adv</i>	hither, to here (SM)
make	<i>adv</i>	there (near) (T)
mambi	<i>n.</i>	bobcat (Rob)
managi	<i>tv.</i>	avoid (E) u managish , avoid it (E)

managwas[eN]		farther (E)
managwates[eN]		further (E)
manaigi mando'êxendeN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	fifteen (Sh); var. mainigit mando'ingket (Hi)
manaigi semamo	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	fifty (Sh)
manaigiteN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	five (in counting) (T)
manaigites[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	five (quantity) (T)
manaikê	<i>tv.</i>	measure (Hi); cf. manaka, manaki
manaka	<i>tv.</i>	weigh, [measure] (Rob); cf. manaki
manakai	<i>tv.</i>	imitate, copy (T, Hi, E) nem[i] manaki, imitate a person (Hi) du mwnakair[eN], imitator/copy cat (E)
manaki	<i>tv.</i>	measure [by hands] (T); span (T); cf. manaka, manaikê soape xate manaki , hand to opposite shoulder (T) berai manaki , armspan (T) moi manaki , hand span (T)
manangkwar[eN]		across (E) 2. <i>tv.</i> exceed (E) u manangkwar , exceed X (E)
manavia	<i>tv.</i>	in: da manavia, pick up
manaxu	<i>adv</i>	far (T)
mandeN (mandeti)	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	some of (S 13.2, 18.3, 30.9), some of it (S); some, part of (C)) [mandeti/mandi, obj.] beme mandena , of the one of them that (S 149.4)
mandu		on (S 4.4, 5.3, 7.1, 107.5)
manetsexena	<i>tv.</i>	tie to (S) u manetsexenánu , tied herself to it (S 89.7) <c>
mangku		with (S 134.7, 132.1)
mangkw		on (S 68.7, 22.1)

maniga	<i>n.</i>	ring (jewelry) (T)
maniH	<i>tv.</i>	cross (S) maníxw , crossed (S) mamanixangkw , while crossing (S; 55.5) manixangkw , crossing (S; 36.9)
manixi	<i>iv.</i>	come across (S, E) manixíts , [after s/he] come[s] across (S; 64.5)
mant		superior locative: on (SG); <i>var.</i> want
mantu		against (S)
mapeH	<i>n.</i>	palm of hand (Hi)
mapeti		flip (E)
mapo	<i>n.</i>	gloves (E)
mar		along (S)
maragwar[eN]		far (E) diviji mwanagwar , far away (E) marangwar u van , far above (E)
marahên		devastate (E)
marahwi	<i>tv.</i>	push, push over, knock down (T) u mwarahwihi , knock it over (T)
marain[V]		injure (E) nee maraihimp , injury (E)
marangkw	<i>adv</i>	far away; beyond (SG) nuun dugu egachi marankw nahán , probably indeed now far away he has traveled (SG) gugwaiyegwed u marangkw , two buttes beyond (SG)
marangkwareN	<i>adv</i>	beyond (SM)
marani	<i>tv.</i>	harm (T)
marasevap[eH]		flapjack (E)
mareeN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	they (removed, but in sight) (T)
maregiH		put it away (Geb <mah-raig-e>); degi (Hi); <i>cf.</i> maregiH, <i>tv.</i> put away/put, place (C)); probably from:

		ma, it + regi, place/put; degi
mareN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	he, she, it (S); he, she, it (removed, but in sight) (T) [maka, <i>obj.</i> ; makaN, poss.]
marenaduingk		announcement (E)
maresuyup[eH]		domestic (E)
marexi	<i>tv.</i>	put away ((Rob)
maroingke	<i>tv.</i>	discriminate (prejudice) (E)
maroingkep[eH]		except (E)
marúganehwak	<i>adv</i>	when it gets dark (SG)
masavok	<i>n.</i>	gloves (Rob)
maseangke	<i>tv.</i>	plant (T); cf. maseangke, to plant (G); cf. seangke"
masekande	<i>tv.</i>	raise, look after (T)
maseveki	<i>n.</i>	fingers, middle fingers (T; Geb <mah-se-week>; Mor <mo-she-wic>)
masiN		in: weamasi, breech cloth
masin?	<i>exp</i>	what is it? (T)
masiro	<i>n.</i>	finger nail (T); claw (E); T has masirowa'
masiro wetêka		finger nail polish (E)
masumwai'e	<i>tv.</i>	bother, push around (T); E has: masunê
masumwaihi	<i>tv.</i>	bother, disturb (T)
masunai		harass (E)
masungka	<i>tv.</i>	feel with hand (E) u mwasungka, feel it (E)
masungke	<i>tv.</i>	feel with hand (Rob) ma masungke , feel it (Rob)
mato	<i>iv.</i>	crawl (Hi, E); cf. matooH, crawl on hands and knees (M) sape fa mato, crawl on belly (E)
matoko	<i>n.</i>	thumb (T)
matotoikih		hitch hiker (E)
matoxiN	<i>iv.</i>	crawl (S)

		u matoxingku , while he was crawling (S; 152.7)
matsahwi	<i>iv.</i>	flinch (E)
matsichuga		fore finger (E), [tip of finger]
matsichuga navop	<i>n.</i>	fingerprint (lit. finger ? mark) (E)
matsichugan gaz[u]		fingertip (lit. tip of finger's end) (E)
matsikai		flick (E)
mavand[eN]		above (E)
mavangke		aboard (E)
mavani'		cross the river (E)
mavaratagin		applaud (E)
mavêyu'		get by (E)
mavija	<i>tv.</i>	clean up (E) [with hands?]; take care of, care for (E); decorate (E)
mavijik		in: diviji mavijik, emphasis (E)
mavijiyangkungk		available (E)
mavogi		in: newen mavogipeH, dummy
mavoiyap		develop (E)
mavon zia		knuckle (E)
mavuruip		damage (E)
mavénuki	<i>iv.</i>	run away from someone who is visible (SM)
mawêgwa'a		rings (S 139.6, 162.1)
maweriyah	<i>tv.</i>	spill, pour out (T)
mawi	<i>tv.</i>	knock over with hand (E)
mawinza	<i>n.</i>	wrist (T)
mawinzoko	<i>n.</i>	bracelet (T); var. mowinjok[o] (E)
mawunagk		front (E)
mayaki	<i>tv.</i>	hand over (T)
mayereki	<i>tv.</i>	frighten (T)
mayuwa	<i>tv.</i>	combine (T) we mayuwa , mix (T)
mayuwi	<i>tv.</i>	press, push down (T)
mazane		stretch out hand (T)

mazogai'	<i>tv.</i>	crush (E)
mazogaixu	<i>tv.</i>	crush, crumble (T)
mazokaku	<i>tv.</i>	press in, dent (T)
mazuv		clasp (E)
me	<i>pron.</i>	you, your (S)
mê		this (S); quotative particle (M); thus (SM); "occurs in connection with [verbs] of thinking and saying (SG); <i>var.</i> mę (SM: vowel is nasal) mê da negwin , that's what people say (SM) hivijo mê sua , Old Woman thinks (SG) ijape mê u nekw , Coyote said it (SG)
mê kuremes		alright (S); chk 95.1, 96.6
mea hup[i]	<i>n.</i>	calendar stick (<i>lit.</i> moon stick) (Sh)
mea tevop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	calendar (<i>lit.</i> moon paper) (E)
mea vêgandis		moons (?) (S 188.2)
mea zuwangk[V]		lunar eclipse (E)
mea'' (-i)	<i>n.</i>	moon, month (T) [final feature may be geminate] mean devihant , half moon (E)
mêats	<i>adv.</i>	thus indeed (SM); <męats>
mêdanigwip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	approval (E)
mee	<i>tv.</i>	do by hand (SM); do, act, shape (SG); cf. mee", pl. of yegwi, do (C)) hagai meexant? what are you doing? (S)
Meetavê	<i>n.</i>	Monday (T); syn. Naziripa Ravê
mehe bia		biggest (S; 17.?)
mekaN		naini mekan , cost (E) nani mekant , illegal (E)
mekinjahan		horned toad (E)
mêku	<i>interj.</i>	well (S); <i>var.</i> maiku, mêkw mêkúremes , well (S 113.3)

		maikusen , well (S 189.2)
mêkuge	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	well, now you can ... (S 69.2, 85.3)
mêkugende	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	then you (S 38.7. 49.1)
mêkúndemas	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	alright (S 78.5, 91.8, 93.6, 55.1)
mêkure	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	well then (S 10.2, 42.5) mêkúremes , well (S 113.3)
mêkurumas?	<i>exp</i> .	okay? (T)
mêkw	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	well, now ... (S 44.7, 50.2); all right! (SM); ready! (S dis); <i>var.</i> maiku, mêku ene mekw , you all right! (SM)
meme	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	you (S) [meme, <i>obj.</i>]
memi	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of meme, you
mênaiyeme'		as though (E)
mêshoN	<i>n.</i>	cricket (SGE); syn. nêgichurum; cf. maishoN, Mormon cricket (M)
mewasiya	<i>n.</i>	breechclout (E)
mewe	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	your (S 9.3, 75.5, 10.5)
mezewi'a	<i>n.</i>	Rocky Mountain whitefish (SGE)
mia	<i>iv.</i>	go (<i>sing.</i> and <i>pl. subj.</i>) SM) [mimiaH, <i>dl. subj.</i>] (M); may be used as a secondary verb) ure mimiak we' duu wu['i]nax , as they are going along they see a black spot (SG) us sur we suka wasepet[e]ng kanhit ure[:] naro'engke mia , it is he who is now going to those game animals' house to tell them (SG) mimiáyú , [they two] went (S 60.2), was going (S 75.1) surux sut sena ge'mwar mimiar , the both are walkers beside those quaking aspens (SM)
miagwainda		lived and was around (S 86.9)
miandeN	<i>iv.</i>	go walking (T; <miya->)

miángki	<i>tv.</i>	take after (S) o miángkis , took after him (S 103.2)
miaper	<i>n.</i>	goal (SM)
miat[eN]		exodus, [departure] (E); hike (E)
miauxu	<i>iv.</i>	walk (T; <miya->)
michi		var. of mitetsi, close/near (E)
miichis	<i>adj</i>	close (SG)
mimiaH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of mia, go
minjo		curl, tangle we minjo, curl (E) nawai mwinjowe', entangle (E)
mitaH	<i>n.</i>	small tick (T), wood tick (Geb)
mitetsi	<i>adv</i>	1. close, near (SG; T, E) 2. close call (E); S has: mitutsi, not far away (S 45.2; <-d->); var. michi (E)
mitotse u vuinin		analyze closely (E)
miyu'a		break unexpectedly (E)
mo mwan zai'		holding hand (lit. grasp with hands) (E); cf. na zai'
mo re zika		hand saw (E)
mo zai		handshake (lit. grasp hand) (E)
mo'ats[i]"	<i>adj</i>	bitter (Rob <mo-ats>, Mor <mo-ats>); cf. muha mo'ats kamant , bitter tasting (Mor)
mo'o (moi)	<i>n.</i>	hand (S 188.1; T) moi manaki , hand span (T)
moape	<i>n.</i>	son-in-law (T); <i>var.</i> munape (Sh)
mochu wesengka		anguish (E)
mogotse	<i>n.</i>	bag (T)
moha gwanat	<i>n.</i>	western tansy mustard (<i>lit.</i> smells like moha) (<i>Sophia ochroleucia</i> , <i>syn.</i> <i>Descurainia pinnata</i>) (SGE)
mohyuN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	door (S; 140.4); cf. muhyuN, <i>n.</i> door (M) [momohyu, <i>pl.</i> ; momohyuna, <i>pl. obj.</i> (M)]
moi manaki		hand span (T)
moich	<i>tv.</i>	cherish (E)

moitsepikai		noisily (T) moitsepikai yaixi , go noisily into (T6)
mojof[e]	<i>n.</i>	beak, bill (bird) (E)
mopho	<i>n.</i>	mosquito [short for: muupoho] (SM)
mophopivit	<i>n.</i>	the mosquito (generic) (SM)
mos	<i>n.</i>	mustache (T)
mots gwana		body odor (unpleasant) (E)
mots gwanar[eN]		bad odor (E)
motso[N]	<i>n.</i>	beard, whiskers (Mor <motēs>; Geb <mon tso>); var. mozo (E); <i>cf.</i> mochoN, beard/whiskers (M)
moviN	<i>n.</i>	var. of muviN, nose
movishi		in: movishi wanap, handkerchief (E)
mowaihus		assimilation (E)
mowiyat		emigrate (E)
moxagwana	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (<i>Cupinus argenteus</i>) (SGE)
moyatik		clasping hands (E)
mozai		congratulate (E)
mozom pêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	catfish (lit. fish with whiskers) (E)
mozoN	<i>co mb.</i>	var. of motsoN, beard/whiskers (E)
Mozon Daivohan Dawn	<i>n.</i>	Cody (lit. Bearded Anglo's town) (E)
muape[H]	<i>n.</i>	rations (Rob, E), commodities (E)
Mudza	<i>n.</i>	South Pass (<i>lit.</i> mountain sheep) (Sh)
mudza	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep (archaic) (Sh)
mudzam bia	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep ewe (Sh)
mudzambia (-i)	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep [ewe] (S 179.4)
mudzambian du'a	<i>n.</i>	mountain sheep lamb (E)
mufi	<i>n.</i>	var. of muviN, nose
muga	<i>n.</i>	limb (S 71.4, 72.2)
mugagandēN	<i>n.</i>	[having branches] (SM) gê mugagant , branchless (SM)
mugwa	<i>n.</i>	soul (Sh); personality (Sh); "soul, hangs around, becomes a dzo'ap" (Sh); soul (dwells between the eyes);

		returns to the Creator after death; not the same as ego or personality) (Hul)
mugwa		knot in timber (E)
Mugwa Nakan		Heaven (lit. soul + na, be ?) (E); Dza SogopeH
mugweti	<i>v.</i>	bump, move (T)
muha	<i>adj</i>	sour (T); bitter (Rob); Rob also has: <mo-ats>
muha gamande[N]	<i>iv.</i>	[taste] sour (T); taste bitter (Rob)
muhoora	<i>v.</i>	root around (T)
mui	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we (dual inclusive) ourselves (SM)
muj (muja)	<i>n.</i>	mouth (of sack) (SM)
muka	<i>tv.</i>	cock a gun (E, Mor <ma-moo-cun> and Rob <ma moon cun>)
mukitsoihe	<i>tv.</i>	kiss (T); syn. muraihi
mumbich	<i>n.</i>	owl (generic) (SM); <i>var.</i> mumbitse
Mumbich Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Owl Creek (SGE)
Mumbich Ogwên Doyap	<i>n.</i>	Wind River Canyon (<i>lit.</i> owl river mountains; "did not go along it" (Sh)
Mumbich Ogwên Doyavi		Owl Creek Mountains (<i>lit.</i> owl river range) (SGE)
mumbitse	<i>n.</i>	owl (T); <i>var.</i> mumbich
munape	<i>n.</i>	son-in-law (Rob, Sh); <i>var.</i> moape (T), munapits[i] (Mor)
mungk[u]	<i>n.</i>	gwitsumunk , cow (T)
munhavi		stooped (Sh)
mup	<i>n.</i>	bangs (E)
muparaifuindeN	<i>iv.</i>	be prone (T), be face-down (E) muparaifuinde havi , lie face down (T)
mura	<i>tv.</i>	blow away (SG); blow (40.4, 40.9) sure we u riasuas u naru'engken, "déa=nets iwant muvishich aakur ure[:] muraxw," us sukur u naru'engken u riasuas, now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have

		blown them out to a distant place," that is what he was telling/relating (SG)
muraihai	<i>tv.</i>	kiss (Hi); var. mutêhê (E); syn. mukitsoihe na mwurênt , kissing (E)
musarowend[eN]		freckles (E)
Musharongka	<i>n.</i>	a cliff in a canyon in the Fort Bridger country that looks like a house (Sh)
musikwa		hood of a cradle (E)
musipe	<i>adj</i>	sharp (T)
musotoi		horse snort (E)
musupih		inhale (E)
Mutavai'i	<i>n.</i>	Saturday (Hi, E); syn. Da MuipeH
mutsiwi	<i>n.</i>	white fish (Rob; Mor <mate-se-we> = [mêtsiwi])
muungki	<i>n.</i>	monkey (T)
muungki rekap{eh}	<i>n.</i>	banana (lit. monkey food) (E); syn. bagan dekapeH
Muunhavi	<i>n.</i>	a famous warrior and herald (S dis)
muupoho	<i>n.</i>	mosquito (T); var. mopho
muura	<i>n.</i>	1. mule (English, mule) (Rob) 2. donkey (Hi)
muurewixa		stuffed up (nose) (T)
muverai'	<i>iv.</i>	bloom (E)
muvi rotak		bloody nose (E)
muviN (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	nose (S); nose, snout (SM); var. moviN, mufi (T), moviN (Rob, E) ne moving kup , into my nose (S 41.2) be moving kup , into his nose (S 39.1)
muvin dutanV	<i>iv.</i>	have a nose bleed (Rob)
muvindainde[N]	<i>n.</i>	nostril (<i>lit.</i> nose-hole) (T) [muvindarawunee, <i>pl.</i>] (T)
Muvinjawais	<i>n.</i>	Poke-in-Noses, a men's society in friendly competition with the Aan (Horn Pokers) (S dis)
muvishi	<i>iv.</i>	to blow one's nose (SG, E) [muvis, imperative] (T) déa nets iwant muvishich aakur ure[e] muraxw,

		I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them (SG)
muvishi rotsi wan[a]		kleenex, [facial tissue] (lit. blow nose + ? + cloth) (E)
muvize	<i>tv.</i>	suck, suckle (T) [muviza ?]
muvototogi		bubbles (E); cf. bototogi, buigijichigi baa muvototokin , bubbles of water (E)
muwainir[eN]		forage (E)
muzi	<i>n.</i>	point, diamond shape (E)
muzivaH	<i>tv.</i>	sharpen (T) we muzivah , trim/sharpen (T)
muziwat[e]		blunt (lit. no point) (E)
na	<i>ptc</i>	reflexive and correlative (like unto, similar to) (SM) [nana-, reciprocal; unlike other prefixes, na- takes primary stress]
na garer[eN]		var. of garereN, chair
na goishoi gahni	<i>n.</i>	bath house (E)
na hanir[eN]		something done] soo na hanir , extensive (E)
na nerêgwazina		babble (E)
na onángkwa	<i>adv</i>	on each side (S: 99.3)
na ratsumíxw		doubled his knee (S; 37.1)
na sombonêt		humble (E)
na sumbarund[eN]		be familiar (E)
na suwangke		ego (E)
na ut[u]		giveaway (E)
na utumian[a]		hand-me-down (lit. hand out) (E)
na wegia	<i>tv.</i>	encounter (E); cf. wegia, meet
na za towan[V]		knotted damu na zatowan, knotted muscles (E) soo na zatowan, knotted (E)
na zaik[V]		holding hands (E); cf. mo mwan zaik[V]

na zapui''		exhibitionist (E)
na zika[eH]		amputate (E)
na'ax	<i>pos tp.</i>	between (S)
na'aya	<i>adv</i>	downhill (S)
na'iyê'		beware (E)
naa''	<i>iv.</i>	get (S), become (M); <i>var.</i> nahaN
naafai semano	<i>nu m.</i>	sixty (Sh)
naafait[eN]	<i>nu m.</i>	sixteen (Hi)
naafaiten	<i>nu m.</i>	six (in counting) (T)
naafaites[eN]	<i>nu m.</i>	six (quantity) (T)
naagwêshi	<i>n.</i>	squash (T)
naakaN	<i>iv.</i>	exist, live (H), stay (C))
naakandeN	<i>iv.</i>	be existing, living (E)
naamawadzuwit semano	<i>nu m.</i>	eighty (Sh)
naanape	<i>n.</i>	lower back (T)
naápu	<i>v.</i>	went through (S 42.8)
naaroihu	<i>iv.</i>	urinate (T)
naatawanu	<i>iv.</i>	yawn (T); <i>cf.</i> Mor <et-tam-num> and Hi <ee tah wah> = itawa
naavits totsima	<i>n.</i>	handkerchief (T)
nadzêtowit	<i>n.</i>	double-ball shinny (Sh); <i>cf.</i> Geb <nah-se-pe> = [nadzipi], ball
nadzipopi	<i>iv.</i>	pole vault (<i>cf.</i> wupi, to jump) (SG)
nadzohemp	<i>n.</i>	champions (Sh)
nadzónekap	<i>n.</i>	bead dance: "build a big fire – men and women get together – two women get dancing, pretty soon they fall down, they cover those two up – they were supposed to be dancing up and down" (Sh)
nadzúndza	<i>n.</i>	formal battle (Sh)

naifa <u>ind</u> [eN]	v.	drizzle (E)
na <u>aurani</u>	tv.	stack up (T)
na <u>fê</u> 'iyug		be even (E)
na <u>fêga</u>	adv	evenly (T)
na <u>fêga u reze</u> '	tv.	divide, apportion (<i>lit.</i> separate it evenly) (T)
na <u>fêga</u> wepax	tv.	split, divide (evenly) (T)
na <u>fêga</u> wexa	tv.	chop, split off (evenly) (T)
na <u>fêgande</u> N	adj	even (T), equal (E) [is there a /begaN/ ?] gê nyafêgande , uneven (T)
na <u>fêsh</u> [eN]		exactly, the same (E)
na <u>fêtu</u>	tv.	trade, exchange (T)
na <u>fum bui yegwi</u> '		cross-eyed (<i>lit.</i> two eyes sitting across) (E); syn. wêgi vuireN
na <u>fumbuind</u> [eN]		cockeyed (E)
na <u>fu</u> N	<i>co mb.</i> , <i>iv.</i>	1. comb. apart, into pieces, rambling (E); 2. iv. come apart (E) [nanafuN, rdp.] nanafum bo'i havir , crooked road (<i>lit.</i> road lying crooked) (E)
na <u>fun derevin</u> [a]	tv.	cross-examine (<i>lit.</i> cross ask) (E)
na <u>funa</u> '	iv.	fall apart (E)
na <u>fund</u> [eN]		criss-cross (E), cross (E)
na <u>fungko</u>	tv.	break in half (E)
na <u>fungkofi</u> 'akw		break apart (E)
na <u>funzakeraxu</u>	tv.	pull apart in bits (T)
na <u>ga ape</u>	n.	step-father (Hi)
na <u>ga pia</u>	n.	step-mother (Hi)
na <u>gaha</u>	n.	half, half-way through (Sh)
na <u>gaha rua</u>	n.	step son (<i>lit.</i> half son) (Sh)
na <u>gaha vêde</u>	n.	step daughter (<i>lit.</i> half daughter) (Sh)
Naga <u>raza Mea</u>	n.	1. June (<i>lit.</i> half summer month) (Sh) 2. September ("half warm, half cold") (Sh, Hul); syn. for September:

		Yeva Mea
nagare	<i>n.</i>	chair (Geb); <i>var.</i> degareH, garer[e]
Nagatúsia Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Powder River (Sh)
Nagatusia Ogwên Doyavi	<i>n.</i>	Big Horn Mountains (<i>lit.</i> Powder River's mountain range) (SGE)
nagegi yuina	<i>v.</i>	cut themselves (S; 95.8)
nagetsaip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	charge, [cost] (E)
nagetsaixan	<i>n.</i>	debt (T): Sh has: nagatsaxan
nagitsai	<i>dv.</i>	owe (Hi)
nagoiyánu	<i>v.</i>	stick (S 165.3)
nagopo	<i>n.</i>	brand mark (Mor <nag-o-po>)/; E has: nagopop, horse brand [perhaps ref.s to the brand mark; cf. /dang kopopeH/, someone's brand]
nagoshamwo	<i>n.</i>	basin (Hi; <naw go shaw ough>); E has: nagwoishoi'o
nagotood	<i>n.</i>	woman after bearing first child (S8)
naguna	<i>iv.</i>	duck (E)
nagungkuhaind[eN]		erratic (E)
nagust[i]	<i>n.</i>	[gun] powder (Rob <na gwt tu>); <nah-goots> (Geb, Mor, Rob)
naguwangki		cowering (E)
nagwa	<i>iv.</i>	wrestle (SG, Sh); <i>cf.</i> nagwehe ege taga raux nagwar , we two alone will wrestle (SG)
nagwadayingkwi	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp., a sweet pine used for pitch (SGE)
nagwait[eN]		impulsive (E)
nagwaka	<i>v.</i>	got (S 65.8, 66.6)
nagwehe	<i>v.</i>	wrestle (Mor <nay-gwoo-han>, Rob <naggw hin>); <i>cf.</i> nagwehe, wrestle (C)), nagwa, wrestle
nagwi	<i>n.</i>	cedar (Sh, E)
nagwihwi	<i>tv.</i>	cedar, [bless with cedar smoke] (E)
nagwitixuN	<i>tv.</i>	fight (T) sari nakwin , dog fight (E)
nagwoishoi	<i>iv.</i>	bathe (E)

		huuchu nagwoishoi , bird bath (E)
naha suwa		inconvenient (E)
naha'		emergency (E)
nahagu	<i>adv</i>	about the center of (S)
nahai	<i>adv</i>	yonder (SM)
nahaiyu		in: wazi nahaiyu, conspiracy (E)
nahaki		body language (E)
nahaN	<i>iv.</i> , <i>tv.</i>	become, do (S); act, fetch, travel, approach (SM); act in a certain way (SM); happen (Hi); do, conduct (E); var. naa [nanaha, <i>rdp.</i>] (S) nahángku , [while s/he] become[s] (S 24.3, 130.3) naharu'i , [will] make (S 184.5); <náharúwih> nahats , [after] he go so (S 136.3) nanahánu , got (S 74.5) suk hugapit soongk nahán , fetch more of that aspen (SG) nuun dugu egachi marankw nahán , probably indeed now far away he has traveled (SG) nahap , happened (Hi) dza nahap , got well/recovered (E)
nahan zapagi	<i>iv.</i>	stick together (T); cf. dzapaki, cling/stick
nahand[eN]		condition (E)
nahanit	<i>n.</i>	gambling game (S 24.6, 24.5)
nahap[eH]		event; crisis (E; "said with description"), [situation, context]. fact (E), fault ("your fault") (E) newe nahap , culture (E) un nahap , evidence (lit. it's happening) (E)
nahapuind[eN]		evolve (E), [develop ?]
nahar[eN]		common (E); cf. yuuN
naharo'i		impending (E)
nahawari		desperate (E)
nahawari'		hopeless (E)
nahimbe	<i>v.</i>	give out (T)
nahinêhê		donate, collect (Van)

		nahinêhê nekape , give-away ceremony (<i>lit.</i> donating or collecting dance; Van)
nahiwin		give out (E)
nahoigit		environment (E)
nahwa	<i>adv</i>	together (SG; togheter (of two things); var. nahwai (Hi)
nahwait[eN]		1. alike (E) 2. consist (E) 3. crew (E)
nahwaites[eN]		same (T; <nawhaytes>)
nahwaitu		couple (E)
nahwauwekoikarengke	<i>v.</i>	pile together, lean on (T)
nai''	<i>tv.</i>	make (S); make out of (SM) naitu'i , will make (S 11.2) nainu , made (S 11.4) sogo naip , the ground that he made (S; 183.2) saki nais , made into [a] boat and then (S 150.7) pemeng kanhi naite'i , what you will make your house of (SM)
nai(t)	<i>pot sp.</i>	from (S); away from, out of (SM; <i>syn.</i> with -went) i náit , from this way/side (S 18.4) ba['a] náí , from above (S 2.3) baa nai , upstream (from the water) (SG)
naifi	<i>n.</i>	girl (T); <i>cf.</i> naiyeN, young girl (H); <i>var.</i> naya, nai'its[i] (Mor), nêêfi (T) ege naifi , teenage girl (T)
naigu	<i>pos tp.</i>	on/at the side of (S) mam bía naigu , on the big side of it (S)
naika		in: dembai naikan, cliff (E)
naiki	<i>n.</i>	belt; var. nêki
naingke	<i>v.</i>	made (nai, make + -ngke, applicative) (S 187.7)
naini mekan		cost (E)
naini pananê		gloat (<i>lit.</i> one's self + ?) (E)
naini panatsi		braggart (E), conceited (E)
naini pidengke		argue (E)
naini shumbanai	<i>tv.</i>	believe to be true

		gê u naini shumbanai , doubt it (E)
naini''		having to do with one's self; think; opposing
naipa		both (SG)
naivichi	<i>n.</i>	young woman (Hi); girl (E)
naiwetsewiteN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eight (in counting) (T)
naiwetsewites[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eight (quantity) (T)
naiyafuN	<i>adv</i> .	downward (T)
naiyafundeN		down (T); E has: naiyafuin[deN] , downward
naiyíkw	<i>iv.</i>	walk around (S 183.2)
nakaiti		whereabouts gê nakaiti sumbanaint , be disoriented (E)
nakakwai		in: bêshun nakakwai , elapse (E)
nakandeN	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in (time to come) (T) watsuwi ravê nakande , in four days (T)
nakare	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in the space of , [in X amount of time] (T); between (E) baha[i]n davê nakare , in three days (T8)
nakêr[eN]		in: gê naini nakêreN , invaluable (E)
nakois	<i>v.</i>	wash face (T)
nakw		be the matter (S 154.1)
nama		on one's self nama we támas , tied on himself (S 95.5)
nama		conceal (E)
nambe (-ta, -i)	<i>n.</i>	1. foot (S; T) 2. trail, tracks (S) u nambe nangkw , the one at his feet (S 19.6) ure namburu , on their tracks (S 41.8)
nambewat[eN]		barefoot (E); syn. batsi raserere
nambishiya		? (T)

		bahu nambishiya , cigarette butt (T)
namihe	<i>n.</i>	younger sister (T); <i>var.</i> nami (Sh, Hi)
namp	<i>n.</i>	shoe, moccasin (Sh)
namwasuwa	<i>n.</i>	clothes (T, Hi)
namwasuwax	<i>v.</i>	wear clothes, put on, don clothes (T)
namwazai'i	<i>v.</i>	join, connect (T)
nan		nothing; nothing much (SG); nothing (S 9.2); S has: nanh nan suwait sukwent suwait , indifferently/just the same (<i>lit.</i> thus as-there from-thus) (SG)
nan zutsugwan		elderly (E)
nan[a] wanasoin		ashamed (E)
nana wêhant		burn out of control (E)
nana'un		beaten (E)
nana''	<i>ptc</i>	reciprocal (SM); cf. na, reflexive [final feature may be geminate, nasal, or none]
nanafuind[eN]		back and forth (E); every which way (E); flip flop (E); <i>var.</i> nanafond[eN] (E)
nanafuna'		break up (E)
nanag		in heat (E)
nanagwunt		competition (E)
nanaif		all the directions (Sh)
nanákuhéngken		get someone beaten (S)
nanakwa		lose (T)
nanakwena	<i>v.</i>	compete (T); contest (E)
nanambuipeH	<i>n.</i>	footprint (T, Hi)
nanandeN	<i>adj</i>	all kinds of, every kind of (SM)
nanangka		audible (E) gê nanangk , inaudible (E)
nanapavi	<i>n.</i>	two brothers (Sh; <-b->)
nanaper		nothing, isn't anything (Hi)
nanarawi	<i>n.</i>	younger and older brother (SM); they're all brothers, younger brothers and older brothers (SG)

nanarepe[H]		fake (E); insignificant (E)
nanasúangken		good to do (S 7.6, 5.9)
Nanasuwugaind[eN]		God (E)
nanatua		father and son (Sh; SM)
nanatunas	<i>adv</i>	in a relay (SM)
nanavêgangk		all the same amount (SG)
nanaxía		"it makes it look as if" (Hul)
nanazutsugwanu	<i>n.</i>	parents (T)
nand shao	<i>n.</i>	saddle blanket (Sh), Geb <noun da-som> [nandasom]
nanda	<i>adv</i>	maybe (S dis)
nandapunde[N]	<i>adj</i> <i>adv.</i>	1. adj. different (T); all sorts (SG) 2. adv. in every way (SG)
nandar[eN]		apart (E)
nandshapsangkhe	<i>n.</i>	cinch (on saddle) (Sh); cf. nazaneke, cinch (E)
náne-	<i>pre</i> <i>f.</i>	myself (SM)
nanew[e] (nanewi)	<i>n.</i>	relative(s), kin (SM, Hi E) [nanewenee, pl]
nangk[i]	<i>n.</i>	ear (SM); <i>var.</i> nêngki (T)
nangka sumbaru	<i>tv.</i>	comprehend, understand (by hearing) (E)
nangka suwaN	<i>iv.</i>	feel like listening to (T) [with pronoun + ma] Wêhandi gê ve ma nangkas uwangku , but the fire didn't feel like listening to her (T)
nangka[H]	<i>iv.</i>	hear (SG; T); make a sound (T); understand (Rob) [nanangka, rdp.] en nánngkanurak , might hear you indeed (SM) bia nangka , be noisy (T) gê re nangka rogwê suwangka , stubborn, skeptical (<i>lit.</i> not consider correct what is heard) (T3) nia en nangka , I understand you (Rob) en nia ma nangka , you understand me (Geb) gê nanangka' , inaudible (E)
nangkahêku		hearing (T)

nangkahi	<i>v.</i>	listen (S 145.7, 124.5); pay attention (E); eavesdrop (E)
nangkaihêhe	<i>v.</i>	listen (T)
nangkaiku	<i>v.</i>	hear (T)
nangkakande[N]	<i>tv.</i>	hear, obey (T)
nangkandeN	<i>iv.</i>	sound like (T) bazoki nangkande , sound like dripping (T)
nangkapiza	<i>tv.</i>	obey (Hi)
nangkaseme	<i>n.</i>	earring (Sh); syn. nangkishimo
nangkat		in between (E) u nangkat , in between X (E)
nangki gaz[V]	<i>n.</i>	ear lobe (E)
nangki harotohwaku	<i>v.</i>	plug up one's ears (T)
nangki onafi	<i>n.</i>	ear wax (<i>lit.</i> ear salt) (T)
nangki we para		ear muffs (E)
nangki yenzi'		ear ache
nangki yuhu	<i>n.</i>	ear wax (E)
nangki ziningka		ear plugs (E)
nangki zurutugin		buzzing in ear (E)
nangkihi'		hear (E)
nangkishimo	<i>n.</i>	earring (Hi); syn. nangkaseme
nangkiwate[N]	<i>adj</i>	deaf (T, Geb)
nangkw(a)		before, in front of newe nangkwa , in one's way (E)
nangkwaseN		next to (S), before (T); <i>cf.</i> nangkw(a) u nangkwas , next to X (S 179.1) ewe nangkwas , before you (T2)
nani mekand[eN]		illegal (E)
nanichaf		ignorant or insulting person (E)
naniha	<i>n.</i>	name (T)
nanihani	<i>iv.</i>	argue (Hi), bicker (E)

		nanihand, [arguing] (Hi)
nanihaxandeN	<i>iv.</i>	be named (T); <i>cf.</i> nanihaxandeN, <i>iv.</i> be called (H)
nanikoiH	<i>iv.</i>	laugh (<i>pl. subj.</i>) (M) [yahnai, sing. subj.; nayahnai, dl. subj.]
nanimep[eH]		expense (E)
nanipanatsih	<i>v.</i>	boast, brag (T); Hi has: nanipana; var. nainipanatsi (E)
nanishundai	<i>v.</i>	pray (T) [may have nasal or geminate final feature]
Nanishundai tevope	<i>n.</i>	Bible (<i>lit.</i> pray-book) (T, E)
nanishundaingkin[a]	<i>n.</i>	prayer (Sh; [-ndê-]); syn. nanishundaipeH (Hi)
nanishundaip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	prayer (Hi); syn. nanishundaingkina
nanishúnduhaiN	<i>v.</i>	pray (s; T) nanishunduhaingku , pray[ing] to (S 183.5) nanishúnduhaingkingku , will pray [for] (S 190.6)
nanitoin[a]	<i>n.</i>	argument (E)
nanituin[a]	<i>n.</i>	controversy, quarrel, [argument] (E)
nanituixu	<i>iv.</i>	argue, quarrel (T)
nanivui		[criticize]
nanivuain[a]		critic (E)
naniwatsewit mando'ingkent[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eighteen (Hi)
naniwatsewit[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eight (Hi); var. naniwetsewiteN (T)
naniwêgia		echo (E)
naniwêgiah		answer (T, E)
nanpenang		one after another (Hi)
nanwai		engage (E)
naosep	<i>n.</i>	meal, flour (Rob) hanivit naosep , corn meal (Rob)
napinan	<i>adv</i> .	back to back (E); var. nafinan (E)
nar	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	through, between (SG); <i>cf.</i> naru, in the middle of u nár , through it (SG)

nara''	<i>co mb.</i>	compacted, compressed]
narafuwamp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	carton (E)
narak	<i>n.</i>	caps (ammunition) (Rob, Mor <nar-rac>) êngka narak , caps (Geb) dembi narak , flint (for gun) (Geb)
narakenax	<i>v.</i>	crowd in on (T)
narakisêpe		smashed (T)
narakwina'		coil, coiled (E)
naraN		noisy (T) gê nyarang karexi , sit quietly (T)
narana	<i>pos tp.</i>	about (a topic) (S) narana sundamánu , think of (S 165.6)
narangkwish	<i>tv.</i>	braid him (Rob); <i>cf.</i> dangkwishi, <i>tv.</i> braid (C)
narapopi		excitement (E)
naratigi		sitrrup (Mor <nar-a-tig-gy> and Rob <nar a tig gy>)
naratoixa		crowded (people) (T)
naratsekixa		crowded (things) (T)
narawowenden	<i>adj</i>	striped (T)
narayar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	Ghost Dance, a social dance, "like dragging about" (S dis); round dance or Ghost dance (S8)
narêga	<i>n.</i>	cologne, perfume (E) newe narêga , Indian perfume (E)
naregip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	grave (E; Sh = narigip)
naregir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	burial, funeral (E); have a funeral(E) naregir , funeral(E) naregire , have a funeral(E)
narei		tell, inform; var. narui
nareichi	<i>n.</i>	blabber-mouth (E; naru-)
nareigi		confide (E; naru-) u naruigi, confide (E)

nareingke		inform, instruct (E) u re naruingken , information (E)
nareingki	<i>tv.</i>	advise (E)
naremui	<i>dv.</i>	tell about (S) u naremú[i]nu , told about him (S 23.8)
naremuingki	<i>dv.</i>	tell (S) u naremúingkina , told him (S 93.3)
naremwa	<i>tv.</i>	exchange (E)
naremwa kahni	<i>n.</i>	store (T); <i>var.</i> naremwang kahni
naremwakV	<i>dv.</i>	sell (T); sale (Sh: narênwak)
naremwep[eH]	<i>adj</i>	bought (E)
narena	<i>v.</i>	asked (S 69.1); <i>cf.</i> narea, <i>tv.</i> ask for (C)
nareno	<i>n.</i>	saddle (T); Mor has: <nair-e-no> which suggests [nêreno]; <i>cf.</i> narorigita
nareno bamp[i]	<i>n.</i>	saddle horn (<i>lit.</i> saddle head) (Sh)
narere		horse races (E)
narerêp[eH]		labor (E)
naresokombe	<i>n.</i>	body (T)
narevop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	design (<i>lit.</i> marked/written
narewend[eN]		be worth, be valued at so much soo naruwent , expensive (E)
narezer	<i>n.</i>	body count (E)
naria ane	<i>iv.</i>	to faint (SG) naria anexw , he fell in a faint (SG)
naria hivir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	drunkard, alcoholic, heavy drinker (E)
naria navuind[eN]		hideous (<i>lit.</i> frightening looking) (E)
naria nesengka		danger, dangerous (E); eerie (E)
naria suangke	<i>tv.</i>	esteem (<i>lit. lit.</i> cause to think fearfully of) (SG) u naria suangkent , (he) esteems him (SG)
nariachi		furious(E); horrible (E)

nariaN	<i>co mb.</i>	bad, dangerous, serious
narian dakav[i]	<i>n.</i>	blizzard (E)
narian navui		grotesque (E)
nariand[eN]	<i>adj.</i>	dangerous (SM), ferocious (E); bad (S); rough (Rob); stern, strict (Tid); acute (E), gruel (E) [nanáraind, <i>pl.</i>] (SM) diviji nariant , brutal (E) gasagant nariand , [a] winged creature are dangerous (SG) gakasagand nana'riand , winged creatures are dangerous (SG)
nariang kwanar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	ammonia (lit. smells strong) (E)
nariangkande[N]		bad (S)
naroi	<i>iv.</i>	defecate (S) naróivenu , defecated (S; 71.9)
naroingke		explain (E) andapun u naroiingke , false information (E)
naróiyahats		struck by accident (S 14.1)
naropai		fight (E)
naropain	<i>v.</i>	fist fight, box (Hi)
naroranu	<i>tv.</i>	meet (T)
narorigita	<i>tv.</i>	saddle (Rob, Mor); cf. nareno
naru	<i>pos tp.</i>	in the middle (Rob <wn ack> and <wn nar.w>; cf. na'aka, in the middle/middle (C)); cf. nar, through/between u naru , in the middle of it (Rob)
naru'êngke		tell, relate (SM); T has: naroiingke us sur we suka wasepet[e]ng ganhit ure[:] naro'êngke mia , it is he who is now going to those game animals' house to tell them (SG) sure we u riasuas u narui'engken , "dêa=nets iwant muvishich aakur ure[:] muraxw," us sukur u narui'engken u riasuas , now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them out to a distant place," that is what he

		was telling/relating (SG)
narui		tell, inform; var. narei
naruk		bait (E)
Narukavishê	<i>n.</i>	Black-Faced Ones (Sh)
narunasendain		hollow (E)
narunowaind[eN]		bareback (E)
narur[eN]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	on [the] other side (S) u unárur , on the other side of it (S 8.9, 39.2)
narutáx	<i>v.</i>	was tied up (S 88.3)
naruwí		in: sogopeha naruwin, land owner
nasa		can't be, couldn't be (Hi)
nasata	<i>n.</i>	comb (Rob)
nase ma'ogi		assembly of (E)
nasemai		bunch (E)
nasemait[eN]		group
nasep		? (Rob) nasep simaga , saddle cinch (Rob)
nasep simaga	<i>n.</i>	cinch (on saddle) (Rob)
nasepêh	<i>n.</i>	basketball (E)
nasetua	<i>n.</i>	kick ball race, or the ball for this race (Sh)
nasigi	<i>n.</i>	fringe (Rob); cf. nazigeya
nasigi ehe	<i>n.</i>	shawl (<i>lit.</i> finged blanket) (Rob)
nasii''	<i>iv.</i>	urinate on one's self (Hul)
nasoi'		embarrassed
nasoi[eN]		shy (E); syn. nasuwai'e
nasokaruN	<i>iv.</i>	be sweating (Sh)
nasokarung kahniha[n] dêgwa	<i>n.</i>	headman of a sweat lodge (Sh)
nasoko kahni	<i>n.</i>	sweat lodge (T)
nasoko''	<i>iv.</i>	sweat (T); var. nasuku'' (E) nasoko kahni , sweat lodge (T)
nasokon dembi		lava rock (<i>lit.</i> rock sweated) (E); syn. dembi wêhap
nasuant[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be ashamed (<i>lit.</i> self-think) (Rob); syn.

		nasuwê'entpeN]
nasukV	<i>n.</i>	hook (Rob); E has: nazun, nazuing[kV] bêngkwi nasuk , fish hook (Rob) natsun , fish hook Geb)
nasunavoin	<i>n.</i>	attire (E)
nasundamwaH	<i>tv.</i>	remember (T, Hi)
nasunde[ng] gahni	<i>n.</i>	church (<i>lit.</i> prayer house) (Rob)
nasunsap	<i>v.</i>	abuse, tease (Rob); <i>cf.</i> gwicheH, abuse
nasuwa wóixwainá	<i>tv.</i>	think of (S 159.6; -wa- supplied)
nasuwai'e		shy (T); syn. nasoif[eN]
nasuwait[eN]		band (E)
nasuwaizine	<i>tv.</i>	forget (T); <i>cf.</i> <nah shoo-et-se>, forget (Geb) and <shoo-wat-sun>, forget (Mor) gê nea ma nashunde , I will not forget (Mor <kay-ne-a-ma-nash-shun-dam>)
nasuwê'ent[eN]	<i>adj.</i>	ashamed (Rob; <nash u unt>; Mor <nash-u-un>); syn. nasuwai'e, shy (T) [the T form for 'shy' suggests nasuwê-, and the Rob and Mor forms suggest an abbreviation: nashu'-, which would be a contraction of the fuller form]
nata popi		hop (<i>lit.</i> ? + jump) (E)
nata''		in: nata popi, hop (E)
nateso	<i>n.</i>	medicine (drug, medication) (T); var. natsu (Hi, E)
nateso gahni	<i>n.</i>	hospital, [clinic] (Hi)
nateson dênape[H]	<i>n.</i>	doctor, physician (E)
natsatemwa	<i>n.</i>	door (Rob; <naz-zat-dwm-a>; Sh, E)
natsatoya	<i>n.</i>	door (SM); <i>cf.</i> nazarimwa
natsitiye	<i>n.</i>	comb (Mor <nat-so-te-yeh> and Rob <naz sid tw yi>)
natsowapi	<i>n.</i>	doctor (T)
natsukV	<i>n.</i>	hook (Mor); <i>cf.</i> nasuk, hook and natsun, hook
natsun	<i>n.</i>	fish hook (Geb <nat soon> = [natsun]); <i>cf.</i> nasukV, hook and natsuk, hook; <i>cf.</i> azu
natushu	<i>n.</i>	fetishes (Sh)

navagaN	<i>n.</i>	cartridge, [bullet], [arrowhead] (Rob, E); bullet (Geb <nah-vah-gah>, lead or balls); <i>cf.</i> navagaN, <i>n.</i> bullet, arrowhead (C); <i>cf.</i> bata êri
navagana	<i>n.</i>	bullet mould (Geb; <nah-vah-gah nah>)
navaidi		six [?] (S 188.3); <i>cf.</i> navai, each (M), navaishi, later on (C)
navajêint	<i>n.</i>	loose woman (polite term) (Sh)
navana waipe[H]	<i>N.</i>	lady (lit. proud woman) (E)
navana''	<i>co mb.</i>	proud, arrogant
navanaihi	<i>iv.</i>	show off (T)
navanatsi	<i>n.</i>	arrogant person (E), show off (E); fancy (E)
navanatsih	<i>adj</i>	proud (T)
navanavait[eN]	<i>adj</i>	proud (Rob)
navandes[eN]		excuse (E)
navash[eN]		both [at the] same time (Hi)
navatai		divorce (E) navataip, divorce [noun or past tense ?] (E)
navê		that's how (S 75.6)
navêgand[eN]		balance (E)
navêkush	<i>pro n.</i>	both (SG)
navêsh[eN]	<i>adv</i>	together, at the same time (SM)
navêsha	<i>adv</i>	later (Hi)
navêyug		adjacent (E)
navida''	<i>adv</i>	back (S) navida bui , look back (S)
naviregend[eN]		battle (E)
navirengke	<i>tv.</i>	battle (E)
navirengke sogop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	battle ground (E)
navisha''	<i>v.</i>	to paint (Geb; <nah bist-aie>); <i>cf.</i> bisha'', paint

navishê		in: dzaa navishê, after a good while
navita		backward (SM)
navitingke	<i>iv.</i>	have a fight (S); Mor <nav-e-ting> = [naviding-], to fight); <i>cf.</i> navishengkaH, <i>v.</i> fight(C)) návitíngkes , we will have a fight (S 189.9)
navop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	picture (Hi); film (E); identification (E)
navuhiêip	<i>n.</i>	soul which has since rather faded from consciousness and which has partly been re-interpreted (Sh)
navui'		face-to-face (E); image (E)
navuihi	<i>n.</i>	window (T)
navuijapera		curtain (E)
navuikan[deN]		visible (E)
navuin		expression (E) sogopeha navuin , landscape (E)
navuina	<i>n.</i>	looking glass, [mirror] (Geb <nah-boo na>); description; <i>cf.</i> navuitsi
navuindeN	<i>iv.</i> , <i>n.</i>	1. <i>iv.</i> look a certain way (T) 2. <i>n.</i> view (Rob) ditse navuinde , ugly (T) dza navuinde , beautiful (T) dzan doyahavi navuint , view of the mountain (lit. good mountain view) (Rob)
navuishaiH	<i>v.</i>	dream (S; 189.2; -i- supplied); var. navushap (Hi)
navuishaipeH	<i>n.</i>	1. dream (E) 2. power dream, vision of power (Hul)
navuitsi	<i>n.</i>	view (Rob), looking glass, [mirror] (Rob); painting, [likeness] (Geb); <i>cf.</i> navu[i]na, mirror
nawa ma wanwêg		assemble something (E)
nawa narein[a]		confession (E; naru-)
nawa nuki		flee (E)
nawagaN	<i>adv</i>	back and forth nawagan devoH, to correspond (E)
nawagan devoH		correspond (lit. write back and forth) (E)
nawagots[i]	<i>n.</i>	baggage (E)
nawai mwinjowe'		entangle (E) <i>cf.</i> nawaing kwêshi

nawai naakandeN		community (E)
nawai nakand[eN]		cohabitante (E)
nawai niwen		conversation (lit. two talking together) (E)
nawai ogi	v.	assemble (E); huddle (E); var. nawa'ogi (E) nawai ogik , assembly (description) (E)
nawai ogik		assembly (description) (E), gather together (E)
nawai tuwes		identical (E)
nawai yo'a		ingredient (E)
nawai''	<i>co mb.</i>	each other (E); [allied, together, mutual] [nanwai, rdp.] (E) nanwai , engage (E)
nawaing kwêshi		entangle (E); cf. nawai mwinjowe'
nawaipa		one or the other (SG) is nawaípa , it is one or the other (SG)
nawaish[eN]		get together (E)
nawait[eN]	<i>n.</i>	alliance (E), together (E)
nawanavoin		in: andapus nawanavoin, disguised (E)
nawandeN		connect (E)
nawandesênwan	<i>tv.</i>	attract (E)
nawanna zatawan	<i>tv.</i>	attach (by affection) (E)
nawarahing[k[e]		accident (by anything) (E)
nawararaihi		accident (own fault) (E)
nawarewah	<i>n.</i>	lid, top (T)
nawarong[ke]		get out safely [avoid accident] (Hi)
nawasoi vui	v.	glance (E)
nawasoih	<i>adv.</i>	suddenly (unpremeditated) (T); hurry (Hi)
nawasoiind[eN]		eager (E)
nawawu'i	<i>tv.</i>	try (SM)
nawe	<i>n.</i>	wheel (T)
naworo'ihoiN		shake blankets in a circle (SG); cf. Sh: nawarorho'en, shake robe (a disease ridding act) (Sh)

		naworó'ihoindo suk damen dia dam béka einjí'enen, (let us) shake blankets in a circle because/that our friend was killed long ago (SG)
nawu'i	<i>v.</i>	resemble; look around; be looking at something (indefinite) (SM) Gwinya Dza Nawu'ini, Bird Good-Looking (SG)
naxant		than (S) neme naxánt, he is than us (S 161.3)
naxía		played (S 24.7)
naxiano		then (S 7.4)
naya	<i>n.</i>	handle (of shield) (Sh)
naya	<i>n.</i>	girl (S; Sh); <i>var.</i> naifi
naya		after (?), along (?) (S)
naya	<i>tv.</i>	track (Hi)
nayaganteN		mistakenly (SG)
nayahan		hand (Sh)
nayahnê''	<i>iv.</i>	laugh (<i>dl. subj.</i>)
nayahwê	<i>v.</i>	play the handgame (Hi; <na yea whey>)
nayahwind[eN]	<i>n.</i>	hand game (E)
nayahwint	<i>n.</i>	handgame (Sh)
nayanirogo	<i>n.</i>	scorpion (Hi)
nayanugi	<i>tv.</i>	hunt for a track (S 33.2); <i>cf.</i> nayaa, <i>tv.</i> track (M)
nayi	<i>v.</i>	live (SM)
naza'angkwandeN		roll (T)
nazai		handle (lit. grasped) (E)
nazakwisha	<i>tv.</i>	bind (E)
nazapui'		appear (E), examine (E)
nazapuifun[deN]	<i>n.</i>	appearance (E)
nazarimwa	<i>n.</i>	door (Hi); <i>cf.</i> natsatoya
nazatemwa	<i>n.</i>	door (T)
nazatugêr[eN]		elastic (E)
nazaturupai	<i>v.</i>	stretch self (T)

nazawêhu	<i>n.</i>	oriole (Hi)
nazi temwa	<i>tv.</i>	jail, lock up (T)
nazi temwa gahni	<i>n.</i>	jail, prison (<i>lit.</i> shut up building) (T, Hi)
nazi temwangkand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	inmate (<i>lit.</i> locked up person) (E)
nazigeya		fringe (E); <i>cf.</i> nasigi
Naziripa Ravê	<i>n.</i>	Monday (Hi); <i>syn.</i> Meetavê
nazitiyai'	<i>n.</i>	one's own comb (T); E has;: nazituyê; <i>cf.</i> dzitiyê, comb gwinyang kuhman nazitiyai' , rooster's comb (T5)
nazitiyêhe	<i>n.</i>	a comb (T); Hi has: nazireyê
nazitiyêkande[N]	<i>adj</i>	combed (T), not shaggy, not uncombed (T)
nazito		cane (E)
nazituwan		case, carton (E) gwinya noyo nazituwan , egg carton (E)
nazituwemp[eH]		canned (E)
nazituyê	<i>n.</i> , <i>tv.</i>	1. <i>n.</i> a comb (E) 2. <i>tv.</i> to comb (E)
nazivo	<i>tv.</i>	cane (to use a cane) (Hi)
nazomoyog	<i>n.</i>	a social dance serving as a prelude to sex; a more refined name for this is nazonekar (S dis)
nazonekar	<i>n.</i>	more refined name for nazomoyog (S dis)
ne		must (S 91.4, 93.4, 63.8)
ne	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	I, me, my (S; SM; T) ne wag , to me (SM) ne egitsi tavê netsikwa , I am sick today (T7)
ne tezai		brace (from ground) (E); <i>cf.</i> de tezai
ne'e	<i>n.</i>	testicle (SG)
Neai Mea	<i>n.</i>	Windy Month (last part of March) (Hul)
neai suwai		gust (E)
neai suwaifuinde		breezy (T)
neai''	<i>iv.</i>	blow (wind); <i>cf.</i> neê'', blow (wind; M) neai rungk , in the wind (E)

neaipuindeN	<i>iv.</i>	be blowing (wind) (T)
neaite[N]	<i>n.</i>	wind (T)
nee kumba'		fatal (lit. killing one) (E)
nee maraihimp[eH]		injury (E)
nee puki	<i>v.</i>	fan one's self; cf. de pukê, fan someone
nee sungkan		feeling (E)
nee tsokap[eH]		dented (E); cf. dzokapeH, dent(ed)
neewai		bore, boredom (E)
neewaixu		bored (T)
negent	<i>n.</i>	goose(<i>Branta canadensis</i>) (SGE); goose (Geb <ne-gan-dah>); cf. negendaN, <i>n.</i> goose (M)
nêgichurum		circket (E); syn. mêshoN
nehi	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	us two (S 75.6)
neka gahni	<i>n.</i>	dance hall (E)
neka[H]	<i>iv.</i>	dance (SG); cf. nekaH, <i>iv.</i> dance (M)
nekana	<i>tv.</i>	cover (T); cf. -kenaH, cover (C) dzangku nekanakande , well covered (T15)
nekapeH	<i>n.</i>	dance, ceremony (Van); round dance (Sh); var. nekareN hukama nekape , chokecherry ceremony (refers to harvest, but a reminder of foraging; ceremony of plenty and thanks for food; Van) nahinêhê nekape , give-away ceremony (<i>lit.</i> donating or collecting dance; Van) dzi dzaka nekape , pointing ceremony/stick dance (Van; cf. dzi, with a pointed instrument; dzaka, break)
nekar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	dance (Sh); S has: nikar; var. nekapeH
nekawap[i]	<i>n.</i>	dancer (E)
nêki (-a)	<i>n.</i>	belt (S; 159.5); var. naiki
nekovi''	<i>tv.</i>	bang up (E) nekovip , banged up (E)
nekovijo		crash and burn (E)
nekumbaxu	<i>iv.</i>	fall down (T)

nekwerero'	<i>n.</i>	abrasion (E)
nemawa	<i>adv</i>	distrustfully (SM)
nemawashu	<i>tv.</i>	distrust (SM) sur we oyok sik derêtitsa gasagant u nemawashunt, he is distrusting all of the little birds (SM)
nembêjip[eH]		date (E)
nembêshiwai		go on a date (E)
neme	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we (plural exclusive) (S; SM; T) [nemi, <i>obj.</i> ; nemeN, <i>poss.</i>]
neme (-i)		1. person (S) 2. Indian (S); <i>var.</i> newe [nemei, <i>obj.</i> ; nemenee, <i>pl.</i>]
nemeeH	<i>tv.</i>	1. talk about, <i>pl.</i> of negwe (SM) 2. hold council (SM)
nemeN (nemena)		liver (S); <i>cf.</i> nemweN u nemena , his liver (<i>obj.</i>) (S 57.2)
nemenai	<i>v.</i>	create [people] (S) nemenáihandu , will create (S; 182.6) nemenáidu'i , will create (S; 181.5)
némenáket	<i>n.</i>	family (S)
nemereka	<i>n.</i>	cannibal, monster (mythic beings of several sorts, often giants, that ate people) (Hul); <i>var.</i> newe reka (E)
nemewain		include (E)
nemi	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	us (<i>pl. excl.</i>) (S)
nemi[H]	<i>iv.</i>	go around (S) [nenemi, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; yengkaH, <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M)
nemiáiy'ú	<i>v.</i>	move (S 74.1) [nemi, go around + -mi'a go ?]
nemwe	<i>n.</i>	liver (T; original spelling was pausal); <i>cf.</i> nemeN
nenaveh[e]	<i>n.</i>	chest hair (E)
nenavep[eH]	<i>n.</i>	chest (body) (Hi); <i>var.</i> ninap (Hi), nenap (E)
nenembi		dwarf (Sh); pneumonia caused by an arrow shot into one's body by one of these miniature people (S dis); spirit that possesses children (S8); mountain little people, dwarf spirits dressed in old-time buckskin, who

		shoot arrows into a person, fear eagles (Hul)
nenemi	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of nemiH, go around
neneN		nenem bui, gawk (E)
nêngki	<i>n.</i>	ear (T); <i>var.</i> nangk[i] (Sh)
nepai	<i>n.</i>	quirt (whip) (Rob; <nip pa>; Mor <nay-pi>; Hi <nup buy>); cf. neepai, <i>n.</i> whip (M)
nepaingke	<i>v.</i>	give birth (E); syn. newe rewangkane
nerevop[eH]		debt (E)
nesengka	<i>iv.</i>	be a certain way (E); <i>var.</i> nêsungke, nasungka narian nesengka , be dangerous (E) gê ja nesengka , be dreary (E) dza nesungka , enjoy (E) gêjá, dame nêshungken sik dame[n] dia dagutíx , not good, we feel that our friend is somehow shot (SG)
nêshuwaifuint[eN]		breeze (E)
nesosengka		emotion (E)
netemwaxande[N]	<i>tv.</i>	imprison, shut up (T)
netsaga		crash (E; <gow-h>)
netsi kwareyoint[eN]	<i>n.</i>	ambulance (E)
netsi''	<i>iv.</i>	be sick (Sh); ache (E) us tenape netsigwai , that is the sick man (SG) gê ha netsite'i , won't you be sick? (SG) netsitégexant , was sick in bed (S 74.2; <-dz- >)
netsikwa	<i>iv.</i>	sick, painful (T); be sick (T); <i>var.</i> netseka (T) ne egitsi tavê netsikwa , I am sick today (T7) em bongko netsigwin , your horse is sick (Geb)
netsikwareN	<i>n.</i>	sick person (T); hangover (E)
nêvishowa		frill (E)
newaro'a		conceive (E)
newe (newi)	<i>n.</i>	human, person (SM; T); <i>var.</i> neme
newe bahu	<i>n.</i>	Indian tobacco (E)
newe gengka	<i>n.</i>	wild onions (T)
newe haiwo	<i>n.</i>	dove (lit. Indian dove) (E); cf. haiwo, dove

newe nagwar[eN]		front of body (E)
newe naipe[H]	<i>n.</i>	creator (S; 181.7; E); idol (E)
newe rewangkane	<i>v.</i>	give birth (T); syn. nepaingke
newe sogope	<i>n.</i>	agency (<i>lit.</i> Indian land) (Rob) [? does this mean 'reservation' ?]
newe vinai'		follower (E)
newe yaap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	captor (E)
newe yoindpeN]		elevator (E)
newem boambe	<i>n.</i>	skin (of a person) (T)
newen daivo	<i>n.</i>	half breed (Hi); var. newe raivo (E)
newen mavogip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	dummy (<i>lit.</i> person ?) (E)
newenahap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	being (E)
Neweren nikwepeH	<i>n.</i>	Indian songs (T)
neweres[eN]		existence (E)
neweru'ap		be born (E; <doe-ah-p>)
neweva'		kinnikinnick (E; -<vow-h>); var. newe van hu (E)
neweveh[e]sip[e]	<i>n.</i>	body hair (E)
newi jaiwesingken	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (<i>Senelis perplexans</i>) (SGE) [I can't find any genus <i>Senelis</i>]
newi wansowênt[eN]	<i>n.</i>	allergy (E)
newi wepa'ind[eN]	<i>adj</i>	abusive (<i>lit.</i> hits people) (E)
newi yaa		cop (<i>lit.</i> takes people) (E)
newit	<i>n.</i>	humanity, mankind (in abstract) (SM)
nêyafungkuwaiku	<i>iv.</i>	go down (T)
nêyuk		dramatic (E)
ni ishaga		joking (E)
nia	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	I, my (Rob) nia himp, mine (Rob)
nigwa	<i>n.</i>	affection (S)
nigwip[eH]		berate (E)
niha	<i>tv.</i>	name (T) u niha , name X (T)

nihai		call (T)
nikwehe''	<i>v.</i>	sing (S)
nikwepeH	<i>n.</i>	song (T) Neweren nikwep , Indian songs (T7)
nikwi	<i>tv., dv.</i>	say (S); tell (S 84.9), talk about, discuss, say (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (SM); insist (E); <i>cf.</i> nihaniH, talk about/judge (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (C) [neme, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (SM); <i>cf.</i> nimeeH, <i>pl. obj.</i> (C) o nekw , said to him (S) oree nekw , said to them (S 38.9) nikwihúndu'i , must tell (S 82.9) u nekwis , said to him and then (S 99.2) ijape mê u nikw , Coyote said it (SG) mê da nígwín , that's what people say (SM)
nima		vocalize; <i>cf.</i> nima'iki, call or say to (C)), nimagwiji, criticize/scorn (C) bia nima , holler (E)
nimaríngka		jealous (S 137.3)
nimaróingke	<i>tv.</i>	discriminate (discern) (E)
nimbêijênit	<i>n.</i>	loose man (Sh)
nimúíya.ai		no good (S 161.4); <i>cf.</i> nimuuH, discuss or judge them (<i>pl. obj.</i> ; C)
ninai	<i>tv.</i>	call (E)
ninasundawangke	<i>tv.</i>	remind (T, Hi)
ninetsekik[a]		groan (E)
nipêka	<i>v.</i>	guess (Hi); <i>cf.</i> denishuwaiH
nishangke	<i>tv.</i>	belittle (E); criticism (E)
nishendza		worse (S 161.3); <z>
nishumavanángka		can't cross (S; 137.2)
nishuwante[N]		make believe (S; 144.7)
nitea	<i>tv.</i>	curse (E); <i>cf.</i> niteaH, curse (C)
nitói	<i>tv.</i>	scold (S,Hi, E); bawl out (E); var. nitói (Hi); <i>cf.</i> nituhuiH, <i>tv.</i> scold (M) u nitóhin , scolded her (S 29.3) en nia ma nitun , you have scolded me (Geb)

		diviji nito[i]p , cruel (E)
nitoip[eH]		[one who scolds] diviji nito[i]p, cruel (E)
nitúrêgwa''	<i>v.</i>	swear, cuss (S) nitúrêgwad , swore and cussed (S 33.2)
nituuN	<i>tv.</i>	scold (T) nituuundo'i , will scold (T)
nituuene	<i>n.</i>	a scolding (T)
nituwaichik		incite (E)
niuhw	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	we (S 76.7)
niwai	<i>tv.</i>	bring (T) ne suvê sukam biiziya e niwaina e yunahwandoiha , I will scoop that milk for you so you can bring (some) (T)
niwaingke	<i>dv.</i>	bring it for someone (T) magandi ne viizi nyiwaingke , bring some milk for me (T)
niwene[H]	<i>tv.</i>	say (<i>pl. subj.</i>) (S) [yegwi", <i>sing.subj.</i>] niwenina , saying (S 2.5)
niya		belong (E) [ni yaa ?]
niyaê	<i>v.</i>	call in (S); <i>cf.</i> niyahnai, make laugh (C)
no wêki		hitch hike (E)
No'oki	<i>n.</i>	Narkok, Washakie's war chief and interpreter (S dis)
noa	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	1. <i>comb.</i> of noyo, egg 2. fetus (E) [nonoa-, <i>rdp.</i>
noa garer[eN]		fetal position (E)
noa zatoi'		abort (E)
noavekaH	<i>iv.</i>	be pregnant (C)
nogarer	<i>n.</i>	butte (E)
nogitsaixu	<i>v.</i>	miscarry (T)

nogondat[eN]		hump (E)
noha	<i>adv</i>	do in vain (S 113.7, 115.4)
nohai	<i>n.</i>	cards (Mor no-hie>, Rob <no-hi>); cf. nuhi, to play
nohwaites[eN]		both (E; is initial nau? <now->)
noko''	<i>tv.</i>	roast, bake (Hi); bake, roast (in ashes) (E); cf. nokoH, tv. roast/bake (M) nokop, baked/roasted (E)
nonoagandeN	<i>n.</i>	pregnancy (T) guhmanwainde nonoagande , illegitimate pregnancy (T2)
nonvewi'		change house (T)
noo		any (with indefinite) (C)); cf. nu-
noo nareno	<i>n.</i>	pack saddle (Geb); <i>syn.</i> de noo nareno
noo''	<i>tv.</i>	pack (S), pack on back (SM); haul (E); carry, hand (SG); carry on back, bring, take (C)) u no[o]gwats , packed it away (S 17.8) dogwê noovegant , one who carries all he can (<i>lit.</i> all carry-already-owner) (SG)
noofi	<i>n.</i>	hill (T); var. noofiv[i] (Hi), noov[i] (E) noo mant , on the hill (S 107.5)
noogina	<i>tv.</i>	carry on one's back (T) dzoape faungku u noogina , carry on shoulder (T16)
noogo'iH	<i>tv.</i>	take home (<i>lit.</i> pack-go home) (S 72.7); <nogoihw>
noohavideN	<i>n.</i>	ridge (geographical; <i>lit.</i> that which lies like a pack) (SM)
noosiimbe	<i>n.</i>	womb (T)
nooN	<i>adv</i>	then (S 48.6, 8.5, 190.3, 189.3); for some time(C)) noo maren , it will be (then) (S 187.8/9)
noondeês		too (<i>lit.</i> for some time-also) (S 6.7)
noongkoi		for (<i>lit.</i> for some time-?) (S 188.1)
noopide	<i>tv.</i>	arrive carrying (SM)

		u noopidekw , arrived carrying it (SM)
noopidi	<i>tv.</i>	bring back (<i>lit.</i> pack-arrive) (S) u noopidis , brought him back (S)
noovire	<i>v.</i>	make camp (Hi)
noovo'i	<i>n.</i>	lodge-pole tracks (<i>lit.</i> packing road) (S 159.2)
nooyengka[H]	<i>tv.</i>	pack them away (pack-they move around) (S) no[o]yengkas , packed away (S 67.3)
nosar		brittle (E)
notso	<i>n.</i>	nest (Hi); cf. notsoho (-i, -a) (M)
novitangkoi'	<i>n.</i>	hilltop (T)
noviwêni		horse trappings (back side) (E)
nowagande	<i>iv.</i>	pregnant (T)
nowazapaigik	<i>tv.</i>	attach (E)
nowija		for, because (S 12.3)
noyo	<i>n.</i>	egg, testicle (T); cf. noyo, <i>n.</i> egg (M, C) [noa-, <i>comb.</i> ; nonoa-, <i>rdp. comb.</i>]
noyo yuwi	<i>tv.</i>	castrate (T); circumcised (fig. ?) (E) noyo yuwiro'i , will castrate (T)
noyom boambe	<i>n.</i>	egg shells (E)
nu	<i>pre</i> <i>f.</i>	any (with indefinites); var. noo nuhimbê , anytime (T) nuhina , whatever/anything (T)
nu hagaiyun[teN]	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	any place (E)
nu hagani'	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	any how (E)
nu hagap[eH]	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	anywhere (E)
nu hagar[eN]	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	anybody, anyone (E); either (E)
nu himbê	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	any time (E)
nu himbêga'ê	<i>ind</i> <i>ef.</i>	as long as (E)

nua huvia	<i>n.</i>	round dance songs (Sh)
nuewai	<i>v.</i>	balk (E)
nuhai	<i>tv.</i>	lead ahead (Hi)
nuhi''	<i>v.</i>	to play (S, Mor); to play cards (Hi) ba[a] nuhipéingku , who were playing in the water (S 119.1)
nuhimbê'	<i>ind ef.</i>	anytime (T)
nuhina	<i>ind ef.</i>	whatever, anything (T)
nuhuind[eN]		gamble (E)
nuhusuwa	<i>iv.</i>	be playful (T)
nuki	<i>iv.</i>	1. run (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (S), go (S), run (T) 2. get lost, get away (T) [nunuki, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; nuraa, <i>pl. subj.</i>] (M) [final feature may be nasal or geminate) nunuki , [the two] ran (SM) hagapuna nukina? where are (you) going? (T2) ne za nukindo'i , I want to go (T7)
nuki pohakandeN	<i>n.</i>	fast runner (<i>lit.</i> running shaman) (Sh)
nukigi	<i>iv.</i>	run (S 102.5, 101.7), run toward speaker (G); jog (E)
nukiwait		can run (able to run) (S 112.5, 111.8, 103.6)
nukixanteN		can run (good at running) (S 110.8)
nukiyareN	<i>n.</i>	one able to run a certain way] (T) uviraxutsi nukinyare , slow in running (T)
nukup		hoard (E)
numa		let alone, let it be (Hi)
nunuki	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of nuki, run
nuraa	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of nuki, run (SG); <i>pl. subj.</i> of geuhne", run off (SM)
nusai miar[eN]		fellow traveler (E)
nuuN	<i>ptc</i>	maybe (subjunctive; synonymous with wija) (SM) nuu ne , maybe I (SG)
nuundugu		indeed may be (SM); <i>var.</i> dúgnuu

		nuundugu egachi marankw nahán , probably indeed now far away he has traveled (SG)
o	<i>pron.</i>	<i>var.</i> of u, her/him/it
o'ar[eN]	<i>adv.</i>	anywhere (SG); cf. o'ana, adv. there somewhere (C)) gê en o'aren do'êwaixu , you won't go anywhere (Sh)
ogi'		flock (E); cf. nawai'ogi
ogik[V]		crowd (E)
ogikandeN		congregation (E)
ogwê ung ge'mwa	<i>n.</i>	river bank (Rob); <i>var.</i> ogwêng ke'mwa (E)
ogwê''	<i>n., iv.</i>	1. river (SM); river, creek (T) 2. <i>iv.</i> flow (C) ogwê tsa , only the creek (S; 163.3)
ogwêfi	<i>n.</i>	thorn (T)
ogwêr baa rotoihwa		flash flood (lit. running water stream) (E)
ogwêre[N]	<i>iv.</i>	flow (T)
ogwêt	<i>n.</i>	rivers (SM)
ogwêvi	<i>n.</i>	river course (SM, SG); riverbed (Sh); canyon (Sh)
ogwêyeh	<i>n.</i>	porcupine (T); cf. yehneN, porcupine (M) [is this word: ogwê, creek + yehneN, porcupine ?]
oha huchu	<i>n.</i>	canary (E)
oha kavonzinikid	<i>n.</i>	[ragwort, groundsel] (<i>Senecio</i> sp.) (SGE)
Oha Pambi	<i>n.</i>	German (lit. blond head) (E)
oha paziwê	<i>n.</i>	a rose sp. (<i>Rosa fendleri crepin</i>) (SGE)
oha puihwi		money, [gold] (<i>lit.</i> yellow metal) (Sh); gold (T)
Oha Raivo	<i>n.</i>	Japanese (lit. yellow whiteman) (E); syn. Dzapani
oha rawishiwap	<i>n.</i>	salsify (<i>Tragupogon porrfolius</i>) (SGE)
oha tawishiwap	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (<i>Descuriana</i> ; [<i>D. pinnata</i> is the familiar tansy mustard]) (<i>lit.</i> yellow + ?) (SGE)
oha tonziapeH	<i>n.</i>	plant species: <i>Allium reticulatum</i> (lit. yellow flower) (SGE)
oha wanV-		dawn (Mor <o-hah-wan-nen> and Rob <o-hah-wan/n-iggi>)
oha wituaH	<i>n.</i>	brass kettle (Rob); brass or copper kettle (E)

oha yampa (-i)	<i>n.</i>	carrots (T)
oha''	<i>co mb.</i>	yellow (T)
ohai nangkwar[eN]		left (T), left hand (E; ohi ~); cf. dogwê nangkareN, right side
Ohamagwaya	<i>n.</i>	name of the chief before Washakie, who was a Comanche who brought the Sun Dance to the Eastern Shoshone (Sh); "could show what was inside him" (Sh) ; apparently a curer who had eagle medicine]
Ohamupê	<i>n.</i>	Yellow Brows fraternity [<i>lit.</i> yellow noses]; dance of this fraternity (Sh); members had painted cock'scomb hairdo, and contrary behavior (like Lakhota <i>heyoka</i>) (S 18,9)
ohan	<i>int erj.</i>	is it? (E)
ohanavuinde[N]	<i>adj</i>	yellowish (T)
ohasaN		rust (lit. yellow ?) (T, E)
ohasandoi	<i>iv.</i>	rust (T)
ohasandoipe[H]	<i>n.</i>	rust (T)
ohavit pivit	<i>n.</i>	deer fly (<i>lit.</i> yellow fly) (SGE)
ohaviteN	<i>adj</i>	yellow (SM; T has: ohapite)
ohayap	<i>n.</i>	stonecrop, sedum (<i>Sedum stenopetalum</i>) (SGE)
ohna	<i>n.</i>	baby (SG), infant (Sh)
ohna gare	<i>v.</i>	baby sit (E)
ohnan dêgwap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	baby talk (E)
ohnan[a]		infancy (E)
ohnangkap[eH]		crib (E)
ohni vekan[a]	<i>n.</i>	cold (illness) (E)
ohni vekarande[N]	<i>n.</i>	paralysis (<i>lit.</i> suffer from coughing) (T)
ohni yatso'	<i>n.</i>	cough medicine (T)
ohniku	<i>iv.</i>	cough (T); Rob has: ohniki
ohnip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cough (Mor <o-nip>)
omoN (omona)	<i>n.</i>	leg (S); cf. ooN, leg (ankle to knee) (M); <i>var.</i> oo T) e omóna , your leg [<i>obj.</i>] (S 35.9)

		be omóná , his own leg (S 36.3) ne omom bá'aigi , on my leg (S 35.6)
onádzas		young (S 69.7)
onafi	<i>n.</i>	salt (T)
onagaihyu	<i>iv.</i>	salty (T)
onde bambi	<i>n.</i>	brown hair (Hi)
onde buir[eN]		brown eyes (Hi)
onde wera	<i>n.</i>	brown bear (Rob)
onde[N]	<i>adj</i>	brown (Rob)
ondem biha	<i>n.</i>	brown sugar (E)
ondembe[H]	<i>adj</i>	stingy (T) Diga Ondimp , Stingy Ear band (Sh)
ondo waaniH	<i>n.</i>	red fox (Rob)
oninjakan		curve (E)
onungkwa		beyond (Mor <o-nung-wah>)
oo'	<i>n.</i>	<i>var.</i> of omoN, leg
oogi	<i>iv.</i>	assemble, congregate (SM)
oro	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	ouch! (Sh)
osohatu		<i>var.</i> of usehatu, I wonder why
ota		powder (E)
ota viji	<i>n.</i>	powdered milk (E)
otagêt		powder (E)
otap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	powder (E)
ovêsh[eN]	<i>adv</i>	early, earlier (E)
ovêshowas[eN]	<i>adv</i>	earliest (E)
owijakan	<i>n.</i>	arch (E)
owinigant[eN]	<i>adj</i>	left handed (Sh); cf. ohainanwareN, left
oyende[N]	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	all of (Geb), entire (E) ne tivitsi gemangkan oyent , I love the whole (of you)

		Geb)
oyendes[eN]	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	every person (T), everyone (E) oyondes u sumbanaduhande , everyone knows (T8) dame newenee oyendes , we are all Indian people (documentary on Chief Washakie)
oyide	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	everything (S)
oyidis	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	all (S)
oyo nahar[eN]		frequent (lit. happens all the time) (E)
oyokos[eN]	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	all (S); all kinds (Sh); all of us (E); everything (E)
oyoku	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of oyoN, all; <i>var.</i> oyok
oyoN	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	all (S) <oi>; all (SM) [oyoku, <i>obj.</i>]
oyonahan		frequent (lit. happen all the time) (E)
oyoseN	<i>adv</i> .	continually (T), all the time (Rob); always (E)
oyoyondeN	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	all of (S); <oi->
sa	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	there (S)
Sa Nekar	<i>n.</i>	dance of the Aane society (S dis)
sa witua	<i>n.</i>	kettle (lit. boiling bucket) (E)
saatunziaxandeN	<i>n.</i>	buckwheat sp. (<i>Eriogonum concinnum</i>) (SGE)
saavêshi	<i>adv</i> .	long ago (T)
sahova	<i>n.</i>	soup (T); syn. da hova (Hi)
saiki (saiki)	<i>n.</i>	boat (S); <i>var.</i> saki (Rob); Mor says this also means 'bridge'; <i>var.</i> sak[i] (E) sakinait , made into a boat (S)
saip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	bullruhses (E); cf. sairoH, cattail (M)
Saireka	<i>n.</i>	Arapaho Indian (<i>lit.</i> dog eater) (T); (SGE) has: Saaireka
sak'		fin (E)

sakas		keep back (E)
Saki raivo	<i>n.</i>	Englishman (E)
Saki Raivo		French person (E)
sakiroihyu	<i>tv.</i>	remove (T) boamba sakiroihyu , remove husks (T)
saku[H]	<i>adv</i>	there (S); <i>cf.</i> sakuH, there yonder (C)
sakwitsaihi		jerk, spasm (T); <i>cf.</i> dzakwitsaihi, jerk repeatedly (T)
sana waimungk[u]		automobile (lit. rubber vehicle) (E)
sana''	<i>n.</i>	sap, pitch resin (M)
sanakêteN	<i>adj</i>	sticky (T)
sanakwo'		gum (E)
sanangkw		on that further side (SG)
sanap muvuruki	<i>n.</i>	balloon (E)
sanape	<i>n.</i>	rubber (T; sanapi); gum, pitch (E) wongko sanap , pine pitch (E)
sanazakêr[eN]		gummy (E)
sanduk[u]	<i>n.</i>	hangnail (E)
sape	<i>n.</i>	1. stomach (T); abdomen (E) 2. Gros Ventre Indian (<i>lit.</i> belly) (SGE) [sapa, <i>obj.</i> (T)
sape fa'oin		belly flop (E)
sar[eN]		indicate (E)
sara		? (S) ba ne sara sara , carry me across the water] (S; 54.3)
sareeN	<i>pro n.</i>	they (close, but slightly removed) (T)
sareN	<i>pro n.</i>	he, she, it (close, but slightly removed) (T) [sariuhw, <i>dl.</i> ; sareeN, <i>pl.</i>]
sari (-a)	<i>n.</i>	dog (T); <i>var.</i> saari (T); Rob has: <tsah-ray> = [tsarê] [sai-, <i>comb.</i>] Saireka , Arapaho (<i>lit.</i> dog-eat) (T) egech wayunt saria wupá'eni , there are two beating a

		dog (SG)
sari jaiwap[i]	<i>n.</i>	dog-catcher (E)
sari rekap{eH}	<i>n.</i>	dog food (Hi)
sarian netwikwap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	distemper (lit. dog's sickness) (E)
sarihang kahni	<i>n.</i>	dog house (E)
sarinhan namp	<i>n.</i>	club (suite in cards; lit. dog print) (E)
sariuhw	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	those two (S 73.6), <i>dl.</i> of sareN, that one
SasaxuwundeN	<i>n.</i>	dance of the Muuvinjawais society (S dis)
satoN		foamy
satonzi vaa	<i>n.</i>	beer (lit. foamy water) (E)
satonziroi'		foam on water (E)
savu yeze		to fly (E)
savuN		go by means other than one's self savun deheyaro'i go on horseback (E) savu yeze , to fly (E)
savun deheyaro'i		go on horseback (E)
sawa''		in: davê shawa pu'in, hourglass (E)
sawaixu	<i>adv</i>	like that (T)
sawe	<i>iv.</i>	fall (S) [sawewe, <i>rdp.</i>] (S) sawehagiyu , fall (S 4.6) sawéwengine , fell (S 7.3)
sawituah	<i>n.</i>	cooking pot (T)
se kumba	<i>tv.</i>	kick to death (S) se kumbáxwats , kicked to death (S 66.8)
se kweti	<i>tv.</i>	kick (T); E has: sekut[V] = se k[w]ut
se kwetiwap[i]	<i>n.</i>	kicker (E)
se kwêyo		kick off (E)
se tawiki		kick around (E)
se''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of feet
se''	<i>co</i>	cold; cf. setiyeH, die from cold (C)), se suwa, feel

	<i>mb.</i>	chilly (M)
sea	<i>v.</i>	grow (S; T) searo'i , will grow (T) wongkotvit seagar , where pines grow (Rob) seap , grew (E), growth (E) seares , growing (E) se[a]t, grown (E)
seangke''	<i>tv.</i>	plant (E) dewan se[a]ngke , to farm (E)
seap[eH]		grew (E), growth (E)
sêgikigin	<i>n.</i>	blue flag iris (<i>Iris missouriensis</i>) (SGE, E)
segeN	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	sour (M) segegaru , bitter (E)
segeng kamand[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	sour tasting (Rob)
segiipe	<i>n.</i>	leaf (T)
segits[i]	<i>n.</i>	needle (conifer) (T) wongko segits , pine needle (T)
sêgwi kahni	<i>n.</i>	adobe house (E)
sêgwi koih	<i>n.</i>	tripe (E)
sêgwi taind[eN]	<i>n.</i>	marsh, [bog] (<i>lit.</i> mud hole) (Rob)
sêgwi vi'a	<i>n.</i>	"manifold" (S 46.5, 63.5) <i>cf.</i> sêgwi, mud (T) + bia, female OR big u sêgwiví mante , some of its "manifold" (S 64.6)
sêgwipeH	<i>n.</i>	mud (T)
Sehe Ogwê		1. North Fork of Owl Creek (SGE; <i>syn.</i> Dawawisua Ogwê) 2. Trout Creek (SGE) 3. Smith's Fork (SGE)
sehe tukuvits	<i>n.</i>	bobcat (T); Sh has: sirukovich (SGE)
sehe''	<i>n.</i>	cottonwood (Sh); <i>var.</i> sihi (Sh) sehe tukuvits , bobcat (T)
sehero'aw		arched (E)
sehevi (-ta)	<i>n.</i>	tree, willow tree, used for shades, wood (SGE; T); SGE also has: shep, little kind of willow; ferns (brush) (E)

		sehevitan koi' , treetops (T) sehevita we kera , cut down trees (T11)
sehevitang koi		treetops, branches (T)
seka	<i>tv.</i>	adopt (E) ma sekan, adopted X (E)
sem		once (SG); Hi has: <cee whisz> = sihwiz ? "sem" mê yekw , "once" he said (SG)
sema	<i>n.</i>	ace (E) [Is this 'one'?]; dollar (E)
semam biamwo sewore[N]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	ten thousand (T); <i>var.</i> semam biamo semo (Sh)
semamoH	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	hundred (T); <i>var.</i> semamo semanuf (Sh) manigitenmo semanuf , five hundred (Sh)
semanowimi semano	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	ninety (Sh)
semauhin biamo semo	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	one hundred thousand (Sh)
semê	<i>adv</i>	say thus (T); say (S 18.3, 19.7); <i>cf.</i> semai, saying thus (noise, speech) (M)
semê		covered (S; 184.1)
seme neme	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	everybody (S)
seme ro'ingkent[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eleven (Hi)
semê u nenavoi'a		as though (E)
seme'	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	one (in counting), someone (S, T); <i>var.</i> seme'e (S) [semeka, <i>obj.</i>] (T)
seme'		have a bad opinion of gê ja o seme', disapprove of someone (E) dich u seme', disgusted with someone (E)
semekaseN	<i>adv</i>	in one place (T) semekaseng kate , sit in one place (T)
semene[e]		all to pieces (S 72.4, 97.3)

		[all the pieces ?]
semeseN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	one (quantity) (T)
semwese yaixi	<i>adv</i>	suddenly into (T)
semwesem bahaiku	<i>adv</i>	suddenly down (T)
semweseN	<i>adv</i>	suddenly (T) semwesen doixu , suddenly came out (T)
semwo mweminhand mando'ingkend[eN[<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	nineteen (Hi)
semwo mweminhande[N]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	nine (in counting) (T)
semwo mweminhandes[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	nine (quantity) (T)
semwo romop[eH]	<i>n.</i>	decade (E)
semwonde[N]		hand game sticks (E)
semwore semero'êngkend[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eleven (in counting) (T); var. seme ro'ingkent (Hi)
semwore semero'êngkendes[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	eleven (quantity) (T)
semworeN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	ten (in counting) (T)
semworeseN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	ten (quantity) (T)
seN	<i>cl.</i>	emphatic (SG); reflexive (SG); very (SG) [seseN, <i>rdp.</i>] (T) maikusen , well (S 189.2) mê suanekesen dekpa dekán , just the way he thought (wanted to) he ate the food (SG) benes , himself (SG) dames , ourselves (SG) siwaixuse , exactly like this (SG) bêshen dam ma wagant do'ixande'i , already we will come out towards her (SM) gê seseng kwasekande , not yet ripe (T3) dzaandes , very good (SG)
Sena Ogwê'	<i>n.</i>	Quaking Aspen Creek (T)

Senaranden Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Morrow Creek (<i>lit.</i> senaranden, "aspened" + ogwê, creek) (SGE)
senavi	<i>n.</i>	quaking aspen tree (<i>Populus tremuloides</i>) (T; SGE); var. sena (SM) sena gahni , cabin made of aspen (E) surux sut sena ge'mwar mimiar , the both are walkers beside those quaking aspens (SM)
sengkwêp[eH]		horizontal (E)
sengkwêpun	<i>n.</i>	angle (E)
sengkweti	<i>tv.</i>	kick (T)
sepêgande[N]		smooth (T); flat (Rob)
sepêkanixu		flat (T)
seragedángkus	<i>adv.</i>	a little harder (S 154.8)
seseN	<i>adv.</i>	yet (T); <i>cf.</i> gêsheN, not yet (M) gê seseng kwasekande , not yet ripe (T3)
seseniw	<i>iv.</i>	go to sleep (arm, leg) (E)
setsairair	<i>iv.</i>	have the chills (E)
setsaraik		chills (E)
sevaren		chance (E)
sêvê	<i>adv.</i>	there (S 55.4); <i>cf.</i> sêvai, near here somewhere (C)
sewe ruugani		one night (T)
sewen dag[a]	<i>adv.</i>	again (E)
si	<i>co mb.</i>	this (S); demonstrative stem of proximity, here (SM)
si'a	<i>n.</i>	1. feather (T; <siiqya> 0; <i>cf.</i> si'avai, feather (C) vs. siaviN, feather (M) 2. eagle feather (E)
si'ambe		feather(s) (E)
si'arudona	<i>n.</i>	war bonnet (Sh)
sia witua	<i>n.</i>	basket (E)
sia wosa	<i>n.</i>	basket (<i>lit.</i> feather basket)(Rob)
siamp		in: bihi siamp, coward (E)
sigovi tonziap	<i>n.</i>	Mariposa lily (<i>Calochoruts nuttali</i> ; onion-like roots

		eaten) (lit. sego flower) (SGE)
sigovi''	<i>n.</i>	sego (SGE) sigovi tonziap , Mariposa lily
sii havir[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	be bed-wetting (lit. urinate lying down) (E)
sii''	<i>iv.</i>	urinate [M]
siihwakwa		worn out (T)
siimogots[i]	<i>n.</i>	bladder (lit. urine bag) (E)
siip	<i>n.</i>	squirrel (T); Geb <sip-e-se> = [siipitsi], ground squirrel; Sh has: dzip (SGE)
siipukuH	<i>n.</i>	sheep (T)
siipukuhang kuhma	<i>n.</i>	buck (sheep) (E)
siipuruixu	<i>v.</i>	scatter a fire (T)
siiwapeH	<i>adj</i>	punctured, torn (T)
siixu	<i>n.</i>	navel (T)
sika	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of sireN, this; this (period of time) (T) gêjá, dame neshungken sik dame[n] dia da gutíx , not good, we feel that our friend is somehow shot (SG)
siki	<i>adv</i>	here (S); thus (Mor <sic>)
sikite[N]	<i>adv</i>	here (T); indigenous (E)
sikyênt	<i>adv</i>	away from here (SG) [siki, loc. + ?]
simaga		? (Rob) nasep simaga , saddle cinch (Rob)
Sinarandin Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Mormon Creek (Sh)
singwêv[i]		half dollar (E)
sira gipono		gall bladder (E)
sireeN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	they (very close) (T)
sireN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	this; he, she, or it (very close) (T); <i>var.</i> sit [sika, <i>obj.</i> ; sireeN, <i>pl.</i>]
sirukúvich	<i>n.</i>	bobcat (Rob); <i>cf.</i> sehetukuvits, bobcat (T)

sit	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	this, <i>var.</i> of sireN, this (very close) (SM) [sika, <i>obj.</i>] (SM)
sitsuga'	<i>n.</i>	index finger (T)
situmbinok		along here (SG)
situnt	<i>adv</i>	close by (SM)
siva	<i>n.</i>	brush (plant) (Sh)
Siva Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Five-Mile Creek (<i>lit.</i> brush creek) (SGE)
sivako	<i>n.</i>	dwarf owl (<i>lit.</i> siva, brush + poko, burrowing owl) (SM)
sivêroih		scrape (T)
sivi	<i>adv</i>	below here (SG)
sivo		in: damu sivo, cartilage (E)
siwaite		become (E)
siwaixu	<i>adv</i>	like this (T)
siwaixuseN	<i>adv</i>	exactly like this (SG)
siwats[i]	<i>n.</i>	young of a family (E); <i>var.</i> siwots (E)
siwundendza		this very way (direction or manner) (SG) siwundendza pent , indeed among these places (SM)
Siyanavo	<i>n.</i>	Cheyenne (from English) (E); cf. Baganawooni [does this refer to the city?]
siyavi		Siyavi Ogwê, Five Mile Creek (E)
so		gê egachía so wenáhai , thenceforth you shouldn't be acting like this (SG)
so'wêyo'		breath-taking (E)
soa	<i>v.</i>	<i>var.</i> of suwa, think
soa		<i>var.</i> of soaka, too
soa'a	<i>tv.</i>	tan (Rob) ma soa'a , tan it (Rob)

soak	<i>n.</i>	blowing adder (E)
soaka		too (S 40.8); <i>var.</i> soa; <i>cf.</i> so'ana, that place, there somewhere (M) soeka , [too] (S 44.7) soakatsa , [too] (S 155.8)
soakatsa		will try (S 155.8)
soakêp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	air (E); airy (E)
sogo dain		island (lit. earth hole) (E)
sogo ge'mwa		horizon (lit. earth edge) (E)
sogo horap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	shovel (Rob; <sho go ho rup>)
sogo vihuura	<i>n.</i>	ground beans (<i>Astragalus shortianes</i>) (SGE)
sogo wêgir[eN]	<i>n.</i>	expedition (lit. looking at land) (E)
sogo woav[i]		grubs (lit. earth worm) (E)
sogo yiyugwir[eN]		island (E)
sogo yuwengki		earthquake (E)
sogo zanoih		hoe (E)
sogo ziina	<i>n.</i>	wild potato (<i>Cleytonia caroliniana</i> ; lit. earth potato) (SGE)
sogop ogwêp		landslide (lit. earth flow) (E)
sogopeH	<i>n.</i>	dirt, earth (S); land, earth, world, dirt (T); country, dirt (Rob)
sogopeha naruwin		land owner (E)
sogopeha navuin		landscape (E)
sogoreheya	<i>n.</i>	deer (S); (Rob) and T have: sororiyaH)
Sogoriya Mea	<i>n.</i>	October (lit. deer month) (Hul); syn. Diê Yeva Mea
sogova tsatsawagiu	<i>n.</i>	phlox (<i>Phlox canescens</i>) (SGE)
Sogovia	<i>n.</i>	Mother Earth (T)
sogut		bump (S 21.4)
Soho Dzasagit Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Muddy Creek (<i>lit.</i> cottonwood ? creek)(SGE)
Soho Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Bridger Creek (<i>lit.</i> willow creek) (SGE)ull
sohovi	<i>n.</i>	cottonwood tree (<i>Populus augustifolia</i>) (T; SGE) soho garu , to the woods (Rob)
soiha		in: davê shoiha, bask in the sun (E)

sokê		in: bia sokên, huff (E)
sombo		in: na sombonêt, humble (E)
sona	<i>adv</i>	often (Rob)
sona	<i>n.</i>	floor (E)
sona'wen		brawl (E)
sonaind[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	annoy (E) ma soinant, annoy her/him (E)
sonak		busy (E)
sonako	<i>n.</i>	chewing gum (Rob, Hi); <i>cf.</i> sanya, sap/gum
sonê puhip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	clover (E)
sonê''		in: sonê buhipeH, clover
soni shogop[eH]		field (lit. grass land) (E)
soni yugwint[eN]		hectic (E)
SonidaindiN	<i>n.</i>	Mosquito Park (<i>lit.</i> grass hole); (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Huutsapaguxia
sonifêh		feed of animals, hay
sonipeH	<i>n.</i>	grass (S); high-growing grass (Sh); hay (T, E); dry grass, hay (Rob); <i>cf.</i> buhipeH, green grass
sonivehe	<i>n.</i>	wheat (<i>lit.</i> grass-fur) (Hul, (Rob))
soo na hanir[eN]		extensive (lit. done a lot) (E)
soo narewend[eN]		expensive (E), [costly]
sookapeH	<i>n.</i>	saliva (T); <i>syn.</i> hizipeH, dushipeH
soom behegant{eN]	<i>adj</i>	thick furred (Rob and Mor <sho ho pah e gant>)
soomandeN	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	lots of it (S 64.6; <sumant>)
sooN	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	lots, [much], [a lot] (S 143.9); much, many (SG); much, very (SM) diviji so[o] , [very many] (S 70.8) so[o] an[g]kw , (S 81.6) so[o]mboma , (S 107.7) mêkw so[o] , 1 (S 43.2)
soon dêgwar[eN]		gab, [talk a lot] (E)
soon dêgwar[eN]		jabber (lit. talk a lot) (E)

soonánh	<i>adv</i>	lots of times (S 26.7); <i>cf.</i> nan
soonde[N]	<i>adj</i> <i>, n.</i>	1. adj. much, many (T); abundant (E); a lot (Hi) 2. n. batch (E), bulk (E). clump (E), herd (E) soont huchu, many birds (Rob) soont sak, many boats (Rob)
soong kan[hi]	<i>n.</i>	village (Rob), town (Sh)
soongkakemarúu		village (S 161.1, 162.2; [-ng-] added)
soongko	<i>n.</i>	lungs (T)
soongku	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	lot of (SM), more of (SG) (an objective form) suk hugapit soongk nahán , fetch more of that aspen (SG)
soont busiagand[eN]		lousy (Geb <shont poo-sha-gan> = soond[eN] pusia-gand[eN] = 'many who) have lice' instead of 'having many lice')
sooveH	<i>n.</i>	cheek (S; T: soofe) u soove x[a] , on his cheek (S)
soovêsh[eN]	<i>adv</i>	1. thus (SG) 2. a long time SG), long ago (SM, Geb) 3. and so forth (SG) 4. already (S)
sorent		but (E)
sos[eN]		enhance (E)
soso mia	<i>iv.</i>	walk (Rob)
Sosogoi	<i>n.</i>	Walkers, [a Shoshone group] (Sh); name also rendered Shoshoko in documents in contrast to Shoshoni, a "person who finds a horse" (Sh)
Sosona	<i>n.</i>	one of the three large [Eastern Shoshone] tribes (Sh)
sosoni-		<i>rdp.</i> of soni-, grass sosonidaint , in the meadows (Rob)
SosoniH	<i>n.</i>	Shoshone Indian (T)
sotin		grunt (E)
sowap[eH]		jewelry (E) duivishi sowap , men's jewelry (E) naifi sowap , women's jewelry (E)
Soyo	<i>n.</i>	name of a person (S8)

soyoand[eN]		in: de soyoandeN, faithful (E)
soyu	<i>tv.</i>	annoy (SM)
su	<i>co mb.</i>	demonstrative stem of indefinite or extra-visible distance (SM) su waga , into that (S) su ma , with that (S)
sua	<i>co mb.</i>	breath, breathe; var. soa (E) [final feature may be geminate]
sua	<i>tv.</i>	think, feel (SM; <su'a>); var. suwa Hivijo mē sua , Old Woman thinks (SG)
suaixa		 davê suaixa , sunny/dry (T)
suaki	<i>iv.</i>	breathe (T)
suakwakwa	<i>n.</i>	robin (<i>Planesticus migratorius propinquus</i>) (SGE)
suandeN		comparative (SG) baanai shuant , a little upstream (SG)
suapeH	<i>n.</i>	breath (T); concept of the soul that in a way approaches navujieip (Sh)
suavigagwai		in: erei súavigagwáina, make noise with one's breath (S)
suazumwo		breathless (E)
suazuwan		breathless (E)
sugú	<i>pro n.</i>	that (S); cf. suka, <i>obj.</i> of sureN, that one (out of sight)
suih'yu	<i>n.</i>	bull snake (T); Sh has: suuiyo (SGE); cf. basunuwiyo, water snake (SGE)
suind[eN]	<i>tv.</i>	want (Rob) ma suint , want it (Rob)
suk	<i>pro n.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of sur (SM); [may introduce a reason clause]; at that place (SG)
suka	<i>pro n.</i>	<i>obj.</i> of sur/sureN, that one (out of sight); objective relative pronoun (singular and plural) (SM); var. suk
sukandeN		

		sukanden dêgwap, eulogy (E)
sukanden dêgwap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	eulogy (E)
sukui	<i>co mb.</i>	there (out of sight)
sukuid	<i>adv</i> .	there (S); <sukwid>
sukúidexia	<i>adv</i> .	there then (S 37.6)
sukuiyunt	<i>adv</i> .	close by there (S)
sukur		that which (SG); toward that place (SG); there (S); relative locative of previous reference (toward there where mentioned before) (SM) sure we u riasuas u naru'engken, "dêa=nets iwant muvishich aakur ure[:] muraxw," us sukur u naru'engken u riasuas, now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them out to a distant place," that is what he was telling/relating (SG)
sukura	<i>pro n.</i>	whoever sukura buiha deas wesegedai gutido['i], whoever looks and peeks (they/someone) will shoot (SG)
sukus[eN]		exactly there (SG)
sukux	<i>adv</i> .	within there (SG); at (T)
sukwênt		from there (SG); away from there (also in time) (SG, SM); <i>var.</i> sukhyent nan suwait sukhwent suwait, indifferently/just the same (<i>lit.</i> thus as-there from-thus) (SG)
sum	<i>pro n.</i>	instrumental of sur[eN], that one (SG) sur sum huupim me wiyudzen, he brings it up with a stick (SG) suvê weng geno suk beng geno sum we sonipa u ron, then the grandson pricks his own grandfather with (a blade of) grass (SG)
sumagandeN		from (T)
sumara	<i>n.</i>	vulva (Sh)

sumavana	<i>tv.</i>	give up (S); fail (can't do it) (E) u sumavánar , he gave it up (S 8.6) sumavánahwats , they gave up (S 155.4) u súmavánas , couldn't take him off (S 154.4)
sumavanai	<i>iv.</i>	be without fear (S); <i>var.</i> sumavani (S) gê shmavanai , afraid (S)
sumavanangk[V]		giving up, quitting (E)
sumbainaiN		aware, known sumbainaindeN , be known/definite (E) we sumbainê' , anxious (E)
sumbainaind[eN]		be definite, be known gê u sumbainait , indefinite (E)
sumbana	<i>tv.</i>	know (S; T) oyondes u sumbanaruhande , everyone knows (T8)
sumbanai	<i>tv.</i>	realize (T) gê hina sumbanaire , foolish, stubborn [not know otherwise ?] (T3) gê nakaiti sumbanaint , be disoriented (E)
sumbanaind[eN]		intelligent (E)
sumbanaru	<i>tv.</i>	know (T); recognize (S) divi zangku sumbanaruxande , know thoroughly (T14) u sumbanarun<u>u</u> , recognized it (S 86.2)
sumbanarúnura	<i>tv.</i>	find out (S) sumbanarúnurats<u>u</u> , [after s/he] find[s] out (S 157.7)
sumbaraini	<i>tv.</i>	know (S dis; [sh-]) gê hina shumbaraini , not know anything (S dis; [sh-])
sumbaru	<i>tv.</i>	be aware of (E); be famous/known (E); identify, [recognize] (E) ma sumbaru' , aware of it (E), famous (E) na sumbarunt , familiar (E)

		u sumbaru' , identify (E)
sumbaruk[V]	<i>n.</i>	aquaintance (E) u sumbaruk , instinct (E)
sumbaruka	<i>tv.</i>	acknowledge (E)
sumbarukan		knowing (E)
sumbarukant[eN], o		knowledge (E)
sumbêwa		edgy (E)
sumbija		be interested in (?), pay attention to (?) gê u sumbijap , disinterested (E) gê da sumbijavin , boring/dull (person) (E)
sume	<i>tv.</i>	have a positive opinion of dza u sume' , be fond of X (E) dza u sumexa , accept/appreciate (T, E)
sumexa	<i>tv.</i>	[have an emotional feeling about] dza u sumexa , not jealous (T) gê za u sumexa , jealous (T)
sumwi		full (E) sape sumwin , belly is full (E)
suN	<i>ptc</i>	by means of the mind (SM; SM has: shu-) [like na-, this prefix takes the main, initial stress]
sun[i] dichi paa	<i>n.</i>	beer (<i>lit.</i> bad water like that; suni, like that (C)) (Rob)
suna		suna na vuin, homely (E)
sundama		in: narana sundama, think about
sundê	<i>tv.</i>	bless (E)
sundêgaip[eH]		blessed (E); var. da sundêpeH
sundêha	<i>v.</i>	gain a blessing or pity (Sh; [shunha])
sundêhai	<i>tv.</i>	pity (S), forgive (S); love, [bless] (Rob <swnd de hei>); cf. sundehai, tv. bless (C)) sundehaiundu , will pity (S 190.4) sundeháihundu , forgive (S 183.9)
sundêhaingken[a]	<i>n.</i>	quasi-compelling petition (Sh; [shundhêngken])

sundêhaip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	blessing (E) nangka sundêhaip, asking for a sacred blessing (E)
sundêngke	<i>v.</i>	pray (S dis;; [sh-])
sundêpeH	<i>n.</i>	blessing (E)
sundora	<i>tv.</i>	remember (SM; SM has: shundora) shundoran , remembered (SM)
sunê		in: bihi sunê , frustrate (E)
sungka	<i>tv.</i>	feel (E); cf. masungka, dasungka
sungku		kick (E) u sungkut , been kicked (E)
suní	<i>adv</i>	that way, like that (S)
suní oyokwik		although (E)
suní yegwit		finally (<i>lit.</i> having said) (SG)
suníhats		furthermore (SM)
sunik		besides (E)
suníyan	<i>adv</i>	anymore egechi gê suníyan hanir , don't do that anymore (E)
suníyun		because of (E)
sunt	<i>tv.</i>	bless (SG; [sh-])
sur	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	he, she, it (SM); u- and ma- may also serve as obj. and possessive markers for this (SM) [suk, <i>obj.</i>]
sureeN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	they (plural of sur) (SM); for obj. and poss., use ure- or mare-
sureN	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	he, she, or it (out of sight) (T); u- and ma- may also serve as obj. and possessive markers for this (SM) [suk ~ suka, <i>obj.</i> ; sukaN, poss.; siuriuhw, <i>dl.</i> ; suree, <i>pl.</i>]
suríuhw	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	they two (S), <i>dl.</i> of sureN; <i>var.</i> suriu suriuwexía , they two then (S)
surux	<i>pro</i> <i>n.</i>	they (dual) (SM); for <i>obj.</i> and poss. use ure- or maru-

susumwa		susumwa rêgwar, double-speak (E)
susuwand[eN]		depressed (E)
susuwand[eN]		imaginative (E)
sutunt	<i>adv</i>	around there (SM)
suvê	<i>con</i> <i>j.</i>	1. then ((Rob); S; SM; T has: suvêh); finaly (E) 2. during (E); var. sêvê (E) suvêgia , then (S) suvêdaga , then (S) sêvê viren , finally got there (E)
suvê'emp	<i>adv</i>	from then on (SM)
suvêga		at the end (SM) [be the end ?]
suvêgai	<i>v.</i>	quit (Hi); cf baku
suvêgáis		that's all (S 117.5, 136.3)
suvêgandeN	<i>iv.</i>	be enough (SM); amount (E)
suvêgas[e]	<i>adv</i>	enough (Rob); it is done (Geb); final (E) suvêgas ma tik[ep] , eaten enough (Rob)
suvêrameh		then, so (T)
suvêsengkia		just then (S 21.5)
suvêsh[eN]	<i>adv</i>	back then (E)
suwa	<i>v.</i>	think (S); to think of doing, want to do (S); <i>var.</i> soa (S), sua (S) [susuwaN, rdp.] su[a]want , want to think (S 17.6) susuwant , imaginative (E) soats , thought to himself (S 87.7) suai , would think (S 163.4) ne gê' epuisuwan , I do not feel like sleeping (S) en ha dekasuwan? do you want to eat? (S)
suwai	<i>tv.</i>	want (E); cf. suwain, crave saka divi shuwai' , really want (E)

suwai		breeze, draft suwair , draft (as in wind) (E) neai suwaifuinde , be breezy (T) ere suwai' , heat waves (E)
suwaihiundeN	<i>ind ef.</i>	why (T); <i>var.</i> suwêhiunde
suwaihwa	<i>tv.</i>	in: da suwaihwa, grab
suwaik		envy (E)
suwaika		crave (E); E also has: suwain, crave deviji shuwaikan, craving (E)
suwain		crave (E)
suwaindeN	<i>tv.</i>	want (T), desire (E) gê u suwainde , refuse (T)
suwait	<i>adv</i>	thus (SG, Mor); also (E) nan suwait sukhwent suwait , indifferently/just the same (SG)
suwaiteN	<i>tv.</i>	look on as (T) yagai suwaite , pity (T)
suwaix	<i>adv</i>	relative adverb of previous reference: in the way mentioned before, thus (SM)
suwaixi	<i>tv.</i>	think of (SM)
suwaixus		aforementioned (SM)
suwaixuseN		exactly like that (SG)
suwaiyand[eN]		reason (Hi)
suwan	<i>n.</i>	soul (T)
suwandeN	<i>iv.</i>	be thoughtful, careful (T); kind (Mor <shoo-ent>) gê suwande , mischievous/destructive (T); bully (E) ga suwant , naughty(Rob), mean (E)
suwangka	<i>tv.</i>	think, regard] (T) gê re nangka rogwê suwangka , stubborn, skeptical (<i>lit.</i> not consider correct what is heard) (T3)
suwangkandeN	<i>n.</i>	look on a certain way, regard (T)

		gê za u suwangkande , hate (<i>lit.</i> not reagrd it well) (T)
suwangke		thinking about na suwangke, ego (E) suwangken, impression (E)
suwangken[V]		impression (E)
suwanzi		consider, [ponder, analyze, think about] (E) [susuwanzi, rdp.] getangku suwani , concentrate (E) uri[i] shuwanzi , consider them (E) dzan de suwanzi , faith (E) de suwanzi, imagine
suwaregiha	<i>tv.</i>	miss (T) ewe suwaregiha , miss [you] (T)
suwavêrain		conscious (E)
suwê'emp		from then on (SG)
suwêhiundeN	<i>ind ef.</i>	<i>var.</i> of suwaihiundeN, why
suwênde	<i>tv.</i>	want (T)
suwundunduk	<i>adv</i>	that very way (direction or manner) (SG)
suyuyuhugina		hiss (E)
u	<i>ptc</i>	third person pronoun (referring to a referent out of sight; an objective form, this pronoun may refer to any number); cf. ma [uN, pos.] u noopedekw , arrived carrying it (SM) oyok sit gasagant u nekw , he told to them all of the winged ones (SM)
u vuikand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	witness, eyewitness (E)
ufinoa'		move over (command) (T)
ugaN	<i>ptc</i>	let (S) ugan daham buidu'i , let us see him (S 59.9, 60.1)
ugish[eN]		immediate (E)
uka[N]	<i>adv</i>	the[re] (over there) (S); there, there where (SM); <i>var.</i>

	.	uk ukan dame bêkâre'i , there where we will fight (SM); ukaram bêkâre'i , there where we are (I) will fight (SM)
uku		in: gê uku, gone (lit. not there) (E)
ukur	<i>adv</i>	thither, to there (SM)
ukurus[eN]	<i>adv</i>	the same place (S) on dzunípeha ukurus us we tíani , threw their bones to the same place (S)
ukux	<i>adv</i>	within there (T)
umi	<i>pro n.</i>	we (plural inclusive) ourselves (SM) u mi gutígen , (I) keep on shooting toward ye (SM)
ureeN	<i>pro n.</i>	they (S); third person plural invisible (SM) [urehi, <i>obj.</i>]
urehi	<i>pro n.</i>	them (S)
us		<i>var.</i> of useN, it is
usarivis	<i>int erj.</i>	is that so? (T)
use winhu	<i>int erj.</i>	that's why (S 76.8); <usuwinhu>
usehá<u>t</u>	<i>int erj.</i>	I wonder why, what is that (S 87.4); <i>var.</i> osohá <u>t</u> , usiyá <u>t</u>
useN	<i>iv.</i>	demonstrative verb of identity (followed by subjective case) (SG); surely (S 7.6, 182.8, 185.9), that's why (S 30.6); that (unseen) is the one (C); <i>var.</i> us us tenape netsigwai , that is the sick man (SG) us sur we suka wasepet[e]ng ganhit ure[e] naro'engke=mia , it is he who is now going to those game animals' house to tell them (SG) us sur we ure[e] neká<h>h</h>ik ure[e]n devanaru wenenen yuupa puxwaint usewe suk yuupa buin , it is he who is looking at that fat one – that fat one appearing standing in front of those ones who are dancing (SG) sure we u riasuas u naru'engken , "d ^é a=nets iwant

		muvishich aakur ure[e] muraxw," us sukur u naru'engken u riasuas , now he fearing her was saying, "I already in this way (by) blowing my nose have blown them out to a distant place," that is what he was telling/relating (SG)
useng kogwêh	<i>int</i> <i>erj.</i>	that's enough! (T)
usewe		love, [bless] (Rob <swnd de hei>); cf. <i>sundehai</i> , tv. bless (C)) us sur we ure[e] nekâhik ure[e]n devanaru wenenen yuupa puxwaint usewe suk yuupa buin , it is he who is looking at that fat one – that fat one appearing standing in front of those ones who are dancing (SG)
ush		dismiss (E); if (E)
usiyatu		<i>var.</i> of <i>usehatu</i> , I wonder why
utuH	<i>dv.</i>	give (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S; T); hand over to (SG) [<i>himi, pl. obj.</i>]
uuva	<i>adv</i>	on there (SM)
uva		just then (E)
uvê		same
uvêgand[eN]		being the same haiya uvêgant , exactly (E)
uvêgandes[eN]		equivalent (E)
uvêhêgaN	<i>adj</i>	other (T) uvêhêgan davê'ni , the other day (T)
uvêhêgan davê'ni	<i>adv</i>	the other day (T)
uvira	<i>adv</i>	slowly (T, SG; <-d-> ; (Geb <ho-be-rah>); ease (E); <i>var.</i> <i>uvita</i> (T)
Uvira Neaifuind[eN]	<i>n.</i>	East Wind (lit. easy wind blowing) (E)
Uvira[N] Daivo	<i>n.</i>	Frenchman (<i>lit.</i> slow whiteman) (Rob)
uvirangku	<i>adv</i>	slowly (T; <-t->)
uvirangkus[eN]		easily (E)

uviraxutsi	<i>adj</i>	slow (T) uviraxutsi nukinyare , slow in running (T)
uwa		take away, minus (Sh)
uwaint		companion (E)
uwaru	<i>adv</i>	anywhere (S 138.1)
Vuu Taivo	<i>n.</i>	Frenchman (<i>lit.</i> "vous" whiteman) (Mor <V'-uu-ti-bo>)
waa garer	<i>n.</i>	cedar shrub (E)
waanih	<i>n.</i>	fox (T); Sh has: waan; <i>cf.</i> waahni, fox (C)) duu waani , black fox (Rob) ondo waani , red fox (Rob) gusi waani , gray fox (E)
waap pogomp	<i>n.</i>	cedar berries (glue; gathered as a food) (Sh)
waapiN (waapita)	<i>n.</i>	cedar (<i>Juniperus californica</i>), used for purification (S dis); T has: wapi; SGE has: waapi, cedar (?); <i>cf.</i> waapiN, juniper/cedar (M)
waapitam boambe (~ bamba)o	<i>n.</i>	cedar bark (E)
waapitam bogomp[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cedar berries (E)
wadzi	<i>co mb.</i>	<i>var.</i> of wazi" and waziN, secretly
waga(ntu)	<i>pos tp.</i>	to, toward (S)
wagaN	<i>pos tp.</i>	to, towards (S); dative suffix (SG) 2. with (in the company of (C)) u wag , to him (SG)
wagandeN	<i>pos tp.</i>	to, toward (S, SG) ure[e]ng geno ure[e] wagant mian , their grandfather went to them (SG)
Waha Naziripa Ravê	<i>n.</i>	Tuesday (Hi)
wahakunikw		double-cross (E)
wahamwore[N]	<i>nu m.</i>	twenty (in counting) (T); <i>var.</i> wahamanuf (Sh) wahamwore semaro'êngkend , 21 (in counting) (T)
wahamwores[eN]	<i>nu m.</i>	twenty (quantity) (T)

		wahamwore semaro'êngkeres , 21 (quantity) (T)
wahaN	<i>tv.</i>	<i>var.</i> of wêhaN, burn
wahanavo	<i>n.</i>	deuce (cards) (E)
wahangke	<i>v.</i>	burn (fire) (S); <i>cf.</i> wêhangke
waharewe (wahati)	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	two (in counting) (T) [wahati, obj. (S)] wahatiúhw , two (obj. with dual suffix; S 73.6)
wahatu		duo (E)
wahatu mando'ingkent[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	twelve
wahatuwes[eN]	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	two (quantity) (T)
wahavasuwa'	<i>v.</i>	worried, troubled (T); worry (T) [is this verb both <i>tv.</i> 'worry that' and <i>iv.</i> 'be worried' ?; T writes both /sua'/ and /suwa'/]
wai		dry (S 137.1)
wai''	<i>iv.</i>	1. come down, climb down (sing. and pl subj.) (SM), dismount, get down (E) 2. decrease, diminish (C)) 3. accompany, go with (E) [wawaiH, dl. subj.] (M) ma wait , goes with X (E) newe wain , hang out with (E)
waigu	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of ya'iH, go in
waimungku		vehicle dê waimungku , carriage (E) sana waimungku , automobile (E) gumwa waimungku , train (T) waimungkum bamp, engine (E)
waimungkum bamp	<i>n.</i>	engine (lit. vehicle head) (E)
wainde[N]	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	without (T) guhman wainde nonoagande , illegitimate pregnancy (T2)
wainheyungke		in: de wainheyungke, drying rack (E)
waipang kwasu	<i>n.</i>	dress (lit. woman's garment) (E)
waipe (-a)	<i>n.</i>	girl (S), woman (S, SM); female (T); <i>var.</i> waipe'e

		[waipenee, <i>pl.</i>]
waipe suwand[eN]		effeminate (E)
waipenait[eN]	<i>n.</i>	womanish one, like a woman (SM); berdache (Sh)
Waipenekar	<i>n.</i>	Women's Dance (from Gros Ventres), a social dance (S dis)
waiperêper	<i>n.</i>	girl child (S8); girl about 7 or 8 (<i>lit.</i> female young child); <i>var.</i> waiperaiper (Sh)
waire[N]	<i>tv.</i>	like (T); <i>cf.</i> -wait, like/-ish u waire , like X (T)
waixid		<i>var.</i> of gat, locative (SG)
waixus		like, as (in appearance) (SM)
wakara	<i>n.</i>	cedar (Sh)
wakera	<i>tv.</i>	chop (T)
wambui		in: gê wambui shuwa, ignore
wana	<i>n.</i>	trap (T); death trap (E); Mor has: <wan-ny> = [wani]
wana	<i>co mb.</i>	cloth [seems to sometimes have geminate final feature]
wana gahni	<i>n.</i>	tent (Rob)
wana puihwi	<i>n.</i>	paper money, bills (<i>lit.</i> cloth money) (Rob); <i>var.</i> wana vuihwi (E)
wana ramu	<i>n.</i>	thread (<i>lit.</i> cloth sinew) (Geb, Mor)
wana tumwuk[uN]	<i>n.</i>	rope (<i>lit.</i> cloth rope) (Rob)
wanakê	<i>tv.</i>	 u wanakên[a], enactment (E) sogo re wanankêp, land mark
wanap si'a	<i>n.</i>	flag (<i>lit.</i> cloth feather) (E)
Wanap Si'an Davê	<i>n.</i>	Flag Day (<i>lit.</i> cloth feather day) (E)
wanapatan ziyakant	<i>n.</i>	flag (Rob)
wanapeH	<i>n.</i>	cloth (T, Rob), fabric (E)
wanasoin		disgrace, shame newi wanasoin , disgrace a person (E)
wanavait[eN]		

		gê o wanavit, flunk (E), [fail]
wanda''	<i>n.</i>	lodge pole (Geb <wan-dah>); <i>cf.</i> wandoN, tipi pole (M) wánda te mahaihúndu , will go after poles (S 189.6)
wandaponi	<i>adv</i>	in hatred (T) u wandaponi vuiku , avert gaze in hatred (T)
wandeN (wandi)	<i>qu</i> <i>an.</i>	some (T) baihyuva wandi hivi , drink some tea (T)
wandevui		bring (E) ma wandevui, bring X (E)
wandinemek	<i>tv.</i>	accuse (E)
wandusuyu	<i>tv.</i>	adapt (E)
Wandzi Garen Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Popo Agie River (<i>lit.</i> antelope seat river; the English name is from Crow: po:pêṭe, owl + a:šę, river) (SGE)
Wandzi Garer[eN]	<i>n.</i>	Blad Mountain (SGE, E)
wanjaiji'		in: u wanjaiji , hand clutching (E)
want	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	on, on top of (SG); ; <i>var.</i> mant u want , on it (SG)
wantsi	<i>n.</i>	antelope (Mor); <i>var.</i> wanzi
wanvui	<i>tv.</i>	attempt (E), effort (E) u wanvui , attempt it (E)
wanzaik		clutch (E) geta u wanzaik, clutch it tightly (E)
wanzi	<i>n.</i>	antelope (SGE, T); Sh and Mor states this refers to the adult male; <i>var.</i> wants[i] (Mor)
Wanzigare Ogwêvi	<i>n.</i>	Popoagie River (<i>lit.</i> antelope seat river course) (Sh)
wanzinee	<i>n.</i>	antelope herd (E)
wanzu		clamp (E) de wanzuvi, n. clamp (E)
wara	<i>n.</i>	nephew (sister's son), niece (sister's daughter) (Sh)
wara	<i>tv.</i>	push (SG)

wáragi	<i>tv.</i>	miss (S 32.9, 28.6, 21.5), not find anything (S 45.2)
ware	<i>iv.</i>	be missing, [lacking] (SG) bemem e ganhinaire'i waren , what you will build with is missing (SG)
wase''	<i>tv.</i>	kill them (<i>dl.</i> and <i>pl. obj.</i>) (S, SM) [bêkaH, <i>sing. obj.</i>] wasep , killed (S 18.6) da wasedaibe , what someone killed (S 185.3)
wasepe[H]		game animal(SG); T has: wasepi, washipe us sur we suka wasepet[e]ng ganhit ure[e] naro'engke mia , it is he who is now going to those game animals' house to tell them (SG)
Wasepeng Karet[eN]	<i>n.</i>	Medicine Butte (<i>lit.</i> game animal's sitting) (SGE)
waship[eH]	<i>n.</i>	var. of wasepeH, game animal
Washing Karit	<i>n.</i>	Medicine Butter or Bridger Butte (Sh)
wat[eN]		present (not absent) (E) gê wat[eN], away (E)
wate mando'êxendeN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	twelve (Sh); var. wahatu mando'ingkent (Hi)
watosamb[eH]		cottonwood powder (E)
watse semano	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	forty (Sh)
watsewi mando'êxendeN	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	fourteen (Sh); var. watsewit mando'ingkent
watsewi''	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	four (S 189.4); var. watsuwi (T) watsuwi ravê nakande , in four days (T)
watsewite	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	four (in counting) (T)
watsewites	<i>nu</i> <i>m.</i>	four (quantity) (T)
watsiN (-na)	<i>n.</i>	rib (S,; T) u watsena , it ribs (S 18.1)
wavanain		

		hina wavanain , capable, competent (E)
wavui'	<i>v.</i>	aim (T, E)
wawaha	<i>adv</i>	twice (S 62.5)
waya	<i>iv.</i>	flame up, burn (SM)
wayundeN	<i>iv.</i>	being two egech wayunt saria wupá'eni , there are two beating a dog (SG)
wazapagi		in; de wazapagi, glue (E); cf. dzapaki, cling/stick
wazi garer[eN]		hide (conceal self) (E)
wazi mahoi		creeping (E)
wazi mato	<i>iv.</i>	creep (lit. crawl secretly) (E)
wazi nahaiyu		conspiracy (E)
wazi nahap[eH]		anonymous (E)
wazi noo	<i>tv.</i>	abduct (E)
wazi taivo	<i>n.</i>	bum, hobo, hermit (lit. hidden Anglo) (E)
wazi tēkwa	<i>iv.</i>	speak secretly, whisper (T)
wazi to'êH		escape (lit. enter in secret) (E)
wazi wetoig	<i>tv.</i>	ambush (E)
wazi''	<i>co mb.</i>	secret(ly), hidden(S, Sh, T); lose, lost (S; <z>); (Rob) has: wadzi; SG has: wadzi, to lose, to hide (SG) wazi yagê , secretly crying (S; 139.7) wazingkas , lost (S 33.1) wazíni , lost (S 47.7) niam bungku wazin , my horse is lost (Rob) Wazi Waipe , Los Woman (one of Sacajawea's names; Internet)
wazikare		hide (T)
waziku	<i>iv.</i>	be lost, wander (T)
wazikuwaih	<i>tv.</i>	escape from, avoid (T)
wazimia	<i>iv.</i>	sneak off ((Rob); ,wadzi>)
wazingke	<i>tv.</i>	lose (S, T; Mor <mah-watch-en-gah>), misplace (Rob <wad zin gan>) wazíngkina , lost (S 21.8) ure[e] wazíngkenhu , lost them (S 21.7)

wazinuki	<i>iv.</i>	go and hide (S 66.9); run away, flee (T); run away and hide (Rob; <wadzi->)
wzinuwer[eN]		fugitive (E)
wazip[eH]	<i>adj</i>	lost (Hi)
wazitegi	<i>tv.</i>	hide, conceal (lit. secret-place/set) (Rob; Mor <watch-e-teeg>, E)
waziwai	<i>tv.</i>	lose track of (S); <z> waziwaihw , will lose track of (S 188.4)
wê		already (SM)
we hora''	<i>tv.</i>	dig a grave (E), dig a hole (E)
we kena	<i>tv.</i>	cover over (T) dzangku nekenakande , well covered (T15)
we kera	<i>tv.</i>	cut (T) shevita we kera , cut down trees (T11)
we kerakwa	<i>tv.</i>	cut in chunks (T)
we kuhaingku		launch (E); cf. guhai
we kumba	<i>tv.</i>	kill (S), knock down (S), beat (S), kill (S 66.4); kill by means of blows (SM); hit to death (SG); kill with a weapon (E) u we kumbauhw , killed him (S 106.6) o we kumbauhw , knocked him over (S 146.4)
we kwanduvi	<i>tv.</i>	wrap up (T)
we kwêha'		contact (E)
we kwizaixu	<i>tv.</i>	lash (T)
we mayuwa	<i>tv.</i>	mix (T)
we muzivah	<i>tv.</i>	trim, sharpen (T)
we pa'iH	<i>tv.</i>	slap, hit, whip, spank (<i>pl. obj.</i>); lash (with whip) (E) [wetegwaH, <i>sing. obj.</i>] egech wayunt saria we pa'ini , there are two beating a dog (SG) sur ténape suka saria we pa'int , the man is hitting the dog (SG)

we pa'ikungk[v}	<i>tv.</i>	knock it over (E)
we para		protect (?), cover (?) (E) nangki we para , ear muffs (E)
we paxaku	<i>tv.</i>	slit, open, cut up, split (T)
we sengkawait[eN]		bearable (E)
we sivê	<i>tv.</i>	shave (T); hew (E) huupita we sivê , hewing logs (E)
we sumbainê'		anxious (E)
we tama[H]	<i>tv.</i>	tie up (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S); tie up tight (C)nama [we tami'iH, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (C) wé tamás , tied (S 94.1) nama we támas , tied on himself (S 95.5)
we tami'iH	<i>tv.</i>	tie them up tight (C) [wetamaH, <i>sing. obj.</i>]
we te'mwa	<i>tv.</i>	[block, obstruct] (T) boi wete'mwa , block the road (T)
we tegwa[H]	<i>tv.</i>	hit, strike (S, T, SG); hit (SM); bump against (T); slap, hit, whip, spank © [wetekwa, <i>dur.</i> (T); wepa'iH, <i>pl. obj.</i> (C)) u we degwas , struck him (S 106.6) u we tegw , hit him (SM) huupi saariya wetegwa , stick beats the dog (T)
we tekwa	<i>tv.</i>	<i>dur.</i> of we tegwaH, hit (T)
we tembokaH	<i>tv.</i>	button (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (C) [we temboga'iH, <i>pl. obj.</i>]
we tezai		curb (E)
we tia	<i>tv.</i>	throw (S), dump out (e); knock over (E) we tíani , he threw (S 119.9, 124.4)

		ma we tia , dump it out (E) bi we tia , knock over with butt (E) da we tia , knock over with foot (E) ma we tia , knock over with hand (E) dza we tia , knock over liquid (E)
we togwê	<i>tv.</i>	kill by means of blows (S) watí we togwênis, and then he killed two (S)
we toni	<i>tv.</i>	beat (ex. a rug) (E)
we tsiruwah	<i>tv.</i>	peel with a knife (T)
we tsogai	<i>tv.</i>	demolish (E)
we tsohwê'	<i>tv.</i>	hack (E)
we tsoxwai	<i>tv.</i>	pound (SM)
we tupo	<i>tv.</i>	roll up, bundle (E)
we tushê	<i>tv.</i>	brush (E) bambi we tushê , hair brush (E)
we'tavayan	<i>n.</i>	old time dance where "men and women faced each other and danced" (Sh)
we''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of blows (SM); general instrumental prefix we kúmbax , hits to death (SG) we tsoxwai wenexia , pound repeatedly (SM) we kerakwa , cut in chunks (T) sehevita we kera , cut down trees (T11)
wea	<i>n.</i>	penis (SM, T)
weagandena	<i>n.</i>	yearling buffalo (<i>lit.</i> one having a penis) (S)
weagengkene	<i>n.</i>	yearling (wea, penis + gengkene, ?) (S 26.9)
weamasiN	<i>n.</i>	breech cloth (wea, penis + masingka'a, ?) (S); Sh has: u'amashiya [weamasinga, <i>obj.</i>]
wegasar		gap (E)
wêgi	<i>n.</i>	side (M)
wêgi	<i>tv.</i>	look for (S 33.1, 28.6), hunt for (S 30.3, 185.3); to hunt (Mor <ma-wic> = [ma wikV]); explore (E)
wêgi vuireN	<i>n.</i>	cross-eyed (<i>lit.</i> looks sideways) (T); syn. nafum bui yegwi'
wêgía	<i>tv.</i>	meet (S); cf. na wegia, encounter

		wêgíanu , met (S 91.2, 93.2, 107.2)
wêgihu	<i>tv.</i>	look for (T)
wêgingke	<i>v.</i>	look for (S) [is this <i>tv.</i> or <i>dv.</i> look for it, OR look for it for someone ?] u wêgíngkenu , looked for (S 15.9)
wêgípu	<i>n.</i>	side hill (S)
wêgiteN	<i>n.</i>	[space] bia wêgite , wide (T) deviha wêgite , half (T)
wêgivire		converge (E)
wegoigadengk[V]		heap (E)
wêgwiN	<i>iv.</i>	go in (S) wêgwimbíd, went in (S 49.7)
Wêha Nengkar[eN]	<i>n.</i>	Hell (lit. fire + ?) (E)
wêha wenikin		flame (E)
wêha wutuxi		fire fighter (E)
wêha zituxi		fire extinguisher (E)
wêhaN	<i>iv.</i>	flame, burn (SM); <i>var.</i> wahan wêhant , be blazing (E) wêhap , burned (E)
wêhandeN (wêhandi)	<i>iv.</i>	1. be burning (SM) 2. fire, hell, underworld (T)
wêhangkeN	<i>tv.</i>	burn (T); <i>cf.</i> wahangke wêhandi gê huupita mwêhangkende , the fire is not burning the stick (T)
wêhangkuxu	<i>iv.</i>	be charred, scorched (T)
wêhapeH		burn (T)
wehenegêt	<i>n.</i>	rasping stick (musical instrument): used in a dance where "the men stood in one place, two women might grab the fellow with the stick and make them dance with them" (Sh); the name of this dance (Sh)
wehonoid[eN]		dip (in the ground) (E)
weka	<i>tv.</i>	cut down (SM); chop wood, cut wood (T)

wekedaxu		chop (T) dukui wekeraxu , chop meat (T)
weken		cover it up (E)
weki	<i>v.</i>	shoot (S) wekís , shot (S 131.6, 133.7, 134.3)
wêki	<i>iv.</i>	enter (<i>pl. subj.</i>) (S); <i>cf.</i> waigu", <i>pl. subj.</i> of yaiH, enter (M) [yaiH, <i>sing. subj.</i>] wêkits , come down (S 70.6)
wekirêw		barely missed (E)
wekiroap[eH]		flake (E)
wêkumbitsi	<i>n.</i>	buzzard (Geb <we-com-bit-tse>); <i>cf.</i> waikumbijeH, turkey vulture (C))
wekwindu		curled (E) bambi we kwinduvi , hair curlers (E) buruse wekwinduvi , curly eyelash (E)
wemand	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	around (S) ba[a] wemánd , around water (S 141.2)
wen		stop (T)
weN	<i>ptc</i> ..	now (SM) ure[e] mimiak we[n] duuwu['i]naex , as they are going along they see a black spot (SG) suvê weng keno suk beng keno sum we sonipa u ron , then the grandson pricks his own grandfather with (a blade of) grass (SG)
wênáhai	<i>iv.</i>	be acting like (SG) gê egachía so wenáhai , thenceforth you shouldn't be acting like this (SG)
wenangkw	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in front of (T) bêtsuku wenangkw , mid-morning (T)
wenangkware	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	in front (T, E) u wenagnware , in front of it/her/him (T)

wene	<i>iv.</i>	stand (<i>sing.</i> ; <i>subj.</i>) (S, SM); stand at attention (soldier) (E); may have sense of 'endure' (E); halt (E) [dovoiH, <i>pl. subj.</i>] geta wener , endurance (E)
wenegúx		stuck (S 132.1)
weneníxant		wandered along (S 162.4)
wenenuki	<i>iv.</i>	buck (horse) (S); see guê wenenuki-
Weneren Ogwêvi	<i>n.</i>	Snake River (<i>lit.</i> standing river course) (Sh)
wenetsigwagi	<i>tv.</i>	hunt, search for (S) bene urehi wenedzígwagígu , while they were hunting for him (S 154.7)
wenevit[e]	<i>iv.</i>	come to an abrupt stop (E)
wenexia	<i>adv</i>	repeated action (SM), iterative action (SM) mam bambi sur wetsóxwi wenexia , he pounded her head repeatedly (SM)
wengkaranakaN		[inhabited] (T)
wengke		 dza u wengk[e] , cure X (E)
weniki		standing] wêha wenikin , flame
weniku	<i>iv.</i>	stand up (T)
wenixwai	<i>iv.</i>	wander around (S) hima wenixwáina , had wandered around (S 162.2)
weno		in: bihi weno, heart attack (E)
wenoi	<i>tv.</i>	clear (E) sogopeha wenoi , clear land (E)
wenowaH	<i>tv.</i>	sweep (T)
wenukw		struck (S 134.5)
wênyo'		hung (E) wênnyond , hanging down (E) wênnyongkant , hung up (E)

wênyond[eN]		hanging down (E) baka wênyond , icicle (E)
wepar	<i>tv.</i>	put over (T)
wepara	<i>n.</i>	in: dzowa wepara, cape (lit. shoulder ?) (E)
weperetegin		flutter (E)
weperuer		almost (E)
wera	<i>n.</i>	bear; Sh states this refers to a male bear (SGE, (Rob)) Werekop , Male Bear Shaman (Sh)
weran du'a	<i>n.</i>	bear cub (Hul); syn. agwain dua
werehawenet	<i>n.</i>	whirlwind, tornado (T)
wesaihagin		in: baa wesaihagin, fall (of a river) (E)
wesegedai	<i>tv.</i>	peek gê gembú'it gê deas wesegedai! don't be looking (<i>pl.</i>) and don't peek (SG) sukura buiha deas wesegedai gutido['i] , whoever looks and peeks (they/someone) will shoot (SG)
wêshi		var. of wêsi, down feathers
wêshovêN	<i>n.</i>	gourd (SGE); <i>var.</i> wetsovê (Sh)
Wêshovêngkare	<i>n.</i>	Devil's Tower (<i>lit.</i> gourd's-butte) (Sh)
wesi	<i>tv.</i>	separate, split (SG)
wêsi	<i>n.</i>	fine feathers, down (T); <i>cf.</i> waitsi, down feathers (M); var. wêshi (E) wêsi vogombe , gooseberries (T)
wêsi vogombe	<i>n.</i>	gooseberries (<i>lit.</i> down feathers berry) (T); SGE has: wêshi bog-; var. wêshi vogomb[e], gooseberries/currants (E)
weson		friction (E)
wesungka		endure (E)
wetê		stoop (SG)
wetegwa	<i>iv.</i>	fall down (E) wetegwavit , fell down (E) wetegwa wetegw , tumble (SG)
wetegwêni	<i>tv.</i>	kill by hitting (S)

		wetegwênis, killed (S 122.7)
wetêka		in: masiro wetêka, fingernail polish (E)
wetiyah	<i>v.</i>	dip out into (T)
weto'akand[eN]	<i>iv.</i>	vomit (Rob); <i>cf.</i> weto'aiH, vomit (M)
wetoi'	<i>tv.</i>	eject (E)
wetowa		band buihwi wetowana , chain (E) dezowên wetowa , hat band (E)
wetsiya		hatch (E)
wetsopoi'	<i>iv.</i>	blink (E) davê wetsopogin, blinking in the sun (E)
wetsovih	<i>n.</i>	gourd (T)
wetsu		dent (E); var. wetso' (E)
wetugi	<i>tv.</i>	put out (fire) (T); <i>syn.</i> dzituxi baa gê wêhandi wetugire , the water's not putting out the fire (T)
wetuitsê	<i>tv.</i>	brush off (T)
wetuixa	<i>v.</i>	wait (T)
wetuixe	<i>v.</i>	bow head (T)
wewêni	<i>tv.</i>	hang (T); <i>cf.</i> wewaini, <i>tv.</i> hang (M) demwuku te haniwapiha mwewê'ini , rope hangs the butcher (T)
wêwi	<i>iv.</i>	streak by (SM); whip past (SG)
wêxi	<i>pos</i> <i>tp.</i>	[into] domboni wêxi gooni , <i>iv.</i> turn/circle (T)
wexía	<i>adv</i>	then (S 77.8)
wêyavo	<i>n.</i>	whippoorwill (S 116.1, 117.1); night hawk (T)
weza	<i>tv.</i>	chop, split] (T) nafêga weza , chop/split evenly (T)
wezemwixa		full (T)
wi'hyuH	<i>n.</i>	needle (T)

		biga wi'hyu , buckskin needle (T) wana yi['hyu] , needle for cloth (Rob)
wi'iyagand[eN]	<i>n.</i>	a man who dressed as a woman; "these men-women would stick their spears in the ground during a war party, sit there, just let themselves be killed"; these persons had a buffalo rattle, "singing all the time"; "they do just the opposite of what you tell them" (Sh)
wiburuwa	<i>tv.</i>	bust (S) u wuburuwas , busted (S; 117.4)
widoich	<i>n.</i>	waxwing (bird) (<i>Bombycilla garrula pallidiceps</i>) (SGE); E has: witoish, cedar waxwing (E)
widzêxant		looked in the door (S 98.8)
wiha		frying pan (E)
wihiki	<i>tv.</i>	in: da wihiki, knock over
wihiN (wihita)	<i>n.</i>	knife (S; T) [wihíta, <i>obj.</i>]
wihnu	<i>adv</i>	then (S); <i>var.</i> wihyu
wihyu''	<i>adv</i>	then (T); <i>var.</i> winhu
wiisa	<i>n.</i>	calf (cattle) (T)
wiitew	<i>n.</i>	unidentified plant sp. with nuts eaten by children (SGE)
wiyyam	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (identification doubtful): black hawthorn (eaten; <i>Crataegus rivulatis</i>) (SGE); E has: waiyem
wija	<i>adv</i>	<i>var.</i> of witsa, should
wija pêngkwi	<i>n.</i>	perch (<i>lit.</i> calf [of leg] fish) (Sh)
wija''	<i>n.</i>	calf (of leg) (SGE)
wiji		grey (hair) (Sh)
wijigi''	<i>n.</i>	chickadee (S); <wijigi> wijigitsi , little [chickadee] (S 182.2 <c>)
wipo'o	<i>n.</i>	bog (Sh)
wiroar[eN]		weak, flimsy gê wiroar , durable (E)

wisoa		brush (E) damwana wisoa , brush teeth (E)
wita	<i>tv.</i>	cast away, [toss] (Rob) ma wita , cast it away (Rob)
witaixa	<i>tv.</i>	smear on, apply, spread around (T)
witi		knife (Geb <wit>, and Mor <weet>, butcher knife); <i>cf.</i> wihi, knife
witia	<i>v.</i>	empty out (Hi)
witsa	<i>adv</i>	should (C)); wish (S 57.8, 58.5); <i>var.</i> wija hina wija êkuna dzika? with what shall (I) cut the tongue? (Hul)
wituaH	<i>n.</i>	1. pot, bucket(T), kettle (Geb) 2. drum (T)
wituan depai	<i>n.</i>	drum stick (E)
wituwa'ewpaihe	<i>n.</i>	drumstick (T)
wiwihi		in: derosê wiwihi, sound of footsteps
wiya	<i>tv.</i>	drag, pull (SM)
wiyagait	<i>n.</i>	a young man singing bitter songs about a girl who didn't return his love, who, armed with only a flute or rattle would attack the enemy (<i>lit.</i> crier) (S8); associated with berdachism, men who attacked enemy armed with a flute or rattle (S8); friends (?) (Sh)
wiyap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	pass (Sh) Doyawiyap , Washakie Pass (SGE)
wiyar	<i>n.</i>	mountain pass (SGE), ridge (Sh)
wiyudze	<i>tv.</i>	to bring it up (SG) sur sum huupim mê wiyudzen , he brings it up with a stick (SG)
wo'api[N] (wo'apita)	<i>n.</i>	worm (S 20.2, 19.8); intestinal worm (T); SGE has: wo'ap; <i>cf.</i> woafi behe woafi , caterpillar (T)
wodósanámbe	<i>n.</i>	rotten wood (S 20.4)
wogai mumbich	<i>n.</i>	cactus owl, a monster bird (Hul)
wogoivi[N]	<i>n.</i>	cactus (Hi); syn. wogwê'ipeH

wogwadia	<i>n.</i>	jay (Rob) [< -ā ->]
wogwê'ip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	prickly pear, inside burned for glue and paint (<i>Opuntia polyacantha</i>) (SGE); syn. wogoiviN; cf. wogaiviN, prickly pear/peyote cactus (M)
wogwêruiyuh	<i>n.</i>	bluebird (E)
wohoN	<i>n.</i>	enemy (Hi); adversary (E); rival (M); opponent in a game (H)
Wohon Dotsa Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	North Platte River at the Medicine Bow Mountains (<i>lit.</i> rival-white creek) (Sh)
Wohon Dotsan Doyap	<i>n.</i>	Medicine Bow Mountains (<i>lit.</i> enemy-white-mountain) (Sh); <i>var.</i> Wohon Dozan Doyap (SGE)
woigi	<i>tv.</i>	u woigir, enclose (E)
woixwana		in: nasuwa woixwana, think of
woiyurungki	<i>n.</i>	windpipe (T)
wok[V]	<i>tv.</i>	u wok, encase (E)
wongko	<i>n.</i>	pine tree (S); cf. wongkovi, pine tree (G), and wongkoviN, spruce tree (M)
wongko apo	<i>n.</i>	orange (<i>lit.</i> pine-apple) (T)
wongko gahni	<i>n.</i>	cabin (<i>lit.</i> pine house) (E)
wongko gwana	<i>n.</i>	plant sp., possibly Douglas spruce (<i>Pseudotsuga</i>) used for pitching baskets (<i>lit.</i> smells like pine) (SGE)
wongko hingkwonia	<i>n.</i>	creeping juniper (<i>Juniperus sabina</i>), Rocky Mountain juniper (<i>Juniperus scopulorum</i>) (SGE)
Wongko Ogwê	<i>n.</i>	Black's Fork, emptying into Ham's Fork (<i>lit.</i> pine creek) (Sh); Pine River (SGE)
Wongko Ogwê Paa	<i>n.</i>	Black's Fork (Geb)
Wongko Ogwên Doyavi	<i>n.</i>	Uintah Mountains (<i>lit.</i> pine river's mountain range) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Yutanin Doyavi
wongko rats	<i>n.</i>	pine squirrel (SGE)
wongko ravu	<i>n.</i>	snowshoe rabbit (<i>Lepus bairdii</i> ; <i>lit.</i> pine cottontail) (SGE)
wongko segits	<i>n.</i>	pine needle (T)
Wongko Yeyegwi	<i>n.</i>	Whiskey Gap Mountains (<i>lit.</i> pines sitting) (Sh)

wongko zaiṽ[iN]	<i>n.</i>	blue jay (lit. pine grasper) (E); syn. (?) dīchi wasepeH
Wongkoshengkwê	<i>n.</i>	a peak southeast of Diagwoi in the Fort Bridger country (Sh)
wongkovê	<i>n.</i>	acorns (E)
wongkovi	<i>n.</i>	pine tree (T); Douglas spruce, used for tipi poles (<i>Pseudotsuga taxifolia</i>) (SGE)
Wongkoyegwin Doyap	<i>n.</i>	Green Mountains (<i>lit.</i> pine sitting mountain) (SGE)
wonikwa	<i>v.</i>	scratch (S) da tsi wonikwa , be scratched
wosa	<i>n.</i>	sack (SG; [wosh]); <i>cf.</i> wosa, burden basket (M)
wovi rembê yagwadza	<i>n.</i>	box turtle (lit. box mouth turtle) (E)
wovim bungku	<i>n.</i>	wagon (<i>lit.</i> log horse) (Geb); <i>cf.</i> woviN, vehicle (boat, car, wagon, train) (M)
wovim bungku wanap[e]	<i>n.</i>	wagon cover (<i>lit.</i> log horse cloth) (Geb)
woviN	<i>n.</i>	1. log 2. box (E) wovin dotondogi , woodpecker (T)
wovin ditsok	<i>n.</i>	trunk (<i>lit.</i> wooden parfleche) (Geb)
wovin dotondogi	<i>n.</i>	woodpecker (<i>lit.</i> log-knock) (T); northern flicker (G)
wovin namp	<i>n.</i>	boot (<i>lit.</i> wood shoes) (T)
Wovinee	<i>n.</i>	Logs (S 18,9), (Sh)
woving kahni	<i>n.</i>	house, fort (<i>lit.</i> log house) (Geb)
wowich	<i>n.</i>	box (Sh) Doya Wowich , Mountain Box (Sh)
wowo		bark (SG)
wowogin		bark (E) sari wowogin , a dog is barking (E) wowogint , bow-wow (E)
woyu	<i>n.</i>	chipmunk (E)
wu''	<i>ptc</i>	by means of a rope (SM) wu táwhwats , after having tied with a rope (SM)
wuko	<i>tv.</i>	cut, notch (SG)
wunangkw	<i>pos</i>	in front of (SG)

	<i>tp.</i>	
wupaháikwa	<i>tv.</i>	throw (S); <i>cf.</i> wepairiraiN, <i>tv.</i> throw them away (C) u wupaháikwa , threw him (S 157.4)
wupi	<i>iv.</i>	leap, jump (SM) [popi, <i>rdp.</i>] (SG)
wutsa	<i>tv.</i>	clean (SG)
wutuxi		extinguish; <i>cf.</i> dzituxi wêha wutuxi, fire fighter (E)
wuwi		
ya	<i>n.</i>	lariat (Sh) u ya , his lariat (Sh)
ya	<i>ptc</i>	(particle; no definition) (S 165.4)
ya'		apprehend (E)
ya'i		I wish (S 33.8)
ya'iH		go in (S), come in (S); enter inside (SG); enter, go in (C) [yaya'iH, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; waigu, <i>pl. subj.</i>] ya[']imbid , came in (S) ya'ix[u] , [when s/he] came in (S 99.1)
yaa''	<i>tv.</i>	1. take (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S) 2. seize, grasp (SG); grab (E) 3. get (S), have custody (E) 4. arrest (E) 5. bring [hima", <i>pl. obj.</i>] (M) ya[a]uhw , took for (S 88.6) ya[a]tsi , took (S 145.7) ya[a]kwats , took (S 108.5) yaanuxi , [get] (S 181.4) yaaki , [get] (S 184.4) da yaa'hwai , arrested (E)
yaagina	<i>tv.</i>	carry (T) [is there a dzi waigina, carry them with a pole ?] dzi yaagina , carry with a pole (T)
yaaki[N]	<i>tv.</i>	get, bring (<i>sing. obj.</i>) (S 184.4); bring (C) [himakaN, <i>pl. obj.</i>] (C)

		ma yaak , hold in hand (E)
yaakungku	<i>v.</i>	bring (S) [<i>tv. or dv. ?</i>]; <i>cf.</i> , yaangkeN, <i>dv.</i> take (away) for (C)
yaangkene	<i>n.</i>	plant sp. (<i>Oreocarya</i>) (SGE)
yaap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	captive (lit. taken) (E)
yaapidi	<i>tv.</i>	bring (S); <yapidi> ya[a]pidinu , brought (S)
yagai		cry (S); <i>var.</i> , yagê [nawoiH, <i>dl.</i> and <i>pl.</i>] (C) yagáid , cried (S; 1 89.1) yagêmiágwaina , crying around for (S; 30.3)
yagai suwaite[N]	<i>tv.</i>	pity (<i>lit.</i> look on as cryable) (T)
yagaichi	<i>n.</i>	cry-baby (E)
yagaiki	<i>iv.</i>	beep (E)
yagaipu'eni		awake crying (SG)
yagaitegix	<i>iv.</i>	begins to cry (SM)
yagánt		always have (S 161.6)
yagwaza shep	<i>n.</i>	"very croaked" willow (<i>lit.</i> frog willow) (SGE)
yagwazaN	<i>n.</i>	frog (T; <yagwazaq>)
yagwazang kahni	<i>n.</i>	shell (<i>lit.</i> frog house) (T); a type of shell, used for earrings or necklaces (<i>lit.</i> frog's house) (Sh); abalone (E)
yahaisuwexe	<i>iv.</i>	smile (T); <i>syn.</i> yahnaishuwa[H] (Rob)
Yaham Bo'i	<i>n.</i>	Washakie Trail (<i>lit.</i> woodchuck road) (Sh)
yahaN	<i>n.</i>	1. woodchuck, rock chuck (Sh); ground hog (Hul) 2. (may refer to plant species) doya ohayahan , balsam root (SGE) êngka yahan , Indian paintbrush (SGE)
Yahandai	<i>n.</i>	Willow Lake region (<i>lit.</i> woodchuck hole) (Sh)
yahnai	<i>iv.</i>	laugh (S, E); <i>cf.</i> yahnai", laugh (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (M); <i>var.</i> yanê (S, SG) [nayahnê", <i>dl. subj.</i> ; nanikoiH, <i>pl. subj.</i>] nayanêkint , [they two] laughed (S 23.2) wazi yahnaikin , laugh quietly (E)

yahnaikindeN	<i>iv.</i>	laugh (T)
yahnaishuwa[H]		smile (Rob <yan nish siu ah>); cf. <i>muyahnaisuaH</i> , <i>iv.</i> smile (C)); syn. <i>yahaisuwxexe</i> (T)
yai'éd	<i>tv.</i>	carry away (S; glottal supplied) da yai[']éd , will carry away (S; 143.1]
yaixi	<i>iv.</i>	enter, go in, come in (T) moitsepikai yaixi , go noisily into (T6) semwese yaixi , suddenly [go] into (T)
yaixwa	<i>iv.</i>	go in (T)
yaiyíngka	<i>tv.</i>	go to get (S) yaiyíngkas , went and got (S 154.5)
yakaireN	<i>iv.</i>	weep, cry (T)
yaku	<i>tv.</i>	pick up (T)
yakwa	<i>tv.</i>	take (T) u yakwa , take X (T)
yamba (-i)	<i>n.</i>	camas, yamps (S); wild carrots (T) (<i>Carum gairdineri</i>) (SGE)
Yamba Paa	<i>n.</i>	Snake River (<i>lit.</i> wild carrot water) (Geb <Yon-pah paw>)
yamba wuura	<i>n.</i>	tapertip hawksbeard, a flowering plant (<i>Crepis acuminata</i>) (SGE); syn. <i>daavip</i> , <i>doyareva</i>
Yambahi	<i>n.</i>	Comanche Indian ((SGE); T)
Yambareka	<i>n.</i>	Yampah Ute (near White river; <i>lit.</i> yampa eater) (SGE)
yana wetsi	<i>n.</i>	scarlet bee blossom (<i>Gaura coccinea</i>) (SGE); syn. <i>aasia</i>
yanangka		<i>in:</i> <i>gê yanangka</i> , be quiet/stop (T)
yangkai shupainai'		<i>gê yangkai shupainai</i> , coma (E)
yangkangkia	<i>n.</i>	milk vetch (<i>Astragalus</i>) (SGE)
yangke		<i>in:</i> <i>de yangke</i> , harness (team of horses)
yangkwarere[N]		davê yangkware , right (T)

yatso'	<i>n.</i>	medication (T)
yavuikande[N]	<i>adj</i>	visible (T)
yaya'		bring in (E); cf. yaa, take ma yaya', bring X in (E)
yaya'iH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of ya'iH, go in
Yayaru	<i>n.</i>	(proper name) (S 9.5, 9.9)
yeavits	<i>n.</i>	gopher (T)
yegwi''	<i>iv.</i>	sit (<i>dl., pl. subj.</i>) (S) [gare'', <i>sing. subj.</i>] yegwíka , sitting are (S 12.9)
yegwi''	<i>tv.</i>	say something (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (S) [niweneH, <i>dl. and pl. subj.</i>] yegwid , said (S 21.3) yegwíyu , always say (S 77.6) yegwiva'i , can say (S 139.2)
yegwikiN	<i>iv.</i>	sit (S) yegwikíngu , [while s/he] sat (S 19.1)
yegwiN	<i>iv.</i>	do something (S); go around (S); do, gather, go after (C) [mee'', <i>dl. and pl. subj.</i>] [is this really iv. ??] na yegwingkehi , will go together to do (S; 6.1) nai yegwinihi , do; 3.6) na yegwimi , do (S; 6.6) yegwinihi , will do (S; 7.8)
yehavici[i]	<i>n.</i>	mole (animal) (Hi)
yehneN (yehna)	<i>n.</i>	porcupine (S; <yena>); Sh has: yin ye[h]na, (<i>obj.</i>) (S)yei''
yei	<i>co</i> <i>mb.</i>	evening
yei taziumbi	<i>n.</i>	evening star (Sh)
yei tekapeH	<i>n.</i>	supper, [dinner] (<i>lit.</i> evening meal) (Rob)
yeika		evening (S; <yeka>); cf. yiika

		du yé[i]kas , that evening (S 189.7) maidi yengkenut , it came evening while I was thinking of him (S 139.5)
yeinen		dusk (E)
yengk hain	<i>adv</i>	forever (SG)
yengkaH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of nemiH, go around maidi yengkenus , they go around and then (S 139.5)
yengki		eternity (E)
yenzi		ache (E) nangki yenzi' , ear ache (E)
yetsiH	<i>iv.</i>	get up, fly up (S); get up (T); fly (M); this appears to be a durative form; <i>cf.</i> yeze yetsíxwas , and flew up (S 147.1)
Yeva Mea	<i>n.</i>	September (<i>lit.</i> autumn month) (Sh); <i>syn.</i> Nagarats Mea
yevani	<i>n., adv.</i>	fall (autumn), last fall (S 159.2); in the fall; it is fall (SG); in the autumn (C)
Yevaraza Mea	<i>n.</i>	August (<i>lit.</i> autumn summer month) (Sh)
yevátsidune[e]	<i>n.</i>	birds (S)
yewengki	<i>iv.</i>	be moving, be in motion (T)
yeyédzeivún'a		say always (S 161.2)
yeyewukuna	<i>n.</i>	movements, actions (T)
yeze	<i>iv.</i>	fly, rise (<i>sing. subj.</i>) (SM); SG has: yedze); get up! (T) [yuyuri ~ yoyori, <i>dl. subj.</i> ; yuri ~ yori, <i>pl. subj.</i>] [yetsiH, <i>dur.</i>] (S, T)
yezegwai		to fly (E) yezegwaire , be flying (E)
yezegwaip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	airplane (E)
yezeka		flying squireel (E)
yezeki	<i>iv.</i>	fly (SM) yezekich uva garivid , after (he) flew he alighted (SM)

yii tavê		mid afternoon (Sh)
yiika	<i>n.</i>	evening (T; <yuh>); SG has: yiik; <i>cf.</i> yeika yiin , it is evening (SG)
yiipêtunde	<i>adv</i>	towards evening (T)
yinyuwuku		joint (E)
yyiandu		jitter (E)
yyierukun		jumped (E)
yyiurukun		alarmed (E)
yo'a		in: nawai yo'a, ingredient
yogaN	<i>tv.</i>	glue (S), [stick as if glued]; <i>cf.</i> yogapeH, <i>n.</i> mucus/phlegm (M) [yoyoga, rdp.] u yoga , glue it (S 128.7) yoyogant , jell/jello (E)
yogo	<i>tv.</i>	copulate (SG)
yoind[eN]		in: newe yoindeN, elevator (E)
yokaH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of bahai, fall off
yonip[eH]	<i>n.</i>	cotton (E)
yooN	<i>n.</i>	var. of yuuN, gentle/common Yoon Daivo , Common Whiteman (name of a Frenchman who visited the Eastern Shoshone early) (Sh)
yori''	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of yetsiH, get up/fly
yovinjakêr[eN]		crumpled (E); <i>cf.</i> magijoindeN
yoyogand[eN]		jell, jello (E)
yoyoriH	<i>iv.</i>	<i>dl. subj.</i> of yetsiH, get up/fly
yozogin		commotion (E; <yoe-zoe-ztoe-geen>)
yu'hwi	<i>tv.</i>	swallow! (T); SG has: yewe yu'hwiro'i , will swallow (T)
yu'nairêtsi	<i>adj</i>	soft (<i>lit.</i> soft-little) (Mor <u-ni-ret-se>); <i>cf.</i> yu'nai-, soft (G)
yu'u		in: gê yu'u, late (E; S 32.2, [yein]); <i>cf.</i> gê yu'uN, late (C))

yu'ungka		early (Hi); cf. gê yu'uN, late (C)) gê yu'ungka, late (Hi)
yudzixahi	<i>v.</i>	become of (S) [chk 159.7 or 154.7]
yugwikung[V]		in: huu yugwikung[V], get wood (E)
yugwiN		in: soni yugwint, hectic
yuhu dugupita	<i>n.</i>	lantern (lit. fat lamp) (E)
yuhu gwasengka	<i>tv.</i>	fry (T, E)
yuhu gwasengkap[eH]	<i>n.</i>	fry bread (hi, E); var. yuhudeng kwasengkapeH
yuhu riyêr[eN]		fat (lit. fatally obese) (E) yuhu riyêr dênape , fat man (E) yuhu riyêr waipe , fat woman (E)
yuhugaihyu	<i>adj.</i>	oily, fatty, greasy, rich (T)
yuhuN	<i>n., adj.</i>	1. <i>n.</i> cooking fat, grease (T); lard, suet (Hi) 2. <i>n.</i> fuel, gasoline, kerosene (E) 3. <i>adj.</i> fat, [obese] (E)
yuhun dênape[H]	<i>n.</i>	gas station attendant (E)
yuhundeN	<i>adj.</i>	fried (T)
yuhudeng gwasengkepeH	<i>n.</i>	fry bread (T); var. yuhu gwasengkepeH (Hi, E)
yuhung kahni	<i>n.</i>	gas station (E)
yuina		in: nagegi yuina, cut themselves
yumo'		collapse (E)
yumwa	<i>iv.</i>	pl. of aniH, fall; syn. gwambi
yumwairtsi	<i>adj.</i>	soft (T)
yumwaitsi	<i>adj.</i>	loose (not fitting) (T)
yumwaitsi garer	<i>adj.</i>	wobbly (<i>lit.</i> sitting loosely) (T)
yuna	<i>tv.</i>	scoop up (T) bêngwi yuna , scoop up fish (T)
yuna'		bearer (in hands) (E)
yunaitetsi		feeble (E)
yunigir[eN]		fluffy (E)

yupe		fat (T)
yurawend[eN]		flabby (E); cf. duku yurawendeN
yuri	<i>iv.</i>	<i>pl. subj.</i> of yeze, arise/fly
Yuta	<i>n.</i>	Ute Indian (SGE, T) T has: Yuta'; <i>var.</i> Iyuta
Yutanin Doyavi	<i>n.</i>	Uintah Mountains (<i>lit.</i> Ute's mountain range) (SGE); <i>syn.</i> Wonko Ogwên Doyavi
yuu aga[n]t		cozy (E)
yuu hanin	<i>n.</i>	bullroarer (<i>lit.</i> do warm; "used to dry off the snow") (Sh)
yuu kahni	<i>n.</i>	teepee (Sh)
Yuu Mea	<i>n.</i>	Warm Month (June, July, or August) (Hul)
yuu mogots[i]	<i>n.</i>	gunny sack, [burlap bag] (E); <i>syn.</i> gushi mogotsi
yuu pihid[eN]		casual, [light-hearted] (E)
yuu wener[eN]		idle (<i>lit.</i> standing quiet/peaceful) (E)
yuuN		fat, warm, quiet (SM); gently (E); warm, gentle, peaceful (C)); common (E); <i>var.</i> yooN (E); cf. nahareN [final feature N or "] yuu yaag , carry gently (E) gê yuung kare , hyperactive (E) Yoon Daivo , Common Whiteman (name of a Frenchman who visited the Eastern Shoshone early) (Sh)
yuung kare		be relaxed gê yuung kare , hyperactive (E)
yuunzangkus[eN]	<i>adv</i>	gently (E)
yuupe	<i>n.</i>	fat one (SG), chubby (one) (E) [yuupa, <i>obj.</i>] us sur we ure[e] nekáhik ure[e]n devanaru wenenen yuupa puxwaint usewe suk yuupa buin , it is he who is looking at that fat one – that fat one appearing standing in front of those ones who are dancing (SG)
Yuuwaraing Ke'mwahant	<i>n.</i>	Wind River Valley (<i>lit.</i> warm-edge-?) (SGE; SGE has: [gewahe] and [gemahe] suggesting that the second element is ge'mwa, edge

yuuwent	<i>n.</i>	plant species: <i>Arabis retropacta</i> (SGE)
yuuwixu	<i>iv.</i>	go down (?) (T) davê yuuwixu , sunset (T)
yuvishagêr[eN]		dingy (dirty) (E)
yuwainde[N]	<i>adj</i>	warm (T)
yuwaN	<i>co mb.</i>	crumble
yuwand[eN]	<i>adj</i>	crumbly (E)
yuwangke	<i>v.</i>	crumble (E)
yuwene	<i>iv.</i>	stand still (T)
yuwengki		in: sogo yuwengki, earthquake (E)
yuwi	<i>tv.</i>	remove (T) noyo yuwi , castrate (T)
yuwik		gulp (E)
yuya'		free (E)
yuyingka	<i>iv.</i>	go (S 51.6)
yuyuH	<i>n.</i>	fat (to mix with meat) (T); hair oil (E)