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# A. GENERAL INFORMATION

AI.	Address Information						
	Name of College or University: University of Massachusetts Amherst						
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip: Amherst, MA 01003-9291						
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip: Main Phone: (413) 545-0111						
	WWW Home Page Address: www.umass.edu						
	Admissions Phone Number: (413) 545-0222						
	Admissions Toll-free Phone Number: Not Available						
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip:						
	Office of Undergraduate Admissions						
	University Admissions Center						
	University Admissions Center University of Massachusetts						
	37 Mather Drive						
	Amherst, MA 01003-9291						
	Admissions Fax number: (413) 545-4312						
	Admissions E-mail Address: mail@admissions.umass.edu						
	Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify:						
	www.umass.edu/home/admissions						
	Note: Prospective students should refer to The Point ( <u>www.umass.edu/thepoint</u> ) for an insider's guide to UMass.						
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)						
	□ Public						
	Private (nonprofit)						
	☐ Proprietary						
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:						
	Coeducational college						
	Men's college						
	☐ Women's college						
A4.	Academic year calendar						
	Semester *						
	Quarter Continuous						
	☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe):						
	Other (describe):						
	* Winter and summer sessions are also available.						
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution						
	☐ Certificate ☐ Postbachelor's certificate						
	☐ Diploma ☐ Master's						
	☐ Associate ☐ Post-master's certificate						
	Transfer Doctoral						
	Terminal First professional						
	Bachelor's First professional certificate						
	<u> </u>						

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# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students reported for each of the following categories as of the institutions fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

# Fall 2000 IPEDS Enrollment

	FULL-TIME			PART-TIME			
	Men (1999 IPEDS col. 15)	Women (1999 IPEDS col. 16)	1999 IPEDS line	Men (1999 IPEDS col. 15)	Women (1999 IPEDS col. 16)	1999 IPEDS line	
Undergraduates							
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	1,722	2,091	line 1	22	11	line 15	
Other first-year, degree- seeking	162	70	line 2	5	7	line 16	
All other degree-seeking	6,667	6,773	lines 3-6	375	450	lines 17-20	
Total degree-seeking	8,551	8,934		402	468		
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	31	32	line 7	278	365	line 21	
Total undergraduates	8,582	8,966	line 8	680	833	line 22	
First-professional							
First-time, first-professional students	-	-	line 9	-	-	line 23	
All other first-professionals	-	-	line 10	-	-	line 24	
Total first-professional	-	-		-	-		
Graduate							
Degree-seeking, first-time	349	372	line 11	74	73	line 25	
All other degree-seeking	586	743	line 12	1,142	1,177	line 26	
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	58	42	line 13	381	358	line 27	
Total graduate	993	1,157		1,597	1,608		

Total all undergraduates (1999 IPEDS sum of lines 8 and 22, cols. 15 and 16): 19,061

Total all graduate and professional students (1999 IPEDS sum of lines 14 and 28, cols. 15 and 16): 5,355

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS (1999 IPEDS line 29, sum of cols. 15 and 16): 24,416

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

FALL 2000	Degree-seeking first-time first year	Degree-seeking undergraduates	Total Undergraduates
	1999 IPEDS sum of lines 1 and 15	1999 IPEDS Sum of lines 1-6 and lines 15-20	
Nonresident aliens 1999 IPEDS cols. 1-2	41	333	337
Black, non-Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 3-4	132	830	834
American Indian or Alaskan Native 1999 IPEDS cols. 5-6	17	77	79
Asian or Pacific Islander 1999 IPEDS cols. 7-8	290	1,217	1,222
Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 9-10	133	644	651
White, non-Hispanic 1999 IPEDS cols. 11-12	2,951	13,185	13,368
Race/ethnicity unknown 1999 IPEDS cols. 13-14	282	2,069	2,570
Total 1999 IPEDS cols. 15-16	3,846	18,355	19,061

### **Persistence**

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 1999, to June 30, 2000.

Certificate/diploma	NA
Associate degrees	86
Bachelor's degrees	4,038
Postbachelor's certificates	NA
Master's degrees	999
Post-master's certificates	44
Doctoral degrees	276
First professional degrees	NA
First professional certificates	NA
Total	5,443

### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements formerly collected by IPEDS or currently collected by the IPEDS Webbased Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 1999 paper-based survey or the 2000 Web-based survey.

### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1994. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1994.

**B4.** Initial 1994 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 3,866

(1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B5.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: <u>8</u> (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part C, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
В6.	Final 1994 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 3,858 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
В7.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 1998): <u>1,502</u> (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 19, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B8.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 1998 and by August 31, 1999): <u>670</u> (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 20, sum of columns 15 and 16)
В9.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 2000): 143 (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 21, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B10.	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 2,315 (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 18, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B11.	Six-year graduation rate for 1994 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 60.0%
For	Two-Year Institutions*:
B12.	Initial 1997 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B13.	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B14.	Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15.	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total): (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B16.	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11A, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B17.	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total): (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B18.	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12A, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B19.	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 30, sum of columns 15 and 16)

	Common Data Set. 1	2000 2001
	transfers to two-year institutions: IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 32, sum of columns 15 ar	nd 16)
	ransfers to four-year institutions: IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 33, sum of columns 15 ar	nd 16)
	e University of Massachusetts Amherst has a two-yearckbridge School of Agriculture. Completion data for	
in fall 1999 (reasons: dece	Rates ne cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivale (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be eased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid ser to other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.	adjusted for students who departed for the following
instituti	cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-se ion as freshmen in fall 1999 (or the preceding summer term e your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 1999).	n), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of
	C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FR	ESHMAN) ADMISSION
Application	ns	
applied, began st for cons followin	me, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 200 tudies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should incideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable aping actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting on). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students.	O. Include early decision, early action, and students who clude only those students who fulfilled the requirements plications) and who have been notified of one of the g list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or
Total fir	rst-time, first-year (freshmen) men who applied rst-time, first-year (freshmen) women who applied total of first-time, first-year (freshmen) who applied	9,134 10,365 19,499
Total fir	rst-time, first-year (freshmen) men who were admitted rst-time, first-year (freshmen) women who were admitted total of first-time, first-year (freshmen) who were adm	$\begin{array}{c} 5,596 \\ \hline 7,530 \\ \text{itted} & 13,126 \end{array}$
	ll-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled art-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	<u>1,635</u> <u>20</u>
Total pa	Il-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled art-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled total of first-time, first-year (freshmen) who enrolled	2,065 11 3,731
Note. T Agricult	otals exclude 120 first-time, first-year Associate's Deture.	gree students enrolled in the Stockbridge School of
on space	an wait-listed students (students who met admission ree availability) have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	_

# **Admission Requirements**

☐ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted ☐ High school diploma or equivalent is not required  Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?							
Required Recommended Neither required nor recommended		go propulation, pro	g-uni or organi				
istribution of high school units requires units required and/or recommendate year of study or its equivalent). If year	ded of all or most deg	gree-seeking students u	sing Carnegie units (one unit equal				
	Units required	Units recommended					
Total academic units	16						
English	4		1				
Mathematics	3		7				
Science	3						
Of these, units that must be lab	2		7				
Foreign language	2						
Social studies	2						
History							
Academic electives	2						
Other (specify)							
			_				

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academ	nic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first- year,
degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.	

$\bowtie$						
Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered			
AT and ACT Policies  8. Entrance exams  Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree seeking applicants?   Yes  No						
If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.						
	AT I, SAT II, or ACT sec	AT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission de	AT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission decisions for first-time, No			

	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for some	Considered if submitted	Not used
SAT I ACT SAT I or ACT (no preference) SAT I or ACTSAT I preferred SAT I or ACTACT preferred SAT I and SAT II SAT I and SAT II or ACT SAT II					

In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

Placement	⊠ Yes	
Counseling	⊠ Yes	

B. Does your institution use the SAT I or II or the ACT for **placement only**? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Note. Only submitted SAT II foreign language test scores are used for placement; students are not required to submit these scores.

C. Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission: February 1

Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission: Not Applicable

D. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

Standardized test scores may be waived for learning disabled Massachusetts residents if appropriate documentation of disability is submitted in lieu of test scores.

#### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled degree-seeking full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 1999, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 1999 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, first-time, first-year (freshman) degreeseeking students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores Number submitting SAT scores Percent submitting ACT scores Number submitting ACT scores NA

Note. ACT scores are converted to SAT scores using the College Board Concordance Table.

	25th percentile	75th percentile
SAT I Verbal	500	620
SAT I Math	510	620
ACT Composite	NA	NA
ACT English	NA	NA
ACT Math	NA	NA

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	6%	7%
600-699	29%	31%
500-599	43%	43%
400-499	19%	18%
300-399	3%	1%
200-299	0%	0%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (fresh of the following ranges (report information for those studinformation).  Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class: 19% Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class: 52% Percent in top half of high school graduating class: 91% Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class: 9% Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class: 9% Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	dents from whom you collected high school rank
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first point averages within each of the following ranges (using from whom you collected high school GPA.	
Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher: 82% Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99: 18% Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99: 0% Percent who had GPA below 1.0: 0%	
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking first-time 3.33	e, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	o submitted high school GPA: 99%
Admission Policies	
C13. Application fee	
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	<ul><li>∑ Yes ☐ No</li><li>\$40 in-state; \$50 out-of-state; \$60 international</li><li>∑ Yes ☐ No</li></ul>
C14. Application closing date	
Does your institution have an application closing date? Application closing date (fall): February 1 Priority date	⊠ Yes □ No
Note. Deadline for spring admission is October 15.	
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other	er than the fall? 🛛 Yes 🔲 No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill	in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date): December 15 By (date) Other	

C17.	Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
	Must reply by (date) No set date Must reply by May 1 or within 2 weeks if notified thereafter Other
	<b>Deferred admission:</b> Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?
C19.	<b>Early admission of high school students:</b> Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No
C20.	Common application: Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?
Early	y Decision and Early Action Plans
C21.	<b>Early decision:</b> Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?
	<b>Early action:</b> Do you have a non-binding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?  Yes No

### D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall	Api	plicants

	D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? ☐ Yes ☐ No						
D2.	Provide the nun	nber of students	who applied, were admit	tted, and enrolled as degree	e-seeking transfer students in fall 2000.		
		Applicants	Admitted applicants	Enrolled applicants	7		
	Men	1,607	944	644			
	Women	1,535	930	566			
	Total	3,142	1,874	1,210			
Арр	Application for Admission						
D3.	D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:  ☐ Fall ☐ Winter ☐ Spring ☐ Summer						
	☐ Yes ⊠ No	0		edits completed or else mu edits must submit their h	st apply as an entering freshman?		

**D5.** Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required	Recommended	Recommended	Required of	Not required
	of all	of all	of some	some	
High school transcript				X	
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement	X				
Interview					X
Standardized test scores				Χ	
Statement of good standing					
from prior institution(s)					X

**D6.** If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): NA

- **D7**. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 2.5 in-state; 2.7 out-of-state
- **D8**. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:
  International transfer applicants must submit a notorized Sponsor Statement and a bank statement. In addition, if an international applicant is from a foreign country in which English is not the primary language, he or she must also submit a TOEFL score.

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	<b>Closing Date</b>	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		May 1	February-June	June 1	X
Winter					
Spring		October 15	October-December	None	Х
Summer					

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission policy, if reported, appl	y to transfer students?  Yes No Not Applicable
<b>D11.</b> Describe additional requirements for transfer adr Pre-requisites may be required for some ma	
Transfer Credit Policies	
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course th	at may be transferred for credit: C-
Number: 75 Unit type: semest Number: 75 Unit type: semest Number: 75 Unit type: semest Unit type: semest Number: 75 Unit type: semest Number: 75 Unit type: semest Number: 75 Unit type: semest Number: Number of credits that transfers must contain the semest Number of Credits that transfers must contain the semest Number of Credits that transfers must contain the semistance of Credits or courses that may Number: Number of Credits or Courses that may Number: Number: Number of Credits or Courses that may Number: Numb	be transferred from a four-year institution:
<b>D16.</b> Minimum number of credits that transfers must c	complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 45
<b>D17.</b> Describe other transfer credit policies:  The majority of departments require that the	completion of most upper-level courses be done in residence.
E. ACADEMIC	OFFERINGS AND POLICIES
<b>E1. Special study options:</b> Identify those programs a	vailable at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
<ul> <li>☐ Accelerated program</li> <li>☐ Cooperative (work-study) program</li> <li>☐ Cross-registration</li> <li>☐ Distance learning</li> <li>☐ Double major</li> <li>☐ Dual enrollment</li> <li>☐ English as a Second Language</li> <li>☐ Exchange student program (domestic)</li> <li>☐ External degree program</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>☐ Honors program</li> <li>☐ Independent study</li> <li>☐ Internships</li> <li>☐ Liberal arts/career combination</li> <li>☐ Student-designed major</li> <li>☐ Study abroad</li> <li>☐ Teacher certification program</li> <li>☐ Weekend college</li> </ul>

Other (specify):

Residential Academic Programs allow first-year students to live together and take classes together; University Without Walls offers individualized degrees to working adults for whom the conventional route for obtaining a bachelor's degree is difficult or impossible.

### E2. Has been removed from the CDS.

E3.	Areas in which all or most students	are required to com	plete some course wor	k prior to gradu	ation:
	<ul> <li>Arts/fine arts</li> <li>Computer literacy</li> <li>English (including composition)</li> <li>Foreign languages *</li> <li>History</li> <li>Other: Social &amp; Cultural Divers</li> <li>* Required for all Arts and Science</li> </ul>	⊠ Social so ity	atics bhy s (biological or physical	l)	
Lib	rary Collections - Fiscal Year 2000				
Rep	port the number of holdings. Refer to m	ost recent IPEDS Lib	orary Survey, Part D, for	r corresponding e	quivalents.
	Books, serial backfiles, electronic doc catalog: <u>2,991,397</u> (sum of lines 27 Current serial subscriptions (paper, mi	and 29, column 2)			
E6.	Microforms (units): 2,417,810 (line	e 28, column 2)			
E7.	Audiovisual materials (units): 16,420	(line 32, column 2)			
		E STUDI	anion i tiala		
		r. STUDI	ENT LIFE		
F1.	Percentages of first-time, first-year who fit the following categories:			g undergraduate	es enrolled in fall 2000
F1.	who fit the following categories:	(freshman) students	and all degree-seeking	ne, First-year Freshmen	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (exception of men who join fraternities)	(freshman) students	and all degree-seeking	ne, First-year	Degree-Seeking
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (excepted of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities	(freshman) students	and all degree-seeking First-ting nresident alien)	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5%
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (excepted of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -o	(freshman) students	and all degree-seeking First-ting nresident alien)	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A 96%	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5% 59%
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (exception of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -college-owned, -college	(freshman) students	and all degree-seeking First-ting nresident alien)	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A 96% 4%	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5% 59% 41%
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (exception of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -or Percent who live off campus or community Percent of students age 25 and older	(freshman) students	and all degree-seeking First-ting nresident alien)	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A 96% 4% 0%	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5% 59% 41% 6%
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (exception of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -college-owned, -college	(freshman) students clude international/no operated, or -affiliated oute	and all degree-seeking First-ting nresident alien)	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A 96% 4%	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5% 59% 41%
F1.	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (exception of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -college-owned, -college-owned of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students	(freshman) students clude international/no sperated, or -affiliated aute	and all degree-seeking First-ting nresident alien) housing	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A 96% 4% 0% 18 18	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5% 59% 41% 6% 20.3 20.6
	who fit the following categories:  Percent who are from out of state (exception of men who join fraternities) Percent of women who join sororities Percent who live in college-owned, -our Percent who live off campus or community common percent of students age 25 and older Average age of full-time students Average age of all students (full- and Note. First-time, first-year students	(freshman) students clude international/no sperated, or -affiliated tute  part-time)  totals exclude 120	First-tinnresident alien) housing Associate's Degree s	me, First-year Freshmen 26% N/A N/A 96% 4% 0% 18 18	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates 24% 6% 5% 59% 41% 6% 20.3 20.6

F 3.	<b>ROTC</b> (program offered in cooperation with R	eserve Officers' Training Corps)
	Army ROTC is offered:	
	On campus	
	At cooperating institution (name):	
	At cooperating institution (name).	
	Naval ROTC is offered	
	☐ On campus	
	At cooperating institution (name):	
	A' E DOTG : CC 1	
	Air Force ROTC is offered	
	At cooperating institution (name):	
F4.	Housing Check all types of college-owned -c	perated, or –affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your
	institution.	politice, or allimated housing available for andergraduates at your
	mstruuon.	
	⊠ Coed dorms	Special housing for disabled students
	Men's dorms	Special housing for international students
	<del>_</del>	
	Women's dorms	Fraternity/sorority housing
	Apartments for married students	Cooperative housing
	Apartments for single students	
	Other housing options (specify):	
	value mousing operations (operation).	

Unique housing opportunities include: 1) Special Interest Housing, where students with similar cultural, language, artistic, and lifestyle interests may choose to live together, and 2) Residential Academic Programs through which first-year students can both live together and share particular courses. These programs are designed to help first-year students become a part of campus life.

### G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

### G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2001-2002 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
TUITION:		
In-state	\$1,714	\$1,714
N.E. Regional Student Program	\$2,571	\$2,571
Out-of-state	\$9,937	\$9,937
Non-Resident Aliens	\$9,937	\$9,937

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
REQUIRED FEES:		
In-state/ N. E. Regional Student Program	\$3,671	\$3,498
Out-of-state	\$4,001	\$3,828
ROOM AND BOARD (ON-CAMPUS):	\$5,115	\$5,115
Room Only (on-campus)	\$2,872	\$2,872
Board Only (on-campus 14 meal plan)	\$2,243	\$2,243

Note A. First-year undergraduate students pay one time fees totaling \$173.

Note B. New England Regional Student Program offers students of ME, NH, VT, RI, and CT the opportunity to earn a degree in curricula not available at the resident's own state institution at 150% the cost of in-state tuition.

<b>G2.</b> Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	12 minimum	18* maximum
* With some exceptions.		
<b>G3.</b> Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?	⊠ Yes*	☐ No
* For first-year students only.		

**G4.** If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: All Engineering students pay an additional \$320 per year.

# G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters	Commuters
		(living at home)	(not living at home)
Books and supplies	\$500	\$500	\$500
Room only			\$2,557
Board only		\$1,800	\$2,557
Transportation	\$400	\$600	\$400
Other expenses	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000

### **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

In-state	\$71.50
N.E. Regional Student Program	\$107.00
Out-of-state	\$414.00
Non-Resident Aliens	\$414.00

### H. FINANCIAL AID

### Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the definitions section.)

Indicate academic year for	which	data	are reported for items	H1,	H2,	H2A,	and H6	below:
<b>∑</b> 2000-2001 estimated *	or		1999-2000 final					

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal		
	10,370,630	0
State		
	6,889,855	14,524
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or		
other institutional awards) and external		
funds awarded by the college excluding		
athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are		
reported below)	8,273,000	3,258,993
Scholarships/grants from external sources		
(e.g., Kiwanis, NMSQT) not awarded by		
the college	1,989,085	929,538
Total Scholarships/Grants		
	27,522,570	4,203,055
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding		
parent loans)		
	27,414,508	15,536,751
Federal Work-Study		
	7,863,596	
State and other work-study/		
employment	0	0
Total Self-Help		
	35,278,104	15,536,751
Parent Loans	3,402,359	7,253,399
Tuition waivers	6,917,031	706,366
Athletic awards	1,272,983	2,699,382

<sup>\*</sup> Census Date: November 15, 2000.

### **Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid**

**H2**. List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Inc. Fresh)	Less than full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item			
	B1 if reporting on Fall 2000 cohort)	3,693*	17,485	870
b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)	2,913	12,658	179
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have	2,913	12,030	179
	financial need	1,745	8,336	132
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who received any financial aid	1,688	8,068	122
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based gift aid	1,349	6,312	96
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based self-help aid	1,474	7,397	111
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any non-need-based gift aid	43	88	1
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude</u> PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans).	454	3,779	46
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).	82%**	89%**	77%**
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).	\$7,244	\$8,187	\$6,456
k)	Average need-based gift award of those in line e	\$5,632	\$5,536	\$3,893
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$3,486	\$4,417	\$3,844
m)	Average need-based loan ( <u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b> who received a need-based loan.	\$2,869	\$3,597	\$3,470

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes 120 Associates Degree students.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Totals for in-state only: 89% for first-year students, 92% for full-time undergraduates, and 80% for part-time undergraduates.

**H2A.** Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships: List the of degree seeing full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: IN the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Inc. Fresh.)	Less than Full-time Undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need who			
received non-need-based gift <u>aid</u> (exclude those receiving			
athletic awards and tuition benefits)	252	1,012	9
o) Average dollar amount of non-need-based gift aid awarded to			
students in line <b>n</b>	\$3,546	\$4,014	\$878
p) Number of students in line <b>a</b> who received a non-need-based			
athletic grant or scholarship	46	235	4
q) Average dollar amount of non-need-based athletic grants and			
scholarships awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$10,444	\$11,376	\$6,487

o) Average dollar amount of non-need-based gift aid awarded to	00.540	<b>0.1.0.1.1</b>	<b>4070</b>						
students in line n	\$3,546	\$4,014	\$878						
p) Number of students in line <b>a</b> who received a non-need-based athletic grant or scholarship	46	235	4						
q) Average dollar amount of non-need-based athletic grants and	40	233	4						
scholarships awarded to students in line <b>p</b>	\$10,444	\$11,376	\$6,487						
H3. Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?									
<ul><li>X Federal methodology (FM)</li><li>Institutional methodology (IM)</li><li>Both FM and IM</li></ul>									
<b>H4.</b> Percent of 2000 undergraduate class who graduated between a loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private etc borrowed while enrolled at your institution. 40%									
<b>H5.</b> Average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtednes institutions: \$16,069 (average debt for in-state students alone)			clude money born	owed at other					
Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (No academic year checked in item H1.)	te: Report nur	mbers and dollar	amounts for the	same					
H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  College-administered need-based financial aid is available College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available College-administered financial aid is not available									
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students									
H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:									
☐ FAFSA ☐ Institution's own financial aid form									
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE									
<ul><li>State aid form</li><li>Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement</li></ul>									
Business/Farm Supplement									
Other:									

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H8. Check	off all financial aid forms non-resident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application Foreign Student's Certification of Finances Other:
<b>H9.</b> Indica	te filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
Dead	ity date for filing required financial aid forms: March 1 line for filing required financial aid forms:eadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10. Indic	ate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
a. Stu	dents notified on or about (date):
b. Stu	idents notified on a rolling basis: Yes If yes, starting date: April 1
H11. Indic	ate reply dates:
No re	ply date.
Types of A	aid Available
Please chec	ck off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:
<b>H12.</b> Loan	S
⊠ I ⊠ I	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans* Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans* Direct PLUS Loans
☐ I	FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL) FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify): William D. Ford Federal Direct (subsidized & unsubsidized) Loans

# H13. Scholarships and Grants

	NEED-BASED:
$\boxtimes$	Federal Pell
$\boxtimes$	SEOG
$\boxtimes$	State scholarships/grants
$\boxtimes$	Private scholarships
$\boxtimes$	College/university gift aid from institutional funds
	United Negro College Fund
	Federal Nursing Scholarship
	Other (specify):

# H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X		Academics			Leadership
		Alumni affiliation			Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
Х		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills	X		State/district residency
X		ROTC			

### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

### I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2000.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

*Part-time*: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, an doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full time	Part time	Total
a) Total number of instructional faculty	1,155	109	1,264
b) Total number who are members of minority			
groups	144	5	149
c) Total number who are women	328	55	383
d) Total number who are men	827	54	881
e) Total number who are non-resident aliens			
(international)	51	6	57
f) Total number with doctorate, first			
professional, or other terminal degree	1,088	66	1,154
g) Total number whose highest degree is a			
master's but not a terminal master's	51	34	85
h) Total number whose highest degree is a			
bachelor's	14	8	22
i) Total number whose highest degree is			
unknown or other (Note: Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>i</b>			
must sum up to item a)	2	1	3

#### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2000 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2000 Student to Faculty ratio: 18 to 1.

### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2000 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2000. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

### Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled.

	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)							
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	326	617	677	324	139	171	179	2,433
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS	107	275	438	153	16	23	4	1,016

# J. DEGREES CONFERRED

# Degrees conferred between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000

# **Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A**

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP categories to
	certificates	4000/	00/	include here
Agriculture		100%	3%	1 and 2
Architecture			1%	4
Area and ethnic studies			1%	5
Biological/life sciences			5%	26
Business/marketing			18%	8 and 52
Communications/communication			00/	9 and 10
technologies			8%	
Computer and information			40/	11
sciences			1%	
Education			1%	13
Engineering/engineering			407	14 and 15
technologies			4%	
English			4%	23
Foreign languages and literature			2%	16
Health professions and related				51
sciences			5%	
Home economics and vocational				19 and 20
home economics			1%	
Interdisciplinary studies			2%	30
Law/legal studies			2%	22
Liberal arts/general studies			3%	24
Library science			-	25
Mathematics			1%	27
Military science and technologies			-	28 and 29
Natural resources/environmental				3
science			4%	
Parks and recreation			5%	31
Personal and miscellaneous				12
services			-	
Philosophy, religion, theology			0%	38 and 39
Physical sciences			1%	40 and 41
Protective services/public				43 and 44
administration			-	
Psychology			7%	42
Social sciences and history			16%	45
Trade and industry			-	46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			4%	50
Other			-	
TOTAL		100%	100%	

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# Common Data Set Definitions 2000

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant** (**first-time**, **first year**): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

**Cooperative (work-study plan) program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Core curriculum: A specified number of courses or credits in the humanities, social sciences, life sciences, and/or physical sciences required of all students, regardless of major, to ensure a basic set of learning experiences.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad.** 

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average** (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter

calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

### Financial aid definitions

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

#### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Scholarships/grants from external sources:** Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Work study and employment**: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.