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CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES

and

MUNICIPALEISHIN

AQUACULTURE

PHILIPPINES

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AQUACULTURE and MUNICIPAL FISHING

PHILIPPINES



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY SOLID · RESPONSIVE · WORLD-CLASS



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

PRESIDENT RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY

LISA GRACE S. BERSALES, Ph.D. National Statistician and Civil Registrar General

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FOREWORD

Over the years, the Census of Agriculture and Fisheries (CAF) has been the major source of structural information on agriculture and fishery sectors in the country. The collected census data provide statistical information which can be used as basis for decision making by the government, businesses, academics, researchers, community organizations and others. The 2012 CAF was the sixth in a series of decennial agriculture censuses and the fifth in the series of decennial censuses of fisheries in the country.

This report presents data on the structure and characteristics of aquaculture holdings, municipal fishing operations, and selected demographic characteristics of aquaculture and municipal fishing operators. Data on agriculture, commercial fishing operations and barangay information on agriculture, aquaculture and fishing facilities/infrastructures will be presented in separate reports.

The Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) greatly appreciates the support of all people and various local and government agencies, local government units and private organizations whose valuable assistance contributed to the successful implementation of this major statistical undertaking. Worthy to mention is the full cooperation extended by the respondents to the census enumerators and the funding provided by the national government. Credit is also due to the staff of the then National Statistics Office including regional and provincial officers, supervisors, processors and other individuals who, in one way or another have contributed to the completion of the 2012 CAF data collection. Also acknowledged are the PSA staff who worked hard in the processing of data and publication of this report.

It is hoped that data users will find this report useful in their undertakings. Moreover, we welcome comments and suggestions from the data users, researchers and other stakeholders for the improvement of the census particularly the data system of aquaculture and fishing.

Lisa Brace J. Bernales LISA GRACE S. BERSALES, Ph.D.

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Quezon City, Philippines August 2018

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Acronyms and Initials Used

ARMM BAS BFAR CA	Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao Bureau of Agricultural Statistics Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources Commonwealth Act
CAF	Census of Agriculture and Fisheries
CALABARZON	Cavite, Laguna, Batangas, Rizal, Quezon
CAR	Cordillera Administrative Region
CSC	Census Steering Committee
EC	Economic Census
EO	Executive Order
HSD	Household Statistics Department
MIMAROPA	Occidental Mindoro, Oriental Mindoro, Marinduque, Romblon, Palawan
NCR	National Capital Region
NIR	Negros Island Region
NSO	National Statistics Office
PSA	Philippine Statistics Authority
RA	Republic Act
RD	Regional Director
SOCCSKSARGEN	South Cotabato, Cotabato (North), Cotabato City, Sultan Kudarat, Sarangani, General Santos City
SEAFDEC	Southeast Asian Fisheries Development Center

CHAPTER 1 EXPLANATORY TEXT

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The Census of Agriculture and Fisheries (CAF) is a large-scale government undertaking, geared towards the collection and compilation of basic information on the agriculture and fishery sectors in the Philippines. Over the years, the CAF has been a source of comprehensive statistics on agriculture for the use of the general public, government, business industry, research and academic institutions.

The 2012 CAF was the sixth decennial agriculture census undertaken by the then National Statistics Office (NSO). The collection of agriculture data was first included in the Economic Census (EC) in 1903, 1918, 1939 and 1948. The Census of Agriculture was undertaken separately from the EC in 1960 and conducted simultaneously with the Census of Fisheries, beginning in 1971 and every 10 years thereafter. These two census activities were collectively known as the CAF.

The 2012 CAF was conducted from February 25, 2013 to April 30, 2013. This operation primarily covered all households engaged in agriculture, aquaculture and fishing to obtain data about the operation of holding/farm, aquafarm and fishing.

A community-based module was also administered in all barangays. This community-based module provided information on facilities, input dealers and service providers related to agriculture, aquaculture and fishing present or available in the barangay. This module also gathered the dominant terrain of the barangay as well as the destructive natural calamities experienced in the barangay during the past five years.

1.1.1 Objectives of 2012 CAF

The 2012 CAF was envisioned to achieve the following objectives:

- 1. Determine the structural characteristics of agriculture and fishery sectors,
- 2. Provide sampling frame for the conduct of statistical surveys on crop production, livestock and poultry raising, and other agricultural undertakings,
- 3. Provide basic data for use in national as well as sub-national development planning, and
- 4. Provide data on agriculture, aquaculture, and fishery facilities and services in the barangay.

Specifically, this census aimed to:

- Obtain data on the characteristics of the holdings/farms such as physical area, number of parcels, legal status, etc. and characteristics of parcels such as physical area, location, tenure status, main use, presence of irrigation structure/equipment, source of irrigation water, types of crops planted, planting pattern and area planted;
- 2. Determine the number of households with members engaged as operator of an agricultural and/or aquaculture and/or fishing activity (or activities);
- 3. Gather data on the legal status of agricultural holders/operators and operators of aquaculture and fishing activities;
- 4. Determine the type of agricultural activity (or activities) operated such as growing of crops, contract growing of trees, growing of orchids for sale, ornamental plant and flower gardening for sale, raising livestock and/or poultry, raising race horses and breeder dogs for sale, bee culture, sericulture and others;

- 5. Collect data on aquaculture such as the type of aquafarm, location and size/volume of aquafarm, type of water environment used, and the aquafarm species cultured/raised;
- Obtain characteristics of the fishing activity such as the category of fishing, number of fishing boats/vessels used, ownership of boats/vessels, tonnage of boats/vessels used, type of boat/vessel used, and kind and number of fishing gears/devices/accessories employed in fishing activity;
- 7. Determine the number of household members of the agricultural operators and/or operators of aquaculture and/or fishing activity as well as their selected socio-demographic characteristics; and
- 8. Collect data on the physical attributes of each barangay as well as presence/availability of agriculture and fishery facilities, input dealers and service providers.

1.1.2 Authority for 2012 CAF

The former NSO undertook the 2012 CAF in accordance with EO 121, which designated the said office as the *"major statistical agency responsible for generating general purpose statistics"* and Commonwealth Act (CA) 591, which authorized the then NSO *"to prepare for and undertake all censuses of population, agriculture, industry and commerce".*

Moreover, EO 352, otherwise known as the "*Designation of Statistical Activities that will Generate Critical Data for Decision-Making of the Government and the Private Sector*", provided for the conduct of census of agriculture every 10 years with the objective of providing government planners and policy-makers with data on which to base their plans for the country's development.

1.1.3 Confidentiality of information

In accordance with Section 4 of CA 591, information obtained from individuals or establishments during the census operation was STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL and was not divulged to any person, except to the PSA personnel who were authorized and acting in the performance of their duties.

The information collected from households/persons or establishments would be used for statistical purposes only, not for taxation or investigation or law enforcement. RA 10625 (Article 59, Rule 30) stated that "any person, including parties within the PSA Board and the PSA, who breach the confidentiality of information, whether by carelessness or improper behaviour or behaviour with malicious intent or use of confidential information for profit, are considered guilty of an offense and shall be liable to fines and/or imprisonment as prescribed by the PSA Board".

1.1.4 2012 CAF organizational set-up

The planning and preparation of the 2012 CAF started as early as the middle of 2009 through the creation of Census Steering Committee (CSC) and Working Groups to provide overall directions for the different activities of the 2012 CAF. The former NSO Administrator chaired the CSC with the Deputy Administrator as Vice-chair and was assisted by the different Department Directors. The CSC also consulted the field personnel concerning field operations.

The former NSO Director of the Household Statistics Department (HSD) coordinated and monitored all matters pertaining to the 2012 CAF through its Census Project Staff. The Census Planning and Operations Division conducted all activities of the census.

In the field offices, the former NSO Regional Directors (RDs) and the former Bureau of Agricultural Statistics (BAS) Regional Agricultural Statistics Officers coordinated, monitored and supervised the CAF operations in all provinces within their respective region. The former NSO RDs also directly supervised the scanning and archiving activities with the technical supervision of the Information Resource Department and HSD. The former NSO Provincial

Statistics Officers coordinated and supervised the census field operations as well as the manual processing activities at the provincial level.

1.2 SCOPE OF 2012 CAF

In line with the objectives of 2012 CAF, the following data items were included in the census:

- 1. Name of holder/operator/hired manager and type of agricultural/aquaculture/fishing activity,
- 2. Legal status of the agricultural holder/operator and/or aquaculture and fishing activity,
- 3. Characteristics of the holding/farm such as physical area, number of parcels, etc. and characteristics of parcels such as area, location, tenure status, main use and irrigation,
- 4. Temporary and permanent crops, planting pattern, area planted, and number of trees/vines/hills,
- 5. Livestock and poultry raised,
- 6. Characteristics of the aquafarm such as type, location, area/volume, water environment, and the type of species cultured,
- 7. Characteristics of the fishing activity such as category of fishing, tonnage of boat/vessel used, number of boats/vessels used, and kind and number of fishing gears/accessories/devices,
- 8. Selected socio-demographic and economic characteristics of the household members, and
- 9. Information on the barangay facilities, input dealers and service providers related to agriculture, aquaculture and fisheries.

1.3 BASIC CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

Household

A household is a social unit consisting of a person living alone or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Aquaculture

Aquaculture refers to propagating and culturing of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic plants and animals in fresh, brackish, and/or marine water areas. Examples are propagating and culturing of milkfish in fish ponds, eucheuma (gozo) in seaweed farm, mussels in mussel farm, and oysters in oyster farm.

Aquaculture Holding/Farm

An aquaculture holding/farm is an economic unit of aquaculture production under single management, comprising all aquaculture facilities without regard to title, legal form, or size. Single management may be exercised by an individual or household, jointly by two or more individuals or households, by a clan or tribe, or by a juridical person such as a corporation, cooperative or government agency. The aquaculture holding's aquaculture facilities are located in one or more separate areas or in one or more territorial or administrative divisions, providing the facilities share the same production means, such as labour, buildings and machinery.

Aquafarm

Aquafarm refers to a farming facility used in the culture or propagation of aquatic species like fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and aquatic plants. It includes fishpond, fish pen, fish cage, fish tank, hatchery or "pangitlugan", seaweed farm, oyster farm, mussel farm and other farms for culturing of pearl, cockles, and abalone.

Aquaculture Holder/Operator

An aquaculture holder/operator is a person who takes the technical and administrative responsibility of managing the day-to-day operation of an aquafarm. The aquaculture holder/operator is responsible for making major decisions including the management and supervision of hired workers in his aquafarm. He/she may do the farming/culturing of aquatic products himself/herself or with the members of his household or may employ others to do the job for him/her. An aquaculture holder/operator may be the owner of the aquafarm.

Fishing

Fishing refers to the catching and gathering of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other marine organisms and products, including other aquatic plants.

It is the catching, collecting and gathering activities directed at removing or collecting live wild aquatic organisms predominantly fish, mollusks (such as clams, snails, octopus and squid) and crustaceans (such as crabs, lobsters, shrimps and crayfish) including plants from the sea or inland waters for human consumption and other purposes by hand or various types of fishing gear such as nets, lines and stationary traps.

The 2012 CAF excluded sports fishing, and catching/gathering of fish, including ornamental fish and other aquatic products such as corals as a hobby.

Municipal Fishing

Municipal fishing operation carried out without the use of boat/vessel or with the use of a raft or a boat/vessel of three gross tons or less.

Commercial Fishing

Commercial fishing covers fishing operation using boat/vessel, usually with an engine, of more than three gross tons.

Fishing Boat/Vessel

Fishing boat/vessel refers to any boat, ship or other watercraft equipped to be used for taking of fishery species in the performance of any activity related to fishing. This includes a raft.

Gross Tonnage of the Boat/Vessel

Gross tonnage of the boat/vessel is the vessel's "closed-in" spaces expressed in volume in terms of one hundred cubic feet (which is equal to one gross ton). This includes permanently enclosed spaces above the tonnage deck, also known as the underdeck tonnage.

Fishing Gear

Fishing gear is any apparatus, gadget, implement and other paraphernalia used in catching and gathering of fish, crustaceans, mollusks and other aquatic products.

Marine Waters

Marine waters refer to bodies of water such as oceans, bays, gulfs and channels with seawater salinity. It is pure saltwater, such as Manila Bay, Visayan Sea and Batangas Coast.

Inland Waters

Inland waters refer to bodies of water such as lakes, rivers, reservoirs, dams, paddy/rice fields, estuaries, marshes, and ponds usually consisting of fresh water or brackish water environments. Examples are Laguna de Bay, Taal Lake, Liguasan Marsh and Agusan Marsh.

Fishing Operator

A fishing operator is a person who takes the technical and administrative responsibility of managing the day-to-day fishing operation. He/she is responsible for making major decisions, including the management and supervision of hired workers in his/her fishing operation. He/she may do the catching or gathering of aquatic products alone or with the members of his household. He/she may not do the catching or gathering of aquatic products but may employ others to do the job for him/her. He/she may be the owner of the fishing boat and/or fishing gear.

A fishing operator on "own account" is the owner who is solely responsible for the technical decisions and implementation of plans involving when and where to go out fishing, what fishing gears/accessories/devices to use, and other fishing activity and who is responsible for the consequences that may result from the fishing operation. He/she may hire workers to do the job for him/her and may own a boat/vessel and/or fishing gears.

Hired Manager as Holder/Operator

A hired manager in the aquaculture/fishing operation is a person being paid a salary or wage, sometimes plus a commission, by other private individuals, corporations, cooperatives, institutions, and others to operate or be responsible for the day-to-day fishing operation. He/she may supervise other persons in performing these operations. He/she is different from a caretaker or overseer who merely carries out his employer's instructions.

Legal Form of Organization

Legal form of organization refers to the form of organization under which the aquaculture/fishing activity is undertaken. The operator may operate as an individual proprietor, partnership, corporation, cooperative, other private institution or government corporation/institution.

1.4 DATA LIMITATIONS

The data referring to aquaculture holdings/farms and municipal fishing operations in this report were tabulated according to the aquaculture holder's/operator's and fishing operator's residence while data referring to holdings/farms were tabulated according to its geographic/actual location. The 2012 CAF data were based on complete count of all aquaculture holdings/farms and municipal fishing operations.

Like other data gathering activities, the CAF results were not exempted from non-sampling errors.

Note that Baganga, Boston and Cateel in Davao Oriental were not covered during the 2012 CAF enumeration because the households in these municipalities were displaced due to typhoon Pablo. However, these households had been enumerated in other municipalities where they were temporarily relocated.

The 2012 CAF was supposed to conduct one or more sample-based census *supplementary modules* which were intended to collect more in-depth structural data on specific concerns on irrigation, cropping pattern, aquaculture and fisheries. Due to the transition of former statistical agencies into PSA by virtue of RA 10625, these were not carried out.

This report does not include agriculture and barangay information on agriculture, aquaculture and fishing. These will be reported in separate publications/factsheets.

1.5 COMPARABILITY OF 2012 CAF WITH PAST CENSUSES

The concepts, definitions, scope and coverage used in the 1960, 1971, 1980 and 2012 Census of Fisheries were basically the same. However, there were some differences in the reference periods and sample designs which should be taken into account when comparing data across the census years.

Comparison of selected indicators between the 1980 and 2012 CAF such as number and area of aquafarms, number of aquaculture and municipal fishing operators, fishing boat/vessel and fishing gears was also discussed in the succeeding chapters. For comparison purposes, selected indicators from the 1980 to 2012 CAF were presented according to the current regional composition and/or availability of 1980 CAF data.

CHAPTER 2 BACKGROUND: PHILIPPINES



The Philippines, officially the Republic of the Philippines, is a sovereign island country in South East Asia consisting of more than 7,000 islands. The Philippines has three major island groups, namely, Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao. These are subdivided into 18 administrative regions 81 provinces, 139 cities, 1,633 municipalities, 5,697 urban barangays and 36,328 rural barangays as of 2010.

As approved in the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS) in December 1982, the Philippines is one of the five archipelagic states, including Fiji, Indonesia, Papua New Guinea, and the Bahamas. With 36,289 kilometers continental coastline, it is the fifth country with the longest coastline in the world next to Canada, Indonesia, Greenland and Russia (World Atlas, 2017). Its coastal waters cover an area of 266,000 square kilometers, while oceanic waters cover 1,934,000 square kilometers. The Philippines also has 1,830 square kilometers of inland water area (major rivers, lakes and reservoirs) (BFAR, 2012).

In 2012, the Philippines ranked seventh among the top fish producing countries of the world (BFAR, 2013). Total volume of fisheries production from January to December 2012 reached about 4.9 metric tons valued at Php237.7 billion. The Philippines was also the fourth largest marine capture fishery producer in Southeast Asia, contributing 13.8 percent to the total production volume and 14.0 percent to the total production value of the region. Specifically, the country's marine capture fishery production in 2012 was 2.1 million metric tons valued at US\$2.9 million (SEAFDEC, 2017).

Moreover, the geographic characteristics of the Philippines make the country a favourable place for culturing aquatic products. In 2012, aquaculture production amounted to 790,894 metric tons of fish, crustaceans and mollusks, contributing 25 percent to the country's total fish production based on *Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) Global Aquaculture Production Volume and Value Statistics Database Updated to 2012*. The Philippines landed in the eighth place of the top food fish aquaculture production in Asia. Furthermore, the Philippines was the world's third largest producer of seaweeds in 2012, with a production of 1.8 million tons, which accounted for about nine percent of the total world production of seaweeds of nearly 21 million metric tons. Seaweeds had an export value of US\$185.55 million or an 18 percent share of the country's total earnings for the year.

CHAPTER 3 HIGHLIGHTS OF RESULTS

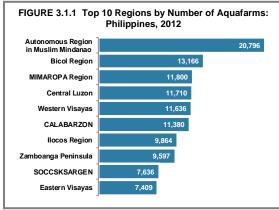
This chapter presents the results of the 2012 CAF on aquaculture and municipal fishing. The 2012 CAF listed all households in the Philippines and enumerated those households with at least one member engaged in aquaculture and/or fishing operation. Operating establishments with aquaculture activities as listed in 2012 List of Establishments were also covered. The aquaculture section of the 2012 CAF questionnaire gathered information on aquaculture activity and its basic characteristics such as the type, location, and size/volume of aquafarm, type of water environment used, and type of species cultured/raised; the number of aquaculture operators/members engaged in aquaculture activities and their basic socio-economic characteristics including age, sex, highest grade completed and usual activity/occupation; and the legal status of the aquaculture operator. On the other hand, the fishing section of the 2012 CAF questionnaire gathered information on the municipal fishing activity and its basic characteristics such as the type of water environment where the fishing activity was performed, type, number and gross tonnage of boats/vessels used and fishing gears/accessories/devices used. The number of aquaculture/municipal fishing operators and household members engaged in aquaculture and/or municipal fishing activities and their basic socio-economic characteristics including age, sex and highest grade completed were also collected.

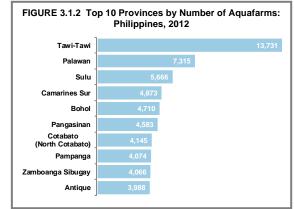
3.1 AQUACULTURE HOLDINGS/FARMS CHARACTERISTICS

This section presents the number of aquaculture holdings and aquafarms in the Philippines and the latter's selected basic characteristics. Generally, this section takes into account the number, type and size/volume of aquafarms operating in a region/province and presents the data collected and tabulated according to the location of the aquafarms.

3.1.1 Number of aquafarms increased in 2012

The 2012 census recorded a total of 131,593 aquaculture holdings in the country with 148,694 aquafarms, posting an average of one aquafarm per aquaculture holding. Over the last three decades, the total number of aquafarms in 2012 was four times higher than the number of aquafarms reported in 1980.

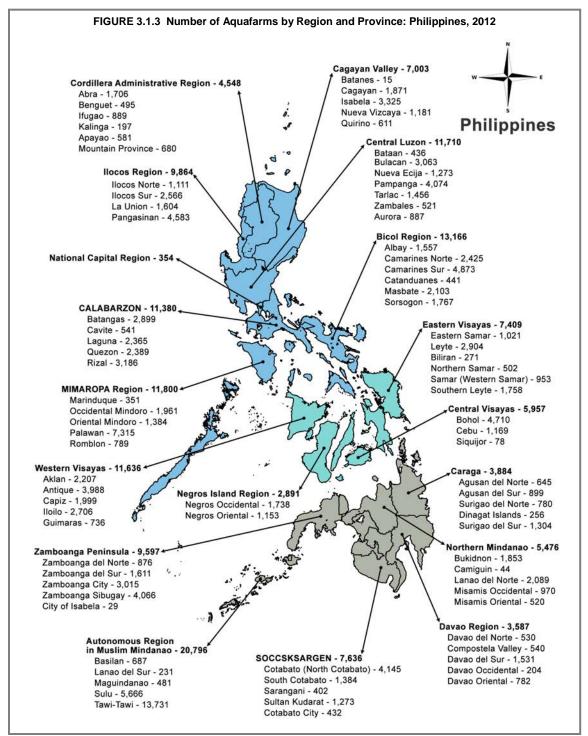




Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

The Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM) reported the highest number of aquafarms, accounting for 14.0 percent of the country's total number of aquafarms (Figure 3.1.1). The graph below shows the involvement of the other regions in the operation of aquafarming.

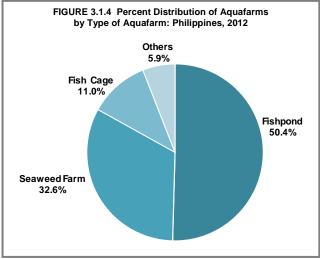
At the provincial level, Tawi-Tawi, Palawan and Sulu reported more than five thousand aquafarms, about 18.0 percent of the country's total aquafarms (Figure 3.1.2 and Figure 3.1.3).



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.1.2 Fishpond was the most common aquafarm

Fishponds comprised half of the 148,694 aquafarms reported in 2012, spread over an area of 85,606 hectares (Figure 3.1.4 and Table 3.1.1). Seaweed farms, the second most common type of aquafarm, totaled 48,494 units with a total area of 30,292 hectares. In addition, there were 16,353 fish cages and 3,102 fish pens reported, covering a total area of 2,849 hectares and 2,553 hectares, respectively. Thus, the structure of aquaculture in the Philippines in terms of average size of different types of aquafarms was as follows: 1.14 hectares per fishpond 0.62 hectare per seaweed farm, 0.17 hectare per fish cage, and 0.82 hectare per fish pen.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

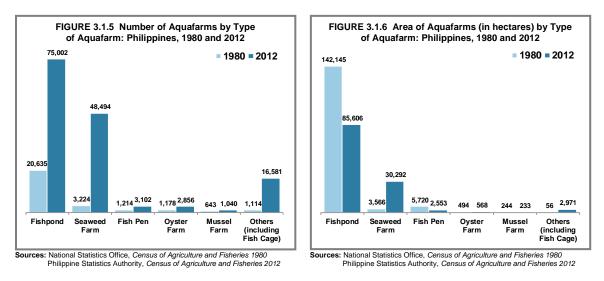
Type of Aquafarm	Number	Area (in Hectares)	Volume (in Cubic Meters)
Total	148,694	122,224	33,700
Fishpond	75,002	85,606	
Fish Pen	3,102	2,553	
Fish Cage	16,353	2,849	
Seaweed Farm	48,494	30,292	
Oyster Farm	2,856	568	
Mussel Farm	1,040	233	
Fish Tank	1,029		12,375
Hatchery	590		21,325
Others	228	122	

 TABLE 3.1.1 Number and Area/Volume of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm: Philippines, 2012

Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

3.1.3 Seaweed farms increased fifteen times in 2012

Between 1980 and 2012, seaweed farms had the largest increase in both number and area from only 3,244 farms covering 3,566 hectares in 1980 to 48,494 farms covering 30,292 hectares in 2012 (Figure 3.1.5 and Figure 3.1.6). Likewise, the oyster farms increased by more than 100.0 percent in the number of aquafarms and by 15.0 percent in the area of aquafarms.



On the other hand, as the number of fishponds increased by around three times from 1980 to 2012, its total area decreased by 39.8 percent. The census results also noted the increases in number of aquafarms and decreases in its corresponding area that occurred in the other types of aquafarms.

3.1.4 Three-fourths of fishponds were less than 1.0 hectare

About three-fourths of the 75,002 fishponds reported in 2012 had sizes below 1.0 hectare with an average area of 0.13 hectare per aquafarm (Table 3.1.2). These fishponds possibly had been operated within the vicinity of the residence of the operator, commonly called as the backyard fishponds. About 14.5 percent of the total fishponds had an average size of 1.45 hectares while 9.4 percent of the total fishponds were reported to have bigger average sizes of 8.85 hectares.

Central Luzon had the highest number of fishponds, comprising about 14.8 percent of the total number of fishponds in the country. More than half of these fishponds in Central Luzon had sizes of less than 1.0 hectare. At the same time, this region also reported the highest total area of fishponds in the country with an average area of 1.76 hectares per fishpond.

The other regions reported either bigger number of fishponds but smaller total areas or smaller numbers of fishponds with bigger total areas. The former led to an average of less than one hectare while the latter had an average fishpond area of more than one hectare like Central Luzon. There were other nine regions with an average area per fishpond of more than one hectare such as Zamboanga Peninsula (3.86 hectares), the Negros Island Region (NIR) (2.33 hectares), Western Visayas (2.28 hectares), the MIMAROPA Region (1.66 hectares), CALABARZON (1.54 hectares), ARMM (1.40 hectares), Caraga (1.37 hectares), the Bicol Region (1.34 hectares), and the Davao Region (1.15 hectares).

				Size of F	ishpond			
Philippines/Region	Total		Less Than 1.0 Hectare		1.0 to 2.9 Hectares		3.0 Hectares or More	
гширршеакедон	Number	Area (in Hectares)	Number	Area (in Hectares)	Number	Area (in Hectares)	Number	Area (in Hectares)
Philippines	75,002	85,606	57,080	7,523	10,879	15,720	7,043	62,363
National Capital Region	175	167	114	16	44	64	17	88
Cordillera Administration Region	4,182	368	4,130	253	39	47	13	68
llocos Region	6,468	3,589	5,270	1,006	955	1,261	243	1,323
Cagayan Valley	6,729	1,978	6,240	956	403	521	86	502
Central Luzon	11,109	19,519	6,269	1,367	3,194	4,749	1,646	13,403
CALABARZON	3,107	4,776	2,085	416	614	860	408	3,500
MIMAROPA Region	2,610	4,342	1,931	235	383	569	296	3,538
Bicol Region	8,311	11,143	6,382	714	927	1,339	1,002	9,089
Western Visayas	5,291	12,051	3,316	557	998	1,439	977	10,054
Central Visayas	2,616	2,101	2,112	161	308	440	196	1,500
Eastern Visayas	4,956	1,391	4,536	267	299	395	121	730
Zamboanga Peninsula	2,397	9,254	586	147	873	1,381	938	7,725
Northern Mindanao	3,491	1,841	2,934	284	383	538	174	1,019
Davao Region	2,608	3,012	2,055	186	368	574	185	2,252
SOCCSKSARGEN	6,439	2,246	5,932	490	346	488	161	1,269
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	660	922	460	116	153	214	47	592
Caraga	2,149	2,936	1,535	215	363	530	251	2,192
Negros Island Region	1,704	3,969	1,193	137	229	311	282	3,521

TABLE 3.1.2 Number and Area of Fishponds by Size and Region: Philippines, 20
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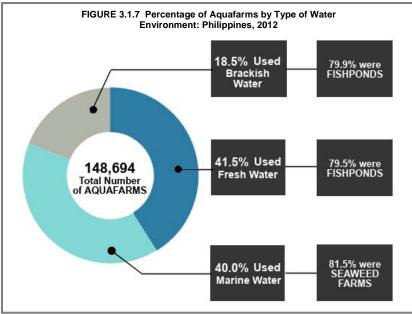
Note: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.1.5 Most aquafarms used either fresh water or marine water

About 61,695 aquafarm operations (41.5%) were conducted in fresh water like rivers, lakes, etc., 59,466 (40.0%) in marine water like seas, oceans, etc., and 27,533 aquafarms (18.5%) in brackish water (Figure 3.1.7 and Table 3.1.3).

Fresh water aquafarms were most common for fishponds, fish pens, fish cages, fish tanks and hatcheries. Two-thirds of the 75,002 fishponds in the country were operated in fresh water. More than half of the 16,353 fish cages operation also utilized the fresh water environment. On the other hand, the operation of all seaweed farms and three quarters of the mussel farms used the marine water environment. Brackish water environment was used for the majority (69.6%) of the oyster farms.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

TABLE 3.1.3 Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment: Philippines, 2012

Tumo of Aguatarm Number		Type of Water Environment				
Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water		
Total	148,694	61,695	27,533	59,466		
Fishpond	75,002	49,065	21,987	3,950		
Fish Pen	3,102	1,623	785	694		
Fish Cage	16,353	9,683	2,323	4,347		
Seaweed Farm	48,494	-	-	48,494		
Oyster Farm	2,856	-	1,988	868		
Mussel Farm	1,040	3	250	787		
Fish Tank	1,029	929	57	43		
Hatchery	590	352	138	100		
Others	228	40	5	183		

Note: - Denotes zero value

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.1.6 Tilapia, eucheuma (gozo) and milkfish (bangus) were the major species cultured

The species cultured in the Philippine aquaculture operation included different kinds of fish, crustacean, mollusk, seaweed, and other species (Table 3.1.4). Among these species, tilapia, eucheuma (gozo), and milkfish (bangus) were primarily cultured in 2012. About 68,941 aquafarms cultured tilapia; 41,438 aquafarms cultured eucheuma (gozo); and 24,778 aquafarms raised milkfish (bangus). Other important aquaculture species such as mud crab (alimango), tiger prawn (sugpo), catfish (hito, kanduli), gracilaria (gulaman-dagat), white shrimp, carp (karpa), and grouper (lapu-lapu) were also cultured in at least 4,000 aquafarms in the country.

Species Cultured Total Fish pen Fish Cage Seaweed Farm Oyster Farm Hussel Fish Farm Fish Tank Hatcher Farm Fish Milkfish (Bangus) 24,778 21,620 992 2,054 - 1 - 45 66 Tilapia 68,941 56,873 1,715 9,628 - 1 4 488 224 Catfish (Hito, Kanduli) 7,403 7,113 25 139 - - 76 48 Catrish (Hito, Kanduli) 7,403 7,113 25 139 - - 134 19 Grouper (Lapu-lapu) 4,118 420 194 3,461 - - 23 200 Siganid (Samaral, Dangit) 861 274 65 522 - <th>- 8 1 - - - 1</th>	- 8 1 - - - 1
Milkfish (Bangus) 24,778 21,620 992 2,054 - 1 - 45 666 Tilapia 68,941 56,873 1,715 9,628 - 1 4 488 224 Catfish (Hito, Kanduli) 7,403 7,113 25 139 - - 76 49 Carp (Karpa) 4,508 3,049 305 1,000 - - 134 19 Grouper (Lapu-lapu) 4,118 420 194 3,461 - - 23 20 Siganid (Samaral, Dangit) 861 274 65 522 - <	8 1 - - 1
Tilapia 68,941 56,873 1,715 9,628 - 1 4 488 224 Catfish (Hito, Kanduli) 7,403 7,113 25 139 - - 76 49 Carp (Karpa) 4,508 3,049 305 1,000 - - 134 19 Grouper (Lapu-lapu) 4,118 420 194 3,461 - - 23 200 Siganid (Samaral, Dangit) 861 274 65 522 - <td< td=""><td>8 1 - - 1</td></td<>	8 1 - - 1
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Seabass (Apahap, Dugso) 55 24 3 28 - 14 - - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - 14 - - -	1
Gourami 641 608 14 8 - - - 8 2 Other Fish 10,671 6,604 664 2,177 - - 1 950 208 Crustacean Tiger Prawn(Sugpo) 9,376 9,222 11 11 - - 5 127 Endeavor Prawn (Swahe) 1,473 1,374 24 60 - - - 14 39 Mud Crab (Alimango) 10,571 10,152 174 221 - 3 1 6 122 Other Crustacean 764 119 28 598 - - 6 100 Muld Crab (Alimango) 10,571 10,152 174 221 - 3 1 6 12 Other Crustacean 764 119 28 598 - - 6 100 Mulssel (Tahong) 1,089 9 1 2 - 24 1,053 - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>1</td></t<>	1
Other Fish 10,671 6,604 664 2,177 - - 1 950 208 Crustacean Tiger Prawn(Sugpo) 9,376 9,222 11 11 - - - 5 127 Endeavor Prawn (Swahe) 1,473 1,374 24 60 - - - 14 39 White Shrimp 4,745 4,373 203 122 - 3 1 4 39 Mud Crab (Alimango) 10,571 10,152 174 221 - 3 1 6 122 Other Crustacean 764 119 28 598 - - 6 100 Mulssel (Tahong) 1,089 9 1 2 - 24 1,053 -	
Crustacean Tiger Prawn(Sugpo) 9,376 9,222 11 11 - - 5 127 Endeavor Prawn (Swahe) 1,473 1,374 24 60 - - - 14 White Shrimp 4,745 4,373 203 122 - 3 1 4 39 Mud Crab (Alimango) 10,571 10,152 174 221 - 3 1 6 12 Other Crustacean 764 119 28 598 - - 6 10 Mulssel (Tahong) 1,089 9 1 2 - 24 1,053 - - - 6 10 Mussel (Tahong) 1,089 9 1 2 - 24 1,053 -	67
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Mollusk 1,089 9 1 2 - 24 1,053 -	2
Mussel (Tahong) 1,089 9 1 2 - 24 1,053 - - Oyster (Talaba) 2,963 18 - 17 - 2,874 53 - 1 Pearl Oyster 7 - - 2 - 2 - 1 - Cockles (Sigay, Halaan) 54 - 1 28 - 3 14 - -	3
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Cockles (Sigay, Halaan) 54 - 1 28 - 3 14 -	2
	8
Abalone (Saang) 23 1 - 19 2 -	1
Other Mollusk 208 140 2 7 - 23 26 - 1	9
Seaweed	
Eucheuma (Gozo) 41,438 41,438	-
Gracilaria (Gulaman-dagat) 6,160 6,160	-
Caulerpa (Lato) 1,885 1,885	-
Other Seaweed 611 611	-
Other Species	
Pearl (Perlas) 20	20
Other Species Not 268 55 5 19 18 15	
Elsewhere Classified	156

TABLE 3.1.4 Number of Aquafarms by Type of Species Cultu	red and Aquafarm: Phlippines, 2012

Note: - Denotes zero value

Farming of seaweed was most common in ARMM where about 20,941 aquafarms (41.8%) cultured seaweeds (Table 3.1.5A and Figure 3.1.8). The top five provinces in terms of aquafarms that were into seaweed farming were Tawi-Tawi, Sulu, Palawan, Zamboanga del Sur and Antique (Table 3.1.5B).

Philippines/Region	Tilapia	Culture	Seawee	Seaweed Farming		(Bangus) Iture
i imppilied to gioti	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Philippines	68,941	100.0	50,094	100.0	24,778	100.0
National Capital Region	259	*	-	-	121	*
Cordillera Administrative Region	4,516	6.6	-	-	2	*
Ilocos Region	5,404	7.8	2	*	5,113	20.6
Cagayan Valley	6,692	9.7	-	-	310	1.3
Central Luzon	8,667	12.6	-	-	3,570	14.4
CALABARZON	7,959	11.5	256	*	1,672	6.7
MIMAROPA Region	2,127	3.1	7,336	14.6	1,062	4.3
Bicol Region	7,451	10.8	3,057	6.1	2,136	8.6
Western Visayas	2,823	4.1	4,169	8.3	2,900	11.7
Central Visayas	2,114	3.1	2,981	6.0	774	3.1
Eastern Visayas	4,547	6.6	1,030	2.1	879	3.5
Zamboanga Peninsula	1,145	1.7	6,951	13.9	1,917	7.7
Northern Mindanao	3,030	4.4	1,587	3.2	744	3.0
Davao Region	1,952	2.8	577	1.2	825	3.3
SOCCSKSARGEN	6,910	10.0	5	*	792	3.2
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	517	*	20,941	41.8	199	*
Caraga	1,629	2.4	772	1.5	924	3.7
Negros Island Region	1,199	1.7	430	*	838	3.4

TABLE 3.1.5A Number of Aquafarms by Selected Species Cultured and Region: Philippines, 2012

Notes: * Denotes <1 percent

- Denotes zero value

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Rank	Province	Number of Aquafarms	Rank	Province	Number of Aquafarms
1	Tawi-tawi	14,328	11	Lanao del Norte	1,188
2	Sulu	5,794	12	Surigao del Sur	716
3	Palawan	5,279	13	Leyte	655
4	Zamboanga del Sur	3,506	14	Basilan	641
5	Antique	3,426	15	Guimaras	592
6	Zamboanga Sibugay	3,130	16	Davao del Sur	543
7	Bohol	2,475	17	Cebu	490
8	Camarines Sur	1,669	18	Romblon	419
9	Occidental Mindoro	1,474	19	Negros Oriental	404
10	Masbate	1,219	20	Misamis Occidental	392

TABLE 3.1.5B Top 20 Provinces Engaged in Seaweed Culture by Number of Aquafarms: Philippines, 2012

Central Luzon and CALABARZON belonged to the top two regions in tilapia culture, having 12.6 percent and 11.5 percent of the total aquafarms culturing tilapia in the Philippines (Table 3.1.5A and Figure 3.1.8). Three out of seven provinces in Central Luzon and three out of five provinces in CALABARZON belonged to the top 20 provinces in tilapia culture. Among the top 20 provinces, Cotabato (North Cotabato), Isabela, Pampanga, Camarines Sur, Rizal, Batangas, Laguna and Ilocos Sur reported more than two thousand aquafarms that cultured tilapia in 2012 (Table 3.1.5C).

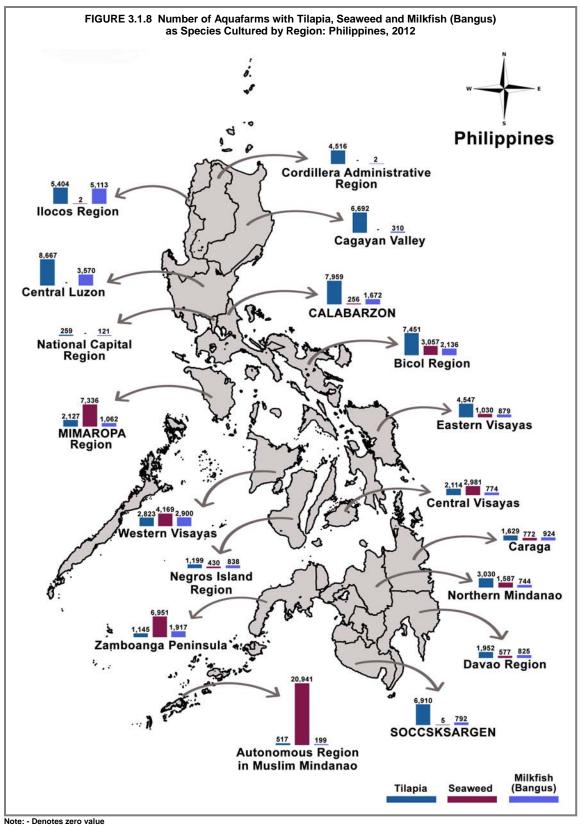
On the other hand, the Ilocos Region was the number one region in culturing milkfish (bangus). About 20.6 percent of the total aquafarms culturing milkfish in the country were located in the said region (Table 3.1.5A and Figure 3.1.8). Pangasinan, Bulacan, Pampanga and Aklan led the other provinces in having more than one thousand aquafarms that cultured milkfish (bangus) in 2012 (Table 3.1.5D).

	y Number of Aqualariti. Fililippi	165, 2012	Culture by Number of Aqualarm. Fimppines, a			
Rank	Province	Number of Aquafarms	Ran	k Province	Number of Aquafarms	
1	Cotabato (North Cotabato)	3,980	1	Pangasinan	3,270	
2	Isabela	3,267	2	Bulacan	1,690	
3	Pampanga	2,994	3	Pampanga	1,448	
4	Camarines Sur	2,604	4	Aklan	1,050	
5	Rizal	2,543	5	llocos Sur	904	
6	Batangas	2,215	6	Quezon	893	
7	Laguna	2,099	7	Capiz	822	
8	llocos Sur	2,029	8	Zamboanga del Sur	807	
9	Leyte	1,836	9	Zamboanga Sibugay	787	
10	Southern Leyte	1,786	10	La Union	776	
11	Bukidnon	1,761	11	lloilo	771	
12	Abra	1,700	12	Masbate	738	
13	Bohol	1,668	13	Negros Occidental	674	
14	Cagayan	1,634	14	Batangas	577	
15	Bulacan	1,586	15	Sorsogon	549	
16	Camarines Norte	1,578	16	Bohol	547	
17	Pangasinan	1,567	17	Oriental Mindoro	436	
18	Albay	1,454	18	Agusan del Norte	405	
19	Tarlac	1,404	19	Leyte	370	
20	South Cotabato	1,270	20	Davao del Norte	358	

TABLE 3.1.5C Top 20 Provinces Engaged in Tilapia Culture
by Number of Aquafarm: Philippines, 2012

TABLE 3.1.5D Top 20 Provinces Engaged in Milkfish (Bangus) Culture by Number of Aquafarm: Philippines, 2012

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012



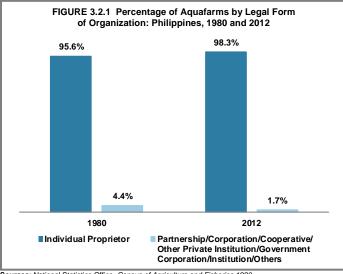
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.2 AQUACULTURE HOLDERS/OPERATORS AND HOUSEHOLDS

This section presents the number of aquafarms under different legal forms of organization and selected demographic characteristics of aquaculture operators and household members engaged in aquaculture. Such data collected in the 2012 CAF were tabulated according to the residence of the aquaculture holders/operators.

3.2.1 Ninety-eight percent of aquafarms were operated by individual proprietors

The majority of the aquafarms in the country were operated under individual proprietorship. In 1980, out of 28,028 aquafarms, 26,805 aquafarms or 95.6 percent were under individual proprietorship. In 2012, out of 148,694 aquafarms, 146,138 or 98.3 percent were reported under individual proprietorship (Figure 3.2.1).



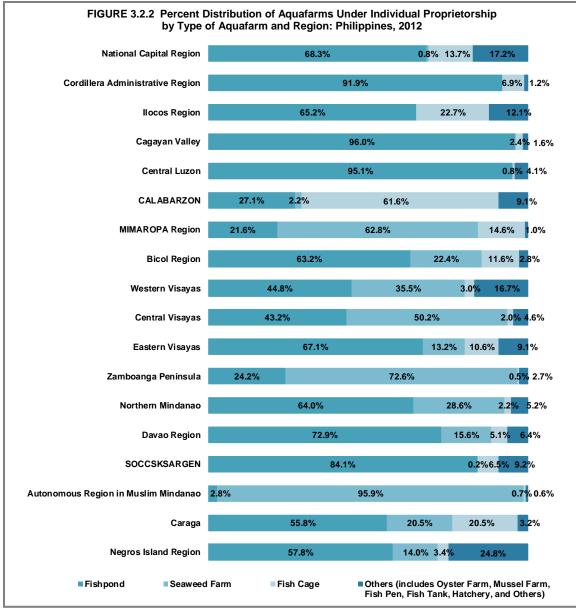
Sources: National Statistics Office, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 1980 Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Among these individually-operated aquafarms in 2012, 50.3 percent were fishponds, 32.9 percent were seaweed farms and 10.9 percent were fish cages (Table 3.2.1). Only 1.2 percent of the total aquafarms in the country were managed under partnership and the rest were operated under corporation, cooperative, other private institution, government corporation/institution or others.

Legal Form of Organization		Type of Aquafarm									
	Total	Fishpond	Fish Pen	Fish Cage	Seaweed Farm	Oyster Farm	Mussel Farm	Fish Tank	Hatchery	Others	
All Forms	148,694	75,002	3,102	16,353	48,494	2,856	1,040	1,029	590	228	
Individual Proprietor	146,138	73,527	3,030	15,933	48,070	2,823	1,033	995	519	208	
Partnership	1,748	939	46	337	376	20	7	11	8	4	
Corporation/Cooperative/	808	536	26	83	48	13	-	23	63	16	
Other Private Institution/											
Government Corporation/ Institution/Others											

Note: - Denotes zero value

Fishponds comprised more than 90.0 percent of the aquafarms operated by individual proprietors in Cagayan Valley, Central Luzon and the Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR). On the other hand, almost all (95.9%) of the aquafarms under individual proprietorship in ARMM cultured seaweeds. The majority of the seaweed aquafarms in Zamboanga Peninsula and in the MIMAROPA Region were managed by individuals or households (Figure 3.2.2).



3.2.2 Aquaculture operators increased five-folds

The reported number of aquaculture operators in 2012 was about 131,312, posting almost a fivefold increase from the 27,363 operators recorded in 1980 (Table 3.2.2). In 2012, ARMM reported the highest number of aquaculture operators in the Philippines, operating 20,693 aquafarms located within or outside the region. The Bicol Region reported about 11,924 aquaculture operators and the MIMAROPA Region had about 11,113 aquaculture operators.

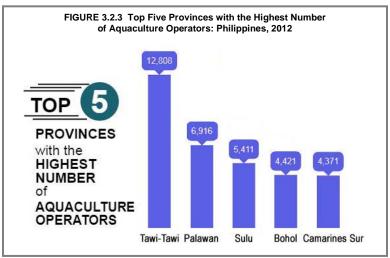
Philippines/Region		nber Ire Operators	Number of Aquafarms		
	1980	2012	1980	2012	
Philippines	27,363	131,312	28,075	148,694	
National Capital Region	614	730	617	848	
Cordillera Administrative Region	130	3,937	130	4,582	
llocos Region	5,488	7,899	5,753	9,737	
Cagayan Valley	1,421	6,065	1,388	6,969	
Central Luzon	3,424	9,894	3,573	11,550	
CALABARZON	2,968	8,241	2,994	11,339	
MIMAROPA Region	525	11,113	548	11,779	
Bicol Region	1,658	11,924	1,665	13,105	
Western Visayas	2,655	10,137	2,805	11,599	
Central Visayas	703	5,544	727	5,964	
Eastern Visayas	507	6,539	513	7,364	
Zamboanga Peninsula	1,132	9,006	1,155	9,537	
Northern Mindanao	532	4,746	538	5,549	
Davao Region	414	3,091	425	3,585	
SOCCSKSARGEN	609	6,994	613	7,727	
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	2,912	19,474	2,917	20,693	
Caraga	446	3,371	448	3,882	
Negros Island Region	1,225	2,607	1,266	2,885	

TABLE 3.2.2 Number of Aquaculture Operators and Aquafams by Region: Philippines, 1980 and 2012

Sources: National Statistics Office, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 1980

Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Two provinces of ARMM, namely, Tawi-Tawi and Sulu, belonged to the top five provinces in terms of number of aquaculture operators in the Philippines in 2012 (Figure 3.2.3). The number of aquaculture operators in these two provinces accounted for about 13.9 percent of the country's total number of aquaculture operators. Palawan, Bohol and Camarines Sur were the other three provinces that completed the top five provinces.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.2.3 Men dominated the aquaculture operations

About nine out of ten aquaculture operators aged 15 years and over were males. Moreover, the aquaculture operators in the Philippines posted a median age of 45.6 years old, which means that half of the aquaculture operators in the country, were aged 45 years and over and half of them aged 15 to 44. By sex, the male aquaculture operators had a median age of 45.2 years old, which was five years younger than their female counterparts.

Males dominated the aquaculture operations in all regions (Table 3.2.3). It is noted, however, that more than 11.0 percent of operators in the National Capital Region (NCR), the Bicol Region, NIR and the Davao Region were females.

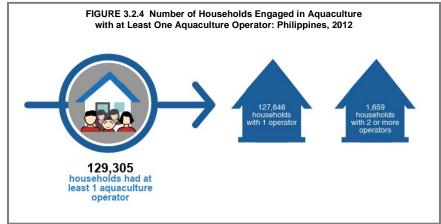
The Bicol Region recorded a total of 1,762 female aquaculture operators, the highest in terms of number, that comprised 14.8 percent of the region's total number of aquaculture operators. ARMM ranked second with 1,225 female aquaculture operators.

Philippines/Region	Total Number of Aquaculture	Se	ex	Percentage to the Total Number of Aquaculture Operators		
ppinod togon	Operators	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Philippines	131,312	120,053	11,259	91.4	8.6	
National Capital Region	730	596	134	81.6	18.4	
Cordillera Administrative Region	3,937	3,662	275	93.0	7.0	
llocos Region	7,899	7,338	561	92.9	7.1	
Cagayan Valley	6,065	5,544	521	91.4	8.6	
Central Luzon	9,894	9,055	839	91.5	8.5	
CALABARZON	8,241	7,663	578	93.0	7.0	
MIMAROPA Region	11,113	10,170	943	91.5	8.5	
Bicol Region	11,924	10,162	1,762	85.2	14.8	
Western Visayas	10,137	9,230	907	91.1	8.9	
Central Visayas	5,544	5,075	469	91.5	8.5	
Eastern Visayas	6,539	6,045	494	92.4	7.6	
Zamboanga Peninsula	9,006	8,374	632	93.0	7.0	
Northern Mindanao	4,746	4,283	463	90.2	9.8	
Davao Region	3,091	2,744	347	88.8	11.2	
SOCCSKSARGEN	6,994	6,498	496	92.9	7.1	
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao	19,474	18,249	1,225	93.7	6.3	
Caraga	3,371	3,120	251	92.6	7.4	
Negros Island Region	2,607	2,245	362	86.1	13.9	

TABLE 3.2.3 Number of Aquaculture Operators by Sex and Region: Philippines, 2012

3.2.4 Household members engaged in aquaculture

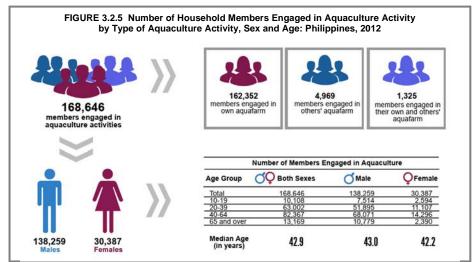
The Philippines had a total of 129,305 households with at least one member engaged as aquaculture operator in 2012 (Figure 3.2.4). Almost all of these households (98.7%) had only one aquaculture operator, while the remaining households had two or more operators managing their respective aquafarms.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Among the 129,305 households operating aquafarms, a total of 168,646 household members, 10 years old and over, reported to have engaged either as the operator himself/herself or worker in aquafarms (Figure 3.2.5). The majority were males. About 162,352 household members worked in their own aquafarms, of which 79.0 percent (128,255) worked as operators; a total of 4,969 worked in others' aquafarms, of which 48.4 percent (2,407) worked as operators; and a few (1,325) members worked both in their own and in others' aquafarms, of which 49.1 percent (650) worked as operators.

Nearly half (82,367) of these household members engaged in aquaculture activities belonged to the age group 40 to 64 years, while more than one-third (63,002) were in the younger age group 20 to 39 years. Only 6.0 percent were in the youngest age group (10 to 19 years), while 7.8 percent were in the oldest age group (65 years and over). The median age of these members, 10 years old and over, was 42.9 years old.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.3 MUNICIPAL FISHING

This section presents the number and characteristics of municipal fishing operations, such as category of fishing, type of fishing boat/vessel used, the number of fishing boats/vessels used whether owned or not by the fishing operator, and the number and selected demographic characteristics of municipal fishing operators.

In the 2012 CAF, municipal fishing referred to capture fishing activities using hands, fishing gears, rafts or boats of three gross tons or less for human consumption and/or other purposes. Municipal fishing operations were done in inland waters as well as in coastal areas within 15 kilometers from the shoreline. These fishing activities were managed technically and administratively by so-called municipal fishing operators.

3.3.1 Municipal fishing was most common in the Bicol Region

The 2012 CAF recorded a total of 791 thousand municipal fishing operations for the period of January to December 2012 (Table 3.3.1). Of the 18 regions in the country, Bicol, Eastern Visayas, and MIMAROPA regions posted the highest number of municipal fishing operations with 102 thousand, 100 thousand, and 84 thousand, respectively.

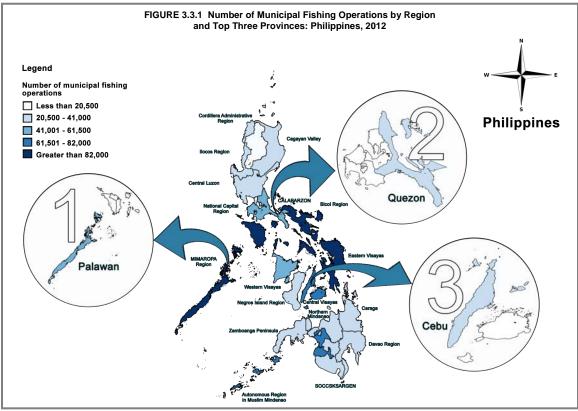
Philippines/Region	Number of Municipal Fishing Operations
Philippines	791,236
National Capital Region	2,925
Cordillera Administrative Region	5,582
llocos Region	28,576
Cagayan Valley	23,346
Central Luzon	34,660
CALABARZON	59,867
MIMAROPA Region	84,042
Bicol Region	101,769
Western Visayas	41,103
Central Visayas	62,195
Eastern Visayas	100,070
Zamboanga Peninsula	31,661
Northern Mindanao	25,322
Davao Region	22,609
SOCCSKSARGEN	34,631
Autonomous Region In Muslim Mindanao	71,294
Caraga	32,266
Negros Island Region	29,318

Table 3.3.1 Number of Municipal Fishing Operations by Region: Philippines, 2012

At the provincial level, Palawan, Quezon, Cebu, Masbate, and Leyte were the top five provinces in municipal fishing (Table 3.3.2). About 169 thousand or 21.4 percent of the total municipal fishing operations in the Philippines were managed by operators from these provinces. Furthermore, Palawan, Quezon and Cebu accounted for more than half of the total municipal fishing operations of their respective regions (MIMAROPA Region, CALABARZON and Central Visayas, respectively). Cebu and Bohol contributed 94.0 percent (58 thousand) to the total municipal fishing operations in Central Visayas. The share of the provinces of Masbate, Camarines Sur and Sorsogon to Bicol Region's municipal fishing operations was nearly 70 percent.

Rank	Province	Number of Fishing Operations	Rank	Province	Number of Fishing Operations
1	Palawan	45,833	11	Sorsogon	19,185
2	Quezon	33,066	12	Negros Occidental	16,683
3	Cebu	31,757	13	Maguindanao	15,554
4	Masbate	31,504	14	Tawi-Tawi	15,529
5	Leyte	26,836	15	lloilo	15,058
6	Bohol	26,684	16	Northern Samar	14,280
7	Sulu	25,663	17	Isabela	14,253
8	Samar (Western Samar)	21,407	18	Negros Oriental	12,635
9	Eastern Samar	20,595	19	Batangas	12,588
10	Camarines Sur	19,385	20	Pangasinan	12,223

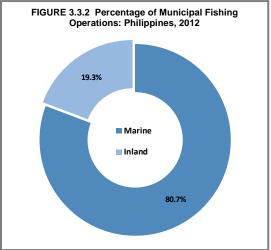
TABLE 3.3.2 Top 20 Provinces with the Highest Number of Municpal Fishing Operations: Philippines, 2012



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

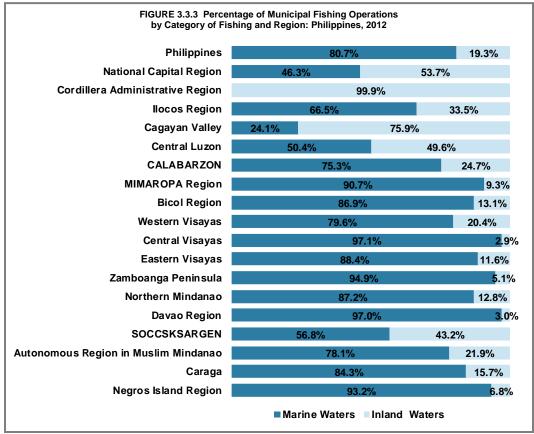
3.3.2 Four in five household municipal fishing operations were carried out in marine waters

Four-fifths or 80.7 percent (639 thousand) of municipal fishing operations in the Philippines were carried out in marine waters such as oceans, bays, gulfs and channels with seawater salinity (Figure 3.3.2). The rest of the municipal fishing operations (152 thousand) were done in inland waters such as lakes, rivers, reservoirs, dams, paddy/rice fields, estuaries, marshes, and others.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Municipal marine capture fishing operation was most common in Central Visayas, Davao Region, Zamboanga Peninsula, NIR, and MIMAROPA Region (Figure 3.3.3). In contrast, municipal inland fishing was primarily operated in CAR and in Cagayan Valley.



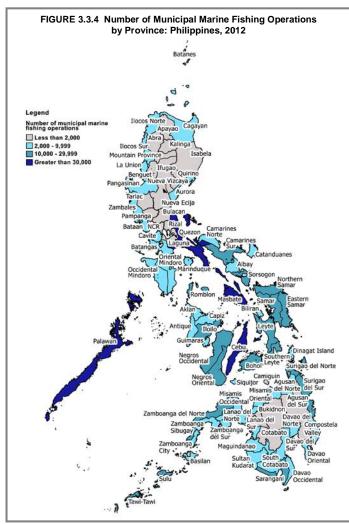
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.3.3 Household municipal marine fishing was predominant in Palawan

The fishing households predominantly operated municipal marine capture fishing operations in Palawan, Cebu, Quezon and Masbate (Table 3.3.3). More than 90 percent of the household municipal fishing operations in these provinces were done in marine waters.

Rank	Operations		Rank	Province	Number of Marine Fishing Operations
1	Palawan	44,959	11	Tawi-Tawi	15,175
2	Cebu	31,740	12	Negros Occidental	14,908
3	Quezon	31,277	13	Camarines Sur	14,568
4	Masbate	30,136	14	lloilo	14,144
5	Sulu	24,994	15	Negros Oriental	12,426
6	Bohol	24,914	16	Zamboanga del Norte	11,522
7	Leyte	21,715	17	Sarangani	11,477
8	Samar (Western Samar)	19,654	18	Northern Samar	11,269
9	Eastern Samar	19,334	19	Romblon	10,930
10	Sorsogon	18,213	20	Surigao del Norte	10,852

 TABLE 3.3.3 Top 20 Provinces with the Highest Number of Municipal Marine Fishing Operations: Philippines, 2012

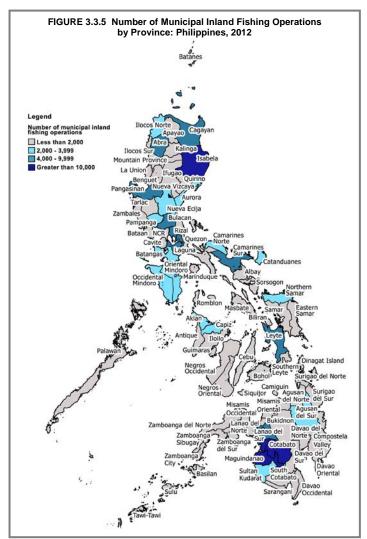


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Household inland fishing was predominantly operated in the provinces of Isabela, Maguindanao and Cotabato (North Cotabato) (Table 3.3.4). Almost 100 percent of the household municipal fishing operations in Cotabato (North Cotabato) and Rizal were done in inland waters.

TABLE 3.3.4 Top 20 Provinces with the Highest Number of Municpal Inland Fishing Operations: Philippines, 2012

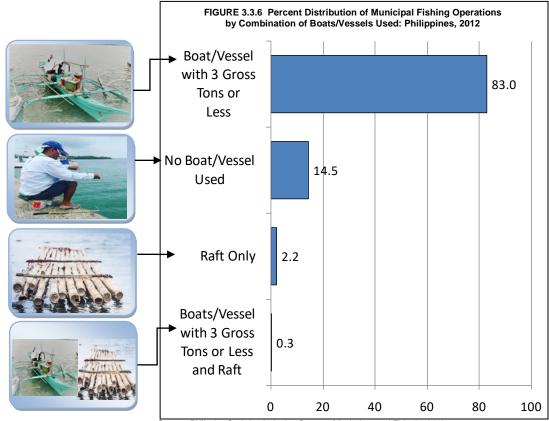
Rank	Province	Number of Inland Fishing Operations	Rank	Province	Number of Inland Fishing Operations
1	Isabela	12,458	11	Cagayan	4,114
2	Maguindanao	10,388	12	Lanao del Sur	4,062
3	Cotabato (North Cotabato)	10,221	13	Pampanga	3,832
4	Bulacan	6,741	14	Capiz	3,760
5	Rizal	5,792	15	Sultan Kudarat	3,703
6	Leyte	5,121	16	Oriental Mindoro	3,376
7	Abra	4,899	17	Catanduanes	3,070
8	Camarines Sur	4,817	18	Aklan	3,043
9	Pangasinan	4,512	19	Occidental Mindoro	3,037
10	Laguna	4,236	20	Northern Samar	3,011



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

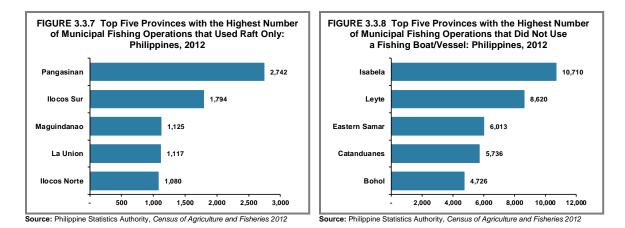
3.3.4 Five in six household municipal fishing operations used boats of three gross tons or less

Household municipal fishing operations in the Philippines used one or more boats of three gross tons or less and/or rafts or no boat or raft at all. In 2012, 83.0 percent or 656 thousand household municipal fishing operations made use of one or more boats of three gross tons or less (Figure 3.3.6). About 14.5 percent or 115 thousand household municipal fishing operations did not make use of any boat or raft at all. Around 2.2 percent or 18 thousand household municipal fishing operations made use of rafts only. Less than one percent or two thousand household municipal fishing operations made use of boats with three gross tons or less and raft.



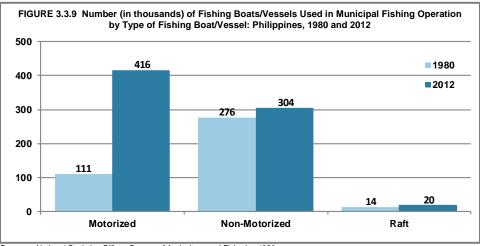
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Figure 3.3.7 and Figure 3.3.8 indicate the five provinces with the highest number of household municipal fishing operations that used raft only and those that did not use any fishing craft, respectively. The use of raft in municipal fishing operation was common in Ilocos Region. The four provinces of the region, namely, Pangasinan, Ilocos Sur, La Union and Ilocos Norte accounted for 38.1 percent of the total household municipal fishing operations that used raft only. On the other hand, household municipal fishing operations without the use of a fishing boat or vessel were found mostly in the province of Isabela in Cagayan Valley.



3.3.5 Number of motorized fishing boats used in household municipal fishing operations increased almost three folds in three decades

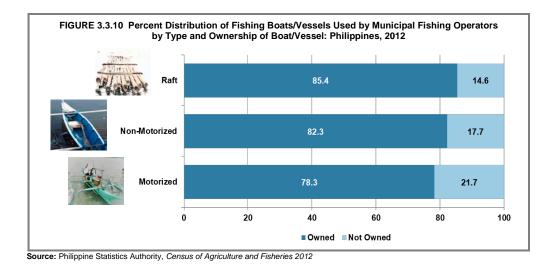
The household municipal fishing operations in the Philippines used fishing boats with or without engines of three gross tons or less. As presented in Figure 3.3.9, the number of fishing boats used in the household municipal fishing operations in 2012 almost doubled over the past three decades, from 402 thousand in 1980 to 740 thousand in 2012. In particular, the number of motorized fishing boats used in household municipal fishing in 2012 exceeded the reported number in 1980 by nearly three times. In contrast, the increase in the number of non-motorized boats and rafts in the same period was only 9.4 percent and 42.9 percent, respectively. Moreover, a much higher proportion (56.2%) of motorized boats was used in the household municipal fishing in 2012 than in 1980 (27.6%) compared to a lower proportion of non-motorized boats used in 2012 (41.1%) than in 1980 (69.2%). This implies that many household municipal fishing operators shifted to the use of motorized fishing boats in 2012.



Sources: National Statistics Office, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 1980 Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.3.6 More than three-fourths of the motorized fishing boats used were owned by the household municipal fishing operators

The reported 791 thousand household municipal fishing operations used a total of 740 thousand boats. About 80 percent or 593 thousand of these were owned by the household fishing operators while the rest were either borrowed or rented. Of these owned municipal fishing boats, five out of nine had motors. The household municipal fishing operators also owned 85.4 percent of the total rafts used in the fishing operations (Figure 3.3.10).

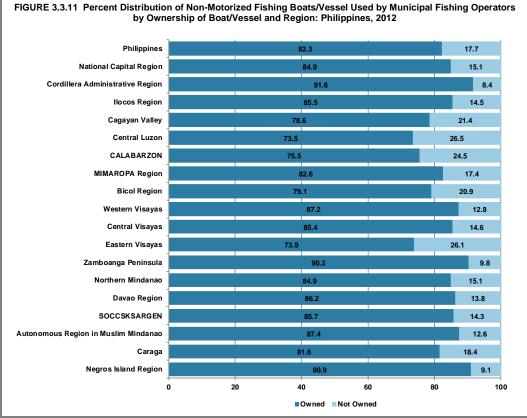


3.3.7 Most motorized fishing boats used in municipal fishing operation were in MIMAROPA Region and Bicol Region

MIMAROPA and Bicol regions reported and used the most number of motorized municipal fishing boats in 2012, totalling to more than 53 thousand (Table 3.3.5). At the provincial level, Palawan (36 thousand) and Masbate (22 thousand) had the highest number of motorized fishing boats used. Palawan reported 66.2 percent of the total number of motorized boats in the MIMAROPA Region and Masbate from the Bicol Region accounted for 41.5 percent of the region's motorized boats. Moreover, the majority of the household municipal fishing operators in all regions owned the motorized boats they used in their fishing operations, except in SOCCSKSARGEN where only 52.9 percent of the motorized boats were owned by the operators.

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Number of Motorized	Percentage			
Philippines/Region	Fishing Boats Used	Owned	Not Owned		
Philippines	415,530	78.3	21.7		
National Capital Region	2,106	77.9	22.1		
Cordillera Administrative Region	106	97.2	2.8		
llocos Region	13,775	71.0	29.0		
Cagayan Valley	4,789	77.6	22.4		
Central Luzon	19,315	71.9	28.1		
CALABARZON	39,618	74.1	25.9		
MIMAROPA Region	54,280	83.2	16.8		
Bicol Region	53,415	72.6	27.4		
Western Visayas	27,306	82.2	17.8		
Central Visayas	29,208	80.4	19.6		
Eastern Visayas	39,649	75.1	24.9		
Zamboanga Peninsula	16,638	86.1	13.9		
Northern Mindanao	11,018	80.7	19.3		
Davao Region	11,653	84.7	15.3		
SOCCSKSARGEN	16,965	52.9	47.1		
Autonomous Region In Muslim Mindanao	41,780	91.7	8.3		
Caraga	16,778	77.9	22.1		
Negros Island Region	17,131	80.5	19.5		

Table 3.3.5 Number of Fishing Boats/Vessels Used by Municipal Fishing Operators by Ownership of Fishing Boats/Vessel and Region: Philippines, 2012



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

In 2012, the use of non-motorized fishing boats was most common in Eastern Visayas with 43 thousand boats and Bicol Region with 41 thousand boats. In both regions, over 70 percent of the non-motorized boats were owned (Figure 3.3.11). Meanwhile, the number of rafts used in municipal fishing was highest in Ilocos Region with about eight thousand rafts, followed by ARMM with two thousand

3.3.8 Hook and line was the most common fishing gear used in municipal fishing

Among the types of fishing gears/accessories/devices used in household municipal fishing operations, the top three reported gears/accessories/devices used were hook and line, gill net and crab pot (Table 3.3.6). There were a total of 6.9 million hooks and lines, 1.2 million gill nets and 760 thousand crab pots reported in the 2012 CAF, which were used in municipal fishing. The municipal fishing operators also used about 667 thousand long lines, 633 thousand fish traps/corrals or "baklad", 526 thousand squid jigs, and 495 thousand fish pots.

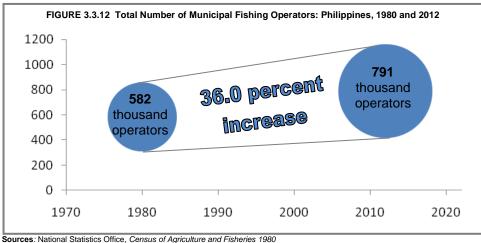
		Fishing Operation: Philippines, 2012	2
	Rank	Type of Gears/Accessories/Devices	Number
<u> </u>	→ 1	Hook and Line	6,860,460
	→ 2	Gill Net	1,153,858
	→ 3	Crab Pot	760,053
	4	Long Line	666,759
	5	Fish Trap/Fish Corral/Baklad	632,769
80	6	Squid Jig	525,861
	7	Fish Pot	494,602
XXX	8	Cast Net	340,674
NA -	9	Luring Device	208,388
W	10	Harpoon/Spear Gun	161,133
	11	Fishing Light	147,723
	12	Scoop Net or Dip Net	141,396
	13	Crab Hook	73,234
	14	Cover Pot	69,703
	15	Push Net	62,915
	16	Beach Seine Net	55,199
	17	Lambaklad Net	25,967
	18	Hoop Net	20,041
	19	Filter Net	18,489
	20	Rake and Hand Dredge	13,832

TABLE 3.3.6 Top 20 Gears/Accessories/Devices Used in Municipal Fishing Operation: Philippines, 2012

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

3.3.9 Male operators dominated the household municipal fishing operations

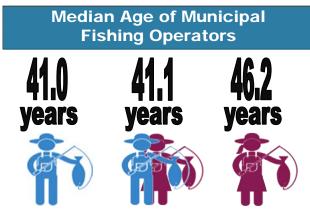
The 2012 CAF recorded 791 thousand municipal fishing operators aged 15 years and over (Figure 3.3.12). Compared with the 1980 data, the number of such operators increased by 35.9 percent.



Sources: National Statistics Office, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 1980 Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012 Of the total household municipal fishing operators, 97.6 percent were males and the remaining 2.4 percent were females. This translated into a ratio of about 41 male municipal fishing operators for every one female counterpart.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012



The municipal fishing operators had a median age of 41.1 years old. The median age of male municipal fishing operators was 41.0 years, which was five years younger than their female counterparts.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

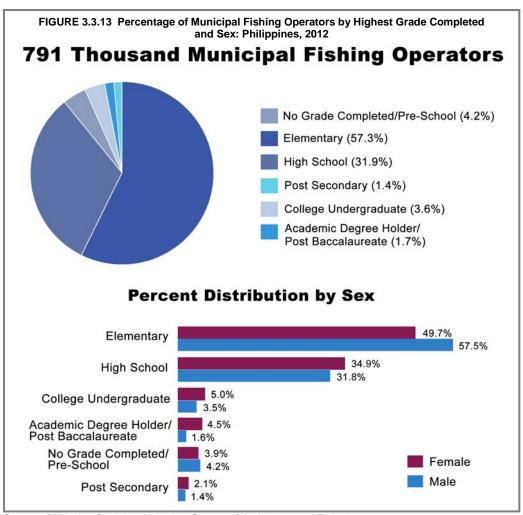
3.3.10 One in four household municipal fishing operators were elementary graduates

Of the 791 thousand household municipal fishing operators aged 15 years and over, almost one-third (254 thousand) had some elementary education and about a quarter (199 thousand) were elementary graduates. Almost one-fifth (137 thousand) were able to graduate high school but only less than two percent (13 thousand) were baccalaureate degree holders (Figure 3.3.13).

Linkert Crede Completed	Num	oer (in Thous	ands)
Highest Grade Completed	Total	Male	Female
Total	791	772	19
No Grade Completed/Pre-School	33	33	1
Elementary			
Undergraduate	254	250	5
Graduate	199	194	5
High School			
Undergraduate	115	112	3
Graduate	137	133	4
Post Secondary			
Undergraduate	2	2	*
Graduate	9	8	*
College Undergraduate	28	27	1
Academic Degree Holder	13	12	1
Post Baccalaureate	*	*	*

TABLE 3.3.7	Number of Municipal Fishing Operators by Highest Grade Completed
	and Sex: Philippines, 2012

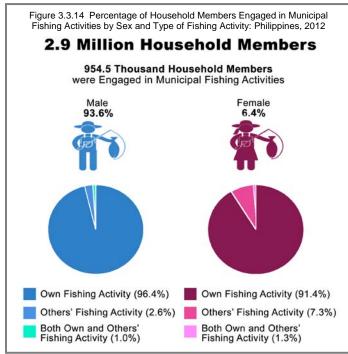
Note: * denotes less than 500 operators



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

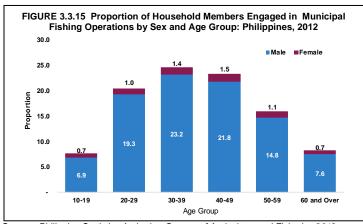
3.3.11 About one-third of the household members were engaged in municipal fishing operations

About 955 thousand of the 2.9 million household members of the municipal fishing operators' households had engaged in municipal fishing in 2012. Of these members, 918 thousand (96.1%) worked in their own household fishing activities while the rest worked in others' household fishing operations (Figure 3.3.14). Of these household members engaged in municipal fishing,93.6 percent were males and 6.4 percent were females.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

A majority (68.2 percent) of the household members engaged in municipal fishing operations were in the age group 20 to 49 years old (Figure 3.3.15). The rest of them belonged to the youngest age group 10 to 19 years old and older age group 50 years and over.



The median age of household members engaged in municipal fishing operation was 38.9 years for males and 40.7 years for females.

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

STATISTICAL TABLES

LOCATION OF AQUAFARM

[]									1		
Region, Type, Number and Area	Total	Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)									
of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over	
Philippines											
Fishpond											
Number Area	75,002	50,358	6,722	7,633	3,246	3,136	1,490	851	1,219	347	
	85,606	3,658	3,865	8,808	6,912	10,766	7,999	6,618	17,025	19,955	
Fish Pen Number	3,102	2,210	488	276	45	29	17	3	17	17	
Area	2,553	249	261	294	93	99	92	23	278	1,165	
Fish Cage											
Number	16,353	15,333	557	283	73	41	21	11	25	9	
Area	2,849	642	318	317	154	138	108	82	382	708	
Seaweed Farm											
Number Area	48,494 30,292	37,936 5,067	6,733 3,796	3,012 3,231	462 955	114 380	31 163	17 128	18 228	171 16,345	
	50,232	5,007	5,7 50	5,251	300	500	105	120	220	10,040	
Oyster Farm Number	2,856	2,636	140	53	7	5	1	-	12	2	
Area	568	131	78	57	15	17	5	-	195	71	
Mussel Farm											
Number	1,040	902	73	47	12	3	2	-	1	-	
Area	233	81	39	51	25	10	11	-	15	-	
Others											
Number	228	199	4	4	11	3	4	1	1	1	
Area	122	3	2	4	23	11	21	7	11	40	
National Capital Region	n (NCR)										
Fishpond											
Number	175	98	16	27	17	12	-	3	2	-	
Area	167	7	9	29	36	45	-	23	20	-	
Fish Pen	05	10	2	2	2		4	_	-	4	
Number Area	25 63	16 1	2	3 3	2 4	-	1 5	-	-	1 49	
Fish Cage		·	•	0	•		Ū				
Number	80	76	1	-	1	1	1	-		-	
Area	14	2	1	-	2	5	5	-	-	-	
Seaweed Farm											
Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Oyster Farm											
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm Number	41	39		2	_	-	-			-	
Area	5	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others											
Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cordillera Administration	on Region	(CAR)									
Fishpond	-	. ,									
Number	4,182	4,029	101	37	2	5	6	2	-	-	
Area	368	194	59	43	5	19	33	16	-	-	
Fish Pen											
Number	26	25	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Area	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fish Cage	011	000	10								
Number Area	311 35	289 18	18 12	4 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
,	00	10	12	5	-	-	-	-	_		

		Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)								
Region, Type, Number and Area	Total	Total								
of Aquafarm	lota	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Seaweed Farm										
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm										
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm										
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others										
Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
llocos Region (Region	I)									
Fishpond	0.400	4 000	007	000	450	407	50	20	00	0
Number Area	6,468 3,589	4,333 456	937 550	803 926	152 335	137 460	52 269	30 234	22 280	2 80
Fish Pen						_	_			
Number Area	711 134	653 67	34 20	15 16	4 8	2 6	2 10	1 8	-	-
Fish Cage	101	01	20	10	0	Ū	10	0		
Number	2,205	2,177	16	7	-	1	1	-	3	-
Area	133	58	10	8	-	3	5	-	49	-
Seaweed Farm Number	2	2	-	-						-
Area	*	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm	0.07	0.40	10	10						
Number Area	267 28	242 6	12 6	10 10	3 6	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm										
Number Area	9 1	8 *	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others										
Number Area	145 6	144 1	-	-	-	-	1 5	-	-	-
Cagayan Valley (Regior	n II)									
Fishpond										
Number Area	6,729 1,978	5,511 535	729 420	333 370	70 151	50 166	21 114	8 63	4 54	3 105
Fish Pen										
Number Area	22 4	21 2	-	-	1 2	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage	4	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Number	166	160	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	13	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seaweed Farm	_	_	_							
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm										
Number Area	36 7	29 3	6 3	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm										
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number	6	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Region,	-	Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)								
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Central Luzon (Region III)										
Fishpond Number Area	11,109 19,519	4,765 502	1,504 866	2,177 2,562	1,017 2,187	853 2,926	331 1,768	187 1,452	216 2,904	59 4,352
Fish Pen Number	98	73	6	8	4	3	1	-	1	2
Area	114	6	3	9	9	11	5	-	10	62
Fish Cage Number Area	108 32	94 7	6 4	6 8	1 3	-	-	-	1 12	-
Seaweed Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number	258	244	5	6	-	2	-	-	1	-
Area Mussel Farm Number	34 7	7	3	7 3	-	8	-	-	- 10	-
Area Others	3	*	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CALABARZON (Region	IV-A)									
Fishpond Number Area	3,107 4,776	1,622 161	463 255	451 510	163 350	170 593	79 427	53 408	77 1,064	29 1,008
Fish Pen Number	518	256	112	101	13	15	7	-	4	10
Area Fish Cage	836	26	61	107	27	51	39	-	60	466
Number Area	6,959 591	6,641 247	198 112	90 99	15 31	10 34	1 5	-	3 38	1 25
Seaweed Farm Number Area	246 42	212 18	28 16	4 4	2 4	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number	49	44	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area Mussel Farm Number	6 345	2 272	2 29	3 31	- 8	- 2	- 2	-	-	-
Area Others	118	18	29 16	35	0 17	6	11	-	15	-
Number Area	10 1	10 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIMAROPA Region										
Fishpond Number Area	2,610 4,342	1,717 111	214 123	240 269	143 300	115 395	61 331	32 248	74 1,072	14 1,492
Fish Pen Number Area	39 15	31 3	4	1 1	2 4	-	1 5	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	1,733 158	1,676 50	28 15	18 19	5 10	2 6	1 5	1 8	1 15	1 30

[]	r									
Region,	Tatal				Size of Ac	juafarm (in	Hectares)			
Type, Number and Area Total of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Seaweed Farm Number Area	7,323 2,145	5,751 711	1,008 577	469 510	62 127	25 83	3 15	2 15	1 15	2 92
Oyster Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	22 49	3 1	-	4 4	10 20	2 8	3 16	-	-	-
Bicol Region (Region)	v)									
Fishpond Number Area	8,311 11,143	5,737 352	645 362	648 744	279 595	335 1,141	246 1,309	140 1,083	222 3,138	59 2,418
Fish Pen Number Area	106 17	93 7	7 4	6 7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	1,553 711	1,308 95	122 69	67 76	26 54	12 41	6 30	3 23	8 124	1 200
Seaweed Farm Number Area	2,935 636	2,482 228	258 139	161 179	29 59	1 3	2 11	1 8	1 10	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	6 1	6 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	100 21	91 10	4 2	3 3	1 2	1 4	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	3 1	2 *	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Western Visayas (Regi	on VI)									
Fishpond Number Area	5,291 12,051	2,813 268	503 289	699 808	299 631	377 1,305	208 1,128	119 942	204 2,942	69 3,737
Fish Pen Number Area	186 94	153 17	13 7	13 15	2 4	2 7	-	1 7	1 10	1 28
Fish Cage Number Area	355 43	316 16	30 16	7 8	2 4	-	-	-	-	-
Seaweed Farm Number Area	4,069 1,101	3,295 451	566 332	159 172	34 70	9 31	3 15	2 17	1 12	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	1,491 365	1,385 87	80 42	11 11	2 5	2 6	-	-	10 175	1 40
Mussel Farm Number Area	136 12	124 6	12 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	9 1	8 *	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

 Table A1. Number and Area of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm, Size of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued)

 (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

I		Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)									
Region, Type, Number and Area	Total						,			1	
of Aquafarm	lotai	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over	
Central Visayas (Regio	n VII)										
Fishpond Number Area	2,616 2,101	2,000 94	112 67	215 245	93 194	78 269	43 230	39 304	29 414	7 283	
Fish Pen											
Number Area	71 117	55 3	6 4	1 1	-	2 7	-	1 8	6 94	-	
Fish Cage Number Area	124 47	103 4	12 7	6 6	-	1 3	-	1 8	1 20	-	
Seaweed Farm Number Area	2,938 13,636	1,853 285	486 266	406 415	37 75	10 32	1 5	5 36	1 12	139 12,510	
Oyster Farm Number Area	97 11	90 6	5 3	1 1	1 2	-	-	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others Number Area	3 40	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1 40	
										10	
Eastern Visayas (Regio	on viii)										
Fishpond Number Area	4,956 1,391	4,326 148	210 119	230 252	69 143	61 207	29 160	12 89	18 239	1 35	
Fish Pen Number Area	235 18	224 9	6 3	4 4	1 2	-	-	-	-	-	
Fish Cage Number Area	781 85	749 17	10 6	11 12	3 7	4 12	1 7	2 14	1 11	-	
Seaweed Farm Number	992	914	67	8	2	1	-	-	-	-	
Area	112	59	37	9	4	4	-	-	-	-	
Oyster Farm Number Area	13 5	9 1	1 1	3 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm Number	347	315	24	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	
Area Others Number	61 -	39	12 -	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	
Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Zamboanga Peninsula	(Region IX))									
Fishpond Number Area	2,397 9,254	420 51	166 95	486 569	387 812	414 1,448	201 1,082	118 918	175 2,520	30 1,757	
Fish Pen Number Area	146 50	107 8	19 11	10 10	9 18	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Fish Cage Number Area	46 21	33 2	4	6	2	-	1 5	-	-	-	
,	Z 1	2	2	'	5	-	5	-	-	· ·	

[
Region, Type, Number and Area	Total	Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)									
of Aquafarm	i otai	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over	
Seaweed Farm Number Area	6,876 2,947	4,805 712	1,086 587	724 768	191 396	41 137	16 86	5 39	6 82	2 140	
Oyster Farm Number Area	30 17	20 2	2 1	6 7	1 2	-	1 5	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm Number Area	9 3	6 1	1 1	2 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others Number Area	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Northern Mindanao (Re	egion X)										
Fishpond Number Area	3,491 1,841	2,709 150	225 135	275 313	108 225	104 352	27 147	13 100	27 340	3 80	
Fish Pen Number Area	38 7	36 3	1 1	-	-	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Fish Cage Number Area	122 29	102 7	9 5	7 8	3 6	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Seaweed Farm Number Area	1,583 240	1,476 139	61 38	39 47	6 14	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Oyster Farm Number Area	1 *	1 *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm Number Area	15 1	15 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others Number Area	4 4	2 *	1 1	-	-	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Davao Region (Region	XI)										
Fishpond Number Area	2,608 3,012	1,923 111	132 75	218 250	150 324	107 365	24 131	20 157	18 277	16 1,322	
Fish Pen Number Area	91 551	46 7	32 20	9 11	-	2 7	1 6	-	-	1 500	
Fish Cage Number Area	199 544	147 15	20 11	13 15	5 13	6 22	1 5	-	2 37	5 425	
Seaweed Farm Number Area	549 132	503 73	34 21	5 6	2 5	2 9	1 5	2 14	-	-	
Oyster Farm Number Area	15 2	14 2	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm Number Area	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others Number Area	11 7	10 *	-	-	-	-	-	1 7	-	-	

Region,					Size of Aq	juafarm (in	Hectares)			
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
SOCCSKSARGEN (Reg	gion XII)	-					-			
Fishpond Number Area	6,439 2,246	5,614 314	318 176	239 265	107 222	91 296	40 213	7 52	18 226	5 482
Fish Pen Number Area	625 293	317 78	218 111	84 87	5 11	-	1 6	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	501 128	469 37	11 6	12 14	3 6	1 3	2 10	1 8	1 16	1 28
Seaweed Farm Number Area	5 7	1	1 1	1 1	1 2	1 3	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Autonomous Region in	Muslim Mi	indanao (A	RMM)							
Fishpond Number Area	660 922	330 39	130 77	127 160	26 55	15 52	15 78	6 42	9 120	2 300
Fish Pen Number	70	26	26	15	1	-	1	-	1	-
Area Fish Cage Number	50 159	3 120	14 29	16 4	2	- 1	5	-	10	-
Area Seaweed Farm Number	65 19,823	13 15,754	20 2,969	5 962	2 81	4 20	22 2	-	- 7	- 28
Area Oyster Farm	8,967	2,308	1,689	1,042	169	65	10	-	81	3,603
Number Area Mussel Farm	51 28	26 5	16 13	9 10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number Area	11 3	10 2	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	1 3	-	-	-	1 3	-	-	-	-	-
Caraga (Region XIII)										
Fishpond Number Area	2,149 2,936	1,360 112	175 102	255 300	108 230	128 439	43 230	25 200	41 560	14 763
Fish Pen Number Area	55 13	50 5	1 1	2 2	1 2	1 4	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	845 122	785 42	32 18	19 21	5 11	-	1 5	1 7	2 20	-

Table A1. Number and Area of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm, Size of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued	Ŋ
(Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)	

Region,					Size of Ac	quafarm (in	Hectares)			
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Seaweed Farm Number	769	509	167	72	15	2	3		1	
Area	296	58	93	72	31	2 7	16	-	16	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm										
Number Area	1 2	-	-	-	1 2	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number	11	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Area	11	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-
Negros Island Region	(NIR)									
Fishpond Number	1,704	1,051	142	173	56	84	64	37	63	34
Area	3,969	52	85	195	117	289	348	287	856	1,742
Fish Pen							_			
Number Area	40 175	28 4	-	4 6	-	-	2 11	-	4 94	2 60
Fish Cage										
Number Area	106 77	88 4	5 3	6 6	1 2	1 3	1 5	2 15	2 40	-
Seaweed Farm										
Number Area	384 31	379 24	2 1	2 2	-	1 4	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm	= 10									
Number Area	542 65	526 12	9 5	4 5	-	1 3	-	-	1 10	1 31
Mussel Farm										
Number Area	16 1	15 *	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others										
Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table A1. Number and Area of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm, Size of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded) (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

Notes: Details may not add up to total due to rounding * Denotes < 0.5 hectare

Denotes zero value
 Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Region, Type, Number		Volume of Aquafarm (in Cubic Meters)								
and Volume of Aquafarm	Total	Under 1.0	1.0 - 2.9	3.0 - 4.9	5.0 - 6.9	7.0 - 9.9	10 and Over			
Philippines										
Fish Tank Number Volume	1,029 12,375	464 60	151 251	102 345	57 330	37 299	218 11,091			
Hatchery Number Volume	590 21,325	248 34	75 109	47 170	55 321	10 79	155 20,612			
National Capital Region (NCR)										
Fish Tank Number	30	4	2	7	1	3	13			
Volume Hatchery	467	*	2	25	6	25	408			
Number Volume	3 11	1 *	-	-	2 11	-	-			
Cordillera Administration Region (CAR)										
Fish Tank Number Volume	20 227	8	5 8	-	1 7	-	6 212			
Hatchery Number Volume	9 685	4 *	1 2	-	-	-	4 683			
llocos Region (Region I)										
Fish Tank Number Volume	31 1,350	13 4	3 4	1 5	1 6	-	13 1,331			
Hatchery Number Volume	26 70	11 1	9 18	3 10	-	1 9	2 32			
Cagayan Valley (Region II)										
Fish Tank Number Volume	16 54	10 1	3 7	-	1	-	2 40			
Hatchery Number Volume	28 163	22 2	1	1 4	1 6	1 8	2 142			
Central Luzon (Region III)										
Fish Tank Number Volume	29 295	12 2	4 5	1 3	1 5	2 15	9 265			
Hatchery Number Volume	101 5,508	24 8	7 10	5 18	9 54	1 8	55 5,410			
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)										
Fish Tank Number Volume	42 1,051	12 1	3 6	6 21	5 28	1 7	15 988			
Hatchery Number Volume	104 886	46 6	9 15	20 70	7 37	-	22 758			

Table A2. Number and Volume of Fish Tank and Hatchery by Volum	e of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012
(Data are tabulated by location of a	aquafarm)

Region, Type, Number	Total		Volume of Aquafarm (in Cubic Meters)								
and Volume of Aquafarm	Total	Under 1.0	1.0 - 2.9	3.0 - 4.9	5.0 - 6.9	7.0 - 9.9	10 and Over				
MIMAROPA Region											
Fish Tank Number Volume	67 1,096	10 1	11 22	8 28	9 51	7 58	22 937				
Hatchery Number Volume	6 720	3 1	1 2	-	-	-	2 717				
Bicol Region (Region V)											
Fish Tank Number Volume	116 1,542	48 5	12 24	6 23	10 58	13 103	27 1,328				
Hatchery Number Volume	36 988	17 2	6 6	1 4	5 30	1 8	6 938				
Western Visayas (Region VI)											
Fish Tank Number Volume	56 1,661	23 3	7 12	7 23	2 12	-	17 1,610				
Hatchery Number Volume	43 1,745	22 2	6 8	6 21	3 17	-	6 1,697				
Central Visayas (Region VII)											
Fish Tank Number Volume	87 1,081	35 2	24 36	9 33	8 45	-	11 965				
Hatchery Number Volume	21 1,237	5 *	2 3	1 5	2 11	1 8	10 1,210				
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)											
Fish Tank Number Volume	59 735	35 3	3 5	7 23	4 26	2 18	8 660				
Hatchery Number Volume	26 270	17 1	5 7	-	1 5	-	3 258				
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)											
Fish Tank Number Volume	33 123	13 1	11 20	4 14	-	-	5 88				
Hatchery Number Volume	57 4,768	5 *	7 12	5 21	19 115	1 7	20 4,614				
Northern Mindanao (Region X)											
Fish Tank Number Volume	208 626	126 23	30 47	20 64	5 29	4 33	23 431				
Hatchery Number Volume	14 128	7 1	2 3	1 4	1 6	-	3 113				

Table A2. Number and Volume of Fish Tank and Hatchery by Volume of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued) (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

Region, Type, Number		Volume of Aquafarm (in Cubic Meters)							
and Volume of Aquafarm	Total	Under 1.0	1.0 - 2.9	3.0 - 4.9	5.0 - 6.9	7.0 - 9.9	10 and Over		
Davao Region (Region XI)									
Fish Tank									
Number	71	44	6	8	3	2	8		
Volume	443	4	8	27	16	16	372		
Hatchery									
Number	40	27	2	3	-	-	8		
Volume	2,333	5	3	11	-	-	2,314		
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)									
Fish Tank									
Number	30	10	2	1	2	1	14		
Volume	652	1	5	4	12	8	624		
Hatchery									
Number	36	20	6	-	1	2	7		
Volume	1,508	*	9	-	6	16	1,477		
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindar	nao (ARMM)								
Fish Tank									
Number	17	9	-	-	-	-	8		
Volume	213	1	-	-	-	-	212		
Hatchery									
Number	4	2	1	-	-	-	1		
Volume	20	*	2	-	-	-	18		
Caraga (Region XIII)									
Fish Tank									
Number	42	19	12	3	1	-	7		
Volume	271	2	22	10	6	-	230		
Hatchery									
Number	12	2	1	-	4	2	3		
Volume	131	*	2	-	24	15	90		
Negros Island Region (NIR)									
Fish Tank									
Number	75	33	13	14	3	2	10		
Volume	488	3	19	43	17	15	392		
Hatchery									
Number	24	13	9	1	-	-	1		
Volume	155	1	9	3	-	-	142		

 Table A2. Number and Volume of Fish Tank and Hatchery by Volume of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded) (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

Notes: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

* Denotes < 0.5 cubic meter

- Denotes zero value

	Total Number	Type of	Water Environme	ent Used
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water
Philippines				,
Fishpond	75,002	49,065	21,987	3,950
Fish Pen	3,102	1,623	785	694
Fish Cage	16,353	9,683	2,323	4,347
Seaweed Farm	48,494	-	-	48,494
Oyster Farm	2,856	-	1,988	868
Mussel Farm	1,040	3	250	787
Fish Tank	1,029	929	57	43
Hatchery	590	352	138	100
Others	228	40	5	183
National Capital Region (NCR)				
Fishpond	175	54	116	5
Fish Pen	25	13	12	-
Fish Cage	80	71	.= 7	2
Seaweed Farm	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	41	-	4	37
Fish Tank	30	16	12	2
Hatchery	3	2	1	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Cordillera Administration Region (CAR)				
Fishpond	4,182	4,179	3	_
Fish Pen	-, 102	26	-	
Fish Cage	311	311	-	
Seaweed Farm	-	-	_	_
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-
Fish Tank	- 20	20	-	-
Hatchery	20	20	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
llocos Region (Region I)				
Fishpond	6,468	2,748	3,481	239
Fish Pen	711	134	422	155
Fish Cage	2,205	532	1,340	333
Seaweed Farm	2,203	552	1,540	2
Oyster Farm	267	-	- 99	168
	207	3	2	
Mussel Farm				4
Fish Tank	31	26	2	3
Hatchery Others	26 145	9 4	9 1	8 140
Cagayan Valley (Region II)				
Fishpond	6,729	6,298	412	19
Fish Pen	6,729	6,298 14		19
Fish Cage	166	88	8	-
Fish Cage Seaweed Farm		- 88	65	13
	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm	36	-	36	-
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-
Fish Tank	16	15	1	-
Hatchery	28	28	-	-
Others	6	6	-	-

Table A3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

	Total Number	Type of Water Environment Used					
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water			
Central Luzon (Region III)	,						
Fishpond	11,109	6,516	4,460	133			
Fish Pen	98	34	64	-			
Fish Cage	108	43	56	9			
Seaweed Farm	-	-	-	-			
Oyster Farm	258	-	206	52			
Mussel Farm		-	1	6			
Fish Tank	29	25	4	-			
Hatchery	101	62	23	16			
Others	-	- 02	- 20	10			
Others	_	_	_	_			
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)							
Fishpond	3,107	1,559	962	586			
Fish Pen	518	497	9	12			
Fish Cage	6,959	6,761	95	103			
Seaweed Farm	246	-	-	246			
Oyster Farm	49	-	2	47			
Mussel Farm	345	_	9	336			
Fish Tank	42	- 38	5	3			
	42	30 72	19				
Hatchery				13			
Others	10	3	-	7			
MIMAROPA Region							
Fishpond	2,610	1,357	1,040	213			
Fish Pen	39	16	18	5			
Fish Cage	1,733	16	36	1,681			
Seaweed Farm	7,323	-	-	7,323			
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-			
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-			
Fish Tank	67	51	6	10			
Hatchery	6	2	3	10			
Others	22	-	-	22			
Bicol Region (Region V)	0.044	4 000	0.540	054			
Fishpond	8,311	4,938	2,519	854			
Fish Pen	106	86	6	14			
Fish Cage	1,553	1,104	63	386			
Seaweed Farm	2,935	-	-	2,935			
Oyster Farm	6	-	2	4			
Mussel Farm	100	-	44	56			
Fish Tank	116	103	7	6			
Hatchery	36	11	16	9			
Others	3	-	-	3			
Western Visayas (Region VI)							
Fishpond	5,291	2,454	2,407	430			
Fish Pen	186	12	57	117			
Fish Cage	355	45	245	65			
Seaweed Farm	4,069			4,069			
Oyster Farm	4,009	-	1,266	4,009			
Mussel Farm	136	-	128				
Fish Tank		-		8			
	56	47	6	3			
Hatchery Others	43 9	20 4	15 2	8			

 Table A3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued)

 (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

	Total Number	Type of Water Environment Used					
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water			
Central Visayas (Region VII)							
Fishpond	2,616	1,833	452	331			
Fish Pen	71	23	9	39			
Fish Cage	124	38	13	73			
Seaweed Farm	2,938	-	-	2,938			
Oyster Farm	2,000	-	7	90			
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-			
Fish Tank	87	83	3	1			
Hatchery	21	7	4	10			
Others	3	, 1	-	2			
Others	3	I	-	2			
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)							
Fishpond	4,956	3,953	788	215			
Fish Pen	235	38	33	164			
Fish Cage	781	41	88	652			
Seaweed Farm	992	-	-	992			
Oyster Farm	13	-	5	8			
Mussel Farm	347	-	42	305			
Fish Tank	59	47	6	6			
Hatchery	26	21	4	1			
Others	-	-	-	-			
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)							
Fishpond	2,397	333	1,855	209			
Fish Pen	146	28	1,000	110			
		20 12	0 12	22			
Fish Cage	46						
Seaweed Farm	6,876	-	-	6,876			
Oyster Farm	30	-	19	11			
Mussel Farm	9	-	1	8			
Fish Tank	33	29	3	1			
Hatchery Others	57 3	8 3	30	19			
Northern Mindanao (Region X)	0	0					
	o 101			10			
Fishpond	3,491	2,608	834	49			
Fish Pen	38	24	14	-			
Fish Cage	122	38	18	66			
Seaweed Farm	1,583	-	-	1,583			
Oyster Farm	1	-	1	-			
Mussel Farm	15	-	12	3			
Fish Tank	208	207	-	1			
Hatchery	14	9	2	3			
Others	4	2	1	1			
Davao Region (Region XI)							
Fishpond	2,608	1,933	503	172			
Fish Pen	91	19	63	9			
Fish Cage	199	34	57	108			
Seaweed Farm	549	-	-	549			
Oyster Farm	15	-	7	8			
	3	-		3			
Mussel Farm							
Mussel Farm Fish Tank		70	1	-			
Mussel Farm Fish Tank Hatchery	71 40	70 37	1 2	-			

Table A3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued) (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

Region and Type of Aquafarm	Total Number of Aquafarms	Type of Water Environment Used		
		Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)	ł		Į.	
Fishpond	6,439	5,752	554	133
Fish Pen	625	608	15	2
Fish Cage	501	472	3	26
Seaweed Farm	5	-	-	5
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-
Fish Tank	30	29	-	1
Hatchery	36	33	3	-
Others	-		-	-
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM)				
Fishpond	660	416	72	172
Fish Pen	70	27	4	39
Fish Cage	159	14	12	133
Seaweed Farm	19,823	-	-	19,823
Oyster Farm	51	-	1	50
Mussel Farm	11	-	1	10
Fish Tank	17	11	2	4
Hatchery	4	1	-	3
Others	1	-	-	1
Caraga (Region XIII)				
Fishpond	2,149	1,265	817	67
Fish Pen	55	22	20	13
Fish Cage	845	60	135	650
Seaweed Farm	769	-	-	769
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	1	-	1	-
Fish Tank	42	40	-	2
Hatchery	12	6	3	3
Others	11	7	1	3
Negros Island Region (NIR)				
Fishpond	1,704	869	712	123
Fish Pen	40	2	23	15
Fish Cage	106	3	78	25
Seaweed Farm	384	-		384
Ovator Form	540		007	007

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Table A3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded) (Data are tabulated by location of aquafarm)

Note: - Denotes zero value

Oyster Farm

Mussel Farm

Fish Tank

Hatchery

Others

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

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RESIDENCE OF AQUACULTURE OPERATOR

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(.,			,			
Region,	Tarit				Size of Aq	uafarm (in	Hectares)			
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Philippines										_
Fishpond										
Number	75,002	50,358	6,722	7,633	3,246	3,136	1,490	851	1,219	347
Area	85,606	3,658	3,865	8,808	6,912	10,766	7,999	6,618	17,025	19,955
Fish Pen	2 402	0.040	400	076	45	29	47	2	17	47
Number Area	3,102 2,553	2,210 249	488 261	276 294	45 93	29 99	17 92	3 23	17 278	17 1,165
	2,000	245	201	204	50	55	52	20	210	1,100
Fish Cage Number	16,353	15,333	557	283	73	41	21	11	25	9
Area	2,849	642	318	317	154	138	108	82	382	708
Seaweed Farm	,									
Number	48,494	37,936	6,733	3,012	462	114	31	17	18	171
Area	30,292	5,067	3,796	3,231	955	380	163	128	228	16,345
Oyster Farm										
Number	2,856	2,636	140	53	7	5	1	-	12	2
Area	568	131	78	57	15	17	5	-	195	71
Mussel Farm										
Number	1,040	902	73	47	12	3	2	-	1	-
Area	233	81	39	51	25	10	11	-	15	-
Others										
Number	228	199	4	4	11	3	4	1	1	1
Area	122	3	2	4	23	11	21	7	11	40
National Capital Region	n (NCR)									
Fishpond										
Number	579	241	71	107	67	49	18	13	9	4
Area	1,042	20	40	118	140	167	94	104	102	257
Fish Pen										
Number	52	26	5	9	2	1	1	-	2	6
Area	353	2	3	10	4	3	5	-	46	281
Fish Cage										
Number	117	97	4	7	4	3	1	-	1	-
Area	49	4	2	7	9	12	5	-	11	-
Seaweed Farm										
Number Area	6 3	4 1	-	2 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm	2	2								
Number Area	۲ *	۲ *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number	44	43	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	4	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others										
Number	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Area	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Cordillera Administratio	on Region	(CAR)								
Fishpond	÷	- /								
Number	4,211	4,050	103	43	3	4	6	2	-	-
Area	377	196	60	49	7	16	33	16	-	-
Fish Pen										
Number	29	27	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Area	4	2	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage										
Number	313	290	18	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	36	19	12	6	-	-	-	-	-	-

		Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)								
Region, Type, Number and Area	Total									
of Aquafarm	- Otdi	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Seaweed Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Ilocos Region (Region	- I)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishpond Number Area	6,364 3,401	4,287 452	922 542	787 906	142 312	128 432	50 258	28 219	19 250	1 30
Fish Pen Number Area	702 129	648 67	33 19	13 14	3 6	2 6	2 10	1 8	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	2,193 117	2,172 58	14 8	3 3	-	1 3	1 5	-	2 39	-
Seaweed Farm Number Area	1 *	1 *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	267 28	242 6	12 6	10 10	3 6	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	9 1	8 *	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	145 6	144 1	-	-	-	-	1 5	-	-	-
Cagayan Valley (Regior	n II)									
Fishpond Number Area	6,696 1,950	5,499 533	723 416	322 358	66 143	51 169	20 109	8 63	4 54	3 105
Fish Pen Number Area	22 4	21 2	-	-	1 2	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	166 24	158 9	6 4	1 1	-	-	-	-	1 10	-
Seaweed Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	35 7	28 3	6 3	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	6 2	5 1	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central Luzon (Region	III)									
Fishpond Number Area	10,962 19,437	4,707 497	1,488 857	2,149 2,532	992 2,136	836 2,870	324 1,731	186 1,443	219 2,955	61 4,415

r												
Region,	Total		r		Size of Ac	uafarm (in	Hectares)	1	1			
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over		
Fish Pen Number Area	96 114	71 6	7 4	7 8	4 9	3 11	1 5	-	1 10	2 62		
Fish Cage Number Area	106 34	90 6	6 4	8 11	1 3	-	-	-	1 12	-		
Seaweed Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Oyster Farm Number Area	258 34	244 7	5 3	6 7	-	2 8	-	-	1 10	-		
Mussel Farm Number Area	8 4	4 *	-	4 4	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Others Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CALABARZON (Region	IV-A)											
Fishpond Number Area	3,085 4,620	1,619 161	464 256	446 506	158 339	167 582	79 430	51 392	74 1,009	27 945		
Fish Pen Number Area	505 601	252 26	109 59	100 105	13 27	15 51	7 39	-	4 60	5 234		
Fish Cage Number Area	6,954 586	6,638 247	198 112	89 98	15 31	9 30	1 5	-	3 38	1 25		
Seaweed Farm Number Area	247 42	212 18	29 17	4 4	2 4	-	-	-	-	-		
Oyster Farm Number Area	49 6	44 2	3 2	2 3	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Mussel Farm Number Area	341 118	268 18	29 16	31 35	8 17	2 6	2 11	-	1 15	-		
Others Number Area	10 1	10 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
MIMAROPA Region												
Fishpond Number Area	2,582 4,242	1,706 110	211 122	235 262	141 296	114 392	60 326	31 240	71 1,037	13 1,457		
Fish Pen Number Area	39 15	31 3	4 2	1 1	2 4	-	1 5	-	-	-		
Fish Cage Number Area	1,732 156	1,676 50	28 15	18 19	4 8	2 6	1 5	1 8	1 15	1 30		
Seaweed Farm Number Area	7,334 2,159	5,754 711	1,013 580	471 512	62 127	25 83	3 15	3 24	1 15	2 92		
Oyster Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

		,		.,			,			
Region,					Size of Ac	juafarm (in	Hectares)			
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Mussel Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	22 44	3 1	1 1	4 4	10 20	2 8	2 11	-	-	-
Bicol Region (Region \	0									
Fishpond Number Area	8,270 10,955	5,723 350	639 358	639 733	278 593	332 1,132	242 1,288	138 1,068	223 3,148	56 2,284
Fish Pen Number Area	103 14	93 7	7 4	3 4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number Area	1,542 700	1,304 94	122 69	62 71	25 52	11 38	6 30	3 23	8 124	1 200
Seaweed Farm Number Area	2,933 634	2,481 228	258 139	160 178	29 59	1 3	2 11	1 8	1 10	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	6 1	6 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	99 21	90 10	4 2	3 3	1 2	1 4	-	-	-	-
Others Number Area	2 *	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Western Visayas (Regio	on VI)									
Fishpond Number Area	5,271 12,147	2,810 268	498 286	694 802	297 627	374 1,295	203 1,100	118 933	205 2,954	72 3,882
Fish Pen Number Area	185 94	152 17	13 7	13 15	2 4	2 7	-	1 7	1 10	1 28
Fish Cage Number Area	351 40	315 16	29 15	5 5	2 4	-	-	-	-	-
Seaweed Farm Number Area	4,056 1,086	3,290 451	561 329	157 170	34 70	9 31	3 15	1 8	1 12	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	1,491 365	1,385 87	80 42	11 11	2 5	2 6	-	-	10 175	1 40
Mussel Farm Number Central Visayas (Regio t	136 n VII)	124	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishpond Number Area	2,601 1,982	2,002 94	112 66	214 244	93 194	78 269	43 230	23 180	29 420	7 283
Fish Pen Number Area	70 114	55 3	6 4	1 1	-	1 4	-	1 8	6 94	-

 Table B1. Number and Area of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm, Size of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued)

 (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

	Size of Aquafarm (in Hectares)																		
Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over										
123 46	103 4	12 7	5 5	- -	1 3	- -	1 8	1 20	-										
2,961 13,639	1,875 288	487 267	406 415	37 75	10 32	1 5	5 36	1 12	139 12,510										
97 11	90 6	5 3	1 1	1 2	-	-	-	-	-										
1 *	1 *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
3 40	2 *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 40										
n VIII)																			
4,939	4,316	207	227	68	61	29	12	18	1 35										
235	224	6	4	1	-	-	-	-	-										
18	9	3	4	2	-	-	-	-	-										
779 73	748 16	10 6	12 14	2 5	4 12	1 7	2 14	-	-										
967 109	890 56	66 36	8 9	2 4	1 4	-	-	-	-										
13 5	9 1	1 1	3 3	-	-	-	-	-	-										
347 Region IX)	315	24	6	2	-	-	-	-	-										
2,345 9,110	416 51	165 95	475 557	372 779	399 1,395	198 1,068	117 910	173 2,498	30 1,757										
135 48	97 7	19 11	10 10	8 16	1	-	-	-	-										
46	32	5	6	2	-	1	-	-	-										
6,880	4,806	1,085	726	191	42	17	5	6	2										
30	20	2	6	1	- 140	1	- 39	- 82	140 -										
9	6	1	2	2	-	5	-	-	-										
3	1 3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-										
	123 46 2,961 13,639 97 11 1 * 3 40 VIII) 4,939 1,384 235 18 779 73 967 109 13 5 8 967 109 13 5 8 779 73 967 109 13 5 8 8 779 73 967 109 13 5 8 8 779 73 967 109 13 5 8 8 779 73 967 109 13 5 8 8 46 2,345 9,110 13 5 8 8 46 2,345 9,110 13 5 8 8 46 7 7 9 7 3 9 7 10 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Under 0.500 123 46 103 4 4 2,961 13,639 1,875 288 97 97 90 1 1 1 * 2 4,0 2 1 1 * 2 40 2 1,384 4,316 148 235 1,384 224 9 97 748 99 779 748 16 967 890 109 13 9 1 347 315 Region IX) 315 2,345 416 51 135 97 4 42 2 6,880 4,806 712 30 20 17 9 6 3 3 1 3 1	Under 0.5000.500 to 0.9991231031246472,9611,87548713,63928826797905116311-32-40*-34022861,3841481172352246189377974810731669678906610956361391347315242,3454161659,110519513597194632530202172196131133-	Under0.3001.0001.0000.500to 0.999to 1.999123103124647548740613,63928826797905111-**-32-40*-**-32-40*-*-*-*117235224648934012273166139196789066893496789066893334731524632513597191359719135971359713597135971357263020231313131313231333331	Under0.5000.5001.0001.0001.0001.0001.000123103125-46475-2,9611.8754874063713,6392882674157597905111**324,00*4,00*4,0394,316207227681,384148117248141235224641189342779748101227316682967890668213913-34731524622,3454161654753729,110519555777913597191084871.0857261911359719108463256230202611721729612-33	Under 0.5000.300 to 0.9991.000 to 1.9992.000 to 2.9993.000 to 4.999123103125-146475-32.9611.875487 288406 373710 3229790511 11 3 2 40 * 3 2 40 * 3 2 40 * 779 74810122 473 1666821 13 913 967 890666821 967 89066821 347 3152462- 347 3152462- 347 3152462- 347 3152462- 347 3152462- $2,957$ 7/125567/70396140 30 202612- 9 612 3 112 30 20261	0.5000.5001.0001.0002.0003.0005.000123103125-1-46475-3-2,9611,8752882674157532597905111111323232323232340*11724814120716023522464177974810122411391334731524623473152462-1139133473152462-13473152462-13473152462-1348 <td< td=""><td>Under 0.5000.5000.5000.5000.5007.000123103125-1-146475-3-182.9611.875487406371001513,63928826741575325369790511113240*3240*32113240*779748101224127731662139131391313913141654753723991981179,1055577791,3951,068910135<</td><td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td></td<>	Under 0.5000.5000.5000.5000.5007.000123103125-1-146475-3-182.9611.875487406371001513,63928826741575325369790511113240*3240*32113240*779748101224127731662139131391313913141654753723991981179,1055577791,3951,068910135<	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $										

[]											
Region,	Tetel				Size of Ac	uafarm (in	Hectares)				
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over	
Northern Mindanao (Re	egion X)										
Fishpond											
Number Area	3,555 2,138	2,712 150	225 135	285 325	125 262	117 398	29 157	30 231	28 350	4 130	
Fish Pen	2,100	100	100	020	202	000	107	201	000	100	
Number	49	46	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	
Area	9	4	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	
Fish Cage				_							
Number Area	122 29	102 7	9 5	7 8	3 6	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Seaweed Farm	25	,	0	0	0	0					
Number	1,583	1,476	61	39	6	1	-	-	-	-	
Area	240	139	38	47	14	3	-	-	-	-	
Oyster Farm											
Number Area	1 *	1 *	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Area Mussel Farm			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Number	15	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Area	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others											
Number Area	4 4	2	1 1	-	-	1 3	-	-	-	-	
Alea	4			-	-	5	-	-	-	-	
Davao Region (Region	XI)										
Fishpond											
Number Area	2,610 3,031	1,917 111	133 76	220 253	151 326	110 374	25 136	20 157	18 277	16 1,322	
Fish Pen	0,001			200	020	0.1				.,022	
Number	91	46	32	9	-	2	1	-	-	1	
Area	551	7	20	11	-	7	6	-	-	500	
Fish Cage											
Number Area	194 419	147 15	20 11	11 13	4 11	6 22	1 5	-	1 17	4 325	
Seaweed Farm							Ū			020	
Number	550	504	34	5	2	2	1	2	-	-	
Area	133	73	21	6	5	9	5	14	-	-	
Oyster Farm											
Number Area	15 2	14 2	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mussel Farm	-	-									
Number	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Area	*	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Others											
Number Area	11 7	10 *	-	-	-	-	-	1 7	-	-	
								·			
SOCCSKSARGEN (Reg	gion XII)										
Fishpond Number	6 407	E 004	224	0.47	110	00	45	10	04	4	
Area	6,487 2,290	5,621 315	331 183	247 275	110 228	98 318	45 238	10 75	21 276	4 382	
Fish Pen											
Number	643	317	222	96	6	-	1	-	1	-	
Area	320	78	113	100	13	-	6	-	10	-	
Fish Cage	507	460	40	40		A	0	A	0	0	
Number Area	507 253	469 37	13 7	13 16	4 8	1 3	2 10	1 8	2 36	2 128	
	200	0.	•	.5	5	5	.5	5			

 Table B1. Number and Area of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm, Size of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued)

 (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

Region,										
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	Hectares) 5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000	25.000 and Over
Seaweed Farm		0.300	10 0.333	10 1.333	10 2.333	10 7.333	10 0.333	10 3.333	10 24.339	
Number Area	17 16	5 *	1 1	8 8	2 4	1 3	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm Number	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Autonomous Region in	MUSIIM	indanao (A	RMM)							
Fishpond Number	601	320 38	115 68	116 146	20 43	10 35	10 52	4 28	5 59	1
Area Fish Den	719	30	00	140	43	35	52	28	29	250
Fish Pen Number Area	53 24	26 3	22 11	4 4	-	-	1 5	-	-	-
Fish Cage										
Number Area	155 63	119 13	26 18	4 5	1 2	1 4	4 22	-	-	-
Seaweed Farm Number	19,805	15,749	2,969	952	80	19	1	-	7	28
Area	8,947	2,308	1,689	1,032	167	62	5	-	81	3,603
Oyster Farm Number	51	26	16	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	28	5	13	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm Number Area	11 3	10 2	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	5	2	'	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Number Area	1 3	-	-	-	1 3	-	-	-	-	-
Caraga (Region XIII)										
Fishpond										
Number Area	2,146 2,942	1,363 112	173 101	255 300	107 228	125 430	43 230	24 191	41 560	15 790
Fish Pen										
Number Area	55 13	50 5	1 1	2 2	1 2	1 4	-	-	-	-
Fish Cage Number	846	785	32	20	5	-	1	1	2	-
Area	123	42	18	22	11	-	5	7	20	-
Seaweed Farm Number	769	509	167	72	15	2	3	-	1	-
Area	296	58	93	75	31	7	16	-	16	-
Oyster Farm Number Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm										
Number Area	1 2	-	-	-	1 2	-	-	-	-	-
Others Number	11	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Area	11	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-
Negros Island Region ((NIR)									
Fishpond Number Area	1,698 3,838	1,049 51	142 85	172 194	56 117	83 285	66 359	36 278	62 838	32 1,632

Region,					Size of Ac	juafarm (in	Hectares)			
Type, Number and Area of Aquafarm	Total	Under 0.500	0.500 to 0.999	1.000 to 1.999	2.000 to 2.999	3.000 to 4.999	5.000 to 6.999	7.000 to 9.999	10.000 to 24.999	25.000 and Over
Fish Pen										
Number	38	28	-	4	-	-	2	-	2	2
Area	129	4	-	6	-	-	11	-	48	60
Fish Cage										
Number	107	88	5	7	1	1	1	2	2	-
Area	79	4	3	8	2	3	5	15	40	-
Seaweed Farm										
Number	385	380	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	-
Area	31	24	1	2	-	4	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm										
Number	541	525	9	4	-	1	-	-	1	1
Area	65	12	5	5	-	3	-	-	10	31
Mussel Farm										
Number	16	15	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	1	*	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others										
Number	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table B1. Number and Area of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm, Size of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded) (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

Notes: Details may not add up to total due to rounding * Denotes < 0.5 hectare

- Denotes zero value

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Region, Type, Number			Volume	of Aquafari	m (in Cubic	Meters)	
and Volume of Aquafarm	Total	Under 1.0	1.0 - 2.9	3.0 - 4.9	5.0 - 6.9	7.0 - 9.9	10 and Over
Philippines							
Fish Tank							
Number	1,029	464	151	102	57	37	218
Volume	12,375	60	251	345	330	299	11,091
Hatchery							
Number	590	248	75	47	55	10	155
Volume	21,325	34	109	170	321	79	20,612
National Capital Region (NCR)							
Fish Tank							
Number	33	4	2	7	2	4	14
Volume	491	*	2	25	11	32	420
Hatchery							
Number	14	2	2	1	3	-	6
Volume	203	*	4	3			180
volume	200		-	5	17	-	100
Cordillera Administration Region (CAR)							
Fish Tank			_				
	20	8 *	5	-	1	-	6
Volume	227	^	8	-	7	-	212
Hatchery							
Number	9	4	1	-	-	-	4
Volume	685	*	2	-	-	-	683
llocos Region (Region I)							
Fish Tank							
Number	31	13	3	1	1	-	13
Volume	1,350	4	4	5	6	-	1,331
Hatchery							
Number	25	10	9	3	-	1	2
Volume	70	1	18	10	-	9	32
Cagayan Valley (Region II)							
Fish Tank							
Number	16	10	3	-	1	-	2
Volume	54	1	7	-	6	-	40
Hatchery							
Number	28	22	1	1	1	1	2
Volume	163	2	1	4	6	8	142
Central Luzon (Region III)							
Fish Tank							
Number	27	12	4	1	-	1	9
Volume	283	2	5	3	-	8	265
	200	2	5	5	-	0	200
Hatchery			-	-	~		
Number	93	22	5 7	5	9	1	51
Volume	5,344	8	1	18	54	8	5,250
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)							
Fish Tank							
Number	42	12	3	6	5	1	15
Volume	1,051	1	6	21	28	7	988
Hatchery							
Number	106	50	9	19	6	-	22
Volume	878	7	14	67	31	-	758

 Table B2. Number and Volume of Fish Tank and Hatchery by Volume of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012

 (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

			Volume	of Aquafar	m (in Cubic	Meters)	
Region, Type, Number and Volume of Aquafarm	Total	Under 1.0	1.0 - 2.9	3.0 - 4.9	5.0 - 6.9	7.0 - 9.9	10 and Over
MIMAROPA Region							
Fish Tank							
Number	67	10	11	8	9	7	22
Volume	1,096	1	22	28	51	58	937
Hatchery	-						
Number Volume	3 717	1 *	-	-	-	-	2 717
	717		-	-	-	-	, , ,
Bicol Region (Region V)							
Fish Tank Number	115	48	12	6	10	13	26
Volume	1,530	40 5	24	23	58	103	1,316
Hatchery	.,	-					.,
Number	35	17	6	1	5	1	5
Volume	978	2	6	4	30	8	928
Western Visayas (Region VI)							
Fish Tank							
Number	55	23	7	7	2	-	16
Volume	1,649	3	12	23	12	-	1,598
Hatchery							
Number	45	22	7	6	3	-	7
Volume	1,862	3	10	21	17	-	1,812
Central Visayas (Region VII)							
Fish Tank							
Number	87	35	24	9	8	-	11
Volume	1,081	2	36	33	45	-	965
Hatchery		_					
Number Volume	21 1,237	5 *	2 3	1 5	2 11	1 8	10 1,210
	1,237		3	5	11	0	1,210
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)							
Fish Tank Number	59	35	2	7	4	2	8
Volume	735	30	3 5	23	4 26	18	660
Hatchery							
Number	25	17	5	-	1	-	2
Volume	260	1	7	-	5	-	248
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)							
Fish Tank							
Number	33	13	11	4	-	-	5
Volume	123	1	20	14	-	-	88
Hatchery							
Number	56	5	7	5	19	1	19
Volume	4,653	*	12	21	115	7	4,499
Northern Mindanao (Region X)							
Fish Tank							
Number	207	125	30	20	5	4	23
Volume	626	23	47	64	29	33	431
Hatchery	40	~	~	4	4		~
Number Volume	13 127	6 1	2 3	1 4	1 6	-	3 113
volumo	127	1	5	+	0	-	115

Table B2. Number and Volume of Fish Tank and Hatchery by Volume of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued) (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

Region, Type, Number			Volume	of Aquafari	m (in Cubic	Meters)	
and Volume of Aquafarm	Total	Under 1.0	1.0 - 2.9	3.0 - 4.9	5.0 - 6.9	7.0 - 9.9	10 and Over
Davao Region (Region XI)							
Fish Tank							
Number	71	44	6	8	3	2	8
Volume	443	4	8	27	16	16	372
Hatchery							
Number	40	27	2	3	-	-	8
Volume	2,333	5	3	11	-	-	2,314
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)							
Fish Tank							
Number	37	10	2	1	2	1	21
Volume	830	1	5	4	12	8	802
Hatchery							
Number	36	20	6	-	1	2	7
Volume	1,508	*	9	-	6	16	1,477
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindar	nao (ARMM)						
Fish Tank							
Number	12	10	-	-	-	-	2
Volume	47	1	-	-	-	-	46
Hatchery							
Number	4	2	1	-	-	-	1
Volume	20	*	2	-	-	-	18
Caraga (Region XIII)							
Fish Tank							
Number	42	19	12	3	1	-	7
Volume	271	2	22	10	6	-	230
Hatchery							
Number	12	2	1	-	4	2	3
Volume	131	*	2	-	24	15	90
Negros Island Region (NIR)							
Fish Tank							
Number	75	33	13	14	3	2	10
Volume	488	3	19	43	17	15	392
Hatchery							
Number	25	14	9	1	-	-	1
Volume	155	2	9	3	-	-	142

 Table B2. Number and Volume of Fish Tank and Hatchery by Volume of Aquafarm and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded) (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

Notes: Details may not add up to total due to rounding

* Denotes < 0.5 cubic meter

- Denotes zero value

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

	Total Number	Type of	Water Environme	ent Used
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water
Philippines			•	
Fishpond	75,002	49,065	21,987	3,950
Fish Pen	3,102	1,623	785	694
Fish Cage	16,353	9,683	2,323	4,347
Seaweed Farm	48,494	-	-	48,494
Oyster Farm	2,856	-	1,988	868
Mussel Farm	1,040	3	250	787
Fish Tank	1,029	929	57	43
Hatchery	590	352	138	100
Others	228	40	5	183
		10	Ũ	100
National Capital Region (NCR)				
Fishpond	579	253	274	52
Fish Pen	52	29	18	5
Fish Cage	117	90	16	11
Seaweed Farm	6	-	-	6
Oyster Farm	2	-	1	1
Mussel Farm	44	-	3	41
Fish Tank	33	19	12	2
Hatchery	14	8	4	2
Others	1	-	-	1
Cordillera Administration Region (CAR)				
Fishpond	4,211	4,205	3	3
Fish Pen	29	26	1	2
Fish Cage	313	311	2	-
Seaweed Farm	-	-	-	-
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-
Fish Tank	20	20	-	-
Hatchery	9	9	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
llocos Region (Region I)				
Fishpond	6,364	2,698	3,444	222
Fish Pen	702	132	420	150
Fish Cage	2,193	530	1,333	330
Seaweed Farm	. 1	-	-	1
Oyster Farm	267	-	99	168
Mussel Farm	9	3	2	4
Fish Tank	31	26	2	3
Hatchery	25	9	9	7
Others	145	4	1	140
Cagayan Valley (Region II)				
Fishpond	6,696	6,268	409	19
Fish Pen	22	14	8	-
Fish Cage	166	87	65	14
Seaweed Farm	-	-	-	-
Seaweed Faill				
Oyster Farm	35	-	35	-
	35	-	35	-
Oyster Farm	35 - 16	- - 15	35 - 1	-
Oyster Farm Mussel Farm	-	- - 15 28	-	

 Table B3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012

 (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

Fish Cage

Seaweed Farm

Oyster Farm

Mussel Farm

Fish Tank

Hatchery

Others

	Total Number	Type of	Type of Water Environment Used		
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water	
Central Luzon (Region III)			•		
Fishpond	10,962	6,421	4,414	127	
Fish Pen	96	29	64	3	
Fish Cage	106	40	55	11	
Seaweed Farm	-	-	-	-	
Oyster Farm	258	-	206	52	
Mussel Farm	8	-	2	6	
Fish Tank	27	23	4		
Hatchery	93	59	20	14	
Others	-	-	-	-	
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)					
Fishpond	3,085	1,557	944	584	
Fish Pen	505	489	5	11	
Fish Cage	6,954	6,756	96	102	
Seaweed Farm	247	-	-	247	
Oyster Farm	49	-	2	47	
Mussel Farm	341	-	9	332	
Fish Tank	42	38	1	3	
Hatchery	106	70	22	14	
Others	10	3	-	7	
MIMAROPA Region					
Fishpond	2,582	1,350	1,026	206	
Fish Pen	39	16	18	5	
Fish Cage	1,732	16	36	1,680	
Seaweed Farm	7,334	-	-	7,334	
Oyster Farm	-	-	-		
Mussel Farm	-	-	-		
Fish Tank	67	51	6	10	
Hatchery	3	2	-	1	
Others	22	-	-	22	
Bicol Region (Region V)					
Fishpond	8,270	4,919	2,504	847	
Fish Pen	103	84	6	13	
Fish Cage	1,542	1,099	61	382	
Seaweed Farm	2,933	-	-	2,933	
Oyster Farm	6	-	2	4	
Mussel Farm	99	-	43	56	
Fish Tank	115	103	6	e	
Hatchery	35	10	16	ç	
Others	2	-	-	2	
Western Visayas (Region VI)					
Fishpond	5,271	2,446	2,396	429	
Fish Pen	185	12	56	117	
Fish Cage	251	11	242	6/	

Table B3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued) (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

71

64

4,056

225

8

3 8

3

243

1,266

128

6

17

2

-

-

-

-

46

20

4

8,270	4,919	
103	84	
1,542	1,099	
2,933	-	
6	-	
99	-	
115	103	
35	10	
2	-	
5,271	2,446	:
185	12	
351	44	

4,056

1,491

136

55

45

9

	Total Number Type of Water Environmen				
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water	
Central Visayas (Region VII)					
Fishpond	2,601	1,819	454	328	
Fish Pen	70	23	9	38	
Fish Cage	123	38	13	72	
Seaweed Farm	2,961	-	-	2,961	
Oyster Farm	97	-	7	2,301	
Mussel Farm	97 1	-	1	90	
				-	
Fish Tank	87	83	3	1	
Hatchery	21	7	4	10	
Others	3	1	-	2	
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)					
Fishpond	4,939	3,950	777	212	
Fish Pen	235	38	33	164	
Fish Cage	779	41	86	652	
Seaweed Farm	967	-	-	967	
Oyster Farm	13	-	5	8	
Mussel Farm	347	-	42	305	
Fish Tank	59	47	6	6	
Hatchery	25	21	3	1	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)					
Fishpond	2,345	331	1,806	208	
Fish Pen	135	18	7	110	
Fish Cage	46	12	12	22	
Seaweed Farm	6,880	-	12	6,880	
Oyster Farm	30	-	19	0,000	
Mussel Farm	9	-	1	8	
Fish Tank	33	29	3	1	
Hatchery	56	8	29	19	
Others	3	3	-	-	
Northern Mindanao (Region X)					
Fishpond	3,555	2,624	880	51	
Fish Pen	49	34	15	-	
Fish Cage	122	38	18	66	
Seaweed Farm	1,583	-		1,583	
Oyster Farm	1,005	-	1	1,000	
		-	12	3	
Mussel Farm	15	-			
Fish Tank	207	206	-	1	
Hatchery	13	9	2	2	
Others	4	2	1	1	
Davao Region (Region XI)					
Fishpond	2,610	1,929	508	173	
Fish Pen	91	19	63	9	
Fish Cage	194	33	55	106	
Seaweed Farm	550	-	-	550	
Oyster Farm	15	-	7	8	
		-	1		
Mussel Farm	3	-	-	3	
Fish Tank	71	70	1	-	
Hotoport	40	37	2	1	
Hatchery Others	10	10	-	1	

Table B3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued) (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

	Total Number	Type of	Water Environme	ent Used
Region and Type of Aquafarm	of Aquafarms	Fresh Water	Brackish Water	Marine Water
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)	ļ	ļ	ļ	
Fishpond	6,487	5,770	569	148
Fish Pen	643	626	15	2
Fish Cage	507	473	6	28
Seaweed Farm	17	-	-	17
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	-	-	-	-
Fish Tank	37	33	1	3
Hatchery	36	33	3	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM)				
Fishpond	601	391	56	154
Fish Pen	53	10	4	39
Fish Cage	155	12	11	132
Seaweed Farm	19,805	-	-	19,805
Oyster Farm	51	-	1	50
Mussel Farm	11	-	1	10
Fish Tank	12	8	2	2
Hatchery	4	1	-	3
Others	1	-	-	1
Caraga (Region XIII)				
Fishpond	2,146	1,267	814	65
Fish Pen	55	22	20	13
Fish Cage	846	60	136	650
Seaweed Farm	769	-	-	769
Oyster Farm	-	-	-	-
Mussel Farm	1	-	1	-
Fish Tank	42	40	-	2
Hatchery	12	6	3	3
Others	11	7	1	3
Negros Island Region (NIR)				
Fishpond	1,698	867	709	122
Fish Pen	38	2	23	13
Fish Cage	107	3	79	25

Table B3. Number of Aquafarms by Type of Aquafarm and Water Environment and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded) (Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

1 ISH FAIR	74		-	2
Hatchery	12	6	3	3
Others	11	7	1	3
Negros Island Region (NIR)				
Fishpond	1,698	867	709	122
Fish Pen	38	2	23	13
Fish Cage	107	3	79	25
Seaweed Farm	385	-	-	385
Oyster Farm	541	-	337	204
Mussel Farm	16	-	5	11
Fish Tank	75	72	3	-
Hatchery	25	15	4	6
Others	-	-	-	-

Note: - Denotes zero value

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

Table B4. Number of Aquaculture Operators and Aquafarms by Region: Philippines, 2012

(Data are tabulated by residence of aquaculture operator)

Region	Number of Aquaculture Operators	Number of Aquafarms
Philippines	131,312	148,694
National Capital Region (NCR)	730	848
Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR)	3,937	4,582
llocos Region (Region I)	7,899	9,737
Cagayan Valley (Region II)	6,065	6,969
Central Luzon (Region III)	9,894	11,550
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)	8,241	11,339
MIMAROPA Region	11,113	11,779
Bicol Region (Region V)	11,924	13,105
Western Visayas (Region VI)	10,137	11,599
Central Visayas (Region VII)	5,544	5,964
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)	6,539	7,364
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)	9,006	9,537
Northern Mindanao (Region X)	4,746	5,549
Davao Region (Region XI)	3,091	3,585
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)	6,994	7,727
Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (ARMM)	19,474	20,693
Caraga (Region XIII)	3,371	3,882
Negros Island Region (NIR)	2,607	2,885

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Census of Agriculture and Fisheries 2012

RESIDENCE OF MUNICIPAL FISHING OPERATOR

Region and Boat/Vessel Used Philippines All Boats All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less Dests Three Gross Tons or Less	Total	Marine	Inland
All Boats All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less			
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less			
	791,236	638,753	152,483
Depte Three Orean Tons and see and Deff	656,353	574,349	82,004
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	2,077	1,549	528
Raft Only	17,683	8,344	9,339
No Boat Used	115,123	54,511	60,612
lational Capital Region (NCR)			
All Boats	2,925	1,354	1,571
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	2,740	1,256	1,484
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	3	2	1
Raft Only	109	44	65
No Boat Used	73	52	21
Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR)			
All Boats	5,582	3	5,579
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	332	3	329
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	-	-	-
Raft Only	376	-	376
No Boat Used	4,874	-	4,874
locos Region (Region I)			
All Boats	28,576	19,011	9,565
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	15,748	13,141	2,607
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	894	733	161
Raft Only	6,733	3,637	3,096
No Boat Used	5,201	1,500	3,701
Cagayan Valley (Region II)			
All Boats	23,346	5,637	17,709
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	7,866	4,515	3,351
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	24	16	8
Raft Only	1,331	215	1,116
No Boat Used	14,125	891	13,234
Central Luzon (Region III)			
All Boats	34,660	17,475	17,185
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	24,283	15,457	8,826
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	23	19	4
Raft Only	616	100	516
No Boat Used	9,738	1,899	7,839
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)			
All Boats	59,867	45,066	14,801
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	54,879	42,406	12,473
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	90	17	73
Raft Only	1,132	217	915
No Boat Used	3,766	2,426	1,340
/IMAROPA Region	84.040	70.004	7 0 4 4
All Boats	84,042	76,201	7,841
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	73,304	70,098	3,206
Raft Only	235 909	229 792	6 117
	909 9,594	5,082	4,512

Table M1. Number of Municipal Fishing Operations by Boat/Vessel Used, Category of Fishing, and Region: Philippines, 2012

and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued)				
Region and Boat/Vessel Used	Total	Category O	f Fishing	
Region and Boal vesser used	Total	Marine	Inland	
Bicol Region (Region V)				
All Boats	101,769	88,487	13,282	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	85,522	78,576	6,946	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	71	61	10	
Raft Only	1,178	636	542	
No Boat Used	14,998	9,214	5,784	
Western Visayas (Region VI)				
All Boats	41,103	32,702	8,401	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	37,414	31,281	6,133	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft Raft Only	276 611	111 258	165 353	
No Boat Used	2,802	1,052	1,750	
Central Visayas (Region VII)	_,	.,	.,	
All Boats	62,195	60,403	1,792	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	52,217	51,981	236	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	39	39		
Raft Only	758	724	34	
No Boat Used	9,181	7,659	1,522	
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)				
All Boats	100,070	88,454	11,616	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	76,571	72,455	4,116	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	68	67	1	
Raft Only	710	513	197	
No Boat Used	22,721	15,419	7,302	
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)				
All Boats	31,661	30,040	1,621	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	31,192	29,817	1,375	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	11	9	2	
Raft Only	243	143	100	
No Boat Used	215	71	144	
Northern Mindanao (Region X)				
All Boats	25,322	22,077	3,245	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	20,832 12	19,588 12	1,244	
Raft Only	215	12	- 83	
No Boat Used	4,263	2,345	1,918	
Davao Region (Region XI)	4,200	2,040	1,010	
All Boats	22,609	21,941	668	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	22,609	21,941 20,305	371	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	20,070	20,000	-	
Raft Only	102	81	21	
No Boat Used	1,826	1,550	276	
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)				
All Boats	34,631	19,667	14,964	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	29,700	19,015	10,685	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	14	1	13	
Raft Only No Boat Used	486	92 559	394 3,872	
NU DUAL USEU	4,431	559	3,812	

Table M1. Number of Municipal Fishing Operations by Boat/Vessel Used, Category of Fishing, and Region: Philippines, 2012 (continued)

	Tetal	Category Of Fishing		
Region and Boat/Vessel Used	Total –	Marine	Inland	
Autonomous Region In Muslim Mindanao (ARM	/M)			
All Boats	71,294	55,685	15,609	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	68,379	54,793	13,586	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	273	198	75	
Raft Only	1,688	436	1,252	
No Boat Used	954	258	696	
Caraga (Region XIII)				
All Boats	32,266	27,216	5,050	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	29,799	25,762	4,037	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	7	1	6	
Raft Only	100	33	67	
No Boat Used	2,360	1,420	940	
Negros Islands Region (NIR)				
All Boats	29,318	27,334	1,984	
All Boats Three Gross Tons or Less	24,899	23,900	999	
Boats Three Gross Tons or Less and Raft	32	29	3	
Raft Only	386	291	95	
No Boat Used	4,001	3,114	887	

Table M1. Number of Municipal Fishing Operations by Boat/Vessel Used, Category of Fishing, and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded)

Note: - Denotes zero value Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Agriculture and Fisheries* 2012

Perion and Type of Fishing Peet/March		Ownership of Boat/Vessel		
Region and Type of Fishing Boat/Vessel	Total	Owned	Not Owned	
Philippines				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	740,307 362,827 52,703 220,669 83,828 20,280	593,212 282,257 43,119 182,171 68,337 17,328	147,095 80,570 9,584 38,498 15,491 2,952	
National Capital Region (NCR)				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	3,148 1,602 504 384 545 113	2,534 1,216 424 339 450 105	614 386 80 45 95 8	
Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR)				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	750 29 77 32 207 405	669 26 77 32 187 347	81 3 - - 20 58	
llocos Region (Region I)				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	26,039 12,502 1,273 1,849 2,525 7,890	20,585 8,666 1,110 1,638 2,100 7,071	5,454 3,836 163 211 425 819	
Cagayan Valley (Region II)				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	10,135 2,665 2,124 495 3,472 1,379	7,999 2,128 1,589 437 2,680 1,165	2,136 537 535 58 792 214	
Central Luzon (Region III)				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	27,199 13,756 5,559 3,724 3,514 646	19,713 9,653 4,225 2,777 2,542 516	7,486 4,103 1,334 947 972 130	
CALABARZON (Region IV-A)				
All Boats Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger Boat without engine and outrigger Raft	60,013 34,523 5,095 13,380 5,780 1,235	44,851 25,486 3,881 10,107 4,360 1,017	15,162 9,037 1,214 3,273 1,420 218	

Table M2. Number of Fishing Boats/Vessels Used by Municipal Fishing Operators, by Type of Fishing Boat/Vessel, Ownership of Fishing Boat/Vessel, and Region: Philippines, 2012

Table M2. Number of Fishing Boats/Vessels Used by Municipal Fishing Operators, by Type of Fishing Boat/Vessel, Ownership of Fishing Boat/Vessel, and Region: Philippines, 2012 *(continued)*

Region and Type of Fishing Boat/Vessel	Total	Ownership of Boat/Vessel		
	Total -	Owned	Not Owned	
MIMAROPA Region				
All Boats	82,371	68,400	13,971	
Boat with engine and outrigger	50,379	41,589	8,790	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	3,901	3,573	328	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	22,343	18,574	3,769	
Boat without engine but with outrigger			,	
Raft	4,588	3,659	929	
	1,160	1,005	155	
Bicol Region (Region V)				
All Boats	95,801	72,256	23,545	
Boat with engine and outrigger	49,447	35,773	13,674	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	3,968	3,022	946	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	28,284	22,876	5,408	
Boat without engine and outrigger	12,801	9,635	3,166	
Raft	1,301	950	351	
Western Visayas (Region VI)	.,		301	
	40.050	0E E 7 0	C 777	
All Boats	42,350	35,573	6,777	
Boat with engine and outrigger	23,898	19,628	4,270	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	3,408	2,815	593	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	11,469	9,936	1,533	
Boat without engine and outrigger	2,671	2,396	275	
Raft	904	798	106	
Central Visayas (Region VII)				
All Boats	58,000	48,082	9,918	
Boat with engine and outrigger	27,434	22,039	5,395	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	1,774	1,451	323	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	25,290	21,519	3,771	
Boat without engine and outrigger	2,705	2,380	325	
Raft	797	693	104	
Eastern Visayas (Region VIII)				
All Boats	83,441	62,068	21,373	
Boat with engine and outrigger	37,890	28,378	9,512	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	1,759	1,411	348	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	38,100	28,285	9,815	
Boat without engine and outrigger	4,905	3,502	1,403	
Raft	787	492	295	
Zamboanga Peninsula (Region IX)				
All Boats	34,419	30,346	4,073	
Boat with engine and outrigger	13,795	11,813	1,982	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	2,843	2,504	339	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	14,496	13,139	1,357	
Boat without engine but withoutingger Boat without engine and outrigger	3,030	2,675	355	
Raft	3,030	2,675	355 40	
	200	215	40	
Northern Mindanao (Region X)				
All Boats	23,445	19,416	4,029	
Boat with engine and outrigger	10,046	8,036	2,010	
Boat with engine but without outrigger	972	856	116	
Boat without engine but with outrigger	9,680	8,274	1,406	
Boat without engine and outrigger	2,515	2,074	441	

Region and Type	Total	Ownership o	f Boat/Vessel
of Fishing Boat/Vessel	Total	Owned	Not Owned
Davao Region (Region XI)			
All Boats	23,328	19,929	3,399
Boat with engine and outrigger	10,798	9,212	1,586
Boat with engine but without outrigger	855	656	199
Boat without engine but with outrigger	10,147	8,823	1,324
Boat without engine and outrigger	1,419	1,147	272
Raft	109	91	18
SOCCSKSARGEN (Region XII)			
All Boats	32,571	22,273	10,298
Boat with engine and outrigger	13,573	7,192	6,381
Boat with engine but without outrigger	3,392	1,785	1,607
Boat without engine but with outrigger	6,007	4,956	1,051
Boat without engine and outrigger	9,066	7,968	1,098
Raft	533	372	161
Autonomous Region In Muslim Mindanao (A	RMM)		
All Boats	75,084	67,490	7,594
Boat with engine and outrigger	28,219	25,769	2,450
Boat with engine but without outrigger	13,561	12,531	1,030
Boat without engine but with outrigger	14,154	12,606	1,548
Boat without engine and outrigger	17,149	14,744	2,405
Raft	2,001	1,840	161
Caraga (Region XIII)			
All Boats	33,569	26,774	6,795
Boat with engine and outrigger	16,126	12,513	3,613
Boat with engine but without outrigger	652	559	93
Boat without engine but with outrigger	11,385	9,220	2,165
Boat without engine and outrigger	5,298	4,389	909
Raft	108	93	15
Negros Islands Region (NIR)			
All Boats	28,644	24,254	4,390
Boat with engine and outrigger	16,145	13,140	3,005
Boat with engine but without outrigger	986	650	336
Boat without engine but with outrigger	9,450	8,633	817
Boat without engine and outrigger	1,638	1,449	189
Raft	425	382	43

Table M2.	Number of Fishing Boats/Vessels Used by Municipal Fishing Operators,
by	Type of Fishing Boat/Vessel, Ownership of Fishing Boat/Vessel,
	and Region: Philippines, 2012 (concluded)

Note: - Denotes zero value Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Census of Agriculture and Fisheries* 2012

GLOSSARY

GLOSSARY

Household

A household is a social unit consisting of a person living alone or a group of persons who sleep in the same housing unit and have a common arrangement in the preparation and consumption of food.

Aquaculture

Aquaculture refers to propagating and culturing of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic plants and animals in fresh, brackish, and/or marine water areas. Examples are propagating and culturing of milkfish in fish ponds, eucheuma (gozo) in seaweed farm, mussels in mussel farm, and oysters in oyster farm.

Aquaculture Holding/Farm

An aquaculture holding is an economic unit of aquaculture production under a single management, comprising all aquaculture facilities without regard to title, legal form, or size. Single management may be exercised by an individual or household, jointly by two or more individuals or households, by a clan or tribe, or by a juridical person such as a corporation, cooperative or government agency. The aquaculture facilities are located in one or more separate areas or in one or more territorial or administrative divisions, providing the facilities share the same production means, such as labour, buildings and machinery.

Aquafarm

Aquafarm refers to a farming facility used in the culture or propagation of aquatic species like fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and aquatic plants. It includes fishpond, fish pen, fish cage, fish tank, hatchery or "pangitlugan", seaweed farm, oyster farm, mussel farm and other farms for culturing of pearl, cockles, and abalone.

Types of Aquafarm

- 1. **Fishpond** refers to a body of water (artificial or natural) where fish and other aquatic products are cultured, raised or cultivated under controlled conditions. This is a landbased type of aquafarm.
- 2. **Fish pen** refers to a fish enclosure made of closely-woven bamboo screens, nylon screens or nets or other materials attached to poles staked from the bottom up to the surface of the lake, river or other shallow bodies of water for the purpose of growing and/or culturing of fish to various sizes in fresh, brackish and marine waters. A fish pen varies in shape. Its enclosure covers the entire water depth from the water surface down to the bottom.
- 3. **Fish cage** refers to a stationary or floating fish enclosure made of synthetic net wire/bamboo screen or other materials set in the form of inverted mosquito net (hapa type) with or without a cover with all sides either tied to poles staked to the bottom of the water or with anchored floats for aquaculture purposes.
- 4. **Seaweed farm** refers to a farm for cultivating seaweeds in suitable water areas by any method with an appropriate intensive care for production in commercial quantities.
- 5. **Oyster farm** refers to a farm for cultivating oysters in suitable water areas by any method with an appropriate intensive care for production purposes.

- 6. **Mussel farm** refers to a farm for cultivating mussels in suitable water areas by any method with an appropriate intensive care for production purposes.
- 7. **Fish tank** is a land-based structure made of wood, glass, metal or cement, usually rectangular or cylindrical in shape designed to grow and culture fish for breeding and seed fish production. It may be constructed below or above ground level and capable of holding and interchanging water.
- 8. **Hatchery or "pangitlugan"** is an aquafarm where brood stock eggs are hatched and reared into fries in a body of water (artificial or natural) contained in tanks or ponds under controlled condition in fresh or saltwater environment.

Water Environment

The type of water environment used in the aquafarm is any of the following:

- 1. Freshwater refers to water environment without salt or marine origin.
- 2. **Brackish water** refers to mixed seawater and fresh water environment with salinity of less than 30 parts per thousand (ppt) that varies with the tide.
- 3. **Marine water** refers to seawater environment with a salinity ranging from 30 to 40 ppt consisting of ocean, bay, gulf and channels.

Aquaculture Holder/Operator

An aquaculture operator is a person who takes the technical and administrative responsibility of managing the day-to-day operation of an aquafarm. The aquaculture operator is responsible for making major decisions including the management and supervision of hired workers in his/her aquafarm. He/she may do the farming/culturing of aquatic products himself/herself or with the members of his household or may employ others to do the job for him/her. An aquaculture operator may be the owner of the aquafarm.

Aquaculture Holder/Operator on Own Account

An aquaculture activity operated on "own account" means that the aquaculture operator is solely responsible for the technical decisions and implementation of plans involving the type of species to culture, stocking rate, and/or when to harvest. He/she is responsible for the consequences that may result from the aquaculture operation. He/she may hire workers to do the job for him/her.

Fishing Holder/Operator

A fishing operator is a person who takes the technical and administrative responsibility of managing the day-to-day fishing operation. He/She is responsible for making major decisions, including the management and supervision of hired workers in his/her fishing operation. He/she may do the catching or gathering of aquatic products alone or with the members of his household. He/she may not do the catching or gathering of aquatic products but may employ others to do the job for him/her. He/she may be the owner of the fishing boat and/or fishing gear.

Fishing Operator on Own Account

A fishing activity operated on "own account" means that the fishing operator is solely responsible for the technical decisions and implementation of plans involving when and where to go out fishing, what fishing gears/accessories/devices to use, and other fishing activities

and responsible for the consequences that may result from the fishing operation. He/she may hire workers to do the job for him/her and may own a boat/vessel and/or fishing gears.

Hired Manager as Operator

A manager is hired to supervise the day-to-day activities in the aquafarm/fishing operation by another household or by a juridical person. This person is also considered an aquaculture/fishing operator. He/she is called a hired manager.

A **hired manager** in the aquaculture/fishing operation is a person being paid a salary or wage, sometimes plus a commission, by other private individuals, corporations, cooperatives, and institutions to operate or be responsible for the day-to-day aquaculture/fishing operation. He/she may supervise other persons who work in the aquafarm/fishing operation. He/she is different from a caretaker or overseer who merely carries out his employer's instructions.

Fishing Gear

Fishing gear is any apparatus, gadget, implement and other paraphernalia used in catching and gathering of fish, crustaceans, mollusks and other aquatic products.

Types of Fishing Gears

Gill Net is a curtain-like net in which the capture of fishes is effected by the actual meshes of the net.

Beach Seine Net also known as shore, ground or drag seine, which is operated on smooth gradually shelving shores and is always hauled toward the shore or river bank.

Filter Net is a fixed, usually conical, bag net without non-return valves, set in flowing water and the capture is effected by straining.

Fyke Net is a set of nets consisting of a series of definitely funnel-shaped entrances, as in hoop nets, which lead into a closed sac, there forming a trap with small openings from which exit is difficult.

Hoop Net is a funnel-like bag net constructed over circular hoops, having non-return valves but no wings.

Push Net is a triangularly framed, collapsible net operated by one man and the capture is effected by a forward, horizontal pushing motion along the bottom of shallow waters within wading depths.

Cast Net is a conically shaped net usually operated by one man (except when used in deeper water from a boat) by casting motion to cover a small school of fish.

Drive-in-net is a framed or unframed lift net operated with scare-line.

Lambaklad Net is similar in structure to the fish corral except that the materials used as barriers and walls are made of netting materials instead of bamboo mattings or "banatan".

Purse Seine is a rectangular type of fishing gear with the bunt at one end and the lower portion provided with pursing devices or rings attached to the footrope by a ring bridle.

Ring Net is a fishing gear similar in structure and feature to that of a round haul seine or purse seine with a bunt at the center and flanked by two wings at the sides.

Bag Net is a conical or cubical net operated from outriggers or booms of a boat with the aid of light, affecting the capture of fish by its dipping and lifting motion.

Trawl Net is made in the form of a conical bag with the mouth kept open by various devices and the entire gear towed, trailed or trawled usually on the bottom of the sea, to capture submerged species that naturally keep at or near the bottom.

Round Haul Seine is a seine payed out in a circle or an arc of a circle, thereby surrounding the school of fish.

Modified Danish Seine is otherwise known as danish trawl, having comparatively long wings with extremely long ropes used to keep the mouth open.

Scoop Net or Dip Net is generally in the form of a small bag net, with or without a handle and used entirely by hand or partly by mechanical power in which fish are captured by a dipping or scooping motion.

Fish Trap that entice fish by employment of strong smelling baits or by the simulation of natural living conditions, hiding places or nesting facilities i.e., fish corral.

Fish Pot is usually a baited enticing device made of bamboo, rattan or chicken wire in the form of rectangular receptacles with a non-return valve which provides easy entrance but difficult exit.

Cover Pot is an entrapping device devoid of a non-return valve with the opening of the lowermost to cover fish.

Crab Pot is set or stationed in the water for a certain period regardless of the kind of material used for their construction.

Hook and Line is a simple type of fishing gear consisting of single monofilament vertical nylon line, a swivel, a sinker, one barbed hook, with or without a wooden bamboo spool.

Crab Hook is made of steel or metal to detect crab inside the hole which has a curve at one end.

Harpoon a spear-like weapon with a barbed head used in hunting whales and large fish.

Squid Jig is a line-connected device for hooking squid. It is shaped like a crown (lukon), provided with multiple barbless hooks with natural baits or artificial lures at the tail portion of the artificial decoy prawn.

Luring Device is a type of bait with a hook made of artificial material such as octopus, squid or crab to lure and catch especially cephalopod species.

Fishing Light is used for attracting fish school that could dense in a small area.

Fish Shelter is a kind of fishing gear in catching fish with anchored bunches of twigs, bushes weeds, piles of poles, etc. which afford refuge for fish and from where the fish are captured by varied devices operated in different ways.

Sonar is a device used for scanning fish school horizontally. It could be tilted 360 degrees with 500-meter radius.

Fish Finder is a device used for detecting fish school. It is vertical in use due to fix transducer and could detect also the topography of the bottom, same as sonar.

Service Boat is an accessory to service the fishermen to and from the shoreline, fish catch, etc.

Ranger Boat is an accessory used for scouting fish school in Fish Aggregating Device's (FAD) or in light boat for them to contact the motor boat and give fix position.

Legal Form of Organization of Aquaculture/Fishing Activity

Legal form of organization refers to the form of organization under which the aquaculture/fishing activity is undertaken. The operator may operate as an individual proprietor, partnership, corporation, cooperative, other private institutions or government corporations/institutions.

- 1. **Individual proprietor** is a person operating an aquaculture/fishing holding on his/her own account who may be the landowner, lessee, tenant or owner/lessee with a hired manager.
- 2. **Partnership** is a form of business organization, whether or not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), that results from a contract between two or more competent persons to associate themselves in a common ownership and management of a lawful business enterprise for profit.
- 3. **Corporation** is an organization formed for a definite purpose, under authority obtained from the government, treated as an artificial person, separate and apart from its owners/stockholders. Thus, it can own properties, make contracts, borrow money, sue and be sued, all in its name, without involving its unlimited number of owners/stockholders in any liability more than the money they have invested in it. Note that this refers to private corporations only.
- 4. **Cooperative** is an organization composed primarily of small producers and consumers who voluntarily join together to form a business enterprise, which they themselves own, control, and patronize.
- 5. **Other private institution** refers to an organization owned and operated by a group of persons with the same interest who bonded together.
- 6. **Government corporation/institution** refers to an organization owned and operated by the government.

APPENDICES

_			1		Page 1				1011	
C.	AF FORM 1			0		GEOGR	APHIC IDE	NTIFICAT	ION	
	L			Rep NATION	oublic of the Philippines	SHEET	OF		SHEETS	٦
	UTHORITY					PROVINCE				
Ac the pre ce ag	t (CA) No. 59 National Statistic Pare for and Insuses of riculture, inc	1 authorizes stics Office to undertake all	AGRI		2 CENSUS OF URE AND FISHERIES	CITY/MUNICIPALITY				
co	mmerce.					BARANGAY				
Se pro fur	ONFIDENT action 4 of C ovides that al nished on this RICTLY CONF	A No. 591 information form are held	US.	T OF	HOUSEHOLDS	ENUMERATION AREA NO.		[
		DENTIAL.				SEGMENT NUMBER				
LINE	MONTH AND DAY OF VISIT	BUILDING SERIAL NUMBER (BSN)	HOUSING UNIT SERIAL NUMBER (HUSN)	HOUSE- HOLD SERIAL NUMBER (HSN)	NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD	ADDRESS OF THE HOU	AS O How many members are there in this household?	F DATE OF How many members are male?	VISIT How many members are female?	
N U					Who is the head of this household?	What is the addres of this household				
M B E R	B CALLBACK NDICATOR WRITE X IN THE CIRCLE FOUR DIGT				L			WRITE	WRITE THE TOTAL	WRITE THE TOTAL
(1)	IN THE CIRCLE IF CALLBACK	WRITE THE FOUR-DIGIT BSN (3)	WRITE THE FOUR-DIGIT HUSN (4)	WRITE THE FOUR-DIGIT HSN (5)	WRITE THE LAST NAME AND FIRST NAME (6)	WRITE THE HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME (7)		THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (8)	NUMBER OF MALE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (9)	NUMBER OF FEMALE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS (10)
<u>ا</u>	<u> </u>									
1					LAST NAME	-				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SIT	10/PUROK NAME	-		
					LAST NAME	-				
2	\Box			1	LAST NAME					
⊢					FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SIT	10/PUROK NAME			
3					LAST NAME					
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4	\square				LAST NAME	-				
\vdash					FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SIT	10/PUROK NAME			
5	\square				LAST NAME	-				
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6	\square				LAST NAME	- 				
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		PAG	GE TOTAL	нн	ר ו				MALE	FEMALE

Appendix A 2012 CAF Form 1 - List of Households

					CERTIFI		age 2						
	by certify			set forth her		ally obtained/rev	viewed by m	e and in accor	dance with the			1	A
motru		ch by u										-	J
SIGNA	ENUMER		D NAME		UPERVISOR VER PRINTED NAME	DSO/S			SUPERVISOR 'ER PRINTED NAME		1		
						DATE REVIEWED DATE REVIEWED							
C	DATE ACCO	OMPLISHE	ED	DATE	REVIEWED	DATE RE	VIEWED	DATEI	REVIEWED	NSCB Apr	proval No. NS	0 -1218-01	
			ENUME	RATOR'S CO	DE				J		October 9, 20		
	A	GRICUL	TURE		A	QUACULTURE			FISHERIES		TOTAL		
	From Jan					nuary to December			uary to December		NUMBER OF		
memb housel was e in raisi fruit livestoc mush honey any ag crops/l poul perform agric	ere any er of this hold who engaged ng crops, trees, ck/poultry, nrooms, ybees or pricultural livestock/ ltry, or med other cultural	memb housel operate farm, li poultry other ag farms, was hi manag	ere any er of this hold who ed a crop ivestock/ v farm or gricultural , or who ired as a ger of an ural farm?	How many agricultural operators are there in this household?	Is there any member of this household who was engaged in culturing fish, seaweeds or other aquatic plants and animals in a fishpond, fish cage or other types of aquafarm?	Is there any member of this household who operated a fishpond, fish cage, fish pen, fish tank, seawed fam or other aquafarms, or who was hired as a manager of an aquafarm?	How many aquacultural operators are there in this household?	Is there any member of this household who was engaged in catching/ gathering fish, crabs, shrimps or other aquatic plants and animals?	Is there any member of this household who operated a fishing activity on catching/ gathering of fish, crabs, shrimps or other aquatic plants and animals, or who was hired as a manager of a fishing activity?	How many fishing operators are there in this household?	OPERATORS IN THE HOUSEHOLD WRITE "0" IF COLUMMS 12, 15 AND 18 ARE ALL CODE 2, OTHERWISE, COPY CORRECTLY	REMARKS	L-NE NUMBER
1 Yes	tivity? GO TO	1 Yes 2 No.0	CO TO	AGRI- CULTURAL OPERATORS	1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	AQUA- CULTURAL OPERATORS IN THE	1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	NUMBER OF FISHING OPERATORS IN THE	THE ENTRY IN ITEM C18 OF CAF FORM 2 OF THIS		
col	LUMN 14 (11)	COLI	UMN 14 12)	IN THE HOUSEHOLD (13)	COLUMN 17 (14)	COLUMN 17 (15)	HOUSEHOLD (16)	COLUMN 20 (17)	COLUMN 20 (18)	HOUSEHOLD (19)	HOUSEHOLD (20)	(21)	
													1
													2
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ENGAC	GED AGRI		НА	OA	ENGAGED AQUA	HQ	OQ	ENGAGED FISHING	HF	OF	то		

Appendix A 2012 CAF Form 1 - List of Households

					i age 5		AS O	F DATE OF	/ISIT
L - N E	MONTH AND DAY OF VISIT	BUILDING SERIAL NUMBER (BSN)	HOUSING UNIT SERIAL NUMBER (HUSN)	HOUSE- HOLD SERIAL NUMBER (HSN)	NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD	ADDRESS OF THE HOUSEHOLD	How many members are there in this household?	How many members are male?	How many members are female?
N U					Who is the head of this household?	What is the address of this household?			٦
M B E R	CALLBACK INDICATOR								
	WRITE X IN THE CIRCLE	WRITE THE FOUR-DIGIT	WRITE THE FOUR-DIGIT	WRITE THE FOUR-DIGIT	WRITE THE LAST NAME	WRITE THE HOUSE NUMBER	WRITE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD	WRITE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MALE HOUSEHOLD	WRITE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF FEMALE HOUSEHOLD
(1)	IF CALLBACK (2)	BSN (3)	HUSN (4)	HSN (5)	AND FIRST NAME (6)	AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME (7)	MEMBERS (8)	MEMBERS (9)	MEMBERS (10)
9	\bigcirc				LAST NAME				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME	1		
10					LAST NAME				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME	-		
11	\bigcirc				LAST NAME				
\square					FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
12					LAST NAME				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
13					LAST NAME				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME	-		
14					LAST NAME				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME	-		
15	\bigcirc				LAST NAME				
Н					FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
16					LAST NAME				
	\square				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
47					LAST NAME				
17	\bigcirc								
\vdash					FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
18					LAST NAME				
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19	\bigcirc				LAST NAME				
Н					FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
20					LAST NAME				
	\bigcirc				FIRST NAME	HOUSE NUMBER AND STREET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME			
	L	PAG	E TOTAL		Г				
				НН			НМ	MALE	FEMALE

Appendix A 2012 CAF Form 1 - List of Households Page 3

				P	age 4						
A	GRICULTURE		A	QUACULTURE			FISHERIES		TOTAL	1B	
	ary to December 2			uary to December			uary to December 2		NUMBER OF		_
Is there any member of this household who was engaged in raising crops, fruit trees, livestock/poulty, mushroomts, honeybees or any agricultural crops/ivestock/ poultry, or performed other agricultural activity? 1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	Is there any member of this household who operated a crop farm, livestock/ poultry farm or other agricultural farms, or who was hired as a manager of an agricultural farm? 1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	How many agricultural operators are there in this household? WRITE THE NUMBER OF AGRI- CULTURAL OPERATORS IN THE	Is there any member of this household who was engaged in culturing fish, seaweeds or other aquatic plants and animals in a fishpond, fish cage or other types of aquafarm? 1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	Is there any member of this household who operated a fishpond, fish cage, fish pen, fish tank, seaweed fam or other aquafarms, or who was hired as a manager of an aquafarm?	How many aquacultural operators are there in this household?	Is there any member of this household who was engaged in catching/ gathering fish, crabs, shrimps or other aquatic plants and animals?	Is there any member of this household who operated a fishing activity on catching/ gathering of fish, crabs, shrimps or other aquatic plants and animals, or who was hired as a manager of a fishing activity? 1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	How many fishing operators are there in this household? WRITE THE NUMBER OF FISHING OPERATORS IN THE	OPERATORS IN THE HOUSEHOLD WRITE '0' IF COLUMNS 12, 15 AND 18 AREAL CODE 2. OTHERWISE, COPY CORRECTLY THE ENTRY IN C18 OF CAF FORM 2. OF THIS	REMARKS	L I NE NUMBER
COLUMN 14 (11)	COLUMN 14 (12)	HOUSEHOLD (13)	COLUMN 17 (14)	COLUMN 17 (15)	HOUSEHOLD (16)	COLUMN 20 (17)	COLUMN 20 (18)	HOUSEHOLD (19)	HOUSEHOLD (20)	(21)	
			(**)				(10)				9
											10
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											12
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ENGAGED AGRI	НА	OA	ENGAGED AQUA	HQ	00	ENGAGED FISHING	HF	OF	то	∎	

Appendix A 2012 CAF Form 1 - List of Households

	2	012 CAF Forr	n 2 - H Page		Roster			
CAF FORM 2 AUTHORITY: Section 2(c) of Commonwealth Act	(CA) No. 591	Repub NATIONA	flic of the	Philippines	E			2A
authorizes the National Statistic prepare for and undertake all population, agriculture, industry and	s Office to censuses of	2012 CENS AN	US OF / ID FISH		URE		2	L
CONFIDENTIALITY: Section 4 of CA No. 591 prov information furnished on this fo STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.		HOUSE			ER		oval No. NSO-1218-02 October 9, 2013	
I hereby certify that the data se Statistics Office.	et forth herein		RTIFICA ained/revie		ccordance v	vith the instr	uctions given by the I	National
ENUMERATOR SIGNATURE OVER PRINTED NAME		AM SUPERVISOR JRE OVER PRINTED NAME		DSO/SC SIGNATURE OVER PF			CO/RO/PO SUPERVISO	
DATE ACCOMPLISHED		DATE REVIEWED		DATE REVIE	WED		DATE REVIEWED	
		SECTION A – GEO	DGRAPH		ATION			
Г		BOOKLET	OF	BOOKL	ETS			
PROVINCE								
CITY/ MUNICIPALITY				BUILDING SERIAL NO.				
BARANGAY				HOUSING U SERIAL NO.				
ENUMERATION AREA NO.				HOUSEHOL SERIAL NO.				
SEGMENT NUMBER							L	
		SECTION B -	- INTER\	IEW RECORI	D			
		VISIT 1		VISIT	2		VISIT 3	
DATE OF VISIT MONTH : DAY								
INTERVIEW TIME ENDED HOUR : MINUTE								
RESULT OF VISIT*								
*Result of Visit Codes		iew completed iew partly completed	-	Refused Postponed		Household no Others, Speci	t around/No respondent fy	
		SUM	MARY OI	F VISIT		٦		
TOTAL NUMBER OF VISITS		RESULT OF FINAL	L VISIT*	E	NUMERAT	OR'S CODE		
NAME OF HOUSEHOLD HEAD				TAL HOUSEHC	DLD			
F	LAST	NAME	MA	ALE HOUSEHOL	LD			
ADDRESS			ME	MALE HOUSEF	HOLD			
NAME OF RESPONDENT	NUMBER AND STR	EET OR SITIO/PUROK NAME	LIN	NE NUMBER OF	=			

Appendix B

		050			Page 2				_
4	2B	SEC	HON C -	CHARACTE	FOR ALL		J MEMBERS		7
	L FC	OR ALL PEF	RSONS		POR ALL PERSONS 5 YEARS OLD AND OVER	FOR ALL PERSONS 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER	FOR ALL PERSONS 10 YEARS OLD AND OVER		NS 15 YEARS OLD OVER
C1	C2 Who are the members	C3 What	C4 /s	C5 What	C6 What is	C7 From January	From Ja	nuary to December	· 2012,
L	of this household as of (MENTION THE DATE	is's	male or	is's age	the highest	to December 2012, what was's	C2 14/22		C10 14/22
1	OF VISIT)?	relationship to the	female?	as of his/her last birthday?	grade/year completed	usual activity/	C8 Was engaged	C9 Did operate a crop	C10 Was operating this
N E	,-	household			by?	occupation?	in an agricultural	farm, livestock/	farm/holding:
		head?			IF GRADUATE	_	activity:	poultry farm or other farms,	1 on his/her own
N	LIST THE PERSONS OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS		1 Male 2 Female		IF GRADUATE IN POST SECONDARY	- T	1 in own holding,	or other farms, or was a hired	account, 2 as a hired manager
U M	IN THIS ORDER: • Head		z Female		OR COLLEGE, SPECIFY		2 other's holding, 3 both in own and	manager of an	of another
в	 Spouse of the head 				THE COURSE.		other's holding, or	agricultural farm?	household's farm, and/or
E R	 Never-married children of head/spouse from oldest 	WRITE THE			WRITE	WRITE THE SPECIFIC	4 not engaged?		3 as a hired manager
	 to youngest Ever-married children of head/ 	RESPONSE ON THE LINE			THE RESPONSE ON THE LINE	ACTIVITY/ OCCUPATION		1 Yes	of an agricultural
	spouse and their families from oldest to the youngest	PROVIDED AND WRITE IN THE			PROVIDED AND WRITE	ON THE LINE PROVIDED.	WRITE X IN THE BOX	2 No, GO TO	establishment?
	 Other relative 	BOXES THE APPLICABLE		WRITE THE AGE	IN THE BOXES THE APPLICABLE		GO TO COLUMN 11 IF	COLUMN11	WRITE X IN THE BOX
	Nonrelative	CODE LISTED IN PAGE 2D	WRITE X IN THE BOX	IN THE BOXES PROVIDED	CODE LISTED IN PAGE 2D	LEAVE THE CODE BOXES BLANK	THE BOX FOR CODE 4 IS MARKED WITH X	WRITE X IN THE BOX	MULTIPLE ANSWERS ARE ALLOWED
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
			1				1 3	1	1
01	LAST NAME								2
			2				2 4	2	3
-	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			
			1				1 3	1	
02	LAST NAME								2
			2				2 4	2	3
	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			
			1					1	1
03	LAST NAME							L '	
03	ENOTINAME								2
			2				2 4	2	3
	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			
			1				1 3	1	
04	LAST NAME								2
			2				2 4	2	
	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY		_	SPECIFY	SPECIFY			3
		SFLOIL 1			GFLOIT	GFEOILT			
05	LAST NAME		1				1 3	1	
05	ENOTINAME								2
			2				2 4	2	3
L	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			
1									
1			1				1 3	1	
06	LAST NAME								2
			2				2 4	2	
	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			3
							1 3	1	1
07	LAST NAME							·	
ľ									2
1			2				2 4	2	3
⊢	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			
1									1
1			1				1 3	1	📙 '
08	LAST NAME		-					-	2
1			2				2 4	2	3
1	FIRST NAME	SPECIFY			SPECIFY	SPECIFY			🗆 🌯
F	ARE THERE MORE THAN EI		ERS IN THE	S HOUSEHOI D					
1	(INCLUDE PERSONS SUCH)	AS SMALL CH	ILDREN, INF			1	es, USE ADDITIONA CAF FORM 2	AL 2 No	
1	WORKERS WHO WERE NOT	TET LISTED)							

Appendix B 2012 CAF Form 2 - Household Roster Page 2

_				Page 3			
			CHARACTERISTIC	CS OF HOUSEHOL			2C
	FOR ALL PERSONS 10	AQUACULTURE	YEARS OLD AND OVER	FOR ALL PERSONS 10	FISHERIES FOR ALL PERSONS 15 Y	EARS OLD AND OVER	Г
	YEARS OLD AND OVER	January to December 2		YEARS OLD AND OVER	n January to December 201		-
	C11 Was engaged in an aquacultural activity: 1 in own aquafarm, 2 other's aquafarm, 3 both in own and other's	C12 Did operate a fishpond, fish cage, fish pen, fish tank, seaweed farm or other aquafarm, or was a hired manager of an aquafarm?	C13 Was operating this aquafarm: 1 on his/her own account, 2 as a hired manager of another household's aquafarm, and/or	C14 Was engaged in a fishing activity: 1 in own fishing operation, 2 other's fishing activity, 3 both in own and other's	C15 Did operate a fishing activity such as catching/gathering fish, crabs, shrimps, mussels and other aquatic plants/ animals, or was a hired manager of a fishing	C16 Was operating this fishing activity: 1 on his/her own account, 2 as a hired manager of another household's fishing operation, and/or	C17 OPERATOR IN THE HOUSEHOLD
B E R	aquafarm, or 4 not engaged?	1 Yes 2 No, GO TO	3 as a hired manager of an aquacultural establishment?	fishing activity, or 4 not engaged?	activity? 1 Yes 2 No, GO TO COLUMN 17	3 as a hired manager of a fishing establishment?	
	WRITE X IN THE BOX GO TO COLUMN 14 IF BOX FOR CODE 4 IS MARKED WITH X	COLUMN14	WRITE X IN THE BOX MULTIPLE ANSWERS ARE ALLOWED	WRITE X IN THE BOX GO TO COLUMN 17 IF BOX FOR CODE 4 IS MARKED WITH X	WRITE X IN THE BOX	WRITE X IN THE BOX MULTIPLE ANSWERS ARE ALLOWED	WRITE X IN THE BOX IF BOX FOR CODE 1 IS MARKED WITH X IN C9, C12 AND/OR C15
	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
01	1 3 2 4	1 2			1 2		
02	1 3 2 4	1 2			1		
03		1			1		
04		1 2					
05		1 2			1 2		
06		1 2			1 2		
07		1 2			1 2		
08		1 L ²			1 2		
			L		OPERATORS IN THE HOUSE S MARKED WITH X IN COLUM	$(13 \times (10))$	

Appendix B 2012 CAF Form 2 - Household Roster Page 3

	Р	age 4	
2D		CODES	
C3 – <u>Relationship to the</u> <u>Household Head</u> (Column 3)	C6 – <u>Highest Grade/Year</u> Completed (Column 6)	C8 – <u>Engaged in Own and</u> Other's Holding (Column 8)	C10 – <u>Type of Agricultural</u> <u>Operator (Column 10)</u>
01 – Head 02 – Spouse 03 – Son 04 – Daughter	000 – No grade completed 010 – Preschool ELEMENTARY 210 – Grade 1 220 – Grade 2 230 – Grade 3	1 – Own holding 2 – Other's holding 3 – Both in own and other's holding 4 – Not engaged	 On his/her own account As a hired manager of another household's farm As a hired manager of an agricultural establishment
21 – Stepson 22 – Stepdaughter 23 – Son-in-law	240 – Grade 4 250 – Grade 5 260 – Grade 6		г
24 – Daughter-in-law 31 – Grandson 32 – Granddaughter	260 – Grade 6 280 – Elementary graduate HIGH SCHOOL 310 – 1 st Year	C11 – <u>Engaged in Own and</u> Other's Aquafarm (Column 11)	C13 – <u>Type of Aquacultural</u> <u>Operator (Column 13)</u> 1 – On his/her own account 2 – As a hired manager of
33 – Father 34 – Mother 41 – Brother 42 – Sister	320 – 2 nd Year 330 – 3 rd Year 340 – 4 th Year 350 – High school graduate	 1 – Own aquafarm 2 – Other's aquafarm 3 – Both in own and other's aquafarm 4 – Not engaged 	 another household's aquafarm As a hired manager of an aquacultural establishment
43 – Uncle 44 – Aunt 55 – Nephew 56 – Niece	POST SECONDARY* 410 – 1 st Year 420 – 2 rd Year 430 – 3 rd Year * Specify course if graduate		
57 – Other relative 58 – Nonrelative 65 – Boarder	in postsecondary. COLLEGE* 810 – 1 st Year	C14 – <u>Engaged in Own and</u> Other's Fishing Activity (Column 14)	C16 – <u>Type of Fishing Operator</u> (Column 16) 1 – On his/her own account
66 – Domestic helper	820 - 2 nd Year 830 - 3 rd Year 840 - 4 th Year 850 - 5 th Year 860 - 6 th Year *Specify course if graduate in college.	 1 – Own fishing activity 2 – Other's fishing activity 3 – Both in own and other's fishing activity 4 – Not engaged 	 2 – As a hired manager of another household's fishing operation 3 – As a hired manager of a fishing establishment
L	POSTGRADUATE 900 – Postbaccalaureate		
DEFINITIC	N OF OPERATORS	REM	IARKS
AGRICULTURAL OPERATO	<u>DR</u> Г		
responsibility of managin making the decisions management and superv work alone or with mei employ others to work. H	the technical and administrative g a holding. He/she is responsible for of the operation, including the rision of hired labor. The operator may mbers of his/her household, or may e/she may or may not be the owner of be an agricultural operator regardless mber of animals raised.		
AQUACULTURAL OPERAT	<u>OR</u>		
responsibility of manag aquafarm. The aquacult major decisions including hired workers in his/her (culturing) of aquatic p members of his/her hous	the technical and administrative ing the day-to-day operation of an iral operator is responsible for making g the management and supervision of aquafarm. He/she may do the farming products himself/herself or with the sehold or may employ others to do the acultural operator may or may not be m.		
FISHING OPERATOR			
responsibility of manage He/she is responsible management and supe fishing operation. He/sh products alone or with He/she may not do th	the technical and administrative ing the day-to-day fishing operation. for making decisions, including the rvision of hired workers in his/her ne may do the catching of aquatic the members of his/her household. The catching or gathering of aquatic		
	by others to do the job for him/her. be the owner of the fishing boat and/or		L

Appendix B 2012 CAF Form 2 - Household Roster

Appendix C
2012 CAF Form 4 - Core Questionnaire for Aquaculture
Dogo 1

- P	ad	Α	1
	uy		

CAF FORM 4		2012 C	\sim		c of the Philippines STATISTICS OFFICE RICULTURE AND F	ISHERIES	2	4A 1	
the instantial statistics Onice to prepare for and censuses of population, agriculture, industry an CONFIDENTIALITY: Section 4 of CA No. 591 provides that a furnished on this form are held STRICTLY CON-	d commerce.						NSCB Approval No. NSO – 1218-04 Expires on October 9, 2013		
				CER	FIFICATION				
I hereby certify that the data set forth here	ein were pers	onally obtaine	ed/reviewed	by me ir	accordance with the instru	ictions given by the	e National Statistics Office		
ENUMERATOR SIGNATURE OVER PRINTED NAME								D SUPERVISOR	
DATE ACCOMPLISHED DATE REVIEWED					DATE RE	VIEWED	DATE	REVIEWED	
SECTION A – AQUACULTURE OPERATION IDENTIFICATION						SECTION B -	INTERVIEW RECORD)	
SHEET	OF	SHEETS	-	L		VISIT 1	VISIT 2	VISIT 3	
PROVINCE					DATE OF VISIT MONTH : DAY				
					INTERVIEW TIME BEGAN HOUR:MINUTE				
BARANGAY					INTERVIEW TIME ENDED HOUR:MINUTE				
ENUMERATION AREA NO.					RESULT OF VISIT*				
SEGMENT NUMBER		ſ				rview partly 4	Refused 5 Househo Postponed 6 Others, 5	old not around/No respondent Specify	
BUILDING SERIAL NO.					corr	pleted			
HOUSING UNIT SERIAL NO.					SUMMARY OF VISIT				
HOUSEHOLD SERIAL NO.					OF VISITS	RESULT OF FINAL VISIT		R'S	
	OLUMN 1) OF CA	F FORM 2			RESPONDENT				
	DLUMN 13) OF C	AF FORM 2			LINE NO. OF RESPONDENT				
		SECTIO	DN C – NA	ME OF	OPERATOR/HIRED MA	NAGER			
COPY CORRECTLY THE NAME OF THE OPERATOR/ HIRED MANAGER FROM ITEM C2 (COL. 2) OF CAF F2					PE OF OPERATOR IN SECTION				
C1 NAME OF THE OPERATOR/HIRED MANAGER	C2 What is a establish	the name of th ment?	ie employer.	`	C3 In what province and o establishment?				
LAST NAME					PROVINCE	DO NOT F		ITY CODE DO NOT FILL	
FIRST NAME NAME OF EMPLOYER/ESTABLISHMENT					Establishment	Control Number ((ECN) (DO NOT FILL, FOR	NSO USE ONLY)	
	SECTION D – LEGAL FORM OF ORGANIZATION								
D1 From January to December 2012, dia aquacultural activity as an individua as a corporation, as a cooperative, as government corporation/institution or organization? WRITE X IN THE BOX	l proprietor, o a private inst	n partnership, titution, as a		2 Pa	tnership 5	Cooperative Other private institution Government corporation		s, Specify	

				Page 2						
4	B		S	ECTION E - AQUACULI	TURE					
E	1 From Januar	y to December 2012, how ma	any aquafarm/s did use	in raising/farming (culture)) of aquatic produ	cts?			٦	
AQUAFARM N	E2 What type of aquafarm did operate? 1 Fishpond 2 Fish pen 3 Fish cage 4 Seaweed farm 5 Oyster farm	IF THE AQUAFARM IS LO PROVIDED FO	Where is the aquafarm locat cated in the same barangay, write ' is the province, cityimucipality an worther barangay, specify the name faulty no barangay of the spaces Leave code boxes blank	SAME" ON THE SPACES D BARANGAY OF THE PROVINCE.	E4 What was the area devoted to the aquafarm?	E5 What was the total volume of the fish tank or hatchery?	E6 What type of water environment was used in the aquafarm? 1 Freshwater 2 Brackish water	species cultured in the		
U B E R	6 Mussel farm 7 Fish tank 8 Hatchery 9 Others, Specify WRITE THE CODE IN THE BOX	PROVINCE	CITY/MUNICIPALITY	F BARANGAY	CODE 1 TO 6 WRITE THE AREA IN HECTARES UP TO THREE (3) DECIMAL PLACES	CODE 7 OR 8 WRITE THE VOLUME IN CUBIC METERS UP TO THREE (3) DECIMAL PLACES	3 Marine water WRITE X IN THE BOX	TYPE OF SPECIES	CODE DO NOT FILL	
01							1 2 3			
02	SPECIFY	PROVINCE	CITYMUNICIPALITY	BARANGAY	- HECTARES	CUBIC METERS	1			
	SPECIFY	PROVINCE	CITY/MUNICIPALITY	BARANGAY	HECTARES	CUBIC METERS	3		-	
03							1 2 3			
	SPECIFY	PROVINCE		BARANGAY	HECTARES	CUBIC METERS	1			
04	SPECIFY	PROVINCE	CITY/MUNICIPALITY	BARANGAY	HECTARES	CUBIC	2			
	ARE THERE MOR	E THAN FOUR (4) AQUAFARMS RAL OPERATION?		•	2 No, END INT	ERVIEW FOR THIS C	PERATOR AND GO	TO THE NEXT		
				REMARKS/COMPUTATI	ON					

Appendix C 2012 CAF Form 4 - Core Questionnaire for Aquaculture Page 2

				Pa	age 1			
CAF FORM 5 AUTHORITY: Section 2(c) of Commor authorizes the National S for and undertake all agriculture, industry and	Statistics Office to p censuses of pop	orepare 2012 C		DF AGR	of the Philippines TATISTICS OFFICE ICULTURE AND F		ר 5	5A
	tion furnished on this form are held					KE	NSCB Approval No Expires on Octobe	
I hereby certify that t	he data set forth	herein were person	ally obtained		IFICATION by me in accordance with	the instructions gi	iven by the National St	atistics Office.
ENUMER. SIGNATURE OVER F			SUPERVISOR OVER PRINTED N		DSO/SO SIGNATURE OVER P			UPERVISOR R PRINTED NAME
DATE ACCOM	PLISHED	DA	TE REVIEWED		DATE REVIE	EWED	DATE R	EVIEWED
SECTION A	- FISHING O	PERATION IDEN	TIFICATION	J	s	SECTION B - IN	TERVIEW RECORD	
L S	HEET	SHEETS				VISIT 1	VISIT 2	VISIT 3
PROVINCE					DATE OF VISIT MONTH : DAY			
CITY/ MUNICIPALITY	/				INTERVIEW TIME BEGAN HOUR:MINUTE			
BARANGAY					INTERVIEW TIME ENDED HOUR:MINUTE			
ENUMERATION AREA NO.					RESULT OF VISIT*			
SEGMENT NO. BUILDING SERIAL NO.			-					hold not around/ pondent , Specify
HOUSING UNIT SERIAL NO.						SUMMAR		
HOUSEHOLD SERIAL NO.					TOTAL NUMBER OF VISITS	RESULT OF FINAL VISIT*	ENUMERATOR'S CODE	
LINE NO. OF OPERATOR	ITEM C1 (COLUM	IN 1) OF CAF FORM 2	_ [NAME OF RESPONDENT			
TYPE OF OPERATOR	ITEM C16 (COLUM	IN 16) OF CAF FORM 2	-		LINE NO. OF RESPONDENT			
		SECT		AME OF C	DPERATOR/HIRED M	ANAGER		
COPY CORRECTLY THE NAME HIRED MANAGER FROM ITEM	OF THE OPERATOR/ C2 (COL. 2) OF CAF F2	C2 AND C3 ARE TO	BE ASKED C	NLY IF THE	TYPE OF OPERATOR IN	SECTION A IS COD	DE 2 OR 3	
C1 NAME OF THE OPI MANAGER	ERATOR/HIRED	C2 What is the nat establishment?		ployer/	C3 In what province an fishing establishme		-	
LAST NAME					PROVINCE	DO NOT		DO NOT FIL
FIRST NAME NAME OF EMPLOYER/ESTABLISHMENT		IENT	Establishment Co	ontrol Number (E	CN) (DO NOT FILL, FOI	R NSO USE ONLY)		
		SI	ECTION D -	- LEGAL	FORM OF ORGANIZA			
as a corporation,	as an individual p as a cooperative corporation/instit	did operate roprietor, on partner , as a private institut ution or through oth	the ship, tion,	1 Indi	vidual proprietor 4 C	Cooperative Other private institution Government corporation		rs, Specify

Appendix D 2012 CAF Form 5 - Core Questionnaire for Fishing

Appendix D 2012 CAF Form 5 - Core Questionnaire for Fishing Page 2

5B				s	SECTION E - FISHERIES				
the	om January to December 20 e fishing operation, in marii ITE X IN THE BOX			E2	2 From January to Decembe did use in the opera WRITE IN THE BOX THE NUM	tion (includ	ding raft)?		
╵┖	1 Marine waters 2 Inland waters				WAS USED. IF "00", GO TO IT	EM E6.	ATO/VECOLE	O GOLD. WITH	
	ASK ITEMS E3 TO E5 FO	R EACH FIS	SHING BOAT/VESSEL USED	. INCI	CLUDE ALL FISHING BOATS/VESSEL	S USED REG	GARDLESS (OF OWNERSHIP	P AND FREQUENCY OF USE.
BOAT/ VESSEL NO.	E3 What type of boat/ve	ssel did _	use?	E4	What was the gross tonnage boat/vessel used in the fishi			_	own this boat/vessel?
	WRITE X IN THE BOX				WRITE X IN THE BOX			WRITE X IN	N THE BOX
01	Boat with engine and outrigger Boat with engine but without outrigger		4 Boat without engine and outrigger5 Raft, GO TO ITEM E5		1 More than three (3) gross				Owned
	3 Boat without engine but with outrigger		S Rait, GO TO TTEM ES		2 Three (3) gross tons or le	SS		2	Not owned
02	Boat with engine and outrigger 2 Boat with engine but		4 Boat without engine and outrigger		1 More than three (3) gross		F	1	Owned
	without outrigger 3 Boat without engine but with outrigger		5 Raft, GO TO ITEM E5		2 Three (3) gross tons or le			2	Not owned
03	Boat with engine and outrigger Soat with engine but		4 Boat without engine and outrigger		1 More than three (3) gross	tons		1	Owned
03	Boat without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger		5 Raft, GO TO ITEM E5		2 Three (3) gross tons or le	SS		2	Not owned
04	Boat with engine and outrigger Soat with engine but		4 Boat without engine and outrigger		1 More than three (3) gross	tons		1	Owned
04	without outrigger		5 Raft, GO TO ITEM E5		2 Three (3) gross tons or le	55		2	Not owned
05	Boat with engine and outrigger Soat with engine but		4 Boat without engine and outrigger		1 More than three (3) gross	tons		1	Owned
05	Boat with engine but without outrigger Boat without engine but with outrigger		5 Raft, GO TO ITEM E5		2 Three (3) gross tons or le	SS		2	Not owned
	THERE MORE THAN FIVE (5) E		SSELS 1 Yes	USE	E ADDITIONAL CAF FORM 5	2 No			REMARKS/COMPUTATION
us	om January to December 20 e fishing gears/ accessori e fishing operation?		es in 1 Yes	FILL	L OUT THE MATRIX BELOW	OPERAT	D INTERVIEW TOR AND GO	TO THE	
E7 Wi	e insning operation? hat kind of gears/accessorie evices did use?	د ⁄ه	E8 How many?	E7	Continuation - What kind accessories/devices did	of gears/	E8 Con	tinuation - many?	
	F GEAR/ACCESSORY/DEVICE	CODE DO NOT FILL	NUMBER AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012	KINI	ND OF GEAR/ACCESSORY/DEVICE	CODE DO NOT FILL	NUMB	ER AS OF ER 31, 2012	
1				6					
2				7					
3				8					
4				9					
5				10					
	HERE MORE THAN TEN (10) G SORIES/DEVICES USED IN T ATION?		IG 1 Yes, USE	ADD	DITIONAL CAF FORM 5	OPERAT	D INTERVIEV TOR AND GO PERATOR/H	TO THE	

Appendix E
2012 CAF Form 26 - Aquaculture Establishment
Page 1

Page 1

NATIO STAT OFF	ISTICS				Ν	ISCB Appro Expire	oval No. N	FORM 2 ISO- 1218- ober 9, 20	09
2	2012 CENSU AQU	JS OF AG			ang manang man	HERII	ES		
Dear Sir/Madan The National S nationwide. The sector. It aims to constitute the ba economic develo Philippine Busine	tatistics Office (2012 CAF covers provide, among ases for which p opment of the co	both the hou others, inform olicymakers	seholds and ation on the and planner	establis characte s formul	hments eng eristics of es ate their pla	aged in tablishm ans and	the ag nents ir d progr	riculture this se rams fo	e and fishing ector that will r the socio-
(CA 591). The taxation, investig	horized to collect nformation collec ation or regulatio our utmost coope	cted shall be n under <i>Secti</i> e	kept strictly on 4 of CA 5	confide 91.	ntial and sl				
Thank you very r	nuch.				For inquirie	es please	contact	t:	
CARMELITA Administrator	N. ERICTA				Telephone I E-mail Addr	175			
						or CA	AF_CPS	@census	.gov.ph
Booklet o	Booklets	for this Establ	ishment						
		FO BARAI	R NSO USE	ONLY					
PROVINCE	CITY/MUN	BARAI		Α		INDUS	I TA I		
	E	 STABLISHME			⊥				

106	5

	2012 CAF Fo	rm 26 - Aquaculture Establ Page 2	ishment
Page 2	PLEASE ENTER ON	THE APPROPRIATE SPACE OR BOX	THE DATA REQUESTED
		GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS	
Provide best esti	mates if exact figures are not a	available in your records. Indicate N	.A. for items not applicable
Refer to the cond	epts and definition of terms or	n page 5 and relevant instructions wl	nen providing responses for each item.
 Mark (X) only on 	e box, unless instructed other	wise.	
 Use another CAR 	Form 26 if there are more that	an six (6) aquafarms in Section B.	
	ERAL INFORMATION ABOUT T		
	-	siness Address, Company Website a	and Tax Identification Number (TIN)
A. Business Na	ne		
B. Registered N	ame		
C. Business Add	lress		
D. Company W	ebsite		
E. TIN			
A.2.1. Main Acti	il the main and other activities of vity (Refers to the activity that co ss income or revenue of this esta	ontributes the biggest or major portion	Do Not Fill (For NSO Use Only) 2009 PSIC
A.2.1.1. Major p	roducts/goods produced or sold	and/or type of service rendered (Spec	ify)
in additio		ities carried out by this establishment ch the output, like that of the main de this establishment.)	Do Not Fill (For NSO Use Only) 2009 PSIC
A3. Legal Organiz			
Mark (X) the box	corresponding to the best descri	iption of this establishment.	
1 Single Pr	oprietorship	4 Cooperative	7 Others,
2 Partners	hip	5 Private Institution (Non-stock, Non- Profit Corporation)	Specify:
3 Corpora	tion (Stock Corporation)	6 Government Corporation/Institutio	n

Appendix E

Appendix E
2012 CAF Form 26 - Aquaculture Establishment
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Page 3

Pag	Page 3 PLEASE ENTER ON THE APPROPRIATE SPACE OR BOX THE DATA REQUESTED							
	TION B. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE A							
B1. N	B1. Number of aquafarms used in raising/farming (culturing) of aquatic products from January to December 2012.							
	Write the total number of aquafarms in the boxes provided.							
A Q U	B2. Type of aquafarm being operated by the establishment		B3. Location of aquafarm					
A F A M U U	1 – Fishpond7 – Fish Tanks2 – Fish Pen8 – Hatchery3 – Fish Cage9 – Others,4 – Seaweed FarmSpecify5 – Oyster Farm6 – Mussel Farm		Write the name of the province, city/municipality and barangay in the space provided in the corresponding columns. Leave the boxes blank.					
B E R	Write the answer in the space provided and corresponding code in the box provided.	Province	City/Municipality	Barangay				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
lf ther	e are more than six (6) aquafarms used by the esto	ablishment, write "1" for YES and use	e additional CAF Form 26 or "2" for N	O in the box provided.				
	Continued on Page 4							

ECTION B. CHARACTERIST	ICS OF THE AQUACULTURE (co	ntinued)			
B4. Area devoted to the aquafarm	B5. Total volume of the fish tank or hatchery	B6. Type of water environment in the aquafarm	B7. Species cultured in the aqu	afarm	
Fill out only if answer in B2 is code 1 to 6	Fill out only if answer in B2 is code 7 or 8	1 – Fresh Water 2 – Brackish Water 3 – Marine Water	Type of Species		
Write the area <u>in hectares</u> up to three (3) decimal places	Write the volume <u>in cubic meters</u> up to three (3) decimal places	Write X in the box corresponding to the answer	Write the name of species cultured in the space provided	CODE DO NOT FILL	_
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	1
•		□ 1 □ 2 □ 3			
•		□ 1 □ 2 □ 3			
		1 2 3			
·		1 2 3			
•		1 2 3			
·		1 2 3			

Appendix E 2012 CAF Form 26 - Aquaculture Establishment Page 4

Appendix E 2012 CAF Form 26 - Aquaculture Establishment

Page 5

PLEASE ENTER ON THE APPROPRIATE SPACE OR BOX THE DATA REQUESTED

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITION OF TERMS

Aquafarm is a farming facility used in the culture or propagation of aquatic species such as fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and aquatic plants like seaweeds. In determining the number of aquafarms, a land-based aquafarm is considered one same farm when it is on a contiguous piece of land. Contiguous means that the piece of land is not separated by natural or man-made boundaries such as road, river, and canal that are not part of the holding/land. For aquafarms operated in open bodies of water such as fish pen, fish cage, seaweed farm, mussel farm, and oyster farm, consider the aquafarm as one farm if it is of the same type, located in the same barangay and have the same water environment.

Types of Aquafarm:

Page 5

1. Fishpond refers to a body of water (artificial or natural) where fish and other aquatic products are cultured, raised or cultivated under controlled conditions. This is a land-based type of aquafarm. Species usually cultured in fishponds are milkfish (bangus), tilapia, hito, carp, grouper (lapu-lapu), siganid (samaral), sea bass (apahap), prawn (sugpo), shrimp (hipon), crab (alimango), and others.

2. Fish pen refers to a fish enclosure made of closely-woven bamboo screens, nylon screens or nets or other materials attached to poles staked at the bottom up to the surface of the lake, river or other shallow bodies of water for the purpose of growing and/or culturing of fish to various sizes in fresh, brackish and marine waters. A fish pen varies in shapes. Its enclosure covers the entire water depth from the water surface down to the bottom.

Note that fish corral (baklad) which is used for trapping fish in tidal waters or along the natural paths of fish is not considered fish pen. Both have similar features and materials used. The only difference is that a fish pen is a fish enclosure where fish from outside the enclosure cannot enter while a fish corral is constructed with openings to serve as fish trap. Species cultured in fish pens are **milkfish** (bangus), carp, tilapia, sea bass (apahap) and others.

3. Fish cage refers to a stationary or floating fish enclosure made of synthetic net wire/bamboo screen or other materials set in the form of inverted mosquito net (hapa type) with or without cover with all sides either tied to poles staked to the bottom of the water or with anchored floats for aquaculture purposes. A fish cage is suitable in the culture of fish species that burrow into the lake bottom because it limits the fish inside the confines of the cage.

Species cultured in fish cages are milkfish (bangus), tilapia, carp, grouper (lapu-lapu), siganid (samaral), sea bass (apahap) and others.

4. Seaweed farm refers to a farm for cultivating seaweeds in suitable water areas by any method with appropriate intensive care for production in commercial quantities. The culture of seaweeds may be carried out by tying them to stones, straw lines, nets and other instruments which are set in a manner that is elevated from the sea bottom to protect them from predators in the sea. Examples of varieties of seaweeds which can be cultured are eucheuma (gozo), gracilaria (gulaman dagat), caulerpa (lato), and others. Gathering of seaweeds is not classified under aquaculture but in the gathering of aquatic products under fishing operation.

5. Oyster farm refers to a farm for cultivating oysters in suitable water areas by any method with appropriate intensive care for production purposes.

6. Mussel farm refers to a farm for cultivating mussels in suitable water areas by any method with appropriate intensive care for production purposes.

7. Fish tank is a land-based structure made of wood, glass, metal or cement, usually rectangular or cylindrical in shape designed to grow and culture fish for breeding and seed fish production. It may be constructed below or above the ground level and capable of holding and interchanging water.

8. Hatchery or "pangitlugan" is an aquafarm where brood stock eggs are hatched and reared into fry in a body of water (artificial or natural) contained in tanks or ponds under controlled condition in fresh or saltwater environment.

9. Others (SPECIFY) includes aquafarms which cannot be classified in the aforementioned types of aquafarms. Examples are farms for culturing pearl, cockles, abalone, and others.

Water Environment:

1. Fresh water refers to water environment without salt or marine origin. It is pure freshwater, that is, no mixture of seawater. Examples are Laguna de Bay, Taal Lake, Candaba Swamps, Liguasan Marsh, and rivers, canals, dams, paddy and rice fields, lakes, ponds, and springs.

2. Brackish water refers to mixed seawater and fresh water environment with salinity of less than 30 parts per thousand (ppt) that varies with the tide. Examples are tidal flats, mangroves, swamps, and mouths of rivers, where seawater meets the fresh water.

3. Marine waters refers to seawater environment with a salinity ranging from 30 to 40 ppt consisting of ocean, bay, gulf and channels. Examples are Manila Bay, West Philippine Sea, and Albay Gulf.

Appendix E
2012 CAF Form 26 - Aquaculture Establishment

Page 6

Page 6	PLEASE ENTER ON THE APPR	ROPRIATE SPACE OR BOX	THE DATA REQUESTED		
CERTIFICATION					
I hereby certify that this estimates in some instan	report has been completed as accu ces.	urately as the records of the second of the second s	nis establishment allow a	nd with the be	
Name		Signature			
Title/Designation		Date			
Person	in your establishment that we sh	nould contact if queries ar	ise regarding this form:		
Name		Telephone no.			
Title/Designation		Facsimile No.			
Email Address					
	FOR NSO U	SE ONLY (Do not fill)			
Activity	Name	Signature	Designation	Date	
Distributed by:					
Collected by:					
Field Edited by:					
Edited/Coded by:					
Verified by:					
	DNS				

2012	CAF Form 27 - Fishing Es Page 1	stablishment
NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE		CAF FORM 27 NSCB Approval No. NSO- 1218-10 Expires on October 9, 2013
	S OF AGRICULTURE	
nationwide. The 2012 CAF covers sector. It aims to provide, among of constitute the bases for which po economic development of the couphilippine Business and Industry. This Office is authorized to collect it	both the households and establishers, information on the character licymakers and planners formunity. The 2012 CAF for estain formation from businesses and ted shall be kept strictly confid under Section 4 of CA 591.	Census of Agriculture and Fisheries (CAF shments engaged in the agriculture and fishin eristics of establishments in this sector that wi late their plans and programs for the socio blishments is a rider to the 2012 Census of industries under the Commonwealth Act 59 ential and shall not be used for purposes of tionnaire
Thank you very much.		For inquiries please contact:
CARMELITA N. ERICTA Administrator		Telephone Number: E-mail Address:
		or CAF_CPS@census.gov.ph
Booklet of Booklets fo	or this Establishment FOR NSO USE ONLY	
PROVINCE CITY/MUN	BARANGAY	INDUSTRY
	A	
ES'	TABLISHMENT CONTROL NUM	1BER (ECN)

Appendix F

Appendix F 2012 CAF Form 27 - Fishing Establishment Page 2					
Page 2 PLEASE ENTER ON THE APPROPRIATE SPACE OR BOX THE DATA REQUESTED					
 GENERAL INSTRUCTION Provide best estimates if exact figures are not available in your records. Indicate N.A. for items not applicable Refer to the concepts and definition of terms on page 4 and relevant instructions when providing responses for each item. Mark (X) only one box, unless instructed otherwise. Use another CAF Form 27 if there are more than three "other" fishing gears/accessories/devices used in Section B, Item B4. 					
SECTION A. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE ESTABLISHMENT	1				
A1. Business and Registered Name in 2012, Business Address, Company We Number (TIN) A. Business Name B. Registered Name C. Business Address D. Company Website E. TIN	bsite and Tax Identification				
A2. Economic Activity or Business in 2012					
Describe in detail the main and other activities of this establishment. A2.1. Main Activity (Refers to the activity that contributes the biggest or major portion of the gross income or revenue of this establishment) 	Do Not Fill (For NSO Use Only)				
A2.1.1. Major products/goods produced or sold and/or type of service rend	dered (Specify)				
A2.2. Secondary/Other Activities (Refer to activities carried out by this establishment in addition to the main activity and in which the output, like that of the main activity, must be suitable for delivery outside this establishment.)	Do Not Fill (For NSO Use Only)				
A3. Legal Organization in 2012 Mark (X) the box corresponding to the best description of this establishment. 1 Single Proprietorship 4 Cooperative 2 Partnership 5 Private Institution (Non-stock, Non-Profit Corporation) 3 Corporation (Stock Corporation) 6 Government Corporation/Institution	7 Others, <i>Specify:</i>				

Appendix F					
2012 CAF Form 27 - Fishing Establishment					
Page 3					

Page 3		PLEASE ENTER	R ON TH	IE APPROP	RIATE	SPACE	E OR BO	X THE DATA RE	QUESTE	D
SECTION B. CHA	RACTE	RISTICS OF FISH	IING O	PERATION						
B1. Type of water e					ed most	of the	time from	January to Decen	nber 2012	
		1 – Marine Wate	rs 2 –	Inland Wate	ers (Fre	sh and	Brackish	Water)		_
		Write th	ne corres	ponding code	of the o	inswer	in the box	provided.		▶
B2. Total number o	f fishing	boats/vessels use	d in the	operation fro	m Janua	ry to D	ecember	2012		
								provided.		
B3. Type, gross ton Indicate the nur	-	ooats/vessels used i	-	-		•				
			Туре	of Ownership	and G	ross To	nnage of t	he Fishing Boat/V	essel	
Type of Boat/Ve	يعا	Owned				Not owned				
Type of Boat/ Vessel		More than 3 Gross Tons		3 Gross Tons or Less		More than 3 Gross Tons		3 Gross Tons or Less		
1. Boat with engin outrigger	e and									
-	2. Boat with engine but without outrigger									
3. Boat without engine but with outrigger										
4. Boat without engine and outrigger										
B4. Kind and numb	er of fisł	ing gears/accesso	ries/dev	iœs used in tl	he oper	ation fr	om Janua	ry to December 20)12	
		ishing gears/access				:/vessel				
Kind of fishing gear/ Accessory/device used		December 31, Acces		essory/device used Decer		ber as of Kind of fishin mber 31, Accessory/dev			Number as of December 31,	
	CODE	2012			CODE	2	012		CODE	2012
PURSE SEINE	10		MOD DANI	IFIED SH SEINE	15			SERVICE BOAT	30	
RING NET	11		HARPOON		23			RANGER BOAT	31	
BAG NET	12		FISHING LIGHT		26			OTHERS, Specif	y -	
TRAWLNET	13		SONAR		28				-	
ROUND HAUL SEINE	14		FISH FINDER		29					
If there are more tha or "2" for NO in the b			ars/acce	ssories/devices	s used, w	rite "1"	for YES an	d use additional CA	F Form 27	

Appendix F 2012 CAF Form 27 - Fishing Establishment Page 4

Page 4	Page 4 PLEASE ENTER ON THE APPROPRIATE SPACE OR BOX THE DATA REQUESTED							
CONCEPTS AND DEFINITION OF TERMS								
-	Fishing refers to the catching and gathering of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other marine organisms and products, including other aquatic plants.							
Inland waters refer to bodies of water such as lakes, rivers, reservoirs, dams, paddy/rice fields, estuaries, marshes, and ponds usually consisting of fresh water or brackish water environments. Examples are Laguna de Bay, Taal Lake, and Agusan Marsh.								
Marine waters refer to bodies of waters such as oceans, bays, gulfs and channels with seawater salinity. It is pure saltwater such as Manila Bay, Visayan Sea, Batangas Coast.								
		to any boat, ship or other wat related to fishing.	ercraft e	equipped to be us	ed for taking of fishe	y species in the		
(which is equal	Gross tonnage of the boat/vessel is the vessel's "closed-in" spaces expressed in volume in terms of one hundred cubic feet (which is equal to one gross ton). This includes permanently enclosed spaces above the tonnage deck, also known as the underdeck tonnage.							
Fishing gear is any apparatus, gadget, implement and other paraphernalia used in catching and gathering of fish, crustaceans, mollusks, and other aquatic products.								
		CERT	IFICATI	ON				
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that this report has been completed as accurately as the records of this establishment allow and with the best estimates in some instances.								
Name				Signature				
Title/Designati	on			Date				
Per	Person in your establishment that we should contact if queries arise regarding this form:							
Name			Telephone no.					
Title/Designation				Facsimile No.				
Email Address								
FOR NSO USE ONLY (Do not fill)								
Activit	y	Name		Signature	Designation	Date		
Distributed by	<i>'</i> :							
Collected by:								
Field Edited by	y:							
Edited/Coded	by:							
Verified by:								
REMARKS/COMPUTATIONS								



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