

Cousins Make Mark on Maine

*Family members early settlers of York and Hulls Cove;
Brewster, Hopkins and Rogers came on Mayflower*

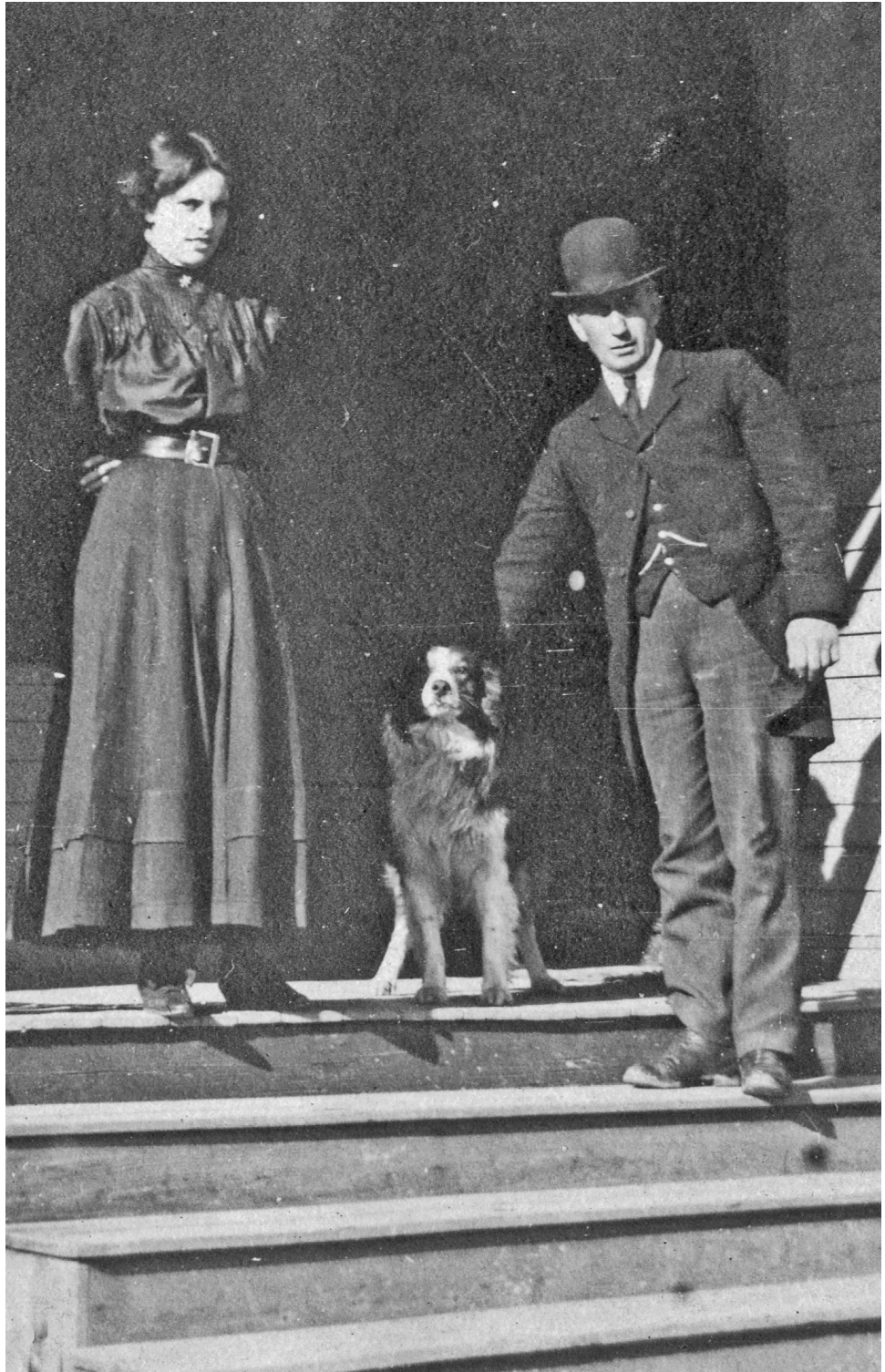
The Cousins family, long entrenched in the history of Maine, constituted a key link to the Murch family and therefore was a major component within the Hodgkins-Murch-Cousins-Reynolds-Deasy family tree.

The link was Elisha and Thankful (Hopkins) Cousins' daughter Mary Cousins of Hulls Cove, Maine, marrying Noah Murch Jr. of Trenton, Maine, about 1824.

Their son Elisha Murch was the grandfather of Florence Theo Murch, who in turn wed Archibald E. Reynolds and was the grandmother of Mary (Hodgkins) Banfield.

In addition, Thankful (Hopkins) Cousins, the mother of Mary (Cousins) Murch, was descended from ten individuals from three families that had sailed from England to the Plymouth Colony aboard the *Mayflower*.

After arriving aboard the *Mayflower*, these ten individuals started five separate branches that united with the marriage of Mary Higgins and Joseph Hopkins, the



Florence Theo (Murch) Reynolds with her husband, Archibald E. Reynolds, in 1913

parents of Thankful (Hopkins) Cousins.

The individual Pilgrims were Elder William Brewster, who came with his wife, Mary Brewster; Stephen Hopkins, who came with his second wife, Elizabeth (Fisher) Hopkins, and his three children, Giles, Constance, and Damaris Hopkins, and another son, Oceanus Hopkins, who was born at sea; and Thomas Rogers, who came with his son, Joseph Rogers.

The following account of the Cousins lineage is drawn largely from the Cousins family tree.¹

John Cousins₁

The Cousins family tree in Maine can be traced to John Cousins, who was born in England in 1596. He was living in Falmouth (now Portland), Maine in 1631, but very likely had arrived in 1626.²

The name appeared in various spellings as noted in *The Pioneers of Maine and New Hampshire* during the earliest references to John Cousins in America: "Cousins, Cossons, Cosens, John, sailor, Casco, mentioned in record of Maine Court Apr. 4, 1637. Accounts with Winter in 1639. Testified 18 Sept. 1640, as to the name of Casco river which he had known for 14 years. Deputy to Ligonias Assembly in 1658. [York Deeds I]. He deposed 26 June 1682, abt. 86 yrs. [York Deeds III]."³

"Second only to William Royall in importance as a pioneer was John Cousins," says W.H. Rowe in his history of Yarmouth, Maine.⁴

"Cousins was a man highly esteemed in the early settlements for his integrity and diligence. He was born in England in 1596 and is mentioned by an order of the [Sir Ferdinando] Gorges court as an inhabitant of Casco Bay as early as 1637. The exact date of his coming to Wescustogo we do not know but it is certain that he lived for a few years on the neck of high land which divides the eastern and western branches of Cousins River, where he owned some 300 acres of land, his farm extending back into the country about a mile, as far as the northern branch of the western or main branch of the river. Here he built a good-sized house and barn.

"On the sixth of April, 1645, he purchased of Richard Vines the two beautiful islands at the mouth of Royall's River, one of which bears his surname, and the other, Littlejohn's, if we may venture an opinion, his given name. Three years later he served as one of the generals associated in (George) Cleeve's government of Lygonia and his name appears under his mark, an anchor, on the decree in favor of Robert Jordan in the matter of the Trelawney estate.

"In 1650 he sold a part of his larger island to Bray. After living in his Wescustogo estate for upwards of thirty years, he was obliged to leave at the outbreak of the first Indian war, receiving at that time a severe wound in his hand that he was compelled to go to York that it might be suitably treated. While here he lived with Mary Saywood to whom he later deeded his real estate in Casco Bay. His death, the date of which is uncertain, did not occur until he had at least reached the age of eighty-seven. He seems to have had no descendant nor did he, after the restoration of peace, return to Wescusogo."

The genealogical dictionary offered this account: "Had gr(ant) from Richard Vines of two islands, totaling 500 a(cres), (one of them still called Cousin's), and liv(ed) thereon, deeding A 1/2 of each to Richard Bray and Sabella, his w(ife), in 1651-2. Retiring to York in the war, he liv(ed) with Mrs. Mary Sayward [the widow of Henry Sayward], to whom he gave all of his est(ate) by deed made in 1679 and ack(nowledged) 1682, for past and future care and maintenance."⁵

That included his remaining half shares in the two islands named for him. No wife is ever mentioned in this account for John Cousins, whose death is listed as June 26, 1682, in York, Maine, at age 87. However, Katherine Prescott Kaster in *Cousins and Littlejohn's Islands, 1645-1893*, writes of his earlier days, "We can picture John Cousins, a man of about fifty years, with a wife but no family (although it is said by some that Thomas Cousins who was killed by the Indians at Wells may have been his grandson), living in his fairly large house on Cousins River."

John Cousins₁ Family Tree

John Cousins₁ b. about 1596, England.
 d. June 26, 1682, York, Maine.

Presumed child:

Isaac Cousins₂
 b. about 1613, Marlborough, Wiltshire, England.
 d. July 23, 1702, Boston, Suffolk, Mass.

This part of Maine originally was inhabited by Native Americans of the Abnaki, or Wabnaki, Nation, meaning “People of the Morning.” Although no permanent settlements were in the Yarmouth, Maine, area, the Abnaki spent part of each year in the area hunting game and digging clams, as evidenced by the immense shell heaps on Littlejohn’s Island. The Abnaki supplemented their diet with corn grown near Sandy Point on Cousins Island.

“The Indians’ name for the Bay--Casco, from Aucoci “The Land of the Blue Heron” is still used as is Wescustogo, their name for Royal’s River. But other names are all but forgotten: Sisquisic is Cousins River; Susquesong, Cousins Island; Pemasong, Littlejohn’s Island,” writes Kaster in her book, which focuses on John Cousins in her account of the various owners of the islands over the years.

The first attempt at settlement of what is now Maine was made in 1607 when a colony numbering 120 under George Popham was sent out by the Plymouth Company, which had received a grant of land from King James I in 1606. The colony lasted one year. Then in 1620 the Council for New England obtained a grant of land between 40 and 48 degrees. By 1629 Sir Ferdinando Gorges had the grant for land between the Piscataqua and Kennebec Rivers 60 miles inland.

John Cousins did appear in several early court cases in Maine although not major.

This appeared in the *History of Saco and Biddeford*: “April 4, 1637: It is ordered that every planter or inhabitant shall doe his best endeavor to apprehend, execute or kill any Indian that hath binne known to murder an English, kill their cattle or any way spoyle their goods, doe them violence, and will not make them satisfaction; if it shall be proved

that any planter or inhabitant hath benne negligent therein, he shall be fined at the discretion of the bench.’ Arthur Browne and Arthur Mackworth are empowered to make John Cousins pay satisfaction to an Indian for the wrong he hath done him. [No other explanation of specifically what he did.]”⁶

From the history of Yarmouth is this account: “...A few cases appear in the records of the court held in Casco in 1666/67 which it may be interesting to note. Sabbath breaking in various forms seems the most serious charge. William Haines was complained by John Cousins as a common liar and retaliated by charging Cousins with playing cards on the Lord’s day, but both failed to prove the truth of their allegations to the satisfaction of the court.”⁷

And one more case: “...the first notice we have of them [Thomas Reddin and his wife Eleanor] on Cousins River is in 1666 when John Cousins as the constable of Wescustogo, complained of Eleanor Redding for abusing her neighbor Ann Lane...”⁸

Isaac Cousins₂

Isaac Cousins (John Cousins₁), an expert gunsmith and locksmith, emigrated in 1647 from Marlborough, Wiltshire County, England, according to *Passenger and Immigration Lists Index, 1500s-1900s*.

“His ability at his trade is several times commended and he seems to have been a man of education, writing a firm clear hand, an accomplishment which his wife, Elizabeth Cousins, shared, but a wandering spirit and a fatal propensity for litigation makes the sum of his career in New England a sad record of continuous failure.”

He moved frequently and did not put down roots anywhere, living in Rowley, Massachusetts Bay, in 1647; in Boston and Dorchester, Mass.; in New London, Conn., in 1651; in Haverhill, Mass., about 1651 to 1656; in Ipswich, Mass., in 1656; in Portsmouth, N.H., where he was received as a tradesman, in 1659; and he had a connection with North Yarmouth, Maine, in 1678.

The Pioneers of Massachusetts (1620 to

1650) lists: “Cousins, Isaac, locksmith, Rowley, witness in court 1649; with wife Elizabeth sold land in Rowley, Feb. 1651. With wife Ann sold land in Haverhill, 4 Jan. 1657. Rem. to Boston. Sold land at Ipswich Feb. 1656; ch. Sarah b. 31 Aug. 1656. Wife Elizabeth d. 14 (10) 1656. He m. in 1657 Ann Hunt, formerly wife of John Edwards. Rebecca, of Isaac, and R.C. b. April 2, 1660.”

In 1851 the town of Haverhill, Mass., was “destitute of a sawmill,” so on Dec. 1, 1851, it was “voted and agreed upon by the inhabitants, that there should be a saw-mill set up by Isaac Cousins, and such others of this town as shall join with him,” according to *The History of Haverhill, Massachusetts: From its first settlement, in 1640, to the year 1860*.

He was warned out of Dorchester, Mass., (a method of getting rid of undesirables and dissenters) in 1691, “having a long time bin an inhabitant of Boston and now being aged.”

In 1696, in seeking to enter a lawsuit without fees, he states that he is “an ancient inhabitant of this country...fallen much into decay and waxen soe poore.” This suit he filed against Richard Priest of Boston in 1696 for withholding household goods in the house where Isaac Cousins and Martha, his late wife, had lived. Isaac Cousins eventually died in the Boston poorhouse July 23, 1702.⁹

Isaac Cousins married three times. His first marriage was to an Elizabeth about 1646 in England. After her death in 1656, the children were placed in the care of her relatives in Charlestown, Mass., and Wells, Maine. Isaac Cousins then married Ann Hunt in July 1657 in Boston and married Martha Stanbury Priest in 1677 in Boston. Isaac’s son, Isaac Cousins Jr., was killed by Indians Dec. 6, 1675, “after there had been some overtures of peace betwixt Major Waldern and the Indians.”

Locksmith Isaac Cousins₂ Family Tree

Isaac Cousins₂

b. about 1613, Marlborough, Wiltshire, England. Christened, Marlborough, Wiltshire, England. d. July 23, 1702, Boston, Suffolk, Mass.

m. 1. Elizabeth (), (b. about 1625 – d. Oct. 14, 1656, Boston, Mass.), m. about 1646, England.

1. Elizabeth Cousins₃ b. about 1647, Rowley, Mass. d. 1693.

m. John Barrett (b. Wells, York, Maine, son of John and Mary Barrett – d. 1693, Wells, Maine), m. June 6, 1664, Charlestown, Mass.

1. Elizabeth Barrett₄

m. 1. Nathan Littlefield.

1. Leah Littlefield₅

m. 2. James Denmark, April 1, 1694.

1. Lydia Denmark₅ 2. Mary Denmark₅ 3. Elizabeth Denmark₅

2. Thomas Cousins₃ b. 1649, Rowley, Mass. d. May 18, 1690, Wells, Maine.

3. Isaac Cousins₃ b. 1651, Wells, York, Maine. d. Dec. 9, 1675, Wells, York, Maine, killed by Indians.

m. Susanna Mills (b. 1651, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Wadleigh) Mills – d. after 1672, Exeter, Rockingham, N.H.)

4. Jacob Cousins₃ b. Sept. 12, 1652, Haverhill, Mass.

5. Abraham Cousins₃ b. about 1653. d. Feb. 28, 1728.

m. Mary Eames (daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Eames), m. Nov. 19, 1684, Woburn, Mass.

1. Abraham Cousins₄ 2. Isaac Cousins₄ 3. Jacob Cousins₄ 4. Joseph Cousins₄ 5. Mary Cousins₄

6. Sarah Cousins₃ b. Aug. 31, 1656, Boston, Mass. d. Boston, Mass.

m. 2. Ann (Hunt) Edwards (b. about 1615, Boston, Mass., --d. 1660. She was widow of John Edwards.), m. July, 1657, Boston, Mass.

1. Rebecca Cousins₃ b. April 2, 1660, Boston, Mass.

m. 3. Martha Stanbury Priest (b. about 1617), m. 1677, Boston, Essex, Mass.

Thomas Cousins₃

Isaac Cousins' son Thomas Cousins (Isaac₂, John Cousins₁), who was born in Rowley, Mass., in 1649, was living in Wells, Maine, by at least 1666. According to the *Early Records of Maine*, "Thomas doubtless lived his boyhood with his sister Elizabeth Barrett in Wells. He took an oath of fidelity July 7, 1670.

"In 1675 he served in King Phillip's War and was accused (and acquitted) of perjury for his evidence at Scottow's trial for not sending aid from the Black Point garrison to hard-pressed soldiers. He was convicted of 'presumptuous and reproachful expressions' against the captain, doubtless for the purpose of satisfying that important personage whose conduct during the critical days of 1675 and 1676 was subject to severe criticism."¹⁰

In 1684, Thomas Cousins received a grant of 100 acres west of the river that forms the boundary between Wells and Kennebunk, southeast of the post road, which was obtained from the town of Wells, Maine.

Thomas Cousins was driven away with other settlers by Indians in 1690 and might have been slain during the warfare as the Family Data Collection and Millennium File have him dying in 1690, and his farm was in the possession of his children in 1717.

Thomas Cousins' brother Abraham Cousins was a corporal in King Philip's War, serving under Major Willard in the company that marched to the relief of Brookfield in 1675, and served under Capt. Joseph Sill in 1676.

Ichabod Cousins₄

Ichabod Cousins (Thomas₃, Isaac₂, John Cousins₁), who was born about 1688, married Ruth Cole on July 26, 1714. Ruth's parents, Thomas and Abigail Cole, had been killed by Indians on June 4, 1696, while traveling between York and Wells, Maine. E. E. Bourne recounted the event:

"But during the next year (1696)...Thomas Cole and his wife Abigail, and two other men and their wives, who had been on a visit to York, on their return were waylaid by them [Indians]. Cole and his wife were shot dead...Cole was the son of Nichols Cole. We presume that he left no descendants. He had twins, but they died in infancy."¹¹

Ichabod and Ruth Cousins, however, inherited the property for Daniel Remich describes dealings with the property:

"1717. October 13. Laid out for Ichabod Cousins, under grant to his father, Thomas Cousins, 100 acres on southwest side of, bounded by Mousam path, Nicholas Cole." And then, "1734. Laid out for Richard Stimpson and Ichabod Cousins, heirs of Thomas Cole, under grant to said Cole (1693), one hundred acres..."

And finally, "Nicholas Cole's grant, next below that of Edmund Littlefield, was conveyed by Ichabod Cousins and his wife Ruth (Cole) Cousins, to Storer, May 10, 1745, 'containing one hundred acres of upland, made to our grandfather, Nicholas Cole, May 7, 1681, by the town of Wells.'"¹²

In a deposition dated July 6, 1714, Ichabod



Florence Theo (Murch) Reynolds

Cousins stated he had known of the Joseph Littlefield farm ever since he could remember. He purchased the shares of his sisters and nephew and nieces in his father's farm in Wells, Maine, in 1717 and 1726; and the town confirmed his title in the right of his father.

At one point during the Indian warfare on the coast, Ichabod Cousins' house was surrounded by flankers.

In 1745, Ichabod Cousins moved from Wells to Kennebunk, Maine.

Ichabod Cousins, his sons, and a grandson all proudly served in the military.

Ichabod Cousins served as a sentinel in Capt. James Grant's company of volunteers from June 25 to August 4, 1725. He participated in the siege at Louisburg, in which he served as a sergeant in Col. John Storer's company; and "he was a soldier in the old French war (1755) and died with the smallpox contracted while in the service."¹³

Ichabod Cousins' son Benjamin was a member of the expedition sent to the

defense of Annapolis, Md., in 1746, and was shipwrecked on Mount Desert Island.

Ichabod's son Samuel Cousins was possibly the early pioneer of Sedgwick, Maine. Samuel Cousins was a member of Capt. Nathaniel Fales' company from June 23 to Sept. 23, 1779, as part of the Penobscot Expedition in the Revolutionary War.

Ichabod's son Elisha Cousins was a sergeant in Capt. Daniel Sullivan's company in the Penobscot Expedition.

Samuel's son, Samuel Cousins II, was in the Revolutionary War also, a private in the Continental Army, Massachusetts line, 10th regiment, under Col. Eben Francis from Feb. 17, 1777, to 1780.

And Ichabod's son Nathaniel Cousins was a major in the Revolutionary War. He is listed with the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution No. 105237.¹⁴

In her will, Ichabod Cousins' widow, Ruth (Cole) Cousins, mentioned her sons Ichabod, Thomas, Benjamin, Samuel, Joseph, Elisha and Nathaniel, and her daughter Ruth Wakefield.

Thomas Cousins₃ Family Tree

- Thomas Cousins₃ b. 1649, Rowley, Mass. d. May 18, 1690, Wells, Maine.
 m. Hannah Goodale (b. 1650, Wells, York, Maine, daughter of Isaac and Patience (Cook) Goodale-- d. 1702), about 1675, Wells, York, Maine.
1. John Cousins₄ b. 1678, Wells, York, Maine d. 1715., Wells, York, Maine.
 m. Abigail Cloyes (daughter of John and Mary (Mills) Cloyes), April 6, 1704.
 1. John Cousins₅ 2. Abigail Cousins₅ 3. Mary Cousins₅
 2. Elizabeth Cousins₄ b. 28 July 1679, Wells, Maine. d. 27 July 1747, Wells, Maine.
 m. 1. () Barrett.
 m. 2. Zachariah Goodale (b. May 15, 1675, Salem, Mass.,) m. May 22, 1700.
 3. Hannah Cousins₄ b. 1682, Wells, Maine. d. 24 Oct. 1742
 m. George Jacobs Jr. (b. Sept. 29, 1677, Salem, Mass., son of George and Rebecca (Frost) Jacobs), Dec. 16, 1701.
 1. Lydia Jacobs₅ 2. Hannah Jacobs₅ 3. Samuel Jacobs₅ 4. Jonathan Jacobs₅
 5. Elizabeth Jacobs₅ 6. Priscilla Jacobs₅ 7. George Jacobs₅ 8. Benjamin Jacobs₅
 9. John Jacobs₅
 4. Ichabod Cousins₄ b. 1688, Wells, Maine; d. April 3, 1764, Wells, Maine.
 m. Ruth Cole (b. Nov. 15, 1694, daughter of Thomas and Abigail (Wormwood) Cole—d. Nov. 23, 1768, Wells, Maine), m. July 26, 1714.
 5. Isaac Clousins₄ b. 1690, Wells, Maine.
 6. Abigail Cousins₄ b. 1709, Wells, Maine.

Ichabod Cousins₄ Family Tree

Ichabod Cousins₄

b. 1688, Wells, Maine.

d. April 3, 1764, Wells, Maine

m. Ruth Cole (b. Nov. 15, 1694, daughter of Thomas and Abigail Cole—d. before Nov. 23, 1768, Wells, Maine), m. July 26, 1714.

1. Catherine Cousins₅

b. June 26, 1715, Wells, Maine d. August 1740, Wells, Maine

m. 1. John Wormwood₉ (b. 1715, Wells, Maine)

m. 2. Richard Kimball [b. Maech 25, 1707, Wells, Maine, son of Caleb and Susannah (Cloyes) Kimball]—d. 1781, Wells, Maine), m. 1733.

2. Thomas Cousins₅

b. Sept. 26, 1717. Wells, Maine, baptized May 18, 1718, Wells, Maine. d. 1750, Wells, Maine.

m. 1. Anne Goodwin of Berwick, Oct. 9, 1740.

m. 2. Abigail Wormwood, Dec. 16, 1742.

3. Ichabod Cousins₅

b. Nov. 10, 1719. baptized June 5, 1720, Wells, Maine. d. April 29, 1772.

4. John Cousins₅

b. Nov. 16, 1722. baptized Dec. 3, 1722, Wells, Maine.

m. Sarah Davis, 1759.

5. Benjamin Cousins₅

b. Sept. 28, 1724. baptized Oct. 4, 1724, Wells, Maine. d. 1747, Mount Desert Island, Maine.

m. Hannah Stimson of Biddeford.

6. Samuel Cousins₅

b. May. 29, 1726, Kennebunk, Maine. baptized May 14, 1727, Wells, Maine.

d. Jan. 7, 1808, Arundal, Maine.

m. 1. Susanna Watson (daughter of Shadrack and Mary (Kimball) Watson of Arundal), 1757.

m. 2. Abigail Deering., 1770.

7. Joseph Cousins₅

b. Sept 2, 1728.

m. Hannah Edgecomb of Biddeford (daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Fletcher) Edgecomb), June 28, 1754.

8. Ruth Cousins₅

b. Oct. 19, 1731, Wells, Maine. . baptized Nov. 28, 1731, Wells, Maine.

d. August 1796, Wells, Maine.

m. John Wakefield Jr. (son of John and Elizabeth (Durrell) Wakefield), Oct. 8, 1748.

9. Elisha Cousins₅

b. Nov. 20, 1735, Wells, Maine. baptized July 11, 1736, Wells, Maine.

d. Jan 18, 1816, Hull's Cove, Maine.

m. Bathsheba Hamor, (b. March 1, 1742, Sheepscot, Maine, daughter of John and Sarah (Huff) Hamor, -- d, March 23, 1830, Hull's Cove, Maine), m. Dec. 3, 1758.

10. Nathaniel Cousins₅

b. Dec. 24, 1739, Wells, Maine. baptized July 5, 1741, Wells, Maine.

d. Aug. 13, 1832, Wells, Maine.

m. Catherine Lassell (daughter of Joshua and Elizabeth (Brown) Lassell—d. 1836), Dec. 24, 1763.

1. Nathaniel Cousins Jr.₆

2. Joshua Cousins₆

3. Ruth Cousins₆

4. Catherine Cousins₆

5. Abner Cousins₆

6. Susanna Cousins₆

7. Olive Cousins₆

8. Mary Cousins₆

Elisha Cousins₅

Elisha Cousins (Ichabod₄, Thomas₃, Isaac₂, John Cousins₁), who was born in Wells, Maine, went to the adjoining town of Arundel (now Kennebunkport), Maine, when he was about 20 years old. There he became acquainted with the Hamor family. Bathsheba Hamor was then 13 years old. Elisha Cousins married her three and a half years later, Dec. 3, 1758, when she was 16½ and he was 23. They lived in Kennebunkport for ten years before moving to Harpswell, Maine. They probably lived on Cousins' Point near Turbat's Creek.

John Hamor II, Bathsheba's brother, married Mary Rodick, a sister of Daniel Rodick, at Kennebunkport and had five children. Their oldest boy, David, was 11 years old when, in 1768, John Hamor II took his family in a little vessel to Hulls Cove, Maine, on Mount Desert Island, and built a house. John Hamor was the first settler on the Frenchman's Bay side of the island.

The next spring or summer he started his vessel for his original home, Kennebunkport, and never was seen again. His wife was left with five children. We don't know how many long days, weeks, or months she looked in vain for her husband's return. One day a vessel came with John Hamor II's two sisters, Bathsheba and Betty, and their husbands Elisha Cousins and Daniel Rodick, and their children.

Daniel Rodick settled on Bar Island, and Elisha Cousins in 1769 became the second family to settle in Hulls Cove. John Hamor's widow brought up the five children and lived until May 31, 1814, when she was killed by an accident. What part her brother-in-law, Elisha Cousins, had in helping her we do not know.

Elisha Cousins worked as a blacksmith.

During the Revolutionary War, Elisha Cousins served as a sergeant from July 28 to Sept. 28, 1779, in Capt. Daniel Sullivan's company of volunteers. This company served as part of the Penobscot Expedition against Majorbagaduce (Castine, Maine).

Elisha Cousins was a very prominent and

influential citizen and took a very active part in the public business of the plantation and town of Mount Desert and also of Eden after its incorporation. He held many responsible offices in each town. Elisha Cousins was a moderator, town clerk, selectman, committee member, and a surveyor of boards in Eden (Bar Harbor), Maine.

At a meeting of the town of Mount Desert on April 7, 1794, the following vote was passed: "Voted that Mr. Elisha Cousins go to the General Court and git the towns Land Confirmed to the Town."

In the records of an adjourned town meeting of Mount Desert on April 6, 1795: "Mr. Elisha Cousins protests against the Precedings of the aforesaid meeting."

At the annual town meeting of Eden April 24, 1796, Elisha Cousins was chosen moderator and chairman of the Board of Selectmen.

Elisha Cousins Jr.₆

Elisha Cousins Jr. (Elisha₅, Ichabod₄, Thomas₃, Isaac₂, John Cousins₁) and his son Nahum Cousins had a blacksmith shop on the road to Eden about a mile from the "Narrows" after his mother's death in 1830.

In 1836 he had sold his father's house and land at Hulls Cove and acquired another with a lot of mixed land and salt marsh on the "Western Bay." He was then about 60 to 63 years old and had spent a considerable part of his life in the care of old people. His sons Joseph, Charles, Zacheus and Samuel Cousins all had gone to sea. Joseph and Zacheus were sea captains.

In 1799, Elisha Cousins Jr. had married Thankful (Hopkins) Wasgatt, a daughter of Joseph and Mary (Higgins) Hopkins, each of whom were descended from individuals who had arrived at Plymouth Colony aboard the *Mayflower*.

Elisha and Thankful Cousins were admitted to the First Church, Mount Desert, in 1823.

Mary Cousins (Elisha Jr.₆, Elisha₅, Ichabod₄, Thomas₃, Isaac₂, John Cousins₁), daughter of Elisha Cousins Jr., married Giles Hayes and then Noah Murch Jr. of Trenton. Noah and Mary Murch

had two sons, Lewis and Elisha Murch. Elisha Murch was the grandfather of Florence Theo Murch, the grandmother of Mary (Hodgkins) Banfield.

Captain Joseph Cousins, eldest son of Elisha Cousins Jr., married Sarah Anderson in 1830. He built a house for his bride on the road just above his father's home. His wife did not like this location, so he hauled the house by ox team down to the low water mark. When the tide came in, he floated the house across the bay and hauled it about a half mile up

the road next to the home of his sister Mary (Cousins) Murch. After a short stay here, he removed to Long Island Plantation. Following his wife's death, he took the boys on his fishing vessel where they practically grew up. Later in life he settled on Deer Isle, Maine.

W.E. Cousins, a grandson to Joseph Cousins, however, believes it is a mistake to say that his grandfather came to Deer Isle—unless possibly for a brief sojourn—but spent his last days on outer Long Island, just east of Swans Island, and thinks he died there and possibly is buried there.

Elisha Cousins₅ and Elisha Cousins Jr.₆ Tree

Elisha Cousins₅

b. Nov. 20, 1735, Wells, Maine. baptized July 11, 1736, Wells, Maine.

d. Jan 18, 1816, Hulls Cove, Maine.

m. Bathsbeba Hamor, (b. March 1, 1742, Sheepscot, Maine, daughter of John and Sarah (Huff) Hamor, -- d, March 23, 1830, Hulls Cove, Maine), m. Dec. 3, 1758.

1. (daughter) Cousins₆ b. and d. Dec. 24, 1759.

2. Ruth Cousins₆

b. Feb. 1, 1761, Arundel, Maine.

d. Jan. 18, 1816, Hulls Cove, Maine.

m. Joseph Bunker (son of John and Abigail Ruth (Young) Bunker), about 1783, Settled on Cranberry Island.

1. Beniah Bunker₇ 2. Ruth Bunker₇ 3. Elisha Bunker₇ 4. Thomas Bunker₇ 5. Eunice Bunker₇
6. Joseph Bunker₇ 7. Priscilla Bunker₇ 8. John Bunker₇ 9. Silas Bunker₇

3. John Cousins₆

b. March 21, 1764, Arundel, Maine.

m. 1. Hannah Dyer, 1786.

1. Mary Cousins₇ 2. Reuben Cousins₇ 3. Bathsbeba Cousins₇ 4. Jerusha Cousins₇ 5. John H. Cousins₇
6. Joseph Cousins₇ 7. Elisha Cousins₇

m. 2. Mercy Higgins (b. Dec. 23, 1775, daughter of Levi and Bathsbeba (Young) Higgins—d. June 7, 1821), m. June 24, 1804, Hulls Cove, Maine.

1. Levi Cousins₇ 2. Mary Ann Cousins₇ 3. Nehemiah Cousins₇ 4. Eunice Cousins₇ 5. Irene Cousins₇

m. 3. Eliza Manchester, 1795.

1. Thomas Manchester Cousins₇ 2. Edward Williamson Cousins₇

4. Ephraim Cousins₆

b. Aug. 1, 1766, Arundel, Maine.

d. Aug. 18, 1766, Arundel, Maine.

5. Bathsbeba Cousins₆

b. May 27, 1768, Harpswell, Maine.

d. Sept. 17, 1840, Athens, Ohio.

m. Robert Young (b. Oct. 19, 1733, Eastham, Mass., --March 15, 1812, Eden, Maine), m. April 4, 1788, Mount Desert, Maine.

1. Ephraim Young₇ 2. Elisha Young₇ 3. Abigail Young₇ 4. John Young₇ 5. Hannah Young₇
6. Prudence Young₇ 7. Joseph C. Young₇ 8. Jonathan Young₇ 9. Abigail Young₇ 10. Loraina Young₇
11. Naome Young₇

6. Sara Cousins.₆

b. Sept. 24, 1770, Hulls Cove, Maine.

d. June 30, 1822, Bar Harbor, Maine.

m. Daniel Richardson, (b. Aug. 22, 1756, Gloucester, Mass. -- Jan. 12, 1839, Bar Harbor, Maine), m. Nov. 4, 1784, Mount Desert, Maine.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Sara Richardson ₇ | 2. Daniel Richardson ₇ | 3. Abraham Richardson ₇ | 4. Isaac Richardson ₇ |
| 5. Ruth Richardson ₇ | 6. James Richardson ₇ | 7. Bathsheba Richardson ₇ | 8. Rachel Richardson ₇ |
| 9. Elisha Richardson ₇ | 10. Ebenezer Richardson ₇ | 11. Amos Richardson ₇ | 12. Leonard Richardson ₇ |
| 13. Nicholas Richardson ₇ | 14. Nahum Richardson ₇ | | |

7. Elisha Cousins Jr.₆

b. May 23, 1773, Hulls Cove, Maine.

d. Sept. 25, 1850., Eden, Maine.

m. Thankful (Hopkins) Wasgatt (b. July 28, 1772, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Higgins) Hopkins—d. Jan. 23, 1852), m. 1799.

1. Mary Cousins.₇

b. Oct. 11, 1799, Hulls Cove, Maine.

d. 1870

m. 1. Giles Hayes. (b. 1794), m. 1822.

m. 2. Noah Murch Jr., Oak Point, Trenton, Maine (b. 1800 -- d. 1865), m. 1827.

*(See Noah Murch Jr.
in Murch section)*

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| 1. Giles H. Murch ₈ | b. 1827 | d. 1850. |
| 2. Susan A. Murch ₈ | b. 1832 | d. 1850 |
| 3. Elenor Murch ₈ | b. 1834 | d. 1850 |
| 4. Lewis Marshall Murch ₈ | b. 1836 | d. 1903 |
| 2. Elisha C. Murch ₈ | b. 1838 | d. 1897 |

2. Capt. Joseph Cousins.₇

b. Dec. 22, 1801, Hulls Cove, Maine.

m. 1. Joanna (or Sarah) Anderson, Dec. 8, 1830.

1. Frank Cousins.₈ Mariner.
2. William Edmund Cousins.₈ Sea captain, moved to Georgia then Iowa.
3. Samuel Cousins.₈ Lost at sea.
4. Jacob Cousins.₈ Lost at sea.
5. Charles Cousins Cousins.₈

b. 1843, Oak Point, Trenton.

d. March 1908, Stonington. Burial. Woodlawn Cemetery.

m. 1. Elizabeth Ann Robbins Stinson (b. 1844, Otis and Martha (Dow) Stinson--d. 1876, Green's Landing, Stonington, Maine), May 12, 1870

m. 2. Melissa Elwood (Colby) Davis Holden (b. May 27, 1844, Webb's Cove, Stonington, Maine, daughter of Oliver Lane Colby and Abigail Knowlton—d. Oct. 13, 1920, Stonington, Maine), Dec. 17, 1876.

6. Joanna Cousins.₈

m. 2. Mrs. Lydia Smith.

m. 3. Hannah Walls

1. Almy Cousins.₈
2. Laura Cousins.₈

3. Charles Cousins.₇

b. Dec. 17, 1804, Hulls Cove, Maine.

m. Hannah Staples. Residence: Lubec, Maine.

4. Hannah Cousins.₇
 - b. Feb. 7, 1806, Hulls Cove, Maine.
 - m. Eben Phippin.
 1. Samuel Phippin.₈
 2. Charles Phippin.₈
 3. Emaline Phippin.₈

5. Naham Cousins.₇
 - b. Jan. 30, 1808, Hulls Cove, Maine.
 - d. March 7, 1869.
 - m. 1. Harriet Calwell (d. June 17, 1861).
 1. Herbert Cousins.₈
 2. Wellington Cousins.₈
 3. Helen Cousins.₈

 - m. 2. Julia Bartlett.

6. Aseneth Cousins.₇
 - b. Aug. 6, 1810, Hulls Cove, Maine.
 - d. March 15, 1830, Hulls Cove, Maine.

7. Capt. Zacheus Cousins.₇
 - b. Oct. 6, 1812, Hulls Cove, Maine.
 - d. July 18, 1854, Philadelphia, Pa.
 - m. Eunice Doane Atwood (b. Dec. 9, 1815, Orrington, Maine – d. Nov. 18, 1872), May 22, 1843.
 1. Otis E. Cousins.₈
 2. Maria Louise Cousins.₈

8. Samuel Higgins Cousins.₇
 - b. April 22, 1816, Hulls Cove, Maine.
 - d. Feb. 13, 1900.
 - m. Martha Ann Atwood (b. Nov. 10, 1823, Hampden, Maine—d. Feb. 14, 1896)
 1. Howard L. Cousins.₈

8. Ephraim Cousins.₆
 - b. Dec. 11, 1775.
 - m. Louise Salisbury, Feb. 23, 1797.
 1. Ephraim Cousins Jr.₇
 2. William Cousins.₇
 3. Reuben Cousins.₇
 4. Maria Cousins.₇
 5. Susan Cousins.₇
 6. Sarah Cousins.₇
 7. () Cousins.₇

9. (son) Cousins.₆
 - b. and d. Dec. 6, 1778.

10. Joseph Cousins.₆
 - b. Nov. 24, 1779.
 - m. Mary Cousins (daughter of George and () Cousins), March 22, 1812.
 1. Nathaniel Cousins.₇
 2. Mary Cousins.₇

11. Joanna Cousins.₆
 - b. Dec. 10, 1783.
 - m. Moses Wasgatt (son of Thomas and Eunice Wasgatt).

Cousins' *Mayflower* Links

Thankful Hopkins, who married Elisha Cousins Jr. in 1799, was the daughter of Joseph and Mary (Higgins) Hopkins.

Joseph Hopkins was a descendant of Stephen Hopkins, who had sailed aboard the *Mayflower* in 1620 from England to the Plymouth Colony with his wife, Elizabeth (Fisher) Hopkins, and three children, Constance, Giles, and Damaris Hopkins. A fourth child, a son Oceanus, was born at sea.

Joseph Hopkins also was a descendant of Thomas Rogers and his son, Joseph Rogers, who had come to the Plymouth Colony in Massachusetts aboard the *Mayflower*.

Mary (Higgins) Hopkins was a descendant of Elder William Brewster, one of the leaders of the Plymouth Colony who had arrived aboard the *Mayflower*. He arrived with his wife, Mary Brewster.

Therefore the line of *Mayflower* descendants continued through Thankful (Hopkins) Cousins to her daughter, Mary Cousins, who wed Noah Murch Jr. and was the great-grandmother of Florence Theo Murch, and then to Theo Murch's granddaughter, Mary (Hodgkins) Banfield.

Stephen Hopkins' Line

"Stephen Hopkins was born during the reign of Queen Elizabeth I and came of age as England was experiencing great economic growth, increased overseas exploration, and a renaissance in the arts," Kate L. McCarter writes in *Stephen Hopkins of the Mayflower* (www.mccarterfamily.com). "Stephen was among the new class of Englishmen who left the countryside for London to become merchants, seamen, or settlers in the New World, but his adventuresome nature would eventually put him in a class by himself."

Sailing to the Jamestown Colony in Virginia, Stephen Hopkins was shipwrecked, led a mutiny, and eventually reached the

Jamestown settlement, where he became experienced in dealings with Native Americans. Later, back in England, opportunity to visit North America arose again. A group of Separatists were going to the New World to establish a community free of religious ties to the Church of England. To increase their numbers, they recruited some with more economic than religious opportunities. Thus Stephen Hopkins signed on as a "Stranger," as opposed to the "Saints," and with his family made the voyage on the *Mayflower* in 1620.

In *Hopkins of the Mayflower* (New York: Farrar, Straus & Giroux, 1972), Margaret Hodges writes, "Adventurers like Stephen broke the chains that bound Englishmen to a fixed and unalterable state of life in a fixed and unalterable society. In their ships they carried . . . ideas, planting the seeds of economic, social, and ethical thought that are with us yet."

"The July 1644 death of Stephen Hopkins was a rather anticlimactic end indeed," wrote Caleb Johnson in by far the most thorough and authoritative work on Stephen Hopkins, *Here Shall I Die Ashore* (Xlibris, 2007).

"Here was a man who had survived endless days of a hurricane onboard a sinking ship; was shipwrecked and marooned for nine months in Bermuda; lived for several years at Jamestown, witnessing everything from the greatest famine there to the marriage of Pocahontas; he had lived in Elizabethan and Jacobean England, walked on London Bridge, got his persona written into a Shakespearean play, and had invested in a bizarrely-organized joint-stock company founded by a bunch of religious Separatists that fled to Holland.

"He sailed on the *Mayflower*, was attacked by Nauset, explored Cape Cod, and helped found and build Plymouth. He made missions to visit Massasoit, participated in the legendary Thanksgiving, lodged the famous Samoset and Squanto in his own house, was neighbors to Hobomok, and was a high-ranking member



Artist's Rendering of the Mayflower

of the governor's council for many years. And when he died--he bequeathed his cows Motley, Curled, Sympkins, White-face, Broad-horn, and Red, to his four daughters."

Stephen Hopkins was born in Hampshire, England, about 1581, son of John and Elizabeth (Williams) Hopkins, and was baptized April 30, 1681, at All Saints Church in Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.

He married his first wife, Mary, in the parish of Hursley, Hampshire, England, about 1602. They had three children: Elizabeth, Constance, and Giles Hopkins.

Hankering for adventure, Stephen Hopkins set off for Jamestown, Virginia, as a minister's clerk in 1609 aboard the *Sea Venture*. The vessel, however, was wrecked by a hurricane off the "Isle of Devils" in the Bermudas, stranding for nine months the 150 passengers and crew, who survived on sea turtles, birds, shellfish, and wild hogs.

Eventually, Stephen Hopkins, after about six months, began to challenge the authority of the governor, and Hopkins and several

others organized a mutiny. The mutiny was discovered and Stephen Hopkins was sentenced to death. However, Stephen Hopkins pleaded with sorrow and tears. Fellow passenger William Strachey wrote: "So penitent he was, and made so much moan, alleging the ruin of his wife and children in this his trespass, as it wrought in the hearts of all the better sorts of the company." Thus he managed to get the governor to commute his sentence.

Interestingly, Caleb Johnson in "The True Origin of Stephen Hopkins of the *Mayflower*," (*The American Genealogist*, Vol. 73, No. 3, July 1998), mentions that Strachey's account of the shipwreck came into the hands of William Shakespeare, partly inspiring his play *The Tempest*, which relates the story of a shipwrecked group stranded on an enchanted island. The play was first performed in 1611. A side plot includes a drunken and mutinous butler, whom Shakespeare named Stephano.

The *Sea Venture* castaways eventually managed to work together to complete the construction of two ships from the shattered

hull of the *Sea Venture* and native cedar on the island. On May 10, 1610, the passengers and crew boarded the newly built *Deliverance* and *Patience* to set out for Virginia. They arrived in Jamestown on May 24, 1610, almost a full year after they had left England. It is not known how long Stephen Hopkins remained in Jamestown, but his wife Mary died in his absence. She was buried in Hursley, Hampshire, England, May 9, 1613. Stephen Hopkins apparently thought dead, her probate will only mentions her children Elizabeth, Constance and Giles.

Stephen Hopkins, who had returned to England by 1617 and wed Elizabeth Fisher at St. Mary Whitechapel, Middlesex, England, apparently had every intention of returning with his family to Virginia.

Instead, Stephen Hopkins sailed from Plymouth, England, on Sept. 6, 1620, aboard the *Mayflower* with his second wife, his children Constance and Giles from his first marriage, and his daughter Damaris from his second marriage, to the Plymouth Colony in Massachusetts. A son, Oceanus Hopkins, was born during the voyage. Two male servants, Edward Doty and Edward Leister, also were part of the Hopkins party.

The importance of Stephen Hopkins in the Plymouth Colony is evidenced by the following excerpt from *Mayflower Families Through Five Generations* by John D. Austin (General Society of Mayflower Descendants, 2001, vol. 6, pp. 2-3:

“Stephen was among the men signing the Mayflower Compact in the cabin. He was one of three men designated to provide counsel and advice to Captain Myles Standish on the first land expedition of the Pilgrims in the New World. During the third day out, the company chanced upon an Indian deer trap, and Stephen was able to explain its function and danger to his fellows.

“In February of 1620/21, when Indians appeared on a neighboring hilltop, Captain Standish took Stephen Hopkins with him to negotiate with the savages. Thereafter, Stephen was invariably deputized to meet

the Indians and act as an interpreter. In July of 1621 he served as envoy to friendly Chief Massasoit, and he made a friend for the colonists of Samoset, another Indian whom Stephen entertained in his home.”

Incidentally, Samoset was a Sagamore from Monhegan Island off the coast of Maine. Over dinner, Samoset explained to Stephen Hopkins that he had learned their language from the Englishmen who crossed the North Atlantic each year to fish for cod. He had heard about the pilgrim's arrival and traveled south to meet them.

Samoset introduced Hopkins to Squanto, one of several Native Americans who had been kidnapped in 1614 by Capt. Thomas Hunt and sold into slavery in Malaga, Spain. He was rescued from slavery by friars, who somehow got Squanto on a ship to England, where he lived with the treasurer of the Newfoundland Company. Squanto was sent to Newfoundland, where he met a captain, Thomas Dermer, who recommended to Sir Ferdinando Gorges, Plymouth Company founder and president for the Council of New England (who has been called the Father of Maine), that Squanto guide him on his exploration of New England.

Thus Squanto made his way back to his homeland. Squanto, whose adventures abroad had taught him a great deal about the ways of the Europeans, settled in with the Hopkins family and became the colony's agent in their interaction with the local tribes. His arrival paved the way for a visit by Woosamequin, “Yellow Feather,” also known as Massasoit, the great chief of the Wampanoag.

Massasiot indicated the Wampanoag had powerful enemies in the Narragansetts, and wanted the Englishmen as allies. Being so few in number, the colonists also needed allies, so the two signed a peace treaty stating that they would come to each other's aid in the event of attack from outsiders. The peace agreement made in the Hopkins home that day would stand for more than fifty years.

“Despite the mortality caused by tribulations of the first Pilgrim winter in

New England,” Austin writes, “Stephen Hopkins’ household of eight persons was one of only four households that escaped loss. However, Caleb Johnson in his 2007 book on Hopkins, *Here Shall I Die Ashore*, writes: “The Hopkins’ household appears to have lost two members during the first winter: toddler Damaris, and infant Oceanus.” Yet, Johnson in a genealogical appendix only says of both: “Died sometime before 1627, perhaps the first winter at Plymouth.”

“Stephen Hopkins was referred to as a merchant and planter and in Plymouth records, also as ‘Gentleman’ and ‘Master.’ He received a six-acre lot in the division of land in 1623, indicating five others in his household, and later had additional plots by grant or purchase. It is stated that he kept for his home throughout his life at Plymouth the lot on the easterly corner of Main and Leyden Streets that had been assigned to him upon arrival...

“Stephen Hopkins built and owned the first wharf in Plymouth Colony of which there is a record, selling it for £60 in July of 1637. He built a house at Yarmouth on Cape Cod but returned to Plymouth and gave the Yarmouth dwelling to son Giles, who remained there.”

Hopkins had one of the largest houses in the Plymouth settlement. It had the typical fenced garden, a barn, dairy, cowshed, and apple orchard. There was enough space to accommodate the five children who were born after 1622.

Caleb Johnson, author of the book, *Here Shall I Die Ashore*, said Stephen Hopkins served as an assistant to the governor and starting in 1632 served on the governor’s council, which handled civil disputes and cases that arose between the colony’s quarterly court sessions.

Stephen Hopkins also volunteered for the Pequot War of 1637 but was never called to serve.

“By the late 1630s, however, Stephen began to occasionally run afoul of the Plymouth authorities, as he apparently opened up a

shop and served alcohol,” writes Johnson on his website on Hopkins. “In 1636 he got into a fight with John Tisdale and seriously wounded him. In 1637, he was fined for allowing drinking and shuffleboard playing on Sunday. Early the next year he was fined for allowing people to drink excessively in his house: guest William Reynolds was fined, but the others were acquitted. In 1638 he was twice fined for selling beer at twice the actual value, and in 1639 he was fined for selling a looking glass for twice what it would cost if bought in the Bay Colony.”

In his article in *The American Genealogist*, Johnson writes that Stephen Hopkins died in 1644:

“Stephen Hopkins, ‘being weake.’ executed his will on 6 June 1644. He asked to be ‘buryed as neare as convenyently may be to my wyfe Deceased,’ and mentioned his son Giles; Giles’s son, Stephen; daughter Constanc[e] Snow, wife of Nicholas Snow; daughter Deborah Hopkins; daughter Damaris Hopkins; daughter Ruth; daughter Elizabeth; and Caleb Hopkins, ‘my sonn and heire apparent.’ The inventory was taken on 17 July 1644, and the will was proved on 20 August 1644.”

Giles Hopkins Line

Giles Hopkins (Stephen Hopkins,), the eldest son of Stephen Hopkins and his wife, Mary, arrived at the Plymouth Colony, Mass., aboard the *Mayflower* with his father. He formed one branch of the Stephen Hopkins family that flowed down to Thankful Hopkins with all male descendants. He was born about 1607.

He volunteered with his father and brother Caleb to go against Pequot Indians in 1637.

Giles Hopkins moved from Plymouth, Mass., to Yarmouth, Mass., where his father had built a house and pastured cattle. He apparently met Catherine Wheldon there and wed her Oct. 9, 1639, in Yarmouth. The Giles Hopkins family lived in this house in the extreme northwest of Yarmouth (now Yarmouthport, Mass.). It was the first house known to have been built by a white man on

Stephen Hopkins (Giles Hopkins Line)

John Hopkins

- m.1. Agnis Burrowe, Oct. 28, 1574, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.
 - 1. William Hopkins, baptized, June 15, 1575, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.
 - 2. Alice Hopkins, baptized, March 20, 1577/78, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.
- m.2. Elizabeth Williams, July 28, 1579, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.
 - 1. Stephen Hopkins, baptized, last of April, 1581, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.
 - d. June 5, 1644, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 2. Susanna Hopkins, baptized, June 24, 1584, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.

Stephen Hopkins, baptized, last of April, 1581, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.
d. June 5, 1644, Plymouth, Mass.

- m.1. Mary () m. before 1604. buried, May 9, 1613, Hursley, Hampshire, England.
 - 1. Elizabeth Hopkins, b. about 1604, Hursley, Hampshire, England.
 - 2. Constance Hopkins, b. about 1606, baptized 11 May, 1606, Hursley, Hampshire, England.
 - d. October 1677, Eastham, Mass,
 - m. Nicholas Snow (d. Nov. 15, 1676, Eastham, Mass.) m. by May 22, 1627, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 3. Giles Hopkins, b. about 1607, baptized Jan. 30, 1607/08, Hursley, Hampshire, England.

- m.2. Elizabeth Fisher, m. Feb. 19, 1618, St. Mary Matfellow, Whitechapel, Middlesex, England.
 - b. 1585, London, Middlesex, England. d. Feb. 4, 1639, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 1. Damaris Hopkins (F), b. about 1618, Hampshire, England. d. before 1627, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 2. Oceanus Hopkins (M), b. 1620, at sea aboard *Mayflower*. d. before 1627, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 3. Caleb Hopkins, b. about 1622, Plymouth, Mass. d. between 1644 and 1651 at sea near Barbados.
 - 4. Deborah Hopkins, b. about 1624, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 5. Damaris Hopkins (F), b. about 1627, Plymouth, Mass.
 - 6. Ruth Hopkins, b. about 1629, Plymouth, Mass. d. between 1644 and 1651.
 - 7. Elizabeth Hopkins, b. about 1631, Plymouth, Mass.

-
- Giles Hopkins, b. about 1607, Hursley, Hampshire, England. baptized Jan. 39, 1607/08.
d. between March 15, 1689, and April 16, 1690, Eastham, Mass.
m. Catherine Wheldon (daughter of Gabriel Wheldon of Malden and Yarmouth, Mass., --d. after
March 15, 1689) m. Oct. 9, 1639, Plymouth, Mass..
- 1. Mary Hopkins, b. November 1640, Yarmouth, Mass.
 - 2. Stephen Hopkins, b. September 1642, Yarmouth, Mass. m. Mary Merrick.
 - 3. John Hopkins, b. 1643, Yarmouth, Mass. d, 3 months old.
 - 4. Abigail Hopkins, b. October 1644, Yarmouth, Mass. m. William Merrick.
 - 5. Deborah Hopkins, b. June 1648, Eastham, Mass. m. Josiah Cooke.
 - 6. Caleb Hopkins, b. January 1650/51, Eastham, Mass. m.1. Mary Williams. m.2. Mary ().
 - 7. Ruth Hopkins, b. June 1653, Eastham, Mass. Possibly m. Samuel Mayo.
 - 8. Joshua Hopkins, b. June 1657, Eastham, Mass. m. Mary Cole.
 - 9. William Hopkins, b. Jan. 9, 1660.
 - 10. Elizabeth Hopkins, b. November 1664, Eastham, Mass. d. one month old.

Stephen Hopkins, b. Sept. 1642, Yarmouth, Mass. d. Oct. 10, 1718, Harwich, Mass.

- m.1. Mary Merrick [b. Nov. 4, 1650, Eastham, Mass., daughter of William and Rebecca (Tracy) Merrick], m. May 22 or 23, 1667, Plymouth or Eastham, Mass.
 - 1. Elizabeth Hopkins, b. last week of June, 1668, Eastham, Mass.
 - 2. Stephen Hopkins, b. middle of July 1670, Eastham, Mass.
 - 3. Ruth Hopkins, b. beginning of November 1674, Eastham, Mass.
 - 4. Judah Hopkins, b. middle of January 1677, Eastham, Mass.
 - 5. Samuel Hopkins, b. middle of March 1682, Eastham, Mass.
 - 6. Nathaniel Hopkins, b. middle of March 1684, Eastham, Mass.
 - 7. Joseph Hopkins, b. 1688, Eastham, Mass.
 - 8. Benjamin Hopkins, b. middle of February 1690, Eastham, Mass.
 - 9. Mary Hopkins, b. April 15, 1692, Eastham, Mass.
- m.2. Bethia Atkins (daughter of Robert and Peninah (Howes) Linnell --d, March 24 or 25, 1726), m. April 7 or 9, 1701, Eastham, Mass.

Add Giles Hopkins Line

Joseph Hopkins b. 1688, Eastham, Mass. d. April 24, 1771, Harwich, Mass.
m. Mary Mayo (b. Oct. 26, 1694, daughter of John and Hannah (Freeman) Mayo--
d. Jan. 15, 1771, Harwich, Mass.), m. April 17, 1712, Harwich, Mass.

1. Isaac Hopkins, b. March 10, 1712/13, Harwich, Mass.
2. Joseph Hopkins, b. May 10, 1715, Harwich, Mass.
3. Mary Hopkins, b. Dec. 15, 1716, Harwich, Mass.
4. Jonathan Hopkins, b. Feb. 12, 1719/20, Harwich, Mass.
5. Hannah Hopkins, b. Oct. 22, 1722, Harwich, Mass. d. before May 9, 1771, Harwich, Mass. m. Thomas Mirick, [son of Stephen and Deborah (Snow) Merrick], Oct. 8, 1741, Harwich, Mass.
6. Hathan Hopkins, b. Aug. 22, 1726. d. Aug. 28, 1726, 11 months old.
7. Prence Hopkins, b. July 8, 1729, Harwich, Mass. d. by July 7, 1731.
8. Prence Hopkins, b. July 7, 1731, Harwich, Mass.
9. Nathan Hopkins, b. Oct. 6, 1833, Harwich, Mass.
10. Elizabeth Hopkins, b. June 6, 1738, Harwich, Mass.

Isaac Hopkins b. March 10, 1712/13, Harwich, Mass. d. after May 2, 1774.
m.1. Thankful Smith, [daughter of Jonathan and Thankful (Paine) Smith], m. March 5, 1740/41, Eastham, Mass.

1. Solomon Hopkins, perhaps m. Thankful Young.
2. Priscilla Hopkins, b. Dec. 2, 1741, Harwich, Mass. m. Isaac Young.
3. Thankful Hopkins, b. Aug. 31, 1743, Harwich, Mass. m. Nathaniel Snow.
4. Susannah Hopkins, b. June 11, 1745 Harwich, Mass. m. Samuel Cole.
5. Jonathan Hopkins, b. June 11, 1747, Eastham, Mass. m.1. Sarah Taylor
m. 2. Lydia Young.
6. Joseph Hopkins, b. March 10, 1750, Eastham, Mass.
7. Isaac Hopkins, b. Oct. 25, 1752, Eastham, Mass. m.1. Sarah Hurd m. 2. Rhoda
8. Mary Hopkins, b. Orleans, Mass.
9. Nathan Hopkins, b. about 1758, Orleans, Mass. m. Desire Linnell.

m.2. Mrs. Elizabeth (Gould) Arey, [b. Jan. 6, 1719/20, Harwich, Mass., daughter of Nathaniel and Grace (Hurd) Gould -- d, 1797, Eastham, Mass.], m. Nov. 27, 1760, Eastham, Mass.

1. Anna Hopkins, b. July 2, 1762, Eastham, Mass. m. John Taylor.
2. James Hopkins, b. Nov. 12, 1764, Eastham, Mass.

Joseph Hopkins, b. March 10, 1750. d. April 8, 1809, Frenchmans Bay, Mount, Maine.
m.1. Mary Higgins (daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins), m. Jan. 12, 1770, Eastham, Mass.
Children: eleven. (including Thankful Hopkins, b. July 28, 1772.)

Thankful Hopkins, b. July 28, 1772, Eastham, Mass.
d. Jan. 23, 1852, Eden, Maine.

- m.1. William Wasgatt.
m. 2. Elisha Cousins Jr.

(See *Elisha Cousins Jr. Tree*)

Cape Cod below Sandwich, Mass. The house was in a field in the 1920s belonging to Capt. Charles Basset, about 75 yards northwest of a house occupied by Joseph Hale in the 1920s.

Giles Hopkins was conveyed 100 acres by his brother Caleb on Oct. 8, 1644, and shortly thereafter the family moved from Yarmouth to Nauset (Eastham), Mass., where they occupied a house on or near the spot in the 1920s occupied by the old Isaac Seabury house in that part of Eastham that today is Orleans, Mass.

Giles Hopkins took the oath of fidelity in Yarmouth, Mass., and he was a highway surveyor in both Yarmouth and Nauset (Eastham), Mass. He was a land grantee and a very large landholder.

He was successful in a defamation suit against William Leverich on Oct. 3, 1654, and served on juries in 1667 and 1668. His son Stephen Hopkins, born in September of 1642, was executor of his will, dated Jan. 19, 1682, and admitted to probate April 16, 1690.

Giles Hopkins' son, Stephen Hopkins (Giles₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), married Mary Merrick on May 23, 1867, in Eastham, Mass., and married secondly Bethiah Atkins on April 7, 1701, in Eastham. He died Oct. 10, 1718. He moved to Harwich, Mass., before 1701 and served to draw the town boundaries in 1703.

Three of Stephen Hopkins' sons married daughters of John and Hannah (Freeman) Mayo. Judah Hopkins married Hannah Mayo on April 14, 1702; Nathaniel Hopkins married Mercy Mayo on May 26, 1707; and Joseph Hopkins married Mary Mayo on April 17, 1712. Through their mother, Hannah (Freeman) Mayo, a daughter of Major John Freeman and Mercy (Prence) Freeman, they were linked to another genealogical line linked back to the *Mayflower*, that of Elder William Brewster.

Stephen's son, Joseph Hopkins (Stephen₃, Giles₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), was born in 1688 in Eastham, Mass. He died April 24, 1771, in Harwich, Mass. Joseph Hopkins' father-in-

law John Mayo passed his choice of pew in the Brewster Church to Joseph soon after March 1723. Joseph Hopkins and his wife were admitted to the church Oct. 11, 1724, and he was serving on church committees in 1763 and 1765.

Joseph's son, Isaac Hopkins (Joseph₄, Stephen₃, Giles₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), was born March 10, 1712/13, in Harwich, Mass., and died May 2, 1774. He married Thankful Smith, daughter of Jonathan and Thankful (Paine) Smith, March 5, 1740/41, in Eastham, Mass. She was descended from Pilgrim Thomas Rogers, and she was a third cousin once removed of her husband Isaac. She had died by 1760.

Isaac Hopkins secondly married Mrs. Elizabeth (Gould) Arey Nov. 27, 1760, in Eastham, Mass.

Joseph Hopkins (Isaac₅, Joseph₄, Stephen₃, Giles₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), a son of Isaac and Thankful (Smith) Hopkins, was born March 10, 1750. He married Mary Higgins, daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins on Jan. 12, 1770, in Eastham, Mass. The family moved to Mount Desert Island after the ninth of their eleven children was born (about 1788). Their daughter, Thankful Hopkins (Joseph₆, Isaac₅, Joseph₄, Stephen₃, Giles₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), was born in Eastham, Mass., July 28, 1772.

Constance Hopkins Line

Constance Hopkins (Stephen Hopkins₁) also arrived at the Plymouth Colony, Mass., aboard the *Mayflower* with her father and his second wife in 1620. She started a branch of the Stephen Hopkins family that flowed from her down to Thankful Hopkins through a mixture of female and male descendants.

Constance Hopkins, sometimes listed as Constanta, was born about 1606, a daughter of Stephen Hopkins' first wife, Mary. She was baptized May 11, 1606, in Hursley, Hampshire, England.

By May 22, 1627, Constance Hopkins had married Nicholas Snow, who had sailed to the Plymouth Colony aboard the *Ann* in 1623. He was baptized January 25, 1599, at St. Leonard's, Shoreditch, London, England, a

son of Nicholas Snow of Hoxton, Middlesex, England. The parish of St. Leonard's adjoins St. Mary's, Whitechapel, where Stephen Hopkins, father of Constance, had married his second wife in 1617/18.

Nicholas Snow was made freeman at Plymouth in 1633. He was named in 1634 to lay out highways in Plymouth, and he served there as arbitrator, surveyor of highways, and on juries. By 1645, he had settled with Constance at Eastham, Mass., where he served as clerk, selectman, deputy, constable, highway surveyor, excise collector, and on court committees.

Nicholas Snow died Nov. 15, 1676, in Eastham, Mass. His will left livestock and household goods to his wife Constance for life use and then to son Jabez Snow, and devised various parcels of land to sons Mark, Joseph, Stephen, John and Jabez. The description of land near Nicholas Snow's house mentioned "son Thomas Paine," [actually son-in-law] as an abutting owner.

Nicholas Snow also gave, after the death of his wife, ten shillings "to the Church of Eastham for the furniture of the Table of the Lord, with pewter and other Necessaries." He named Deacon Samuel Freeman and John Mayo as executors.

A lengthy inventory of Nicholas Snow's property, including many cooper's and carpenter's tools, was sworn to by his widow Constance Snow on March 22, 1676/77.

Constance (Hopkins) Snow died about the middle of October 1677 in Eastham.

Mary Snow (Constance, Stephen Hopkins), the eldest daughter of Nicholas and Constance (Hopkins) Snow, was born about 1630 in

Plymouth, Mass. She married Thomas Paine before April 1651. He is believed to have been the son of Thomas Paine who settled in Yarmouth, Mass., in 1639.

Thomas Paine is said to have come to New England at the age of ten and to have lost the sight of an eye by an arrow.

Thomas Paine was a cooper and a builder of mills.

He was a resident of Eastham, Mass., in 1653 and was made a freeman of Plymouth Colony June 1, 1658. He and Giles Hopkins served as surveyors of highways for Eastham in 1662. Thomas Paine was named water bailiff of Plymouth Colony on June 5, 1671, and served many years

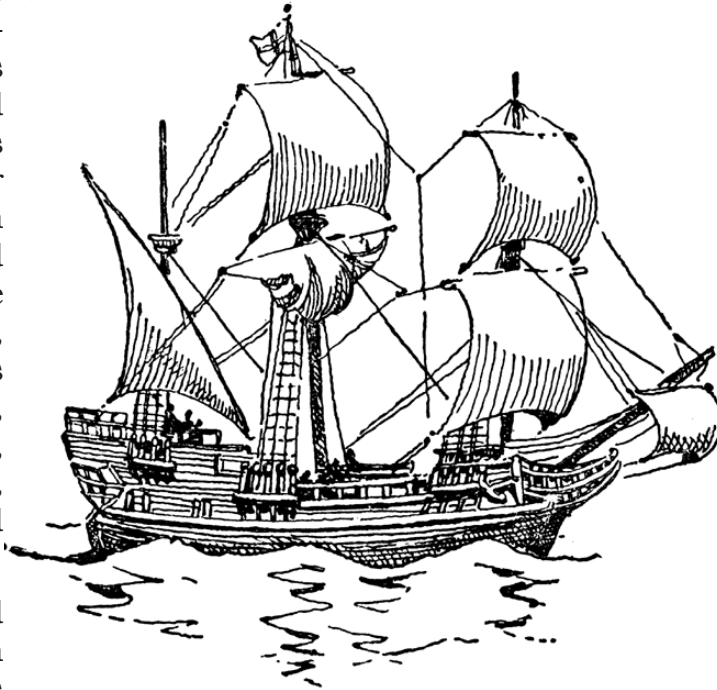
in that post, which required him to regulate fishing on Cape Cod.

Thomas Paine was name deputy to the Plymouth Colony court on June 8, 1664, and served several times through 1690. He served Eastham as treasurer, clerk, and selectman. In 1696 he represented Eastham at the General Court.

On March 14, 1696, he purchased a home in Boston, Mass., and presumably resided there until he sold the home Oct. 13, 1697, and moved back to Eastham.

Mary (Snow) Paine died suddenly "about the dawning of the day" April 28, 1704, in Eastham, Mass., according to the journal of her son John Paine. Thomas Paine died Aug. 16, 1706, in Eastham.

Thomas Paine's will left mills, house and housing, and specified lands to son Nicholas Paine. He also left ten shillings to daughter Mary, wife of Israel Cole, and the residuary estate equally to Sam Paine, Thomas Paine,



Elisha Paine, John Paine, Nicholas Paine, James Paine, Joseph Paine, Dorcas Vickerie (wife of Benjamin), and three eldest children of daughter Mary (wife of Israel Cole), those being James Rogers, Mary Cole, and Abigail Yeats.

Nicholas Paine (Mary Snow₃, Constance₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), a middle child of Thomas and Mary (Snow) Paine was probably born in Eastham,

Mass. About 1699 in Eastham, he married Hannah Higgins, a daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Rogers) Higgins and a descendant of Pilgrims Thomas Rogers and his son Joseph Rogers.

Nicholas Paine was a miller and a farmer. In 1695, Nicholas Paine was listed as an adult inhabitant of Eastham, Mass. On Jan. 29, 1714/15, Nicholas and Hannah

Stephen Hopkins (Constance Hopkins Line)

Stephen Hopkins, baptized, last of April, 1581, All Saints Church, Upper Clatford, Hampshire, England.

d. June 5, 1644, Plymouth, Mass.

m.1. Mary () m. before 1604. buried, May 9, 1613, Hursley, Hampshire, England.

1. Elizabeth Hopkins, b. about 1604, Hursley, Hampshire, England.

2. Constance Hopkins, b. about 1606, baptized 11 May, 1606, Hursley, Hampshire, England.

d. October 1677, Eastham, Mass,

m. Nicholas Snow (d. Nov. 15, 1676, Eastham, Mass.) m. by May 22, 1627, Plymouth, Mass.

3. Giles Hopkins, b. about 1607, baptized Jan. 30, 1607/08, Hursley, Hampshire, England.

m.2. Elizabeth Fisher, m. Feb. 19, 1618, St. Mary Matfellow, Whitechapel, Middlesex, England.

b. 1585, London, Middlesex, England. d. Feb. 4, 1639, Plymouth, Mass.

(See *Giles Hopkins Line*)

Constance Hopkins, b. about 1606, baptized May 11, 1606, Hursley, Hampshire, England.

d. October 1677, Eastham, Mass,

m. Nicholas Snow (d. Nov. 15, 1676, Eastham, Mass.) m. by May 22, 1627, Plymouth, Mass.

1. Mark Snow b. May 9, 1628, Plymouth, Mass.

2. Mary Snow b. about 1630, Plymouth, Mass.

3. Sarah Snow b. about 1632, Plymouth, Mass.

4. Joseph Snow b. about 1634, Plymouth, Mass.

5. Stephen Snow b. about 1636, Plymouth, Mass.

6. John Snow b. about 1638, Plymouth, Mass.

7. Elizabeth Snow b. about 1640, Plymouth, Mass.

8. Jabez Snow b. about 1642, Plymouth, Mass.

9. Ruth Snow b. about 1644, Plymouth, Mass.

10. Constance Snow b. about 1646, Eastham, Mass.

11. child

12.. child

m.1. Ann Cook. m.2. Jane Prence.

m. Thomas Paine.

m. William Walker.

m. Mary ()

m. Susannah (Deane) Rogers.

m. Mary Smalley.

m. Thomas Rogers.

m. Elizabeth ().

m. John Cole.

probably m. Daniel Doane (b. 1636--d. 1712).

Mary Snow b. about 1630, probably Plymouth, Mass. d. April 28, 1704, Eastham, Mass.

m. Thomas Paine (son of Thomas Paine -- d. August 16, 1706, Eastham, Mass.) m. before April 1651.

1. Mary Paine b. Eastham, Mass.

2. Samuel Paine b. about 1652, Eastham, Mass.

3. Thomas Paine b. about 1656/57, Eastham, Mass.

4. Eleazer Paine b. March 10, 1658, Eastham, Mass. (or possibly Elisha, next son)

5. Elisha Paine b. Eastham, Mass.

6. John Paine b. March 14, 1660/61, Eastham, Mass.

7. Nicholas Paine b. Eastham, Mass.

8. James Paine b. July 6, 1665, Eastham, Mass.

9. Joseph Paine b. Eastham, Mass.

Add Constance Hopkins Line

Nicholas Paine b. Eastham, Mass. d. between July 29, 1732, and Jan. 16, 1733, Eastham, Mass.
m. Hannah Higgins [b. about 1672, Eastham, Mass., daughter of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Rogers) Higgins --
d. Jan. 24, 1731/32, Eastham, Mass.], m. about 1699, Eastham, Mass..
1. Thankful Paine, b. March 14, 1699/1700, Eastham, Mass.
2. Priscilla Paine, b. Oct. 16, 1701, Eastham, Mass. d. Sept. 16, 1722,
Middletown, Conn.
3. Philip Paine, b. Nov. 18, 1704, Eastham, Mass. d. April 10, 1725.
4. Lois Paine b. Sept. 29, 1705, Eastham, Mass. d. before Sept. 25, 1729.
5. Abigail Paine b. Aug. 3, 1707, Eastham, Mass.
6. Hannah Paine b. Sept. 24, 1709, Eastham, Mass.
7. Lydia Paine.

Thankful Paine, b. March 14, 1699/1700, Eastham, Mass. d. before Sept. 15, 1722.
m. Jonathan Smith (b. July 5, 1693, Eastham, Mass., son of Thomas and Mary () Smith).
m. Oct. 20, 1720, Eastham. Jonathan Smith m.2. Priscilla Higgins, 1722, Eastham, Mass.
1. Thankful Smith b. about 1721, probably in Eastham, Mass.

Isaac Hopkins b. March 10, 1712/13, Harwich, Mass. d. after May 2, 1774.
m.1. Thankful Smith, [daughter of Jonathan and Thankful (Paine) Smith], m. March 5, 1740/41,
Eastham, Mass.
1. Solomon Hopkins, perhaps m. Thankful Young.
2. Priscilla Hopkins, b. Dec. 2, 1741, Harwich, Mass. m. Isaac Young.
3. Thankful Hopkins, b. Aug. 31, 1743, Harwich, Mass. m. Nathaniel Snow.
4. Susannah Hopkins, b. June 11, 1745 Harwich, Mass. m. Samuel Cole.
5. Jonathan Hopkins, b. June 11, 1747, Eastham, Mass. m.1. Sarah Taylor
m. 2. Lydia Young.
6. Joseph Hopkins, b. March 10, 1750, Eastham, Mass.
7. Isaac Hopkins, b. Oct. 25, 1752, Eastham, Mass. m.1. Sarah Hurd m. 2. Rhoda
8. Mary Hopkins, b. Orleans, Mass.
9. Nathan Hopkins, b. about 1758, Orleans, Mass. m. Desire Linnell.
m.2. Mrs. Elizabeth (Gould) Arey, [b. Jan. 6, 1719/20, Harwich, Mass., daughter of Nathaniel
and Grace (Hurd) Gould -- d. 1797, Eastham, Mass.], m. Nov. 27, 1760, Eastham, Mass.
1. Anna Hopkins, b. July 2, 1762, Eastham, Mass. m. John Taylor.
2. James Hopkins, b. Nov. 12, 1764, Eastham, Mass.

Joseph Hopkins b. March 10, 1750, Eastham, Mass. d. April 8, 1809, Frenchmans Bay, Maine.
m. Mary Higgins (daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins), m. Jan. 12, 1770,
Eastham, Mass. Mary Higgins m.2. Levi Higgins.
1. Smith Hopkins b. Oct. 3 or 13, 1770, Eastham, Mass.
2. Thankful Hopkins b. July 28, 1772.
3. Rebecca Hopkins b. Oct. 25, 1774.
4. Susannah Hopkins b. Nov. 24, 1776.
5. Mary Hopkins b. April 5, 1779.
6. Giles Hopkins b. March 30, 1781.
7. Joseph Hopkins b. Oct. 20, 1783.
8. Priscilla Hopkins b. July 22, 1785.
9. Sally Hopkins b. July 28, 1788.
10. Seth Hopkins.
11. Anna Hopkins.

Thankful Hopkins, b. July 28, 1772, Eastham, Mass.
d. Jan. 23, 1852, Eden, Maine.
m.1. William Wasgatt.
m. 2. Elisha Cousins Jr.
(See Elisha Cousins Jr. Tree)

Paine conveyed land in Eastham given to “our mother,” Elizabeth Rogers, under the will of “our grandfather,” Lieutenant Joseph Rogers.

Hannah (Higgins) Paine, who was born about 1672 in Eastham, Mass., died in Eastham Jan. 24, 1731/32. Nicholas Paine died in Eastham between July 29, 1732, and Jan. 16, 1732/33.

The will of Nicholas Paine mentioned daughter Priscilla and her husband William Norcut; grandchildren Thankful Smith and Lois Freeman; daughters Abigail Higgins and Lydia Young; and “cousin” [nephew] William Paine.

Thankful Paine (Nicholas Paine₄, Mary Snow₃, Constance₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), the eldest daughter of Nicholas and Hannah (Higgins) Paine, was born March 14, 1699/1700, in Eastham, Mass. She married Jonathan Smith of Eastham, Mass., son of Thomas and Mary Smith on Oct. 20, 1720, in Eastham. It appears that Thankful Paine might have died during the birth of the couple’s only child, Thankful Smith, between their 1720 wedding and the intentions being received in Eastham, Mass., on Sept. 15, 1722, for Jonathan Smith’s second marriage to Priscilla Higgins. She was a daughter of Benjamin and Sarah (Freeman) Higgins, and a descendant of Pilgrim William Brewster.

Jonathan Smith, who was born July 5, 1693, in Eastham, Mass., died between May 1 and Nov. 10, 1767, in Eastham.

The will of Jonathan Smith provided for the care of “my Negro man Ebed,” left land to “my former mulatto servant Silas,” provided for wife Priscilla, and mentioned son-in-law Isaac Hopkins, and grandchildren Solomon Hopkins, Joseph Hopkins, Precilla Young, and Thankful Snow and minor grandchildren Susannah, Mary, Isaac and Nathan Hopkins. Grandson Jonathan Hopkins was named the executor. Witnesses were Isaac Sparrow, Joseph Cole and Zacheus Higgins.

Thankful Smith (Thankful Paine₅, Nicholas Paine₄, Mary Snow₃, Constance₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), daughter of Jonathan and Thankful (Paine) Smith, married Isaac Hopkins, a son of Joseph and

Mary (Mayo) Hopkins, March 5, 1740/41, in Eastham, Mass.

Isaac Hopkins secondly married Mrs. Elizabeth (Gould) Arey Nov. 27, 1760, in Eastham, Mass.

Joseph Hopkins (Thankful Smith₆, Thankful Paine₅, Nicholas Paine₄, Mary Snow₃, Constance₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), son of Thankful (Smith) and Isaac Hopkins, was born March 10, 1750, in Eastham, Mass. He married Mary Higgins, daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins, Jan. 12, 1770, in Eastham, Mass.

As were the Mayos, Mary Higgins was a descendant of another genealogical line linked back to the *Mayflower*, that of Elder William Brewster.

About 1788, Joseph and Mary Hopkins and their family moved from Eastham, Mass., to Mount Desert, Maine, settling in Hulls Cove, Maine, where they lived for a time in a part of Levi Higgins’ house. Later they settled on the south side of Salisbury’s Cove.

Joseph Hopkins and his son Joseph drowned in Frenchman’s Bay, their boat having capsized while they were transporting young cattle from one of the Porcupine Islands to Hulls Cove. Mary Hopkins, the widow of Joseph Hopkins Sr. then married Levi Higgins April 8, 1800, she being his second wife.

Joseph and Mary Hopkins’ second child, Thankful Hopkins (Joseph Hopkins₇, Thankful Smith₆, Thankful Paine₅, Nicholas Paine₄, Mary Snow₃, Constance₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), was born July 28, 1772. She married William Wasgatt and then Elisha Cousins Jr. of Hulls Cove, Maine.

Elisha and Thankful Cousins were the parents of Mary Cousins (Thankful Hopkins₈, Joseph Hopkins₇, Thankful Smith₆, Thankful Paine₅, Nicholas Paine₄, Mary Snow₃, Constance₂, Stephen Hopkins₁), who married Noah Murch Jr.

Thomas and Joseph Rogers

Another family that came from England aboard the *Mayflower* with links to Thankful Hopkins was that of Thomas Rogers and his son, Joseph Rogers.

Little is known about Pilgrim Thomas

Rogers, and nothing is known about his ancestry. He probably was born in England before 1590. The first definite mention of Thomas was when he became a citizen of Leiden, Holland, and was vouched for by William Jepson, who had come from Worksop, Notts, and by Roger Wilson, from Sandwich, Kent County, England. Thus it has been speculated that Thomas Rogers might have come from one of those towns.

Thomas Rogers sold his Leiden house on the Barbarasteeg on April 1, 1620, for 300 guilders in preparation for his voyage to the New World.

Gov. William Bradford wrote in 1650 that among the *Mayflower* passengers were "Thomas Rogers and Joseph his son; his other children came afterwards....Thomas Rogers died in the first sickness but his son Joseph is still living [in 1650] and is married and hath six children. The rest of Thomas Rogers' [children] came over and are married and have many children."

Thomas Rogers also is one of the 41 individuals who signed the Mayflower Compact on Nov. 21, 1620.

So Thomas Rogers died during the first harsh winter but his son, Joseph Rogers, survived.

The 1922 poll tax showed that Thomas Rogers' family lived in the Over 't Hoff Quarter of Leiden, Holland, in a house shared with other Pilgrim families in St. Peter's Churchyard west-side. The family consisted of his wife, Elsgen [Elizabeth]; son Jan [John], and daughters Lysbeth [Elizabeth] and Grietgen [Margaret].

In the 1623 division of land in the Plymouth Colony, Joseph Rogers (Thomas Rogers,) was allotted two acres, one for himself and one on behalf of his late father. Joseph Rogers might have lived in Gov. William Bradford's household because he was grouped with him on May 22, 1627, during a division of cattle. Joseph Rogers and 12 other inhabitants received "an heifer of the last year which was of the Great white-back cow that was brought

over on the *Ann*, and two shee goats."

Thomas Rogers' son John Rogers arrived in the Plymouth Colony about 1630, when the last of the Leiden contingent came. He was in Plymouth March 25, 1633, when he was taxed nine shillings. The proof of his identity is a grant made April 6, 1640, to "Joseph Rogers and John Rogers his brother...fifty acres apeece of upland...at the North River." Both sons then had growing families to carry forward the Rogers name.

It seems likely that at least one of Thomas Rogers' daughters who were living in Holland in 1622 also came over. Extensive research has failed to uncover any evidence, however.

Joseph Rogers married a Hannah, who is mentioned in his will Jan. 2, 1677 or 1678. She, however, may not have been his only wife, and may not have been the mother of his children.

On March 2, 1635 or 1636, Joseph Rogers was granted permission to operate a ferry over the Jones River near his house.

He was granted 30 acres Nov. 5, 1638, as one of the "old comers" to whom land was granted. In addition he received the 50 acres along with his brother in 1640.

He served on a jury June 7, 1636, and was made a constable of Duxbury, Mass., on March 3, 1639 or 1640. Joseph was among a group of Duxbury inhabitants who were to lay out land Oct. 20, 1645.

Joseph Rogers apparently moved to Nauset (Eastham), Mass., about 1647. On June 1 of that year he was appointed a lieutenant to drill the militia, and he served on the council of war in June and October of 1658. He was freed from his lieutenantcy Oct. 1, 1658, but he re-established it June 8, 1664.

In 1670, Joseph Rogers was a selectman in Eastham, Mass. And Lt. Joseph Rogers sold a piece of land Jan. 31, 1672.

Joseph Rogers died between Jan. 2 and 15, 1677 or 1678. He was buried in the Old Cove Burial Ground in Eastham, Mass. His will was probated March 5, 1677 or 1678.

Thomas and Joseph Rogers' Tree

Thomas Rogers b. probably in England. d. 1621, Plymouth, Mass.
m. Elsgen [Elizabeth], probably in England.d. probably Leiden, Holland, after 1622.

1. Joseph Rogers
2. John Rogers
3. Lysbeth (Elizabeth) Rogers
4. Grietgen (Margaret) Rogers

Joseph Rogers b. 1610, England or Holland. d. Between Jan. 2 and 15, 1677/78.
m. Hannah ()

1. Sarah Rogers b. probably Aug. 6, 1633, Duxbury, Mass. d. Aug. 15, 1633.
2. Joseph Rogers b. July 19, 1635, Duxbury, Mass. d. Dec. 27, 1660, Eastham, Mass.
3. Thomas Rogers b. March 29, 1638, Duxbury, Mass.
4. Elizabeth Rogers b. Sept. 29, 1639, Duxbury, Mass.
5. John Rogers b. April 3, 1642, Duxbury, Mass.
6. Mary Rogers b. Sept. 22, 1644, Duxbury, Mass.
7. James Rogers b. Oct. 18, 1648, Eastham, Mass.
8. Hannah Rogers b. Aug. 8, 1652, Sandwich or Eastham, Mass.

Elizabeth Rogers b. Sept. 29, 1639, Duxbury, Mass. d. Between Jan, 2, 1677/78 and July 4, 1679, Eastham, Mass.
m. Jonathan Higgins (b. July 1637, Plymouth, Mass., son of Richard and Lydia (Chandler) Higgins-- d. after May 21, 1711), m. Jan. 9, 1660, Eastham, Mass. Jonathan Higgins m.2. Hannah Rogers (Elizabeth's sister).

1. Beriah Higgins b. Sept. 29, 1661, Eastham, Mass.d. before April 27, 1699.
2. Jonathan Higgins b. end of August 1664, Eastham, Mass.d. between Nov. 2, 1753, and June 1754, Eastham, Mass.
3. Joseph Higgins b. Feb. 14, 1666, Eastham, Mass.d. before May 21, 1739, Chatham, Mass.
4. Jemima Higgins b. Feb. 14, 1666, Eastham, Mass.d. May 8, 1723, Eastham, Mass.
m. John Mulford, Nov. 1, 1699.
5. Hannh Higgins b. about 1672, Eastham, Mass.
6. Elisha Higgins b. about 1677, Eastham, Mass.

Hannh Higgins b. about 1672, Eastham, Mass. d. Jan. 24, 1731/32, Eastham, Mass.
m. Nicholas Paine (son of Thomas and Mary (Snow) Paine -- d. before Nov. 17, 1733, Eastham, Mass.) m. about 1699.

1. Thankful Paine, b. March 14, 1699/1700, Eastham, Mass.
2. Priscilla Paine, b. Oct. 16, 1701, Eastham, Mass. d. Sept. 16, 1722,
Middletown, Conn.
3. Philip Paine, b. Nov. 18, 1704, Eastham, Mass. d. April 10, 1725.
4. Lois Paine b. Sept. 29, 1705, Eastham, Mass. d. before Sept. 25, 1729.
5. Abigail Paine b. Aug. 3, 1707, Eastham, Mass.
6. Hannah Paine b. Sept. 24, 1709, Eastham, Mass.
7. Lydia Paine.

Thankful Paine, b. March 14, 1699/1700, Eastham, Mass. d. before Sept. 15, 1722.
m. Jonathan Smith (b. July 5, 1693, Eastham, Mass., son of Thomas and Mary () Smith).
m. Oct. 20, 1720, Eastham. Jonathan Smith m.2. Priscilla Higgins, 1722, Eastham, Mass.

1. Thankful Smith b. about 1721, probably in Eastham, Mass.
-

Add Thomas and Joseph Rogers' Tree

Thankful Smith b. about 1721, probably in Eastham, Mass.
m. Isaac Hopkins (b. March 10, 1712/13, son of Joseph Hopkins). m. March 5, 1740/41, Eastham, Mass. Isaac Hopkins m.2. Elizabeth () Arey, Nov. 27, 1760.

1. Priscilla Hopkins b. Dec. 2, 1741. m. Isaac Young.
2. Thankful Hopkins b. Aug. 31, 1743. m. Nathaniel Snow.
3. Susannah Hopkins b. March 10, 1745.
4. Jonathan Hopkins b. June 11, 1747. d. July 15, 1822, East Orleans, Mass. m.1. Sarah Taylor, Dec. 16, 1773 (d. July 1, 1775, East Orleans, Mass.). Possibly m.2. Lydia Young, March 8, 1804, East Orleans, Mass.
5. Joseph Hopkins b. March 10, 1750.
6. Isaac Hopkins.
7. Nathan Hopkins.
8. Soilomon Hopkins.
9. Mary Hopkins.
10. Anna Hopkins.
11. James Hopkins.

Joseph Hopkins b. March 10, 1750, Eastham, Mass. d. April 8, 1809, Frenchmans Bay, Mount Desert Island, Maine.
m. Mary Higgins (daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins), m. Jan. 12, 1770, Eastham, Mass.
Mary Higgins m.2. Levi Higgins.

1. Smith Hopkins b. Oct. 3 or 13, 1770, Eastham, Mass.
2. Thankful Hopkins b. July 28, 1772.
3. Rebecca Hopkins b. Oct. 25, 1774.
4. Susannah Hopkins b. Nov. 24, 1776.
5. Mary Hopkins b. April 5, 1779.
6. Giles Hopkins b. March 30, 1781.
7. Joseph Hopkins b. Oct. 20, 1783.
8. Priscilla Hopkins b. July 22, 1785.
9. Sally Hopkins b. July 28, 1788.
10. Seth Hopkins.
11. Anna Hopkins.

Thankful Hopkins, b. July 28, 1772, Eastham, Mass.
d. Jan. 23, 1852, Eden, Maine.

- m.1. William Wasgatt.
- m. 2. Elisha Cousins Jr.

(See Elisha Cousins Jr. Tree)

Joseph Rogers' fourth child, Elizabeth Rogers (Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁), was born Sept. 29, 1639, probably in Duxbury, Mass. She married Jonathan Higgins, son of Richard and Lydia (Chandler) Higgins, Jan. 9, 1660, in Eastham, Mass.

In his will, Joseph Rogers gave "to my Daughter Elizabeth higgins the wife of Jonathan higgins six acres of Land lying Neare to Barly neck, by a swamp Called Ceader swamp."

Elizabeth Higgins died between Jan, 2, 1677/78, and July 4, 1679, in Eastham, Mass. After her death, her husband Jonathan Higgins married her younger sister, Hannah Rogers.

Later, Elizabeth Higgins' children sold amongst themselves land given to Elizabeth Higgins by her father Joseph Rogers. On May 28, 1711, Joseph Higgins Sr. of Eastham, Mass., sold to his brothers Jonathan Higgins Jr. and Elisha Higgins, both of Eastham, land in Eastham given to their deceased mother Elizabeth Higgins by our deceased grandfather Lt. Joseph Rogers. Then, on Jan. 29, 1714/15, Nicholas Paine and wife Hannah sold to their brother Jonathan Higgins Jr. land given by our grandfather Lt. Joseph Rogers to our mother Elizabeth Higgins deceased.

The Hannah Higgins (Elizabeth₃, Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁) mentioned in the land sale was born about 1672 in Eastham, Mass. She had married Nicholas Paine, son of Thomas and Mary (Snow) Paine, about 1699. Nicholas Paine was a descendant of Pilgrim Stephen Hopkins. At a town meeting in Eastham, Mass., in July 1703, the town gave permission to Nicholas Paine to build a windmill on a hill near his house, which was near to the house of Deacon Ebenezer Paine.

The oldest of the seven children of Hannah and Nicholas Paine was Thankful Paine (Hannah Higgins₄, Elizabeth₃, Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁), born March 14, 1699 or 1700. Thankful Paine married Jonathan Smith of Eastham, Mass., son of Thomas and Mary Smith on Oct. 20, 1720, in Eastham. It appears that Thankful Paine might have died during the birth of the

couple's only child, Thankful Smith, between their 1720 wedding and Jonathan Smith's recorded intention in 1722 of a second marriage to Priscilla Higgins in Eastham, Mass.

Thankful Smith (Thankful Paine₅, Hannah Higgins₄, Elizabeth₃, Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁) subsequently married Isaac Hopkins, son of Joseph Hopkins, March 5, 1740/41 in Eastham, Mass. The fifth of the couple's eleven children was Joseph Hopkins (Thankful Smith₆, Thankful Paine₅, Hannah Higgins₄, Elizabeth₃, Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁), born March 10, 1750. He married Mary Higgins, daughter of Zaccheus Higgins. Their daughter, Thankful Hopkins (Joseph Hopkins₇, Thankful Smith₆, Thankful Paine₅, Hannah Higgins₄, Elizabeth₃, Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁), married William Wasgatt and then Elisha Cousins Jr. in 1799. Elisha and Thankful Cousins' daughter, Mary Cousins (Thankful Hopkins₈, Joseph Hopkins₇, Thankful Smith₆, Thankful Paine₅, Hannah Higgins₄, Elizabeth₃, Joseph₂, Thomas Rogers₁), then married Noah Murch Jr.

Elder William Brewster's Line

"The story of the *Mayflower* and Plymouth Rock is the story of the formation of a little Separatist or Congregational Church at Scrooby, England, its escape to Holland, its migration thence to Plymouth, and its establishment there as the first embodiment in America of freedom in the Church and equality in the State," so said the Hon. Lyman Denison Brewster in an address before the Massachusetts Society of *Mayflower* Descendants in 1902. [*The Brewster Genealogy 1566-1907*. Emma C. Brewster Jones (ed.), New York: the Grafton Press, 1908.]

"William Brewster cradled the church at Scrooby, in his own home....After suffering fine and imprisonment and risking his life for this heresy, he helped the little flock to Holland....While in Leyden his arrest was sought for publishing Protestant books for circulation in England and Scotland....

"That he drafted the Compact of November 21, 1620, in the cabin of the *Mayflower* seems almost certain. That he was the moral, religious and spiritual leader of the Colony

during its first years of peril and struggle and its chief civil adviser and trusted guide until the time of his death is quite certain. But for his ecclesiastical position he would have been Governor of the Colony.”

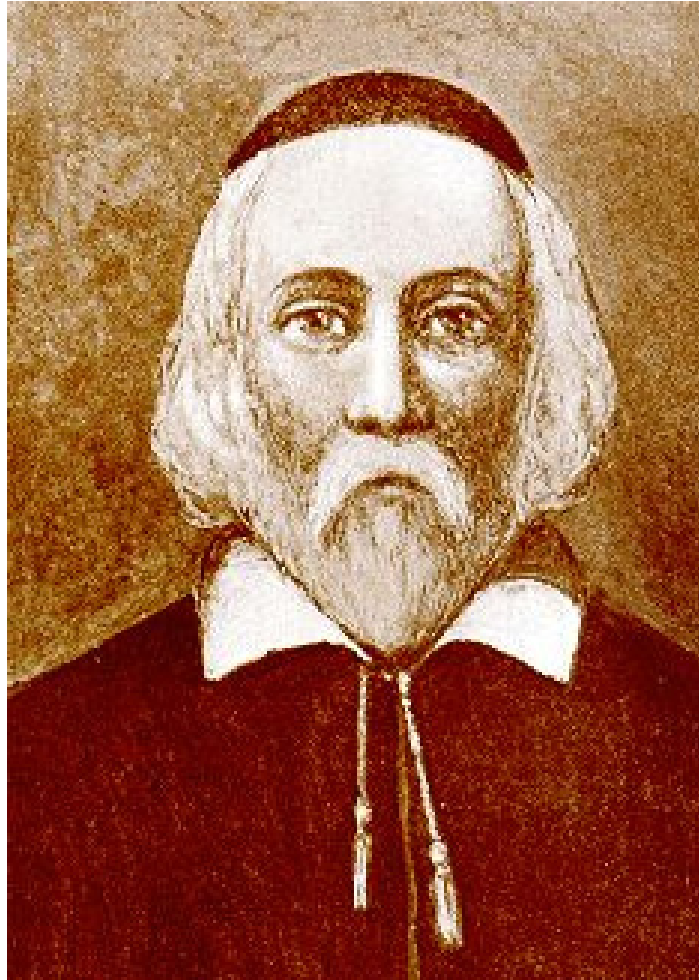
In brief, that sums up Elder William Brewster, who through his daughter Patience Brewster and granddaughter Mercy Prence was passed the genealogical lines through Freemans and Mayos to Joseph and Mary (Higgins) Hopkins, to their daughter Thankful Hopkins and granddaughter Mary (Hopkins) Cousins, eventually through Florence E. Theo Murch down to Mary (Hodgkins) Banfield.

Born at Scrooby, Nottinghamshire, England in the latter part of 1566 or early 1567 into a gentlemanly and noble family that can be traced back to 1259, William Brewster rose to the post of assistant clerk to William Davison, Secretary of State to Queen Elizabeth, and as a member of the English embassy to Holland in 1585. However, after converting to the doctrine of John Robinson, the founder of Congregationalism, and suffering years of persecution in building up the Congregational Church at Scrooby, he left his native land, his position and his fortune, to be an exile in Holland and a pilgrim in America.

Elder William Brewster led the contingent aboard the *Mayflower*. Brewster, his wife Mary, and their two sons, Love Brewster and Wrestling Brewster, embarked on the

Mayflower, which sailed from Plymouth, England, on Sept. 16, 1620, and dropped anchor in Plymouth Harbor, Mass., on Dec. 16, 1620, five days after the historic landing at Plymouth Rock.

William Brewster's daughter, Patience Brewster (William Brewster,), came to the Plymouth Colony aboard the *Ann* in July, 1623.



Elder William Brewster

On Aug. 5, 1624, Patience Brewster married Thomas Prence, who had come to Plymouth aboard the *Fortune* in November, 1621. It was the ninth marriage in Plymouth Colony.

Thomas Prence was born about 1600 in the parish of Lechlade, Gloucestershire, England, a son of Thomas Prence of All Saints Barking, London, who was a carriage maker.

In July 1627, Thomas Prence with a half dozen prominent colonists agreed to assume all debts (about 2400 pounds) and conduct all trade. The purpose,

which was successful, was to devise a means to bring over more friends from Leyden.

Thomas and Patience (Brewster) Prence had four children before Patience died in 1634: Thomas Prence, Rebecca Prence, Hannah Prence, and Mercy Prence.

The elder Thomas Prence was elected governor for the first time in 1634. Later he moved from Plymouth to Duxbury, Mass., which prevented his immediate reelection because it was a requirement that the governor live in Plymouth. Thus he was chosen assistant governor.



Thomas Prence house built in 1646 in Eastham, Mass., and demolished

In 1638 he was again elected governor and allowed to reside in Duxbury, Mass. William Bradford, who died in 1657, succeeded Thomas Prence after a short time. Then Thomas Prence was elected governor for the third time and held the office until he died March 29, 1673, in Plymouth.

Thomas Prence was married three more times after the death of Patience (Brewster) Prence: to Mary Collier, daughter of William Collier, in 1635; to Mrs. Apphia Freeman, widow of Samuel Freeman, before Dec. 8, 1662; and to Mrs. Mary Howes, widow of Thomas Howes.

Thomas Prence, son of Thomas and Patience Prence, went to England and died there in early life, leaving a widow and daughter, Susannah Prence.

Rebecca Prence married as the first wife of Edmund Freeman Jr., son of Edmund and Elizabeth Freeman of Plymouth, on April 22, 1646. She died soon after having given birth to her only child, Rebecca Freeman.

Hannah Prence married Nathaniel Mayo, son of Rev. John and Thomasine Mayo, Feb. 13, 1649/50, and, after his death, married Capt. Jonathan Sparrow, son of Richard and Pandora Sparrow. She had eleven children.

Mercy Prence (Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Major John Freeman, brother of Edmund Freeman Jr. who had married her sister Rebecca Prence, on Feb. 13, 1649/50.

John Freeman is mentioned in records as "among the early settlers, with Governor Prence." John Freeman "was many years prominent in public affairs, and has to this day been regarded as one of the fathers of Eastham." He was deputy for eight years from 1654, a selectman for ten years from 1663, assistant in the government for several years, and on Dec. 7, 1692, was appointed to the Bench of the Court of Common Pleas.

John Freeman also was a deacon of the Eastham church for many years, and was somewhat conspicuous in the military, having served in the Indian wars. Throughout his life he was a large land holder.

John and Mercy (Prence) Freeman had eleven children. Mercy Freeman died Sept. 28, 1711, at the age of 80. John Freeman died Oct. 28, 1719, at the age of 98.

Two of John and Mercy Freeman's children, Edmund Freeman and Hannah Freeman, formed different genealogical paths that merged again with the marriage of Joseph and Mary (Higgins) Hopkins.

Lt. Edmund Freeman's Line

Lieutenant Edmund Freeman (Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) was born June 1657 in Eastham, Mass., the fifth child of John and Mercy Freeman. He married Sarah Mayo, daughter of Samuel and Thomasine (Lumkin) Mayo. The couple had 12 children.

"He was a prominent citizen, and from 1697 selectman for several years" in Eastham, Mass. He died Dec. 10, 1717.

Sarah Freeman (Edmund Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁), daughter of Lt. Edmund and Sarah (Mayo) Freeman married Benjamin Higgins.

Zaccheus Higgins (Sarah₅, Edmund Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁), son of Benjamin and Sarah (Freeman) Higgins, married Rebecca Young.

Mary Higgins (Zaccheus Higgins₆, Sarah₅, Edmund Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁), daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins, married Joseph Hopkins. See Joseph and Mary (Higgins) Hopkins in Giles Hopkins or Constance Hopkins Line for details of the rest of this line. In brief, the line is:

Thankful Hopkins (Mary₇, Zaccheus Higgins₆, Sarah₅, Edmund Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Elisha Cousins. Mary Cousins (Thankful Hopkins₈, Mary₇, Zaccheus Higgins₆, Sarah₅, Edmund Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Noah Murch Jr.

Hannah Freeman's Line

Hannah Freeman (Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) was the eighth child of John and Mercy Freeman. On April 14, 1681, Hannah Freeman married John Mayo, brother of Sarah Mayo who had married her brother Edmund Freeman. The couple had eight children. Hannah Mayo died Feb. 15, 1743/44, at the age of 79.

John Mayo was born Dec. 15, 1652. John and Hannah Mayo resided in Hingham, Mass., and then Harwich, Mass. John was a representative to the General Court for six years and town treasurer for three years. He died Feb. 1, 1725/26.

Mary Mayo (Hannah Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁), daughter of John and Hannah (Freeman) Mayo, married Joseph Hopkins on April 17, 1712. See Joseph and Mary (Mayo) Hopkins in the Giles Hopkins Line for details of the rest of this line. In brief, the line is:

Isaac Hopkins (Mary Mayo₅, Hannah Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Thankful Smith. Joseph Hopkins (Isaac Hopkins₆, Mary Mayo₅, Hannah Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Mary Higgins. Thankful Hopkins (Joseph Hopkins₇, Isaac Hopkins₆, Mary Mayo₅, Hannah Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Elisha Cousins. Mary Cousins (Thankful₈, Joseph Hopkins₇, Isaac Hopkins₆, Mary Mayo₅, Hannah Freeman₄, Mercy Prence₃, Patience₂, William Brewster₁) married Noah Murch Jr.

End Notes

- 1 The Cousins Family History at Helenesgenes.com / Cousins.html was a vital source in writing about the Cousins family tree.
- 2 *Genealogical Dictionary of Maine and New Hampshire*. Noyes, Libby, and Davis. p. 165: "Cousins, John, Casco Bay 1626, sailor...dep(osed) in 1640 that he had kn(own) Casco river for ab(out) 14 yrs." Also, "Maine Visiting Lists before 1630," pages 13-23 contain a list of pioneers, mostly British settlers often with the names of ships in which they arrived. John Cousins appears on page 22 arriving in 1626 in Maine. Source Bibliography: Spencer, Wilbur D. *Pioneers on Maine Rivers with Lists to 1651*. Portland, Maine: Lakeside Printing Co., 1930. 414p. Reprinted by Genealogical Publishing Co., Baltimore, 1973.
- 3 *The Pioneers of Maine and New Hampshire*, Pope. p. 46.
- 4 *Ancient North Yarmouth and Yarmouth, Maine 1636-1936: A History*. W.H. Rowe. p. 13.
- 5 *Genealogical Dictionary*, p. 165.
- 6 *History of Saco and Biddeford*, Folsom. p. 51.
- 7 *Ancient North Yarmouth*, pp. 18-19.
- 8 *Ancient North Yarmouth*, p. 16.
- 9 Sources: *Genealogical Dictionary of New England*; *Ancestry of Lydia Harmon*, W. Goodwin Davis, pp. 47-53; *Encyclopedia of Biography*, vol. 47; *Genealogical Dictionary of Maine and New Hampshire*, p. 658; *History of Haverhill*, George Wingate Chase; *Massachusetts and Maine Families in the Ancestry of Walter Goodwin Davis*, vol. I.
- 10 *Historical Records of Maine*, Maine Historical Society Copy, vol. III, p. 399, and vol. IV, p. 76.
- 11 *History of Wells and Kennebunk*, Maine, E. E. Bourne, 1875. p. 221.
- 12 *History of Kennebunk*, Daniel Remich, 1911. p. 86 and pp. 359-60.
- 13 *History of Wells and Kennebunk*, p. 773.
- 14 *The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution*, vol. 12, p. 347.

Elder William Brewster's Tree

() Brewster

b. 1259

John Brewster I

b. 1279

John Brewster

b. 1299

Sir John Brewster

b. 1325

d. 1378

Sir Galfridus Brewster

b. 1350

d. 1410

John Brewster

b. 1380

d. 1440

Humphrey Brewster

b. 1410

d. 1439

m. Velma Ruth McGhee

b. 1414

d. 1481

Robert Brewster

b. 1440

d. 1505

m. Ann Mary Harvey

b. 1440

d. 1504

William Brewster I

b. 1470

d. 1510

m. Mary Marvey

b. 1470

d. 1501

William Brewster

b. 1505

d. 1590

m. Maude Mann b. 1510 d. 1558

William Brewster

b. 1534 d. 1590

m. Mary Smythe Simkinson b. 1536 d. 1579

William Brewster

b. 1566/67, Doncaster, Yorkshire, England.

d. April 10, 1644, Plymouth, Mass.

m. Mary (), before 1593, England.

b. 1568/69, England.

d. April 17, 1627, Plymouth, Mass.

1. Jonathan Brewster

b. Aug. 12, 1593.

2. Patience Brewster

b. about 1600.

3. Fear Brewster

b. about 1606.

4. Child Brewster

buried 1609, Leyden, Holland.

5. Love Brewster

b. 1611.

6. Wrestling Brewster

b. 1614.

d. between 1627 and 1644.

Patience Brewster

b. about 1600 d. 1634, Plymouth, Mass.

m. Thomas Prence (b. about 1600, son of Thomas Prence -- d. March 29, 1673), m. August 5, 1624, Plymouth, Mass.

Thomas Prence m.2. Mary Collier (daughter of William Collier), m. 1635.

Thomas Prence m.3. Mrs. Apphia Freeman (widow of Samuel Freeman), m. before Dec. 8, 1662.

Thomas Prence m.4. Mrs. Mary Howes (widow of Thomas Howes).

1. Thomas Prence,

d. England

2. Rebecca Prence

m. Edmund Freeman Jr. (son of Edmund and Elizabeth Freeman), m. April 22, 1646.

One child: Rebecca Freeman.

3. Hannah Prence

m.1. Nathaniel Mayo (son of Rev. John and Thomasine Mayo), m. Feb. 13, 1649/50.

m.2. Capt. Jonathan Sparrow (son of Richard and Pandora Sparrow). Eleven children.

4. Mercy Prence

d. Sept. 28, 1711.

m. Major John Freeman (son of Edmund and Elizabeth Freeman -- d. Oct. 28, 1719), m. Feb. 13, 1649/50

- Mercy Prence d. Sept. 28, 1711.
 m. Major John Freeman (son of Edmund and Elizabeth Freeman -- d. Oct. 28, 1719),
 m. Feb. 13, 1649/50
1. Nathaniel Freeman b. 1650.
 2. Prince Freeman b. 1650
 3. John Freeman b. December 1651, Eastmam, Mass. d. July 27 1721,
 Harwich, Mass. m. Sarah Merrick, 1672.
 4. Hannah Freeman b. 1656, Eastham, Mass. d. Feb. 15, 1743/44,
 Harwich, Mass. m. John Mayo.
 5. Edmund Freeman b. June 1657, Eastham, Mass. d. Dec. 10, 1717, Eastham,
 Mass. m. Sarah Mayo.
 6. Thomas Freeman b. June 1657, Eastham, Mass. d. Dec. 10, 1717, Eastham,
 Mass.
 7. Mercy Freeman b. July 1659, Eastham, Mass. d. Feb. 15, 1743, Harwich,
 Mass.
 8. William Freeman b. 1660, Eastham, Mass. d. 1687, Eastham, Mass.
 9. Prence Freeman b. Feb. 3, 1665, Eastham, Mass. d. 1666, Eastham,
 Mass.
 10. Nathaniel Freeman b. March 20, 1669, Eastham, Mass. d. Jan. 4, 1760,
 Eastham, Mass.
 11. Bennet Freeman b. March 17, 1761., Eastham, Mass. d. May 30, 1716,
 Eastham, Mass.
 12. Temperance Freeman b. 1675, Eastham, Mass.

Lt. Edmund Freeman's Line

Edmund Freeman b. June 1657, Eastham, Mass. d. Dec. 10, 1717, Eastham, Mass.
 m. Sarah Mayo [b. Dec. 19, 1660, Boston, Mass., daughter of Samuel and Tamasin Thomasine (Lumpkin) Mayo -- d. March 5,
 1745, Eastham, Mass.]

Sarah Freeman b. 1681, Eastham, Mass. d. Jan. 21, 1743, Eastham, Mass.
 m. Benjamin Higgins [b. Sept. 15, 1681, Eastham, Mass. son of Benjamin and Lydia (Bangs)
 Higgins -- d.1760, Eastham, Mass.] m. May 22, 1701.

Zaccheus Higgins b. Aug. 15, 1719, Eastham, Mass. d. 1785, Bar Harbor, Maine.
 m. Rebecca Young [March 24, 1717, Eastham, Mass., daughter of Barnabus
 and Rebecca Young -- d. April 10, 1790, Eastham, Mass.]

Mary Higgins b. 1750 Eastham, Mass.
 m.1. Joseph Hopkins [b. March 10, 1750, Eastham, Mass., on of
 Isaac and Thankful (Smith) Hopkins -- d. April 8, 1809,
 Frenchmans Bay, Mount Desert Island, Maine] m. Jan. 12,
 1770, Eastham, Mass.

1. Smith Hopkins b. Oct. 3 or 13, 1770, Eastham, Mass.
2. Thankful Hopkins b. July 28, 1772.
3. Rebecca Hopkins b. Oct. 25, 1774.
4. Susannah Hopkins b. Nov. 24, 1776.
5. Mary Hopkins b. April 5, 1779.
6. Giles Hopkins b. March 30, 1781.
7. Joseph Hopkins b. Oct. 20, 1783.
8. Priscilla Hopkins b. July 22, 1785.
9. Sally Hopkins b. July 28, 1788.
10. Seth Hopkins.
11. Anna Hopkins.

m.2. Levi Higgins.

Hannah Freeman's Line

Hannah Freeman b. 1656, Eastham, Mass. d. Feb. 15, 1743/44, Harwich, Mass.
m. John Mayo [b. Dec. 15, 1652, Eastham, Mass. (son of Samuel and Tamasin Thomasine (Lumpkin) Mayo -- d. Feb. 15, 1744, Harwich, Mass.).

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Hannah Mayo | b. Jan. 8, 1682, Hingham, Mass. | d. Jan. 20, 1747, Eastham, Mass. | m. Judah Hopkins. |
| 2. Mercy Mayo, | b. April 23, 1688 Hingham, Mass. | d. March 25, 1765, Harwich, Mass. | m. Nathaniel Hopkins. |
| 3. Mary Mayo, | b. Oct. 26, 1694, Hingham, Mass. | d. Jan. 15, 1771, Harwich, Mass. | m. Joseph Hopkins. |

Mary Mayo, b. Oct. 26, 1694, Hingham, Mass. d. Jan. 15, 1771, Harwich, Mass.
m. Joseph Hopkins [b. 1688, Eastham, Mass., son of Stephen and Mary (Merrick) Hopkins, -- d. April 24, 1771, Harwich, Mass.]. m. April 17, 1712, Harwich, Mass.

- | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Isaac Hopkins, | b. March 10, 1712/13, Harwich, Mass. | |
| 3. Mary Hopkins, | b. Dec. 15, 1716, Harwich, Mass. | |
| 4. Jonathan Hopkins, | b. Feb. 12, 1719/20, Harwich, Mass. | |
| 5. Hannah Hopkins, | b. Oct. 22, 1722, Harwich, Mass. | d. before May 9, 1771, Harwich, Mass.
m. Thomas Mirick, [son of Stephen and Deborah (Snow) Merrick], Oct. 8, 1741, Harwich, Mass. |
| 6. Hathan Hopkins, | b. Aug. 22, 1726. | d. Aug. 28, 1726, 11 months old. |
| 7. Prence Hopkins, | b. July 8, 1729, Harwich, Mass. | d. by July 7, 1731. |
| 8. Prence Hopkins, | b. July 7, 1731, Harwich, Mass. | |
| 9. Nathan Hopkins, | b. Oct. 6, 1833, Harwich, Mass. | |
| 10. Elizabeth Hopkins, | b. June 6, 1738, Harwich, Mass. | |

Isaac Hopkins, b. March 10, 1712/13, Harwich, Mass.
m.1. Thankful Smith, [daughter of Jonathan and Thankful (Paine) Smith], m. March 5, 1740/41, Eastham, Mass.

Joseph Hopkins, b. March 10, 1750. d. April 8, 1809, Frenchmans Bay, Mount, Maine.
m.1. Mary Higgins (daughter of Zaccheus and Rebecca (Young) Higgins), m. Jan. 12, 1770, Eastham, Mass.
Children: eleven. (including Thankful Hopkins, b. July 28, 1772.)

Thankful Hopkins, b. July 28, 1772, Eastham, Mass.
d. Jan. 23, 1852, Eden, Maine.

m.1. William Wasgatt.
m. 2. Elisha Cousins Jr.

(See Elisha Cousins Jr. Tree)