## Abuse in Later Life Wheel Development

In early 1980, the Duluth Domestic Abuse Intervention Project asked women attending domestic violence educational groups to describe their experiences of being battered by their male partners. The Duluth Power and Control wheel was created using the most commonly repeated tactics. There are many additional abusive behaviors experienced by women that are not on the wheel due to the small space available.

In 1995, NCALL staff asked facilitators of older abused women's support groups to have participants review the Duluth wheel. These older women were asked if their experiences of abuse in later life were different or similar to younger victims/survivors. Participants from a handful of groups in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Illinois generously provided feedback. The older women's suggestions were used to create the Family Abuse in Later Life wheel by NCALL.

In 2005, NCALL took the Family Abuse in Later Life wheel back to older survivors, and asked them to review the wheel once again. Over 50 victims from eight states responded, many telling us that the wheel reflected the abuse in their lives, however, it did not adequately represent the ongoing psychological & emotional abuse they experienced throughout their relationships. The attached wheel illustrates this reality.

The outer rim of the wheel defines violence or the threat of violence that is evident in the relationship. The violence may be frequent or very limited, but fear and threats are present. The abuser uses threats to maintain power and control. Each of the pie pieces represent the different tactics abusers may use in a relationship. Abusers may not necessarily use all of the tactics or they may use one tactic more often. Any combination of tactics can be used to maintain power and control.

This wheel makes a distinction between emotional and psychological abuse. Emotional abuse is specific tactics, such as name-calling, put-downs, yelling and verbal attacks, used to demean the victim. Psychological abuse is the ongoing, manipulative, crazy making behavior that becomes an overriding factor/tactic in abusive relationships. Sometimes it can be very subtle, sometimes it is very intense and invasive.

The center represents the goal or the outcome of all of these behaviors...power and control.

With great respect and thanks to all those who assisted with this project:

National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life (NCALL) a national project of the Wisconsin Coalition Against Domestic Violence (WCADV)