



Video Game Rules, Formats & Penalty Guidelines

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NOTE: In the case of a discrepancy between the content of the English-language version of this document and that of any other version of this document, the English-language version shall take priority.

Play! Pokémon VG Rules, Formats, & Penalty Guidelines

Contents

Contents.....	1
1. Team Construction	3
1.1. Battle Team Setup	3
1.2. Nicknames	3
1.3. Items.....	3
1.4. Pokémon.....	4
2. Equipment Rules.....	4
2.1. Game Cards	4
2.2. Game Systems	4
2.3. Game Patches, Updates, and Firmware.....	5
2.4. Headphone Use	5
2.5. Notes	5
2.6. Objects in Play Area	6
2.7. Team Lists	6
3. Match Play	6
3.1. Double Battle Format	5
3.2. Events Tethered by Local Distribution	5
3.2.1. Game Time Limits	5
3.2.2. Match Time Limits	6
3.2.2.1. Definition of a Full Turn	6
3.3. Events Tethered by QR Code	6
3.3.1. QR Code Time Limits.....	6
3.4. Match Resolution.....	7
3.4.1. Resolving Time Outs	7
3.4.2. Resolving Best-of-Three Matches in Swiss Rounds.....	8
3.4.3. Resolving Best-of-Three Matches in Single-Elimination Rounds.....	9
3.4.4. Sudden Death	10
3.4.5. Double Game Freeze	11
4. Illegal Pokémon	11
4.1. Illegally Manipulated Pokémon	11
4.2. Electronic Team Checking.....	12

4.3. Manual Team Checking	12
4.4. Reporting Illegal Manipulation	12
5. Pokémon Video Game Penalty Guidelines.....	12
5.1. Introduction.....	12
5.2. Assigning Penalties	13
5.2.1. Deviating from Recommended Penalties	13
5.2.2. Reporting Penalties to Pokémon Organized Play.....	13
5.3. Types of Penalties in the Pokémon Video Game	14
5.3.1. Caution	14
5.3.2. Warning	14
5.3.3. Game Loss.....	15
5.3.4. Disqualification	15
5.4. Types of Infractions	16
5.4.1. Gameplay Error.....	16
5.4.1.1. Minor	16
5.4.1.2. Major	16
5.4.2. Team Error.....	17
5.4.2.1. Minor	17
5.4.2.2. Major	18
5.4.2.3. Severe	19
5.4.3. Procedural Error	19
5.4.3.1. Minor	19
5.4.3.2. Major	20
5.4.3.3. Severe	20
5.4.4. Unsporting Conduct.....	21
5.4.4.1. Minor	21
5.4.4.2. Major	21
5.4.4.3. Severe	21
Appendix A. Manual Team Checking	23
Section 1.....	23
Section 2.....	23
Appendix B. Document Updates.....	25
Revisions made for latest publication (October 23, 2019)	25

1. Team Construction

Players are responsible for ensuring that their team adheres to any restrictions set forth by the tournament format and this document. The rules and restrictions that follow are considered the Standard format.

1.1. Battle Team Setup

A player must designate a Battle Team and keep the Battle Team unchanged from the beginning to the end of the event. Note: Event staff may alter a Battle Team to apply a penalty earned by the player.

Teams must have between four and six Pokémon, depending on the event format (please see Events Tethered by Local Distribution and Events Tethered by QR Code in Section 3).

1.2. Nicknames

Depending on the type of event, the nicknames of Pokémon in a player's Battle Team may be visible to the opponent. In such cases as these, the following rules will apply.

- ⦿ A player's team cannot contain two Pokémon with the same nickname.
- ⦿ A player's team cannot contain a Pokémon nicknamed with the name of another Pokémon (for example, a Raichu named 'Pikachu').
- ⦿ Players must avoid the use of potentially inappropriate, obscene, or otherwise offensive words or phrases when naming their Trainer or their Pokémon.

Any player found to be in breach of the above rules during an event may be subject to penalties up to and including Disqualification.

1.3. Items

- ⦿ Each Pokémon may hold an item, though no two Pokémon may hold the same item.
- ⦿ Players may only use items that can be obtained through regular gameplay (including the Pokémon Global Link and related functions of games released by The Pokémon Company and Nintendo) or that have been awarded as part of a distribution or special event.

1.4. Pokémon

- ⦿ A player's team cannot contain two Pokémon with the same National Pokédex number.
- ⦿ Pokémon may only use moves that have been learned through normal gameplay or from an official Pokémon event or promotion.
- ⦿ Pokémon may have Hidden Abilities.
- ⦿ Pokémon must have the black clover on their summary screen.
- ⦿ Pokémon above and below Lv. 50 are permitted but will be auto-leveled to Lv. 50 during battle.
- ⦿ Players may use Pokémon with the following National Pokédex numbers, provided they were caught or hatched in the game or were received at an official event or distribution.
 - #001–149 ○ #485–486 ○ #650–715
 - #152–248 ○ #488 ○ #722–788
 - #252–381 ○ #495–642 ○ #793–799
 - #387–482 ○ #645 ○ #803–806
- ⦿ In addition, players may use up to two Pokémon with the following National Pokédex numbers, provided they were caught in the game, received at an official event, or received from an official distribution.
 - #150 Mewtwo ○ #484 Palkia ○ #718 Zygarde
 - #249 Lugia ○ #487 Giratina ○ #789 Cosmog
 - #250 Ho-Oh ○ #643 Reshiram ○ #790 Cosmoem
 - #382 Kyogre ○ #644 Zekrom ○ #791 Solgaleo
 - #383 Groudon ○ #646 Kyurem ○ #792 Lunala
 - #384 Rayquaza ○ #716 Xerneas ○ #800 Necrozma
 - #483 Dialga ○ #717 Yveltal

- ⦿ Ash-Greninja is prohibited from use.
- ⦿ When Pokémon have a regional variant, either form may be used.

2. Equipment Rules

2.1. Game Cards

- ⦿ Only legitimate versions of *Pokémon Ultra Sun* or *Pokémon Ultra Moon* can be used in Play! Pokémon tournaments. This includes Game Cards and downloadable versions of *Pokémon Ultra Sun* or *Pokémon Ultra Moon*.
- ⦿ Players are responsible for ensuring that their Game Card or downloadable game is fully functional.
- ⦿ Players are restricted on which region Game Cards they can use, based on the country where they are playing.
 - Players at European events may only use European Game Cards.
 - Players at North American events may only use North American Game Cards.
 - Players in the Oceania, Latin America, South Africa, and Russia rating zones may only use Game Cards distributed in the player's local market.
 - Players at the World Championships or International Championships may use Game Cards from any region or market.

2.2. Game Systems

Players may use any system in the Nintendo 3DS™ family of systems during the competition. This includes—but is not restricted to—the New Nintendo 3DS™, New Nintendo 3DS XL™, Nintendo 3DS™, Nintendo 3DS XL™, New Nintendo 2DS XL™, and Nintendo 2DS™. Players are responsible for bringing an AC adapter that is compatible with their system.

- ⦿ Players are responsible for keeping their system charged for the duration of the tournament.
- ⦿ At a Judge's discretion, a match may be moved to the designated charging station. Players must not move to the charging station without receiving permission from a Judge. A match may only be moved between games, and never while a game is in progress.

- ⦿ Players are responsible for ensuring that their game system is fully functional.
 - ⦿ Players at European events may only use systems in the European Nintendo 3DS™ family.
 - ⦿ Players at North American events may only use systems in the North American Nintendo 3DS™ family.
 - ⦿ Players in the Oceania, Latin America, South Africa, and Russia rating zones may only use systems distributed in the player's local market.
 - ⦿ Players at the World Championships or International Championships may use systems from any region or market.
- ⦿ Players should ensure that game systems with which they enter Play! Pokémon tournaments are unmodified—that is, free from both custom software and firmware as well as any physical technological modification to the console itself. Players found to be using modified systems may be subject to Disqualification and subsequent disciplinary action.

2.3. Game Patches, Updates, and Firmware

Players are responsible for ensuring their version of *Pokémon Ultra Sun* or *Pokémon Ultra Moon* has the latest game update downloaded prior to the start of the tournament and that the latest software update has been performed on their system. Players may be penalized, including Disqualification, if their game is found to be missing the latest update, or if their system is not running on the latest firmware at any time during the tournament.

Tournament regulations are tethered to the player's registered Game Card, not to the system. If a player chooses to put their game into a new system, they are responsible for ensuring that this system also follows all the above requirements.

2.4. Headphone Use

Headphones may be worn by players only if they are wired and plugged directly into their game system. The headphone wire must be clearly visible.

2.5. Notes

Players may take notes at any time during their match but must begin each match with a blank sheet. Lined, ruled, or grid paper is permitted. No written or printed aids, including

type charts, are permitted in the play space.

2.6. Objects in Play Area

Players are permitted to have good luck charms or objects in the play space but must keep the play space neat. Players must avoid objects obstructing the IR port connection between game systems.

2.7. Team Lists

Players are required to provide a legible and accurate list of the Pokémon that comprise their team. It is recommended that players make use of the official Play! Pokémon Team List document for this purpose.

Team lists should be completed using the language to which the player's game is set.

As long as the team list records the player's name, Player ID, and date of birth, alongside the following information for each Pokémon, it will be accepted:

- ⦿ Pokémon species, including:
 - ⦿ Whether that Pokémon is a regional variant (such as Alolan).
 - ⦿ Whether that Pokémon is a specific form (where that form has a name, such as Therian Forme Landorus rather than simply Landorus, or Wash Rotom instead of Rotom).
 - ⦿ Whether that Pokémon is the size of a Totem Pokémon.
- ⦿ Gender
- ⦿ Ability
- ⦿ Level
- ⦿ Nature
- ⦿ Held item
- ⦿ All known moves
- ⦿ If the move Hidden Power is included, Hidden Power's type must be included.
- ⦿ All stats (HP / Attack / Defense / Special Attack / Special Defense / Speed)

Stats should be recorded at the Pokémon's actual level—the level it is when viewed in the player's in-game PC.

3. Match Play

3.1. Double Battle Format

Each player selects four Pokémon from their Battle Team to battle with. At the start of the battle, players send out the first two Pokémon in their party, making a total of four Pokémon on the battlefield. Gameplay continues until a player makes all four of their opponent's Pokémon faint, until one player's time limit has expired, or until time is called on the round.

3.2. Events Tethered by Local Distribution

An event that is tethered by local distribution is a tournament where the Battle Team is locked electronically via infrared distribution of tournament regulations.

- ⦿ Teams must contain a minimum of four Pokémon to participate in these events.
- ⦿ Selecting Cancel Participation after the Battle Team is locked may result in Disqualification.
- ⦿ Players must submit a team list at the start of the tournament that matches the player's Pokémon, items, and moves exactly as they appear in the Battle Team.
- ⦿ They must use this team during the entire tournament.

When requested, players must permit a Judge to review gameplay of their last match through the View Previous Match function on the Live Competition menu.

3.2.1. *Game Time Limits*

Tournaments tethered by local distribution will automatically enforce the following time limits:

- ⦿ Team preview: 90 seconds
- ⦿ Move time limit: 45 seconds
- ⦿ Player time (Your Time) limit: 7 minutes

In the interest of maintaining an enjoyable tournament environment, Pokémon Organized Play may decide to make revisions to this limit during the season based on feedback from Organizers.

- ⦿ Players may take notes at any time during a turn, and during Team Preview.
- ⦿ Players may use as much time as allowed each turn.

3.2.2. Match Time Limits

There is a match time limit of 50 minutes for best-of-three games and 20 minutes for best-of-one games. When match time is called, players will have three additional full turns to complete the current game.

3.2.2.1. Definition of a Full Turn

A turn begins when the Fight/Run menu is displayed for both players and lasts until all battle animations have completed and the Fight/Run menu is displayed once again.

If time is called at any point in the current turn other than when the Fight/Run menu is displayed for both players, the current turn does not constitute a full turn.

In this situation, the turn must be completed, and the three additional full turns will begin when the Fight/Run menu is once again displayed for both players.

3.3. Events Tethered by QR Code

An event that is tethered by QR Code is a tournament where the Battle Team is locked electronically via the use of a QR Code generated by the organizer.

All Premier Events must be tethered by QR Code unless they are operated by, or in conjunction with, The Pokémon Company International. If the event is operated by or with TPCi, then it may be tethered by local distribution, provided this method is available.

- 🕒 Battle Teams must contain six Pokémon to participate in these events.
- 🕒 Selecting Cancel Participation after the Battle Team is locked may result in Disqualification.
- 🕒 Players must submit a team list at the start of the tournament that matches the player's Pokémon, items, and moves exactly as they appear in the Battle Team.
- 🕒 Players must use this Battle Team during the entire tournament.
- 🕒 After a match, players must select the option to save video of the last battle.

Players are prohibited from using the Live Competition feature to play friendly games in between rounds. If a player runs out of the 30 available playable games at a QR Code tournament, they will be unable to continue playing in the event.

3.3.1. QR Code Time Limits

Tournaments tethered by QR Code will automatically enforce time limits:

- ⌚ Team preview: 90 seconds
- ⌚ Move time limit: 45 seconds
- ⌚ Player time (Your Time) limit: 7 minutes

In the interest of maintaining an enjoyable tournament environment, Pokémon Organized Play may decide to make revisions to this limit during the season based on feedback from Organizers.

- ⌚ Players may take notes at any time during a turn and during Team Preview.
- ⌚ Players may use as much time as allowed each turn.

3.4. Match Resolution

- ⌚ A player wins by making their opponent's final Pokémon faint.
- ⌚ If both players' Pokémon faint during the last turn of a match, the player whose Pokémon faints last wins the game.
- ⌚ Players are unable to resolve a match with an intentional draw (ID).
- ⌚ A player who selects the Run option is electing to forfeit the game. Should both players select the Run option during the same turn, the game will be recorded as having no winner.

3.4.1. *Resolving Time Outs*

Each player's personal Your Time timer will automatically count down the time left in the game available to that player.

A player who runs out of Your Time will lose at the end of the turn.

If both players run out of Your Time on the same turn, the game will automatically determine the winner using the following conditions in hierarchical order. This should also be applied by the tournament staff for any game that is not finished when match time is called and the final turn has resolved:

1. Whoever has the most Pokémon remaining wins.

2. If both players have the same number of Pokémon remaining, the player with the highest ratio of total HP remaining / total maximum HP for all Pokémon in their party wins.

This is found using the following equation: (Current HP of remaining Pokémon) / (Maximum HP of all Pokémon brought to battle). If performing this calculation manually, the Professor performing the calculation should round the resulting figure to three decimal places.

3. If there is no clear winner from conditions 1 or 2, then the player with the highest total HP remaining wins.

If there is still no clear winner, the game will be a tie.

3.4.2. Resolving Best-of-Three Matches in Swiss Rounds

Use the following criteria, in order, to determine the outcome of a game that is unresolved after the final turn has ended. After one of the criteria has been met, none of the others are applied.

1. If one player was late to the match or was away from the match without a Judge's permission for any period of time during the round, that player loses the match. To avoid an automatic loss, the absent player must have notified the Judge of this absence before the end of the match.
2. If both players were on time and present for the entire match, refer to the following charts to determine at which point the winner of the match is decided.

Example	Player	Game 1 Outcome	Game 2 Outcome	Game 3 Outcome	Sudden Death	Match Outcome
A	Player 1	Win	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss	Loss			
B	Player 1	Win	Loss	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss	Win	Loss		
C	Player 1	Win	Tie	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss		Loss		
D	Player 1	Tie	Win	Tie	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2		Loss			
E	Player 1	Tie	Win	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2		Loss	Loss		

F	Player 1	Tie	Tie	Tie	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2				Loss	
G	Player 1	Tie	Win	Loss	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2		Loss	Win	Loss	

If round time is called and both players have each won one game following the resolution of Game 2, then players will proceed to Sudden Death instead. In this case, it is appropriate to use the following solution:

Example	Player	Game 1 Outcome	Game 2 Outcome	Game 3 Outcome	Sudden Death	Match Outcome
H	Player 1	Win	Loss	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss	Win		Loss	

If Sudden Death resolves in a tie during Swiss rounds, a tie is given for the match.

3.4.3. Resolving Best-of-Three Matches in Single-Elimination Rounds

Use the following criteria, in order, to determine the outcome of a game that is unresolved after the final turn has ended. After one of the criteria has been met, none of the others are applied.

1. If one player was late to the match or was away from the match without a Judge's permission for any period of time during the round, that player loses the match. To avoid an automatic loss, the absent player must have notified the Judge of this absence before the end of the match.
2. If both players were on time and present for the entire match, refer to the following charts to determine at which point the winner of the match is decided.

Example	Player	Game 1 Outcome	Game 2 Outcome	Game 3 Outcome	Sudden Death	Match Outcome
A	Player 1	Win	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss	Loss			
B	Player 1	Win	Loss	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss	Win	Loss		
C	Player 1	Win	Tie	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	

	Player 2	Loss		Loss		Player 1 wins
D	Player 1	Tie	Win	Tie	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2		Loss			
E	Player 1	Tie	Win	Win	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Player 1 wins
	Player 2		Loss	Loss		
F	Player 1	Tie	Tie	Tie	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2				Loss	
G	Player 1	Tie	Win	Loss	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2		Loss	Win	Loss	

If round time is called and both players have each won one game following the resolution of Game 2 or Game 3, then players will proceed to Sudden Death instead.

Example	Player	Game 1 Outcome	Game 2 Outcome	Game 3 Outcome	Sudden Death	Match Outcome
H	Player 1	Win	Loss	<i>Unnecessary</i>	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss	Win		Loss	
I	Player 1	Win	Tie	Loss	Win	Player 1 wins
	Player 2	Loss		Win	Loss	

If Sudden Death resolves in a tie during Single Elimination rounds, a second Sudden Death game will be played.

3.4.4. Sudden Death

During Sudden Death, players begin a new game. Players are required to gain an advantage in number of remaining Pokémon over their opponent. After each turn has been completed, tournament staff will determine the number of Pokémon that each player has remaining to determine if an advantage has been gained.

- 🌀 If both players have the same number of Pokémon remaining at the end of the turn, the game continues for another turn.

- ☉ If either player has more remaining Pokémon than their opponent at the end of the turn, that player wins the game.
- ☉ If both players' final Pokémon faint on the same turn, the game will end naturally. In this case, the game will utilize in-built match resolution to determine the result of the game.

3.4.5. Double Game Freeze

In some rare circumstances, players may experience a situation where both games freeze, and it is not clear which player is at fault. In this situation, the game cannot progress any further by organic means and must be resolved as outlined in the table below.

The point in the game at which the double game freeze happens has an impact on how the resolution should occur.

Pokémon Remaining in Team	Game Resolution
4–4 (including during Team Preview)	Game void, restart from the beginning
4–3	Tie
4–2	Tie
4–1	Win for player with most remaining Pokémon
3–3	Tie
3–2	Tie
3–1	Win for player with most remaining Pokémon
2–2	Tie
2–1	Tie
1–1	Tie

4. Illegal Pokémon

4.1. Illegally Manipulated Pokémon

The use of external devices, such as a mobile app, to modify or create items or Pokémon in a player's Battle Team is expressly forbidden. Players found to have Pokémon or items that

have been tampered with may receive a Disqualification, regardless of whether the Pokémon or items belong to that player or were traded for.

4.2. Electronic Team Checking

A player's Battle Team may be checked at any time for illegal Pokémon using an electronic team check. If a player is unable to connect to the internet due to device error or is blacklisted from game online functionality, the player will not be able to participate in the event. If it is discovered during an event that staff are unable to perform a team check for the above reasons, the player may receive a Disqualification from the event.

4.3. Manual Team Checking

A player's Battle Team may be manually checked by an organizer or a Judge for evidence of illegal manipulation as outlined in the Manual Team Checking appendix. Only the examples outlined in the Manual Team Checking appendix or uncovered through the electronic team check may be penalized.

4.4. Reporting Illegal Manipulation

Any Play! Pokémon member who believes they have discovered a new method of illegal team manipulation, via any means, should report this to the Pokémon Organized Play team through the [Customer Support Portal](#).

5. Pokémon Video Game Penalty Guidelines

5.1. Introduction

Play! Pokémon protocols and procedures are intended to foster a spirit of friendly competition at all Play! Pokémon events. However, situations occasionally arise—whether intentionally or unintentionally—in which players and spectators do not abide by the Play! Pokémon rules or the spirit of the game. In these cases, penalties can be earned, ranging from **Cautions** and **Warnings** that do not represent substantial corrective action to more lasting forms of penalties, including **Disqualification** from an event.

This section of the document is intended to provide organizers and Judges with guidelines by which they can assign and report penalties in a fair, even, and logical way.

5.2. Assigning Penalties

Play! Pokémon Professors should seek to create fun, safe, and non-stressful play experiences for our players. For this reason, the application of penalties should be handled in the most polite and discreet manner possible.

Every time a penalty is assigned, it should be accompanied by an explanation of specifically how the player's actions are disallowed by the Play! Pokémon Tournament Rules documents, and by a clear description of what penalty will result from a repeated infraction. The application of penalties should be handled in a way that is positive and that moves the player toward a better overall understanding of the rules. To avoid singling players out or making a spectacle of an incident, organizers and Judges may want to assign penalties in private.

In some cases, a player may choose to drop from the event in an attempt to avoid receiving a serious penalty. This tactic is unacceptable. The Head Judge should notify the player that the penalty will still be assessed and reported to Pokémon Organized Play accordingly.

5.2.1. *Deviating from Recommended Penalties*

The penalties for infractions are simply recommendations and may be increased or decreased in severity based on circumstances. As a general rule, Judges should take an especially easy approach with the Junior age division. Younger players are often prone to make mistakes due to lack of experience or from the intimidation of playing in a competitive environment. Pokémon Organized Play recommends starting with a **Caution** for most penalties applied to players in the Junior age division. Younger or less-experienced players should always be given the benefit of the doubt, as they are often learning the game and most of the mistakes they make are accidental. These players may be given additional **Caution** penalties before a **Warning** is issued.

The final word on what penalties should be applied to which players and at what time is up to the Head Judge of the event. The Professor organizing the tournament and other Judges may assign penalties, but they should always check with the Head Judge before assigning a penalty more severe than a **Warning**. All **Cautions** and **Warnings** assigned by any Judge or organizer should be reported to the Head Judge of the event. The Head Judge is required to report any penalty above a **Caution** to Pokémon Organized Play.

5.2.2. *Reporting Penalties to Pokémon Organized Play*

Simple **Cautions** do not need to be reported to Pokémon Organized Play; however, penalties at the **Warning** level and above must be reported. Pokémon Organized Play tracks each

player's penalty history to differentiate intentional repetition of infractions from unintentional occurrences and to determine if long-term action is necessary.

Penalties that require reporting must be submitted to playercoordinator@pokemon.com within seven days of the event date. A penalty-reporting form can be found on the Tournament Rules and Resources page for your convenience.

If you cannot access the penalty reporting form, please email the information below to playercoordinator@pokemon.com:

- 🕒 Tournament sanctioning number
- 🕒 Player IDs and names of the relevant players
- 🕒 Player ID and name of the Judge issuing the penalty
- 🕒 A detailed account of the relevant proceedings of the event, up to and including the infraction, the response from the Judges and organizer, and the reaction, if any, of the involved players

In the event of a Disqualification, it is also the responsibility of the Head Judge to submit a full and thorough report of the incident to Pokémon Organized Play. This report should detail all factors that contributed to the decision to issue this penalty, as well as the names and Player ID numbers of all Professors who were present at the time of the incident.

5.3. Types of Penalties in the Pokémon Video Game

The following list details the various levels of penalty in order of severity. Only Pokémon Organized Play (POP) is authorized to add to or alter any of the penalties below. Organizers and Judges may not issue any penalties other than those listed below. In addition to the below penalties, the Judge or organizer may need to take further corrective action, such as removing an illegal Pokémon from a player's team.

5.3.1. *Caution*

A **Caution** is the most basic of assigned penalties. In essence, the Judge or Tournament Organizer assigning the **Caution** is merely notifying the player that they did something wrong. The **Caution** should be followed with an explanation to the player about the correct procedure as well as notification to the player that a repeated offense may result in a higher penalty.

5.3.2. *Warning*

A **Warning** is similar to a **Caution** in that both are minor penalties. They differ in that **Warnings** must be reported to POP by the Head Judge or organizer of the event in which they occur. If younger or less-experienced players commit a second offense that was penalized the first time with a **Caution**, a second **Caution** is a suitable second penalty, but a **Warning** may need to be issued on a third offense. Judges should always use discretion when escalating a penalty in the Junior age division, as this group is often still learning the game.

After a **Warning** has been issued, the issuing TO or Judge should confirm that the erring player is aware of the proper rules and procedures as set forth in the Play! Pokémon VG Rules, Formats, and Penalty Guidelines document. The player should be informed that a repeat offense may result in an escalated penalty.

5.3.3. *Game Loss*

The **Game Loss** penalty is generally used when a mistake has been made that has a severe impact to the point where the game is irreparably broken and unable to continue. This penalty is also used for other major procedural errors or problems.

When issuing a **Game Loss** penalty during an active game, the game is recorded as a loss for the player receiving the penalty. In extreme cases where significant errors have been made by both players in a game, a **Game Loss** penalty may be issued to both players simultaneously. A game terminated in this manner is not a tie; it is recorded as having no winner.

If a **Game Loss** penalty is issued between rounds, the penalty is applied to the player's next game.

5.3.4. *Disqualification*

Disqualification is the most serious penalty that can be issued at a tournament. Its use should be strictly reserved for the most extreme cases, where a player's actions (whether intentional or unintentional) have significantly and negatively impacted the integrity or operation of the entire event. Players who receive this penalty are removed from the tournament and become ineligible to receive any prizes. It is important that the removal be enacted in such a way so as not to inflame, extend, or call any more attention to the situation than is absolutely necessary.

The timing of a player's disqualification has an impact on the remainder of the tournament.

If disqualified after pairings are posted or during an active match, the player is given a loss for that round, and then dropped from the event.

If disqualified after their match is completed but before pairings for the next round are posted, the player is simply dropped from the event.

If disqualified at any point during a Single Elimination cut, the player is dropped from the event, and their opponent receives a win for that round.

If the player's actions warrant it, asking the player to leave the tournament site may be necessary. The player receiving the penalty should be given time to collect their belongings and to make arrangements with any other players they may have traveled with.

5.4. Types of Infractions

There are several categories of infraction, and each should be treated slightly differently based on the age and experience level of the involved players. Each infraction lists two penalties.

The Tier 1 Penalty is the first penalty that should be assigned to a player committing this type of infraction at an event such as a Premier Challenge or Midseason Showdown.

The Tier 2 Penalty should be assigned at events such as Regional Championships, Special Championships, International Championships, or World Championships events, as players at these events are held to a higher standard of gameplay.

5.4.1. *Gameplay Error*

This infraction covers general mistakes made during a game. These mistakes can have very little impact on a game, or they can bring a game to an abrupt halt. This category defines the levels of errors and outlines the appropriate penalties for each.

5.4.1.1. *Minor*

Recommended Penalty:

Tier 1—**Caution** (first offense); **Warning** (second offense); **Game Loss** (third offense)

Tier 2—**Warning** (first offense); **Game Loss** (second offense)

Examples of **Gameplay Error: Minor** include:

- 🌀 Holding or moving the game system in a way that results in a fixable frozen match delay.

5.4.1.2. *Major*

Recommended Penalty: **Game Loss**

Examples of **Gameplay Error: Major** include:

- ⦿ Removal of Game Card mid-game.
- ⦿ Loss of power to game system.
- ⦿ Holding or moving the game system in a way that results in an unfixable frozen game state*.
- ⦿ Refusal to select View Previous Match when requested by a Judge.
- ⦿ Attempting to view the opponent's screen to gain an advantage (screen peeking)**.

**If both players are experiencing an unfixable frozen game state, and it is unclear which player is at fault, the problem should be resolved as outlined in 3.4.5. Double Game Freeze.*

*****Game Loss** is recommended as the starting penalty for a first offense. If the player is confirmed to have engaged in a second offense, the penalty should be escalated to **Disqualification**.*

5.4.2. Team Error

This infraction encompasses problems found with a player's Battle Team. In all cases, the offending Pokémon or held item should be prohibited from play, in addition to applying the appropriate penalty. If this results in a player having fewer than four usable Pokémon remaining in their team, the infraction should be escalated to **Team Error: Severe**. If the Pokémon or held item described on the team list is immediately available, the player should be given the opportunity to add the correct one to their team.

In events tethered by local distribution:

If the player is unable to present the correct Pokémon or held item, the offending Pokémon or item should be removed and not replaced.

In events tethered by QR Code:

If the player is unable to present the correct held item, the offending item should be removed and not replaced.

If the player is unable to present the correct Pokémon, the offending Pokémon should be prohibited from use for the remainder of the tournament rather than removed. At the start of each round, the player's opponents should be informed of the Pokémon that is prohibited. Additionally, a Judge should check at regular intervals throughout the remainder of the tournament that players in receipt of such a penalty are not using the offending Pokémon.

5.4.2.1. Minor

Recommended Penalty: **Warning**

Examples of **Team Error: Minor** include:

- ⦿ A Pokémon or item in the player's Battle Team does not match the team list, resulting in no potential competitive advantage. Examples where potential competitive advantage does not exist include:
 - Gastrodon East Sea is listed, while the Battle Team in fact contains Gastrodon West Sea.
 - A genderless Pokémon is listed as male or female on the team list.
 - A Pokémon is listed without accurate form information, but other information contained on the team list makes it apparent which form is being used.
 - Example #1: 'Rotom' is listed on the team sheet when Heat Rotom is contained in the Battle Team, but the form-exclusive move Overheat is correctly listed in the move set on the team list.
 - Example #2: 'Landorus' alone is listed on the team sheet when Landorus Therian Forme is contained in the Battle Team, but the form-exclusive Ability Intimidate is correctly listed on the team list.

5.4.2.2. *Major*

Recommended Penalty: **Game Loss**

If an error is found after one match is completed but before the following round is paired, any **Game Loss** penalties issued as a result should apply retroactively to the completed game.

Examples of **Team Error: Major** include:

- ⦿ A Pokémon or item in the player's Battle Team does not match the team list, resulting in potential competitive advantage. Examples where potential competitive advantage exists include:
 - A Pokémon is listed without accurate form information, and no other information contained on the team list makes it apparent which form is being used.
 - Example #1: 'Rotom' is listed on the team sheet when Wash Rotom is contained in the Battle Team, and the correct association cannot be reasonably made by event staff by considering the move set.
 - Example #2: 'Landorus' alone is listed on the team sheet when Landorus Therian Forme is contained in the Battle Team, and the

Ability field on the team list has been left blank or contains Sheer Force.

- A Pokémon that can be either gender is male in the Battle Team but is listed as female on the team list, or vice versa.
- A move is listed as 'Thunder' on the team list when the move known by the Pokémon in the Battle Team is actually Thunder Wave.
- A Pokémon's stat is not listed or is listed incorrectly on the team list.
- ⊗ A Pokémon in the player's Battle Team has an inappropriate nickname.*
- ⊗ A Pokémon on the player's team also appears in Section 1 of the Manual Team Checking Appendix.

Should the nickname in question be deliberately meant to cause offense, reclassification to **Unsporting Conduct: Severe may be necessary.*

5.4.2.3. Severe

Recommended Penalty: **Disqualification**

Examples of **Team Error: Severe** include:

- ⊗ A player has fewer than four usable Pokémon remaining after receiving earlier penalties.
- ⊗ A Pokémon on the player's team also appears in Section 2 of the Manual Team Checking Appendix.
- ⊗ Any indication via official tools that a Pokémon has been illegally manipulated, such as a player's team failing an electronic team check.

5.4.3. Procedural Error

A player who causes an error in the operation of an event, such as misreporting a match, playing the wrong opponent, failing to notify a Judge or TO that they are dropping from the event, or other such errors, needs to be reminded of the procedural rules of a Play! Pokémon event. As with Gameplay Errors or other accidental infractions, this reminder is customarily given with a **Caution** penalty. Repeated infractions may result in higher penalties.

5.4.3.1. Minor

Recommended Penalty: **Caution**

This category covers smaller errors that do not have a serious impact on the operation of the event. If the situation can be corrected before any delay or disruption occurs, the correction should always be made and no higher penalty than a **Caution** should be dispensed for a first infraction. If the situation goes unreported until delay or disruption is caused, a **Warning** is a suitable first penalty.

Examples of **Procedural Error: Minor** include:

- ⦿ Walking away from a match before both players' game systems have recognized the results of the final game.
- ⦿ Forgetting to sign the match slip.
- ⦿ Entering marked or announced staff-only areas.
- ⦿ Interrupting staff during announcements to players or rulings in progress.

5.4.3.2. *Major*

Recommended Penalty: **Warning**

Occasionally errors are made that have a much larger impact on the tournament's operation. Some can cause a major delay in the timeliness of the event; others can cause a significant inconvenience for other players. In some extreme cases, the penalty for this infraction can be escalated to a **Game Loss** for a first offense.

Examples of **Procedural Error: Major** include:

- ⦿ Filling out a match slip incorrectly.
- ⦿ Showing up late to a match (less than 5 minutes).

5.4.3.3. *Severe*

Recommended Penalty: **Game Loss**

This category is typically reserved for an infraction that has a significant impact on the event, or that is the result of a breakdown in event protocol.

Examples of **Procedural Error: Severe** include:

- ⦿ Reporting an incorrect result for a match.
- ⦿ Showing up late to a match (5 minutes or more).
- ⦿ Failing to report dropping from an event before leaving the venue. This penalty should be issued whether or not the player is there to receive it.

- ⦿ Playing the incorrect opponent (in this case, the player sitting at the wrong table receives the penalty).

5.4.4. *Unsporting Conduct*

This group of penalties covers the inappropriate actions taken by players or spectators at an event. This category always assumes that the offending actions are intentional. A player does not have to be actively involved in a match to receive an Unsporting Conduct penalty. While players and spectators should enjoy their tournament experience, they also need to remember that their actions can have a negative impact on fellow participants.

5.4.4.1. *Minor*

Recommended Penalty: **Warning**

Players are expected to behave in a respectful manner to all attendees and staff of a Pokémon event. Players who don't behave properly need to be reminded with the issuance of a penalty. Infractions in this category have no impact on the event operation itself.

Examples of **Unsporting Conduct: Minor** include:

- ⦿ Swearing in the tournament area.
- ⦿ Leaving a small amount of garbage in the tournament area.
- ⦿ Roughhousing.
- ⦿ Disturbing a match in progress.

5.4.4.2. *Major*

Recommended Penalty: **Game Loss**

Infractions in this category have a direct impact on event operation or cause a small degree of emotional distress to those around them.

Examples of **Unsporting Conduct: Major** include:

- ⦿ Leaving a large amount of garbage in the tournament area.
- ⦿ Failure to comply with the instructions of, or lying to, the event staff.
- ⦿ Attempting to manipulate a match through intimidation or distraction.
- ⦿ Refusal to sign a match slip.

5.4.4.3. *Severe*

Recommended Penalty: **Disqualification**

Infractions in this category have a serious impact on event operation or integrity, cause great emotional distress to those around them, or involve a physical altercation.

Examples of **Unsporting Conduct: Severe** include:

- 🚫 Defacement of tournament area.
- 🚫 Determining the outcome of a match by random means, by the use of bribery or coercion, or by any means other than those set forth in these guidelines.
- 🚫 Assault.
- 🚫 Use of profanity or physical threats to event staff.
- 🚫 Theft.
- 🚫 Use of slurs or insults.

Appendix A. Manual Team Checking

This section outlines known examples of illegal manipulation which are not currently caught by the electronic team check.

In the event of non-consensus between event staff regarding whether or not a player's Pokémon meets any of the below criteria, the Head Judge is awarded the ultimate determining authority.

Section 1

Any players found to have one of the Pokémon described below in their Battle Team have committed a **Team Error: Minor** infraction, and should be penalized appropriately as outlined in the Pokémon Video Game Penalty Guidelines.

The offending Pokémon should also be removed from the player's Battle Team or prohibited from use, depending on the tournament type. Should this result in the player's having fewer than four Pokémon remaining in their Battle Team, that player no longer meets a minimum tournament entry requirement and must also receive **Disqualification** from the event.

- ⦿ Any Pokémon contained in a Poké Ball in which it cannot be found through normal gameplay or official promotions. Examples include:
 - Any Pokémon that lists 'From: Nursery Helpers' on its Summary screen and that is contained in a Master Ball or a Cherish Ball.
- ⦿ Any of these Pokémon (with the black clover) that has the following true in-game level:
 - #248 under Lv. 55
 - #628 under Lv. 54
 - #630 under Lv. 54
 - #635 under Lv. 64

Section 2

Any players found to have one of the Pokémon described below in their Battle Team have committed a **Team Error: Major** infraction and should be penalized appropriately as outlined in the Pokémon Video Game Penalty Guidelines.

- ⦿ Any Pokémon with an attack, Ability, Nature, or other attribute that cannot be obtained through normal gameplay or official promotions.

- ☹ Any of the following Pokémon (with the black clover) that has Hidden Power as a Fighting-type move.
- #144–146
 - #150
 - #243–245
 - #249–250
 - #377–384
 - #480–488
 - #638–646
 - #716–718
 - #772–773
 - #785–800
 - #803–806

Appendix B. Document Updates

Pokémon Organized Play reserves the right to alter these rules, as well as the right to interpret, modify, clarify, or otherwise issue official changes to these rules, with or without prior notice.

Document updates will be made available at [The Official Pokémon Website](#).

Revisions made for latest publication (October 23, 2019)

Section	Revision	Details
2.2.	Clarification	Modified systems include both those with custom software and firmware as well as any physical modifications.
5.4.2.	Rule change	The Team Error infractions section has been expanded to incorporate greater guidance for judges with regards penalizing discrepancies between team list and Battle Team.