

# OPEN-SHOP SESSIONS BEGIN IN HOTEL ASTOR

## Citizens' Industrial Alliance Holds Its Annual Convention.

### GROWTH OF MOVEMENT TRACED

President Parry Says 1,000 Manufacturers Established Open Shop in 1904

—Colorado's Governor Defended.

The "open shop" idea was explained and unionism severely criticised at the second convention of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America, which began yesterday forenoon in the Hotel Astor. The Socialists also came in for left-handed compliments by some of the speakers, including President D. M. Parry of the association.

In all 224 delegates from affiliated Citizens' Associations and alliances were present. A number of non-member manufacturers also attended, swelling the total attendance to about 450.

Charles L. Eidlitz, President of the Building Trades Association; Charles A. Cowan, a member of the latter, and Samuel B. Donnelly, Secretary of its General Arbitration Board, sat at the back of the hall during part of the proceedings. The Employers' Association is committed to the union idea, though individually some of its members may believe in the open shop.

President D. M. Parry said in his annual address that he had not the slightest doubt that if trades unionism should become dominant in the country all its industries would languish and all our streets would be filled with idle men.

Matters, he declared, were becoming critical, until a spontaneous movement arose among employers for the formation of local associations, and organizations like the National Association of Manufacturers began to grapple with the situation. The result was a reaction.

"Strike after strike," he continued, "was ordered, only to be lost by the unions, and a great check was given to trades union aggression from Maine to California. Shop after shop has been opened to the non-union man, and protection has been given him against the sluggers in most of our industrial centres. I believe that fully one thousand manufacturing establishments have in the last year abandoned the closed shop. I have been informed of the names of 250 concerns in Chicago alone that have done this."

Speaking of the growth of the Socialist vote at the last election, Mr. Parry said:

"The growth of the Socialist Party simply adds additional force to the necessity that confronts the employers to the end that our great individualistic form of government may be maintained."

President J. W. Van Cleave of the Citizens' Industrial Association of St. Louis scored employers who compromised with unions and sacrificed the non-union man. As to the workers, he said:

"No man can serve two masters. He cannot give his allegiance to the walking delegate and at the same time render allegiance to his employer. The St. Louis industrial expositions cost the promoters \$5,000,000 additional through the unions, and the same amount to the contractors. Labor unions do not deport criminals. If they say otherwise they lie. But they assess themselves to support criminals."

In the afternoon session Secretary A. C. Marshall read a report of the rise and progress of the Citizens' Industrial Association. He was followed by Charles N. Chadwick, President of the New York Manufacturers' Association, who spoke on the future of the American apprentices.

Charles W. Post, President of the American Advertisers' Association, Battle Creek, Mich., read a paper on industrial peace, in which he described how Battle Creek became free from strikes.

"This looks like a big proposition," he said. "The causes that led up to this unique condition may be interesting and will point to a practical solution of the question of permanent peace between employers and employes. Our work people, merchants, lawyers, doctors, and other citizens became aroused and indignant at the efforts of labor unions elsewhere to destroy the business of one of our largest industries."

This blow Mr. Post declared, was not only aimed at the company, but at the industry, and if successful would have thrown hundreds out of work. The cause of the boycott was that Mr. Post would not obey the order of the unions to take the patronage of the firm from certain newspapers that declined to employ union labor.

P. C. Nunemacher, President of the Louisville Master Printers' Association, and J. C. Craig, President of the Citizens' Alliance of Denver, were the other speakers. Mr. Craig described the Cripple Creek murders by the unions and defended Governor Peabody for sending the troops. He said that there was corruption among the Democrats in Colorado and that on a recount it would be found that Gov. Peabody was elected.

## AMERICAN RIDERS HOME AGAIN.

### Jockeys O'Connor and Mead Return from Engagements Abroad.

The American jockeys, "Winnie" O'Connor and "Tommie" Mead, who have been riding abroad since the early Spring, were arrivals in New York yesterday on the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II. O'Connor, who rode in France exclusively, was one of the most successful jockeys of the season on the French tracks, in spite of the fact that soon after his introduction to French racing under engagement to William K. Vanderbilt, he gave up his contract with the Vanderbilt stable and rode as a public jockey for the greater part of the season. He made a most favorable impression on the French turfmen, however, and through the latter part of the year had many mounts from the leading stables and finished the season well up on the list of winning riders. O'Connor was so pleased with his success that he will return to France next Spring, with the offer of a remunerative contract.

### N. Y. U. Freshmen Win at Football.

The New York University freshmen sprung a big surprise yesterday when they won the annual freshman-sophomore football game by a score of 10 to 0. Every one expected that the sophomores would have an easy time, and odds of 3 to 1 were freely offered on their winning. From the kick-off to the final whistle the first-year men had all the better of the argument. Mowen covered himself with glory in the eyes of the freshmen by making both touch-downs after good-sized runs. Only once during the game was the "freshies'" goal in danger. There was a hard fight between the halves for possession of the ball, and Wellman, a sophomore, saved the day for his class by getting the coveted oval. The line-up:

Class 1908, 10.	Position.	Class 1907, 0.
Perry.....	Left end.....	Lillas
Wicks.....	Left tackle.....	Brown
Green.....	Left guard.....	Stadie
Norham.....	Centre.....	Lemouse
Sabine.....	Right guard.....	Smith
McGovern.....	Right tackle.....	Van Horn
Miholland.....	Right end.....	Trimmer
Judge.....	Quarter back.....	Wessels
Mowen.....	Left half back.....	Bassave
Simpson.....	Right half back.....	Lewis
Young.....	Full back.....	Roberts

Touch-downs—Mowen, (2.) Referee—"Tom" Reilly. Umpire—C. C. Cragin. Time of game—Twenty-minute halves.