

Erongo 2011

Census Regional Profile



REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA



Namibia Population
& Housing Census

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2011 POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS

Erongo Regional Profile

Basic Analysis with Highlights

March 2014

Foreword

The first Population and Housing Census in an independent Namibia was conducted in 1991. Since then, a Census has been undertaken every ten years, and the 2011 Population and Housing Census marks Namibia's third census since independence in 1990. The Census is demonstrative of the Namibia Statistics Agency's (NSA) commitment to providing relevant and quality statistics to support decision making, policy formulation and monitoring of development programmes.

This regional profile presents the result of the 2011 Namibia Population and Housing Census for the Erongo Region. The report provides a wide range of indicators on population characteristics, household and housing conditions and households enumerated in the region between 28 August and 15 September 2011. The report further provides detailed information on age and sex composition, marital status, education, literacy, economic activity, orphan-hood, fertility and disability. In addition, household size, housing amenities, ownership and the quality of housing are also presented in this report. All these indicators are provided at regional, urban/rural and constituency level. It should be noted that internal migration was not possible to calculate at constituency level. However it was provided at regional level in the 2011 main census report launched on 27 March 2013, as well as in the Population Atlas released in June 2013.

This regional profile is the fourth in a series of reports to be released based on the 2011 census data. The first report - released in April 2012 - disseminated provisional results on the distribution of the population. The second report was the census main report, which presented more detailed results at national level; and the third report was the Population Atlas, which depicts the distribution of the country's population on maps by regions and constituencies.

We thank the Government of the Republic of Namibia for contributing significantly to the implementation of the 2011 census, as well as our development partners who provided technical or financial support. We are grateful to everyone who contributed to ensuring that the 2011 census was a success. In particular, we thank UNFPA, the Government of the United States of America through USAID and Statistics South Africa for their technical support to ensure the timely completion of census activities. We also thank the census inter-agency technical committee, line ministries, private institutions, the governor of the region and regional offices, field staff and the general public for their support, which was pivotal to the success of the 2011 Population & Housing Census.

We are hopeful that the users of this report will find its contents useful for their decision making and planning purposes, including business investments. Our commitment is to ensure that all statistics required by our users are readily available.



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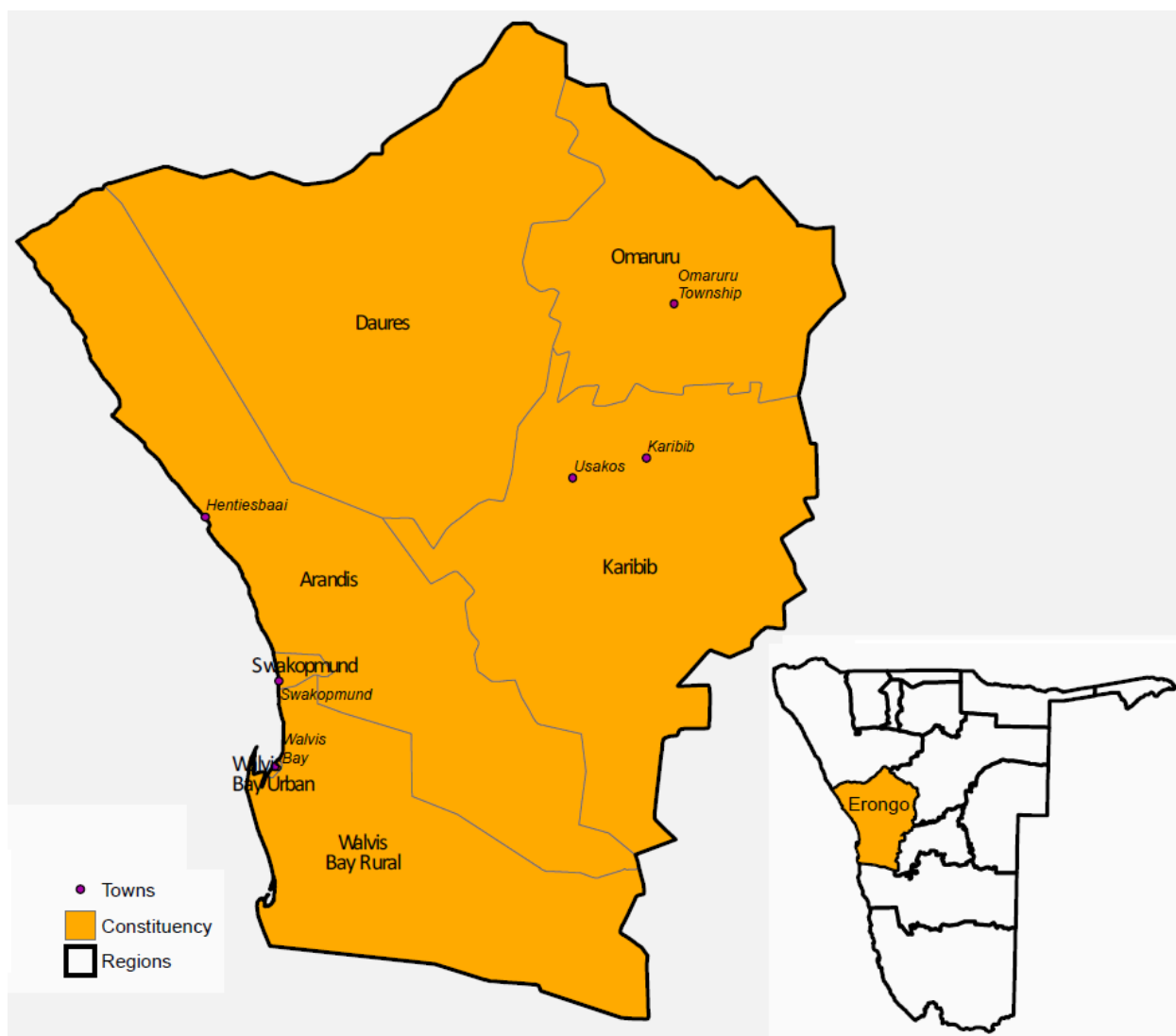
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LIST OF ACRONYMS

CBS	Central Bureau of Statistics
CBR	Crude Birth Rate
CDR	Crude Death Rate
EA	Enumeration Area
ECD	Early Childhood Development
ICT	Information Communication Technology
MDGs	Millennium Development Goals
NDPs	National Development Plans
NSA	Namibia Statistics Agency
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
USAID	United States Agency for International Development

CONSTITUENCIES AND SELECTED TOWNS FOR ERONGO REGION



Total population		Urban Localities	
Erongo	150 809	Arandis	5 170
Arandis	10 093	Henties Bay	4 720
Daures	11 350	Karibib	5 132
Karibib	13 320	Swakopmund	44 725
Omaruru	8 577	Usakos	3 585
Swakopmund	44 725	Walvis Bay	62 096
Walvis Bay Rural	26 916	Omaruru	6 300
Walvis Bay Urban	35 828		

Erongo Region – Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	150 809	107 663	In labour force	79	71
Females	70 986	50 040	Employed	70	66
Males	79 823	57 616	Unemployed	30	34
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	112	115	Outside labour force	16	24
Age composition, %			Student	45	35
Under 5 years	11	11	Homemaker	11	34
5 – 14 years	17	18	Retired, too old, etc.	44	31
15 – 59 years	67	64	Housing Conditions, %t		
60+ years	6	6	Households with		
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Safe water	96	96
Never married	58	57	No toilet facility	11	12
Married with certificate	26	24	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	15	40
Married traditionally	2	2	Household main income		
Married consensually	10	10	Farming	3	4
Divorced/Separated	2	2	Wages & Salaries	73	67
Widowed	2	3	Cash remittance	5	8
Private households			Business, non-farming	9	8
Number	44 116	27 496	Pension	8	10
Average size	3.3	3.8	Disability, %		
Head of Household, %			With disability	2	4
Females	34	35			
Males	66	65			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	97	92			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	6	8			
Currently at school	9	9			
Left school	83	79			

Note: 'Not stated' and 'Don't know' were not imputed in 2001 census

Arandis Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	10 093	7 590	In labour force	71	69
Females	4 852	3 762	Employed	72	64
Males	5 241	3 828	Unemployed	28	36
			Outside labour force	22	27
			Student	49	45
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	108	102	Homemaker	5	13
			Retired, too old, etc.	46	42
Age composition, %			Housing Conditions, %		
Under 5 years	10	11	Households with		
5 – 14 years	19	22	Safe water	99	100
15 – 59 years	64	59	No toilet facility	9	1
60+ years	8	7	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	7	8
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Household main income		
Never married	56	52	Farming	1	1
Married with certificate	29	31	Wages & Salaries	72	65
Married traditionally	2	2	Cash remittance	3	9
Married consensually	9	10	Business, non-farming	6	7
Divorced/Separated	1	1	Pension	10	15
Widowed	2	3			
Private households			Disability, %		
Number	2 743	1 906	With disability	3	7
Average size	3.6	3.9			
Head of Household, %					
Females	32	31			
Males	68	69			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	98	97			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	4	5			
Currently at school	13	13			
Left school	80	80			

Daures Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	11 350	10 289	In labour force	66	53
Females	5 309	4 915	Employed	56	71
Males	6 041	5 374	Unemployed	44	29
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	114	109	Outside labour force	29	42
Age composition, %			Homemaker	11	55
Under 5 years	15	13	Student	26	21
5 – 14 years	23	23	Retired, too old, etc.	63	24
15 – 59 years	51	55	Housing Conditions, %		
60+ years	11	8	Households with		
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Safe water	65	84
Never married	63	58	No toilet facility	61	35
Married with certificate	18	21	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	82	84
Married traditionally	4	1	Household main income, %		
Married consensually	10	15	Farming	24	9
Divorced/Separated	1	2	Wages & Salaries	28	49
Widowed	3		Cash remittance	11	14
Private households			Business, non-farming	9	7
Number	2 911	2 966	Pension	24	15
Average size	3.8	4.3	Disability, %		
Head of Household, %			With disability	4	2
Females	40	37			
Males	60	63			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	82	86			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	20	22			
Currently at school	8	10			
Left school	69	67			

Karibib Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	13 320	12 084	In labour force	76	53
Females	6 412	5 867	Employed	59	71
Males			Unemployed	41	29
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	108	106	Outside labour force	19	42
Age composition, %			Homemaker	8	55
Under 5 years	13	13	Student	43	21
5 – 14 years	20	23	Retired, too old, etc.	49	24
15 – 59 years	60	55	Housing Conditions, %		
60+ years	7	8	Households with		
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Safe water	89	84
Never married	57	58	No toilet facility	38	35
Married with certificate	26	21	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	53	58
Married traditionally	3	1	Household main income		
Married consensually	10	15	Farming	6	9
Divorced/Separated	1	2	Wages & Salaries	58	49
Widowed	2	3	Cash remittance	7	14
Private households			Business, non-farming	9	7
Number	3 471	2 966	Pension	13	15
Average size	3.7	4.0	Disability, %		
Head of Household, %			With disability	4	4
Females	37	37			
Males	63	63			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	92	86			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	12	14			
Currently at school	10	9			
Left school	76	75			

Omaruru Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	8 577	7 156	In labour force	74	63
Females	4 131	3 470	Employed	66	72
Males	4 446	3 686	Unemployed	34	28
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	108	106	Outside labour force	19	29
Age composition, %			Homemaker	7	35
Under 5 years	12	12	Student	37	30
5 – 14 years	20	21	Retired, too old, etc.	56	35
15 – 59 years	10	59	Housing Conditions, %		
60+ years	49	7	Households with		
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Safe water	97	84
Never married	63	55	No toilet facility	30	35
Married with certificate	20	18	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	55	59
Married traditionally	3	2	Household main income		
Married consensually	11	18	Farming	3	1
Divorced/Separated	2	2	Wages & Salaries	67	73
Widowed	101	4	Cash remittance	7	7
Private households			Business, non-farming	9	9
Number	2 432	1 837	Pension	10	8
Average size	3.4	3.7	Disability, %		
Head of Household, %			With disability	4	5
Females	39	40			
Males	61	60			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	92	84			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	12	16			
Currently at school	9	10			
Left school	77	69			

Swakopmund Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size					
Total	44 725	26 310			
Females	21 022	12 744			
Males	23 703	13 566			
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	113	107			
Age composition, %					
Under 5 years	10	10			
5 – 14 years	16	17			
15 – 59 years	69	67			
60+ years	6	6			
Marital status: 15+ years, %					
Never married	53	55			
Married with certificate	29	29			
Married traditionally	2	1			
Married consensually	12	9			
Divorced/Separated	2	2			
Widowed	3	3			
Private households					
Number	14 204	7 526			
Average size	3.1	3.4			
Head of Household, %					
Females	32	31			
Males	68	69			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	99	96			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	4	5			
Currently at school	9	10			
Left school	85	82			
			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
			In labour force	79	76
			Employed	74	70
			Unemployed	26	30
			Outside labour force	16	20
			Student	48	45
			Homemaker	11	19
			Retired, too old, etc.	41	36
			Housing Conditions, %		
			Households with		
			Safe water	100	84
			No toilet facility	4	35
			Wood/Charcoal for cooking	6	5
			Household main income		
			Farming	0	1
			Wages & Salaries	77	73
			Cash remittance	4	7
			Business, non-farming	10	9
			Pension	5	8
			Disability, %		
			With disability	2	3

Walvis Bay Rural Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	26 916	16 293	In labour force	85	83
Females	12 782	7 759	Employed	68	59
Males	14 134	8 534	Unemployed	32	41
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	111	110	Outside labour force	11	15
Age composition, percent			Student	61	47
Under 5 years	11	11	Homemaker	14	37
5 – 14 years	16	16	Retired, too old, etc.	25	16
15 – 59 years	71	71	Housing Conditions, %		
60+ years	5	2	Households with		
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Safe water	99	99
Never married	62	63	No toilet facility	2	2
Married with certificate	22	20	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	1	2
Married traditionally	1	2	Household main income		
Married consensually	12	13	Farming	1	1
Divorced/Separated	0	1	Wages & Salaries	81	77
Widowed	1	1	Cash remittance	4	7
Private households			Business, non-farming	10	8
Number	8 038	4 426	Pension	2	2
Average size	3.3	3.7	Disability, %		
Head of Household, %			With disability	2	3
Females					
Males					
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	99	98			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	4	6			
Currently at school	8	8			
Left school	85	86			

Walvis Bay Urban Constituency- Census Selected Indicators, 2011 and 2001

	2011	2001		2011	2001
Population Size			Labour force, 15+ years, %		
Total	35 828	27 941	In labour force	81	76
Females	16 478	11 523	Employed	73	66
Males	19 350	16 411	Unemployed	27	34
Sex ratio: Males per 100 females	117	142	Outside labour force	15	17
Age composition, %			Student	47	40
Under 5 years	10	9	Homemaker	12	31
5 – 14 years	14	13	Retired, too old, etc.	40	29
15 – 59 years	72	69	Housing Conditions, %		
60+ years	5	5	Households with		
Marital status: 15+ years, %			Safe water	100	99
Never married	57	55	No toilet facility	0	0
Married with certificate	29	26	Wood/Charcoal for cooking	0	0
Married traditionally	1	1	Household main income		
Married consensually	8	6	Farming	0	1
Divorced/Separated	0	2	Wages & Salaries	80	77
Widowed	2	2	Cash remittance	5	7
Private households			Business, non-farming	9	8
Number	10 317	6 471	Pension	2	2
Average size	3.2	3.9	Disability, %		
Head of Household, %			With disability	2	3
Females	33	33			
Males	67	67			
Literacy rate, 15+ years, %	99	93			
Education, 15+ years, %					
Never attended	3	4			
Currently at school	9	7			
Left school	86	81			

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The Erongo Region is one of Namibia's regions that has a shoreline on the Atlantic Ocean. On land, it borders with Kunene Region in the North, Otjozondjupa Region in the East, Khomas Region in the Southwest and Hardap Region in the South. The region was named after the famous breathtaking Erongo mountain range which stretches out across the plains between the towns of Omaruru and Karibib. Swakopmund is the regional capital and is also a major tourist and holiday destination, while Walvis Bay hosts the largest harbor port for inland/land-locked countries of the Southern African Development Community (SADC) region. Erongo Region is made up of seven constituencies, which are Omaruru, Karibib, Daures, Arandis, Swakopmund, Walvis Bay rural and Walvis Bay Urban.

1.2 The 2011 Population and Housing Census

The 2011 Namibia Population and Housing Census results show that, Erongo had a population of 150,809 people of which 70,986 were women and 79,823 were men. The region's population was growing at an annual rate of 3.4 percent. Most of the population lived in urban areas (87%) compared to only 13 percent in rural areas. This is due to a large proportion of migration from rural to urban areas in search of job opportunities in towns, particularly among young adults. The population composed of 44,116 households, with an average household size of 3.3 persons.

Thus, this Regional Report intends to provide more detailed findings in terms of the socio-economic, demographic, households and housing characteristics of the Erongo Region than were collected during the 2011 Census. It further makes comparisons between the various Census years as well as among urban/rural areas and constituencies within the region.

1.3 Organization of the Report

The Report is divided into seven main chapters including the Foreword, Preface and Annexes. Chapter 1 presents information on the background of the region. Chapter 2 presents information on population size, population structure and composition, sex ratios and population density. Chapter 3 gives information on marital status, citizenship and registration of births. Chapter 4 presents information on population trends, with focus on population growth, urbanization, fertility and migration, and household deaths. Chapter 5 addresses socio-economic characteristics of the population and mainly covers Information Communication Technology (ICT), literacy, education, disability, orphan-hood and economic activity. Chapter 6 contains information on household characteristics including household size, household composition, main sources of income for the household, asset ownership, main language spoken at household level and agricultural activity. Chapter 7 reports information on housing characteristics and focuses on types of housing unit, tenure status, construction materials, water supply and sanitation as well as sources of energy for the household.

Please note that:

1. Chapter two (2) presents information for all persons including those who were in prisons, hotels and night travellers. While chapters 3-7 present information obtained from all persons who were enumerated in households and institutions only.
2. Imputation using hot-deck method was applied for 'Not stated' and 'Don't know' to only age and sex of each person.
3. There are three Annexes: a Glossary of Census Terms, an Enumeration Area Map and Detailed Tables.

CHAPTER 2: POPULATION STRUCTURE, COMPOSITION AND DENSITY

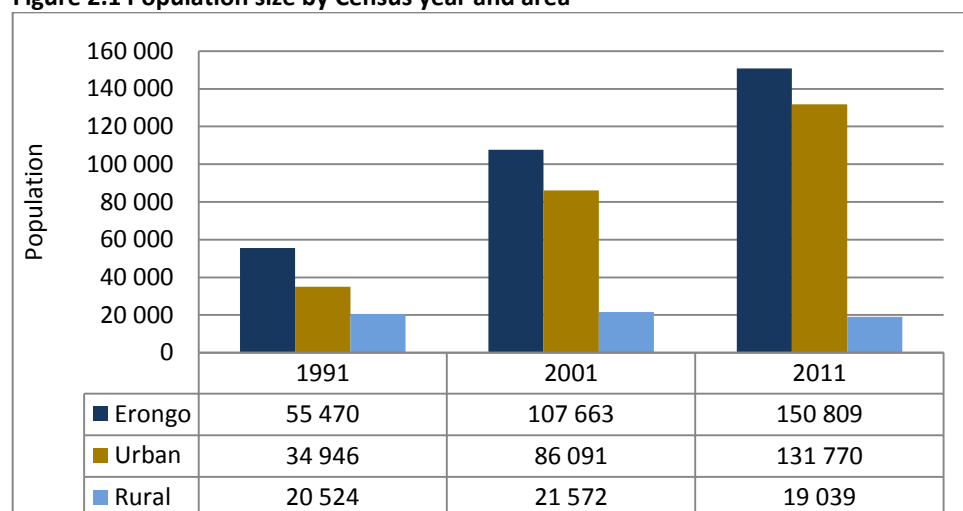
This chapter provides information on population size, structure, composition and density of Erongo Region. It also presents analyses of population trends between the 1991, 2001 and 2011 Census years.

2.1 Population Size and Density

Total population was 150, 809

Figure 2.1 gives population size by Census years and area, and shows that the total population for Erongo increased from 55,470 in 1991, to 107,663 in 2001, and in 2011 population size increased to 150,809 people. The same trend can be observed for the urban areas, whereas for rural areas there have been fluctuations in the population over the Census years. It is worth noting that the total population of Erongo in 1991 did not include the population of Walvis Bay, as the town was not part of Namibia before independence.

Figure 2.1 Population size by Census year and area



Population density is the average number of persons per square kilometre (sq.km). Thus, it shows the relationship between a given population and the size of the area. Population densities calculated for all constituencies are given in Table 2.1.

At constituency level, Walvis Bay Urban was the most densely populated constituency with 1895.5 persons per square kilometre. On the other hand, Daures was the least densely populated constituency with density 0.6 persons per square kilometre.

The population density was 2.4 persons per square kilometre

Table 2.1 Population density by area

Area	Population	Area in sq.km	Persons per km ²
Erongo	150 809	63639.3	2.4
Arandis	10 093	13519.7	0.7
Daures	11 350	17786.6	0.6
Karibib	13 320	14535.8	0.9
Omaruru	8 577	8431.9	1.0
Swakopmund	44 725	196.3	227.8
Walvis Bay Rural	26 916	9150.0	2.9
Walvis Bay Urban	35 828	18.9	1895.5

Table 2.2 shows the proportion of the population living in rural and urban areas as well as in the seven constituencies of Erongo Region. The Table shows that the proportion of the population living in urban areas was higher (87.4%) than in rural areas (12.6%). At constituency level, Swakopmund had the highest urban population proportion of 29.7 percent and Omaruru had the lowest with 5.7 percent.

Table 2.2 Percentage share of the population within the Census year and area

Area	Number		Percent	
	2001	2011	2001	2011
Erongo	107 663	150 809	100.0	100.0
Urban	86 091	131 770	80.0	87.4
Rural	21 572	19 039	20.0	12.6
Arandis	7 590	10 093	7.0	6.7
Daures	10 289	11 350	9.6	7.5
Karibib	12 084	13 320	11.2	8.8
Omaruru	7 156	8 577	6.6	5.7
Swakopmund	26 310	44 725	24.4	29.7
Walvis bay Rural	16 293	26 916	15.1	17.8
Walvis bay Urban	27 941	35 828	26	23.8

More than 80% of the total population lived in urban areas.

2.2 Population structure and composition

This sub-section provides information on the composition of the population in terms of sex and age, which are important demographic parameters.

2.2.1 Age groups

The age distribution of the population by broad age groups and area is presented in Table 2.3. Erongo Region had a relatively young population, with about 28 percent of the population being less than 15 years of age. The share of young people below the age of 15 years in rural areas was higher than in urban areas (35% and about 27%, respectively). Likewise, the proportion of elderly people (those aged 60 years and above) in rural areas was more than double that of urban areas (10.2% compared to 4.9%).

Table 2.3 Population distribution by age-group and area

Area	Percent in age-group			
	0-4	5-14	15-59	60+
Erongo	10.8	16.7	66.9	5.6
Urban	10.4	16.1	68.6	4.9
Rural	14.1	20.9	54.8	10.2
Arandis	9.6	18.5	63.9	8.0
Daures	14.8	22.7	51.4	11.1
Karibib	13.1	19.9	59.7	7.3
Omaruru	12.3	19.9	60.8	7.0
Swakopmund	10.0	15.7	68.5	5.7
Walvis Bay Rural	11.0	15.7	71.2	2.1
Walvis Bay Urban	9.6	14.4	71.5	4.5

2.2.2 Median age

Median age is used as an indicator to determine whether the population is young, intermediate or old. Thus, a region is considered 'young' when it has a median age of less than 20 years, while regions with medians of 30 years and above are considered 'old'. Populations with median ages between 20 and 29 are referred to as intermediate. Erongo Region had a median age of 26 years, and is therefore intermediate. The figure of 26 years means that half of the population is younger than 26 years old, and the other half older than 26 years old.

Table 2.4 presents information on median age by sex, urban and rural areas. The median age for urban areas was 27 years, which is slightly higher compared to the median age of 25 years in rural areas.

The Erongo population has a median age of 26

Table 2.4 Median age by sex and area

Area	Median age		
	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	26	26	27
Urban	27	26	27
Rural	24	23	25
Arandis	25	25	26
Daures	23	23	23
Karibib	24	23	25
Omaruru	25	24	25
Swakopmund	27	26	27
Walvis Bay Rural	26	25	27
Walvis Bay Urban	28	27	29

2.2.3 Sex composition

The 2011 Census collected information on sex. Table 2.5 gives the population distribution by sex, urban and rural areas, and constituencies. The results show that males made up more than half of the population (52.9%). More males were found in rural areas than in urban areas, though in both areas the proportion was more than half. Arandis, Karibib and Omaruru constituencies were characterised by greater dominances of females (48.1%, 48.1%, and 48.2% respectively) compared to the regional average of 47.1 percent.

Close to 53 % of the population were male

Table 2.5 Population distribution by sex and area

Area	Total	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Erongo	150 809	70 986	47.1	79 823	52.9
Urban	131 770	62 414	47.4	69 356	52.6
Rural	19 039	8 572	45.0	10 467	55.0
Arandis	10 093	4 852	48.1	5 241	51.9
Daures	11 350	5 309	46.8	6 041	53.2
Karibib	13 320	6 412	48.1	6 908	51.9
Omaruru	8 577	4 131	48.2	4 446	51.8
Swakopmund	44 725	21 022	47.0	23 703	53.0
Walvis Bay Rural	26 916	12 782	47.5	14 134	52.5
Walvis Bay Urban	35 828	16 478	46.0	19 350	54.0

2.2.4 Sex ratio

Sex ratio is another measure of sex composition and is the proportion of males per 100 females in a given population.

Table 2.6 provides the sex ratio by urban and rural areas and constituencies. The sex ratio for Erongo Region was 112, which implies that there were on average more males for every 100 women in this region. More males than females were found in rural areas (122) in 2011, and this trend is also observed in most constituencies. It was observed that the sex ratio for urban areas declined slightly while for rural increased slightly between 2001 and 2011.

On average there are 112 men for every 100

Table 2.6 Sex ratio by Census year and area

Area	2001	2011
Erongo	115	112
Urban	115	111
Rural	118	122
Arandis	102	108
Daures	109	114
Karibib	106	108
Omaruru	106	108
Swakopmund	107	113
Walvis bay Rural	110	111
Walvis bay Urban	142	117

2.2.1.4 Age-sex pyramid

Age-sex pyramid provides an important illustration of the demographic characteristics of the population.

Figure 2.2 is the regional population pyramid for Erongo by five-year age groups. The broad base indicates a population with more young people, and the narrow apex indicates less older people, altogether reflecting the youthfulness of the region's population. This shape is a typical reflection of populations having high fertility and high mortality rates. Further, the pyramid shows that the population in Erongo is made up of a large proportion of working ages (20-44) since the pyramid is bulky in the middle.

Figure 2.2: Population pyramid, Erongo

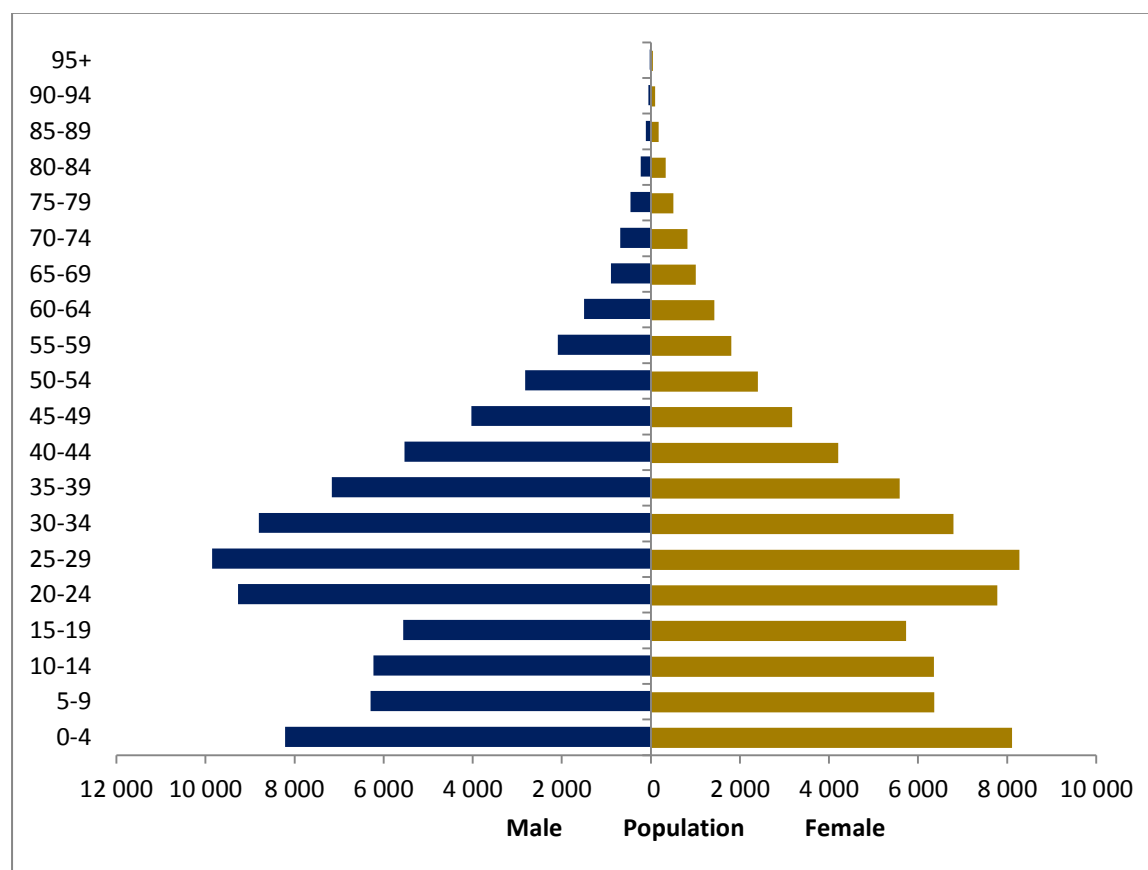


Figure 2.3 presents the population pyramid for urban areas in five-year age-groups. The pyramid resembles the shape of the regional pyramid. The pyramid is bulky in the middle and has a relatively broad base indicating that urban areas had a large proportion of a working-age population (between 15-59 years of age) and a younger population. The pyramid has a narrow apex indicating that urban areas had a much smaller proportion of the region's elderly people. On the other hand, the rural pyramid has a broad base indicating a young population; it also appears bulky in the age group 50-74 indicating a large proportion of this age group, although its apex is not as narrow as the apex of the urban pyramid.

Figure 2.3 Population pyramid, Erongo Urban

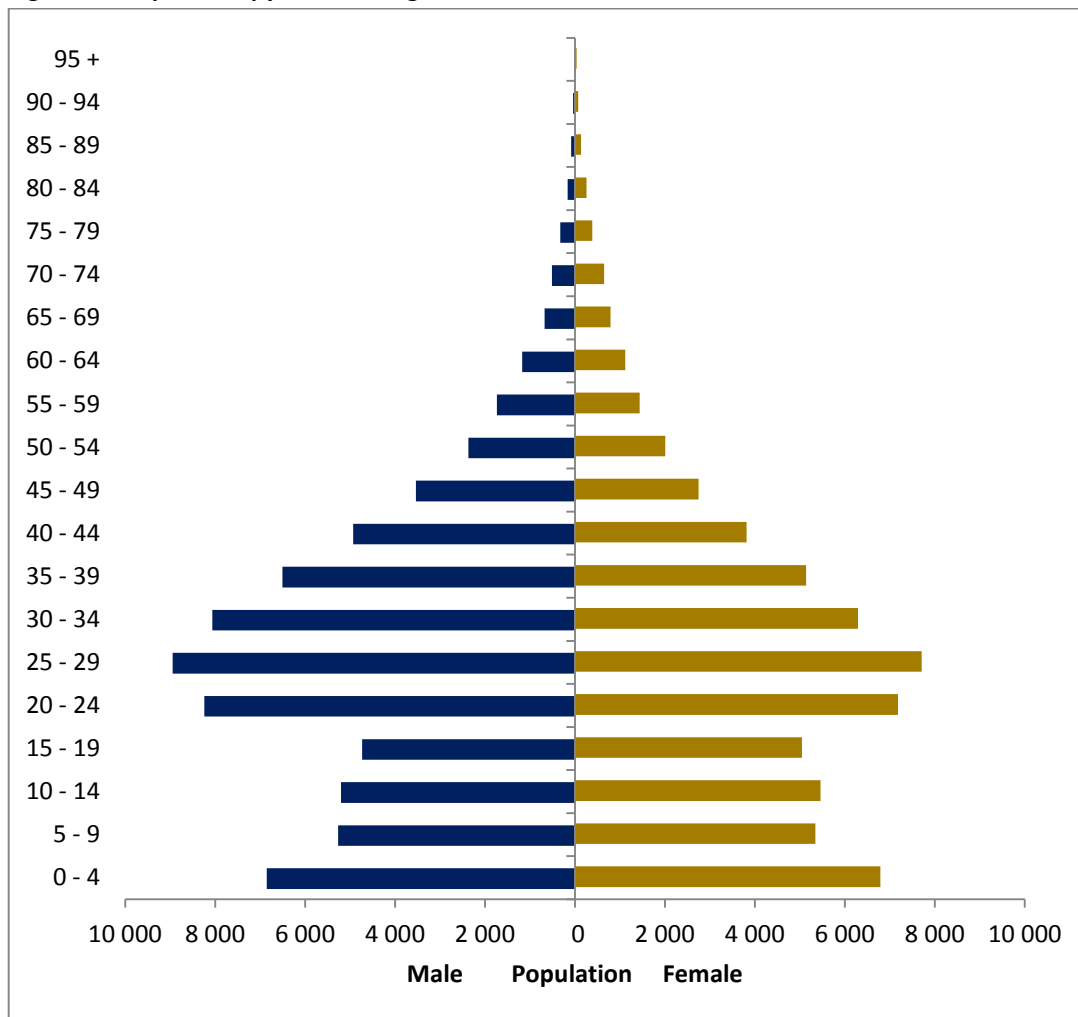
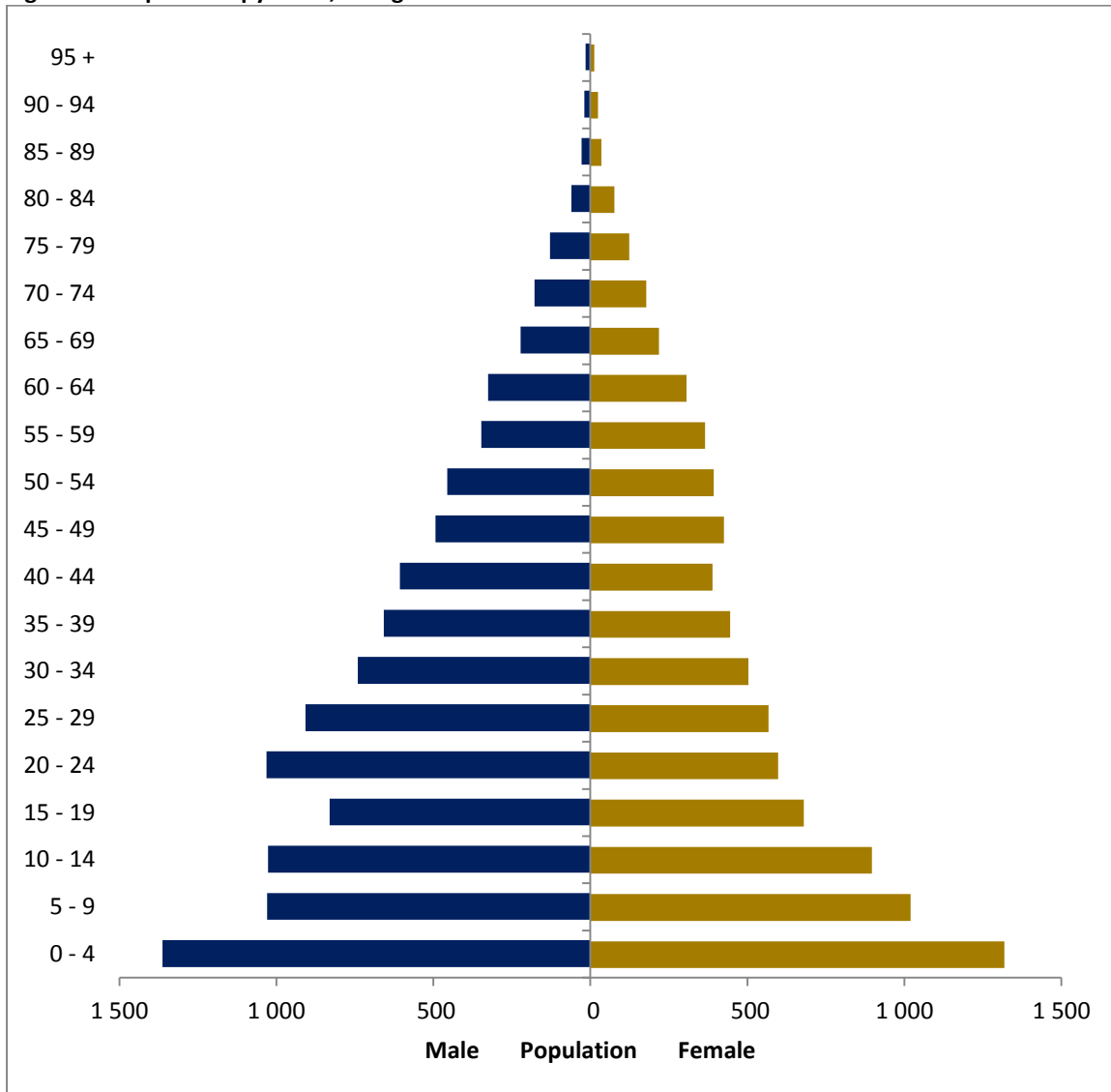


Figure 2.4 Population pyramid, Erongo Rural



CHAPTER 3: POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

The chapter provides information on demographic characteristics and focuses on marital status, citizenship and status of birth registration.

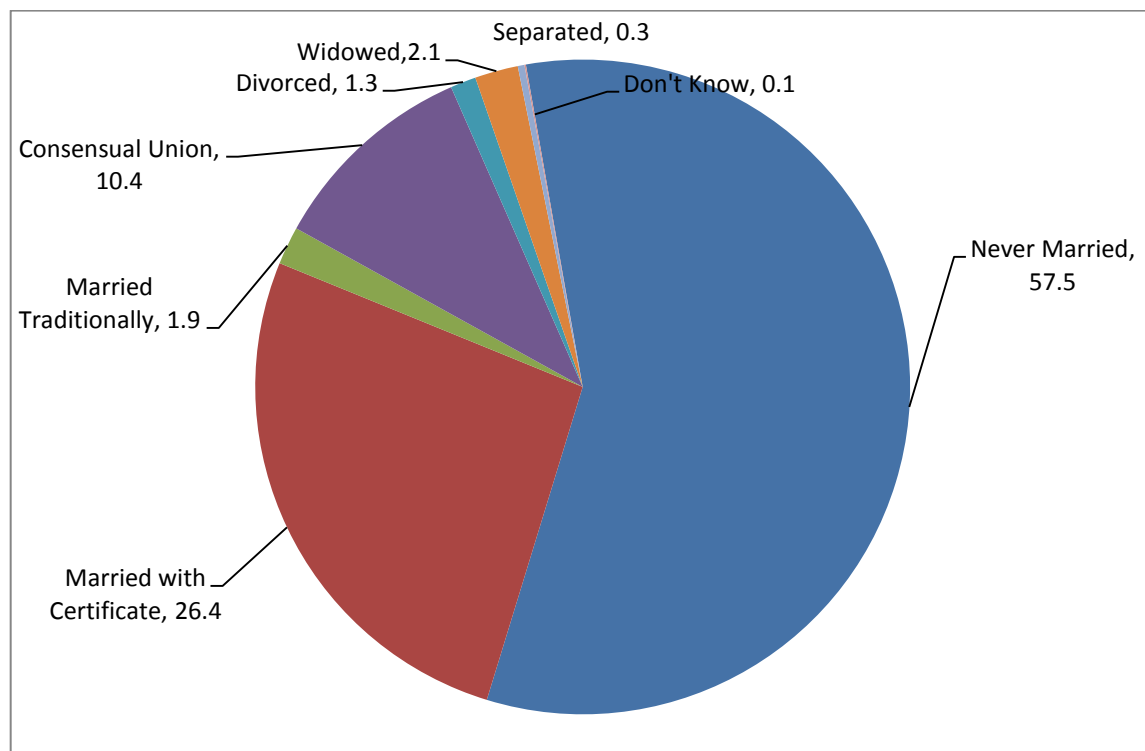
3.1 Marital status

During the Census, all people were asked to state their marital status in one of the following categories: never married, married with certificate, married traditionally, consensual union, divorced/separated and widowed. For international comparisons the analysis focuses only on the population aged 15 years and above although we acknowledge that there are cases of child marriage in Namibia.

Figure 3.1 shows that approximately 58 percent of people aged 15 years and above in Erongo Region were never married, while 26.4 percent were married with certificate and 10.4 percent were in a consensual union. The high number of people that were never married can be explained by the young population. More men (52.3%) than women (39.0%) were never married, partly as a result of the skewed sex ratio analysed above.

About 26 % of the population aged 15 years and above were married with certificates

Figure 3.1: Percent distribution of marital status for population aged 15 years and above



3.2 Citizenship

The Census asked all people to state their country of citizenship, from which the numbers of Namibians and non-Namibians were reported. Table 3.1 shows that the great majority of people enumerated (97%) were Namibians.

Table 3.1 Population distribution by citizenship and sex

Citizenship	Population					
	Total	Percent	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Total	147 801	100.0	70 288	100.0	77 513	100.0
Namibians	143 393	97.0	68 253	97.1	75 140	96.9
Non-Namibians	4 407	3.0	2 034	2.9	2 373	3.1
Don't Know	1	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0

Table 3.2 shows the distribution of non-Namibians by selected country of origin, however it only lists countries of origin from which citizens constitute a substantial share of the total non-Namibian population. South African nationals represented the highest proportion of foreigners residing in Erongo (29.7%) followed by residents from European countries (28.4%).

Table 3.2 Non- citizen population by sex and country of origin

Citizenship	Population					
	Total	Percent	Female	Percent	Male	Percent
Total	5 535	100	2 375	100.0	3 160	100.0
Angola	298	5.4	107	4.5	191	6.0
Botswana	24	0.4	8	0.3	16	0.5
South Africa	1 644	29.7	798	33.6	846	26.8
Zambia	39	0.7	16	0.7	23	0.7
Zimbabwe	464	8.4	173	7.3	291	9.2
Other SADC Countries	460	8.3	189	8.0	271	8.6
Other African Countries	621	11.2	274	11.5	347	11.0
European Countries	1 571	28.4	682	28.7	889	28.1
American countries	173	3.1	78	3.3	95	3.0
Asian And Oceanic Countries	241	4.4	50	2.1	191	6.0

3.3 Namibian Birth Registration

The Census provides information on whether the respondent was in possession of a Namibian birth registration certificate or not. The results are presented in Table 3.3. Birth certificates are needed to access social services, such as social grants and educational services.

The Table below shows that 96.7 percent of the population possessed birth certificates.

At constituency level, the highest proportion of people with birth certificates was in Walvis Bay Rural (98.2%) while Daures constituency had the lowest proportion (94.0%).

Table 3.3 Status of having a Namibian birth certificate by area

Area	Total	With birth certificate		Without birth certificate		Don't Know	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Erongo	143 393	138 614	96.7	4 516	3.1	263	0.2
Urban	124 872	121 150	97.0	3 589	2.9	133	0.1
Rural	18 521	17 464	94.3	927	5.0	130	0.7
Arandis	9 756	9 445	96.8	279	2.9	32	0.3
Daures	11 023	10 360	94.0	572	5.2	91	0.8
Karibib	12 867	12 395	96.3	454	3.5	18	0.1
Omaruru	8 299	7 934	95.6	326	3.9	39	0.5
Swakopmund	42 116	40 838	97.0	1 246	3.0	32	0.1
Walvis Bay Rural	26 323	25 860	98.2	437	1.7	26	0.1
Walvis Bay Urban	33 009	31 782	96.3	1 202	3.6	25	0.1

About 97% of the population has acquired birth certificates

CHAPTER 4: POPULATION TRENDS

This chapter analyses population trends, including changes in population growth, sex ratios, household deaths and fertility.

4.1 Population growth

The population of Erongo Region has been growing steadily since the 2001 Census. Table 4.1 provides population increase and annual growth rates between 2001 and 2011.

The annual growth rate between 2001 and 2011 was 3.4 percent. Furthermore, the annual growth rate for urban areas was 4.3 percent, while that of rural areas decreased at the rate of 1.2 percent. At constituency level, between the period of 2001-2011, the highest growth rates were recorded for Swakopmund (5.3%) and Walvis Bay Rural (5.0%) while Daures and Karibib recorded the lowest annual growth rate, each at 1 percent.

The annual population growth rate between 2001 and 2011 was 3.4%

Table 4.1 Population change and annual growth rates for 2001-2011 by area

Area	Census year		Population change (2001-2011)	Annual growth rate (2001-2011)
	2001	2011		
Erongo	107 663	150 809	43 146	3.4
Urban	86 091	131 770	45 679	4.3
Rural	21 572	19 039	-2 533	-1.2
Arandis	7 590	10 093	2 503	2.9
Daures	10 289	11 350	1 061	1.0
Karibib	12 084	13 320	1 236	1.0
Omaruru	7 156	8 577	1 421	1.8
Swakopmund	26 310	44 725	18 415	5.3
Walvis Bay Rural	16 293	26 916	10 623	5.0
Walvis Bay Urban	27 941	35 828	7 887	2.5

4.2 Fertility

The Census collected information on live births from all women aged 12 – 64 years. Generally these indicators measure the frequency of child-bearing in a given population. This section presents two indicators of fertility, namely: Crude Birth Rate (CBR) and Age at first birth for women aged 12 – 49 years, irrespective of their marital status or whether they have borne any child.

4.2.1 Crude Birth Rate

The Crude Birth Rate (CBR) is the number of live births per 1,000 of the total female and male population per year. In 2011, there were 4,075 children born during the 12-months prior to the

Census date, which gives the reported or unadjusted CBR of 27 births per 1,000 people (Table 4.2).

The results further indicate that the CBR is significantly higher in urban areas (27.4) as compared to rural areas (24.4). At the constituency level, Walvis Bay Rural had the highest CBR of 31.1 births per 1,000 people, while Daures had the lowest CBR (22.6).

The unadjusted Crude Birth Rate was estimated at 27 births per 1,000 people

Table 4.2 Crude Birth Rates by area

Area	Population	Births last 12 months	CBR
Erongo	150 809	4 075	27.0
Urban	131 770	3 611	27.4
Rural	19 039	464	24.4
Arandis	10 093	248	24.6
Daures	11 350	257	22.6
Karibib	13 320	368	27.6
Omaruru	8 577	231	26.9
Swakopmund	44 725	1 224	27.4
Walvis Bay Rural	26 916	838	31.1
Walvis Bay Urban	35 828	909	25.4

4.2.2 Age at First Birth

Age at first birth influences the total number of births that a woman might have in her life, which has an impact on the size, composition, and future growth of the population.

Table 4.3 shows that the average age of mother at first birth in Erongo Region was approximately 21 years old with small differences between Urban (21.6 years old) and rural areas (20.2 years old). There were, however, slight differences between constituencies. For example, mothers in Daures gave birth for the first time at an early age of 20 years, while those in Walvis Bay Urban delayed pregnancy until the age of 22 years.

Table 4.3 Average age of mother first birth by area

Area	Average age at First Birth
Erongo	21.4
Urban	21.6
Rural	20.2
Arandis	21.1
Daures	20.0
Karibib	20.7
Omaruru	20.7
Swakopmund	21.8
Walvis bay rural	21.4
Walvis bay Urban	22.0

4.3 Deaths in the household

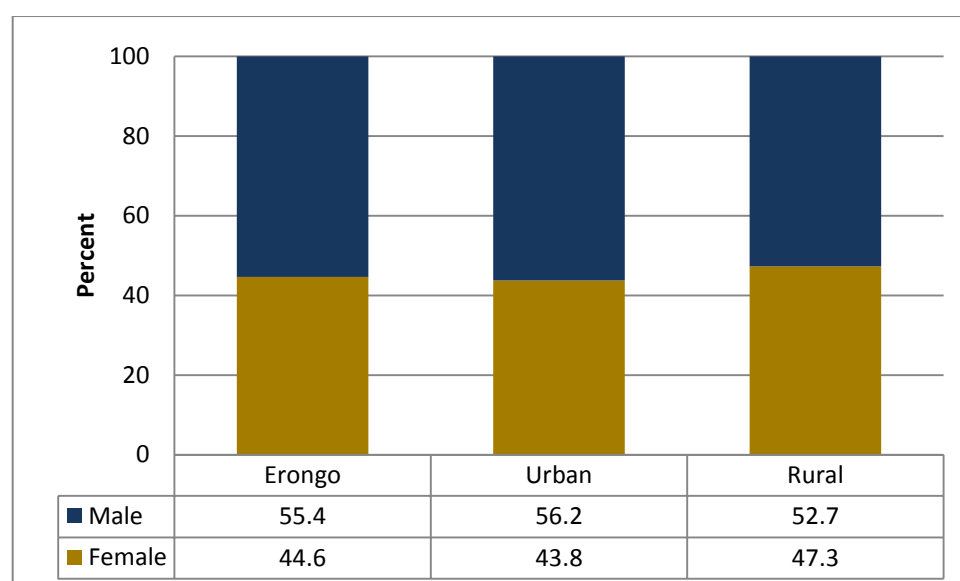
Information on deaths in the 12 months prior to the Census (September 2010 to August 2011) was collected from all households during the Census. Usually, mortality indicators are based on data from civil registration, but in Namibia this coverage is incomplete. It must also be acknowledged that information from surveys and Censuses may be under-reported, which can lead to underestimates of the level of mortality.

4.3.1 Reported Deaths

Figure 4.1 presents the distribution of the reported deaths in the 12 months prior to the Census by sex, urban and rural areas. A higher proportion of deaths in Erongo Region was recorded for males (55.4%) than females (44.6%). Similar results were also reflected in both urban and rural areas (52.7% and 56.2% respectively of reported deaths were males).

The number of reported deaths which occurred in the last 12 months prior to the Census was 1,069

Figure 4.1 Distribution of reported deaths in the last 12 months by sex and area



4.3.2 Crude Death Rate

The Crude Death Rate was 7.1 per 1,000 people

Crude Death Rate (CDR) is defined as the number of deaths that occurred in a given Calendar year per 1,000 people in the population.

Table 4.4 shows that in Erongo Region, a total of 1,069 deaths occurred during the last 12 months prior to the Census, which gives a CDR of 7.1 per 1,000 people. The results further show that more deaths were reported in rural areas (13.6 per 1,000 people) than urban areas (6.2 per 1,000 people). At the constituency level, the highest death rates were in Daures (17.0 per 1,000 people) while the lowest death rate was reported in Walvis Bay Urban (4.4 per 1,000 people).

Table 4.4 Number of reported deaths in the last 12 months and CDR by area

Area	Population	Number of reported deaths	CDR
Erongo	150 809	1 069	7.1
Urban	131 770	811	6.2
Rural	19 039	258	13.6
Arandis	10 093	94	9.3
Daures	11 350	193	17.0
Karibib	13 320	148	11.1
Omaruru	8 577	96	11.2
Swakopmund	44 725	242	5.4
Walvis Bay Rural	26 916	137	5.1
Walvis Bay Urban	35 828	159	4.4

4.3.3 Death Registration

In the 12 months prior to the Census, 94.2 percent of reported deaths in Erongo Region were registered (Table 4.5). Rates of registration were higher in urban (95.1%) as compared to rural areas (91.5%). At constituency level, in Arandis, Daures, Swakopmund, Walvis Bay Rural and Walvis Bay Urban more than 90 percent of reported deaths were registered. The constituency with the lowest percentage of registered deaths was Karibib, with 89.2 percent.

Table 4.5 Death registration status by area

Area	Number of reported deaths	Total registered deaths	Percent registered
Erongo	1 069	1 007	94.2
Urban	811	771	95.1
Rural	258	236	91.5
Arandis	94	93	98.9
Daures	193	185	95.9
Karibib	148	132	89.2
Omaruru	96	86	89.6
Swakopmund	242	229	94.6
Walvis Bay Rural	137	125	91.2
Walvis Bay Urban	159	157	98.7

CHAPTER 5: SOCIO-ECONOMICS CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

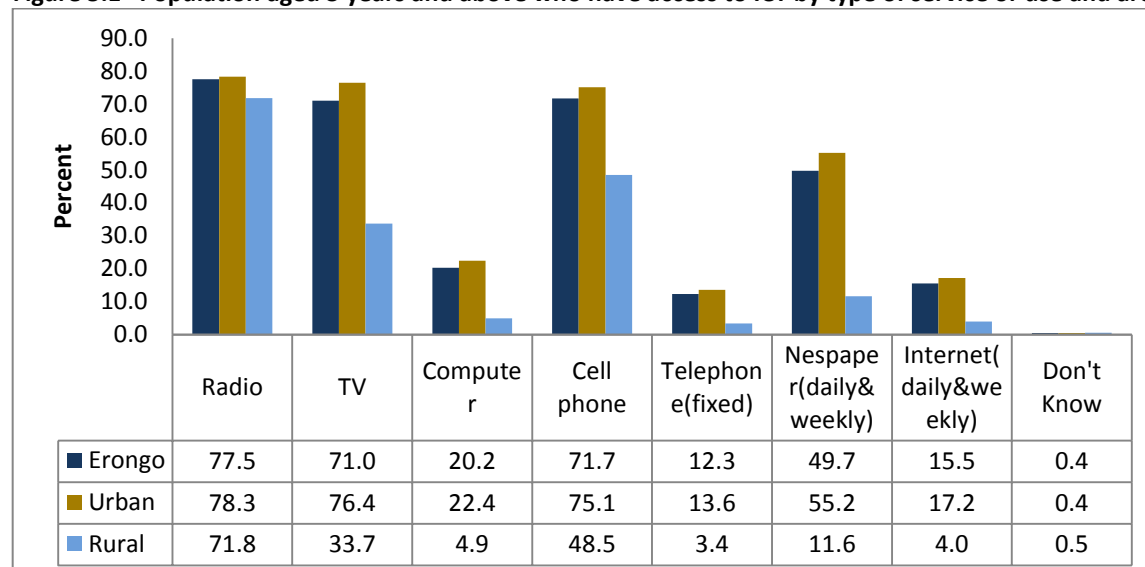
This chapter deals with socio-economic characteristics of the population; the information discussed is crucial for decision-making, planning and monitoring of development programmes and policies. The sub-topics discussed include: Information Communication Technology (ICT), Early Childhood Development (ECD), Education and Literacy, Disability and Labour Force.

5.1 Information and Communication Technology (ICT)

Information on the usage or access to ICT facilities was collected from people aged 3 years and above. This information includes access to information and communication technology such as radio, television, computer, cell phone, telephone (fixed line), newspaper (daily/weekly) and internet (daily/weekly).

Figure 5.1 shows that the majority of people living in Erongo Region (77.5%) had access to radio, with a greater access in urban (78.3%) than in rural areas (71.8%). Cell phones were much more widespread across the region than fixed telephones. However, access to other modern information and communication technology such as computers and internet was fairly limited, particularly so in rural areas.

Figure 5.1 Population aged 3 years and above who have access to ICT by type of service or use and area



5.2 Early Childhood Development (ECD)

Respondents were asked to state whether children aged 0-4 years attended any type of Early Childhood Development (ECD) services, such as Edu-care (day-care, crèche, kindergarten) and pre-primary school.

The 2011 Census counted a total number of 16, 268 children aged 0-4 years in Erongo Region, and out of this number 24.2 percent were attending ECD programmes (Table 5.1). However, access in urban areas was much higher, where 27.3 percent children attended ECD facilities,

than in rural areas, where 8.6 percent attended ECD facilities. Slightly more girls than boys were enrolled in ECD programmes in both rural and urban areas.

At constituency level, the highest proportion of children attended ECD programmes in Swakopmund (30.8%) and Walvis Bay Urban (27.8%), while Daures (10%) and Karibib (14.5%) reported the lowest proportions of children attending ECD programmes.

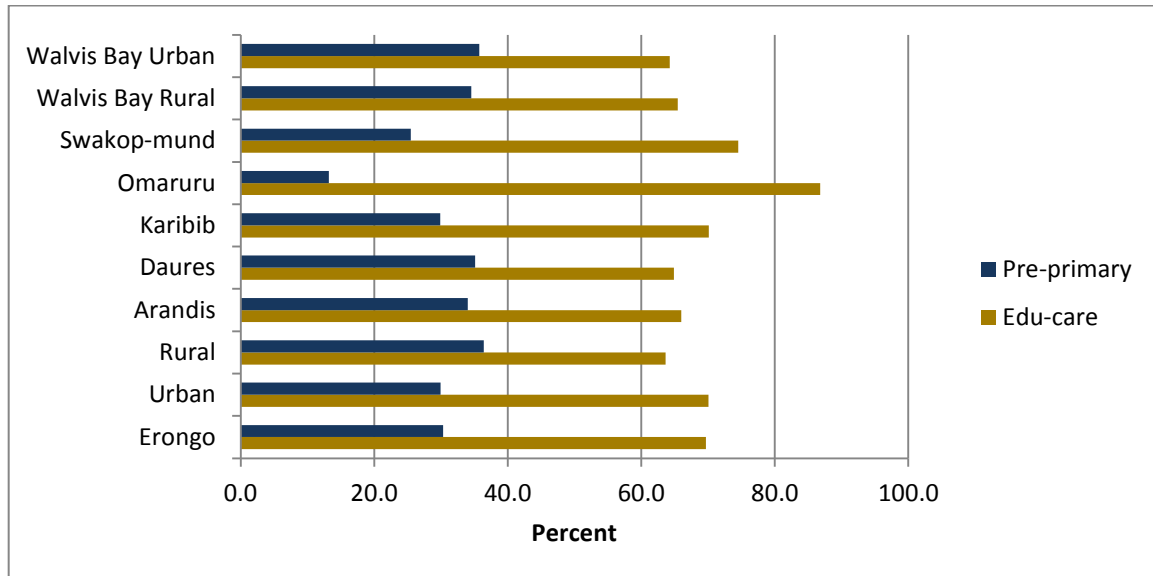
24.2% of children aged 0-4 years were attending Early Childhood Development programmes

Table 5.1 Population aged 0-4 years attending ECD by sex and area

Area	Population 0-4 years			Attending ECD			Percent attending ECD		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	16 268	8 082	8 186	3 941	2 026	1 915	24.2	25.1	23.4
Urban	13 593	6 768	6 825	3 710	1 889	1 821	27.3	27.9	26.7
Rural	2 675	1 314	1 361	231	137	94	8.6	10.4	6.9
Arandis	970	458	512	250	118	132	25.8	25.8	25.8
Daures	1 675	836	839	168	104	64	10.0	12.4	7.6
Karibib	1 728	875	853	251	136	115	14.5	15.5	13.5
Omaruru	1 049	517	532	189	98	91	18.0	19.0	17.1
Swakopmund	4 460	2 228	2 232	1 375	703	672	30.8	31.6	30.1
Walvis Bay Rural	2 970	1 468	1 502	759	368	391	25.6	25.1	26.0
Walvis Bay Urban	3 416	1 700	1 716	949	499	450	27.8	29.4	26.2

Note: *This includes only children enumerated in private and institutional households

Figure 5.2 presents the population aged 0-4 years attending ECD programmes by type in urban and rural areas. Attendance in Edu-care programmes was higher (69.7%) than in pre-primary school (30.3%) at regional level. Likewise, the results show that in all constituencies, a higher proportion of children were attending Edu-care programmes than pre-primary school.

Figure 5.2 Percent distribution of children aged 0-4 years attending ECD by type and area

5.3 Education and Literacy

Information on literacy and education is vital for many purposes, including the need for Government to articulate and monitor national development programs and goals. During the Census, specific information on education and literacy was collected from all people aged 5 years and above.

5.3.1 Literacy

Literacy can be defined as the ability to read and write with understanding in any language. Therefore, all people aged 5 years and above were asked whether they can read and write in any language with understanding, but no test was administered to determine the level of literacy.

Table 5.2 provides information on literacy rates for the population aged 15 years and above, usually referred to as the adult population. This Table shows that the region's adult literacy rate was about 97 percent, with no major differences between males and females. The adult literacy rate in urban areas stood at 98.4 percent as compared to 83.1 percent in rural areas. Furthermore, the Table shows that the adult literacy rate was highest in Swakopmund, Walvis Bay Urban and Walvis Bay Rural, all with a literacy rate of approximately 99 percent, and the lowest rate was reported in Daures constituency (82%).

About 97% of the population over 15 years was literate

Table 5.2 Literate adult population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population aged 15 years and above			Literate			Literacy rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	106 453	49 583	56 870	102 904	48 065	54 839	96.7	96.9	96.4
Urban	94 295	44 354	49 941	92 800	43 688	49 112	98.4	98.5	98.3
Rural	12 158	5 229	6 929	10 104	4 377	5 727	83.1	83.7	82.7
Arandis	7 233	3 390	3 843	7 057	3 307	3 750	97.6	97.6	97.6
Daures	6 932	3 152	3 780	5 676	2 639	3 037	81.9	83.7	80.3
Karibib	8 725	4 125	4 600	7 982	3 788	4 194	91.5	91.8	91.2
Omaruru	5 707	2 719	2 988	5 230	2 523	2 707	91.6	92.8	90.6
Swakopmund	32 664	15 077	17 587	32 279	14 906	17 373	98.8	98.9	98.8
Walvis Bay Rural	19 600	9 122	10 478	19 375	9 015	10 360	98.9	98.8	98.9
Walvis Bay Urban	25 592	11 998	13 594	25 305	11 887	13 418	98.9	99.1	98.7

Table 5.3 indicates that the literacy rate for youth aged 15-24 years in Erongo was 98.1 percent, with no major differences between men and women. However, the rate was higher in urban areas (99%) than in rural areas (91%). The literacy rate for young females in rural areas was 5.1 percentage points higher than males, while in urban areas the literacy rates were almost the same for both sexes with a slight difference of 0.4 percent.

98.1% of the youth aged 15 to 24 years are literate

Table 5.3 Literate youth population aged 15-24 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population aged 15-24 years			Literate			Literacy rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	28 065	13 407	14 658	27 532	13 231	14 301	98.1	98.7	97.6
Urban	24 966	12 153	12 813	24 716	12 054	12 662	99.0	99.2	98.8
Rural	3 099	1 254	1 845	2 816	1 177	1 639	90.9	93.9	88.8
Arandis	2 111	995	1 116	2 086	981	1 105	98.8	98.6	99.0
Daures	1 755	709	1 046	1 571	678	893	89.5	95.6	85.4
Karibib	2 380	1 141	1 239	2 296	1 109	1 187	96.5	97.2	95.8
Omaruru	1 571	762	809	1 496	737	759	95.2	96.7	93.8
Swakopmund	8 589	4 049	4 540	8 523	4 019	4 504	99.2	99.3	99.2
Walvis Bay Rural	5 328	2 607	2 721	5 271	2 578	2 693	98.9	98.9	99.0
Walvis Bay Urban	6 331	3 144	3 187	6 289	3 129	3 160	99.3	99.5	99.2

5.3.2 Formal Education

Formal education can be defined as full-time attendance at any regular educational institution, public or private, for systematic instruction. The categories of formal education used during the Census were: pre-primary school, primary school, secondary or high school, technical school, agricultural institution, teacher training college, polytechnic and university.

5.3.2.1 School Attendance

Table 5.4 shows that the majority of the population aged 6 years and above in Erongo Region, while 5 percent never attended school. A higher proportion of the population that never attended school was found in rural areas (16.3%) compared to urban areas (3.7%).

The Table also indicates that the proportion of people that left school was higher in urban than in rural areas, which implies that many more urban residents have been to school than those in rural areas. A similar trend can also be observed for adult education programmes in urban and rural areas (0.4% and 0.2%, respectively).

Table 5.4 Percent distribution of school attendance for population aged 6 years and above by area

Area	Population 6 years and above	Never Attended	Pre- primary	Adult			
				Education Programme	Attending School	Left School	Don't know
Erongo	128 788	5.2	1.1	0.4	21.9	69.3	2.1
Urban	113 172	3.7	1.1	0.4	21.4	71.1	2.0
Rural	15 616	16.3	1.0	0.2	23.9	55.9	2.7
Arandis	8 925	3.4	0.9	0.2	26.9	65.9	2.8
Daures	9 192	16.5	1.1	0.2	26.5	53.0	2.7
Karibib	11 065	10.1	1.0	0.5	25.0	61.3	2.1
Omaruru	7 235	10.2	0.9	0.3	24.2	61.9	2.5
Swakopmund	38 857	3.3	1.0	0.5	20.8	72.2	2.2
Walvis Bay Rural	23 302	4.1	1.4	0.3	19.9	72.6	1.6
Walvis Bay Urban	30 212	2.7	1.2	0.4	20.5	73.5	1.7

5.3.2.2 Educational Attainment

Table 5.5 shows that about 30 percent of the population completed their secondary education before leaving school, while 44 percent only completed primary school. About 19 percent of the population in Erongo left school without completing primary education, whereas only about 7 percent completed their tertiary education.

About 44% of persons aged 15 years and above completed primary education before leaving

Table 5.5 Distribution of the population aged 15 years and above who left school by highest level of educational attainment and sex

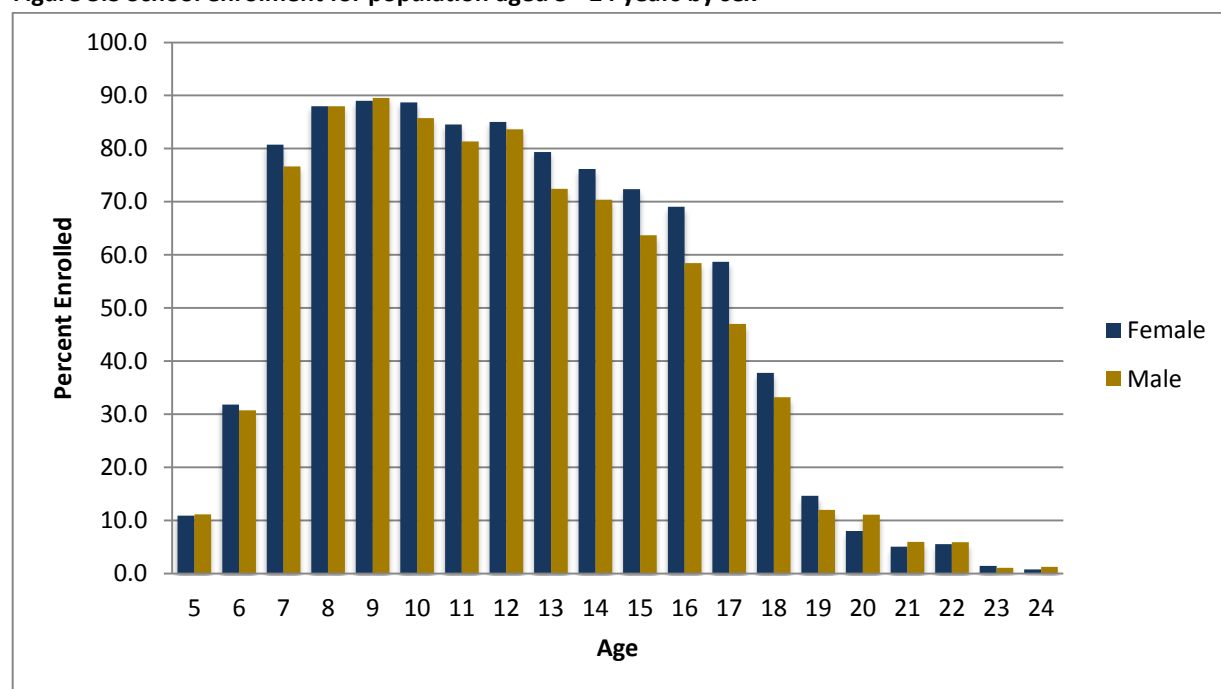
Area	Population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	91 435	42 824	48 611	100	100	100
No Formal Education	697	284	413	0.8	0.7	0.8
Incomplete Primary	17 106	7 039	10 067	18.7	16.4	20.7
Primary	40 265	19 770	20 495	44.0	46.2	42.2
Secondary education	27 242	12 982	14 260	29.8	30.3	29.3
Tertiary	6 092	2 738	3 354	6.7	6.4	6.9
Others	33	11	22	0.0	0.0	0.0

5.3.2.3 School enrolment

Figure 5.3 presents the percentage of school enrolments for the school-going population between the ages of 5 to 24 years while Table 5.6 provides school enrolment rates in urban and rural areas. Enrolment rates were highest for the ages of 7 to 16 years, exceeding 80 percent (Table 5.6), but dropped sharply after the age of 17 years. The highest enrolment was at age 9, where 89 percent of girls and 89.6 percent of boys were enrolled. More girls than boys were enrolled until the age of 18 years.

Over 80% of children aged 7 to 16 years were enrolled in school

Figure 5.3 School enrolment for population aged 5 - 24 years by sex



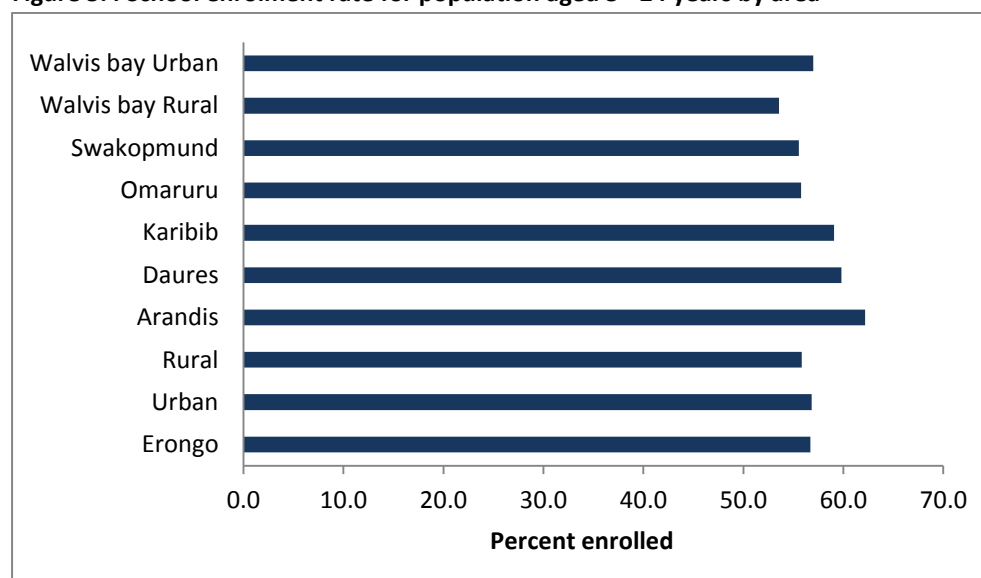
Furthermore, the results from Table 5.6 show that enrolment rates were slightly higher in urban than rural areas (56.8% and 55.8%, respectively). The results also show that the population who are aged 7 to 16 years were more likely to enrol in school compared to age 6 and below.

Table 5.6 School enrolment for population aged 5 - 24 years by area

Age	Population aged 5-24 years			Enrolled			Enrolment rate		
	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	53 145	46 100	7 045	30 125	26 191	3 934	56.7	56.8	55.8
5	2 745	2 257	488	1 439	1 315	124	52.4	58.3	25.4
6	2 707	2 326	381	2 012	1 752	260	74.3	75.3	68.2
7	2 276	1 903	373	2 006	1 683	323	88.1	88.4	86.6
8	2 521	2 110	411	2 377	1 996	381	94.3	94.6	92.7
9	2 371	1 980	391	2 195	1 834	361	92.6	92.6	92.3
10	2 589	2 175	414	2 373	1 998	375	91.7	91.9	90.6
11	2 952	2 497	455	2 652	2 255	397	89.8	90.3	87.3
12	2 344	1 995	349	2 164	1 855	309	92.3	93.0	88.5
13	2 334	1 993	341	2 093	1 806	287	89.7	90.6	84.2
14	2 241	1 898	343	1 989	1 707	282	88.8	89.9	82.2
15	2 183	1 867	316	1 872	1 629	243	85.8	87.3	76.9
16	2 208	1 875	333	1 793	1 571	222	81.2	83.8	66.7
17	1 902	1 676	226	1 365	1 243	122	71.8	74.2	54.0
18	2 374	2 070	304	1 293	1 180	113	54.5	57.0	37.2
19	2 522	2 216	306	749	682	67	29.7	30.8	21.9
20	3 063	2 743	320	624	589	35	20.4	21.5	10.9
21	3 679	3 336	343	465	455	10	12.6	13.6	2.9
22	3 194	2 889	305	321	308	13	10.1	10.7	4.3
23	3 568	3 236	332	207	202	5	5.8	6.2	1.5
24	3 372	3 058	314	136	131	5	4.0	4.3	1.6

Figure 5.4 presents the school enrolment rate for the population aged 5 to 24 years by area. The results show that school enrolment was highest in Arandis, where it was above 60 percent. By contrast, the lowest rates of enrolment were in Walvis Bay Rural, where enrolment of the population aged 5 to 24 years was slightly over 50 percent.

Figure 5.4 School enrolment rate for population aged 5 - 24 years by area



The primary school enrolment rate is presented in Table 5.7. The results show that overall the enrolment rate was 91.2 percent for children aged 7 to 13 years old. The enrolment rate was higher in urban areas (92%) than in rural areas (89%). The results also show that more girls in this age range were likely to enroll in school than boys. At constituency level, the highest enrolment rates of more than 90 percent were reported in Walvis Bay Urban, Walvis Bay Rural, Swakopmund, Karibib, Arandis and Daures, whereas Omaruru was the only constituency with less than 90 percent of enrolment rate for children aged 7 to 13 years.

About 91% of children aged 7 – 13 were enrolled in primary school

Table 5.7 Primary school population aged 7- 13 years old by area

Area	Population aged 7-13 years			Enrolled			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	17 387	8 666	8 721	15 860	7 969	7 891	91.2	92.0	90.5
Urban	14 653	7 370	7 283	13 427	6 810	6 617	91.6	92.4	90.9
Rural	2 734	1 296	1 438	2 433	1 159	1 274	89.0	89.4	88.6
Arandis	1 309	686	623	1 194	638	556	91.2	93.0	89.2
Daures	1 780	838	942	1 611	768	843	90.5	91.6	89.5
Karibib	1 860	933	927	1 686	843	843	90.6	90.4	90.9
Omaruru	1 213	596	617	1 082	536	546	89.2	89.9	88.5
Swakopmund	4 818	2 356	2 462	4 411	2 184	2 227	91.6	92.7	90.5
Walvis Bay Rural	2 857	1 432	1 425	2 613	1 315	1 298	91.5	91.8	91.1
Walvis Bay Urban	3 550	1 825	1 725	3 263	1 685	1 578	91.9	92.3	91.5

5.4 Disability

Disability was defined as a long-term physical, psychological or mental condition that limits a person from carrying out everyday activities at home, work or school. It may be present from birth or develop during a person's lifetime. Information on disability assists Government in planning infrastructure, education systems and community awareness programmes amongst others.

During the Census, all people in private households and institutions were asked about the types of long-term permanent disability or limitation that they had. Ten types of disability were identified for this purpose: blindness, visual impairment, deafness, hearing difficulties, muteness/dumbness, speech impairment, physical impairment of lower and upper limbs, mental disability, albinism and autism.

Table 5.8 indicates that close to 3 percent of the total population in Erongo had disabilities. The proportion of people living with disabilities was higher in rural areas (4.8%) than in urban areas (2.2%). Constituency figures show that Karibib and Daures had the highest proportion of disabled people, with 4.4 percent and 4.1 percent respectively, while Walvis Bay Rural had the lowest proportion (1.7%).

2.5% of the population live with disabilities

Table 5.8 Population with disability by sex and area

Area	Population			With Disability			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	147 801	70 288	77 513	3 698	1 710	1 988	2.5	2.4	2.6
Urban	129 022	61 841	67 181	2 800	1 296	1 504	2.2	2.1	2.2
Rural	18 779	8 447	10 332	898	414	484	4.8	2.2	4.7
Arandis	10 071	4 852	5 219	266	130	136	2.6	2.7	2.6
Daures	11 162	5 217	5 945	462	201	261	4.1	3.9	4.4
Karibib	13 093	6 340	6 753	575	284	291	4.4	4.5	4.3
Omaruru	8 464	4 099	4 365	303	138	165	3.6	3.4	3.8
Swakopmund	44 066	20 727	23 339	836	385	451	1.9	1.9	1.9
Walvis Bay Rural	26 772	12 709	14 063	462	207	255	1.7	1.6	1.8
Walvis Bay Urban	34 173	16 344	17 829	794	365	429	2.3	2.2	2.4

Furthermore, Table 5.9, which presents the population with disabilities by type and sex, shows that physical impairment of the lower limbs was the most common type of disability, affecting 22 percent of all people with disabilities. The second most frequent disability was visual impairment, which affected 18.6 percent of the population with disabilities.

Table 5.9 Population with disability by type and sex

Type of disability	Population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total*	3 698	1 710	1 988			
Blindness	294	146	148	8.0	8.5	7.4
Visual Impairment	687	360	327	18.6	21.1	16.4
Deafness	311	142	169	8.4	8.3	8.5
Hearing Difficulties	388	208	180	10.5	12.2	9.1
Mute/Dumb	190	95	95	5.1	5.6	4.8
Speech Impairment	192	85	107	5.2	5.0	5.4
Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	410	162	248	11.1	9.5	12.5
Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	815	351	464	22.0	20.5	23.3
Mental Disability	504	210	294	13.6	12.3	14.8
Albinism	48	22	26	1.3	1.3	1.3
Autism	71	36	35	1.9	2.1	1.8
Other Specify	219	98	121	5.9	5.7	6.1
Don't Know	20	4	16	0.5	0.2	0.8

Note:* The total is the number of persons with a disability. This is not the total in the column as some persons have multiple disabilities

The percentage distribution of people with disabilities by type and area is presented in Table 5.10. The results show that in urban areas the highest proportion of people with disabilities was those with impairment of the lower limbs, at 21.9 percent, the same was true in rural areas where this disability affected 22.4% of the population of people with disabilities. The least prevalent type of disability in Erongo Region was Albinism (1.9%).

Table 5.10 Percent distribution of people with disabilities by type and area

Type of disability	Erongo	Urban	Rural
Total*	3 698	2 800	898
Blindness	8.0	7.3	10.0
Visual impairment	18.6	17.7	21.4
Deafness	8.4	9.9	3.8
Hearing impairment	10.5	9.1	14.9
Mute/Dumb	5.1	5.3	4.7
Speech impairment	5.2	4.9	6.1
Physical impairment-Upper Limbs	11.1	11.4	10.0
Physical impairment-Lower Limbs	22.0	21.9	22.4
Mental disability	13.6	11.4	20.5
Albinism	1.3	1.6	0.3
Autism	1.9	2.3	0.8
Other	5.9	6.7	3.6
Don't know	0.5	0.3	1.2

Note:* The total is the number of persons with a disability. This is not the total in the column as some persons have multiple disabilities

Table 5.11 shows that in Erongo Region, about 36 percent of people with disabilities also had difficulty engaging in any learning and/or economic activity. There were no significant differences between males and females in this respect, but it was observed that higher proportions of people encountered difficulty in rural areas (41.6%) than in urban areas (34.6%).

Table 5.11 Disabled population with difficulties to engage in any learning and/or economic activity by sex and area

Area	Disabled			Inability			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	3 698	1 710	1 988	1 343	623	720	36.3	36.4	36.2
Urban	2 800	1 296	1 504	969	442	527	34.6	34.1	35.0
Rural	898	414	484	374	181	193	41.6	43.7	39.9
Arandis	266	130	136	98	44	54	36.8	33.8	39.7
Daures	462	201	261	241	117	124	52.2	58.2	47.5
Karibib	575	284	291	216	97	119	37.6	34.2	40.9
Omaruru	303	138	165	112	53	59	37.0	38.4	35.8
Swakopmund	836	385	451	296	134	162	35.4	34.8	35.9
Walvis Bay Rural	462	207	255	150	71	79	32.5	34.3	31.0
Walvis Bay Urban	794	365	429	230	107	123	29.0	29.3	28.7

Furthermore, as shown in Table 5.12, which presents the population distribution with multiple disabilities, about 90 percent of the population with disabilities was affected by one type of disability, while 10.3 percent was affected by more than one type of disability.

Table 5.12 Population distribution with multiple disabilities by area

Area	Total	Number		Percent	
		With one disability	With more than one disability	With one disability	With more than one disability
Erongo	3 698	3 318	380	89.7	10.3
Urban	2 800	2 569	231	91.8	8.2
Rural	898	749	149	83.4	16.6
Arandis	266	246	20	92.5	7.5
Daures	462	375	87	81.2	18.8
Karibib	575	507	68	88.2	11.8
Omaruru	303	270	33	89.1	10.9
Swakopmund	836	772	64	92.3	7.7
Walvis Bay Rural	462	442	20	95.7	4.3
Walvis Bay Urban	794	706	88	88.9	11.1

5.5 Orphanhood

Orphanhood is the condition of being less than 18 years of age and without one or both parents. Information on orphans was collected from all members of the household.

Table 5.13 shows that 8.1 percent of the population aged 18 years and below in Erongo Region had lost one parent, while another 1.5 percent had no parents. The proportion of the population aged 18 and below with one parent dead was almost equal in rural and urban areas, at about 8 percent. Similarly there is no significant difference in the proportion of the population with both parents dead in urban and rural areas.

At constituency level, the highest level of orphanhood was in Arandis with 9.1 percent of the population who have lost one of their parents, while the proportion of those who have lost both of their parents was comparatively higher in Omaruru constituency. Levels of orphanhood were comparatively lower in Swakopmund constituency.

8.1% of the population aged 18 years and below in Erongo have lost one parent

Table 5.13 Percent distribution of orphaned population aged 18 years and below by area

Area	Population aged 18 years and below	With one parent dead		With both parents dead	
		Population	Percent	Population	Percent
Erongo	50 015	4 029	8.1	739	1.5
Urban	42 215	3 397	8.0	612	1.4
Rural	7 800	632	8.1	127	1.6
Arandis	3 500	319	9.1	60	1.7
Daures	4 948	415	8.4	80	1.6
Karibib	5 282	462	8.7	85	1.6
Omaruru	3 315	286	8.6	62	1.9
Swakopmund	13 938	1 013	7.3	180	1.3
Walvis Bay Rural	8 626	756	8.8	118	1.4
Walvis Bay Urban	10 406	778	7.5	154	1.5

5.6 Economic Activity

During the Census enumeration, all people aged 8 years and above were asked about their economic activity within the last seven days prior to the Census reference night. The analyses presented below however only focus on the population aged 15 years and above. Unlike the labour force survey, which gives detailed information on specific activities, the Census only provides an overview of employment and economic activity.

The diagram in Figure 5.6 illustrates the composition and definition of the economically active and inactive population. The economically inactive population includes students, homemakers and income recipients, while the economically active population is divided into unemployed and employed. The diagram shows that about 79 percent of the population aged 15 years and above was economically active, 16 percent was economically inactive, and information for another 5.2 percent of the population was not stated.

79% of the population aged 15 years and above were economically active

Figure 5.6 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status

5.6.1 Economically Active Population

Table 5.14 shows that 70.1 percent of the economically active population aged 15 years and above was employed while 29.9 percent was unemployed. The unemployment rate was higher in rural areas (34.5%) as compared to urban areas (29.3%). In contrast, the employment rate in urban areas was higher than in rural areas (70.7% and 65.5% respectively).

Table 5.14 Employment status of economically active population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

Activity status	Number			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	83 928	37 049	46 879	100	100	100
Employed	58 865	22 283	36 582	70.1	60.1	78.0
Unemployed	25 063	14 766	10 297	29.9	39.9	22.0
Urban	75 366	33 757	41 609	100	100	100
Employed	53 258	20 559	32 699	70.7	60.9	78.6
Unemployed	22 108	13 198	8 910	29.3	39.1	21.4
Rural	8 562	3 292	5 270	100	100	100
Employed	5 607	1 724	3 883	65.5	52.4	73.7
Unemployed	2 955	1 568	1 387	34.5	47.6	26.3

5.6.2 Labour Force

The labour force participation rate is the proportion of economically active people in a given population group, and is calculated as the number of economically active population divided by the total population in the same population group.

Table 5.15 shows that the labour force participation rate for the entire region was 78.8 percent. The rate was higher for men (82.4%) than for women (74.7%); a similar trend was also observed in urban and rural areas.

At constituency level, labour force participation ranged between 85 percent (Walvis Bay Rural) and 66 percent (Daures). The labour force participation rate was lower for women than men in all the constituencies.

Table 5.15 Labour Force Participation rate for population aged 15 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population			In labour force			Labour force Participation rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	106 453	49 583	56 870	83 928	37 049	46 879	78.8	74.7	82.4
Urban	94 295	44 354	49 941	75 366	33 757	41 609	79.9	76.1	83.3
Rural	12 158	5 229	6 929	8 562	3 292	5 270	70.4	63	76.1
Arandis	7 233	3 390	3 843	5 127	2 280	2 847	70.9	67.3	74.1
Daures	6 932	3 152	3 780	4 560	1 896	2 664	65.8	60.2	70.5
Karibib	8 725	4 125	4 600	6 653	2 962	3 691	76.3	71.8	80.2
Omaruru	5 707	2 719	2 988	4 211	1 975	2 236	73.8	72.6	74.8
Swakopmund	32 664	15 077	17 587	25 812	11 102	14 710	79	73.6	83.6
Walvis bay rural	19 600	9 122	10 478	16 744	7 489	9 255	85.4	82.1	88.3
Walvis bay Urban	25 592	11 998	13 594	20 821	9 345	11 476	81.4	77.9	84.4

5.6.3 Employment by main occupation

Table 5.16 shows that the categories 'Craft and Related Trade Workers' and 'Elementary Occupations' made up the largest occupation groups with 21.6 percent and 20.9 percent respectively. The armed force was the smallest occupational group, accounting for only 1.7 percent of employment. There were major differences between males and females among the top two occupation groups. 'Craft and Related Workers' was dominated by males (30.5%) as compared to females (6.9%). On the other hand, more females (29.4%) occupied 'Elementary Occupations' than males (15.7%).

Craft and related trade workers made up the largest occupation group with 21.6%

Table 5.16 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Main occupation	Employed population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	58 865	22 283	36 582	100	100	100
Armed force	997	179	818	1.7	0.8	2.2
Legislators senior officials and Managers	3 560	1 191	2 369	6.0	5.3	6.5
Professionals	3 802	1 948	1 854	6.5	8.7	5.1
Technician and associate professionals	4 000	1 902	2 098	6.8	8.5	5.7
Clerk	3 767	2 904	863	6.4	13.0	2.4
Service Workers	7 959	3 725	4 234	13.5	16.7	11.6
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	5 876	2 123	3 753	10.0	9.5	10.3
Craft and Related trades workers	12 694	1 546	11 148	21.6	6.9	30.5
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	3 895	201	3694	6.6	0.9	10.1
Elementary occupations	12 277	6 549	5 728	20.9	29.4	15.7
Don't Know	38	15	23	0.1	0.1	0.1

5.6.4 Employment by Industry

Table 5.17 presents the employed population by main industry and sex at regional level. The results show that in Erongo Region, manufacturing is the main industry (13.8%) followed by mining and quarrying (11.7%), then and agriculture, forestry and fishing (11.5%). Remediation activities, information and communication, as well as real estate make up about less than 1 percent of the work force.

Administration, education, human health and social work activities were clearly the domain of women, while men predominantly worked in mining, construction and transport services.

Table 5.17 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by

Main industry	Employed population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	58 865	22 283	36 582	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	6 792	1 781	5 011	11.5	8.0	13.7
Mining And Quarrying	6 868	696	6 172	11.7	3.1	16.9
Manufacturing	8 121	3 272	4 849	13.8	14.7	13.3
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	238	84	154	0.4	0.4	0.4
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	300	86	214	0.5	0.4	0.6
Construction	5 603	369	5 234	9.5	1.7	14.3
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	5 436	2 375	3 061	9.2	10.7	8.4
Transportation and Storage	3 149	360	2 789	5.3	1.6	7.6
Accommodation and Food Service activities	2 674	1 606	1 068	4.5	7.2	2.9
Information and Communication	478	206	272	0.8	0.9	0.7
Financial Insurance Activities	1 223	878	345	2.1	3.9	0.9
Real estate Activities	231	171	60	0.4	0.8	0.2
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	947	519	428	1.6	2.3	1.2
Administrative and Support service activities	4 913	2 484	2 429	8.3	11.1	6.6
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	2 369	686	1 683	4.0	3.1	4.6
Education	1 833	1 352	481	3.1	6.1	1.3
Human Health and Social work activities	1 469	1 091	378	2.5	4.9	1.0
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	563	206	357	1.0	0.9	1.0
Other Services activities	1 990	1 352	638	3.4	6.1	1.7
Activities of Private Households	3 348	2 613	735	5.7	11.7	2.0
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	14	7	7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Don't Know	306	89	217	0.5	0.4	0.6

5.6.5 Employment by Educational Attainment

Table 5.18 indicates that about 32 percent of the employed population completed their secondary education. It is also shown that 14 percent of the employed population had not completed their primary school. Women were better educated than men, on average, with close to 36 percent of employed women having completed secondary education and about 10 percent tertiary education, compared to 29 percent and 8 percent of men respectively.

Table 5.18 Educational attainment of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

Educational Attainment	Population employed			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	58 865	22 283	36 582	100.0	100.0	100.0
No Formal education	3 480	806	2 674	5.9	3.6	7.3
Incomplete primary education	8 451	2 327	6 124	14.4	10.4	16.7
Primary education	22 397	8 840	13 557	38.0	39.7	37.1
Secondary education	18 606	7 916	10 690	31.6	35.5	29.2
Tertiary education	5 171	2 184	2 987	8.8	9.8	8.2
Others	20	6	14	0.0	0.0	0.0
Don't Know	740	204	536	1.3	0.9	1.5

5.6.6 Main Job Undertaken

Table 5.19 shows that the private sector provided jobs for the largest proportion of employees (68.1%) in Erongo Region, followed by government (8.9%) and parastatals (8.3%). There were no major differences between men and women employed in the private sector, but in government the proportion of women (11.3%) was higher than that of men (7.4%).

Table 5.19 Main job of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex

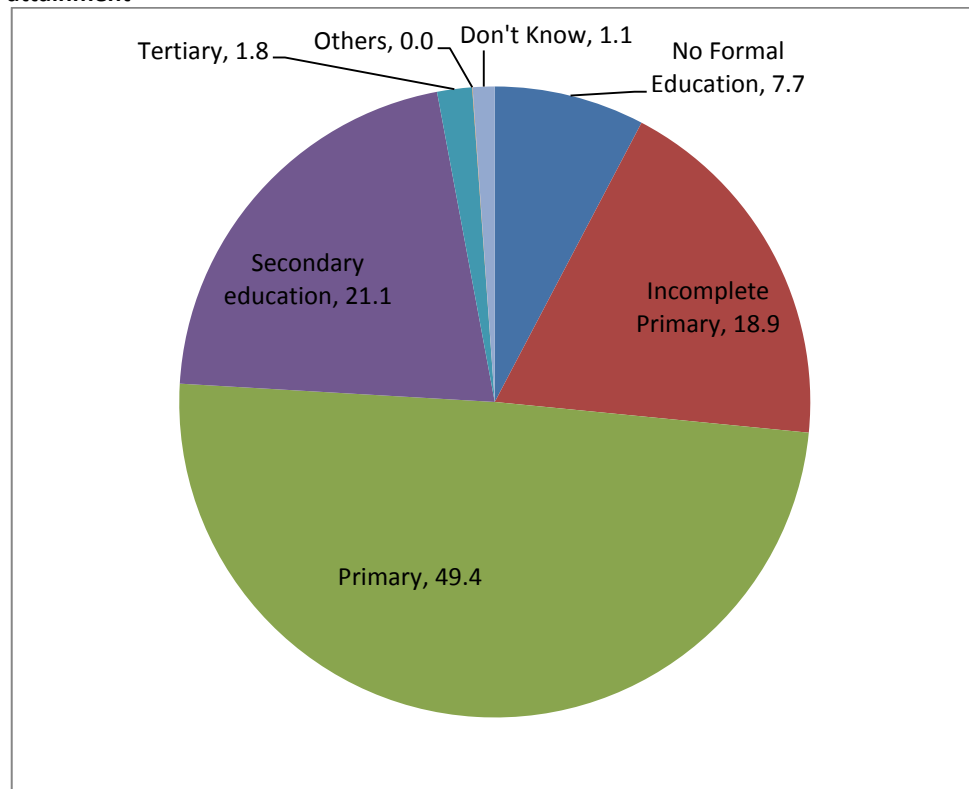
Main job	Population employed			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	59 117	22 393	36 724	100.0	100.0	100.0
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	397	96	301	0.7	0.4	0.8
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	1 678	804	874	2.8	3.6	2.4
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	354	103	251	0.6	0.5	0.7
Other Employer	2 289	832	1 457	3.9	3.7	4
Own Account Worker	1 595	604	991	2.7	2.7	2.7
Employee (Communal Farms)	644	55	589	1.1	0.2	1.6
Employee (Commercial Farms)	1 058	301	757	1.8	1.3	2.1
Employee (Government)	5 251	2 525	2 726	8.9	11.3	7.4
Employee (Parastatal)	4 891	1 560	3 331	8.3	7	9.1
Employee (Private)	40 262	15 148	25 114	68.1	67.6	68.4
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	142	82	60	0.2	0.4	0.2
Other Unpaid Family Worker	196	115	81	0.3	0.5	0.2
Other	266	130	136	0.4	0.6	0.4
Don't Know	94	38	56	0.2	0.2	0.2

5.6.7 Unemployment

The unemployment rate is the proportion of unemployed population in the labour force for a given population group (i.e. the number of unemployed population divided by the population in the labour force in the same population group).

Figure 5.7 presents the distribution of the unemployed population in terms of their level of educational attainment. The results show that about 19 percent of unemployed population did not complete primary education, while about 21 percent completed secondary school and about 2 percent completed tertiary education. Those with no formal education constituted around 8 percent of the unemployed population.

Figure 5.6 Percent distribution of unemployed population aged 15 years and above by educational attainment



5.7 Economically Inactive Population

Table 5.20 provides information on the population of economically inactive people. Students constituted the largest share (45.7%), while income receipt had the lowest share, with 1.7 percent. Of all economically inactive women apart from students, the categories of homemakers and old-age pensioners had the highest proportions (17.1% and 23.8% respectively), while the proportion of economically inactive men in these categories was lower (2.5 and 21.2%, respectively).

Table 5.20 Economically inactive population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex

Economically inactive	Number			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	17 031	9 642	7 389	100.0	100.0	100.0
Student	7 782	4 014	3 768	45.7	41.6	51
Homemaker	1 826	1 644	182	10.7	17.1	2.5
Income Recipient	285	146	139	1.7	1.5	1.9
Retired Pensioner	2 033	1 106	927	11.9	11.5	12.5
Old-Age Pensioner	3 862	2 296	1 566	22.7	23.8	21.2
Unable to Work (ill)	425	159	266	2.5	1.6	3.6
Unable to Work (Disability)	302	138	164	1.8	1.4	2.2
Other	516	139	377	3.0	1.4	5.1

CHAPTER 6: HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter presents information on household characteristics, particularly on household sizes, composition and income. Information on household assets, main languages spoken and agricultural activities are also outlined.

A household is defined as a group of people - related or unrelated - who live in the same dwelling unit and share or have common catering arrangements.

6.1 Household size

Table 6.1 shows that a household in Erongo Region consisted of about 3 persons, on average. This figure has decreased from 3.8 persons in 2001. Interestingly, the average household size for the region was the same as in urban areas (3.3 persons). The household size was higher in rural areas (3.6 persons).

Arandis, Daures and Karibib had an average household size of about 4 persons each. On the contrary, Swakopmund had the lowest average household size of 3.1 people, which had dropped from 3.4 people in 2001.

The average household size was 3.3

Table 6.1 Average household size by Census year and by area

Area	2001	2011
Erongo	3.8	3.3
Urban	3.7	3.3
Rural	3.9	3.6
Arandis	3.9	3.6
Daures	4.3	3.8
Karibib	4.0	3.7
Omaruru	3.7	3.4
Swakopmund	3.4	3.1
Walvis Bay Rural	3.7	3.3
Walvis Bay Urban	3.9	3.2

6.2 Household composition

The composition of households refers to the relationship of its members to the head of the household. Several categories of relationships were used to categorize household members including spouse, son/daughter, grandchild, etc. Table 6.2 presents the distribution of the household population by relationship to the head of the household.

Sons and daughters of the head-of-household accounted for about 25 percent while grandchildren (6.7%) and other relatives (20%) made up other significant proportions of households' membership. Summation of these percentages shows that over half (51.7%) of all households' members were direct relatives of the head, demonstrating a high degree of extended family relationships in the Erongo Region. Only 10.3 percent of household members were spouses.

Table 6.2 Household population by sex and relationship to head of household

Relationship to head	Population			Percent		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Household population	145 788	69 841	75 947	100.0	100.0	100.0
Head	44 116	15 184	28 932	30.3	21.7	38.1
Spouse	14 966	13 150	1 816	10.3	18.8	2.4
Son/Daughter	36 128	17 979	18 149	24.8	25.7	23.9
Son/Daughter in Law	1 269	694	575	0.9	1.0	0.8
Grand Child	9 770	4 788	4 982	6.7	6.9	6.6
Parent	901	678	223	0.6	1.0	0.3
Other Relative	29 207	13 090	16 117	20.0	18.7	21.2
Domestic Worker	670	278	392	0.5	0.4	0.5
Other Non-Relative	8 686	3 962	4 724	6.0	5.7	6.2
Don't Know	75	38	37	0.1	0.1	0.0

6.2.1 Sex of Household Head

The results in Table 6.3 show that the majority of households (65.6%) were headed by males. A similar trend can also be observed in urban and rural areas as well as at constituency level.

Table 6.3 Percent distribution of household head by sex and area

Area	Households	Sex of head	
		Female	Male
Erongo	44 116	34.4	65.6
Urban	39 106	34.3	65.7
Rural	5 010	35.5	64.5
Arandis	2 743	32.4	67.6
Daures	2 911	40.5	59.5
Karibib	3 471	37.2	62.8
Omaruru	2 432	38.8	61.2
Swakopmund	14 204	32.2	67.8
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	35.7	64.3
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	33.3	66.7

6.2.2 Households Headed by Children and Orphans.

Households headed by children and orphans require the attention of Government and other stakeholders. Table 6.4 gives information on households which were headed by children 18 years old or younger. At regional level 1 percent of households in Erongo Region were headed by children. The proportions of households headed by children in rural areas (1.5%) were higher compared to urban areas (0.9%). At constituency level, Daures (1.6%) had the highest proportion of households headed by children while Swakopmund (0.8%) the lowest proportion of households headed by children.

Furthermore, the Table also provides information on households which were headed by orphans. The results indicate that Erongo Region has less than 1 percent of households headed by orphans. There was a slight difference in the proportion of households headed by orphans in urban (0.4%) and those in rural areas (0.5%).

Table 6.4 Percent distribution of Child and Orphan headed households by area

Area	Households	Child Headed households	Orphan Headed households
Erongo	44 116	1.0	0.4
Urban	39 106	0.9	0.4
Rural	5 010	1.5	0.5
Arandis	2 743	1.5	0.7
Daures	2 911	1.6	0.5
Karibib	3 471	1.1	0.3
Omaruru	2 432	0.9	0.3
Swakopmund	14 204	0.8	0.3
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	0.7	0.3
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	1.0	0.4

6.3 Household Income

Households were asked to state their main source of income, which included: farming, business activities (non-farming), wages and salaries, old-age pension, cash remittances, retirement funds, grants for orphans and grants for people living with disabilities.

Table 6.5 shows that wages and salaries was the leading main source of income in Erongo Region, while orphan and disability grants were the lowest sources, at 0.2 and 0.3 percent, respectively. The same trend was observed in urban and rural areas.

Similarly, wages and salaries dominated as the main source of income in all the seven constituencies. In Daures, farming and old-age pension accounted for a higher proportion of the households' main source of income as compared to other constituencies.

Table 6.5 Percent distribution of household's main source of income by area

Area	Households	Farming	Business Activity - Not Farming	Wages and Salaries	Old-Age Pension	Cash Remittances	Retirement Fund	Orphan's Grant	Disability Grant	Others
Erongo	44 116	2.5	9.2	72.8	6.8	4.9	1.5	0.2	0.3	1.7
Urban	39 106	0.4	9.4	77.0	5.2	4.4	1.5	0.2	0.2	1.8
Rural	5 010	19.2	7.5	40.4	19.7	8.8	1.2	0.7	1.1	1.3
Arandis	2 743	0.6	6.1	71.7	10.3	2.8	4.3	0.2	0.2	3.7
Daures	2 911	23.6	8.5	28.2	23.7	11.4	1.6	0.8	1.7	0.5
Karibib	3 471	6.3	9.1	58.2	13.4	7.3	0.7	0.7	0.9	3.4
Omaruru	2 432	2.5	9.0	67.2	9.5	7.0	1.6	0.7	0.5	1.9
Swakopmund	14 204	0.3	10.3	76.9	5.3	3.5	2.0	0.1	0.2	1.5
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	0.6	9.7	81.3	2.0	3.8	0.5	0.2	0.2	1.7
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	0.2	8.5	79.8	4.1	5.1	0.9	0.1	0.2	1.2

6.4 Household assets

The ownership of assets is an important indicator of social welfare and living standards, and therefore households that own certain assets have higher standards of living than those without. The Census collected data on a wide range of assets including cars, televisions, radios and mobile phones. These can be categorised into assets used for transportation and communication, and as domestic utilities, for example.

Table 6.6 provides information on communication assets. The majority of households owned radios (78.2%). A slightly higher proportion of households in urban areas (78.7%) owned radios than in rural areas (74.4%). There were major differences in the ownership of television sets between urban and rural areas (69.6% and 28.1%, respectively). Only 8.4 percent of households had internet connections, and the great majority of these were in urban areas. These same patterns were also observed at constituency level where the majority of the households owned radios and mobile phones.

Table 6.6 Percent distribution of households owning selected communication assets by area

Area	Households			Telephone	Telephone	Computer/Laptop	Home
		Radio	Television	(Fixed)	(Mobile)		Internet Connectivity
Erongo	44 116	78.2	64.9	14.8	69.5	22.9	8.4
Urban	39 106	78.7	69.6	16.1	70.3	25.2	9.3
Rural	5 010	74.4	28.1	5.0	63.0	5.2	1.9
Arandis	2 743	79.8	70.4	19.5	70.4	26.3	6.0
Daures	2 911	75.1	26.9	2.5	62.0	3.4	0.8
Karibib	3 471	75.4	43.6	10.5	60.6	11.5	2.2
Omaruru	2 432	74.6	48.6	17.1	66.9	16.6	6.4
Swakopmund	14 204	78.3	68.5	19.0	74.3	28.2	12.2
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	78.0	69.3	6.2	60.2	15.7	3.1
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	80.4	76.8	18.9	75.5	31.3	12.8

6.5 Language

Information on the main language spoken in the household was collected from all households.

The results from Table 6.7 shows that Oshiwambo languages were reported in most of the households (38.8%), while San, Setswana and Asian languages each were reported as spoken in only about 0.1 percent of the households.

Table 6.7 Distribution of households by main language spoken

Main language	Number of households	Percent
Erongo	44 116	100.0
San Languages	62	0.1
Erongoan Languages	338	0.8
Otjiherero Languages	4 246	9.6
Kavango Languages	1 136	2.6
Nama/Damara	8 307	18.8
Oshiwambo Languages	17 117	38.8
Setswana	64	0.1
Afrikaans	9 020	20.4
German	1 235	2.8
English	2 336	5.3
Other European Languages	148	0.3
Other African Languages	80	0.2
Asian Languages	25	0.1
Don't Know	2	0.0

6.6 Agricultural Activity

Agriculture is defined in the Population Census as any activity directly related to the production or processing of crops, dairy products, poultry or livestock for commercial sale or as a principal means of personal subsistence. This is known as 'own-account' agriculture. Information was collected on the type of agricultural activities in which households were engaged during the 12 months prior to the Census. Wherever applicable, households could report more than one type of agricultural activity.

Table 6.8 provides information on households engaged in agricultural activities. The results show that livestock farming (8.8%) was the most common agricultural activity in Erongo, while agro processing (0.1%) was the least common agricultural activity. In rural areas 43 percent of the households were involved in livestock farming. Overall, livestock farming dominated in most constituencies of the region except for Walvis Bay Urban where more households reported crop farming.

Table 6.8 Percent distribution of households engaged in own account agricultural activity by area

Area	Households	Livestock	Crop	Poultry	Agro processing	Horticulture	Other
Erongo	44 116	8.8	3.7	1.5	0.1	0.5	0.1
Urban	39 106	4.4	3.4	0.8	0.0	0.3	0.1
Rural	5 010	43.0	6.1	6.8	0.3	1.3	0.2
Arandis	2 743	9.0	7.1	1.6	0.1	0.2	0.3
Daures	2 911	53.8	3.7	5.7	0.1	1.7	0.1
Karibib	3 471	16.9	3.6	5.0	0.4	0.9	0.1
Omaruru	2 432	9.3	8.6	2.9	0.2	0.4	0.2
Swakopmund	14 204	4.4	2.7	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.2
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	5.2	4.2	1.7	0.0	0.3	0.0
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	2.1	2.7	0.2	0.0	0.3	0.1

CHAPTER 7: HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

This chapter presents analyses on the characteristics of housing, which refers to all structures used as dwelling units. Aspects considered are the type of housing, tenure, materials used for building, housing utilities, sources of energy, water supply and sanitation, and garbage and waste disposal.

7.1 Type of housing

Nine types of housing units were defined in the Census: detached house, semi-detached/townhouse, apartment/ flat, guest flat, part commercial/industrial, mobile home (caravan, tent), single quarters, traditional dwelling and improvised housing unit (shack).

Table 7.1 indicates that detached houses were the most common type of housing unit, making up 41 percent of the households in Erongo Region. Detached houses were also the most common type of housing unit across urban and rural areas, although the percentages of detached houses differed for urban and rural areas (40.5% and 45.8%, respectively). The part commercial/industrial type of unit was the least common housing unit, accounting for 0.2 percent of all the households in this region. Traditional houses were more common in rural areas, accounting for about 31 percent of the households. Households living in improvised housing unit/shacks were largely found in urban compared to rural areas, with a prevalence of 34.8 and 14.0 percent, respectively.

At constituency level, traditional dwellings were common in Daures constituency, at 48.3 percent., Improved housing units (shacks) accounted for at least about 25% of houses in all of the constituencies with the exception of Daures and Arandis.

Table 7.1 Percent distribution of households by type of housing unit and area

Area	Households	Detached House	Semi-Detached House	Apartment /Flat	Guest Flat	Part Commercial/ Industrial	Mobile Home	Single Quarters	Traditional Dwelling	Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	Others
Erongo	44 116	41.1	10.7	7.9	1.1	0.2	0.3	2.3	3.8	32.5	0.2
Urban	39 106	40.5	11.4	8.8	1.2	0.2	0.2	2.4	0.3	34.8	0.2
Rural	5 010	45.8	5.1	1.1	0.0	0.2	1.2	1.7	30.8	14.0	0.1
Arandis	2 743	68.9	12.6	6.5	0.4	0.4	0.2	1.6	0.1	9.4	0.1
Daures	2 911	38.3	5.1	0.9	0.1	0.0	0.6	1.4	48.3	5.4	0.0
Karibib	3 471	45.5	12.7	4.9	0.3	0.4	0.5	4.4	2.0	29.3	0.1
Omaruru	2 432	55.9	8.7	4.3	0.6	0.3	1.4	2.9	0.7	24.9	0.3
Swakopmund	14 204	32.0	10.9	10.7	1.2	0.1	0.3	2.6	0.3	41.7	0.3
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	39.2	12.5	5.5	1.2	0.1	0.1	1.1	1.4	38.8	0.1
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	43.3	9.9	10.4	1.6	0.3	0.2	2.5	0.2	31.5	0.1

7.2 Type of Tenure

Tenure refers to the conditions which govern the rights of individuals to occupy dwelling units. The most frequent forms are tenancy (in which rent is paid to a landlord) and owner occupancy which can be subdivided into owner-occupied or mortgaged. In the case of tenancy, the landlord can be a private individual, non-profit organization such as a housing association, or a government body which provides public housing.

Table 7.2 shows that most housing units (28.8%) in the region were rented by households from private individuals. These were more common in urban areas where they constituted about 32.4 percent of households as compared to rural areas (1%). Housing units occupied by owners without mortgage were mainly found in rural areas (48.5%) compared to urban areas (25%).

Table 7.2 Percent distribution of households by tenure status and area

Area	Total	Owner Occupied With Mortgage	Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	Rented (Government)	Rented (Local Authority)	Rented (Parastatal)	Rented (Private Firm)	Rented (Individual)	Occupied Rent Free	Others
Erongo	44 116	20.2	27.7	1.3	3.2	0.8	6.1	28.8	11.6	0.3
Urban	39 106	22.1	25	1.5	3.1	0.8	6.8	32.4	8.0	0.3
Rural	5 010	5.5	48.5	0.0	4.1	0.0	1.0	1.0	39.6	0.3
Arandis	2 743	32.5	29.6	4.0	6.6	0.7	4.9	13.1	8.3	0.4
Daures	2 911	6.5	66.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.7	0.8	21.0	0.1
Karibib	3 471	14.0	33.9	1.4	4.4	2.0	6.9	6.8	30.4	0.3
Omaruru	2 432	7.1	36.2	4.2	0.9	0.3	1.9	8.0	41.0	0.4
Swakopmund	14 204	20.3	23.9	1.5	2.5	0.4	6.6	33.0	11.5	0.3
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	21.0	24.5	0.1	4.7	1.3	6.6	38.6	2.9	0.3
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	25.3	19.9	1.0	1.8	0.7	7.6	39.9	3.5	0.3

7.3 Average number of persons per sleeping room

The Census collected information on the number of sleeping rooms per household, and the average number of persons per sleeping (or room occupancy), which provides an indicator of crowding.

The results presented in Table 7.3 show that the average number of persons per sleeping room in the region was about 2 persons, which suggests that most households were not overcrowded. There was no difference between urban and rural areas. At constituency level, Karibib had the highest sleeping room occupancy of 1.7. Generally, in most constituencies the average room occupancy stood at 1.5, with Arandis having the lowest number of 1.3 persons per room.

Table 7.3 Average number of persons per bedrooms by area

Area	Population	Number of sleeping rooms	Average people per bedroom
Erongo	145 788	96 540	1.5
Urban	127 523	84 506	1.5
Rural	18 265	12 034	1.5
Arandis	9 898	7 391	1.3
Daures	11 162	7 407	1.5
Karibib	12 785	7 643	1.7
Omaruru	8 325	5 382	1.5
Swakopmund	43 846	29 372	1.5
Walvis Bay Rural	26 489	17 757	1.5
Walvis Bay Urban	33 283	21 588	1.5

7.4 Materials used for construction

The section presents information on the materials used to construct roofs, walls and floors of housing units, which are important indicators of the socio-economic conditions and welfare of households. Most of the materials used can be broadly divided between those that are harvested with labour from local resources (e.g. grass, stick, mud and dung etc.) and those that are purchased with cash (e.g. cement bricks or blocks and corrugated iron).

Table 7.4 shows that 57.6 percent of the households resided in dwelling units with walls made from cement/blocks/bricks. These are considered permanent/durable materials and an indicator of development. About 59 percent of urban households used cement/bricks for outer walls compared to 48.2 percent of households in rural areas. There was a high proportion of rural households that used corrugated iron/zinc for their walls (31.8%), whereas 3.6 percent of households did so in urban areas.

At constituency level, households with walls constructed from cement/bricks were mostly found in Arandis (79.5%). On the other hand, households with walls made of corrugated iron/zinc walls were more common in Karibib (34.1%).

57.6% of households resided in dwellings with walls made from cement blocks/bricks

Table 7.4 Percentage distribution of households by main material used for outer walls and area

Area	Households	Cement Blocks/ Brick	Burnt Bricks/ Face Bricks	Mud/ Clay Bricks	Corrugated Iron/Zinc	Prefabricated Materials	Wood Poles/ Sticks or Grass/ Reeds	Sticks with Mud/ Day Cow Dung	Tin	Other
Erongo	44 116	57.6	0.4	0.5	6.8	18.8	11.2	1.5	0.9	2.3
Urban	39 106	58.8	0.3	0.1	3.6	20.9	12.5	0.5	0.8	2.6
Rural	5 010	48.2	1.1	3.9	31.8	2.3	1.1	9.7	1.8	0.2
Arandis	2 743	79.5	0.8	0.3	2.1	6.2	9.0	0.0	0.2	1.7
Daures	2 911	44.4	1.2	5.5	29.5	1.0	0.7	16.0	1.6	0.2
Karibib	3 471	57.3	0.6	0.7	34.1	2.5	2.0	0.7	1.7	0.5
Omaruru	2 432	67.6	0.7	0.8	23.6	0.8	0.3	0.1	5.8	0.3
Swakopmund	14 204	54.0	0.4	0.0	1.2	17.3	22.4	1.1	0.5	3.2
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	46.0	0.1	0.1	1.0	34.8	12.4	0.2	0.5	4.8
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	67.3	0.3	0.0	0.5	26.4	4.2	0.1	0.2	1.0

The results in Table 7.5 show that asbestos sheets were the main material used for roofing, accounting for about 45 percent of the households in Erongo Region. In urban areas, half of the households lived in dwelling units with asbestos sheets compared to about 5 percent in rural areas; about 21 percent reported wood covered with melthoid as the main material for roofing. 90 percent of the households in rural areas lived in dwellings with roofs made of corrugated iron sheets.

While roofs made from corrugated iron and asbestos sheets predominated in most of the constituencies, wood covered with melthoid was observed more in the urbanised constituencies.

Table 7.5 Percent distribution of households by main material used for the roof and area

Area	Number of households	Corrugated Iron Sheet	Asbestos Sheet	Brick Tiles	Concrete	Thatch Grass	Slate	Wood Covered with melthoid	Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	Tin	Other
Erongo	44 116	23.8	44.9	2.7	0.8	0.2	1.3	18.6	0.3	1.3	6.1
Urban	39 106	15.3	50.1	3.0	0.9	0.1	1.4	20.9	0.3	1.1	6.8
Rural	5 010	90.1	4.8	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.4	2.7	0.6
Arandis	2 743	11.5	64.1	1.1	0.5	0.3	0.5	18.5	0.1	0.5	3.0
Daures	2 911	90.9	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	2.4	0.4
Karibib	3 471	92.6	4.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.7
Omaruru	2 432	92.4	0.8	0.3	0.2	1.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	4.0	0.7
Swakopmund	14 204	8.0	44.1	6.0	1.5	0.2	0.8	27.8	0.5	1.5	9.7
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	3.2	61.3	0.9	0.4	0.0	2.5	23.0	0.1	1.1	7.5
Walvis Bay Urban	10317	6.8	63.3	2.1	0.9	0.1	2.1	18.2	0.1	0.7	5.8

Further, the results of Table 7.6 show that 37.8 percent of the households in Erongo Region had floors with tiles, and another 34 percent had cement floors. However, cement floors were more common in rural areas (63.8%) than in urban areas (30.1%). At constituency level, cement was more common followed by sand/earth as the material for floors.

Table 7.6 Percent distribution of households by main material used for the floor and area

Area	Households	Sand/Earth	Cement	Mud/Clay	Wood	Concrete	Tiles (Ceramic/Wood /Plastic)	Other
Erongo	44 116	21.6	34.0	0.8	1.6	2.8	37.8	1.4
Urban	39 106	21.0	30.1	0.5	1.7	3.0	42.1	1.6
Rural	5 010	26.2	63.8	3.3	0.4	1.5	4.3	0.5
Arandis	2 743	9.6	24.9	0.3	0.8	7.1	55.2	2.1
Daures	2 911	26.7	64.4	5.0	0.3	0.3	3.1	0.3
Karibib	3 471	24.7	55.3	0.6	2.2	2.3	14.4	0.5
Omaruru	2 432	20.8	65.2	0.1	0.8	1.2	10.6	1.3
Swakopmund	14 204	24.0	28.8	0.6	1.7	4.0	39.6	1.4
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	22.5	32.9	0.1	1.2	1.8	41.0	0.5
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	18.4	21.3	0.9	2.1	2.1	52.5	2.8

7.5 Sources of energy

Data collected from private households on energy for cooking, lighting and heating provide useful information on social conditions and development. This information is also valuable as a measure of Namibia's use of renewable (e.g. solar and wind power) and non-renewable (e.g. oil and coal) energy sources, and the environmental consequences of using different kinds of energy.

Table 7.7 indicates that about 76 percent of households in Erongo relied on electricity from mains as the main source of energy for cooking and about 15 percent relied on wood/charcoal from wood. The main source of energy for cooking in rural areas was wood/charcoal from wood reported by about 80 percent of households, compared to only 6.8 percent in urban areas. At a constituency level, Daures had the highest proportion of households that used wood/charcoal from wood (82.2%) as the main source of energy for cooking.

Table 7.7 Percentage distribution of households by main source of energy for cooking by area

Area	Households	Electricity from Mains	Electricity from Generator	Gas	Paraffin/ Kerosene	Wood/ Charcoal from Wood	Charcoal -coal	Anima l Dung	Solar Energy	Other
Erongo	44 116	76.4	0.1	7.6	0.4	15.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.1
Urban	39 106	84.5	0.1	7.9	0.5	6.8	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Rural	5 010	13.6	0.1	4.7	0.2	79.6	1.7	-	0.1	0.0
Arandis	2 743	74.2	0.3	18.5	0.1	6.8	0.1	-	-	0.0
Daures	2 911	12.7	0.1	2.3	0.1	82.2	2.4	-	0.0	0.1
Karibib	3 471	38.1	0.2	7.5	0.7	52.8	0.5	-	0.0	-
Omaruru	2 432	33.3	0.4	10.4	0.5	54.4	0.8	-	0.2	0.1
Swakopmund	14 204	80.1	0.1	13.2	0.8	5.5	0.8	-	0.0	0.1
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	96.6	0.0	1.7	0.3	1.3	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	97.3	0.0	2.3	0.1	0.2	0.8	-	-	0.0

With respect to the source of energy for lighting, the results from Table 7.8 shows that the most common source of energy for lighting in Erongo is electricity from the main grid (81.3%)., About 88 percent of households in urban areas relied on electricity from mains, while 30.5 percent of the households in rural areas used candles for lighting. Solar energy was not widely used, but played a more important role in rural areas (5.9%) than in urban areas (0.2%). Electricity as a

source of lighting was more common in Walvis Bay Urban (99.4%) but was used by a minority in Daures (29.5%). About one out of three households in Daures used paraffin lamps for lighting.

The most common source of energy for lighting was electricity from mains used by 81.3% of the households

Table 7.8 Percentage distribution of households by main source of energy for lighting

Area	Households	Electricity from Mains	Electricity from Generator	Gas	Paraffin/ Kerosene	Wood/ Charcoal from Wood	Charcoal -coal	Candles	Animal Dung	Solar Energy	Other
Erongo	44 116	81.3	0.5	0.1	4.4	0.2	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.8	0.2
Urban	39 106	87.7	0.3	0.1	1.2	0.2	0.0	10.2	0.0	0.2	0.2
Rural	5 010	31.3	1.7	0.3	29.5	0.3	-	30.5	-	5.9	0.6
Arandis	2 743	81.4	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.0	16.2	0.0	0.5	0.3
Daures	2 911	29.5	0.9	0.2	36.9	0.2	-	27.2	-	4.6	0.5
Karibib	3 471	47.9	1.2	0.4	10.8	0.8	-	35.9	-	2.7	0.3
Omaruru	2 432	52.3	1.4	0.5	4.3	1.2	-	36.3	-	3.2	1.0
Swakopmund	14 204	82.9	0.6	0.1	1.9	0.1	-	13.8	0.0	0.2	0.3
Walvis Bay											
Rural	8 038	97.1	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	-	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.1
Walvis Bay											
Urban	10 317	99.4	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	-	0.4	-	0.0	0.0

7.6 Water Supply and Sanitation

This section covers the main source of water for drinking and cooking, the types of toilet facilities, and disposal of waste or garbage for households. Poor sanitation and inadequate access to safe water are public health concerns because they create conditions conducive to the spread of diseases.

The results from Table 7.9 show that 96.3 percent of the households in Erongo Region had access to safe water. The results further show that about 99 percent of households in urban areas had access to safe water while in rural areas about 71% of houses had access to safe water. With regard to unsafe water, 15 percent of households in rural areas relied on rivers/dam/streams as their main source of water for cooking/drinking.

At constituency level, it was observed that over 90 percent of households in most constituencies had access to safe water, however 20 percent of households in Daures relied on unsafe water from river/ dam/ streams.

Nearly every household in urban areas has access to safe water (99.5%).

Table 7.9 Percent distribution of households by main source of water for cooking/drinking and area

Area	Total	Piped Water Inside	Piped Water Outside	Public Pipe	Borehole with Tank Covered	Well Protected	Safe water	River/Dam/Stream	Well Unprotected	Other
Erongo	44 116	50.4	33.4	9.1	3.0	0.4	96.3	1.7	0.3	0.7
Urban	39 106	55.3	35.4	8.7	0.1	0.0	99.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rural	5 010	11.8	18.0	12.2	25.7	3.7	71.2	15.0	2.6	6.2
Arandis	2 743	75.2	17.1	6.6	0.0	0.0	99.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Daures	2 911	11.2	13.0	11.0	24.3	5.5	64.8	20.5	2.5	8.0
Karibib	3 471	32.0	17.2	26.7	12.4	0.6	88.9	4.4	1.6	2.1
Omaruru	2 432	36.6	29.8	25.9	4.6	0.2	97.2	0.2	0.0	0.3
Swakopmund	14 204	50.5	35.9	13.3	0.1	0.0	99.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	49.8	48.1	0.7	0.6	0.0	99.2	0.1	0.0	0.1
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	64.4	35.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	99.7	0.0	0.0	0.0

With respect to the type of the main toilet facility, the results from Table 7.10 show that about 83 percent of the households in Erongo had flush toilets, while only 10.6 percent had no toilet facility.

Various types of flush toilets were common in urban areas and used by 89 percent of households. However, slightly over half of the households (53%) in rural areas did not have any toilet facility, compared to only 5.1 percent in the urban areas.

At constituency level, a higher proportion of households without any type of toilet facility were found in Daures (60.8%) than in any other constituency in the region.

Only about 11% of the households in Erongo have no toilet

Table 7.10 Percent distribution of households by type of main toilet facility and area

Area	Households	Private Flush Connected to Sewer	Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	Bucket Toilet	No Toilet Facility	Other
Erongo	44 116	45.8	33.4	1.8	1.6	3.2	1.9	0.8	0.6	10.6	0.3
Urban	39 106	49.3	37.1	1.4	1.5	2.8	1.4	0.6	0.5	5.1	0.3
Rural	5 010	18.2	4.8	5.3	2.5	6.3	6.0	2.1	1.7	53.0	0.1
Arandis	2 743	65.1	14.6	6.6	1.1	0.3	1.0	0.4	2.0	8.7	0.3
Daures	2 911	15.7	1.9	3.3	0.8	6.3	6.3	2.5	2.3	60.8	0.1
Karibib	3 471	38.6	10.3	2.8	1.1	3.4	3.7	1.0	0.8	37.6	0.8
Omaruru	2 432	33.1	14.9	12.4	4.3	3.4	2.4	1.1	0.6	27.7	0.1
Swakopmund	14 204	44.7	35.4	0.5	3.4	7.0	3.0	1.4	0.7	3.7	0.2
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	42.1	54.9	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	1.6	0.4
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	58.7	40.0	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1

7.7 Garbage and waste disposal

Table 7.11 shows that the most common means of disposing garbage in Erongo Region was through regular collection (79.8%), while irregular collection (3.5%) was the least common method used for garbage disposal. Rubbish pit and roadside dumping accounted for a combined 8.6 percent of waste disposal. Furthermore, 88.8 percent of urban households benefited from regular garbage collection while 64.8 percent in rural areas burn their waste. Regular waste collection in rural areas was only available to 9.4 percent of the households.

Similarly at constituency level, over 90 percent of households in Arandis, Walvis Bay Urban and Walvis Bay Rural had waste/garbage regularly collected. Daures constituency relied mostly on burning as their means of waste disposal with 73.8 percent of households using this method.

Table 7.11 Percent distribution of households by means of waste/garbage disposal and area

Area	Number of households	Regularly Collected	Irregularly Collected	Burning	Roadside Dumping	Rubbish Pit	Others
Erongo	44 116	79.8	3.5	8.0	4.6	4.0	0.1
Urban	39 106	88.8	3.6	0.7	4.5	2.4	0.1
Rural	5 010	9.4	2.2	64.8	6.0	16.8	0.8
Arandis	2 743	91.5	2.7	1.4	0.1	4.2	0.1
Daures	2 911	12.1	0.3	73.8	6.6	6.7	0.5
Karibib	3 471	44.9	2.8	29.0	9.1	13.5	0.7
Omaruru	2 432	41.0	4.2	9.4	24.8	20.4	0.2
Swakopmund	14 204	88.8	3.5	0.1	5.1	2.4	0.1
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	90.6	4.1	1.1	2.4	1.8	0.0
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	95.7	4.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0

Annexure

Glossary of Census terms

The concepts and classifications used in the 2011 Population and Housing Census are defined below. These concepts and classifications are based on regional and International recommendation with adaptations to suit local conditions.

Geographic Concepts

Erongo Region consisted of 7 constituencies, namely Arandis, Daures, Karibib, Omaruru, Swakopmund, Walvis Bay Rural, and Walvis Bay Urban.

Locality

For the purpose of the Census, a locality is defined as a distinct population cluster, irrespective of size, in which people live and which has a name or locally recognized status.

Enumeration area

For the purpose of enumeration (census data collection/counting), the whole country was divided into small geographical areas of manageable sizes known as enumeration areas (EAs).

Dwelling unit

A dwelling unit is a unit of accommodation of a household that may be vacant or shared by more than one household

Marital status

Is defined as the person's personal status in relation to the marriage laws or customs of the country

Live birth

A child born alive is one who cries after being born. Thus, a live birth is a birth which results in a child that shows any sign of life irrespective of the time or period within which these signs are manifested.

Early childhood development

This refers to children aged 0 - 4 years who were attending day-care, crèche, kindergarten and pre-primary school. The categories were as follows: Edu-care (day-care, crèche, kindergarten) and pre-primary school.

Literacy

This refers to the ability to read and write with understanding in any language. Those that could both read and write with understanding were classified as literate; and those who could only read but not write were classified as illiterate.

School attendance

This refers to full time attendance at any regular educational institution, public or private, for systematic instruction at any level of education.

Educational attainment

The highest standard, grade or years completed at the highest level of school, college or university attended.

Disability

This refers to a condition of loss of physical or mental function resulting in inability to perform daily activities. Disability is aggravated by physical, personal, and environmental barriers.

Occupation

This refers to the type of work, trade or profession performed by an individual during the Census reference period, irrespective of status in employment of the individual.

Industry

This refers to the main goods and/or services produced at the person's work place (if employed) or usual place of work (if on vacation, sick leave).

Employment status

This refers to the status of those employed during the reference period or those who were on sick/vacation leave and had a job to return to, in terms of either working/worked as employees, employers, own account workers, or unpaid family workers.

Household

A household consists of a person or a group of persons related or unrelated who lived together in the same homestead/compound but not necessarily in the same dwelling unit.

Head of household

The head of household is the person (of either sex) who is looked upon by the other members of the household as their leader or main decision-maker.

Children and orphan headed household

This refers to households headed by children/orphans aged 18 years and below. Orphans are children 18 years and below who during the time of the Census were orphaned by one or both parents.

Household assets

Ownership of assets is a good measure of the social well-fare and standard of living of households. Hence, households were also asked whether they owned certain assets, and the assets had to be in working condition. Assets included: car, motorbike, bicycle, radio, television, telephone (landline), telephone (mobile), computer/laptop, refrigerator/freezer, stove, microwave, etc.

Agricultural activities

This refers to activities such as the farming of crop, poultry, or livestock, agro processing and horticulture.

Housing unit

This refers to separate and independent living premises occupied by the household.

Tenure

This is the arrangement under which the household occupies all/or part of a housing unit. This looks at whether the housing unit was owner-occupied, rented or rent-free.

Number of sleeping rooms

These are all rooms used for sleeping purposes only, thus it excludes rooms such as study rooms, toilets, kitchens, passages etc. However if a room such as a garage was used for sleeping purposes it was considered a sleeping room.

Material used for outer-walls, floor and roof

This refers to the main material used for the construction of the household's housing unit. Materials may include cement blocks/bricks/stones, burnt/face bricks for outer-walls, or corrugated iron-sheets, brick tiles, concrete for roof, or sand/earth, cement, mud/clay for floor, etc.

Source of water for cooking and drinking

A measure of the well-being of Namibians is the proportion of households that have access to clean/potable water. This question referred to the main sources of water used by the households for cooking and drinking.

Source of energy for cooking, lighting and heating

This refers to the type of energy most often used for cooking, lighting and heating. The sources include electricity, gas, solar, wood, candle, charcoal, paraffin, etc.

Type of toilet facility

This information provides a measure of sanitation level of the household since these facilities are important for disease control and health improvement. This looked at whether the household used a private toilet connected to the main sewer, public toilet connected to the sewer, private toilet connected to septic tank, public toilet connected to septic, etc.

Garbage and refuse disposal

This information can be used in obtaining the hygiene level of the household since these facilities are important for disease control and health improvements

The Enumeration Area Map for Erongo



Table 2.1 Total Population by sex and single years, Erongo

Age	Total	Female	Male	Age	Total	Female	Male
0	3 973	1 961	2 012	49	1 290	607	683
1	3 510	1 699	1 811	50	1 190	540	650
2	3 001	1 484	1 517	51	1 076	505	571
3	2 918	1 487	1 431	52	1 063	475	588
4	2 918	1 476	1 442	53	961	471	490
5	2 751	1 405	1 346	54	936	412	524
6	2 716	1 389	1 327	55	826	387	439
7	2 283	1 106	1 177	56	845	386	459
8	2 527	1 286	1 241	57	697	322	375
9	2 381	1 178	1 203	58	762	348	414
10	2 600	1 281	1 319	59	762	363	399
11	2 972	1 457	1 515	60	720	351	369
12	2 379	1 229	1 150	61	588	295	293
13	2 359	1 192	1 167	62	566	264	302
14	2 273	1 194	1 079	63	586	285	301
15	2 201	1 134	1 067	64	463	230	233
16	2 232	1 151	1 081	65	489	254	235
17	1 924	1 001	923	66	397	217	180
18	2 394	1 216	1 178	67	363	193	170
19	2 541	1 227	1 314	68	313	156	157
20	3 088	1 477	1 611	69	343	189	154
21	3 713	1 667	2 046	70	356	192	164
22	3 232	1 533	1 699	71	321	176	145
23	3 608	1 603	2 005	72	309	172	137
24	3 408	1 500	1 908	73	274	144	130
25	3 782	1 751	2 031	74	253	140	113
26	3 685	1 673	2 012	75	229	136	93
27	3 477	1 570	1 907	76	243	119	124
28	3 679	1 680	1 999	77	184	90	94
29	3 504	1 603	1 901	78	163	90	73
30	3 641	1 651	1 990	79	147	72	75
31	3 259	1 406	1 853	80	145	91	54
32	3 313	1 416	1 897	81	122	72	50
33	2 578	1 108	1 470	82	104	61	43
34	2 806	1 212	1 594	83	98	62	36
35	2 748	1 176	1 572	84	89	46	43
36	2 699	1 221	1 478	85	80	44	36
37	2 264	999	1 265	86	69	42	27
38	2 555	1 083	1 472	87	48	25	23
39	2 480	1 107	1 373	88	52	32	20
40	2 328	1 031	1 297	89	38	29	9
41	2 037	863	1 174	90	47	28	19
42	2 078	872	1 206	91	36	22	14
43	1 836	809	1 027	92	24	17	7
44	1 460	629	831	93	23	16	7
45	1 835	749	1 086	94	23	12	11
46	1 421	642	779	95	75	48	27
47	1 251	567	684	Total	150 809	70 986	79 823
48	1 403	607	796				

Table 2.2 Population distribution by age group and sex, Erongo

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	150 809	70 986	79 823
0 - 4	16 320	8 107	8 213
5 - 9	12 658	6 364	6 294
10 - 14	12 583	6 353	6 230
15 - 19	11 292	5 729	5 563
20 - 24	17 049	7 780	9 269
25 - 29	18 127	8 277	9 850
30 - 34	15 597	6 793	8 804
35 - 39	12 746	5 586	7 160
40 - 44	9 739	4 204	5 535
45 - 49	7 200	3 172	4 028
50 - 54	5 226	2 403	2 823
55 - 59	3 892	1 806	2 086
60 - 64	2 923	1 425	1 498
65 - 69	1 905	1 009	896
70 - 74	1 513	824	689
75 - 79	966	507	459
80 - 84	558	332	226
85 - 89	287	172	115
90 - 94	153	95	58
95 +	75	48	27

Table 2.4 Population distribution by age group and sex, Rural

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	19 039	8 572	10 467
0 - 4	2 681	1 318	1 363
5 - 9	2 049	1 020	1 029
10 - 14	1 923	896	1 027
15 - 19	1 510	680	830
20 - 24	1 629	598	1 031
25 - 29	1 474	567	907
30 - 34	1 244	503	741
35 - 39	1 103	445	658
40 - 44	996	389	607
45 - 49	918	425	493
50 - 54	849	393	456
55 - 59	712	365	347
60 - 64	632	306	326
65 - 69	440	218	222
70 - 74	356	178	178
75 - 79	253	124	129
80 - 84	137	76	61
85 - 89	63	35	28
90 - 94	43	24	19
95 +	27	12	15

Table 2.3 Population distribution by age group and sex, Urban

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	131 770	62 414	69 356
0 - 4	13 639	6 789	6 850
5 - 9	10 609	5 344	5 265
10 - 14	10 660	5 457	5 203
15 - 19	9 782	5 049	4 733
20 - 24	15 420	7 182	8 238
25 - 29	16 653	7 710	8 943
30 - 34	14 353	6 290	8 063
35 - 39	11 643	5 141	6 502
40 - 44	8 743	3 815	4 928
45 - 49	6 282	2 747	3 535
50 - 54	4 377	2 010	2 367
55 - 59	3 180	1 441	1 739
60 - 64	2 291	1 119	1 172
65 - 69	1 465	791	674
70 - 74	1 157	646	511
75 - 79	713	383	330
80 - 84	421	256	165
85 - 89	224	137	87
90 - 94	110	71	39
95 +	48	36	12

Table 2.5 Population distribution by age group and sex, Arandis

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	10 093	4 852	5 241
0 - 4	970	458	512
5 - 9	895	463	432
10 - 14	973	541	432
15 - 19	886	442	444
20 - 24	1 235	553	682
25 - 29	1 133	518	615
30 - 34	794	336	458
35 - 39	706	349	357
40 - 44	539	256	283
45 - 49	442	231	211
50 - 54	377	165	212
55 - 59	339	136	203
60 - 64	282	131	151
65 - 69	178	105	73
70 - 74	161	80	81
75 - 79	100	41	59
80 - 84	59	33	26
85 - 89	13	8	5
90 - 94	9	4	5
95 +	2	2	0

Table 2.6 Population distribution by age group and sex, Daures

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 350	5 309	6 041
0 - 4	1 681	840	841
5 - 9	1 337	660	677
10 - 14	1 241	581	660
15 - 19	932	414	518
20 - 24	848	309	539
25 - 29	809	329	480
30 - 34	676	283	393
35 - 39	586	258	328
40 - 44	533	218	315
45 - 49	530	264	266
50 - 54	484	253	231
55 - 59	438	236	202
60 - 64	386	210	176
65 - 69	293	147	146
70 - 74	234	121	113
75 - 79	158	81	77
80 - 84	95	57	38
85 - 89	41	23	18
90 - 94	31	17	14
95 +	17	8	9

Table 2.8 Population distribution by age group and sex, Omaruru

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 577	4 131	4 446
0 - 4	1 051	518	533
5 - 9	862	442	420
10 - 14	847	422	425
15 - 19	727	360	367
20 - 24	864	409	455
25 - 29	785	358	427
30 - 34	692	314	378
35 - 39	570	262	308
40 - 44	521	235	286
45 - 49	422	212	210
50 - 54	374	177	197
55 - 59	263	128	135
60 - 64	241	118	123
65 - 69	135	63	72
70 - 74	114	55	59
75 - 79	60	31	29
80 - 84	29	18	11
85 - 89	14	5	9
90 - 94	4	3	1
95 +	2	1	1

Table 2.7 Population distribution by age group and sex, Karibib

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 320	6 412	6 908
0 - 4	1 743	884	859
5 - 9	1 327	678	649
10 - 14	1 322	667	655
15 - 19	1 165	594	571
20 - 24	1 274	573	701
25 - 29	1 222	554	668
30 - 34	1 028	468	560
35 - 39	883	419	464
40 - 44	786	342	444
45 - 49	652	313	339
50 - 54	504	242	262
55 - 59	436	205	231
60 - 64	353	165	188
65 - 69	212	100	112
70 - 74	152	77	75
75 - 79	131	64	67
80 - 84	66	34	32
85 - 89	35	17	18
90 - 94	19	11	8
95 +	10	5	5

Table 2.9 Population distribution by age group and sex, Swakopmund

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	44 725	21 022	23 703
0 - 4	4 469	2 231	2 238
5 - 9	3 473	1 713	1 760
10 - 14	3 566	1 764	1 802
15 - 19	3 294	1 683	1 611
20 - 24	5 336	2 389	2 947
25 - 29	5 858	2 594	3 264
30 - 34	4 889	2 091	2 798
35 - 39	3 691	1 610	2 081
40 - 44	2 821	1 262	1 559
45 - 49	2 076	945	1 131
50 - 54	1 541	773	768
55 - 59	1 142	537	605
60 - 64	852	433	419
65 - 69	551	294	257
70 - 74	480	284	196
75 - 79	296	166	130
80 - 84	203	123	80
85 - 89	107	74	33
90 - 94	60	42	18
95 +	20	14	6

Table 2.10 Population distribution by age group and sex, , Walvis Bay Rural

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	26 916	12 782	14 134
0 - 4	2 970	1 468	1 502
5 - 9	2 163	1 093	1 070
10 - 14	2 061	1 040	1 021
15 - 19	1 915	996	919
20 - 24	3 440	1 625	1 815
25 - 29	3 761	1 824	1 937
30 - 34	3 157	1 429	1 728
35 - 39	2 764	1 256	1 508
40 - 44	1 809	767	1 042
45 - 49	1 191	499	692
50 - 54	711	312	399
55 - 59	417	186	231
60 - 64	224	102	122
65 - 69	137	76	61
70 - 74	96	49	47
75 - 79	48	28	20
80 - 84	12	9	3
85 - 89	17	10	7
90 - 94	15	7	8
95 +	8	6	2

Table 2.11 Population distribution by age group and sex, Walvis Bay Urban

Age group	Total	Female	Male
Total	35 828	16 478	19 350
0 - 4	3 436	1 708	1 728
5 - 9	2 601	1 315	1 286
10 - 14	2 573	1 338	1 235
15 - 19	2 373	1 240	1 133
20 - 24	4 052	1 922	2 130
25 - 29	4 559	2 100	2 459
30 - 34	4 361	1 872	2 489
35 - 39	3 546	1 432	2 114
40 - 44	2 730	1 124	1 606
45 - 49	1 887	708	1 179
50 - 54	1 235	481	754
55 - 59	857	378	479
60 - 64	585	266	319
65 - 69	399	224	175
70 - 74	276	158	118
75 - 79	173	96	77
80 - 84	94	58	36
85 - 89	60	35	25
90 - 94	15	11	4
95 +	16	12	4

Table 3.1 Marital status for population aged 15 years and above by sex, Erongo

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	106 453	49 583	56 870
Never Married	61 220	26 830	34 390
Married with Certificate	28 144	13 341	14 803
Married Traditionally	1 999	871	1 128
Consensual Union	11 039	5 563	5 476
Divorced	1 346	887	459
Widowed	2 276	1 855	421
Separated	354	216	138
Don't Know	75	20	55

Table 3.2 Marital status for population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	94 295	44 354	49 941
Never Married	53 803	23 957	29 846
Married with Certificate	25 757	12 218	13 539
Married Traditionally	1 463	627	836
Consensual Union	9 734	4 915	4 819
Divorced	1 217	807	410
Widowed	1 953	1 615	338
Separated	320	197	123
Don't Know	48	18	30

Table 3.3 Marital status for population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	12 158	5 229	6 929
Never Married	7 417	2 873	4 544
Married with Certificate	2 387	1 123	1 264
Married Traditionally	536	244	292
Consensual Union	1 305	648	657
Divorced	129	80	49
Widowed	323	240	83
Separated	34	19	15
Don't Know	27	2	25

Table 3.4 Marital status for population aged 15 years and above by sex, Arandis

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 233	3 390	3 843
Never Married	4 057	1 806	2 251
Married with Certificate	2 098	995	1 103
Married Traditionally	151	69	82
Consensual Union	642	319	323
Divorced	89	56	33
Widowed	162	130	32
Separated	16	13	3
Don't Know	18	2	16

Table 3.5 Marital status for population aged 15 years and above by sex, Daures

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	6 932	3 152	3 780
Never Married	4 352	1 790	2 562
Married with Certificate	1 271	640	631
Married Traditionally	275	138	137
Consensual Union	700	346	354
Divorced	73	49	24
Widowed	223	172	51
Separated	21	15	6
Don't Know	17	2	15

Table 3.6 Marital status for population aged 15 years and above by sex, Karibib

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 725	4 125	4 600
Never Married	4 993	2 263	2 730
Married with Certificate	2 298	1 107	1 191
Married Traditionally	269	122	147
Consensual Union	873	436	437
Divorced	77	45	32
Widowed	184	136	48
Separated	29	16	13
Don't Know	2	0	2

Table 3.7 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Omaruru

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 707	2 719	2 988
Never Married	3 581	1 638	1 943
Married with Certificate	1 166	575	591
Married Traditionally	147	60	87
Consensual Union	620	312	308
Divorced	81	50	31
Widowed	99	80	19
Separated	7	3	4
Don't Know	6	1	5

Table 3.8 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Swakopmund

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	32 664	15 077	17 587
Never Married	17 406	7 354	10 052
Married with Certificate	9 374	4 468	4 906
Married Traditionally	592	235	357
Consensual Union	3 783	1 891	1 892
Divorced	474	312	162
Widowed	827	692	135
Separated	192	119	73
Don't Know	16	6	10

Table 3.9 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Walvis Bay Rural

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	19 600	9 122	10 478
Never Married	12 151	5 456	6 695
Married with Certificate	4 401	2 012	2 389
Married Traditionally	273	125	148
Consensual Union	2 371	1 228	1 143
Divorced	157	114	43
Widowed	204	162	42
Separated	30	18	12
Don't Know	13	7	6

Table 3.10 Population aged 15 + years by marital status and sex, Walvis Bay Urban

Marital Status	Population		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	25 592	11 998	13 594
Never Married	14 680	6 523	8 157
Married with Certificate	7 536	3 544	3 992
Married Traditionally	292	122	170
Consensual Union	2 050	1 031	1 019
Divorced	395	261	134
Widowed	577	483	94
Separated	59	32	27
Don't Know	3	2	1

Table 4.1 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Erongo

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	50 190	94 721	47 074	47 647	87 044	43 707	43 337	7 677	3 367	4 310
12-14	3 560	106	57	49	102	57	45	4	0	4
15 - 19	5 686	1 077	512	565	984	486	498	93	26	67
20 - 24	7 721	5 712	2 884	2 828	5 329	2 719	2 610	383	165	218
25 - 29	8 216	12 006	5 864	6 142	11 270	5 587	5 683	736	277	459
30 - 34	6 720	14 589	7 213	7 376	13 679	6 785	6 894	910	428	482
35 - 39	5 524	15 192	7 674	7 518	14 158	7 208	6 950	1 034	466	568
40 - 44	4 149	13 267	6 556	6 711	12 387	6 186	6 201	880	370	510
45 - 49	3 106	11 066	5 588	5 478	10 129	5 133	4 996	937	455	482
50 - 54	2 348	8 836	4 416	4 420	7 984	4 044	3 940	852	372	480
55 - 59	1 772	7 080	3 493	3 587	6 114	3 061	3 053	966	432	534
60 - 64	1 388	5 790	2 817	2 973	4 908	2 441	2 467	882	376	506

Table 4.2 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Urban

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	45 140	80 966	40 247	40 719	74 859	37 589	37 270	6 107	2 658	3 449
12-14	3 080	95	52	43	91	52	39	4	0	4
15 - 19	5 019	889	428	461	814	408	406	75	20	55
20 - 24	7 134	5 037	2 532	2 505	4 699	2 387	2 312	338	145	193
25 - 29	7 663	10 866	5 290	5 576	10 216	5 052	5 164	650	238	412
30 - 34	6 227	13 273	6 563	6 710	12 482	6 192	6 290	791	371	420
35 - 39	5 088	13 650	6 884	6 766	12 713	6 462	6 251	937	422	515
40 - 44	3 768	11 752	5 829	5 923	11 008	5 525	5 483	744	304	440
45 - 49	2 694	9 257	4 631	4 626	8 480	4 259	4 221	777	372	405
50 - 54	1 965	6 968	3 500	3 468	6 353	3 233	3 120	615	267	348
55 - 59	1 415	5 130	2 536	2 594	4 488	2 254	2 234	642	282	360
60 - 64	1 087	4 049	2 002	2 047	3 515	1 765	1 750	534	237	297

Table 4.3 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Rural

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 050	13 755	6 827	6 928	12 185	6 118	6 067	1 570	709	861
12-14	480	11	5	6	11	5	6	0	0	0
15 - 19	667	188	84	104	170	78	92	18	6	12
20 - 24	587	675	352	323	630	332	298	45	20	25
25 - 29	553	1 140	574	566	1 054	535	519	86	39	47
30 - 34	493	1 316	650	666	1 197	593	604	119	57	62
35 - 39	436	1 542	790	752	1 445	746	699	97	44	53
40 - 44	381	1 515	727	788	1 379	661	718	136	66	70
45 - 49	412	1 809	957	852	1 649	874	775	160	83	77
50 - 54	383	1 868	916	952	1 631	811	820	237	105	132
55 - 59	357	1 950	957	993	1 626	807	819	324	150	174
60 - 64	301	1 741	815	926	1 393	676	717	348	139	209

Table 4.4 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Arandis

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 430	6 409	3 169	3 240	5 890	2 958	2 932	519	211	308
12-14	313	9	7	2	9	7	2	0	0	0
15 - 19	442	81	36	45	79	35	44	2	1	1
20 - 24	553	377	191	186	352	186	166	25	5	20
25 - 29	518	769	391	378	721	372	349	48	19	29
30 - 34	336	728	355	373	689	335	354	39	20	19
35 - 39	349	1 056	531	525	968	499	469	88	32	56
40 - 44	256	882	446	436	838	428	410	44	18	26
45 - 49	231	886	447	439	793	401	392	93	46	47
50 - 54	165	672	318	354	599	292	307	73	26	47
55 - 59	136	509	240	269	459	223	236	50	17	33
60 - 64	131	440	207	233	383	180	203	57	27	30

Table 4.5 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Daures

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 009	8 425	4 175	4 250	7 461	3 745	3 716	964	430	534
12-14	307	9	5	4	9	5	4	0	0	0
15 - 19	405	113	53	60	103	48	55	10	5	5
20 - 24	304	341	177	164	329	170	159	12	7	5
25 - 29	318	691	337	354	643	320	323	48	17	31
30 - 34	274	735	352	383	673	329	344	62	23	39
35 - 39	251	862	434	428	797	406	391	65	28	37
40 - 44	212	854	406	448	780	369	411	74	37	37
45 - 49	255	1 118	592	526	1 029	545	484	89	47	42
50 - 54	247	1 243	605	638	1 093	541	552	150	64	86
55 - 59	230	1 272	654	618	1 058	548	510	214	106	108
60 - 64	206	1 187	560	627	947	464	483	240	96	144

Table 4.6 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Karibib

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 203	9 668	4 826	4 842	8 655	4 396	4 259	1 013	430	583
12-14	382	10	4	6	8	4	4	2	0	2
15 - 19	588	133	68	65	118	65	53	15	3	12
20 - 24	553	555	272	283	503	255	248	52	17	35
25 - 29	546	1 017	495	522	916	458	458	101	37	64
30 - 34	460	1 149	555	594	1 078	524	554	71	31	40
35 - 39	416	1 340	717	623	1 254	678	576	86	39	47
40 - 44	339	1 286	634	652	1 191	593	598	95	41	54
45 - 49	311	1 305	676	629	1 158	607	551	147	69	78
50 - 54	239	1 031	515	516	902	455	447	129	60	69
55 - 59	205	1 001	463	538	838	394	444	163	69	94
60 - 64	164	841	427	414	689	363	326	152	64	88

Table 4.7 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Omaruru

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 794	6 205	3 020	3 185	5 629	2 777	2 852	576	243	333
12-14	249	10	3	7	10	3	7	0	0	0
15 - 19	358	97	41	56	87	38	49	10	3	7
20 - 24	404	407	222	185	372	210	162	35	12	23
25 - 29	357	574	267	307	543	252	291	31	15	16
30 - 34	312	836	407	429	775	377	398	61	30	31
35 - 39	258	823	419	404	772	392	380	51	27	24
40 - 44	233	842	406	436	779	376	403	63	30	33
45 - 49	204	815	398	417	741	368	373	74	30	44
50 - 54	175	704	358	346	620	325	295	84	33	51
55 - 59	127	552	262	290	486	237	249	66	25	41
60 - 64	117	545	237	308	444	199	245	101	38	63

Table 4.8 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Swakopmund

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 061	26 795	13 234	13 561	24 837	12 360	12 477	1 958	874	084
12-14	966	38	18	20	37	18	19	1	0	1
15 - 19	1 671	316	140	176	281	130	151	35	10	25
20 - 24	2 378	1 735	843	892	1 614	792	822	121	51	70
25 - 29	2 579	3 620	1 774	1 846	3 400	1 693	1 707	220	81	139
30 - 34	2 067	4 485	2 239	2 246	4 214	2 115	2 099	271	124	147
35 - 39	1 586	4 244	2 109	2 135	3 952	1 967	1 985	292	142	150
40 - 44	1 234	3 691	1 792	1 899	3 497	1 710	1 787	194	82	112
45 - 49	914	2 940	1 443	1 497	2 707	1 324	1 383	233	119	114
50 - 54	743	2 427	1 237	1 190	2 256	1 162	1 094	171	75	96
55 - 59	516	1 887	954	933	1 637	838	799	250	116	134
60 - 64	407	1 412	685	727	1 242	611	631	170	74	96

Table 4.9 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Walvisbay Rural

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 505	17 035	8 578	8 457	15 722	7 980	7 742	1 313	598	715
12-14	563	9	6	3	8	6	2	1	0	1
15 - 19	987	176	84	92	158	80	78	18	4	14
20 - 24	1 620	1 129	586	543	1 055	550	505	74	36	38
25 - 29	1 818	2 693	1 321	1 372	2 500	1 246	1 254	193	75	118
30 - 34	1 425	3 030	1 524	1 506	2 831	1 418	1 413	199	106	93
35 - 39	1 250	3 370	1 723	1 647	3 160	1 627	1 533	210	96	114
40 - 44	760	2 470	1 248	1 222	2 283	1 172	1 111	187	76	111
45 - 49	492	1 817	914	903	1 659	831	828	158	83	75
50 - 54	308	1 243	595	648	1 131	551	580	112	44	68
55 - 59	184	675	346	329	584	308	276	91	38	53
60 - 64	98	423	231	192	353	191	162	70	40	30

Table 4.10 Children ever born by females aged 12-64 years by sex, Walvisbay Urban

Age of Mother	Number of Women	Children Ever Born			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	12 188	20 184	10 072	10 112	18 850	9 491	9 359	1 334	581	753
12-14	780	21	14	7	21	14	7	0	0	0
15 - 19	1 235	161	90	71	158	90	68	3	0	3
20 - 24	1 909	1 168	593	575	1 104	556	548	64	37	27
25 - 29	2 080	2 642	1 279	1 363	2 547	1 246	1 301	95	33	62
30 - 34	1 846	3 626	1 781	1 845	3 419	1 687	1 732	207	94	113
35 - 39	1 414	3 497	1 741	1 756	3 255	1 639	1 616	242	102	140
40 - 44	1 115	3 242	1 624	1 618	3 019	1 538	1 481	223	86	137
45 - 49	699	2 185	1 118	1 067	2 042	1 057	985	143	61	82
50 - 54	471	1 516	788	728	1 383	718	665	133	70	63
55 - 59	374	1 184	574	610	1 052	513	539	132	61	71
60 - 64	265	942	470	472	850	433	417	92	37	55

Table 4.11 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Erongo

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	44 682	4 047	2 018	2 029	3 973	1 990	1 983	74	28	46
12 - 14	3 560	37	20	17	35	20	15	2	0	2
15 - 19	5 686	379	178	201	371	177	194	8	1	7
20 - 24	7 721	1 019	535	484	997	525	472	22	10	12
25 - 29	8 216	1 085	521	564	1 068	513	555	17	8	9
30 - 34	6 720	849	424	425	833	417	416	16	7	9
35 - 39	5 524	461	233	228	454	231	223	7	2	5
40 - 44	4 149	173	90	83	173	90	83	0	0	0
45 - 49	3 106	44	17	27	42	17	25	2	0	2

Table 4.12 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Urban

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	40 673	3 589	1 787	1 802	3 520	1 761	1 759	69	26	43
12 - 14	3 080	32	16	16	30	16	14	2	0	2
15 - 19	5 019	313	148	165	306	147	159	7	1	6
20 - 24	7 134	889	469	420	869	460	409	20	9	11
25 - 29	7 663	980	468	512	964	461	503	16	7	9
30 - 34	6 227	769	381	388	753	374	379	16	7	9
35 - 39	5 088	411	207	204	405	205	200	6	2	4
40 - 44	3 768	159	84	75	159	84	75	0	0	0
45 - 49	2 694	36	14	22	34	14	20	2	0	2

Table 4.13 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Rural

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 009	458	231	227	453	229	224	5	2	3
12 - 14	480	5	4	1	5	4	1	0	0	0
15 - 19	667	66	30	36	65	30	35	1	0	1
20 - 24	587	130	66	64	128	65	63	2	1	1
25 - 29	553	105	53	52	104	52	52	1	1	0
30 - 34	493	80	43	37	80	43	37	0	0	0
35 - 39	436	50	26	24	49	26	23	1	0	1
40 - 44	381	14	6	8	14	6	8	0	0	0
45 - 49	412	8	3	5	8	3	5	0	0	0

Table 4.14 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Arandis

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 998	244	111	133	240	109	131	4	2	2
12- 14	313	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
15 - 19	442	34	15	19	34	15	19	0	0	0
20 - 24	553	61	28	33	61	28	33	0	0	0
25 - 29	518	65	31	34	64	31	33	1	0	1
30 - 34	336	47	21	26	44	19	25	3	2	1
35 - 39	349	24	9	15	24	9	15	0	0	0
40 - 44	256	10	6	4	10	6	4	0	0	0
45 - 49	231	2	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0

Table 4.15 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Daures

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 326	83	36	47	80	34	46	3	2	1
12- 14	307	5	4	1	5	4	1	0	0	0
15 - 19	405	40	18	22	39	18	21	1	0	1
20 - 24	304	62	32	30	61	31	30	1	1	0
25 - 29	318	64	30	34	63	29	34	1	1	0
30 - 34	274	47	24	23	47	24	23	0	0	0
35 - 39	251	30	13	17	29	13	16	1	0	1
40 - 44	212	4	1	3	4	1	3	0	0	0
45 - 49	255	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	0

Table 4.16 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Karibib

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 595	361	192	169	357	191	166	4	1	3
12- 14	382	6	4	2	5	4	1	1	0	1
15 - 19	588	52	27	25	52	27	25	0	0	0
20 - 24	553	101	52	49	99	52	47	2	0	2
25 - 29	546	87	43	44	86	42	44	1	1	0
30 - 34	460	57	33	24	57	33	24	0	0	0
35 - 39	416	33	21	12	33	21	12	0	0	0
40 - 44	339	18	7	11	18	7	11	0	0	0
45 - 49	311	7	5	2	7	5	2	0	0	0

Table 4.17 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Omaruru

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	2 375	230	107	123	222	106	116	8	1	7
12- 14	249	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0
15 - 19	358	29	11	18	28	11	17	1	0	1
20 - 24	404	69	33	36	66	33	33	3	0	3
25 - 29	357	56	28	28	55	27	28	1	1	0
30 - 34	312	32	15	17	31	15	16	1	0	1
35 - 39	258	21	9	12	20	9	11	1	0	1
40 - 44	233	13	7	6	13	7	6	0	0	0
45 - 49	204	8	3	5	7	3	4	1	0	1

Table 4.18 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Swakopmund

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	13 395	1219	618	601	1188	606	582	31	12	19
12- 14	966	11	2	9	10	2	8	1	0	1
15 - 19	1 671	112	50	62	107	49	58	5	1	4
20 - 24	2 378	320	168	152	313	164	149	7	4	3
25 - 29	2 579	340	170	170	332	168	164	8	2	6
30 - 34	2 067	250	131	119	243	127	116	7	4	3
35 - 39	1 586	121	60	61	119	59	60	2	1	1
40 - 44	1 234	55	33	22	55	33	22	0	0	0
45 - 49	914	10	4	6	9	4	5	1	0	1

Table 4.19 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Walvis bay rural

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 915	831	428	403	816	422	394	15	6	9
12- 14	563	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0
15 - 19	987	65	30	35	64	30	34	1	0	1
20 - 24	1 620	188	112	76	184	110	74	4	2	2
25 - 29	1 818	227	111	116	222	108	114	5	3	2
30 - 34	1 425	179	84	95	176	84	92	3	0	3
35 - 39	1 250	127	73	54	125	72	53	2	1	1
40 - 44	760	37	16	21	37	16	21	0	0	0
45 - 49	492	6	1	5	6	1	5	0	0	0

Table 4.20 Births in the last 12 months by female aged 12-49 years, Walvis bay urban

Age group of mother	Number of women	Births			Surviving			Died		
		Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 1078	907	439	468	899	435	464	8	4	4
12- 14	780	10	7	3	10	7	3	0	0	0
15 - 19	1 235	47	27	20	47	27	20	0	0	0
20 - 24	1 909	218	110	108	213	107	106	5	3	2
25 - 29	2 080	246	108	138	246	108	138	0	0	0
30 - 34	1 846	237	116	121	235	115	120	2	1	1
35 - 39	1 414	105	48	57	104	48	56	1	0	1
40 - 44	1 115	36	20	16	36	20	16	0	0	0
45 - 49	699	8	3	5	8	3	5	0	0	0

Table 4.21 Deaths in the last 12 months by age and sex, Erongo

Age group	Number of deaths		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	1 069	477	592
under 1	124	51	73
1 - 4	52	21	31
5 - 9	8	5	3
10 - 14	25	13	12
15 - 19	20	7	13
20 - 24	36	10	26
25 - 29	58	25	33
30 - 34	51	28	23
35 - 39	53	22	31
40 - 44	62	24	38
45 - 49	60	22	38
50 - 54	63	28	35
55 - 59	45	16	29
60 - 64	73	27	46
65 +	272	148	124
Don't know	67	30	37

Table 4.23 Deaths in the last 12 months by age and sex, Rural

Age group	Number of deaths		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	258	122	136
under 1	21	7	14
1 - 4	9	4	5
5 - 9	0	0	0
10 - 14	8	6	2
15 - 19	3	2	1
20 - 24	13	3	10
25 - 29	17	7	10
30 - 34	9	6	3
35 - 39	13	6	7
40 - 44	10	4	6
45 - 49	14	5	9
50 - 54	12	7	5
55 - 59	8	3	5
60 - 64	22	7	15
65 +	78	47	31
Don't know	21	8	13

Table 4.22 Deaths in the last 12 months by age and sex, Urban

Age group	Number of deaths		
	Total	Female	Male
Total	811	355	456
under 1	103	44	59
1 - 4	43	17	26
5 - 9	8	5	3
10 - 14	17	7	10
15 - 19	17	5	12
20 - 24	23	7	16
25 - 29	41	18	23
30 - 34	42	22	20
35 - 39	40	16	24
40 - 44	52	20	32
45 - 49	46	17	29
50 - 54	51	21	30
55 - 59	37	13	24
60 - 64	51	20	31
65 +	194	101	93
Don't know	46	22	24

Table 5.1 Population aged 3 years and above who have access to ICT services by type and area

Area	Population	Radio	TV	Computer	Cell Phone	Telephone (Fixed)	Newspaper (Daily & Weekly)	Internet (Daily & Weekly)	Don't Know
Erongo	137 361	106 435	97 594	27 774	98 527	16 871	68 291	21 339	610
Urban	120 099	94 046	91 785	26 934	90 160	16 284	66 283	20 651	510
Rural	17 262	12 389	5 809	840	8 367	587	2 008	688	100
Arandis	9 430	7 613	7 541	1 928	6 900	1 177	4 570	1 423	43
Daures	10 231	7 369	3 348	334	4 644	208	730	209	75
Karibib	12 001	8 872	6 112	1 102	6 336	724	3 319	774	37
Omaruru	7 829	5 504	4 286	986	4 625	876	2 371	647	51
Swakopmund	41 167	31 886	30 673	11 097	31 440	6 833	23 599	8 723	172
Walvis Bay Rural	24 780	19 832	19 199	3 813	19 581	1 623	14 414	2 789	78
Walvis Bay Urban	31 923	25 359	26 435	8 514	25 001	5 430	19 288	6 774	154

Table 5.2 Children aged 0 - 4 years attending Early Childhood Development Programmes (ECD) by sex and area

Age	Population			Female			Male		
	Total	Attending	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending	Not attending ECD
Erongo									
Total	16 268	3 941	12 327	8 082	2 026	6 056	8 186	1 915	6 271
0	3 949	362	3 587	1 949	189	1 760	2 000	173	1 827
1	3 501	521	2 980	1 695	257	1 438	1 806	264	1 542
2	2 990	700	2 290	1 482	339	1 143	1 508	361	1 147
3	2 915	941	1 974	1 484	511	973	1 431	430	1 001
4	2 913	1 417	1 496	1 472	730	742	1 441	687	754
Urban									
Total	13 593	3 710	9 883	6 768	1 889	4 879	6 825	1 821	5 004
0	3 485	339	3 146	1 715	172	1 543	1 770	167	1 603
1	2 975	513	2 462	1 438	254	1 184	1 537	259	1 278
2	2 463	658	1 805	1 242	319	923	1 221	339	882
3	2 309	880	1 429	1 180	470	710	1 129	410	719
4	2 361	1 320	1 041	1 193	674	519	1 168	646	522
Rural									
Total	2 675	231	2 444	1 314	137	1 177	1 361	94	1 267
0	464	23	441	234	17	217	230	6	224
1	526	8	518	257	3	254	269	5	264
2	527	42	485	240	20	220	287	22	265
3	606	61	545	304	41	263	302	20	282
4	552	97	455	279	56	223	273	41	232
Arandis									
Total	970	250	720	458	118	340	512	132	380
0	249	9	240	113	5	108	136	4	132
1	202	26	176	88	13	75	114	13	101
2	190	41	149	96	16	80	94	25	69
3	166	71	95	74	29	45	92	42	50
4	163	103	60	87	55	32	76	48	28
Daures									
Total	1 675	168	1 507	836	104	732	839	64	775
0	278	17	261	136	13	123	142	4	138
1	326	7	319	165	3	162	161	4	157
2	327	29	298	154	14	140	173	15	158
3	391	49	342	200	34	166	191	15	176
4	353	66	287	181	40	141	172	26	146

Table 5.2 Children aged 0-4 years attending Early Childhood Development Programmes (ECD) by sex and area Cont...

Age	Population			Female			Male		
	Total	Attending	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending	Not attending ECD	Total	Attending	Not attending ECD
Karibib									
Total	1 728	251	1 477	875	136	739	853	115	738
0	363	11	352	190	5	185	173	6	167
1	372	27	345	190	17	173	182	10	172
2	357	46	311	168	22	146	189	24	165
3	316	58	258	164	34	130	152	24	128
4	320	109	211	163	58	105	157	51	106
Omaruru									
Total	1 049	189	860	517	98	419	532	91	441
0	227	17	210	101	7	94	126	10	116
1	218	15	203	106	7	99	112	8	104
2	190	26	164	100	15	85	90	11	79
3	214	54	160	114	31	83	100	23	77
4	200	77	123	96	38	58	104	39	65
Swakopmund									
Total	4 460	1 375	3 085	2 228	703	1 525	2 232	672	1 560
0	1 171	103	1 068	592	52	540	579	51	528
1	915	207	708	448	102	346	467	105	362
2	813	243	570	404	107	297	409	136	273
3	753	338	415	381	186	195	372	152	220
4	808	484	324	403	256	147	405	228	177
Walvis Bay Rural									
Total	2 970	759	2 211	1 468	368	1 100	1 502	391	1 111
0	815	103	712	418	56	362	397	47	350
1	684	116	568	322	52	270	362	64	298
2	493	139	354	238	62	176	255	77	178
3	499	163	336	264	92	172	235	71	164
4	479	238	241	226	106	120	253	132	121
Walvis Bay Urban									
Total	3 416	949	2 467	1 700	499	1 201	1 716	450	1 266
0	846	102	744	399	51	348	447	51	396
1	784	123	661	376	63	313	408	60	348
2	620	176	444	322	103	219	298	73	225
3	576	208	368	287	105	182	289	103	186
4	590	340	250	316	177	139	274	163	111

Table 5.3 Population 0 - 4 years attending ECD by type sex and area

Type of ECD	Total	Female	Male
<i>Erongo</i>			
Total	16 268	8 082	8 186
Edu-care	2 746	1 437	1 309
Pre-primary	1 195	589	606
No	12 273	6 026	6 247
Don't Know	54	30	24
<i>Urban</i>			
Total	13 593	6 768	6 825
Edu-care	2 599	1 347	1 252
Pre-primary	1 111	542	569
No	9 839	4 854	4 985
Don't Know	44	25	19
<i>Rural</i>			
Total	2 675	1 314	1 361
Edu-care	147	90	57
Pre-primary	84	47	37
No	2 434	1 172	1 262
Don't Know	10	5	5
<i>Arandis</i>			
Total	970	458	512
Edu-care	165	70	95
Pre-primary	85	48	37
No	710	335	375
Don't Know	10	5	5
<i>Daures</i>			
Total	1 675	836	839
Edu-care	109	71	38
Pre-primary	59	33	26
No	1 498	728	770
Don't Know	9	4	5
<i>Karibib</i>			
Total	1 728	875	853
Edu-care	176	102	74
Pre-primary	75	34	41
No	1 477	739	738
Don't Know	0	0	0
<i>Omaruru</i>			
Total	1 049	517	532
Edu-care	164	86	78
Pre-primary	25	12	13
No	859	418	441
Don't Know	1	1	0

Table 5.3 Population 0 - 4 years attending ECD by type sex and area Cont...

Type of ECD	Total	Female	Male
<i>Swakopmund</i>			
Total	4 460	2 228	2 232
Edu-care	1 025	540	485
Pre-primary	350	163	187
No	3 077	1 519	1 558
Don't Know	8	6	2
<i>Walvis Bay Rural</i>			
Total	2 970	1 468	1 502
Edu-care	497	249	248
Pre-primary	262	119	143
No	2 195	1 089	1 106
Don't Know	16	11	5
<i>Walvis Bay Urban</i>			
Total	3 416	1 700	1 716
Edu-care	610	319	291
Pre-primary	339	180	159
No	2 457	1 198	1 259
Don't Know	10	3	7

Table 5.4 Literacy status and rate for population aged 5 years and above by sex and area

Area	Population			Illiterate			literate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	131 533	62 206	69 327	7 469	3 438	4 031	124 064	58 768	65 296
Urban	115 429	55 073	60 356	4 266	2 013	2 253	111 163	53 060	58 103
Rural	16 104	7 133	8 971	3 203	1 425	1 778	12 901	5 708	7 193
Arandis	9 101	4 394	4 707	430	213	217	8 671	4 181	4 490
Daures	9 487	4 381	5 106	1 977	872	1 105	7 510	3 509	4 001
Karibib	11 365	5 465	5 900	1 260	595	665	10 105	4 870	5 235
Omaruru	7 415	3 582	3 833	926	411	515	6 489	3 171	3 318
Swakopmund	39 606	18 499	21 107	1 174	539	635	38 432	17 960	20 472
Walvis Bay Rural	23 802	11 241	12 561	856	407	449	22 946	10 834	12 112
Walvis Bay Urban	30 757	14 644	16 113	846	401	445	29 911	14 243	15 668

Table 5.5 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Erongo

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	106 453	102 904	96.7	49 583	48 065	96.9	56 870	54 839	96.4
15 - 19	11 189	10 977	98.1	5 686	5 607	98.6	5 503	5 370	97.6
20 - 24	16 876	16 555	98.1	7 721	7 624	98.7	9 155	8 931	97.6
25 - 29	17 829	17 488	98.1	8 216	8 096	98.5	9 613	9 392	97.7
30 - 34	15 127	14 825	98.0	6 720	6 607	98.3	8 407	8 218	97.8
35 - 39	12 277	12 006	97.8	5 524	5 414	98.0	6 753	6 592	97.6
40 - 44	9 388	9 119	97.1	4 149	4 055	97.7	5 239	5 064	96.7
45 - 49	6 835	6 545	95.8	3 106	2 974	95.8	3 729	3 571	95.8
50 - 54	4 977	4 689	94.2	2 348	2 214	94.3	2 629	2 475	94.1
55 - 59	3 761	3 520	93.6	1 772	1 660	93.7	1 989	1 860	93.5
60 - 64	2 831	2 592	91.6	1 388	1 284	92.5	1 443	1 308	90.6
65 - 69	1 859	1 644	88.4	992	878	88.5	867	766	88.4
70 - 74	1 485	1 297	87.3	815	724	88.8	670	573	85.5
75 - 79	954	790	82.8	503	414	82.3	451	376	83.4
80 - 84	552	446	80.8	330	264	80.0	222	182	82.0
85 - 89	287	240	83.6	172	143	83.1	115	97	84.3
90 - 94	152	122	80.3	94	74	78.7	58	48	82.8
95+	74	49	66.2	47	33	70.2	27	16	59.3

Table 5.6 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Urban

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	94 295	92 800	98.4	44 354	43 688	98.5	49 941	49 112	98.3
15 - 19	9 704	9 611	99.0	5 019	4 981	99.2	4 685	4 630	98.8
20 - 24	15 262	15 105	99.0	7 134	7 073	99.1	8 128	8 032	98.8
25 - 29	16 388	16 206	98.9	7 663	7 589	99.0	8 725	8 617	98.8
30 - 34	13 904	13 739	98.8	6 227	6 164	99.0	7 677	7 575	98.7
35 - 39	11 196	11 057	98.8	5 088	5 023	98.7	6 108	6 034	98.8
40 - 44	8 409	8 285	98.5	3 768	3 720	98.7	4 641	4 565	98.4
45 - 49	5 948	5 831	98.0	2 694	2 641	98.0	3 254	3 190	98.0
50 - 54	4 153	4 052	97.6	1 965	1 915	97.5	2 188	2 137	97.7
55 - 59	3 062	2 951	96.4	1 415	1 364	96.4	1 647	1 587	96.4
60 - 64	2 210	2 118	95.8	1 087	1 049	96.5	1 123	1 069	95.2
65 - 69	1 429	1 369	95.8	779	746	95.8	650	623	95.8
70 - 74	1 131	1 071	94.7	639	610	95.5	492	461	93.7
75 - 79	702	657	93.6	379	352	92.9	323	305	94.4
80 - 84	416	391	94.0	254	234	92.1	162	157	96.9
85 - 89	224	212	94.6	137	130	94.9	87	82	94.3
90 - 94	109	105	96.3	70	67	95.7	39	38	97.4
95+	48	40	83.3	36	30	83.3	12	10	83.3

Table 5.7 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Rural

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	12 158	10 104	83.1	5 229	4 377	83.7	6 929	5 727	82.7
15 - 19	1 485	1 366	92.0	667	626	93.9	818	740	90.5
20 - 24	1 614	1 450	89.8	587	551	93.9	1 027	899	87.5
25 - 29	1 441	1 282	89.0	553	507	91.7	888	775	87.3
30 - 34	1 223	1 086	88.8	493	443	89.9	730	643	88.1
35 - 39	1 081	949	87.8	436	391	89.7	645	558	86.5
40 - 44	979	834	85.2	381	335	87.9	598	499	83.4
45 - 49	887	714	80.5	412	333	80.8	475	381	80.2
50 - 54	824	637	77.3	383	299	78.1	441	338	76.6
55 - 59	699	569	81.4	357	296	82.9	342	273	79.8
60 - 64	621	474	76.3	301	235	78.1	320	239	74.7
65 - 69	430	275	64.0	213	132	62.0	217	143	65.9
70 - 74	354	226	63.8	176	114	64.8	178	112	62.9
75 - 79	252	133	52.8	124	62	50.0	128	71	55.5
80 - 84	136	55	40.4	76	30	39.5	60	25	41.7
85 - 89	63	28	44.4	35	13	37.1	28	15	53.6
90 - 94	43	17	39.5	24	7	29.2	19	10	52.6
95+	26	9	34.6	11	3	27.3	15	6	40.0

Table 5.8 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Arandis

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	7 233	7 057	97.6	3 390	3 307	97.6	3 843	3 750	97.6
15 - 19	884	876	99.1	442	437	98.9	442	439	99.3
20 - 24	1 227	1 210	98.6	553	544	98.4	674	666	98.8
25 - 29	1 129	1 103	97.7	518	505	97.5	611	598	97.9
30 - 34	790	767	97.1	336	327	97.3	454	440	96.9
35 - 39	704	691	98.2	349	342	98.0	355	349	98.3
40 - 44	538	524	97.4	256	252	98.4	282	272	96.5
45 - 49	442	431	97.5	231	224	97.0	211	207	98.1
50 - 54	376	360	95.7	165	158	95.8	211	202	95.7
55 - 59	339	324	95.6	136	129	94.9	203	195	96.1
60 - 64	282	271	96.1	131	128	97.7	151	143	94.7
65 - 69	178	172	96.6	105	100	95.2	73	72	98.6
70 - 74	161	152	94.4	80	79	98.8	81	73	90.1
75 - 79	100	99	99.0	41	40	97.6	59	59	100.0
80 - 84	59	55	93.2	33	29	87.9	26	26	100.0
85 - 89	13	11	84.6	8	7	87.5	5	4	80.0
90 - 94	9	9	100.0	4	4	100.0	5	5	100.0
95+	2	2	100.0	2	2	100.0	0	0	0.0

Table 5.9 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Daures

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	6 932	5 676	81.9	3 152	2 639	83.7	3 780	3 037	80.3
15 - 19	916	837	91.4	405	386	95.3	511	451	88.3
20 - 24	839	734	87.5	304	292	96.1	535	442	82.6
25 - 29	786	683	86.9	318	294	92.5	468	389	83.1
30 - 34	656	575	87.7	274	247	90.1	382	328	85.9
35 - 39	572	501	87.6	251	230	91.6	321	271	84.4
40 - 44	518	449	86.7	212	190	89.6	306	259	84.6
45 - 49	506	406	80.2	255	211	82.7	251	195	77.7
50 - 54	472	367	77.8	247	193	78.1	225	174	77.3
55 - 59	427	354	82.9	230	195	84.8	197	159	80.7
60 - 64	378	298	78.8	206	164	79.6	172	134	77.9
65 - 69	286	179	62.6	143	88	61.5	143	91	63.6
70 - 74	234	146	62.4	121	76	62.8	113	70	61.9
75 - 79	158	76	48.1	81	36	44.4	77	40	51.9
80 - 84	95	38	40.0	57	21	36.8	38	17	44.7
85 - 89	41	17	41.5	23	9	39.1	18	8	44.4
90 - 94	31	12	38.7	17	6	35.3	14	6	42.9
95+	17	4	23.5	8	1	12.5	9	3	33.3

Table 5.10 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Karibib

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	8 725	7 982	91.5	4 125	3 788	91.8	4 600	4 194	91.2
15 - 19	1 145	1 113	97.2	588	576	98.0	557	537	96.4
20 - 24	1 235	1 183	95.8	553	533	96.4	682	650	95.3
25 - 29	1 186	1 136	95.8	546	524	96.0	640	612	95.6
30 - 34	994	944	95.0	460	437	95.0	534	507	94.9
35 - 39	865	812	93.9	416	393	94.5	449	419	93.3
40 - 44	772	708	91.7	339	315	92.9	433	393	90.8
45 - 49	636	579	91.0	311	284	91.3	325	295	90.8
50 - 54	495	424	85.7	239	208	87.0	256	216	84.4
55 - 59	435	372	85.5	205	175	85.4	230	197	85.7
60 - 64	349	284	81.4	164	138	84.1	185	146	78.9
65 - 69	204	159	77.9	98	73	74.5	106	86	81.1
70 - 74	152	108	71.1	77	54	70.1	75	54	72.0
75 - 79	129	83	64.3	63	42	66.7	66	41	62.1
80 - 84	65	38	58.5	34	21	61.8	31	17	54.8
85 - 89	35	22	62.9	17	7	41.2	18	15	83.3
90 - 94	18	12	66.7	10	5	50.0	8	7	87.5
95+	10	5	50.0	5	3	60.0	5	2	40.0

Table 5.11 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Omaruru

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	5 707	5 230	91.6	2 719	2 523	92.8	2 988	2 707	90.6
15 - 19	720	691	96.0	358	346	96.6	362	345	95.3
20 - 24	851	805	94.6	404	391	96.8	447	414	92.6
25 - 29	762	727	95.4	357	347	97.2	405	380	93.8
30 - 34	682	634	93.0	312	297	95.2	370	337	91.1
35 - 39	557	522	93.7	258	243	94.2	299	279	93.3
40 - 44	513	468	91.2	233	219	94.0	280	249	88.9
45 - 49	411	365	88.8	204	177	86.8	207	188	90.8
50 - 54	364	311	85.4	175	154	88.0	189	157	83.1
55 - 59	258	223	86.4	127	109	85.8	131	114	87.0
60 - 64	238	198	83.2	117	101	86.3	121	97	80.2
65 - 69	133	111	83.5	62	51	82.3	71	60	84.5
70 - 74	113	98	86.7	55	49	89.1	58	49	84.5
75 - 79	57	41	71.9	30	20	66.7	27	21	77.8
80 - 84	28	18	64.3	18	12	66.7	10	6	60.0
85 - 89	14	13	92.9	5	4	80.0	9	9	100.0
90 - 94	4	3	75.0	3	2	66.7	1	1	100.0
95+	2	2	100.0	1	1	100.0	1	1	100.0

Table 5.12 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Swakopmund

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	32 664	32 279	98.8	15 077	14 906	98.9	17 587	17 373	98.8
15 - 19	3 274	3 249	99.2	1 671	1 660	99.3	1 603	1 589	99.1
20 - 24	5 315	5 274	99.2	2 378	2 359	99.2	2 937	2 915	99.3
25 - 29	5 826	5 763	98.9	2 579	2 556	99.1	3 247	3 207	98.8
30 - 34	4 835	4 791	99.1	2 067	2 052	99.3	2 768	2 739	99.0
35 - 39	3 632	3 596	99.0	1 586	1 567	98.8	2 046	2 029	99.2
40 - 44	2 751	2 716	98.7	1 234	1 219	98.8	1 517	1 497	98.7
45 - 49	1 999	1 966	98.3	914	899	98.4	1 085	1 067	98.3
50 - 54	1 470	1 450	98.6	743	732	98.5	727	718	98.8
55 - 59	1 086	1 062	97.8	516	507	98.3	570	555	97.4
60 - 64	803	787	98.0	407	401	98.5	396	386	97.5
65 - 69	534	516	96.6	287	275	95.8	247	241	97.6
70 - 74	462	449	97.2	279	274	98.2	183	175	95.6
75 - 79	290	284	97.9	164	161	98.2	126	123	97.6
80 - 84	200	196	98.0	122	118	96.7	78	78	100.0
85 - 89	107	107	100.0	74	74	100.0	33	33	100.0
90 - 94	60	58	96.7	42	41	97.6	18	17	94.4
95+	20	15	75.0	14	11	78.6	6	4	66.7

Table 5.13 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Walvis bay rural

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	19 600	19 375	98.9	9 122	9 015	98.8	10 478	10 360	98.9
15 - 19	1 894	1 871	98.8	987	975	98.8	907	896	98.8
20 - 24	3 434	3 400	99.0	1 620	1 603	99.0	1 814	1 797	99.1
25 - 29	3 748	3 721	99.3	1 818	1 804	99.2	1 930	1 917	99.3
30 - 34	3 149	3 128	99.3	1 425	1 416	99.4	1 724	1 712	99.3
35 - 39	2 751	2 716	98.7	1 250	1 233	98.6	1 501	1 483	98.8
40 - 44	1 799	1 785	99.2	760	756	99.5	1 039	1 029	99.0
45 - 49	1 174	1 159	98.7	492	486	98.8	682	673	98.7
50 - 54	699	689	98.6	308	301	97.7	391	388	99.2
55 - 59	412	398	96.6	184	179	97.3	228	219	96.1
60 - 64	216	208	96.3	98	95	96.9	118	113	95.8
65 - 69	134	128	95.5	75	74	98.7	59	54	91.5
70 - 74	91	83	91.2	46	41	89.1	45	42	93.3
75 - 79	48	42	87.5	28	24	85.7	20	18	90.0
80 - 84	12	11	91.7	9	8	88.9	3	3	100.0
85 - 89	17	16	94.1	10	10	100.0	7	6	85.7
90 - 94	15	13	86.7	7	5	71.4	8	8	100.0
95+	7	7	100.0	5	5	100.0	2	2	100.0

Table 5.14 Literacy rate for population 15 years and above by age group and sex, Walvis bay urban

Age group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate	Total	Literate	Literacy rate
Total	25 592	25 305	98.9	11 998	11 887	99.1	13 594	13 418	98.7
15 - 19	2 356	2 340	99.3	1 235	1 227	99.4	1 121	1 113	99.3
20 - 24	3 975	3 949	99.3	1 909	1 902	99.6	2 066	2 047	99.1
25 - 29	4 392	4 355	99.2	2 080	2 066	99.3	2 312	2 289	99.0
30 - 34	4 021	3 986	99.1	1 846	1 831	99.2	2 175	2 155	99.1
35 - 39	3 196	3 168	99.1	1 414	1 406	99.4	1 782	1 762	98.9
40 - 44	2 497	2 469	98.9	1 115	1 104	99.0	1 382	1 365	98.8
45 - 49	1 667	1 639	98.3	699	693	99.1	968	946	97.7
50 - 54	1 101	1 088	98.8	471	468	99.4	630	620	98.4
55 - 59	804	787	97.9	374	366	97.9	430	421	97.9
60 - 64	565	546	96.6	265	257	97.0	300	289	96.3
65 - 69	390	379	97.2	222	217	97.7	168	162	96.4
70 - 74	272	261	96.0	157	151	96.2	115	110	95.7
75 - 79	172	165	95.9	96	91	94.8	76	74	97.4
80 - 84	93	90	96.8	57	55	96.5	36	35	97.2
85 - 89	60	54	90.0	35	32	91.4	25	22	88.0
90 - 94	15	15	100.0	11	11	100.0	4	4	100.0
95+	16	14	87.5	12	10	83.3	4	4	100.0

Table 5.15 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Erongo

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	53 145	26 030	27 115	30 125	15 293	14 832	56.7	58.8	54.7
5	2 745	1 399	1 346	1 439	697	742	52.4	49.8	55.1
6	2 707	1 384	1 323	2 012	1 030	982	74.3	74.4	74.2
7	2 276	1 102	1 174	2 006	994	1 012	88.1	90.2	86.2
8	2 521	1 283	1 238	2 377	1 212	1 165	94.3	94.5	94.1
9	2 371	1 172	1 199	2 195	1 081	1 114	92.6	92.2	92.9
10	2 589	1 278	1 311	2 373	1 188	1 185	91.7	93.0	90.4
11	2 952	1 445	1 507	2 652	1 303	1 349	89.8	90.2	89.5
12	2 344	1 208	1 136	2 164	1 115	1 049	92.3	92.3	92.3
13	2 334	1 178	1 156	2 093	1 076	1 017	89.7	91.3	88.0
14	2 241	1 174	1 067	1 989	1 052	937	88.8	89.6	87.8
15	2 183	1 126	1 057	1 872	990	882	85.8	87.9	83.4
16	2 208	1 140	1 068	1 793	973	820	81.2	85.4	76.8
17	1 902	993	909	1 365	743	622	71.8	74.8	68.4
18	2 374	1 206	1 168	1 293	671	622	54.5	55.6	53.3
19	2 522	1 221	1 301	749	373	376	29.7	30.5	28.9
20	3 063	1 467	1 596	624	274	350	20.4	18.7	21.9
21	3 679	1 656	2 023	465	207	258	12.6	12.5	12.8
22	3 194	1 520	1 674	321	155	166	10.1	10.2	9.9
23	3 568	1 588	1 980	207	107	100	5.8	6.7	5.1
24	3 372	1 490	1 882	136	52	84	4.0	3.5	4.5

Table 5.16 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Urban

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	46 100	22 872	23 228	26 191	13 393	12 798	56.8	58.6	55.1
5	2 257	1 141	1 116	1 315	636	679	58.3	55.7	60.8
6	2 326	1 181	1 145	1 752	890	862	75.3	75.4	75.3
7	1 903	925	978	1 683	840	843	88.4	90.8	86.2
8	2 110	1 092	1 018	1 996	1 033	963	94.6	94.6	94.6
9	1 980	984	996	1 834	908	926	92.6	92.3	93.0
10	2 175	1 083	1 092	1 998	1 011	987	91.9	93.4	90.4
11	2 497	1 233	1 264	2 255	1 117	1 138	90.3	90.6	90.0
12	1 995	1 045	950	1 855	968	887	93.0	92.6	93.4
13	1 993	1 008	985	1 806	933	873	90.6	92.6	88.6
14	1 898	1 027	871	1 707	926	781	89.9	90.2	89.7
15	1 867	974	893	1 629	868	761	87.3	89.1	85.2
16	1 875	983	892	1 571	856	715	83.8	87.1	80.2
17	1 676	884	792	1 243	670	573	74.2	75.8	72.3
18	2 070	1 081	989	1 180	618	562	57.0	57.2	56.8
19	2 216	1 097	1 119	682	349	333	30.8	31.8	29.8
20	2 743	1 342	1 401	589	261	328	21.5	19.4	23.4
21	3 336	1 538	1 798	455	204	251	13.6	13.3	14.0
22	2 889	1 411	1 478	308	149	159	10.7	10.6	10.8
23	3 236	1 465	1 771	202	106	96	6.2	7.2	5.4
24	3 058	1 378	1 680	131	50	81	4.3	3.6	4.8

Table 5.17 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Rural

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 045	3 158	3 887	3 934	1 900	2 034	55.8	60.2	52.3
5	488	258	230	124	61	63	25.4	23.6	27.4
6	381	203	178	260	140	120	68.2	69.0	67.4
7	373	177	196	323	154	169	86.6	87.0	86.2
8	411	191	220	381	179	202	92.7	93.7	91.8
9	391	188	203	361	173	188	92.3	92.0	92.6
10	414	195	219	375	177	198	90.6	90.8	90.4
11	455	212	243	397	186	211	87.3	87.7	86.8
12	349	163	186	309	147	162	88.5	90.2	87.1
13	341	170	171	287	143	144	84.2	84.1	84.2
14	343	147	196	282	126	156	82.2	85.7	79.6
15	316	152	164	243	122	121	76.9	80.3	73.8
16	333	157	176	222	117	105	66.7	74.5	59.7
17	226	109	117	122	73	49	54.0	67.0	41.9
18	304	125	179	113	53	60	37.2	42.4	33.5
19	306	124	182	67	24	43	21.9	19.4	23.6
20	320	125	195	35	13	22	10.9	10.4	11.3
21	343	118	225	10	3	7	2.9	2.5	3.1
22	305	109	196	13	6	7	4.3	5.5	3.6
23	332	123	209	5	1	4	1.5	0.8	1.9
24	314	112	202	5	2	3	1.6	1.8	1.5

Table 5.18 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Arandis

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 045	3 158	3 887	3 934	1 900	2 034	55.8	60.2	52.3
5	176	93	83	103	50	53	58.5	53.8	63.9
6	187	104	83	142	80	62	75.9	76.9	74.7
7	174	85	89	156	82	74	89.7	96.5	83.1
8	180	98	82	169	95	74	93.9	96.9	90.2
9	178	83	95	165	77	88	92.7	92.8	92.6
10	191	106	85	173	97	76	90.6	91.5	89.4
11	222	122	100	200	111	89	90.1	91.0	89.0
12	166	87	79	160	83	77	96.4	95.4	97.5
13	198	105	93	171	93	78	86.4	88.6	83.9
14	196	121	75	174	109	65	88.8	90.1	86.7
15	166	75	91	140	64	76	84.3	85.3	83.5
16	162	85	77	126	71	55	77.8	83.5	71.4
17	155	80	75	106	59	47	68.4	73.8	62.7
18	179	93	86	120	60	60	67.0	64.5	69.8
19	222	109	113	78	37	41	35.1	33.9	36.3
20	230	96	134	84	22	62	36.5	22.9	46.3
21	299	123	176	90	36	54	30.1	29.3	30.7
22	250	121	129	62	28	34	24.8	23.1	26.4
23	230	109	121	33	16	17	14.3	14.7	14.0
24	218	104	114	22	9	13	10.1	8.7	11.4

Table 5.19 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Daures

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	4 310	1 938	2 372	2 577	1 247	1 330	59.8	64.3	56.1
5	295	160	135	84	45	39	28.5	28.1	28.9
6	247	130	117	178	95	83	72.1	73.1	70.9
7	251	116	135	223	100	123	88.8	86.2	91.1
8	271	118	153	253	114	139	93.4	96.6	90.8
9	268	133	135	253	127	126	94.4	95.5	93.3
10	273	135	138	249	124	125	91.2	91.9	90.6
11	283	130	153	256	119	137	90.5	91.5	89.5
12	219	107	112	194	97	97	88.6	90.7	86.6
13	215	99	116	183	87	96	85.1	87.9	82.8
14	233	101	132	195	89	106	83.7	88.1	80.3
15	182	92	90	142	73	69	78.0	79.3	76.7
16	209	93	116	140	69	71	67.0	74.2	61.2
17	146	66	80	80	48	32	54.8	72.7	40.0
18	181	74	107	67	31	36	37.0	41.9	33.6
19	198	80	118	46	15	31	23.2	18.8	26.3
20	171	60	111	17	7	10	9.9	11.7	9.0
21	169	58	111	4	2	2	2.4	3.4	1.8
22	181	66	115	10	5	5	5.5	7.6	4.3
23	171	71	100	3	0	3	1.8	0.0	3.0
24	147	49	98	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Table 5.20 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Karibib

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 020	2 481	2 539	2 965	1 529	1 436	59.1	61.6	56.6
5	300	151	149	132	69	63	44.0	45.7	42.3
6	263	142	121	176	93	83	66.9	65.5	68.6
7	223	110	113	196	98	98	87.9	89.1	86.7
8	277	149	128	263	139	124	94.9	93.3	96.9
9	260	123	137	247	115	132	95.0	93.5	96.4
10	272	125	147	252	117	135	92.6	93.6	91.8
11	316	158	158	271	137	134	85.8	86.7	84.8
12	259	132	127	234	121	113	90.3	91.7	89.0
13	253	136	117	223	116	107	88.1	85.3	91.5
14	217	114	103	189	100	89	87.1	87.7	86.4
15	235	124	111	194	107	87	82.6	86.3	78.4
16	231	120	111	178	97	81	77.1	80.8	73.0
17	180	93	87	122	68	54	67.8	73.1	62.1
18	268	144	124	126	74	52	47.0	51.4	41.9
19	231	107	124	62	31	31	26.8	29.0	25.0
20	276	135	141	56	23	33	20.3	17.0	23.4
21	249	104	145	18	9	9	7.2	8.7	6.2
22	208	92	116	6	5	1	2.9	5.4	0.9
23	265	110	155	8	4	4	3.0	3.6	2.6
24	237	112	125	12	6	6	5.1	5.4	4.8

Table 5.21 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Omaruru

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	3 279	1 625	1 654	1 829	905	924	55.8	55.7	55.9
5	180	100	80	58	24	34	32.2	24.0	42.5
6	162	87	75	104	53	51	64.2	60.9	68.0
7	177	87	90	158	81	77	89.3	93.1	85.6
8	171	88	83	160	83	77	93.6	94.3	92.8
9	171	79	92	154	71	83	90.1	89.9	90.2
10	179	81	98	164	75	89	91.6	92.6	90.8
11	175	92	83	150	79	71	85.7	85.9	85.5
12	173	84	89	157	76	81	90.8	90.5	91.0
13	167	85	82	139	71	68	83.2	83.5	82.9
14	153	80	73	131	66	65	85.6	82.5	89.0
15	148	77	71	132	73	59	89.2	94.8	83.1
16	141	66	75	112	54	58	79.4	81.8	77.3
17	125	66	59	81	47	34	64.8	71.2	57.6
18	144	66	78	56	20	36	38.9	30.3	46.2
19	162	83	79	30	13	17	18.5	15.7	21.5
20	154	79	75	16	6	10	10.4	7.6	13.3
21	200	88	112	10	5	5	5.0	5.7	4.5
22	160	73	87	8	2	6	5.0	2.7	6.9
23	160	78	82	5	4	1	3.1	5.1	1.2
24	177	86	91	4	2	2	2.3	2.3	2.2

Table 5.22 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Swakopmund

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	15 531	7 471	8 060	8 625	4 324	4 301	55.5	57.9	53.4
5	749	369	380	429	195	234	57.3	52.8	61.6
6	745	369	376	536	267	269	71.9	72.4	71.5
7	621	305	316	533	271	262	85.8	88.9	82.9
8	706	353	353	670	335	335	94.9	94.9	94.9
9	637	309	328	593	291	302	93.1	94.2	92.1
10	733	369	364	682	350	332	93.0	94.9	91.2
11	822	382	440	734	344	390	89.3	90.1	88.6
12	664	331	333	611	301	310	92.0	90.9	93.1
13	635	307	328	588	292	296	92.6	95.1	90.2
14	630	328	302	560	290	270	88.9	88.4	89.4
15	615	306	309	547	279	268	88.9	91.2	86.7
16	638	333	305	546	295	251	85.6	88.6	82.3
17	562	306	256	418	229	189	74.4	74.8	73.8
18	721	373	348	425	226	199	58.9	60.6	57.2
19	738	353	385	226	119	107	30.6	33.7	27.8
20	965	461	504	190	92	98	19.7	20.0	19.4
21	1 174	516	658	145	59	86	12.4	11.4	13.1
22	966	481	485	81	39	42	8.4	8.1	8.7
23	1 129	462	667	64	35	29	5.7	7.6	4.3
24	1 081	458	623	47	15	32	4.3	3.3	5.1

Table 5.23 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Walvis bay rural

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 530	4 726	4 804	5 103	2 626	2 477	53.5	55.6	51.6
5	500	245	255	289	143	146	57.8	58.4	57.3
6	498	256	242	392	205	187	78.7	80.1	77.3
7	384	172	212	342	155	187	89.1	90.1	88.2
8	403	210	193	379	196	183	94.0	93.3	94.8
9	371	206	165	331	179	152	89.2	86.9	92.1
10	470	229	241	422	214	208	89.8	93.4	86.3
11	500	238	262	459	217	242	91.8	91.2	92.4
12	378	201	177	357	190	167	94.4	94.5	94.4
13	351	176	175	323	164	159	92.0	93.2	90.9
14	347	186	161	314	174	140	90.5	93.5	87.0
15	362	191	171	317	171	146	87.6	89.5	85.4
16	347	182	165	285	157	128	82.1	86.3	77.6
17	331	177	154	241	133	108	72.8	75.1	70.1
18	414	214	200	232	120	112	56.0	56.1	56.0
19	440	223	217	123	68	55	28.0	30.5	25.3
20	578	296	282	115	56	59	19.9	18.9	20.9
21	779	369	410	70	35	35	9.0	9.5	8.5
22	661	312	349	59	25	34	8.9	8.0	9.7
23	734	338	396	28	13	15	3.8	3.8	3.8
24	682	305	377	25	11	14	3.7	3.6	3.7

Table 5.24 School enrolment for the population aged 5-24 years by age and sex, Walvis bay urban

Age	Total			At school			Enrolled rate		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 496	5 790	5 706	6 552	3 383	3 169	57.0	58.4	55.5
5	545	281	264	344	171	173	63.1	60.9	65.5
6	605	296	309	484	237	247	80.0	80.1	79.9
7	446	227	219	398	207	191	89.2	91.2	87.2
8	513	267	246	483	250	233	94.2	93.6	94.7
9	486	239	247	452	221	231	93.0	92.5	93.5
10	471	233	238	431	211	220	91.5	90.6	92.4
11	634	323	311	582	296	286	91.8	91.6	92.0
12	485	266	219	451	247	204	93.0	92.9	93.2
13	515	270	245	466	253	213	90.5	93.7	86.9
14	465	244	221	426	224	202	91.6	91.8	91.4
15	475	261	214	400	223	177	84.2	85.4	82.7
16	480	261	219	406	230	176	84.6	88.1	80.4
17	403	205	198	317	159	158	78.7	77.6	79.8
18	467	242	225	267	140	127	57.2	57.9	56.4
19	531	266	265	184	90	94	34.7	33.8	35.5
20	689	340	349	146	68	78	21.2	20.0	22.3
21	809	398	411	128	61	67	15.8	15.3	16.3
22	768	375	393	95	51	44	12.4	13.6	11.2
23	879	420	459	66	35	31	7.5	8.3	6.8
24	830	376	454	26	9	17	3.1	2.4	3.7

Table 5.25 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Erongo

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	131 533	62 206	69 327
Never Attended	7 506	3 071	4 435
Pre-primary	2 577	1 274	1 303
Adult Education Programme	489	223	266
School	28 559	14 516	14 043
Left School	89 293	41 764	47 529
Don't Know	3 109	1 358	1 751

Table 5.26 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Urban

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	115 429	55 073	60 356
Never Attended	4 685	1 902	2 783
Pre-primary	2 320	1 143	1 177
Adult Education Programme	460	206	254
School	24 805	12 706	12 099
Left School	80 554	37 956	42 598
Don't Know	2 605	1 160	1 445

Table 5.27 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Rural

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	16 104	7 133	8 971
Never Attended	2 821	1 169	1 652
Pre-primary	257	131	126
Adult Education Programme	29	17	12
School	3 754	1 810	1 944
Left School	8 739	3 808	4 931
Don't Know	504	198	306

Table 5.31 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Omaruru

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 415	3 582	3 833
Never Attended	810	343	467
Pre-primary	117	50	67
Adult Education Programme	20	10	10
School	1 755	881	874
Left School	4 483	2 185	2 298
Don't Know	230	113	117

Table 5.32 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Walvis Bay Rural

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	23 802	11 241	12 561
Never Attended	1 082	463	619
Pre-primary	550	269	281
Adult Education Programme	78	37	41
School	4 698	2 422	2 276
Left School	16 959	7 857	9 102
Don't Know	435	193	242

Table 5.28 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Arandis

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 101	4 394	4 707
Never Attended	338	149	189
Pre-primary	134	71	63
Adult Education Programme	21	6	15
School	2 450	1 263	1 187
Left School	5 882	2 788	3 094
Don't Know	276	117	159

Table 5.29 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Daures

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	9 487	4 381	5 106
Never Attended	1 676	695	981
Pre-primary	171	87	84
Adult Education Programme	15	9	6
School	2 451	1 186	1 265
Left School	4 884	2 287	2 597
Don't Know	290	117	173

Table 5.30 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Karibib

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	11 365	5 465	5 900
Never Attended	1 238	545	693
Pre-primary	209	108	101
Adult Education Programme	51	31	20
School	2 803	1 445	1 358
Left School	6 790	3 224	3 566
Don't Know	274	112	162

Table 5.33 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Swakopmund

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	39 606	18 499	21 107
Never Attended	1 414	528	886
Pre-primary	766	362	404
Adult Education Programme	178	83	95
School	8 151	4104	4047
Left School	28 070	12 962	15 108
Don't Know	1 027	460	567

Table 5.34 Population aged 5 years and above by school attendance and sex, Walvis Bay Urban

School attendance	Total	Female	Male
Total	30 757	14 644	16 113
Never Attended	948	348	600
Pre-primary	630	327	303
Adult Education Programme	126	47	79
School	6 251	3 215	3 036
Left School	22 225	10 461	11 764
Don't Know	577	246	331

Table 5.35 Population with disability by type and area

Area	Type of disability											
	People with disability	Blindness	Visual Impairment	Deafness	Hearing Difficulties	Mute/Dumb	Speech Impairment	Physical Impairment - Upper Limbs	Physical Impairment - Lower Limbs	Mental Disability	Albinism	Autism
Erongo	3 698	8	18.6	8.4	10.5	5.1	5.2	11.1	22	13.6	1.3	1.9
Urban	2 800	7.3	17.7	9.9	9.1	5.3	4.9	11.4	21.9	11.4	1.6	2.3
Rural	898	10	21.4	3.8	14.9	4.7	6.1	10	22.4	20.5	0.3	0.8
Arandis	266	4.5	15.8	10.5	6.4	3.4	5.3	7.5	28.2	12.8	2.3	2.3
Daures	462	12.1	13	5.2	11.7	5.4	9.1	12.6	27.9	23.2	0.2	0.6
Karibib	575	7.3	29.7	4.7	14.3	4.2	3.5	9.4	17	15.1	0.3	1
Omaruru	303	3.3	23.1	7.6	9.6	6.3	5	9.9	29	12.9	0.7	0.7
Swakopmund	836	7.3	15.3	8.3	11.7	3.8	6.2	12.9	20.6	9.9	1.6	3.5
Walvis Bay Rural	462	8.9	12.8	12.8	7.8	7.4	3	8.2	17.1	15.2	1.3	2.2
Walvis Bay Urban	794	9.1	19.8	10.2	9.1	5.9	4.4	12.8	21.9	10.6	2.3	1.9

Table 5.36 Population with disability and no disability by sex and area

Area	Population			With disability		
	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male
Erongo	147 801	70 288	77 513	3 698	1 710	1 988
Urban	129 022	61 841	67 181	2 800	1 296	1 504
Rural	18 779	8 447	10 332	898	414	484
Arandis	10 071	4 852	5 219	266	130	136
Daures	11 162	5 217	5 945	462	201	261
Karibib	13 093	6 340	6 753	575	284	291
Omaruru	8 464	4 099	4 365	303	138	165
Swakopmund	44 066	20 727	23 339	836	385	451
Walvis Bay Rural	26 772	12 709	14 063	462	207	255
Walvis Bay Urban	34 173	16 344	17 829	794	365	429

Note: *The population total will not be equal to total population for Erongo as this question was only asked in Form A

Table 5.37 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status , Erongo

Age Group	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Student	Home maker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to Work (III)	Unable to Work (Disabled)	Other	Dont Know
Total	106 453	58 865	25 063	7 782	1 826	285	2 033	3 862	425	302	516	5494
15 - 19	11 189	1 186	2 248	5 809	61	46	-	-	23	25	39	1752
20 - 24	16 876	7 993	6 168	1 374	126	21	-	-	62	25	86	1021
25 - 29	17 829	11 068	5 297	320	189	30	-	-	58	36	100	731
30 - 34	15 127	10 321	3 781	105	200	17	-	-	38	38	90	537
35 - 39	12 277	8 748	2 705	50	212	31	18	-	36	28	83	366
40 - 44	9 388	6 954	1 751	39	234	23	22	-	39	21	34	271
45 - 49	6 835	4 994	1 266	18	214	24	40	-	47	31	27	174
50 - 54	4 977	3 487	811	10	227	31	157	-	50	34	18	152
55 - 59	3 761	2 351	614	9	214	28	315	-	49	33	20	128
60 - 64	2 831	1 054	202	6	73	15	412	942	11	15	6	95
65+	5 363	709	220	42	76	19	1 069	2 920	12	16	13	267

Table 5.38 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status, Female

Age Group	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Student	Home maker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to Work (III)	Unable to Work (Disabled)	Other	Dont Know
Total	49 583	22 283	14 766	4 014	1 644	146	1 106	2 296	159	138	139	2 892
15 - 19	5 686	409	1 204	3 068	42	22	-	-	5	16	19	901
20 - 24	7 721	2 891	3 511	637	106	9	-	-	15	8	17	527
25 - 29	8 216	4 253	3 203	155	168	14	-	-	10	19	19	375
30 - 34	6 720	3 917	2 232	58	181	6	-	-	13	19	21	273
35 - 39	5 524	3 396	1 645	27	193	20	8	-	17	12	14	192
40 - 44	4 149	2 682	1 043	24	213	13	14	-	20	10	10	120
45 - 49	3 106	1 939	769	10	203	12	24	-	26	14	9	100
50 - 54	2 348	1 360	516	7	208	19	102	-	23	10	8	95
55 - 59	1 772	853	395	1	195	19	195	-	17	18	9	70
60 - 64	1 388	339	122	4	69	5	215	565	6	4	4	55
65+	2 953	244	126	23	66	7	548	1731	7	8	9	184

“-“ Not available/Applicable

Table 5.39 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status, Male

Age Group	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Student	Home maker	Income Recipient	Retired Pensioner	Old Age Pensioner	Unable to Work (Ill)	Unable to Work (Disabled)	Other	Dont Know
Total	56 870	36 582	10 297	3 768	182	139	927	1 566	266	164	377	2 602
15 - 19	5 503	777	1 044	2 741	19	24	-	-	18	9	20	851
20 - 24	9 155	5 102	2 657	737	20	12	-	-	47	17	69	494
25 - 29	9 613	6 815	2 094	165	21	16	-	-	48	17	81	356
30 - 34	8 407	6 404	1 549	47	19	11	-	-	25	19	69	264
35 - 39	6 753	5 352	1 060	23	19	11	10	-	19	16	69	174
40 - 44	5 239	4 272	708	15	21	10	8	-	19	11	24	151
45 - 49	3 729	3 055	497	8	11	12	16	-	21	17	18	74
50 - 54	2 629	2 127	295	3	19	12	55	-	27	24	10	57
55 - 59	1 989	1 498	219	8	19	9	120	-	32	15	11	58
60 - 64	1 443	715	80	2	4	10	197	377	5	11	2	40
65+	2 410	465	94	19	10	12	521	1189	5	8	4	83

"-" Not available/Applicable

Table 5.40 Labour force participation rate and unemployment rate for population aged 15 years and above by sex

Age-group	Total			Female			Male		
	Total	Labour Force Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Total	Labour Force Participation rate	Unemployment rate	Total	Labour Force Participation rate	Unemployment rate
Total	106 453	78.8	1.1	49 583	74.7	1.4	56 870	82.4	0.9
15 - 19	11 189	30.7	2.0	5 686	28.4	2.7	5 503	33.1	1.3
20 - 24	16 876	83.9	1.3	7 721	82.9	1.6	9 155	84.8	1.1
25 - 29	17 829	91.8	1.0	8 216	90.7	1.3	9 613	92.7	0.7
30 - 34	15 127	93.2	1.0	6 720	91.5	1.3	8 407	94.6	0.8
35 - 39	12 277	93.3	1.1	5 524	91.3	1.2	6 753	95.0	1.0
40 - 44	9 388	92.7	0.9	4 149	89.8	1.1	5 239	95.1	0.8
45 - 49	6 835	91.6	0.9	3 106	87.2	0.9	3 729	95.3	0.9
50 - 54	4 977	86.4	1.1	2 348	79.9	1.5	2 629	92.1	0.7
55 - 59	3 761	78.8	0.7	1 772	70.4	1.0	1 989	86.3	0.5
60 - 64	2 831	44.4	1.1	1 388	33.2	1.5	1 443	55.1	0.9
65+	5 363	17.3	1.6	2 953	12.5	1.9	2 410	23.2	1.4

Table 5.41 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Erongo

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	106 453	49 583	56 870
Economically active (labour force)	83 928	37 049	46 879
Employed	58 865	22 283	36 582
Unemployed	25 063	14 766	10 297
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	17 031	9 642	7 389
Student	7 782	4 014	3 768
Homemaker	1 826	1 644	182
Income Recipient	285	146	139
Retired Pensioner	2 033	1 106	927
Old Age Pensioner	3 862	2 296	1 566
Unable to Work (Ill)	425	159	266
Unable to Work (Disabled)	302	138	164
Other	516	139	377
Don't Know	5 494	2 892	2 602

Table 5.42 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	94 295	44 354	49 941
Economically active (labour force)	75 366	33 757	41 609
Employed	53 258	20 559	32 699
Unemployed	22 108	13 198	8 910
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	14 162	8 073	6 089
Student	6 979	3 607	3 372
Homemaker	1 489	1 398	91
Income Recipient	256	125	131
Retired Pensioner	1 809	991	818
Old Age Pensioner	2 606	1 618	988
Unable to Work (Ill)	326	109	217
Unable to Work (Disabled)	210	94	116
Other	487	131	356
Don't Know	4 767	2 524	2 243

Table 5.43 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Rural

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	12 158	5 229	6 929
Economically active (labour force)	8 562	3 292	5 270
Employed	5 607	1 724	3 883
Unemployed	2 955	1 568	1 387
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	2 869	1 569	1 300
Student	803	407	396
Homemaker	337	246	91
Income Recipient	29	21	8
Retired Pensioner	224	115	109
Old Age Pensioner	1 256	678	578
Unable to Work (Ill)	99	50	49
Unable to Work (Disabled)	92	44	48
Other	29	8	21
Don't Know	727	368	359

Table 5.44 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Arandis

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	7 233	3 390	3 843
Economically active (labour force)	5 127	2 280	2 847
Employed	3 712	1 389	2 323
Unemployed	1 415	891	524
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	1 577	820	757
Student	767	355	412
Homemaker	86	85	1
Income Recipient	35	19	16
Retired Pensioner	344	178	166
Old Age Pensioner	308	164	144
Unable to Work (III)	9	3	6
Unable to Work (Disabled)	15	9	6
Other	13	7	6
Don't Know	529	290	239

Table 5.45 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Daures

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	6 932	3 152	3 780
Economically active (labour force)	4 560	1 896	2 664
Employed	2 571	913	1 658
Unemployed	1 989	983	1 006
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	1 930	1 040	890
Student	498	253	245
Homemaker	221	142	79
Income Recipient	25	18	7
Retired Pensioner	131	67	64
Old Age Pensioner	904	485	419
Unable to Work (III)	72	39	33
Unable to Work (Disabled)	68	32	36
Other	11	4	7
Don't Know	442	216	226

Table 5.46 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Karibib

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	8 725	4 125	4 600
Economically active (labour force)	6 653	2 962	3 691
Employed	3 918	1 274	2 644
Unemployed	2 735	1 688	1 047
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	1 617	920	697
Student	690	370	320
Homemaker	137	122	15
Income Recipient	19	15	4
Retired Pensioner	147	79	68
Old Age Pensioner	523	292	231
Unable to Work (III)	38	17	21
Unable to Work (Disabled)	32	11	21
Other	31	14	17
Don't Know	455	243	212

Table 5.47 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Omaruru

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 707	2 719	2 988
Economically active (labour force)	4 211	1 975	2 236
Employed	2 792	1 103	1 689
Unemployed	1 419	872	547
Economically inactive (outside labour force)			
Total	1 059	513	546
Student	392	199	193
Homemaker	72	64	8
Income Recipient	8	4	4
Retired Pensioner	118	62	56
Old Age Pensioner	274	154	120
Unable to Work (Ill)	133	16	117
Unable to Work (Disabled)	26	9	17
Other	36	5	31
Don't Know	437	231	206

Table 5.48 Population aged 15 years and above by activity status and sex, Swakopmund

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	32 664	15 077	17 587
Economically active (labour force)	25 812	11 102	14 710
Employed	19 197	7 202	11 995
Unemployed	6 615	3 900	2 715
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	5 065	2 998	2 067
Student	2 430	1 249	1 181
Homemaker	560	528	32
Income Recipient	58	29	29
Retired Pensioner	778	437	341
Old Age Pensioner	988	651	337
Unable to Work (Ill)	54	29	25
Unable to Work (Disabled)	54	27	27
Other	143	48	95
Don't Know	1 787	977	810

Table 5.49 Population aged 15 + years by activity status and sex, Walvis Bay Rural

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	19 600	9 122	10 478
Economically active (labour force)	16 744	7 489	9 255
Employed	11 425	4 367	7 058
Unemployed	5 319	3 122	2 197
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	2055	1189	866
Student	1 245	639	606
Homemaker	287	262	25
Income Recipient	28	16	12
Retired Pensioner	107	63	44
Old Age Pensioner	190	112	78
Unable to Work (Ill)	70	33	37
Unable to Work (Disabled)	50	26	24
Other	78	38	40
Don't Know	801	444	357

Table 5.50 Population aged 15 + years by activity status and sex, Walvis Bay Urban

Activity status	Total	Female	Male
Total	25 592	11 998	13 594
Economically active (labour force)	20 821	9 345	11 476
Employed	15 250	6 035	9 215
Unemployed	5 571	3 310	2 261
Economically inactive (outside labour force)	3 728	2 162	1 566
Student	1 760	949	811
Homemaker	463	441	22
Income Recipient	112	45	67
Retired Pensioner	408	220	188
Old Age Pensioner	675	438	237
Unable to Work (Ill)	49	22	27
Unable to Work (Disabled)	57	24	33
Other	204	23	181
Don't Know	1 043	491	552

Table 5.51 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Erongo

Main Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	58 865	22 283	36 582
Armed force	997	179	818
Legislators senior officials and Managers	3 560	1 191	2 369
Professionals	3 802	1 948	1 854
Technician and associate professionals	4 000	1 902	2 098
Clerk	3 767	2 904	863
Service Workers	7 959	3 725	4 234
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	5 876	2 123	3 753
Craft and Related trades workers	12 694	1 546	11 148
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	3 895	201	3 694
Elementary occupations	12 277	65 49	5 728
Don't Know	38	15	23

Table 5.52 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Main Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	53 258	20 559	32 699
Armed force	616	136	480
Legislators senior officials and Managers	3 362	1 124	2 238
Professionals	3 639	1 850	1 789
Technician and associate professionals	3 928	1 862	2 066
Clerk	3 659	2 814	845
Service Workers	7 481	3 479	4 002
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	3 903	1 473	2 430
Craft and Related trades workers	12 305	1 505	10 800
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	3 715	195	3 520
Elementary occupations	10 616	6 109	4 507
Don't Know	34	12	22

Table 5.53 Main occupation of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Main Occupation	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 607	1 724	3 883
Armed force	381	43	338
Legislators senior officials and Managers	198	67	131
Professionals	163	98	65
Technician and associate professionals	72	40	32
Clerk	108	90	18
Service Workers	478	246	232
Skilled Agricultural and Fishery workers	1 973	650	1 323
Craft and Related trades workers	389	41	348
Plant and Machine operators and assemblers	180	6	174
Elementary occupations	1 661	440	1 221
Don't Know	4	3	1

Table 5.54 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Erongo

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	58 865	22 283	36 582
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	6 792	1 781	5 011
Mining And Quarrying	6 868	696	6 172
Manufacturing	8 121	3 272	4 849
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	238	84	154
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	300	86	214
Construction	5 603	369	5 234
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	5 436	2 375	3 061
Transportation and Storage	3 149	360	2 789
Accommodation and Food Service activities	2 674	1 606	1 068
Information and Communication	478	206	272
Financial Insurance Activities	1 223	878	345
Real estate Activities	231	171	60
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	947	519	428
Administrative and Support service activities	4 913	2 484	2 429
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	2 369	686	1 683
Education	1 833	1352	481
Human Health and Social work activities	1 469	1 091	378
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	563	206	357
Other Services activities	1 990	1 352	638
Activities of Private Households	3 348	2 613	735
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	14	7	7
Don't Know	306	89	217

Table 5.55 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	53 258	20 559	32 699
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	3 521	1 006	2 515
Mining And Quarrying	6 541	674	5 867
Manufacturing	8 031	3 251	4 780
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	236	83	153
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	284	80	204
Construction	5 485	367	5 118
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	5 317	2307	3 010
Transportation and Storage	3 110	357	2 753
Accommodation and Food Service activities	2 432	1447	985
Information and Communication	466	197	269
Financial Insurance Activities	1 209	868	341
Real estate Activities	230	171	59
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	926	506	420
Administrative and Support service activities	4 681	2 384	2 297
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	1 937	622	1 315
Education	1 647	1 226	421
Human Health and Social work activities	1 398	1 038	360
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	455	152	303
Other Services activities	1 871	1 254	617
Activities of Private Households	3 179	2 485	694
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	11	4	7
Don't Know	291	80	211

Table 5.56 Main industry of employed population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Industry	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 607	1 724	3 883
Agriculture Forestry and Fishing	3 271	775	2 496
Mining And Quarrying	327	22	305
Manufacturing	90	21	69
Electricity Gas Steam and Air conditioning supply	2	1	1
Water Supply Sewerage Waste Management and Remediation activities	16	6	10
Construction	118	2	116
Wholesale and Retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	119	68	51
Transportation and Storage	39	3	36
Accommodation and Food Service activities	242	159	83
Information and Communication	12	9	3
Financial Insurance Activities	14	10	4
Real estate Activities	1	0	1
Professional Scientific and Technical activities	21	13	8
Administrative and Support service activities	232	100	132
Public Administration and Defence; compulsory social security	432	64	368
Education	186	126	60
Human Health and Social work activities	71	53	18
Arts Entertainment and Recreation	108	54	54
Other Services activities	119	98	21
Activities of Private Households	169	128	41
Activities of extraterritorial organisation and bodies	3	3	0
Don't Know	15	9	6

Table 5.57 Main job of employment population aged 15 years and above by sex, Erongo

Employment status	Total	Female	Male
Total	59 117	22 393	36 724
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	397	96	301
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	1 678	804	874
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	354	103	251
Other Employer	2 289	832	1 457
Own Account Worker	1 595	604	991
Employee (Communal Farms)	644	55	589
Employee (Commercial Farms)	1 058	301	757
Employee (Government)	5 251	2 525	2 726
Employee (Parastatal)	4 891	1 560	3 331
Employee (Private)	40 262	15 148	25 114
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	142	82	60
Other Unpaid Family Worker	196	115	81
Other	266	130	136
Don't Know	94	38	56

Table 5.58 Main job of employment population aged 15 years and above by sex, Urban

Employment status	Total	Female	Male
Total	53 258	20 559	32 699
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	179	61	118
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	460	191	269
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	148	45	103
Other Employer	2 180	802	1 378
Own Account Worker	1 480	579	901
Employee (Communal Farms)	71	22	49
Employee (Commercial Farms)	260	86	174
Employee (Government)	4 431	2 234	2 197
Employee (Parastatal)	4 777	1 518	3 259
Employee (Private)	38 654	14 689	23 965
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	103	70	33
Other Unpaid Family Worker	172	101	71
Other	256	128	128
Don't Know	87	33	54

Table 5.59 Main job of employment population aged 15 years and above by sex, Rural

Employment status	Total	Female	Male
Total	5 607	1 724	3 883
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (With Paid Employees)	215	32	183
Subsistence/Communal Farmer (Without Paid Employees)	1 180	598	582
Commercial Farmer (With Paid Employees)	205	57	148
Other Employer	107	29	78
Own Account Worker	109	24	85
Employee (Communal Farms)	573	33	540
Employee (Commercial Farms)	793	211	582
Employee (Government)	811	284	527
Employee (Parastatal)	91	33	58
Employee (Private)	1 461	395	1 066
Unpaid Family Worker (Subsistence/Communal)	30	10	20
Other Unpaid Family Worker	20	11	9
Other	5	2	3
Don't Know	7	5	2

Table 6.1 Households and population by main source of Income, Erongo

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Farming	1 101	4 624
Business Activity – None Farming	4 065	12 746
Wages and Salaries	32 122	108 028
Old-Age Pension	3 004	10 015
Cash Remittances	2 164	5 715
Retirement Fund	648	1 684
Orphan's Grant	107	523
Disability Grant	152	460
Other	753	1993

Table 6.3 Households and population by main source of Income, Rural

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Farming	960	4 109
Business Activity - None Farming	376	1 316
Wages and Salaries	2 025	6 464
Old-Age Pension	987	4 245
Cash Remittances	441	1 366
Retirement Fund	62	228
Orphan's Grant	37	171
Disability Grant	57	157
Other	65	209

Table 6.2 Households and population by main source of Income, Urban

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Farming	141	515
Business Activity - None Farming	3 689	11 430
Wages and Salaries	30 097	101 564
Old-Age Pension	2 017	5 770
Cash Remittances	1 723	4 349
Retirement Fund	586	1 456
Orphan's Grant	70	352
Disability Grant	95	303
Other	688	1 784

Table 6.4 Households and population by main source of Income, Arandis

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Farming	17	70
Business Activity – None Farming	168	567
Wages and Salaries	1 968	7 761
Old-Age Pension	282	748
Cash Remittances	77	197
Retirement Fund	118	272
Orphan's Grant	5	16
Disability Grant	6	20
Other	102	247

Table 6.5 Households and population by main source of Income, Daures

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Farming	688	3 030
Business Activity - None Farming	246	937
Wages and Salaries	822	2704
Old-Age Pension	690	3 006
Cash Remittances	332	1 013
Retirement Fund	47	193
Orphan's Grant	22	94
Disability Grant	49	138
Other	15	47

Table 6.6 Households and population by main source of Income, Omaruru

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	2432	8325
Farming	60	218
Business Activity - None Farming	220	838
Wages and Salaries	1635	5569
Old-Age Pension	231	839
Cash Remittances	170	455
Retirement Fund	40	131
Orphan's Grant	16	98
Disability Grant	13	49
Other	47	128

Table 6.7 Households and population by main source of Income, Karibib

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Farming	219	914
Business Activity - None Farming	316	1 006
Wages and Salaries	2 019	7 431
Old-Age Pension	466	1 890
Cash Remittances	254	849
Retirement Fund	24	94
Orphan's Grant	26	131
Disability Grant	30	90
Other	117	380

Table 6.9 Households and population by main source of Income, Swakopmund

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Farming	46	128
Business Activity - None Farming	1 458	4396
Wages and Salaries	10 916	35 247
Old-Age Pension	746	1 640
Cash Remittances	496	1 117
Retirement Fund	291	668
Orphan's Grant	12	61
Disability Grant	23	69
Other	216	520

Table 6.8 Households and population by main source of Income, Walvis bay rural

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Farming	50	171
Business Activity - None Farming	780	2 395
Wages and Salaries	6 534	21 975
Old-Age Pension	161	550
Cash Remittances	308	832
Retirement Fund	37	93
Orphan's Grant	18	89
Disability Grant	13	42
Other	137	342

Table 6.10 Households and population by main source of Income, Walvis bay urban

Main Source of income	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Farming	21	93
Business Activity - None Farming	877	2 607
Wages and Salaries	8 228	27 341
Old-Age Pension	428	1 342
Cash Remittances	527	1 252
Retirement Fund	91	233
Orphan's Grant	8	34
Disability Grant	18	52
Other	119	329

Table 6.11 Distribution of households owning selected assets by area

Area	Households	Car	Bicycle	Radio	Television	Telephone (Mobile)	Animal Drawn Cart	Computer/Laptop
Erongo	44 116	12 169	5 361	34 498	28 634	30 650	1 416	10 119
Urban	39 106	11279	5 030	30 769	27 228	27 494	153	9 856
Rural	5 010	890	331	3 729	1 406	3 156	1 263	263
Arandis	2 743	925	253	2 189	1 931	1 930	10	721
Daures	2 911	509	135	2 185	784	1 805	946	99
Karibib	3 471	740	222	2 617	1 515	2 103	261	400
Omaruru	2 432	542	378	1 814	1 183	1 627	67	404
Swakopmund	14 204	4 492	2 266	11 127	9 725	10 559	32	4 004
Walvis Bay Rural	8 038	1 482	756	6 272	5 570	4 836	55	1 263
Walvis Bay Urban	10 317	3 479	1 351	8 294	7 926	7 790	45	3 228

Table 6.12 Households and population by main language spoken, Erongo

Main Language	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
San languages	62	242
Erongo languages	338	1 083
Herero languages	4 246	16 005
Kavango languages	1 136	3 817
Nama/Damara languages	8 307	31 855
Oshiwambo languages	17 117	50 660
Setswana	64	204
Afrikaans	9 020	31 427
German	1 235	2 854
English	2 336	6 900
Other European languages	148	405
Other African languages	80	233
Asian languages	25	95
Don't know	2	8

Table 6.13 Households and population by main language spoken, Urban

Main Language	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
San languages	37	120
Erongo languages	324	1 045
Herero languages	2 605	9 061
Kavango languages	1 023	3 443
Nama/Damara languages	6 033	23 546
Oshiwambo languages	16 615	49 422
Setswana	59	189
Afrikaans	8 727	30 592
German	1 159	2 664
English	2 283	6 744
Other European languages	139	379
Other African languages	76	216
Asian languages	24	94
Don't know	2	8

Table 6.14 Households and population by main language spoken, Rural

Main Language	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
San languages	25	122
Erongo languages	14	38
Herero languages	1 641	6 944
Kavango languages	113	374
Nama/Damara languages	2 274	8 309
Oshiwambo languages	502	1 238
Setswana	5	15
Afrikaans	293	835
German	76	190
English	53	156
Other European languages	9	26
Other African languages	4	17
Asian languages	1	1
Don't know	0	0

Table 7.1 Households by type of housing unit, Erongo

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Detached House	18 112	70 483
Semi-Detached House	4 730	17 304
Apartment/Flat	3 505	8 358
Guest Flat	466	1 114
Part Commercial/Industrial	84	226
Mobile Home	141	318
Single Quarters	1 022	3 174
Traditional Dwelling	1 659	6022
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	14 324	38 593
Other	73	196

Table 7.4 Households by type of housing unit, Arandis

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9898
Detached House	1 890	7167
Semi-Detached House	346	1405
Apartment/Flat	177	423
Guest Flat	10	27
Part Commercial/Industrial	10	22
Mobile Home	5	11
Single Quarters	43	128
Traditional Dwelling	2	3
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	257	705
Other	3	7

Table 7.2 Households by type of housing unit, Urban

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Detached House	15 819	61 696
Semi-Detached House	4 473	16 324
Apartment/Flat	3 448	8 204
Guest Flat	464	1 108
Part Commercial/Industrial	76	211
Mobile Home	81	192
Single Quarters	938	2 915
Traditional Dwelling	116	363
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	13 621	36 323
Other	70	187

Table 7.5 Households by type of housing unit, Daures

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Detached House	1 115	4 709
Semi-Detached House	149	635
Apartment/Flat	25	65
Guest Flat	2	6
Part Commercial/Industrial	0	0
Mobile Home	18	36
Single Quarters	40	123
Traditional Dwelling	1 405	5 123
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	156	463
Other	1	2

Table 7.3 Households by type of housing unit, Rural

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Detached House	2 293	8 787
Semi-Detached House	257	980
Apartment/Flat	57	154
Guest Flat	2	6
Part Commercial/Industrial	8	15
Mobile Home	60	126
Single Quarters	84	259
Traditional Dwelling	1 543	5 659
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	703	2 270
Other	3	9

Table 7.6 Households by type of housing unit, Karibib

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Detached House	1 79	6 445
Semi-Detached House	440	1 592
Apartment/Flat	169	413
Guest Flat	9	22
Part Commercial/Industrial	14	25
Mobile Home	17	32
Single Quarters	154	556
Traditional Dwelling	69	336
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	1 017	3 349
Other	3	15

Table 7.7 Households and population by main type of housing unit , Omaruru

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Detached House	1 360	4 827
Semi-Detached House	212	908
Apartment/Flat	105	243
Guest Flat	14	31
Part Commercial/Industrial	7	13
Mobile Home	34	85
Single Quarters	71	212
Traditional Dwelling	16	56
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	606	1 928
Other	7	22

Table 7.9 Households and population by main type of housing unit, Walvis bay rural

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Detached House	3 151	12 368
Semi-Detached House	1 006	3 927
Apartment/Flat	440	980
Guest Flat	98	246
Part Commercial/Industrial	5	26
Mobile Home	9	19
Single Quarters	91	248
Traditional Dwelling	111	323
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	3 120	8 340
Other	7	12

Table 7.8 Households and population by type of housing unit, Swakopmund

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Detached House	4 545	17 756
Semi-Detached House	1 552	5 181
Apartment/Flat	1 521	3 371
Guest Flat	170	373
Part Commercial/Industrial	18	55
Mobile Home	36	82
Single Quarters	367	1046
Traditional Dwelling	36	116
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	5 921	15 769
Other	38	97

Table 7.10 Households and population by main type of housing unit , Walvis bay urban

Type of housing unit	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Detached House	4 472	17211
Semi-Detached House	1 025	3 656
Apartment/Flat	1 068	2 863
Guest Flat	163	409
Part Commercial/Industrial	30	85
Mobile Home	22	53
Single Quarters	256	861
Traditional Dwelling	20	65
Improvised Housing Unit (Shack)	3 247	8 039
Other	14	41

Table 7.11 Households and population by tenure status, Erongo

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	8 915	35 429
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	12 205	45 225
Rented (Government)	582	1 767
Rented (Local Authority)	1 427	5 231
Rented (Parastatal)	331	1 118
Rented (Private Firm)	2 697	7 774
Rented (Individual)	12 718	33 206
Occupied Rent Free	5 119	15 700
Other	122	338

Table 7.13 Households and population by tenure status, Rural

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	274	1 125
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	2 431	9 425
Rented (Government)	0	0
Rented (Local Authority)	206	816
Rented (Parastatal)	0	0
Rented (Private Firm)	49	182
Rented (Individual)	51	166
Occupied Rent Free	1 984	6 505
Other	15	46

Table 7.12 Households and population by tenure Status, Urban

Tenure status	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Owner Occupied With Mortgage	8 641	34 304
Owner Occupied Without Mortgage	9 774	35 800
Rented (Government)	582	1 767
Rented (Local Authority)	1 221	4 415
Rented (Parastatal)	331	1 118
Rented (Private Firm)	2 648	7 592
Rented (Individual)	12 667	33 040
Occupied Rent Free	3 135	9 195
Other	107	292

Table 7.14 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Erongo

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Cement Blocks/Brick	25 416	93 037
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	183	687
Mud/Day Bricks	229	878
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	2 981	9 361
Prefabricated Materials	8 274	21 625
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	4 958	13 733
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	677	2 668
Tin	384	1102
Other	1 014	2 697

Table 7.17 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Arandis

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 181	8 202
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	22	91
Mud/Day Bricks	9	25
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	58	110
Prefabricated Materials	171	521
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	248	801
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	1	2
Tin	5	17
Other	48	129

Table 7.15 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Urban

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Cement Blocks/Brick	23 000	83 739
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	130	467
Mud/Day Bricks	36	107
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 389	4 280
Prefabricated Materials	8 161	21 337
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	4 903	13 551
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	189	555
Tin	295	816
Other	1 003	2 671

Table 7.18 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Daures

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 293	5 468
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	34	164
Mud/Day Bricks	160	632
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	859	2 565
Prefabricated Materials	28	100
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	19	51
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	465	2 007
Tin	48	166
Other	5	9

Table 7.16 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Rural

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Cement Blocks/Brick	2 416	9 298
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	53	220
Mud/Day Bricks	193	771
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 592	5 081
Prefabricated Materials	113	288
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	55	182
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	488	2113
Tin	89	286
Other	11	26

Table 7.19 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Karibib

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 988	7 730
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	20	65
Mud/Day Bricks	25	124
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	1 184	4 068
Prefabricated Materials	86	180
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	71	251
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	23	117
Tin	58	186
Other	16	64

Table 7.20 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Omaruru

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Cement Blocks/Brick	1 645	5 881
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	16	45
Mud/Day Bricks	19	47
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	574	1 813
Prefabricated Materials	19	43
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	8	69
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	3	5
Tin	141	400
Other	7	22

Table 7.21 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Swakopmund

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Cement Blocks/Brick	7 669	26 215
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	52	177
Mud/Day Bricks	7	14
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	167	438
Prefabricated Materials	2 453	6 394
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	3 182	8 775
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	154	456
Tin	66	175
Other	454	1 202

Table 7.22 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Walvis bay rural

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Cement Blocks/Brick	3 697	14 738
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	11	55
Mud/Day Bricks	8	35
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	83	221
Prefabricated Materials	2 798	7 653
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	998	2 608
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	16	48
Tin	43	117
Other	384	1 014

Table 7.23 Households and population by main material used for outer walls, Walvis bay urban

Main material used for outer walls	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Cement Blocks/Brick	6 943	24 803
Burnt Bricks/Face Bricks	28	90
Mud/Day Bricks	1	1
Corrugated Iron/Zinc	56	146
Prefabricated Materials	2 719	6 734
Wood Poles/Sticks or Grass/Reeds	432	1 178
Sticks with Mud/Day Cow Dung	15	33
Tin	23	41
Other	100	257

Table 7.24 Households and population by main material used for roof, Erongo

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Corrugated Iron Sheet	10 505	37 265
Asbestos Sheet	19 815	70 650
Brick Tiles	1 190	3 351
Concrete	369	961
Thatch Grass	92	265
Slate	553	1714
Wood Covered with melthoid	8 192	22 831
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	121	332
Tin	578	1652
Other	2 701	6 767

Table 7.27 Households and population by main material used for roof, Arandis

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Corrugated Iron Sheet	315	1 136
Asbestos Sheet	1 757	6 988
Brick Tiles	30	76
Concrete	14	50
Thatch Grass	8	28
Slate	14	37
Wood Covered with melthoid	508	1 307
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	2	9
Tin	14	51
Other	81	216

Table 7.25 Households and population by main material used for roof, Urban

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Corrugated Iron Sheet	5 992	20 614
Asbestos Sheet	19 577	69 789
Brick Tiles	1 179	3 323
Concrete	362	949
Thatch Grass	55	144
Slate	550	1 709
Wood Covered with melthoid	8 172	22 782
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	102	271
Tin	445	1 236
Other	2 672	6 706

Table 7.28 Households and population by main material used for roof, Daures

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	2 911	1 1162
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 646	10 163
Asbestos Sheet	160	658
Brick Tiles	0	0
Concrete	1	2
Thatch Grass	5	12
Slate	1	1
Wood Covered with melthoid	1	1
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	15	53
Tin	71	252
Other	11	20

Table 7.26 Households and population by main material used for roof, Rural

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Corrugated Iron Sheet	4 513	16 651
Asbestos Sheet	238	861
Brick Tiles	11	28
Concrete	7	12
Thatch Grass	37	121
Slate	3	5
Wood Covered with melthoid	20	49
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	19	61
Tin	133	416
Other	29	61

Table 7.29 Households and population by main material used for roof, Karibib

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Corrugated Iron Sheet	3 215	11 930
Asbestos Sheet	162	601
Brick Tiles	8	21
Concrete	8	24
Thatch Grass	5	21
Slate	7	15
Wood Covered with melthoid	12	19
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	4	8
Tin	26	90
Other	24	56

Table 7.30 Households and population by main material used for roof, Omaruru

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Corrugated Iron Sheet	2 247	7 810
Asbestos Sheet	20	59
Brick Tiles	8	23
Concrete	4	8
Thatch Grass	32	108
Slate	2	8
Wood Covered with melthoid	5	24
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	0	0
Tin	97	249
Other	17	36

Table 7.31 Households and population by main material used for roof, Swakopmund

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Corrugated Iron Sheet	1 131	3 486
Asbestos Sheet	6 258	21 645
Brick Tiles	856	2 367
Concrete	220	521
Thatch Grass	26	65
Slate	110	305
Wood Covered with melthoid	3 945	11 101
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	77	201
Tin	210	550
Other	1 371	3 605

Table 7.32 Households and population by main material used for roof, Walvis bay rural

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Corrugated Iron Sheet	254	817
Asbestos Sheet	4 924	17 762
Brick Tiles	76	255
Concrete	34	78
Thatch Grass	2	4
Slate	202	752
Wood Covered with melthoid	1 846	5 097
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	12	27
Tin	87	252
Other	601	1445

Table 7.33 Households and population by main material used for roof, Walvis bay urban

Material used for roof	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Corrugated Iron Sheet	697	1 923
Asbestos Sheet	6 534	2 2937
Brick Tiles	212	609
Concrete	88	278
Thatch Grass	14	27
Slate	217	596
Wood Covered with melthoid	1 875	5 282
Sticks with Mud/Cow Dung	11	34
Tin	73	208
Other	596	1 389

Table 7.34 Households and population by main material used for floor, Erongo

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Sand/Earth	9 516	25 513
Cement	14 988	52 566
Mud/Clay	352	1 224
Wood	684	2 180
Concrete	1 249	4 373
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	16 693	58 411
Other	634	1 521

Table 7.35 Households and population by main material used for floor, Urban

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Sand/Earth	8 203	21 424
Cement	11 790	40 147
Mud/Clay	185	530
Wood	665	2 113
Concrete	1 175	4 086
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	16 479	57 749
Other	609	1 474

Table 7.36 Households and population by main material used for floor, Rural

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Sand/Earth	1 313	4 089
Cement	3 198	12 419
Mud/Clay	167	694
Wood	19	67
Concrete	74	287
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	214	662
Other	25	47

Table 7.40 Households and population by main material used for floor, Omaruru

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Sand/Earth	505	1586
Cement	1 586	5 737
Mud/Clay	3	4
Wood	19	59
Concrete	30	88
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	257	764
Other	32	87

Table 7.37 Households and population by main material used for floor, Arandis

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Sand/Earth	263	679
Cement	682	2 376
Mud/Clay	7	29
Wood	23	81
Concrete	196	879
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	1 515	5 712
Other	57	142

Table 7.38 Households and population by main material used for floor, Daures

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Sand/Earth	776	2 319
Cement	1 874	7 841
Mud/Clay	145	592
Wood	8	39
Concrete	8	32
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	91	322
Other	9	17

Table 7.39 Households and population by main material used for floor, Karibib

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Sand/Earth	856	2 854
Cement	1 918	7 388
Mud/Clay	21	105
Wood	78	261
Concrete	81	305
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	500	1 833
Other	17	39

Table 7.41 Households and population by main material used for floor, Walvis bay rural

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	8038	26489
Sand/Earth	1810	4488
Cement	2642	9270
Mud/Clay	6	13
Wood	99	450
Concrete	144	495
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	3298	11679
Other	39	94

Table 7.42 Households and population by main material used for floor, Swakopmund

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	14 204	4 3846
Sand/Earth	3 411	8 820
Cement	4 087	12 586
Mud/Clay	82	238
Wood	238	592
Concrete	572	1 884
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	5 620	19 251
Other	194	475

Table 7.43 Households and population by main material used for floor, Walvis bay urban

Material used for floor	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Sand/Earth	1 895	4 767
Cement	2 199	7 368
Mud/Clay	88	243
Wood	219	698
Concrete	218	690
Tiles (Ceramic/Wood/Plastic)	5 412	18 850
Other	286	667

Table 7.44 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Erongo

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Electricity from Mains	33 721	110 678
Electricity from Generator	38	116
Gas	3 342	10 065
Paraffin/Kerosene	189	477
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	6 642	23 921
Charcoal-coal	139	438
Animal Dung	2	6
Solar Energy	15	44
Other	28	43

Table 7.47 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Arandis

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Electricity from Mains	2 034	7 728
Electricity from Generator	7	25
Gas	507	1 565
Paraffin/Kerosene	4	11
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	187	556
Charcoal-coal	3	12
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	0	0
Other	1	1

Table 7.45 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Urban

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Electricity from Mains	33 042	108 398
Electricity from Generator	32	98
Gas	3 106	9 351
Paraffin/Kerosene	181	436
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 654	8 971
Charcoal-coal	55	203
Animal Dung	2	6
Solar Energy	8	20
Other	26	40

Table 7.48 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Daures

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Electricity from Mains	370	1398
Electricity from Generator	2	3
Gas	68	248
Paraffin/Kerosene	4	28
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	2 394	9 275
Charcoal-coal	70	204
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	1	3
Other	2	3

Table 7.46 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Rural

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Electricity from Mains	679	2 280
Electricity from Generator	6	18
Gas	236	714
Paraffin/Kerosene	8	41
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 988	14 950
Charcoal-coal	84	235
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	7	24
Other	2	3

Table 7.49 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Karibib

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Electricity from Mains	1 323	5 041
Electricity from Generator	8	24
Gas	261	770
Paraffin/Kerosene	26	57
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 833	6 822
Charcoal-coal	19	68
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	1	3
Other	0	0

Table 7.50 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Omaruru

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Electricity from Mains	809	2 777
Electricity from Generator	9	24
Gas	252	833
Paraffin/Kerosene	11	28
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 323	4 582
Charcoal-coal	19	57
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	6	20
Other	3	4

Table 7.52 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Walvis bay rural

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Electricity from Mains	7 762	25 641
Electricity from Generator	2	10
Gas	138	437
Paraffin/Kerosene	22	58
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	103	316
Charcoal-coal	2	3
Animal Dung	2	6
Solar Energy	3	10
Other	4	8

Table 7.51 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Swakopmund

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Electricity from Mains	11 383	35 730
Electricity from Generator	8	24
Gas	1 881	5 432
Paraffin/Kerosene	111	270
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	779	2 282
Charcoal-coal	22	77
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	4	8
Other	16	23

Table 7.53 Households and population by main source of energy for cooking, Walvis bay urban

Energy for cooking	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Electricity from Mains	10 040	32 363
Electricity from Generator	2	6
Gas	235	780
Paraffin/Kerosene	11	25
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	23	88
Charcoal-coal	4	17
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	0	0
Other	2	4

Table 7.54 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Erongo

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Electricity from Mains	35 865	118 989
Electricity from Generator	203	744
Gas	62	184
Paraffin/Kerosene	1 935	6 906
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	79	276
Charcoal-coal	1	5
Candles	5 497	17 057
Animal Dung	7	20
Solar Energy	358	1 302
Other	109	305

Table 7.57 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Arandis

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Electricity from Mains	2 234	8 407
Electricity from Generator	11	46
Gas	4	17
Paraffin/Kerosene	26	63
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3	11
Charcoal-coal	1	5
Candles	443	1 296
Animal Dung	1	1
Solar Energy	13	34
Other	7	18

Table 7.55 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Urban

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	39 106	12 7523
Electricity from Mains	34 298	112 938
Electricity from Generator	120	418
Gas	48	138
Paraffin/Kerosene	459	1 333
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	62	212
Charcoal-coal	1	5
Candles	3 970	12 079
Animal Dung	7	20
Solar Energy	64	183
Other	77	197

Table 7.58 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Daures

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2911	11162
Electricity from Mains	859	3 692
Electricity from Generator	25	153
Gas	6	14
Paraffin/Kerosene	1 075	4 093
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	6	17
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	793	2 565
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	133	588
Other	14	40

Table 7.56 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Rural

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Electricity from Mains	1 567	6 051
Electricity from Generator	83	326
Gas	14	46
paraffin/Kerosene	1 476	5 573
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	17	64
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	1 527	4 978
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	294	1 119
Other	32	108

Table 7.59 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Karibib

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Electricity from Mains	1 662	6 471
Electricity from Generator	40	120
Gas	15	47
paraffin/Kerosene	374	1 404
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	29	108
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	1 247	4 255
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	93	348
Other	11	32

Table 7.60 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Omaruru

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Electricity from Mains	1 272	4 591
Electricity from Generator	33	98
Gas	11	34
Paraffin/Kerosene	105	354
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	28	96
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	882	2 828
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	77	232
Other	24	92

Table 7.61 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Swakopmund

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Electricity from Mains	11 778	36 962
Electricity from Generator	90	315
Gas	14	42
paraffin/Kerosene	271	749
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	8	24
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	1 964	5 566
Animal Dung	3	12
Solar Energy	34	85
Other	42	91

Table 7.62 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Walvis bay rural

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Electricity from Mains	7 805	25 777
Electricity from Generator	3	11
Gas	9	20
Paraffin/Kerosene	75	222
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	4	15
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	123	394
Animal Dung	3	7
Solar Energy	7	14
Other	9	29

Table 7.63 Households and population by main source of energy for lighting, Walvis bay urban

Energy for lighting	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Electricity from Mains	10 255	33 089
Electricity from Generator	1	1
Gas	3	10
paraffin/Kerosene	9	21
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1	5
Charcoal-coal	0	0
Candles	45	153
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	1	1
Other	2	3

Table 7.64 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Erongo

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Electricity from Mains	23 385	78 614
Electricity from Generator	31	96
Gas	596	1 638
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	3 172	11 296
Charcoal-Coal	224	684
Animal Dung	4	18
Solar Energy	193	669
None	16 413	52 444
Other	98	329

Table 7.65 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Urban

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Electricity from Mains	22 945	76 999
Electricity from Generator	17	46
Gas	574	1 590
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 894	6 257
Charcoal-Coal	161	442
Animal Dung	4	18
Solar Energy	159	539
None	13 264	41 325
Other	88	307

Table 7.66 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Rural

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Electricity from Mains	440	1 615
Electricity from Generator	14	50
Gas	22	48
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	1 278	5 039
Charcoal-Coal	63	242
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	34	130
None	3 149	11 119
Other	10	22

Table 7.67 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Arandis

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Electricity from Mains	1 773	6 771
Electricity from Generator	0	0
Gas	129	359
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	285	812
Charcoal-Coal	6	12
Animal Dung	2	12
Solar Energy	17	63
None	520	1 816
Other	11	53

Table 7.68 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Daures

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Electricity from Mains	193	847
Electricity from Generator	3	15
Gas	3	5
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	705	2 979
Charcoal-Coal	20	77
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	11	66
None	1 969	7 158
Other	7	15

Table 7.69 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Karibib

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Electricity from Mains	994	3 698
Electricity from Generator	6	12
Gas	85	228
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	965	3 468
Charcoal-Coal	44	163
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	31	107
None	1 337	5 072
Other	9	37

Table 7.70 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Omaruru

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Electricity from Mains	698	2506
Electricity from Generator	10	28
Gas	49	162
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	421	1 582
Charcoal-Coal	108	305
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	26	72
None	1 114	3 646
Other	6	24

Table 7.71 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Swakopmund

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Electricity from Mains	8 063	25 465
Electricity from Generator	11	35
Gas	271	712
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	668	2 030
Charcoal-Coal	33	89
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	40	134
None	5 088	15 306
Other	30	75

Table 7.72 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Walvis bay rural

energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	8 038	26 489
Electricity from Mains	5 736	19 575
Electricity from Generator	1	6
Gas	33	90
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	91	282
Charcoal-Coal	9	25
Animal Dung	2	6
Solar Energy	20	40
None	2 141	6 450
Other	5	15

Table 7.73 Households and population by main source of energy for heating, Walvis bay urban

Energy for heating	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Electricity from Mains	5 928	19 752
Electricity from Generator	0	0
Gas	26	82
Wood/Charcoal from Wood	37	143
Charcoal-Coal	4	13
Animal Dung	0	0
Solar Energy	48	187
None	4 244	12 996
Other	30	110

Table 7.74 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Erongo

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	44 116	145 788
Piped Water Inside	22 213	81 686
Piped Water Outside	14 748	40 175
Public Pipe	4 014	12 592
Borehole with Tank Covered	1 309	4 613
Borehole with Open Tank	469	1 843
River/Dam/Stream	769	2 740
Canal	15	52
Well Protected	188	719
Well Unprotected	132	475
Other	259	893

Table 7.77 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Arandis

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	2 743	9 898
Piped Water Inside	2 062	7 983
Piped Water Outside	470	1 348
Public Pipe	182	482
Borehole with Tank Covered	1	18
Borehole with Open Tank	4	14
River/Dam/Stream	1	3
Canal	0	0
Well Protected	0	0
Well Unprotected	1	4
Other	22	46

Table 7.75 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Urban

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	39 106	12 7523
Piped Water Inside	21 624	79 472
Piped Water Outside	13 848	36 997
Public Pipe	3 405	10 291
Borehole with Tank Covered	23	83
Borehole with Open Tank	20	75
River/Dam/Stream	15	45
Canal	10	32
Well Protected	4	7
Well Unprotected	4	17
Other	153	504

Table 7.78 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Daures

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	2 911	1 1162
Piped Water Inside	326	1 345
Piped Water Outside	377	1 544
Public Pipe	319	1 240
Borehole with Tank Covered	706	2 636
Borehole with Open Tank	273	1 169
River/Dam/Stream	596	2 040
Canal	4	18
Well Protected	159	624
Well Unprotected	73	252
Other	78	294

Table 7.76 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Rural

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	5 010	18 265
Piped Water Inside	589	2 214
Piped Water Outside	900	3 178
Public Pipe	609	2 301
Borehole with Tank Covered	1 286	4 530
Borehole with Open Tank	449	1 768
River/Dam/Stream	754	2 695
Canal	5	20
Well Protected	184	712
Well Unprotected	128	458
Other	106	389

Table 7.79 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Karibib

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	3 471	12 785
Piped Water Inside	1 112	4 328
Piped Water Outside	596	2 263
Public Pipe	926	3 217
Borehole with Tank Covered	432	1 439
Borehole with Open Tank	124	465
River/Dam/Stream	154	639
Canal	0	0
Well Protected	20	72
Well Unprotected	54	202
Other	53	160

Table 7.80 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Omaruru

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	2 432	8 325
Piped Water Inside	891	3 317
Piped Water Outside	725	2 483
Public Pipe	630	1 954
Borehole with Tank Covered	113	363
Borehole with Open Tank	49	129
River/Dam/Stream	6	21
Canal	1	2
Well Protected	6	17
Well Unprotected	1	4
Other	10	35

Table 7.81 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Swakopmund

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	14 204	43 846
Piped Water Inside	7 171	24 611
Piped Water Outside	5 093	13 612
Public Pipe	1 893	5 483
Borehole with Tank Covered	10	29
Borehole with Open Tank	3	11
River/Dam/Stream	4	8
Canal	4	9
Well Protected	0	0
Well Unprotected	1	2
Other	25	81

Table 7.82 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Walvis bay rural

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	8038	26489
Piped Water Inside	4005	16277
Piped Water Outside	3863	9655
Public Pipe	55	186
Borehole with Tank Covered	45	120
Borehole with Open Tank	14	47
River/Dam/Stream	7	28
Canal	5	18
Well Protected	3	6
Well Unprotected	2	11
Other	39	141

Table 7.83 Households and population by main source of water for cooking/drinking, Walvis bay urban

Source of water for cooking/drinking	Households	Populations
Total	10 317	33 283
Piped Water Inside	6 646	23 825
Piped Water Outside	3 624	9 270
Public Pipe	9	30
Borehole with Tank Covered	2	8
Borehole with Open Tank	2	8
River/Dam/Stream	1	1
Canal	1	5
Well Protected	0	0
Well Unprotected	0	0
Other	32	136

Table 7.84 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Erongo

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	20 190	73 421
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	14 740	41 800
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	798	2 874
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	722	2 157
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	1 418	4 659
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	849	2 903
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	350	1 257
Bucket Toilet	283	1 013
No Toilet Facility	4 655	15 303
Other	111	401

Table 7.85 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Urban

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	19 280	70 106
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	14 500	41 048
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	534	1 898
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	598	1 725
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	1 101	3 375
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	546	1 701
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	244	836
Bucket Toilet	199	634
No Toilet Facility	2 000	5 851
Other	104	349

Table 7.86 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Rural

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	910	3 315
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	240	752
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	264	976
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	124	432
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	317	1 284
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	303	1 202
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	106	421
Bucket Toilet	84	379
No Toilet Facility	2 655	9 452
Other	7	52

Table 7.87 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Arandis

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	1 786	7 182
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	401	1 047
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	180	665
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	29	97
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	7	33
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	27	65
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	12	38
Bucket Toilet	56	159
No Toilet Facility	238	594
Other	7	18

Table 7.88 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Daures

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	456	1 863
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	56	186
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	96	435
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	23	111
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	184	782
Covered Pit Laterine without Ventilation Pipe	182	769
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	72	275
Bucket Toilet	67	268
No Toilet Facility	1 771	6 435
Other	4	38

Table 7.89 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Karibib

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	1 341	5 267
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	357	1 197
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	96	366
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	38	124
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	117	465
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	127	470
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	36	150
Bucket Toilet	27	151
No Toilet Facility	1 305	4 513
Other	27	82

Table 7.90 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Omaruru

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	806	2 960
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	362	1 296
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	302	989
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	104	363
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	82	273
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	58	224
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	26	96
Bucket Toilet	15	57
No Toilet Facility	674	2 055
Other	3	12

Table 7.91 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Swakopmund

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	6 356	21 418
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	5 023	14 300
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	75	196
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	476	1 293
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	989	2 973
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	427	1 290
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	194	647
Bucket Toilet	106	345
No Toilet Facility	531	1 307
Other	27	77

Table 7.92 Households and population by main type of toilet facility, Walvis bay urban

Toilet facility	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Private Flush Connected to Sewer	6 057	21 254
Shared Flush Connected to Sewer	4 127	11 497
Private Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	29	157
Shared Flush Connected to Septic/Cesspool	39	139
Pit Latrine with Ventilation Pipe	20	75
Covered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	21	67
Uncovered Pit Latrine without Ventilation Pipe	6	30
Bucket Toilet	3	7
No Toilet Facility	8	27
Other	7	30

Table 7.93 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Erongo

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	44 116	145 788
Regularly Collected	35 190	115 790
Irregularly Collected	1 523	4 522
Burning	3 529	13 072
Roadside Dumping	2 043	6 368
Rubbish Pit	1 771	5 821
Other	60	215

Table 7.94 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Urban

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	39 106	127 523
Regularly Collected	34 719	114 096
Irregularly Collected	1 413	4 150
Burning	281	884
Roadside Dumping	1 744	5 292
Rubbish Pit	927	3032
Other	22	69

Table 7.95 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Rural

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	5 010	18 265
Regularly Collected	471	1694
Irregularly Collected	110	372
Burning	3 248	12 188
Roadside Dumping	299	1 076
Rubbish Pit	844	2 789
Other	38	146

Table 7.96 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Arandis

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	2 743	9 898
Regularly Collected	2 510	9 081
Irregularly Collected	73	179
Burning	39	104
Roadside Dumping	4	25
Rubbish Pit	115	505
Other	2	4

Table 7.97 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Daures

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	2 911	11 162
Regularly Collected	351	1327
Irregularly Collected	9	40
Burning	2 149	8 268
Roadside Dumping	193	710
Rubbish Pit	195	760
Other	14	57

Table 7.98 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Karibib

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	3 471	12 785
Regularly Collected	1 560	6 017
Irregularly Collected	96	296
Burning	1 008	3 704
Roadside Dumping	315	1 058
Rubbish Pit	468	1 624
Other	24	86

Table 7.99 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Omaruru

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	2 432	8 325
Regularly Collected	997	3 800
Irregularly Collected	101	341
Burning	229	716
Roadside Dumping	603	1 916
Rubbish Pit	497	1 530
Other	5	22

Table 7.100 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Swakopmund

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	14 204	43 846
Regularly Collected	12 615	39 350
Irregularly Collected	500	1 433
Burning	17	33
Roadside Dumping	719	2 023
Rubbish Pit	342	973
Other	11	34

Table 7.101 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Walvis Bay Rural

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	8038	26 489
Regularly Collected	7 284	24 233
Irregularly Collected	332	1 018
Burning	85	240
Roadside Dumping	190	590
Rubbish Pit	146	407
Other	1	1

Table 7.102 Household and population by means of waste/garbage disposal, Walvis Bay Urban

Mean of waste/garbage disposal	Households	Population
Total	10 317	33 283
Regularly Collected	9 873	31 982
Irregularly Collected	412	1 215
Burning	2	7
Roadside Dumping	19	46
Rubbish Pit	8	22
Other	3	11

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