
The Who's Who
of Iraq.

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ABBAS AL-AZZAWI, lawyer and historian; born, 1891; educated at the Law College, Baghdad, and studied the Arabic and Religious Sciences. Practised as lawyer; elected Vice-President to the Bar Association of Iraq. Author of several historical works, including a "History of Iraq Between Two Occupations," a "History of the Yezidis," "The Tribes of Iraq." etc.

ABBAS ALWAN AL-SALIH, writer and journalist; Editor, "Al-Ghuroob" weekly, Karbala.

ABBAS FADHLI KHAMMAS, Arabic writer; born, Baghdad, 1899; educated at the High Teachers' Training College, Baghdad, and in England. Teacher in Government Schools; Editor, "The Students" magazine; appointed Assistant Mumayiz of Accounts, 1932, and then Mumayiz of Accounts at the Ministry of Defence.

ABBAS HILMI AL-HILLI, Arabic writer; Government official.

ABBAS MAHDI, Director-General of Tapu; born, Baghdad, September 14th, 1898; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Entered the Government service, September 1st, 1918; Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Interior, 1927; Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Irrigation and Agriculture, 1927; First Secretary to the Iraqi Legation, Teheran, 1931; Minister of Education, 1932; Deputy for Diwaniyah, 1933; Director-General of Tapu, 1933; Minister of Economics and Communications, 1934; re-appointed Director-General of Tapu, January 1st, 1935. (Photograph on page 292.)

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ABBUD AL-KARKHI, Mulla; well-known colloquial poet; born, Baghdad, 1869. Engaged in trade and agriculture; published "Al-Karkh," "Al-Mizmar," "Al-Karkhi," and "Al-Mulla" newspapers.

ABBUD AL-MALLAK, notable and landowner; was Deputy for Basrah in the Iraqi Parliament.

ABDUL AMIR AL-NAHIDH, journalist; born, Baghdad. Editor, "Al-Karkh" newspaper; publishes at present "Al-Andalib" weekly.

ABDUL AZIZ AL-FALIH AL-SADUN; born, 1896, of the well-known Sadun family. Elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament, 1935.



ABDUL AZIZ AL-KHAYYAT; born, Baghdad, 1891; educated at the Law College. Investigating Judge, Haifa and Acre, until the British Occupation; Judge in Transjordan and Syria; Commandant of Police, Aleppo. Returned to Iraq and practised for a time as lawyer; appointed Judge, Civil Courts; is at present Senior Criminal Magistrate, Baghdad.

ABDUL AZIZ AL-MUDHAFFAR, Chargé d'Affaires in France; born, 1897. Secretary to the Ministry of Interior; Director of the Press; Mutasarrif, Hillah Liwa; Director-General of Census; Director-General of

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Foreign Affairs; Director-General of Interior; Mutasarrif, Mosul Liwa; First Secretary to the Royal Legation, Teheran; Consul-General, Beirut; Chargé d'Affaires, Paris, since 1935.



ABDUL AZIZ AL-MUTAIR, Judge, Iraq Court of Cassation; graduated at Koniah Law College. Assistant Public Prosecutor, Najaf Qadha; Assistant Single Judge, Amara Liwa, during the Turkish regime. Appointed Judge, Basrah Civil Courts, 1922; Criminal Magistrate, Basrah; Vice-President, Civil Courts, Basrah and Baghdad; Judge, Iraq Court of Cassation, since August 20th, 1932.



ABDUL AZIZ AL-QASSAB, Deputy; born, Baghdad, 1886; graduated at the Malaki Shahani School, Istanbul, 1905. Appointed on the staff of the Wali (Governor) of Baghdad; Acting Qaimmaqam, Samarra; Qaimmaqam, Samawa, Suwaira, Hindiyah and Zibar Qadhas. After the institution of the Iraq Government, was appointed Qaimmaqam of Kut; Mutasarrif, Kut, Karbala and Muntafiq Liwas; Director-General of Interior; Mutasarrif, Mosul Liwa; Minister of Interior, 1926, in the second and third Sadun Ministries; elected President of the Chamber of Deputies twice; re-appointed Minister of Interior for the third time; Minister of Irrigation and Agriculture; Minister of Justice; Chief Administrative

Inspector; Minister of Interior, 1935; Member of the Chamber of Deputies.



ABDUL BAQI AL-ANI, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1900. Imam, Yasin Mosque, 1928, and Aquliyah Mosque, 1932; Preacher, Baghdad Jails, 1934; Khateeb, Sarajuddin Mosque, 1935; Founder and President, Al-Nashia al-Islamiyah Society, Baghdad; Editor, "Al-Nashia al-Islamiyah" magazine.

ABDUL GHAFUR AL-BADRI, journalist; born, Baghdad, 1890; educated at the Military School, Istanbul. Took part in the Arab and Iraqi Revolutions; Editor, "Al-Istiqlal" newspaper since its publication, 1920; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament.

ABDUL GHANI AL-NAQIB, Deputy. Naqib of Mosul; elected member of the Iraqi Parliament; re-elected, 1935.

ABDUL HALIM AL-HAFATI, well-known Alim. Held various religious appointments; author of religious works.



ABDUL HAMID ABDUL MAJID, Mutasarrif, Amara Liwa; born, 1893; educated at the Teachers' Training College. Fought during the War in the Turkish Army and was taken prisoner by the British Forces. Qaimmaqam, Amadiyah, 1922; Mosul, 1927, and Hai, 1928; Mutasarrif, Arbil, 1930; Kirkuk, 1931; Muntafiq, 1932; Diwaniyah, 1933; Kut, 1935; Amara, October, 1935.



ABDUL HAMID AL-PACHACHI; born, Aleppo, 1896; educated at Istanbul and Budapest. Translator at the Ministry of Waqfs; Accounts Officer, Waqfs Department, 1928; Director of Waqfs, Basrah, 1929; Master of Ceremonies at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, 1930; Director of Waqfs, Baghdad, since 1931.



ABDUL HUSSAIN AL-CHALABI, Senator; born, Kadhimain. Appointed Judge, Kadhimain Court; Member, Administrative and General Council, Baghdad Wilayet. Minister of Education in the first Sadun and the first Hashimi Ministries; Minister of Communications and Works and then Minister of Education in the second Sadun Cabinet; Minister of Education in the second Askari Ministry; Minister of Irrigation and Agriculture; Minister of Education in the fourth Sadun, Suwaidi, two Said, Ayyubi and third Midfai Administrations; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Member of the Senate.



ABDUL HUSSAIN AL-UZKI, well-known writer and poet; born, Baghdad, 1881. Editor,

"Al-Misbah" newspaper, 1911; exiled to Anatolia for his national activities. Author of a "History of Iraq," some historical novels and a collection of verse.

ABDUL ILAH HAFIDH, Dr., Director of Commerce; graduated at the School of Political Sciences, Paris, 1922. Professor of Political Economy, Aal al-Beit University; Professor at the Law College, Baghdad; elected Deputy, 1926; Director of Commerce at the Ministry of Finance, 1935. (Photograph on page 217.)

ABDUL JABBAR AL-AMIN, born, Basrah; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Fought during the Great War in the Turkish Army; after the Armistice joined the Syrian Army. Returned to Iraq and entered the Government service; is at present Assistant Secretary to the Council of Ministers; acted for a time for the Secretary to the Council of Ministers. (Photograph on page 123.)



ABDUL JALIL JAMIL, well-known Alim; born, Baghdad, 1869; studied the literary and religious sciences. Appointed Mudarris (Teacher), Adliyah Mosque, 1893; Asafiyah Mosque, 1910; Mufti, Kadhimain, 1910. After the British Occupation was banished to India, 1917. Lecturer, Aal al-Beit University. Author of several religious works.



ABDUL KADHIM AL-SHAMKHANI, landowner and notable; born, Basrah, 1894,

Engaged in commerce; known for his numerous benefactions; was for a while Deputy in the Iraqi Parliament.



ABDUL KARIM AL-JAZAIRI, Alim; born, Najaf, 1872. Participated in the Iraqi Revolution; author of several religious works; is now one of the most revered ulemas at Najaf.

ABDUL KARIM AL-UZRI, Assistant Chief of the Royal Diwan; born, Kadhimain, 1907; educated at the American University, Beirut, and London University. Secretary to the Iraqi Consulate, Kermanshah; Attaché to the Iraqi Legation, Teheran; Secretary to the Ministry of Education; Assistant Chief of the Royal Diwan.

ABDUL KARIM AS-SADUN, of the well-known Sadun family; was for some years Member of the Senate.



ABDULLAH ABDUL SALAM, born, Amara, 1891; educated at the Law College. Judge, Kadhimain; Attorney, Amara Treasury; was banished to India after the British Occupation. Returned to Iraq after the Armistice and was appointed Judge, Civil Courts, Basrah, Amara and Baghdad; Chief, Legal Drafting Department, Ministry of Justice; Member, Court of Cassation, until his death in 1935.

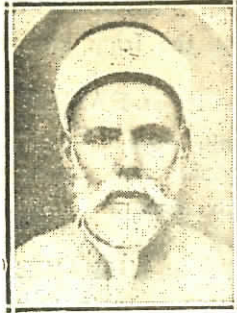


ABDULLAH AL-DAMLUJI, Dr., born, Mosul, 1890; educated at the Military College of Medicine and Haidar Pasha Medical College, Istanbul. Served as a Physician in the Balkan War; compelled to leave Istanbul for his national activities, 1914; went to Najd and entered the service of Sultan Ibn Saud (later H. M. King Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia) as his private Physician and later as his Foreign Minister. Returned to Iraq, 1928; appointed Consul-General in Cairo, 1930; Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1930-31; elected Deputy for Mosul; Director-General of Public Health, 1932; Chief Chamberlain to H. M. the King, 1933; Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1934; re-appointed Director-General of Public Health, 1934 to 1936.



ABDULLAH AL-HAJJ, born, 1900; educated at the American University, Beirut and Columbia University, New York. Teacher, Secondary School, Mosul, and Teachers' Training College; Assistant Chief of the Royal Diwan; re-appointed Teacher, Baghdad Secondary School.

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ABDULLAH AL-NAAMAH, Alim; born, 1873. Engaged in teaching religion at Mosul; author of several religious works; President, Young Men Moslem Association, Mosul.

ABDULLAH AL-SHAWI, Alim and notable; of the well-known Shawi family.

ABDULLAH AWNI ABDUL LATIF, Commandant of Police, Mosul Liwa; born, Baghdad, 1896; educated at the Teachers' Training College and Reserve Officers' School. Fought in the Great War, was taken prisoner at the Siege of Kut and banished to India. Returned to Iraq after the War; joined the Police Force, 1921; Assistant Commandant of Police, 1922; Commandant of Police, 1927, Hillah, Diala, Kirkuk, Baghdad, Muntafiq, and Mosul Liwas. (Photograph on page 501.)



ABDULLAH MUDHAFFAR, has held various administrative appointments; Administrative Inspector, Baghdad Liwa.



ABDULLAH MUHAMMAD AL-YASIN, Shaikh of Al-Mayyah tribes; born, 1895. Participated in the Iraqi Revolution, 1920; Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; elected Deputy several times; re-elected, 1935.



ABDULLAH SAFI AL-YAQUBI, Senator; born, Kirkuk, 1877; educated privately. Appointed Judge, Kirkuk Court of First Instance, 1904; Member, Kirkuk Liwa Administrative Council, 1908; elected Deputy for Kirkuk to the Ottoman Parliament, 1913 to 1918. Returned to Kirkuk after the War; appointed Member of the Senate, 1925.



ABDUL LATIF AL-MANDIL, politician and landowner; born, Zubair, 1868. Engaged in trade; awarded the title of "Pasha" by the Turkish Government, 1913; Minister of Commerce, twice; Minister of Waqfs; Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; Member of the Chamber of Deputies; Senator; withdrew from politics for health reasons.



ABDUL LATIF THINAYAN, well-known scholar and writer. Editor, "Al-Raqib" newspaper, issued in Baghdad before the

Great War; exiled to Fao after the British Occupation; Deputy, 1934; Lecturer, Dar al-Uloom School. Author of an Iraqi vernacular Dictionary and a collection of local proverbs.



ABDUL MAHDI, Sayid, Deputy for Muntafiq; born, Shatra, 1889. Joined the Arab national movement since his youth and participated in the Iraqi Revolution of 1920. Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; Deputy, 1925; re-elected, 1935; Minister of Education, 1926-27 and 1933.

ABDUL MALIK AL-SHAWWAF, well-known Alim. Was President, Shara' Court of Cassation, Baghdad. Author of several religious works.



ABDUL MASIH WAZIR, writer and translator; born, Mardin, 1889; educated at the American College, Aintab. Was a teacher at Mardin and the Lebanon; Translator in Egypt and Iraq; is at present Head, Translation Section, Ministry of Defence. Translated into Arabic several English books.

ABDUL MUHSIN ABU-TABIKH, one of the foremost Sheikhs of Diwaniyah; took part in the Iraqi Revolution; Member of the Senate.

ABDUL MUHSIN AL-SHELASH, former Minister. Engaged in trade; took part in the

Iraqi Revolution; was several times Minister and Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament.

ABDUL MUTTALIB AL-HASHIMI, journalist; born, Baghdad, 1904. Editor, "Al-Huda" magazine, 1928, and subsequently "Al-Kahla" weekly, Amara.

ABDUL QADIR AL-MUMAYIZ, humorous writer. Was Editor, "Abu-Hamad" weekly.

ABDUL QADIR AL-SAYYAB, journalist; Editor, "Al-Nas" newspaper, Basrah.

ABDUL QADIR AS-SINAWI, President, Land Settlement Committee. Held various judicial posts during the Turkish regime and was Legal Adviser to the Turkish Ministry of War. After the institution of the Iraq National Government, occupied several legal posts, i.e., Assistant Judicial Adviser to the Government; Criminal Magistrate, Baghdad; Acting Judicial Inspector; Single Judge, Karbala; President, Civil Courts, Hillah; Criminal Magistrate, Mosul; Legal Draftsman, Ministry of Justice; Judge, Iraq Court of Cassation, 1932; President, Land Settlement Committee, Ministry of Finance, 1936. Was Professor at the Law College, Baghdad; an able jurist and author of legal works.

ABDUL QADIR ISMAIL, writer and journalist; Practises as lawyer; was Editor, "Al-Ahali" newspaper.



ABDUL QADIR RASHID, born, 1894; educated at the Sultani School, Beirut, and the

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Civil Engineering School, Istanbul. Teacher of Mathematics, Sultani School, Basrah; at the outbreak of the Great War entered the Reserve Officers' School; fought at Kut and Iran; taken prisoner, 1917, and exiled to India. Returned to Baghdad after the Armistice; appointed Translator, Council of Ministers' Office; Secretary to the Constituent Assembly; Secretary to the Council of Ministers; Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1932-33; elected Deputy. Is at present Agent for the Rafidain Oil Company, Limited, Baghdad.



ABDUL RAHMAN AL-BANNA, well-known poet; born, Baghdad, 1885. Became famous for his animated national poems during the Iraqi Revolution; Editor, "Baghdad" weekly.



ABDUL RAHMAN KHUDHUR, born, Baghdad, 1898; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Appointed Judge in the Civil Courts, 1926, and was transferred in this capacity to the headquarters of various Qadhas and Liwas; Vice-President, Execution Department, Baghdad. Author of several works on criminal procedure and other judicial subjects.

ABDUL RAZZAQ AL-HASSAN, writer. Author of various works and pamphlets.



ABDUL RAZZAQ AL-HASSANI, historian and writer; born, Baghdad, 1903. Editor, "Al-Fadhila," 1925, and "Al-Faiha," 1927, newspapers. His publications include: "The Devil Worshippers in Iraq"; "History of Iraqi Cities"; "Sabeans in Ancient and Modern Times"; "A Tour in Iraq"; "Popular Songs"; "The Kharijites in Islam"; "History of the Iraqi Ministries"; "History of the Iraqi Press"; "History of the Iraqi Revolution"; "Iraq During the Occupation and Mandatory Regimes"; etc.

ABDUL RAZZAQ AL-NASSIRI, writer; born, Basrah, 1904; educated at the Teachers' High Training College, Baghdad. Teacher in Secondary Schools; Editor, "Nash al-Jadid" magazine, and later "Al-Ayyam" newspaper; has held since then clerical and teaching posts at the Ministry of Education.

ABDUL RAZZAQ HILMI, administrator. Was Mutasarrif of Baghdad and some other Liwas.

ABDUL RAZZAQ MUNIR, notable and landowner. Took part in the Iraqi Revolution; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times.



ABDUL SADAH AL-HUSSAIN, Sheikh of Fattalah tribes, Shamiyah; born, Mahnawiyah, 1884. Participated in the Iraqi Revolution; Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; Deputy, 1935.

ABDUL WAHAB AL-AMIN, Arabic writer,



ABDUL WAHAB as-SAFI, Arabic writer; born, Najaf, 1899. Founder and Chairman of the Scientific Literary Union, Najaf, 1933.

ABDUL WAHAB NADIR, born, Baghdad, 1902; educated at the Teachers' High Training College; specialised in geographical subjects. Teacher, Government Schools.



ABU-BAKR MULLA, Alim; born, Arbil, 1867; engaged in teaching religion. Author of several religious works.

ABUL QASIM al-TABATABAI, Alim and religious leader; born, Tabriz, 1869. One of the most revered ulemas at Najaf; engaged in teaching religion.



AHMAD al-DAUD, born, 1871; studied the Arabic and religious sciences. Filled various

religious posts since his youth; Qaimmaqam, Khanaqin Qadha; participated in the Iraqi National Movement and was exiled to the isle of Hinjam. Elected Member, Constituent Assembly, 1924; Member of the Chamber of Deputies; Minister of Waqfs, 1928-29.



AHMAD al-MUNASIFI, Secretary to the Ministry of Defence; born, 1897. Entered the Iraq Government service, 1921; Secretary to the Ministry of Defence, 1927.



AHMAD al-RAWI, Alim and lawyer; born, Baghdad; studied the literary and religious sciences; graduated at the Baghdad Law College. Elected Deputy in the Iraqi Parliament; practises as lawyer.



AHMAD al-SAFI, well-known poet; born, Najaf, 1896. Lived for some years in Iran, and was teacher of Arabic literature in the Secondary Schools of Teheran. Returned to Iraq and then went to Damascus, Syria, where he is living now. Published his poems in two volumes, "The Waves," and the "Current"; translated into Arabic verse "The Rubaiyat" of Omar Khayyam from the original Persian.

AHMAD HAMID AS-SARRAF, well-known writer; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Director of the Press Bureau at the Ministry of Interior; Public Prosecutor, Basrah Liwa; Vice-President, Land Settlement Committee, Ministry of Finance. Contributed to several reviews and periodicals in Iraq and abroad. Author of a study on Omar Khayyam and an Arabic translation of his "Rubaiyat" from the original Persian; represented Iraq at the Khayyam commemorative festivals held by the Iranian Government.



AHMAD IZZAT AL-ADHAMI, well-known historian and writer; Deputy; educated in Istanbul. Took a leading part in the Arab National Movement; elected Deputy for Baghdad in the Iraqi Parliament. Author of a "History of the Arab Revolution" in several volumes.

AHMAD SHAWQI AL-HUSSAINI, Director of Public Works; born, Mosul, 1896; educated at the Teachers' Training College, Mosul. After the outbreak of the War joined the Turkish Army as Second Lieutenant, saw action in the Rumanian front and was twice wounded. After the Armistice, joined the Arab Army in Syria. Returned to Iraq, 1921; appointed Assistant Engineer at the Public Works Department; promoted District Engineer and subsequently Assistant Director-General of Public Works and Irrigation; Director of Military Works; Director of Public Works since 1935. (Photograph on page 352.)

AHMAD TAWFIQ, Mutasarrif of Arbil Liwa; born, Sulaimani, 1899. Elected Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; appointed Mutasarrif, Sulaimani Liwa, 1925; Mutasarrif, Arbil Liwa, 1935.

AHMAD ZAKI AL-KHAYYAT, Mutasarrif, Hillah Liwa; born, January 14th, 1897; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Appointed Translator in the Directorate-General of Posts and Telegraphs, 1925; Mudir, Kufa Nahiya; Secretary to the Ministry of Education; Qaimmaqam, Hindiyah and Qurnah

Qadhas; Vice-Consul at Mohammerah; Mutasarrif, Kut, Amara and Karbala Liwas; Consul-General in Bombay; Mutasarrif, Hillah Liwa, since 1935. (Photograph on page 494.)



AJIL AL-YAWER, Sheikh of Shammar tribes; born, 1889. Sheikh of Shammar tribes, 1921; Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924. Has done much for the welfare of his tribes.

AKRAM AHMAD, poet; Government official.



ALAUDDIN AL-NAIB, born, 1897; educated at the Law College, Baghdad. Criminal Magistrate, Baghdad, 1929; elected Deputy for Diwanayah, 1932; re-appointed Judge, Civil Courts, 1934; Criminal Magistrate, Baghdad.



ALAUDDIN AL-UMARI AL-UTHMANI, Alim and religious leader; born, Tawila, Halabja Qadha, 1865. One of the most revered teachers of religion; author of religious works.

ALI AL-BAZIRGAN, took part in the Iraqi Revolution; held various administrative appointments and was Mutasarrif and Administrative Inspector.



ALI AL-SHARQI, well-known poet and Aum; born, Shatra, 1892. Member, Shara' Court of Revision, 1928; Qadhi of Basrah, 1933; President, Ja'fari Shara' Court of Revision since 1934. Author of various poetical and historical works.



ALI HAIDAR SULAIMAN, Assistant Director-General of Administration, Ministry of Interior; born, Rawanduz, 1905; educated at the American University of Beirut. Held educational appointments at the Ministry of Education; Superintendent, Private Bureau, Ministry of Interior; Assistant Director-General of Administration, 1935. Author of a "History of Modern European Civilization."

ALI JAWDAT AL-AYYUBI, Minister to the Court of Saint James; born, Mosul, 1886; educated at the Military College, Istanbul. Attached to the General Staff, Baghdad; joined the Arab National Movement since its birth and founded a branch of the Ahd Party at Mosul before the Great War. On the outbreak of the Arab Revolution joined the Hejazian Army, 1916; fought at Medina and Maan; entrusted with the organization of the Hejjanah troops (Camelmen), and was in the vanguard of the army which conquered Damascus, Homs and Aleppo. After the institution of the Syrian Arab Government was appointed Military Governor of Aleppo and then of al-Baqa', Director-General of Police and lastly Agent at Beirut.

Returned afterwards to Iraq and was appointed Mutasarrif, Hillah, and Karbala Liwas; Minister of Interior, 1923; Mutasarrif, Diala and Basrah Liwas; Director-General of Interior; Minister of Finance, 1930; Chief of the Royal Diwan, 1933; Prime Minister, 1934; President of the Chamber of Deputies, 1935; Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to England, 1935. (Photograph on page 130.)

ALI MAHMUD SHAIKH ALI, well-known advocate; elected Deputy for Baghdad in the Iraqi Parliament.

ALI MUHAMMAD KHALID, Commandant of Police, Muntaliq Liwa; born, Baghdad; educated at the Military College, Istanbul. Filled several military appointments; after the Armistice entered the Police service until promoted Commandant of Police. (Photograph on page 505.)

ALI MUMTAZ AL-DAFTARI, Director-General of Revenue; born, Baghdad, 1901; educated at Sultani School and Baghdad Law College. Entered the Government service, March 20th, 1920; Mumayiz, General Section, Accountant-General's Office, November 16th, 1923; Assistant Director-General of Revenue, February 20th, 1930; Director-General of Revenue, June 16th, 1934. Awarded Al-Rafidain Order, Fifth Class, Civil Division, 1932. (Photograph on page 217.)

ALWAN AL-YASIRI, former Minister; Member of the Senate.

AMIN AL-HASHIMI, Assistant Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs. Joined the Posts and Telegraphs service since the Ottoman regime; filled different posts in the Administration until promoted Assistant Director-General. (Photograph on page 327.)

AMIN ZAHEDI, MUHAMMAD, Minister of Economics and Communications; born, Sulaimani, 1880; educated at the Military and Staff Colleges, Istanbul; graduated Captain, 1902. Attached to the Sixth Army, stationed in Baghdad, 1902; Engineer, Saniyah Department, 1903; returned to the Army as a Topographic Officer, 1908; participated in the work of the Bulgaro-Turkish Frontiers Demarcation Committee, 1910, and of the Russo-Turkish Frontiers Demarcation Committee; saw action in the Balkar War as Staff Officer; sent on a Military Mission to France, 1913. On the outbreak of the Great War was attached as Staff Officer to the First Army Corps and took a flying course at St. Stephanus; promoted Major, 1915;

transferred to the General Staff of the Iraq Army, 1915, and took part in most of the battles at the Iraqi Front; Assistant Chief of Staff to the Seventh Army, under the command of Mustafa Kamal Pasha in Palestine, 1917; transferred to the Third Army in the Caucasian Front. After the Armistice, was transferred to the History of War Section and wrote several valuable books on the War of Iraq. Returned to Iraq, 1924; appointed instructor at the Military School; Commandant of the Military School and Training College; Deputy for Sulaimani, 1925; Minister of Communications and Works, 1925 to 1927; Minister of Education, 1927; Minister of Defence, 1929; Minister of Economics and Communications, 1931; Director-General of Economics and Communications, 1933; Minister of Economics and Communications for the sixth time, since March, 1935. (Photograph on page 323.)

AMJAD AL-ZAHAWI, Alim and lawyer; of the well-known Zahawi family. Is at present President of the Shara' Court of Revision; author of various legal works.



ANASTASE MARIE THE CARMELITE, Father, Arabic philologist and scholar; born, Baghdad, August 5th, 1866; educated at the Jesuit Clerical College, Beirut, Chevremont, Belgium, and Montpellier, France; ordained priest. Headmaster of the Carmelite School, Baghdad; contributed to the chief Arabic magazines and reviews in Iraq, Syria and Egypt; published the famous "Lughat al-Arab" review in Baghdad, 1911. Elected Member of the German Oriental Society, 1911; Member of the Arabic Academy, Damascus, and the Royal Academy of Egypt. Possesses a valuable library. Author of a "History of Baghdad," "Religions of the Arabs" and several philological works. Works since some years in composing an Arabic and Arabic-French Dictionaries.

ANTOINE SHAMMAS, Judge, Iraq Court of Cassation. Practised as lawyer; elected Deputy, Constituent Assembly, 1924; Judge, Iraq Court of Cassation, since August 4th, 1925. Was Professor at the Baghdad Law

College; author of legal works. Represented Iraq at the Berlin International Penal Laws' Conference, 1935.

ANWAR KHAYATT, President, Dates Committee, Basrah. Director-General of Agriculture; Inspector-General of Agricultural and Veterinary Affairs, Ministry of Economics and Communications; President, Dates Committee, Basrah, 1935.



ANWAR SHAUL, poet and journalist; born, Baghdad, 1904; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Practises as lawyer; Editor, "Al-Hasid," literary weekly.

ARIF AS-SUWAIDI, Chief Judicial Inspector; born, 1883; educated at the Law College, Istanbul. Practised as lawyer for a short period in Istanbul; appointed Public Prosecutor, Darsam Liwa; Assistant Public Prosecutor of Appeal, Bitlis Wilayet; Professor at the Baghdad Law College. Qaimmaqam, Kut, Kadhimain and Eski-Sham Qadhas. Judge at the Court of Appeal, Damascus; Peace Judge, and subsequently Judge at Istanbul. Returned to Baghdad after the Great War and practised as lawyer; appointed Peace Judge, Baghdad, 1921; Judge, Iraqi Court of Cassation, 1922; Chief Judicial Inspector since 1932. (Photograph on page 286.)



ARIF HIKMAT, entered the Government service before the Great War, and held an appointment at the Ministry of Interior, Istanbul. Joined later the Arab Government instituted at Damascus. Returned to Baghdad, 1919; participated in the Iraqi Revolution and was

imprisoned and exiled to Fao. After the institution of the Iraqi Government was appointed Qaimmaqam and served in that capacity at Abu-Sukhair, Anah and Samawah; Mutassarif, Dulaim Liwa; Director-General of Jails; elected Deputy for Baghdad, 1931.



ARSHAD AL-UMARI, Director-General of Municipalities; born, April 9th, 1888; graduated at the Royal Engineering High School, Istanbul, 1912. Engineer, Istanbul Municipality; returned to Mosul, 1919; elected Deputy, 1925; Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, 1925; Amin al-Asimah (Mayor of Baghdad), 1931; Director-General of Irrigation and Survey, 1933; Minister of Economics and Communications, 1934-35; Deputy for Dulaim, 1934-35; Director-General of Municipalities at the Ministry of Interior, 1936. Participated in founding many associations, of which the Iraq Red Crescent Society, whose chairmanship he holds since its foundation in 1932.



ASIF QASIM AGHA, Senator. Appointed in his youth on the staff of the Ministry of Justice, and was Investigating Magistrate in Baghdad and Mosul; was subsequently transferred to the Administration and appointed Qaimmaqam at Zibar, Dohuk, Rania, Aqra, Sinjar, Zakho and Amadiya Qadhas; resigned his post on account of his disagreement

with the Young Turks and was elected Member of the Mosul Wilayet Administrative Council. After the War, took part in Iraq's National Movement; elected Deputy to the Constituent Assembly, 1924. One of the founders of the National Defence Committee in Mosul, which organised a propaganda campaign for the annexation of Mosul to Iraq; Member of the Iraqi Senate, since 1925.

ASIM AL-CHALABI, born, Baghdad, 1893; graduated at the Malaki School, Istanbul, 1913. Held various posts during the Ottoman Government regime; returned to Baghdad after the Armistice; filled since then various educational and teaching appointments; Director of Education, Baghdad Area. (Photograph on page 399.)



ATTA AMIN, Counsellor of the Iraqi Legation in London, and Arabic writer; born, Baghdad, December 15th, 1897; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Appointed Assistant Private Secretary to H. M. the King, 1921; Secretary to the Iraq Legation in London, 1925; Legal Draftsman at the Ministry of Justice, 1927; re-appointed Secretary of Legation, 1928, and served in that capacity in London, Ankara and Rome; Counsellor of Legation, London, 1935. Acted for some time as Chargé d'Affaires in London and Ankara. Further, is a well-known writer and contributed to many papers and reviews.



AZIZ YAQUB, born, 1885; Chief of Fishkhabur tribes.

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BAHAUDDIN AL-NAQSHABANDI, born, 1854; a revered Alim; engaged in teaching religion at Amadiyah.



BAHAUDDIN SHAIKH SAID, Alim, Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Vice-President, "Al-Hidayah al-Islamiyah Society," Baghdad.

BAHJAT AL-ATHARI, MUHAMMAD, writer; born, Baghdad, 1902. Edited a literary newspaper; Teacher, Central Secondary School, Baghdad; travelled to Syria, Palestine, Egypt, Greece and Turkey; one of the founders of the Young Men Moslem Association, Baghdad; elected Member, Arabic Academy, Damascus; Delegate to the General Islamic Conference, Jerusalem. Author of books on Arabic Literature, a "History of the Mosques of Iraq," etc.

BAHJAT ZAINAL, eminent lawyer, President, Bar Association. Took part in the Arab National Movement; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; elected to the Presidency of the Bar Association three times. (Photograph on page 298.)

BAKR SIDQI AL-ASKARI, Major-General; graduated, as Second Lieutenant (Cavalry), at the Ottoman Military College, 1908, and at the Staff College, 1915. Fought at Gallipoli during the Great War; joined the Syrian Army, 1919, and the Iraq Army with the rank of Captain, 1921. Served with distinction in all the operations of the Iraq Army;

Army District Commander since 1930. Followed the courses of the Senior Officers' School, India, and the Camberley Staff College, England. Promoted Major-General, 1936. (Photograph on page 307.)

BAQIR AL-SHABIBI, well-known poet and writer; Vice-President, Chamber of Deputies. Participated in the Iraqi Revolution; was Inspector, Arabic Language, at the Ministry of Education; elected Deputy; Vice-President of the Chamber since 1935.



BELL, G. F. St. J., Managing Director of the Iraq Racing Company, Limited. Prior to the War was a Racing Official in England; served with the Norfolk Regiment during the War, and came to Iraq in January, 1916; Political Officer, Baqubah and Kut, and Magistrate, Basrah, 1918 to 1921; handicapper, 1918, and Manager of the Races in Iraq, since 1921.

D

DARWISH LUTFI RIFAAT, Commandant of Police, Diala Liwa; born, 1892; educated at the Teachers' Training College and Reserve Officers' School, Baghdad, Fought in the Great War; Assistant Commandant of Police, 1921; Commandant of Police, 1925, Hillah, Mosul, Diwanayah, Kirkuk, Arbil and Basrah Liwas; Commandant of Railway Police; transferred to Diala Liwa. (Photograph on page 491.)



DAUD AL-CHALABI, Dr., Arabic scholar; born, Mosul, December 16th, 1879; educated at

the Military School of Medicine, Istanbul. Served as Physician in the Ottoman Army until the end of the Great War. Member of the Constituent Assembly; was Director of Medical Affairs, Iraq Army, with the rank of Colonel, and Director-General of Public Health; retired on pension, 1933; awarded Al-Rafidain Order, Fourth Class, Military Division. His publications include "The Manuscripts of Mosul" and other works.



DAUD AL-HAIDARI, of the well-known Kurdish Haidari family; son of the late Ibrahim al-Haidari, Sheikh al-Islam in the Turkish Government and Minister of Waqfs in the Iraq Government. Held several posts in the Ottoman and Iraqi Governments; was several times Deputy and Minister of Justice; is at present Legal Counsellor to the British Oil Development Company, Limited.



DAUD AL-JAF; born, 1894; one of the heads of the Kurdish Jaf tribes. Elected Deputy for Kirkuk, 1935.

DAUD AL-SAADI, practised as lawyer; elected Deputy for Hillah, 1935; Legal Draftsman, Ministry of Justice, since 1936.



DAUD SAMRA, Vice-President, Iraq Court of Cassation; born, Baghdad, 1878; graduated at Istanbul Law College, 1904. Appointed Judge at the Mosul and Baghdad Courts of Revision during the Turkish regime. Judge, Baghdad Civil Court, January 1st, 1918; Judge, Iraq Court of Cassation, November 1st, 1919; Vice-President, Iraq Court of Cassation since April 1st, 1923; was Professor at the Law College, Baghdad. Author of several juridical works and considered one of the greatest Iraqi jurists. Awarded Al-Rafidain Order, Fourth Class, Civil Division.

DHIAUDDIN YUNIS, Secretary to the Council of Ministers; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Held various Government posts; elected Deputy for Mosul; Secretary to the Council of Ministers, 1936.

E



ELIAHOO DANGOOR, well-known publisher; born, Baghdad, 1885. His father the late Chief Rabbi Ezra Dangoor was one of the pioneers of printing in Iraq. Engaged in trade since his youth; founded several printing presses and undertook the publication of many Arabic books; proprietor of "Al-Dalil" weekly and of the present "Iraq Directory."

EMET SAID, Teacher, Secondary Girls' Schools; Director of Girls' Teaching at the Ministry of Education; Headmistress, Central Secondary School for Girls, Baghdad.



EZRA HADDAD, writer. Teacher; Headmaster, Wataniyah School, Baghdad. Contributed to several periodicals and reviews.

EZRA MENAHEM DANIEL, of the well-known Daniel family; Member of the Senate.

F

FADHIL AL-JAMALI, Dr., Inspector-General of Education; educated in America. Held various educational appointments; was Director-General of Education. (Photograph on page 399.)

FAHMI AL-MUDARRIS, one of the foremost Iraqi writers; born, 1873. Manager, Government Press, Baghdad and Rhodes; Editor, "Al-Zawra" official gazette; Member, Education Council; Professor, Istanbul University. After the institution of the Iraqi Government was appointed Chief Chamberlain to H. M. the King, 1921; Dean, Aal al-Bait University, 1924 to 1930; Director-General of Education. Author of several literary and political works.



FAIQ SHAKIR, Dr., Civil Surgeon, Baghdad Liwa; educated at the Military School of Medicine, Istanbul, 1910 to 1915; graduated

with the rank of Captain. Appointed Assistant Director, Health Institute, Diar-Bekr; Health Counsellor to the Fourth Regiment. Returned to Iraq after the Great War and was appointed Medical Officer, Arbil; Eye Specialist, Royal Hospital, Baghdad; Director, Karbala Hospital; Civil Surgeon, Karbala Liwa; Medical Officer of Jails; elected Deputy for Dulaim in the Iraqi Parliament; Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs; transferred Civil Surgeon, Kirkuk and Baghdad Liwas.

FAKHRI AL-JAMIL, of a well-known Baghdadi family; was Minister without portfolio, Senator and Deputy.

G

GEORGE GEORGI, Legal Draftsman; born, Baghdad, June 18th, 1894; educated at the Baghdad Law College and School of Economic and Political Sciences, London. Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, 1927 to 1930; Director of Economics and Commerce, 1930 to 1933; Director-General of Census at the Ministry of Interior, 1933-34; Director of Commerce at the Ministry of Finance, 1934; Accountant-General, 1935; Legal Draftsman at the Ministry of Justice, 1936. (Photograph on page 217.)

GHALIB QASIM, Commandant of Police, Sulaimani Liwa; born, 1897; educated at the Military and the Reserve Officers' Schools, Baghdad. Appointed Military Attaché to the Ottoman Legation in Teheran. After the War appointed as Intelligence Officer; Assistant Commandant of Police, 1924; Commandant of Police, Arbil, Muntafiq and Sulaimani Liwas.



GHIATHUDDIN AL-NAQSHABANDI, Deputy. Elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament, 1930; re-elected, 1935.

H



HABIB AL-KHAIZARAN, Sheikh of Azzah tribes; born, Udham, Diala Liwa, 1895. Took part in the Iraqi Revolution; appointed Qaimmaqam, Daltawa Qadha; elected Member of the Constituent Assembly; Deputy for Diala in the Iraqi Parliament.

HABIB AL-UBAIDI, well-known poet and writer, Mufti of Mosul, Member of the Chamber of Deputies; born, Mosul, of the well-known Ubaidi family. Appointed Mufti of Mosul; elected Deputy for Mosul Liwa, 1935. Author of several publications.



HAFIDH JAMIL, poet; born, Baghdad, 1906; graduated at the American University of Beirut, 1928. Teacher in Government Schools; Income Tax Assessor, Ministry of Finance. Published "Al-Jamilyat," a poetical collection.

HAJRI DADA, a Kurdish notable of Kirkuk and poet in Turkish and Kurdish.

HAMDY AL-ADHAMI, eminent lawyer; was Director of Waqfs, Baghdad, and Professor at the Baghdad Law College. Author of an "Index to Iraqi Laws."

HAMDY AL-PACHACHI, Deputy; born, Baghdad, 1886; graduated at the Shahani Malaki School, Istanbul, 1909. Professor, Baghdad Law College; Qaimmaqam, Kadhimain, 1913; took part in the Arab Independence

Movement and later in the Iraqi Revolution, and was banished to the isle of Hinjam. Elected Deputy; Minister of Waqfs and Acting Minister of Defence; re-elected Deputy for Baghdad Liwa, 1935.

HAMDY SADRUDIN, Public Prosecutor, Baghdad. Took part in the Arab Revolution; practised as lawyer; has held various appointments at the Ministry of Justice.



HAMED AL-NAQIB, Deputy for Basrah; born, 1890. Engaged in agriculture and commerce; elected Deputy, 1930; re-elected, 1935.



HANNA KHAYATT, Dr., Dean, Royal College of Medicine and Director, Royal Hospital, Baghdad; born, Mosul, January 10th, 1884; graduated at the French University of Beirut, 1903; M.D., Paris and Istanbul Universities, 1908. Member of the Medical and Surgical Society, Brussels; Vice-President, Red Crescent Society and Director, Royal Hospital, Mosul Wilayet, 1914 to 1919. Minister of Health, 1922; Director-General of Public Health, 1922 to 1931; Director-General of Foreign Affairs, 1931; Inspector-General of Health, 1933; Dean, Royal College of Medicine and Director, Royal Hospital, Baghdad, 1934. Professor of Medical Jurisprudence at the Law and Medicine Colleges, Baghdad.

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HASHIM AL-ALAWI, Director-General of Police; born, 1887; graduated at Istanbul Military College with the rank of Second Lieutenant, 1909. Filled several military appointments during the Turkish regime. Commandant of Police, Karbala, 1922, and Muntafiq; Qaimmaqam, Samawa Qadha, 1924; Assistant Director-General of Police, 1924 to 1935; Mutasarrif, Diwaniyah Lrwa, 1935; Director-General of Police. (Photograph on page 157.)



HASHIM AL-ALUSI, born, Baghdad, 1900; educated in Istanbul and at the Teachers' High Training College, Baghdad. Teacher, Secondary Schools; Headmaster, Intermediate Schools; Assistant Director of Education, Baghdad Area; Inspector of Education since 1935. (Photograph on page 399.)

HASHIM AL-NAQIB, Naqib of Basrah; born, Basrah, 1875. Holder of several Ottoman orders and decorations; was Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament.



HASSAN AL-SUHAIL, one of the foremost Iraqi tribal chiefs; born, Agarguf, 1890. Sheikh of the Bani Tamim tribes; elected Deputy for Baghdad, 1932; re-elected, 1935.

HASSAN GHASIBA, writer and journalist; Editor, "Al-Asimah" newspaper; took part in the Iraqi Revolution; practised as lawyer; entered the Government service and appointed Qaimmaqam.



HASSAN RIDHA, Judge, Iraqi Court of Cassation. Practised as lawyer; founded, and worked in, many associations; appointed Judge, Iraqi Court of Cassation.

HASSAN SAMI AL-TATAR, Vice-President, Civil Courts, Baghdad; born, Baghdad, 1895; educated at the Law College. Fought as a Reserve Officer in the Great War; Peace Judge, Baghdad and Karrada; Judge, Kadhimain; Public Prosecutor; Judge, Court of Sessions; Criminal Magistrate, Baghdad; Judicial Inspector; Director-General of Jails; President, Civil Courts, Diala; Acting Prosecutor-General; Judicial Inspector; Vice-President, Baghdad Civil Courts.

HAY, CHARLES JOHN BRUCE, Major-General, C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O., F.R.G.S.; Fellow, Royal Empire Society; Fellow, Royal Institute of International Affairs; Officer of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem; Inspector-General, Iraq Army and Head of the British Military Mission since 1934; born, Rous Leuch Court, near Evesham, May 18th, 1877; educated at Wellington College, Royal Military College, Sandhurst, and Staff College. Entered the Army, 1897; on deputation to Canadian Militia, 1900-10; extra Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for Coronation Durbar, Delhi, 1911; Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, India, 1912 to 1914; Brigade-Major, 28th Infantry Brigade, 9th (Scottish) Division, 1914-15; General Staff Officer, Second Grade, 12th Division, 1916; First Grade, 12th Division, 1917; First Grade, Headquarters, Aden Field Force, 1917; First Grade, General Headquarters, Iraq Expeditionary Force, 1917 to 1919; Colonel on the Staff, General Staff, 1923 to 1927; Commanded 10th (Jubbulpore) Infantry Brigade, 1927 to 1929; Sind (Independent) Brigade Area, 1929 to 1931; Lucknow District, 1931 to 1934; Major-General, 1928. (Photograph on page 306.)

HAZIM SHAMDIN AGHA, of a well-known Kurdish family; Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament.



HIBATUDDIN AL-SHAHRISTANI, Alim and eminent writer; born, Samarra, 1884; educated at Najaf. Editor, "Al-Ilm" magazine, 1910 to 1912; visited Arabia and India, 1912 to 1914; took a prominent part in the Iraqi Revolution; Minister of Education; President, Ja'fari Shara' Court of Cassation, 1923 to 1934; Deputy for Baghdad, 1935. Author of several religious and literary works.



HIBATULLAH AL-MUFTI, well-known Alim; born, 1880. Mufti of Aqrah, 1925; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament, 1925; re-elected, 1928, 1933 and 1934.



HIKMAT SULAIMAN, born, 1889; educated at Istanbul University. Filled several appointments during the Ottoman regime; returned to Iraq after the Great War; Director-General of Posts, 1922; Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, 1923 to 1925; elected Deputy, 1925; Minister of Education;

Minister of Interior; President of the Chamber of Deputies; Minister of Justice; Minister of Interior in the two Gailani Ministries; published "Al-Bayan" newspaper.

HISAMUDDIN JUM'AH, Mutasarrif of Kirkuk Liwa; born, 1898. Joined the Army and was Artillery Officer in the Turkish and the Syrian Armies. Returned to Iraq after the War and joined the Police Force; Assistant-Commandant of Police, 1921; Commandant of Police; Director-General of Jails, 1932; Mutasarrif, Kirkuk Liwa. (Photograph on page 498.)

HUSSAIN AFNAN, Land Settlement Officer, Iraq Railways. Has held various Government appointments; was Secretary to the Council of Ministers, Master of Ceremonies at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs, and First Secretary of Legation, London and Ankara; acted for a time as Chargé d'Affaires in London.



HUSSAIN AL-DHANIFI, poet; born, Baghdad, 1909; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Practised as lawyer; appointed Judge, Civil Courts, 1935.



HUSSAIN AL-RAFEEI, of a well-known family of Najaf; Naqib of Najaf; elected Deputy for Karbala, 1935.

HUSSAIN AL-RAHHAL, writer; Editor, "As-Saheefa" newspaper; is at present Translator, Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

HUSSAIN AL-SHABIBI, poet, born at Najaf. Teacher in Government Schools; Official, Ministry of Finance.

I



IBRAHIM ADHAM AL-ZALLAWI, poet; born, Baghdad; graduated at Aal al-Beit University, 1930. Contributed to various papers and magazines.

IBRAHIM AL-KABIR, Acting Chief Accountant, Iraq Railways; born, Baghdad, July 8th, 1885; educated at the Law College. Accountant, the Eastern Bank, Limited, Baghdad, 1912; entrusted by the Government during the Great War with the mission of liquidating foreign companies in Baghdad; Assistant Accountant-General, 1921; deputed to Istanbul and Geneva on a mission relating to the limitation of Iraq's share of the Ottoman debts, 1924; Accountant-General, 1927 to 1934; took a prominent part in the settlement of Iraq's share of the Ottoman debts and in the institution of Iraq's national currency; transferred to the Railways Administration, 1934; Acting Chief Accountant, Iraq Railways, 1936.



IBRAHIM AL-RAWI, Alim and religious leader; born, Rawah, 1860; educated at Baghdad, Mosul and Damascus; is actually Mudarris (Teacher), Sayid Sultan Ali Mosque and one of the most revered ulemas of Iraq. Author of several religious works, including a book on "Islamic Philosophy."



IBRAHIM AL-WALIDHI, born, 1895; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Practises as lawyer; Deputy for Hillah in the Iraqi Parliament, 1930.



IBRAHIM AL-TARDASTLI, born, Mosul, 1877. Engaged in trade; one of the founders of the Independence Party, Mosul; elected Deputy for Mosul, 1930.



IBRAHIM HAIM, Deputy for Baghdad Liwa; born, Baghdad, 1878; graduated at the A'dadi Malaki School, 1897. Entered the Government service, 1897; employed at the German Railway Administration, 1909 to 1917. Assistant Political Governor, Hillah, 1917; Superintendent to the Ministry of Finance, 1920; Director of Pensions, 1923; Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Finance, 1925; Director of Personnel at the Ministry of Finance, 1926; Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Irrigation and Agriculture, 1928 to 1930; elected Deputy, 1930, and re-elected without interruption since then; Rapporteur to the Financial Committee of the Chamber.

IBRAHIM HILMI AL-UMAR, Acting Director of Propaganda and Publication at the Ministry of Interior, journalist and well-known writer; born, 1895. Editor, "Al-Nahdha," organ of the Ahd Party, 1913; contributed to many newspapers and magazines in Iraq, Syria and Egypt; Editor, "Al-Hayat" magazine, and "Lisan al-Arab," "Al-Mufid," "Al-Amal" and "Nida al-Shaab" newspapers. Took part in the Arab National Movement and was imprisoned and exiled several times for his national tendencies. Entered the Government service, 1927; Head of the Press Bureau, Ministry of Interior, 1931; Acting Director of Propaganda and Publication, 1935. (Photograph on page 152.)

IBRAHIM ISMAIL JAMIL, Director of Education, Hillah Area; born, Baghdad, 1907; educated at the American University of Beirut. Teacher, Central Secondary School, Baghdad, and Mosul Secondary School; Headmaster, Mosul and Baghdad Secondary Schools; Director of Education, Dulaim, Mosul and Hillah Areas.

IBRAHIM KAMAL, Director-General of Customs and Excise. Joined the Army; took part in the Arab National Movement; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Finance; Director-General of Finance; Director-General of Customs and Excise.

IBRAHIM SALIH SHUKUR, well-known writer and journalist. Editor, "Al-Nashiah," "Al-Zaman" and "Al-Mustaqbal" newspapers. Qaimmaqam, Samarra Qadha, and

IGNATIUS IFRAM BARSUM I, Orthodox Syrian Patriarch; born, Mosul, June 5th, 1887; educated at the Patriarchal School, Mardin. Bishop of Syria, 1918; deputed as Patriarchal Delegate to Europe, 1919, and to America, 1927; Patriarch of the Orthodox Syrian Community, 1933. Held as an authority on oriental studies; Member of the Oriental Institute, Chicago; Member of the Arabic Academy, Damascus, 1933. (Photograph on page 472.)



ISMAIL AL-WAIDH, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1880. Member, Diwaniyah Court of First Instance, 1900; Mufti of Hillah, 1908; Mufti of Diwaniyah, 1910; Director of Orphans' Affairs, Baghdad, 1920; Qadhi, Shahraban; Khateeb, Murjan Mosque, 1936. Author of some religious works.

ISMAIL RASHED, Arabic writer; contributed to many periodicals and reviews.

IZZUDDIN AL-NAQIB, Naqib of Mandali, elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times.

J



JAFAR ABUL-TIMMAN, born, Baghdad, 1881, of a well-known family. Engaged in business since his youth; one of the leaders of the National Movement and of the Iraqi Revolution, 1920; went to the Hejaz, and on his return was appointed Minister of Commerce, 1922; Member of the Chamber of Deputies; Vice-President, Baghdad Chamber of Commerce; President, Baghdad Chamber of Commerce since 1935.

JAFAR AL-ASKARI, Major-General, Minister of Defence; born, Baghdad, 1885; educated at the Military and Staff Colleges, Istanbul; graduated as Officer in the Turkish Army, 1904. Member of the Military Mission to

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Germany, 1910 to 1912; fought in the Balkan War; Instructor, Officers' School, Aleppo, 1913; joined the Staff College, 1914. On the outbreak of the Great War was attached to the General Staff; sent to the North African Front, 1915. Joined the Hejazian Army, 1917; in command of the Regular Forces, Northern Army. After the Armistice was Military Governor of Trans-jordan; Military Governor of Aleppo, 1919; Chief Chamberlain to H. M. King Faisal in Syria, 1920; accompanied King Faisal to Europe, 1920. Returned to Iraq and was appointed Minister of Defence, 1920; Delegate to the Cairo Conference, 1921; Delegate to the Lausanne Conference, 1922-23; Mutasarrif and Military Commander, Mosul; Prime Minister, 1923; Diplomatic Agent in London, 1925; Prime Minister, 1926; Minister to England, 1928; Minister of Foreign Affairs and Defence, 1930; deputed on an economic mission to Iran, 1930; President, Chamber of Deputies; re-appointed Minister in London, 1931; Minister of Defence and Foreign Affairs; Minister to England once more; Senator, 1934; Minister of Defence since 1935. (Photograph on page 302.)

JAFAR AL-KHALILI, journalist; born, Najaf; Editor, "Al-Fajr as-Sadiq," 1930, and "Al-Hatif" newspapers.

JAFAR HAMANDI, Mutasarrif of Kut Liwa; born, Baghdad, 1894; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Held various posts in Civil and Shara' Courts before resigning on account of the Iraqi Revolution in which he participated; returned to judicial service, 1921; Director of Legal Affairs at the Ministry of Interior, 1928; Judge, Civil Courts, 1929; Qaimmaqam, Najaf Qadha, 1930; Qalat-Sikar Qadha, 1933; Mandali Qadha; Administrative Inspector, Basrah, 1935; Mutasarrif, Kut Liwa, 1936. (Photograph on page 500.)

JAFAR MAHDI KHAYYAT, Director of Education, Kirkuk Area; born, Baghdad, 1907; educated at the American University of Beirut and California University. Teacher, Teachers' Training College, 1931; Acting Headmaster, 1933; Director of Education, 1934; Mutasarrif of Karbala Liwas and then



JALAL AL-HANAFI, writer; born, Baghdad, 1912. Secretary to "Al-Nashiah al-Islamiyah" Society and Editor of its organ "Al-Nashiah" magazine.

JALAL BABAN, Director-General of Economics; born, 1892, of the well-known Kurdish Baban family; graduated as Artillery Officer, 1912. Saw action in the Balkan War and subsequently in the Great War at the Caucasian and Iraqi Fronts. Returned to Iraq after the Armistice, joined the Ahd Party and took part in the National Movement; one of the founders of the Independence Guards' Party; exiled for a year to the isle of Hinjam in the Indian Ocean. After the institution of the Iraqi National Government, was appointed Qaimmaqam, 1921; Mutasarrif, 1927; Administrative Inspector; Minister of Economics and Communications, 1932-33; Minister of Defence, 1933; Minister of Education, 1934; elected Deputy for Arbil; Director-General of Finance, 1934; Director-General of Economics, 1935. (Photograph on page 324.)



JALAL KHALID, educated in Syria and at the Law College, Baghdad. Joined the Hejazian Army; returned to Baghdad, 1921; served in the Ministry of Education and at the Royal Palace; Mudir of Nahiyah; Qaimmaqam, Shatt'al-Arab, Shaibah, Shaikhan, and Sinjar since 1935.



JAMAL BABAN, born, 1893, of the well-known Baban family; educated at the Law College. Was Reserve Officer in the Turkish Army during the War. Appointed Judge, Civil Courts, 1924; elected Deputy. Minister of Justice in the first and second Said Ministries, 1930 and 1931, in the first and second Midfai Ministries, 1933 and 1934, and in the Ayyubi Ministry, 1934. Practising as lawyer since retiring from office in 1935.

JAMIL AL-MIDFAI, Senator; born, Mosul, 1890; educated at the Engineering School, Istanbul; graduated as an Artillery Officer. Saw action in the Balkan War; appointed Teacher of Artillery at the Baghdad Military School; fought at the Caucasian and the Palestinian Fronts in the Great War. On the outbreak of the Arab Revolution joined the Hejazian Army and was Artillery Commander in the late King Faisal's Army. After the conquest of Syria was appointed to the command of Damascus and later as Military Counsellor to H. M. King Faisal. After his return to Iraq was one of the leaders of the Iraqi Revolution; excluded from the general amnesty, went to Transjordan where he was appointed Military Governor and Mutasarrif of Al-Karak, Director of Public Security and Mutasarrif of As-Salt. Was pardoned and returned to Iraq, 1923; Mutasarrif, Muntafiq, Amara, Diwanayah, Diala and Baghdad Liwas; Minister of Interior and of Finance; elected President of the Chamber of Deputies thrice; Prime Minister three times; Minister of Defence, 1934-35; appointed Member of the Senate.

JAMIL AL-AZZAWI, Director-General of Census; born, 1889. Entered the Government service, 1908; Qaimmaqam, Hindiyah, 1921, Hai and Shamiyah Qadhas; Mutasarrif, Diwanayah Liwa; Director-General of Census, 1927; Mutasarrif, Hillah Liwa; re-appointed Director-General of Census. (Photograph on page 200.)



JAMIL AL-FAKHRI, born, Mosul, 1869. Held judicial appointments in Mosul for 25 years; Member, Municipal and Administrative Councils, Mosul; elected Deputy for Mosul in the Iraqi Parliament.

JAMIL AL-RAWI, was Officer in the Turkish Army; on the outbreak of the Arab Revolu-

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tion, joined the Hejazian Army and was later promoted to the rank of Brigadier. Returned to Iraq and held a high post at the Royal Palace; Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Minister of Communications and Works, and of Defence; Mutasarrif, Kirkuk and Kut Liwas.



JAMIL AL-WADI, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs; born, 1891; educated at the Law College, Istanbul. Appointed Public Prosecutor, Adana; joined the Reserve Officers' School at the outbreak of the Great War, and was subsequently attached as Legal Adviser to the Fourth Regiment; transferred in the same capacity to the Hejaz Expeditionary Force. After the Armistice held various judicial posts in the National Syrian Government. Returned to Iraq, 1920; appointed Criminal Magistrate, Baghdad; Judge, Court of First Instance, Baghdad and Basrah; Peace Judge, Baghdad Liwa; Director-General of Waqfs; Director-General of Tapu; Minister of Justice; Director-General of State Domains; Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs since 1935.



JAMIL RUHI, born, Baghdad, 1892; educated at the Military College, Istanbul. Fought in the Great War as Artillery Officer; Aide-de-Camp to the Chief of the General Staff, 1921; Aide-de-Camp to the Minister of Defence; Aide-de-Camp to the Prime Minister; Qaimmaqam, Kifri Qadha, 1935.



JAMIL SIDQI AL-ZAHAWI, famous poet and philosopher; born, Baghdad, June 18th, 1863. Member, Education Council, 1887; Director, Vilayet Press, Baghdad, and Editor, "Al-Zawra" official gazette, 1890; Member, Baghdad Court of Appeal, 1892; sent on a mission to Yemen; was exiled and persecuted for his liberal views during the despotic Hamidi regime; after the proclamation of the Constitution in Turkey was appointed Professor of Islamic Philosophy at the "Malaki" School, and Professor of Arabic Literature at Istanbul University, 1908; returned to Baghdad and was appointed Professor at the Law School, 1910; Deputy to the Ottoman Parliament, 1911. After the Armistice was appointed Member, Education Council; President, Ottoman Laws' Translation Committee; Senator, 1925 to 1929; died in Baghdad, February 23rd, 1936. Contributed to the largest magazines and reviews in Iraq, Syria, Egypt and Turkey. His many publications include: "Al-Kalim ul-Mandhum," "Rubaiyat," "Al-Mujmal Mimma Ara," "Al-Lubab," "Al-Awshal," a translation in verse of Khayyam's "Rubaiyat," "The Universe," "The True Dawn," "Gravitation and Its Explanation," "General Repulsion and Natural and Astronomical Phenomena," etc.

K



KADHIM AL-DUJAILI, Vice-Consul of Iraq at Haifa, and well-known poet and writer; born, Sumaika, March 10th, 1887; educated at the Law College, Baghdad. Contributed

to various papers and magazines since 1908; edited "Al-Irshad" and "Baghdad" newspapers, and then joined Father Anas-tase-Marie the Carmelite in editing the famous "Lughat al-Arab" magazine, 1912. In 1920 appointed Editor of the "Judicial Magazine" published by the Ministry of Justice and subsequently Editor of the "Iraq Government Gazette"; elected Member of the Arabic Academy of Damascus, 1922; Professor of Arabic, London School of Oriental Studies, 1924; Secretary to the Royal Iraqi Legation, London; Tutor to H. R. H. the Crown Prince (afterwards H. M. King Ghazi I) during his stay in London, 1926 to 1928; Supervisor of the Iraqi Educational Mission, London; Vice-Consul of Iraq at Mohammerah, Damascus and Haifa. Member of several learned societies and author of poetical works and studies on the cities, communities, and traditions of Iraq, etc.

KADOORIE, SIR ELLY, K.B.E., Commandeur de la Légion d'Honneur; well-known philanthropist; born, Baghdad, June 13th, 1865. Left Baghdad since about 50 years; engaged in commerce and met with enormous success; founded schools, asylums and hospitals in Iraq, Syria, Portugal, China, India, Turkey, Iran, France, England, etc. Awarded many orders and decorations. His charitable institutions in Iraq include the following:—**BAGHDAD**: Laura Kadoorie School for Girls, Laura Kadoorie Atelier, Rima Kadoorie Eye Hospital, Silas Kadoorie Institute for Blinds, and Laura Kadoorie Club. **BASRAH**: Silas Kadoorie School for Boys, Rima Kadoorie School for Girls, and Laura Kadoorie Atelier. **MOSUL**: Lawrence Kadoorie School for Boys, Rima Kadoorie School for Girls, and Laura Kadoorie Atelier. **KIRKUK**: Horace Kadoorie School for Boys and Laura Kadoorie School for Girls. (Photograph on page 462.)



KAMAL AL-TAI, born, Baghdad, 1903; has filled different religious appointments; Lecturer, Dar al-Uloum School; Secretary to "Al-Hidayah al-Islamiyah Society" and Editor of its organ "Al-Hidayah" magazine.

KAMAL NASRAT, poet and writer; was Editor, "Al-Rusafa" magazine.

KAMIL AL-GAILANI, Consul-General in Istanbul. Secretary to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs; Consul at Kermanshah and Mohammerah; Consul-General in Beirut; Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General at Jeddah; Consul-General in Istanbul, 1936.



KARIM AL-JAF, born 1887; one of the foremost chiefs of the Jaf tribes.



KHAIRI AL-HINDAWI, well-known poet and administrator; born, Basaida, 1886. Fought in the Great War; took part in the Iraqi Revolution and was banished to the isle of Hinjam; after his return was appointed Mudir of Nahiyah; promoted Qaimmaqam and Mutasarrif; transferred to the Ministry of Finance and appointed President, Land Settlement Committee.

KHAIRUDDIN AL-UMARI, of a well-known family of Mosul; was Deputy in the Iraqi Parliament; Mayor of Mosul.

KHALAF SHAWQI AL-DAUDI, writer; born, 1898. Fought in the Great War, taken prisoner and banished to India; returned to Iraq after the Armistice. Arabic Editor, "The Iraq Times" and "The Baghdad Times," Baghdad; Editor, "Shatt al-Arab" magazine, Basrah. Appointed Translator, Ministry of Finance; Financial Inspector; Financial Secretary to the Ministry of Economics and Communications. (Photograph on page 327.)

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KHALID SULAIMAN, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in Teheran; born, 1877; educated at the Military College, Istanbul. Elected Deputy in the Ottoman Parliament. After the War returned to Iraq and was elected Member of the Chamber of Deputies; Minister of Education, 1929; Minister of Irrigation and Agriculture, 1929-30; Director-General of Public Works, 1932; Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, 1934; Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of H. I. M. the Shah of Iran, 1935.

KHALIL AZMI, Mutasarrif, Diwaniyah Liwa. Has held various administrative appointments; Mutasarrif, DIALA and Diwaniyah Liwas.

KHALIL ISMAIL, Director-General of Education; born, Baghdad, 1903; educated at the Engineering School and Law College, Baghdad. Assistant Secretary, Ministry of Interior, 1925; Chief Superintendent, Ministry of Interior, 1926; Secretary to the Ministry, 1927; Acting Director of the Press, 1928; Director of Municipal Affairs, 1930; Qaimmaqam, Mahmudiyah and Shatrah Qadhas, 1930; Administrative Inspector, 1932; Secretary to the Council of Ministers, 1932; Director-General of Administration, Ministry of Interior, 1935; Mutasarrif, Baghdad Liwa, 1936; Director-General of Education, 1936. Was Professor of Constitutional Law at the Law College. (Photograph on page 152.)

KHUDHUR AL-TAI, poet; born, Baghdad, 1910; graduated at Aal al-Beit University, 1930. Appointed Teacher in Government Schools; author of a poetical play, "Qais Lubna."

M



MADHAR AL-SHAWI, Deputy; born, 1890; of the well-known Shawi family. Engaged in the management of his estates, and took special interest in agriculture; elected De-

puty to the Iraqi Parliament, 1935; renounced his parliamentary allowance in favour of the Iraq Aeroplane Society.

MADIHA AL-HASHIMI, a young girl writer.

MADIHA TAHSIN, Headmistress, Women Teachers' Training College.

MAHDI AL-BASSIR, well-known poet; born, Hillah, 1895. Proceeded to Baghdad and took part in the Iraqi National Movement, 1920; was imprisoned and banished to the isle of Hinjam; sent to France for specialization in literature. Author of a "History of the Iraqi Question" in two volumes and some poetical collections.

MAHMUD, SHEIKH, a prominent Kurdish tribal chief.

MAHMUD ADIB, has held various administrative appointments; was Mutasarrif of different Liwas; President, Land Settlement Committee.

MAHMUD AHMAD AL-SAYID, Secretary to the Chamber of Deputies and Arabic writer; born, Baghdad, 1904; educated at the Baghdad Engineering School. Entered the Government service, 1920; was Secretary to the Labour Bureau at the Ministry of Interior; Secretary to the Chamber of Deputies. Author of short stories and various literary writings. (Photograph on page 120.)

MAHMUD AL-GAILANI, Naqib of Baghdad; succeeded his father, the late Sayid Abdul Rahman al-Naqib, in his high dignity.

MAHMUD AL-MALLAH, well-known poet; teacher in different schools.

MAHMUD AS-SINAWI, Mutasarrif, Dulaim Liwa; graduated at the Military School, 1901. Appointed to the command of the Iraqo-Iranian Frontiers and participated in the work of the Frontiers Demarcation Committee, 1913; during the Great War fought in the Iranian and Iraqi Fronts. After the Armistice went to Syria and took part in the Dair al-Zor Movement. Returned to Iraq and was appointed Qaimmaqam, 1922; Mutasarrif, Baghdad Liwa, 1932; Mutasarrif, Dulaim Liwa, 1933. (Photograph on page 494.)



MAHMUD FAHMI DARWISH, Arabic writer; born, Baghdad, 1906; educated at the Sultani School and Teachers' Training College. Opened a chemical laboratory; teacher in different schools; contributed to various papers and periodicals and edited "Al-Ittihad" and "Al-Mithaq" reviews; Arabic Editor of the "Iraq Directory." Author of several text-books on chemistry, geography, history, etc.

MAHMUD FAKHRI, was Mutasarrif of different Liwas; Vice-President, Land Settlement Committee.

MAHMUD KHALIS, Judicial Inspector; was Secretary to the Ministry of Justice and later Acting Director-General of Justice. (Photograph on page 286.)

MAHMUD NADIM AL-TABAQCHALI, held high administrative appointments and was Mutasarrif of various Liwas.

MAHMUD RAMIZ, a prominent politician and orator; was Officer in the Army; took part in the Iraqi National Movement; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times.

MAHMUD SUBHI AL-DAFTARI, Mayor of Baghdad; of the well-known Daftari family; his father, grandfather and great-grandfather were Mayors of Baghdad. Has held various appointments; was Legal Counsellor to the Municipality of Baghdad; Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Amin al-Asimah (Mayor of Baghdad); Director-General of Tapu; re-appointed Mayor of Baghdad. (Photograph on page 201.)

MAKKI JAMIL, writer and lawyer; edited various periodicals.



MAKKI SIDQI AL-SHARBALLI, Qaimmaqam of Tal-Afar; born, Mosul, 1895. Participated in the Arab National Movement; Editor, "Al-Jazira" newspaper, Mosul, 1921; entered the Government service, 1924; Qaimmaqam, 1930.



MARUF AL-RUSAFI, one of the greatest Arabic poets; born, Baghdad, 1875; educated at Baghdad and served later as a teacher in local schools. Went to Istanbul and edited "Sabil al-Rishad" newspaper; elected Deputy to the Ottoman Parliament. After the Great War was appointed Vice-President of the Translation Committee at the Ministry of Education, 1921; Inspector of the Arabic Language; Instructor at the Teachers' High Training College; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times. His publications include two collections of poetical works, "Lectures on Arabic Literature," a "Treatise on Public Speaking," and some other linguistic and literary works.



MARUF CHIAWUIS, judicial inspector; born, Baghdad, 1885; educated at the Law College. Held various educational and adminis-

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trative appointments; was banished to Burma by the Occupation Authorities; after the Armistice returned to Iraq and participated in the Iraqi Revolution; Judge, Civil Courts; elected Deputy for Arbil, 1927; re-elected, 1928; re-appointed Judge, Karbala and Kirkuk; Vice-President, Kirkuk Civil Courts, 1934; Judicial Inspector, 1936.



MATTI AQRAWI, Dr., educated at Beirut and Columbia Universities. Has held various educational appointments; Principal, Teachers' Training College; Director of Education, Hillah.



MAWLUD MUKHLIS, Vice-President of the Senate; born, Mosul, 1886; educated at the Military Schools, Baghdad and Istanbul. Fought during the Great War in Syria and Iraq; on the outbreak of the Arab Revolution joined the Hejazian Army, and was appointed Aide-de-Camp to the Amir Faisal with the rank of Captain; participated in organizing the Arab Regular Forces; fought in most of the battles and received wounds which mutilated his left arm and leg; was later promoted to the rank of Brigadier and entrusted with the command of the Regular Forces in the Arab Army; Commandant of Aleppo; Military Counsellor to the Syrian Government; Military Governor of Dair al-Zor; instigator and leader of Dair al-Zor Revolt, 1920. Returned to Iraq, and was appointed Mutasarrif, Karbala Liwa; Senator, 1925; elected Vice-President of the Senate.



MAYER BASRI, poet and writer; contributed to various papers and periodicals; author of essays, poems and short stories. Has held various Government appointments and was Superintendent to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and Acting Master of Ceremonies; is at present Assistant Secretary to the Baghdad Chamber of Commerce.

MENAHM SALIH DANIEL, a notable of Baghdad; well-known for his numerous benefactions. Was Deputy to the Ottoman Parliament, 1876 and Member of the Iraqi Senate, 1925.



MIKHAIL TAISI, born, Baghdad, 1895; educated at St. Joseph School. Entered the Government service, 1918; Mudir, Talkaif Nahiya; Qaimmaqam, Shaikhan Qadha; Assistant President, Land Settlement Committee, in the Ministry of Finance; edited "Kannas al-Shawari" newspaper; publishes actually "Al-Naqid" weekly, 1936.

MIKHAIL TUTUNJI, well-known lawyer; Legal Counsellor to the Rafidain Oil Company, Limited.

MIRYAM NARMAH, a well-known woman writer.



MOHAN AL-KHAIRALLAH, Sheikh of the Hamid tribes; born, Gharraf District, 1900. Succeeded his father as Chief of the Hamid tribes, 1916; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times.



MUHAMMAD AL-BASSAM, of the well-known Bassam family; espoused the Arab Cause since his youth and travelled in the Arab countries for this purpose. His house at Damascus was the meeting-place of the Arab nationalist workers. Obtained a concession of gold digging at Ga'rah, near Rutbah; elected Deputy for Muntafiq; died February 13th, 1935.



MUDHAFFAR FAHMI, lawyer; edited "Al-Islah" newspaper.

MUHAMMAD ABDUL HUSSAIN AL-NAYEENI, one of the most revered ulemas of Najaf.



MUHAMMAD AHMAD, (formerly: Mirza Muhammad Khan Bahadur), well-known lawyer; born, 1884; educated in Iran. Judge, Basrah, 1915; Judge, Court of First Instance, 1919; transferred to Karbala, 1919; President, Court of First Instance, 1921; Criminal Magistrate, 1922; resigned and has practised as lawyer. Owns a valuable library.



MUHAMMAD AL-HABIB, Amir Rabeeah, Sheikh of the Rabeeah tribes and one of the foremost tribal chiefs in Iraq; born at Hussainiyah, Kut Liwa, 1892. Succeeded his brother, Amir Taghi, in the leadership of Rabeeah tribes, 1910; elected Deputy for Kut Liwa in the Constituent Assembly, 1924; elected Member of the Chamber of Deputies twice.



MUHAMMAD AL-HASHIMI, writer and poet; born, Baghdad, 1898; educated in Baghdad and Egypt; graduated at the Baghdad Law College, 1925. Was Editor, "Al-Yaqin" review; Judge in the Civil Courts since 1927. Author of a collection of poems and some literary works.

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MUHAMMAD ALI AL-BAHR AL-ULOOM, one of the foremost religious leaders; born, Najaf, 1870. Participated in the Iraqi Revolution, 1920, and was banished from Iraq for a time. After his return to Najaf was appointed Senator and continued to sit in the Upper House until his death, 1936.



MUHAMMAD ALI AL-YAQBUBI, poet; born, Najaf, 1895; brought up at Hillah; studied the Arabic and religious sciences. Author of various poems and writings, mostly unpublished.

MUHAMMAD ALI MAHMUD, Vice-President, Chamber of Deputies; well-known lawyer; was Director-General of Justice, Chief of Legal Drafting Department at the Ministry of Justice and Judge at the Court of Cassation; elected Deputy, 1935; Vice-President of the Chamber, 1935.

MUHAMMAD ALI SAID, Commandant of Police, Arbil Liwa; born, Samarra, 1889; educated at the Rushdi Military School. Was Private Secretary to General Wahib Pasha during the Great War; after the Armistice joined the Police Force and was promoted to the rank of Commandant of Police.

MUHAMMAD AS-SADR, President of the Senate; eminent religious man; born, Kadhimain, 1884; went to Najaf, 1898, and studied the religious and Arabic sciences with its foremost ulemas and scholars. Returned to Kadhimain, 1906; took part in the Arab National Movement; after the Great War was one of the foremost leaders of the National Movement in Iraq and one

of the founders of the "Independence Guards" and the "National" Parties; after the end of the Iraqi Revolution went to Syria via Najd, and returned to Iraq with his late Majesty King Faisal, 1921; left Iraq once more for two years; after his return, was appointed Senator, 1925; elected President of the Senate, 1929, and re-elected since then. (Photograph on page 118.)



MUHAMMAD BAQIR AL-SUHAIL, one of the chiefs of Bani Tamim tribes; born, Baghdad, 1898.



MUHAMMAD DARWISH AL-ALUSI, a well-known Alim; born, Baghdad, 1876; educated in religious schools. Member, Baghdad Law Courts, 1906; Member, Council of Education, 1909; Mudarris, Sayid Sultan Ali Mosque, 1909; Member, Baghdad Administrative Council, 1917; Khateeb, Aquliyah Mosque, 1922. Author of some religious works.



MUHAMMAD DARWISH AZIZ, born, 1863; educated in Government Schools and later privately. Has held various appointments;

during the Turkish and Iraqi regimes, and was awarded some decorations. Author of some astronomical works and almanacks in Arabic and Turkish.

MUHAMMAD FARUQ AL-DAMLUJI, Director of Veterinary Affairs; graduated at the Royal Veterinary College, Istanbul, 1903. Appointed Veterinary Inspector, Baghdad Wilayet, 1911 to 1913; Veterinary Inspector, Mosul Wilayet, 1913 to 1918; joined the Turkish Army with the rank of Captain during the Great War. Entered the Iraq Government service, December 20th, 1921, and held several veterinary appointments; appointed Director of Veterinary Affairs, November 30th, 1933. (Photograph on page 369.)



MUHAMMAD HADI AL-DAFTAR, poet; born, Basrah, 1904.



MUHAMMAD HUSSAIN AL-KASHIF AL-GHATA, one of the most revered ulemas and religious leaders; born, Najaf, 1877. Took part in the Arab National Movement; Delegate to the General Islamic Congress, Jerusalem, 1931. Engaged in teaching religion at Najaf. Author of "Religion and Islam," "Origin of the Shi'ah," and several other religious, literary and poetical works.

MUHAMMAD JAWAD AL-HIJAMI, religious and literary man; elected Chairman, "Muntada al-Nashr," Najaf, 1935 and 1936.



MUHAMMAD JAWAD AL-JAZAIRI, well-known Alim; born, Najaf, 1883. Took part in the Iraqi National Movement; author of some religious works; died May 16th, 1936.

MUHAMMAD MAHDI AL-JAWAHIRI, well-known poet; born, Najaf, 1903. Was a Teacher in Government Schools and later an official in the Royal Palace; Editor, "Al-Furat" newspaper. Author of two volumes of "Poetical Collections," 1928 and 1935.



MUHAMMAD NAFI AL-MASKAFI, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1881; educated at religious schools. Vice-Qadhi of Baghdad, 1928; Qadhi of Baghdad, 1933; Member Shara' Court of Cassation, 1934; re-appointed Qadhi and later transferred again to the Shara' Court of Cassation; died 1936.



MUHAMMAD RASHID AL-BARBUTI AL-WADI, born, Suwaira, 1905; Sheikh of Zubaid tribes.

MUHAMMAD SAID AL-ABDUL WAHID, notable of Basrah; elected Deputy for Basrah to the Iraqi Parliament several times.

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MUHAMMAD SAID AL-KAWI, Alim and scholar; born, 1883. Held several religious posts; after the British Occupation was exiled to India. Returned to Iraq after the Armistice and was appointed Teacher at the Teachers' Training College, 1921; Professor, Aal al-Bait University, 1924; Vice-Member, Shara' Court of Cassation, until his death in 1936. Author of a "History of Baghdad" and other religious and historical works.



MUHAMMAD SALIH AL-RUDAINI, born, 1893. Assistant Notary Public, Basrah, 1919; Mayor of Basrah; Director of Minors' Affairs, Basrah.



MUHAMMAD SALIH AL-QAZZAZ, born, Baghdad, 1904; educated at the Technical School, Baghdad. Founded the Workers' Union in Iraq, 1929, and other Labour Societies, and elected its Chairman.

MUHAMMAD SALIM AL-AMARI, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1869. Elected Deputy to the Ottoman Parliament, 1909; Mufti of Amara, 1909; was banished by the Occupation

Authorities to India; returned to Iraq after the Armistice and was appointed Director of Awqaf, Basrah, 1921; Inspector of Awqaf; retired on pension, 1928; Mudarris (Teacher) of the Great Mosque, Amara, 1936.

MUHAMMAD SALIM AL-RADHI, Director of Agriculture; born, 1900; educated at the American University, Beirut, and in California. Has held various appointments in the Department of Agriculture; Director of Agricultural Affairs; represented Iraq in several Agricultural Congresses. (Photograph on page 360.)

MUHAMMAD SHUKRI, Alim; born, 1868; Mufti of Amadiyah, since 1906.

MUHAMMAD SIDDIQ AL-JALILI, born, 1903; educated in America; graduated, M.Sc., Ph.D. Elected Member, Mosul Municipal Council, and Light and Water Board of the city of Mosul, 1931.

MUHAMMAD ZAKI, President of the Chamber of Deputies; born, Basrah, 1894; educated at the Law College, Baghdad. Practised as lawyer; elected Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; elected Deputy for Basrah, 1925, and re-elected since then; Minister of Justice in the two Gailani Ministries, 1933, and in the second Hashimi Ministry, 1935; elected President of the Chamber of Deputies, August 1935; re-elected November, 1935; was Professor at the Baghdad Law College. (Photograph on page 118.)

MUHYIDDIN YUSUF, born, Mosul, 1906; educated at the American University of Beirut; graduated B.Sc., 1926. Teacher of mathematics, Mosul and Baghdad Secondary Schools; Headmaster, Baghdad Eastern Intermediate and Mosul Secondary Schools; Director of Education, Kirkuk Area; Director of Elementary Teaching at the Ministry of Education. (Photograph on page 399.)

MUMTAZ AL-ARIF, born, 1907; educated in Beirut and America; graduated B.Sc. (Agriculture), 1931. Appointed Assistant to the Insects Expert, Department of Agriculture; Director, Plants Protection Section, since 1934. (Photograph on page 368.)

MUNIR AL-QADHI, well-known lawyer and writer; Inspector of Awqaf; Judge, Civil Courts; Professor, Baghdad Law College.



MURAD MIKHALIL, poet; teacher, Shammash School, Baghdad.

MUSA AL-SHABANDAR, Dr., First Secretary to the Iraqi Legation in Berlin; born, Baghdad, 1899; educated in Berlin and Lausanne. Proceeded to Germany, 1922; engaged in commerce and travelled in France, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland and England; appointed Secretary to the Iraqi Permanent Delegation to the League of Nations, 1933; First Secretary of Legation, Berlin, 1936. Author of a "History of Israel" and a play, "Wahida."

MURTADHA AL-YASIN, a well-known Alim of Kadhimain; author of some religious and historical works.

MUSTAFA ALI, Arabic writer; practised as lawyer; Head Clerk, Chamber of Deputies; Notary Public, Baghdad South; Superintendent of Personnel, Ministry of Justice.

MUSTAFA AL-IBRAHIM, a prominent notable and landowner of Basrah.

MUSTAFA JAWAD, Arabic writer.

MUSTAFA MAHMUD AL-UMARI, Accountant-General; born, Mosul, 1895, of the well-known Umari family; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Official, Directorate of Education and then at the Court of First Instance. After the outbreak of the Great War, entered the Reserve Officers' School and fought in the Iraqi and the Iranian Fronts; taken prisoner and exiled to India, 1917. Returned to Iraq, 1919; participated in the National Movement. Appointed Assistant Secretary to the Ministry of Interior, 1921; Qaimmaqam, 1923; First Assistant to the Director-General of Revenue, 1930; Mutasarrif, Diwaniyah Liwa, 1930; Amara Liwa, 1933; Director-General of Interior, 1933; Inspector-General of Finance, 1935; Accountant-General, June 1936.

MUWAFFAQ AL-ALUSI, Consul-General in Beirut; born, Baghdad, 1896; educated at Istanbul and Paris. Instructor, Teachers'

Training College, Baghdad; Professor, and later Dean, Baghdad Law College; Director-General of Foreign Affairs; proceeded to Najd and was appointed Counsellor to H. M. King Ibn Saud; returned to Iraq and re-entered the Diplomatic Service; appointed Consul-General in Beirut.

MUZAHIM AL-AMIN AL-PACHACHI, Minister in Rome; born, 1891; educated at the Law Colleges, Baghdad and Istanbul. Published "Al-Nahdha" newspaper and took an active part in the Arab National Movement since its birth; later practised as lawyer and was elected Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; elected Deputy twice; Minister of Communications and Works, 1924-25; Diplomatic Agent in London, 1927; Minister of Economics and Communications, and later Minister of Interior in the first Said Cabinet; appointed Permanent Delegate to the League of Nations, and Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Italy. (Photograph on page 136.)

N



NAJI AL-ASIL, Dr., Director of Ceremonies at the Royal Palace; born, Mosul; educated in Istanbul. Participated in the Arab Revolution and was Diplomatic Agent of the Hejaz in London; has held subsequently various appointments in Iraq; Director-General of Foreign Affairs; Counsellor to the Iraqi Legation, Teheran; Director of Ceremonies at the Royal Palace, 1936.



NAJI AL-QESHIANI, poet; born, Baghdad, 1896. Has held various educational appoint-

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ments in Government Schools. Author of a poetical collection, "Al-Lahafat" (Regrets).

NAJI AS-SALIH, born, Diwaniyah, 1884. Mayor of Diwaniyah; Member, Baghdad Wilayet General Council; participated in the Iraqi Revolution; elected Deputy, 1925; re-elected, 1928 and 1931.



NAJI AS-SUWAIDI, Senator; born, Baghdad, 1882; graduated at the Istanbul Law College, 1905; later followed the courses of "Malaki" School, Istanbul, and obtained the diploma of specialization in administration and political science. Appointed Public Prosecutor, Yemen, 1906-07; President of the Commercial Section, Basrah Civil Courts, 1908; Judge, Court of Appeal, Baghdad, 1910, and Mosul, 1911; Qaimmaqam of Kadhimain 1911, and later of Najaf and Hindiyah Qadhas; Acting Mutasarrif of Diwaniyah; Administrative Inspector, Ministry of Interior, 1914; participated in the International Inspection Committee sent to Anatolia prior to the Great War; Administrative Inspector of First Grade, 1918. After the institution of the Arab Syrian Government, was appointed Assistant Military Governor, 1919, and later Wali of Aleppo, up to 1920. Returned to Iraq, 1921; was Minister of Justice three times and Minister of Interior twice; Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs; Minister of Finance. Deputy for Baghdad in the Constituent Assembly, 1924; elected Deputy three times; Government Representative to the Oil Companies, 1928-29; appointed Senator.

NAJI SHAWKAT, Minister in Ankara; born, Baghdad, March 26th, 1891; educated at the Law College, Istanbul. Public Prosecutor, Hillah Civil Courts, 1914; on the outbreak of the Great War joined the Ottoman Army as Officer; taken prisoner and banished to India, 1917; later joined the Hejazian Army. Returned to Iraq and was appointed Assist-

ant Mutasarrif of Baghdad, 1921; Mutasarrif, Kut, Hillah, Baghdad and Mosul Liwas; Deputy, 1928; Minister of Interior, 1928; was subsequently Minister of Justice, and Minister of Interior four times; Minister Plenipotentiary in Ankara; Prime Minister, 1932; re-appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Turkey, 1934. (Photograph on page 136.)



NAJMUDDIN AL-WAIDH, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1882. Has held various religious appointments; Instructor Dar-ul-Uloom School, 1934; author of some religious works.

NASHAT AS-SINAWI, Chief Finance Inspector; born, Baghdad, 1893; educated at the Law College and the Malaki Shahani School, Istanbul. During the Turkish regime held various judicial and administrative posts, such as Public Prosecutor at Najaf, Vice-Member of the Baghdad Court of Appeal, President of Kadhimain Court of First Instance, Member of Mosul Court of Appeal and lastly Qaimmaqam of Shahrbazar Qadha. After the War was appointed Government Advocate; Assistant Director and Professor, Baghdad Law College; Public Prosecutor to the Iraq Court of Appeal, 1921; Member, Court of Appeal; Amin al-Asimah (Mayor of Baghdad), 1925; Director-General of Interior, 1930; Director, Law College, 1931; Director-General of Interior, 1932; Administrative Inspector, 1933; Director-General of Municipalities, 1935; Chief Finance Inspector, 1936. (Photograph on page 152.)

NASRAT AL-FARISI, Director-General of Foreign Affairs. Practised as lawyer; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Director-General of Justice; Chief, Legal Drafting Department, Ministry of Justice; Minister of Finance, 1932-33 and 1933-34; Director-General of Foreign Affairs, 1935.

NIHAD AL-ZAHAWI, of the well-known Zahawi family; Editor, "As-Subh" weekly.

NUMAN AL-ADHAMI, Alim, Rector of Dar-ul-Uloom School; born, Adhamiyah, 1876; educated at the Imam al-Adham and other Religious Schools. Appointed Teacher at Adhamiyah, 1899; Editor, "Tanwir al-Afkar" review, 1908; was Imam in the Ottoman Army during the Great War and was sent on a mission to the Amir of Najd (later King Ibn Saud of Saudi Arabia); banished by the Occupation Authorities to India, 1917 to 1918; Teacher, Imam al-Adham School (its name changed later to Dar-ul-Uloom); Rector, 1924; was a delegate to the General Islamic Conference held in Jerusalem. His works include a "General History," and some religious writings. (Photograph on page 129.)



NURI AL-BURAYFKANÎ, a well-known Alim of Dohuk; born, 1871. Elected Deputy for Mosul, 1926; re-elected, 1931.

NURI AL-QADHI, Director-General of Justice; born, Baghdad, 1893; educated at the Law College, Baghdad. Judge, Basrah Civil Courts, 1914, and later Judge at Baqubah and Baghdad; joined the Army as a Reserve Officer during the Great War. Returned to Iraq, 1920; appointed Single Judge, Muntafiq; Vice-President, Civil Courts, Hillah, Baghdad and Mosul; President, Muntafiq Land Settlement Committee; Director-General of Awqaf; Legal Draftsman; President, Land Settlement Court of Appeal; Chief, Legal Drafting Department; Director-General of Justice, 1936.

NURI AS-SAID, Major-General, Minister for Foreign Affairs; born, Baghdad, 1888; graduated at the Military College, Istanbul, 1906, with the rank of Second-Lieutenant. Attached to the Sixth Turkish Army in Iraq; entered the Staff College, Istanbul, 1911; fought as Staff Officer in the Balkan War, 1912-13. Espoused the Arab National Cause since his youth and participated in the Arab rebirth prior to the Great War; was compelled to escape from Istanbul, went to Egypt and thence to Basrah where he resumed his work for Arab independence, 1914; joined the Arab Revolution since its outbreak; was appointed Chief of Staff to the Hejazian Army, and later to the Northern

Army, and fought at the Hejazian and Syrian Fronts. After the Armistice, accompanied His late Majesty King Faisal in his travels to Europe for the defence of the Arab Cause. Returned to Iraq, 1921; appointed Chief of the General Staff and later Acting Commander-in-Chief of the Iraqi Army; was six times Minister of Defence; Prime Minister, 1930; resigned following the entrance of Iraq into the League of Nations, 1932; represented Iraq at the meetings of the League Assembly and Council several times; was six times Minister for Foreign Affairs, the last being in the present Hashimi Ministry; appointed Member of the Senate. (Photograph on page 132.)



NURI THABÎ, numerous writer; born, Sulaimani, 1897; educated at the Military College, Istanbul, and graduated as Officer in the Turkish Army. Fought during the Great War at Gallipoli and the Caucasian Front; served subsequently as Intelligence Officer at the Turkish Ministry of War. Returned to Baghdad, 1922, and held various appointments at the Ministry of Education; later relinquished Government service and engaged in journalism; Editor, "Hababuz" weekly.

NURUDDIN AL-SHIRWANI, Alim; born, Arbil, 1866; educated at Arbil, Baghdad and Karbala. Held various educational and religious appointments; retired, 1930; author of various publications.



QADIR UTHMAN, a Chief of Zibar tribes; born, 1880.

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QASIM AL-ALAWI, a well-known writer and journalist; practises as lawyer.



QASIM AL-KHEDHAIRI, Deputy for Amara Liwa; born, Baghdad, 1872. Engaged in trade; for many years President, Baghdad Chamber of Commerce; elected twice Member of the Chamber of Deputies.



QASIM AL-QAISI, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1876; studied the Arabic and religious sciences and the Turkish and Persian languages. Has held various religious appointments, and was Teacher, Mufti and Imam; Member of the Shara' Court of Cassation. Author of various works.



QATI' AL-AWWADI, a prominent tribal Chief; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament.

R

RABAB AL-KADHIMI, a young girl poet; daughter of the late Abdul Muhsin al-Kadhimi, the famous poet.



RAMZI, HAJ; born, Baghdad, 1867; educated in Military Schools, and graduated as Second-Lieutenant in the Ottoman Army, 1887. Held various military and administrative appointments; was Instructor in the Military School, Staff Officer, Recruitment Officer, Member and President of Martial Courts, and Acting Qaimmaqam and Mutassarif; promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. After the institution of the Iraqi Government, was Minister of Interior for seven months; resigned office and retired from public life, 1922.

RASHID AALI AL-GAILANI, Minister of Interior and Acting Minister of Justice; belongs to the well-known Gailani family; born, Baghdad, 1892; educated at the Law College. Held various appointments during the Ottoman regime; practised as lawyer for some time; Judge, Court of Cassation, May 15th, 1921; Professor at the Baghdad Law College and author of several juridical publications; Minister of Justice, first Hashimi Ministry, 1924; Minister of Interior, second Sadun Ministry, 1925; President of the Chamber of Deputies, July, 1925; Minister of Interior, second Askari Ministry, 1926 to 1928; elected Deputy in most of the Iraqi Parliaments; was one of the founders of "Al-Ikha" Party and leader of the Opposition with Yasin al-Hashimi; Chief of the Royal Diwan, June 27th, 1932; Prime Minister, 1933; appointed Senator; Minister of Interior in the second Hashimi Ministry, March, 1935; Acting Minister of Justice in addition to his former appointment, August, 1935. (Photograph on page 148.)



RASHID AL-KHOJAH, Deputy for Baghdad; born, Baghdad, 1884; educated at the Military and Staff Colleges, Istanbul; graduated as Staff Captain, 1906. Participated in the Arab National Movement since its birth; fought during the Great War at Gallipoli and the Caucasus; joined later the Syrian Government, and was its Diplomatic Agent in Istanbul. Returned to Iraq, 1920; appointed Mutasarrif of Baghdad, of Mosul, 1922, and once more of Baghdad, 1924; Mayor of Baghdad; Deputy for Dulaim, 1925; Consul-General in Egypt, 1928; Director-General of Education, 1930; Consul-General in Beirut, 1931; Chargé d'Affaires at Jeddah, 1932; Minister of Defence three times; elected President of the Chamber of Deputies twice; re-elected Deputy, 1935.

RASHID MAHMUD, Director of Passports, Residence and Nationality; born, Amara, 1906; educated at the Baghdad Law College, the British College, Jerusalem, and the University of London. Director of Passports, Residence and Nationality at the Ministry of Interior, 1932. (Photograph on page 165.)

RAUF AL-BAHRANI, Minister of Finance; born, Baghdad, 1897; educated at the Law College, Baghdad. After the outbreak of the Great War entered the Reserve Officers' School, 1915, and graduated as Lieutenant; fought in Iraq, Iran and Palestine; joined the Arab Army after the occupation of Damascus and was attached to the Second Regular Brigade. Returned to Baghdad, 1920, and participated in the National Movement; entered the Government service, and appointed Mumayiz of Inspection, Ministry of Finance, 1922; Finance Inspector; Mumayiz of Accounts, Accountant-General's

Office; Assistant Accountant-General; Accountant-General; Minister of Finance in the second Hashimi Ministry, 1935; elected Deputy for Baghdad, 1935. (Photograph on page 213.)

RAUF AL-CHADIRCHI, eminent lawyer; was Mayor of Baghdad during the Ottoman regime; Dean of the Baghdad Law College; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; was Minister of Finance and of Justice; Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in Ankara; is at present Legal Counsellor to the Iraq Petroleum Company, Limited.

RAUF AL-KUBAISI, Director-General of Awqaf; graduated at the Military College, 1906. Held various military appointments during the Turkish regime and was promoted to the rank of Captain; fought during the Great War in the Iraqi Front; after the Armistice, was appointed Commandant of Gendarmerie, Aleppo; returned to Iraq and was appointed Staff Officer in the Iraq Army; Qaimmaqam, Suq as-Shuyukh; Acting Mutasarrif, Muntafiq; Director-General of Jails; Mutasarrif, Basrah Liwa; Director-General of Awqaf, 1932. (Photograph on page 126.)

RAZZUQ GHANNAM, prominent writer and journalist; participated in the Arab National Movement; Editor, "Al-Iraq" daily, since 1920; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament twice.



RAZZUQ ISSA, writer and historian; born, Baghdad, 1885. Teacher; Translator and Assistant to the Political Governor, Namiya and Aziziya; Teacher, Alliance School and St. Joseph College; Editor, "Al-Uloom" (Sciences) and "Al-Muarrikh" (The Historian) magazines. His works include an "Iraqi Vernacular Dictionary," a "History of Iraq," a "History of Iraq's Civilization," a "History of Iraqi Cities," a "History of the Iraqi Press," etc.



RIDHA AL-SHABIBI, Senator, eminent poet and writer; born, Najaf, 1889. Took a prominent part in the Iraqi National Movement, and was deputed on a special mission to the Hejaz, 1919; returned to Iraq and participated in the Iraqi Revolution, 1920; Minister of Education, 1924-25 and 1935; elected Deputy several times; Member of the Senate. His works include a "History of Philosophy," "Jewish Philosophers in Islam," "The Iraqi Question," a "History of Najaf" and a poetical collection.

RIDHA AL-WAIDH, Alim; born, Kirkuk, 1870. Held various religious and Awqaf appointments; author of some religious works.

RUBEN BATTAT, well-known lawyer; held high judicial appointments; was elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times.



RUFAIL BUTTI, well-known writer and journalist; graduated at the Baghdad Law College. Edited several newspapers and reviews; is at present Editor, "Al-Bilad," one of the foremost dailies in Iraq; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament. Author of several literary works.

RUSTAM HAIDAR, Chief of the Royal Diwan; born, Baalbek, 1889; educated at the Malaki School, Istanbul and at the Sorbonne and School of Political Sciences, Paris. Appointed Headmaster, Sultani Arabic School,

Damascus; joined the Army as a Reserve Officer on the outbreak of the Great War; Headmaster, Salahuddin College, Jerusalem. In the late years of the War joined King Faisal's Arab Army and was his Counsellor until the Armistice; accompanied His late Majesty to Paris and was second Delegate of the Hejaz at the Peace Conference, 1919. Came to Iraq with King Faisal and was appointed Chief of the Royal Diwan and Private Secretary to His Majesty the King, 1921 to 1931; sent on a special mission to Iran with the rank of Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, 1929; Senator, 1931; Minister of Finance, 1931; Minister of Economics and Communications twice; re-appointed Chief of the Royal Diwan and Private Secretary to His Majesty King Ghazi I, 1934. (Photograph on page 13.)

S

SABIHA SHEIKH DAUD, a young girl writer; Teacher in Government Girls' Schools.

SABIH NAJIB AL-AZZI, Permanent Delegate to the League of Nations; born, Baghdad, March 18th, 1892; educated at the Military Schools, Baghdad and Istanbul; graduated as Officer, 1912. Took part in the Arab National Movement since its birth; fought in the Caucasian Front during the Great War; taken prisoner by the British Forces and sent to India, 1918; after his release, joined the Syrian Government, 1919; returned to Iraq, 1921; Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, 1921-24; sent to England to take part in military courses, 1924 to 1926; Commandant, Staff College, 1928; Director-General of Police, 1931; Chargé d'Affaires in Berlin, 1935; Permanent Delegate to the League of Nations. (Photograph on page 136.)

SADIQ AL-A'RAJI, well-known writer and poet; edited "Al-Rusafah" newspaper.

SADIQ AL-BASSAM, Minister of Education; born, Baghdad, 1899; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Saw action during the Great War at Izmir as Reserve Officer; returned to Baghdad and engaged in trade for some time; Editor of "The Government Gazette," 1924; resigned, 1925, and practised as lawyer; Headmaster, Jafariyah School; elected Deputy for Kut, 1930; re-elected Deputy for Diwaniyah twice; Director-General of State Domains, 1935; Minister of Education, 1935. Author of textbooks on various subjects. (Photograph on page 393.)

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SA'DUDDIN ZIADAH, well-known lawyer and journalist; Editor, "Al-Ummal," and later "Fatal-Iraq" newspapers, Mosul.



SAGBAN HAJ ABADI, one of the chiefs of Fatlah tribes; takes a great interest in the welfare and education of his tribes; took part in the Iraqi Revolution, 1920.



SAIB SHAWKAT, Dr., prominent Physician and Surgeon, educated in Istanbul and Europe. Was Director of the Royal Hospital, Baghdad; is at present Surgical Specialist, Royal Hospital, Baghdad. Co-founder and President, Al-Muthanna Club, Baghdad.

SAID ALI, Amir of Shaikhan, Chief of the Yezidis. (Photograph on page 477.)

SAID HAQQI, Director-General of Jails; was Officer in the Army and Director-General of the Iraq Aeroplane Society. (Photograph on page 198.)



SAID THABIT, Deputy for Mosul Liwa; born, Mosul, 1883. Engaged in trade since his youth. Took part in the National Movement and joined the various parties founded for

this purpose; elected Deputy for Mosul, 1925; Delegate to the General Islamic Conference, Jerusalem, 1931; re-elected Deputy, 1933, 1934 and 1935.

SALIH AL-PACHACHI, of the well-known Pachachi family; has held high judicial appointments; is actually Judge at the Court of Cassation.



SALIH BAHR AL-ULOOM, poet and writer; Editor, "Al-Misbah" review, Najaf.



SALIH BASH-AAYAN AL-ABBASI, belongs to a well-known family of Basrah. Was Mayor of Basrah during the Ottoman regime; Mutasarrif of Amara, 1921; Minister of Awqaf, 1923; Senator, 1925; Deputy for Basrah in the Iraqi Parliament.

SALIH JABIR, Mutasarrif of Karbala; educated at the Baghdad Law College. Appointed Judge in the Civil Courts; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament; Minister of Education; Mutasarrif, Karbala Liwa, 1935. (Photograph on page 496).

SALIH ZAKI AL-SAHIB QARAN, Mutasarrif, Diala Liwa; born, Halabja, March 6th, 1886; educated at the Military College, Istanbul, and graduated as Second Lieutenant. Joined the Sixth Regiment, stationed in Baghdad, 1907; fought in the Great War at the Iraqi Front and was promoted to the rank of

Major. Returned to Iraq, 1921; appointed Qaimmaqam, Aqra Qadha, 1922; resigned his appointment after a short time and edited "Diari Kurdistan" review in Kurdish, Arabic and Turkish, 1924 to 1926; Mudir, Qazania Nahia, 1926; Mudir, Shahraban Nahiya; Qaimmaqam, Shahraban, Afaq and Chem-chemical Qadhas; First Assistant to the Director-General of Interior; Qaimmaqam, Qoisanjaq and Amadiya Qadhas; Mutasarrif, Sulaimani Liwa, May, 1935; Mutasarrif, Diala Liwa, July, 1936. (Photograph on page 506.)

SALIM HASSUN, well-known journalist; Editor, "Al-Aalam al-Arabi" daily, since 1924; was Deputy in the Iraqi Parliament.

SALMAN AL-BARRAK, Deputy; a well-known tribal chief of Hillah; Minister of Irrigation and Agriculture, 1928 to 1929; was Vice-President, and later President of the Chamber of Deputies; re-elected Deputy for Hillah, 1935.



SALMAN AL-SAFWANI, Arabic writer, born and educated in Baghdad. Editor, "Al-Yaqdha," "Al-Manbar al-A'mm" and "Al-Maarif" newspapers; Private Secretary to the Minister of Communications and Works, 1927; has held later various appointments in Government and is actually a Teacher in the Ministry of Education.

SALMAN SHEIKH DAUD, well-known lawyer and writer; edited various newspapers and periodicals; practises as lawyer.

SAMI SHAWKAT, Dr., Director-General of Public Health; born, 1893; graduated at the Military College of Medicine, Istanbul, 1916. Appointed Medical Officer in the Army at Gallipoli; joined the Syrian Army, 1919; returned to Iraq and appointed Medical Officer at the Royal Hospital, Baghdad, 1921; Assistant Civil Surgeon, Baghdad Liwa, 1922; Health Officer, Baghdad, 1924; Director-General of Education, 1931; Director-General of Public Health, June, 1934; Inspector-General of Public Health, September, 1934; re-appointed Director-General of Public Health, 1936. (Photograph on page 175.)

SASSOON KHEDHOORI, President of the Jewish Community, Baghdad. Teacher at the Rabbinical Institute, Baghdad; Director of the Jewish Slaughter House; elected President of the Religious Court twice; President of the Spiritual Council; Acting Chief Rabbi; President of the Jewish Community, Baghdad. (Photograph on page 459.)

SATI AL-HASRI, Director-General of Instruction and Director of Antiquities; born, 1882. Was a well-known educationist in Turkey prior to the Great War; Minister of Education to the Syrian Government, 1920; came to Iraq and was appointed Assistant to the Minister of Education, 1922; Director-General of Education; Professor, High Teachers' Training College; edited for some years in Baghdad "Al-Tarbiah wal-Ta'lim," a well-known educational review; Dean, Baghdad Law College; Director of Antiquities; appointed Director-General of Instruction in addition to his former post. (Photograph on page 399.)



SHAKIR AL-BADRI, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1908. Khateeb, Nazindah Khatun Mosque, 1935; author of some religious works.

SHAKIR AL-NA'MAH, well-known journalist; was editor of various newspapers in Basrah. SHAMRAN HAJ SEGAB, born, Dagharah, 1898; Sheikh of Said tribes.

SHIHABUDDIN AL-QAISI, Alim; born, Baghdad, 1878. Has held various religious appointments; Imam, Maqam Mosque, Basrah.

SHUKRI AL-HAMMANI, well-known writer and journalist.



SIDDIQ MADHAR MUSTAFA, Judge, Court of Cassation; born, Kirkuk; educated at the

Law College, Istanbul. Held various judicial posts during the Ottoman regime; Instructor, and later Principal of the Police School; Acting Mayor of Baghdad; Judge, Baghdad Court of Appeal. After the institution of the Iraqi Government, was entrusted with various judicial appointments, until appointed Judge at the Court of Cassation.

SULAIMAN AL-DAKHIL, well-known writer and journalist; edited various newspapers; has held some administrative appointments in the Ministry of Interior.

SULAIMAN FAIDHI, an eminent lawyer and writer; Deputy for Basrah in the Iraqi Parliament, 1935.



SULAIMAN SAIGH, Father, Arabic writer and historian; born, Mosul, 1886; educated in religious schools. Has held various educational appointments in Mosul; Editor, "Mosul" newspaper; publishes since seven years "Al-Najm" review. Author of a "History of Mosul" in two volumes, and some other publications and plays.

T

TAHA AL-FAYYADH, journalist; was Editor, "Al-Shubban al-Muslimin" review, Basrah.

TAHA AL-HASHIMI, Lieutenant-General; Chief of the General Staff; born, 1887; educated at Istanbul Military College. Entered the Turkish Army as Officer, 1909, and held various military appointments; participated in the Arab National Movement. After the Great War returned to Baghdad and joined the Iraqi Army, 1922; promoted Colonel, 1926; Director-General of Census, 1926-27; Director-General of Education, 1927 to 1929, and for a short period in 1935; Chief of the General Staff, 1929; promoted Major-General, 1930; Lieutenant-General, 1936. His many publications include a "Geography of Iraq," a "History of the Ancient East," a "History of War," "Military Tactics" and other military books. (Photograph on page 303.)

TAHA AL-RAWI, Secretary to the Senate and Arabic scholar; educated at the Rushdi and religious schools, and later at the Baghdad Law College. Was Headmaster of Karkh School and Instructor at the Teachers' Training College and the Secondary School. Appointed Member of the Arabic Academy instituted in Baghdad, 1926, and elected as its Vice-President; Professor at Aal al-Beit University; Director of the Press, August 2nd, 1926; Secretary to the Senate, May 28th, 1928. Elected Member of the Arabic Academy, Damascus. Author of a "History of the Arabs and Islam," a "History of Arabic Literature," etc. (Photograph on page 120.)



TAHIR MUHAMMAD SALIM, Deputy for Baghdad in the Iraqi Parliament; has taken an active part in the foundation of charitable and social associations.

TAHSIN AL-ASKARI, Director-General of Irrigation; born, June 1st, 1892; educated at the Military Schools. Was Officer in the Army; took part in the Arab Revolution; after the institution of the Iraqi Government was appointed Commandant of Police; Qaimmaqam; Mutasarrif, Kirkuk and Mosul Liwas; Administrative Inspector; Director-General of Irrigation. (Photograph on page 337.)

TAHSIN ALI, Mutasarrif, Basrah Liwa; born, Baghdad, 1891; graduated at the Military College, Istanbul, 1911. Saw action in the Balkan War; transferred to the Gendarmerie Force, Baghdad; fought in Iraq during the Great War; later joined the Arab Army and was promoted to the rank of Major; Military Governor of Raqqah and Upper Jezirah; returned to Iraq and was appointed Secretary to the Ministry of Defence, 1921; Commandant of Police, Mosul, 1922, and Dulaim, 1925; Qaimmaqam, Suwaira Qadha, 1927; Mutasarrif of Kut, 1928, Mosul, 1930, Hillah, 1931, Diwaniyah, 1933, and Basrah, November, 1933. (Photograph on page 490.)

TAHSIN QADRI, Counsellor to the Iraqi Legation, Teheran; born, Baalbek, 1894; educated at the Military College, Istanbul; graduat-

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ed as Cavalry Second Lieutenant, 1914. During the Great War, saw action at the Caucasian and Hejazian Fronts. On the outbreak of the Arab Revolution joined King Faisal's Army; appointed Military Aide-de-Camp to His late Majesty on the occupation of Syria; accompanied His late Majesty in his travels to Europe and came with him to Baghdad; Aide-de-Camp to His Majesty the King, 1921 to 1931; Master of Ceremonies at the Royal Palace, 1931; Counsellor to the Royal Iraqi Legation in Teheran, June, 1936.



TAWFIQ AL-BARWARI, Chief of Barwari-Bala tribes; son of Haj Rashid, who was Member of the Constituent Assembly; succeeded his father in the leadership of his tribes.



TAWFIQ AL-SAMAANI, journalist; born, Mosul, 1902; educated in Mosul and Baghdad. Editor, "Al-Zanbaqa" review, 1923; on the staff of "Al-Iraq" and "Al-Bilad" newspapers; Editor, "Sada al-Ahd" newspaper, 1930, and "Al-Tariq" newspaper since the suspension of the former.

TAWFIQ AS-SALIH, lawyer and journalist; responsible Director, "The Iraq Times" and Editor, "As-Sabah" newspaper.

TAWFIQ AS-SUWAIDI, Comptroller and Auditor-General of State Accounts; born, Baghdad, 1891; son of the late Yusuf as-Suwaidi, President of the Senate; educated at Istanbul University and at the Sorbonne, Paris. Took part in the Arab National Movement since his youth, and represented Iraq in the Arab Conference held in Paris, 1913;

President of the Iraqi Conference held at Damascus, 1920. Returned to Iraq and was appointed Assistant to the Government Counsellor and Dean, Baghdad Law College; represented Iraq with Jafar al-Askari at the Lausanne Conference, 1923; Director-General of Justice, 1925; Minister of Education, third Sadun Ministry, 1928-29; Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1929; President of the Chamber of Deputies, 1930; Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in Teheran, 1931; Permanent Delegate to the League of Nations, 1934; Minister for Foreign Affairs, 1934; Minister of Justice, 1935; elected Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament several times; Comptroller and Auditor-General of Accounts, 1935. (Photograph on page 121.)

THABIT ABDUL NOOR, Director of Oil. Took part in the Arab National Movement; was Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament and later Chargé d'Affaires in London; Director of Oil, Ministry of Economics and Communications.

TOMA QASIR, Orthodox Syrian Bishop of Mosul; born, Mosul, 1874; educated at the Patriarchal School, Mardin. Joined the Clergy, 1896; Bishop, 1908; acted for the Patriarch for five years; Bishop of Diar-Bekr, 1912; Bishop of Mosul; Bishop of Aleppo; re-appointed Bishop of Mosul, 1933. (Photograph on page 472.)

U

UMAR AL-QARADAGHI, Alim; born, Sulaimani, 1885; engaged in teaching religion. Author of some religious works.



UMAR NADHMI, Mutasarrif, Mosul Liwa; born, 1893; graduated at the Baghdad Law College, 1913. Appointed Judge, Khanaqin, 1913; Baqubah, 1914; on the outbreak of the War joined the Reserve Officers' School and was named Public Prosecutor to the Martial Court, Baghdad; appointed Judge, Civil Courts, Kirkuk, 1921; Arbil, 1923;



Kirkuk, 1924; Vice-President, Civil Courts, Mosul, 1924; Hillah, 1925; President, Civil Courts, Diala; Mutasarrif, Kirkuk Liwa, 1927; Mutasarrif, Kut and Basrah Liwas; Administrative Inspector, 1931; Mutasarrif, Mosul Liwa, 1934.



UTHMAN AL-DAIWACHI, Aham; born, Mosul, 1874. Held various religious appointments; was Qadhi of Baghdad and Mosul and Member of the Shara' Court of Cassation; retired on pension, 1933.

W

WAHBI DAUD, Director of Survey; born, Baghdad, 1888; graduated at the Military College, Istanbul, 1908. Fought during the Great War as a First Lieutenant in the Turkish Army; participated later in the Hejazian and Iraqi Revolutions; after the institution of the Iraqi Government was appointed Engineer in the Department of Irrigation; Director of Survey. (Photograph on page 376.)

Y

YAHUDA ZELOOF, a notable of Baghdad; was Deputy to the Iraqi Parliament.

YAQUB SARKIS, well-known writer and historian; author of several historical works and writings; owns a valuable library.

YAQUB SULAIMAN, Father, Patriarchal Representative in Baghdad; born, Mosul, January 28th, 1889; educated at the Patriarchal School, Mardin. Ordained Priest, 1913; Headmaster, Mar Toma and Tahira Schools, Mosul, 1917 to 1925; in-charge, Mar Matti Monastery, 1928; Patriarchal Representative in Baghdad, 1934. (Photograph on page 472.)

YASIN AL-HASHIMI, Prime Minister; one of the greatest Arab leaders and statesmen; born, Baghdad, 1884; graduated at the Mili-

tary College, Istanbul, with the rank of Second-Lieutenant, 1902. Held various appointments in the Ottoman Army; on the outbreak of the Great War, was Chief of Staff to the Twelfth Regiment stationed at Aleppo; Chief of Staff to the Seventh Regiment, Istanbul; promoted to the command of the Twentieth Company on the Galician Front; transferred later to the Palestinian Front and entrusted with the command of the Twenty-fourth Regiment and then of the Eighth Regiment. Joined the Arab Army after the Occupation of Damascus, and became before long one of its foremost leaders; Chief of Staff to the Military Governor of Syria; Chief of the Military Council in the Syrian State; was banished by the British Authorities to Palestine, 1919; returned to Syria after many popular demonstrations held as a protest on his banishment, 1920. Returned to Baghdad, 1922; Mutasarrif, Muntafiq Liwa, 1922; Minister of Communications and Works, 1922; Member of the Constituent Assembly, 1924; Member of the Chamber of Deputies, 1925; Prime Minister, August, 1924 to June, 1925; Minister of Finance five times; Prime Minister for the second time since March 17th, 1935. (Photograph on page 122.)

YASIN AL-KHEDHAIRI, belongs to the well-known Khedhairi family; engaged in commerce since his youth; appointed Member of the Senate.



YASIN BASH-AAYAN AL-ABBASI, of a prominent family of Basrah; well-known writer and historian.

YOHANNA AL-MANSURI, Bishop, Mar Matti Monastery; born, 1873; educated at the Patriarchal School, Mardin. Held various religious posts; Bishop, Mar Matti Monastery Diocese, 1935. (Photograph on page 472.)

YONAN ABBUL YONAN, Arabic writer; born, Mosul, 1893; educated in Mosul and Istanbul. Appointed Teacher at the Chaldean Secondary School; Editor, "Mosul Official Gazette" and Director of the Liwa Press; Instructor of French at the Baghdad Law

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College. Author of literary writings and of a "Guide to Summer Resorts in Iraq."

YUNIS AL-SABAAWI, lawyer and journalist; edited various newspapers.



YUNIS BAHRI, born, Mosul, 1904. Left Iraq in 1923 for a two years' tour in Europe, Asia and America; left Iraq once more to complete his tour in all parts of the world; returned to Iraq, 1931; Editor, "Al-Uqab" newspaper; edited during his travels abroad several periodicals, among which "Kuwait and Iraq" and "Right and Islam"; awarded medals by various Press organizations.

YUSUF AL-ATA, an eminent Alim; born, Baghdad, 1869; studied the Arabic and religious sciences. Member, Council of Education; Professor, Baghdad Law College; Mudarris (Teacher), Gailani Mosque; appointed Mufti of Baghdad.



YUSUF AL-GAILANI, educated at Oxford University. Appointed Assistant Director of Western Affairs, Ministry for Foreign Affairs.

YUSUF EMANUEL II, Chaldean Patriarch; born, Alqosh, 1852; educated at the Jesuit College, Beirut. Returned to Mosul, 1879; accompanied the Chaldean Patriarch to Europe, 1890; appointed Bishop of Siirt, 1892; awarded high Ottoman orders and decorations; elected Patriarch, 1900, and invested with his high office, July 24th, 1900; has done much for the welfare and education of his community. Appointed Member of the Senate, 1925. (Photograph on page 466.)



YUSUF HURMUZ, journalist; born, Talkaif, 1892; educated at the American School, Basrah. Teacher at the American School, Basrah, 1917 to 1933; Editor, "Sawt al-Sha'b" daily, published in Basrah and then in Baghdad.

YUSUF IZZUDDIN AL-NASIRI, born, Tikrit, 1884; educated in Baghdad and Istanbul. Has held various educational appointments; was Inspector of Education, Mosul; Principal, Teachers' Training College; Principal, Central Secondary School, Baghdad; Inspector of Education, Baghdad; Director of Education, Baghdad Liwa; Inspector, Ministry of Education. (Photograph on page 399.)

YUSUF IZZUDDIN IBRAHIM, has held high Government appointments; Assistant Director-General of Finance; Director-General of State Domains; Accountant-General; re-appointed Director-General of State Domains.

YUSUF KHAYATT, a prominent Priest; was Deputy for Mosul in the Iraqi Parliament.

YUSUF RIZQULLAH GHANIMA, Director-General of Finance and Chairman, Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank, Baghdad; born, Baghdad, August 9th, 1885. Engaged in commerce, 1906; elected Member, Administrative Council, Baghdad Liwa, 1922; Lecturer, High Teachers' Training College, 1923; Member, Constituent Assembly, 1924; published "Al-Siasa" newspaper, 1925; Deputy for Baghdad, 1925; Minister of Finance, 1928-29; one of the founders of "Al-Ikha" Party, 1931; Director-General of Revenue, 1932; Director-General of Finance, 1934; Minister of Finance, 1934-35; re-appointed Director-General of Finance, July 24th, 1935; Chairman, Board of Directors, Agricultural and Industrial Bank, 1936. His numerous publications include a "History of the Commerce of Iraq," a "History of the Jews in Iraq," a "History of Iraqi Cities," "Hira: An Arab City and Kingdom," and an "Interpretation of the Iraqi Constitution." (Photograph on page 217.)

YUSUF RUJAIB, writer and journalist; edited various newspapers.



NOTICE.

When the Iraq Directory for 1936 was still in the press,
a law was enacted prohibiting the use of titles, such as Beg,
Pasha, etc. in Iraq.