Significant Dates in the History of the Sisters of Mercy

West Midwest Community

Chicago: Red

Auburn: Lime

Legend:

	8	O	Rust	Detroit:	Teal
		Cedar Rapids:	Blue	Omaha:	Green
1846	· ·	O'Brien was the first	•	Frances Warde and five Xavier College (now	e companions. Mother University) was
1850	Mercy Hospita	l opens. (Chicago)			
1854	On December 8 at 5:00 a.m. eight Sisters of Mercy from Kinsale, Ireland led by 25-year-old Sister Mary Baptist Russell disembark from the steamship Cortes at the Jackson Street pier to begin their ministry to the people of San Francisco. (Burlingame)			Cortes at the	
1856	Buenos Aires, Argentina foundation is made by Mother Mary Evangelista Fitzpatrick fr Baggot Street, Dublin, Ireland. (Detroit)			elista Fitzpatrick from	
1857	ministry in edu		care. This fou	acramento from San F undation will become t	rancisco to begin a he Auburn, California
1857	and County H		he latter and	to nurse in the City (Sopen St. Mary's Hospi me)	
1859	Ottawa, Illinoi McGirr. (Chica		Chicago is m	ade by Mother M. Fra	ncis Xavier
1861-62	*	it Sacramento. The led convent. (Aubu		ter to the victims goin	g out by boat from
1863	the care of orpl	nans, education of o	children and	•	o Grass Valley to begin city. The Grass Valley, al Community.
1864	Omaha, Nebra	ska foundation is n	nade by Motl	ner Mercy Ignatius Lyr	nch (Omaha)
1867	DeWitt, Iowa I Johnson. (Chic		e from Chica	go by Mother Mary Bo	orromeo
1868	•	_	-	rs nurse victims of the ne City Fathers of San	

all religious from paying fare on public transportation. (Burlingame)

Ž.	1060	Independence, Iowa foundation is made from Davenport/DeWitt, Iowa by Mother Mary
	1869	Francis de Sales Monholland. It begins as a branch house of the Davenport Community. (Detroit/Chicago)
	1870	Foundation is established in Janesville, Wisconsin from Davenport, Iowa. (Chicago)
	1871	The great Chicago Fire destroys the city, including St. Xavier Academy and the House of Mercy. Mercy Hospital provides care and shelter for the injured and homeless. (Chicago)
	1871	Our Lady of La Salette Home for the Aged opens on Rincon Hill in San Francisco. The Magdalen Asylum, House of Mercy, and Industrial School for Girls (renamed St. Catherine's Home in 1904) are combined into one institution on property at 23rd and Potrero in the Mission district of San Francisco. (Burlingame)
	1873	Grand Rapids, Michigan foundation is made by Mother Mary Joseph Lynch. (Detroit)
	1875	St. Joseph School, Sacramento, California opened in 1857, becomes incorporated as St. Joseph Academy, a high school and Normal School for women. (Auburn)
	1875	Three Sisters of Mercy from Independence, Iowa and four Sisters from Davenport, Iowa make the foundation in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. (Cedar Rapids/Chicago)
	1877-78	Lourdes Academy (St. Anthony's Parish), Oakland, and St. Peter's Academy, San Francisco open. (Burlingame)
	1879	Dubuque, Iowa foundation is made from Davenport, Iowa by Mother Mary Agatha Murphy. (Detroit/Chicago)
9	1879	Mother M. Joseph Lynch moves her community to Big Rapids, Michigan where they open a hospital and a school. (Detroit)
N. A.	1881	The Davenport diocese is created, leaving the Cedar Rapids community as an independent congregation. This was also true for the Davenport branch houses of Independence, Iowa and Dubuque, Iowa. (Cedar Rapids/Detroit)
	1881	Red Bluff, California foundation made from Manchester, New Hampshire by Mother Mary Helen Dickson. (Omaha)
	1882	Durango, Colorado foundation made by Mother Mary John Baptist Meyers. (Omaha)
	1883	Sister Mary Agatha Mulany was appointed the first Mother Superior by the Bishop of the Davenport diocese. (Cedar Rapids)
1	1883	Mother M. Catherine Feehan and five companions arrive from Nashville, Tennessee to open a boarding school and Motherhouse on Chicago's west side. (Chicago)
をか	1884	Belcourt, North Dakota foundation made by Mother Mary Genevieve Sheridan. (Omaha)

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3	1884	Independence, Missouri foundation made by Mother Mary Jerome Shubrick. (Omaha)
300	1885	Joplin, Missouri foundation made by Mother Mary Ignatius Walker. (Omaha)
	1885	Mother Mary Evangelist Holcomb and two companions respond to the request of Bishop Heiss to extend the Fond du Lac community to Milwaukee. (Chicago)
	1887	Kansas City, Missouri foundation made by Mother Mary Agnes Dunne. (Omaha)
227	1887	Council Bluffs, Iowa foundation made by Mother Mary Vincent McDermott. (Omaha/Chicago)
	1887	The Sacramento Community becomes an independent congregation with Mother Mary Vincent Phelan as its first Mother Superior. (Auburn)
7	1889	Mercy Hospital Catholic Training School for Nurses in Illinois opens. (Chicago)
	1893	Des Moines, Iowa foundation made by Mother Mary Xavier Malloy. (Omaha)
	1894	The mayor of Milwaukee asks the Sisters to provide housing for working women. Milwaukee foundation begins with Mercy Home for Women (later St. Catherine's Residence). (Chicago)
	1896	Portland, Oregon foundation made by Mother Mary Joseph Lynch. (Omaha)
	1896	Sisters purchase Ridge Home to open the first Mercy hospital in Sacramento. This marks the beginning of a 100 year tradition of Mercy healthcare in Northern California. (Auburn)
	1897	Sacramento, California Sisters build new hospital, Mater Misericordiae, and open a nursing school. (Auburn)
	1900	Sisters open Stanford Home as an orphanage for young children. (Auburn)
	1900	Mercy Hospital in Cedar Rapids opens. (Cedar Rapids)
	1906	The Sisters lease part of the Green estate and rename the mansion Sacred Heart Convent and Academy. It was the first step toward the purchase of the mansion and the acreage surrounding it. (Cedar Rapids)
	1907	Mercy Home in Milwaukee is moved and renamed St. Catherine's Residence for Women. (Chicago)
200	1908	North Dakota motherhouse moves to Devil's Lake from Belcourt. (Omaha)
	1910	At the request of Bishop Muldoon (Rockford Diocese), the Aurora, Illinois foundation is made by six Sisters of Mercy from Council Bluffs, Iowa. (Chicago/Omaha)
	1911	St. Mary's Hospital is rebuilt and reopens on Stanyan Street near Golden Gate Park on February 22, replacing the building on Rincon Hill destroyed in the 1906 earthquake and fire. (Burlingame)
	1911	The Mercy Community in Dubuque, Iowa opens St. Joseph Mercy Hospital in Ann Arbor, Michigan, the first of seven hospitals opened in Michigan as branch houses of the Dubuque Community (Detroit)

	1911	The Mercy Communities in Joplin, Independence and Kansas City, Missouri amalgamate and become the Kansas City Community. (Omaha)
	1914	The Michigan Sisters move their motherhouse from Big Rapids (after three fires) back to Grand Rapids, Michigan and build Mount Mercy which is both a motherhouse and a girls' academy. (Detroit)
	1915	Jackson, Michigan foundation is made the Grand Rapids, Michigan Community. The first superior is Mother Mary Assisium Hynes. (Detroit)
	1916	Pocatello, Idaho foundation is made by Mother Mary Vincent Mahoney and Mother Mary Ignatius Brady. (Omaha)
	1922	The San Francisco Sisters of Mercy amalgamate with three groups of Sisters of Mercy from Phoenix, Arizona; San Diego, California; and Los Angeles, California, doubling the number of sisters and adding four hospitals and six schools. The Motherhouse of this new entity is moved to the Kohl Mansion in Burlingame, California on February 25, 1924. (Burlingame)
	1922	Raton, New Mexico foundation made by Mother Mary Angela Hostetter. (Omaha)
*	1924	Mount Mercy Academy in Cedar Rapids, Iowa opens. Sacred Heart Academy continued as a grade school.(Cedar Rapids)
	1928	Mount Mercy Junior College opens in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. (Cedar Rapids)
	1928	The Grand Rapids Community accepted charge of the ministries of the Hammond, Indiana Mercy Community (Detroit)
	1929	10 foundations become the Omaha Province with the amalgamation and the formation of the Union of the Sisters of Mercy of the United States of the America. Mt. Loretto Novitiate is established in Council Bluffs, Iowa. Mother Mary Leo Gallagher is elected the first Mother Provincial. (Omaha)
*	1929	Six foundations in Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa amalgamate and become the Chicago Province. (Chicago)
	1929	The motherhouses in Grand Rapids and Jackson, Michigan join the Union of the Sisters of Mercy of the United States as part of Cincinnati Province. The Dubuque, Iowa Community joins the Omaha Province. (Detroit)
	1930	The Dubuque, Iowa Community joins the Cincinnati Province and the Novitiate for the Cincinnati Province is established at Mt. St. Agnes in Dubuque. (Detroit)
	1931	Mercy High School, Burlingame opens. (Burlingame)
	1931	Red Bluffs, California joins the Union and the Omaha Province. (Omaha)
	1934-68	These were years of expansion in education. By 1968, the Sisters were in twelve educational institutions. (Auburn)
	1940	The Detroit Province is established. Mercy College of Detroit (now part of the University of Detroit Mercy) is built as motherhouse and women's college. Mother Mary Carmelita Manning is the first Mother Provincial, and Sister Mary Patricia Garvey is the first college president. (Detroit)

	1940	The Motherhouse is moved to Auburn, California, site of today's Convent of Our Lady of Mercy and Mercy Center. (Auburn)
	1944	Sisters move to Shasta County opening Mercy Hospital. (Auburn)
	1945	Our Lady of Mercy High School opens on the campus of Mercy College/Detroit Provincial House. (Detroit)
1	1947	The new Constitutions for the Cedar Rapids Community is approved by Rome. (Cedar Rapids)
	1949	Sisters open pre-postulancy house at Ardfert in County Kerry, Ireland. (Auburn)
	1952	Mercy High School, San Francisco opens. (Burlingame)
	1961	The Sisters of Mercy in Buenos Aires, Argentina join the Detroit Province of the Union of the Sisters of Mercy in the United States. (Detroit)
	1964	In January the first four sisters leave from Burlingame for the Altiplano of Peru to begin ministry in the Prelature of Juli. In the next 40 years, 14 sisters have ministered there. An indigenous community is developing with three Aymara women professed as Sisters of Mercy by 2006. (Burlingame)
	1964	The Sisters gather in Omaha to celebrate the first 100 years of the Sisters of Mercy in Omaha.
	1965	Mercy College of Detroit takes over the entire Mercy campus in Detroit. The Provincial Offices and Our Lady of Mercy High School move to Farmington (Hills), Michigan. (Detroit)
	1966	Mercy High School, Carmichael is opened. (Auburn)
	1975	The Mercy Community observes its centennial year with the civic community. (Cedar Rapids)
	1976	The 17 hospitals in Michigan, Iowa and Indiana sponsored by the Detroit Province join to form the Sisters of Mercy Health Corporation. (Detroit)
	1978	The first gathering of Sisters and partners in ministry of the entire Province. Over 300 attend. It is held in Estes Park, Colorado at the YMCA of the Rockies. (Omaha)
100	1980	The Chapter passes a proposal adopting housing as a sponsored ministry. (Omaha)
	1981	Mercy Spirituality and Retreat Center opens in Burlingame.
1	1986	The Burlingame Sisters of Mercy join with the Sisters of Mercy of Auburn to form Catholic Healthcare West. (Burlingame/Auburn)
	1988	The Assembly establishes a ministry fund for the service to the poor with a commitment of significant funding. Ministry funds evolve to the present McAuley Ministry Fund. (Omaha)

34	1000	The Auburn Community becomes a second of Many Housing Inc (Auburn)
	1989	The Auburn Community becomes a co-sponsor of Mercy Housing, Inc. (Auburn)
	1989	Sisters of Mercy of Burlingame enter into sponsorship of Mercy Housing, Inc. with the Omaha Regional Community. In 1993 they form Mercy Housing of California. (Burlingame)
	1990	Mercy College of Detroit joins with Jesuit University of Detroit to become University of Detroit Mercy. (Detroit)
	1991	Sixteen independent Mercy Communities including Burlingame, Auburn and Cedar Rapids join the nine Provinces of the Union of the Sisters of Mercy in the United States including Detroit, Chicago and Omaha to form the Institute of the Sisters of Mercy in the Americas, each becoming a Regional Community of the Institute.
	1991	By Assembly action, the Detroit Regional Community establishes the Mercy Education Project for girls and women in the inner city of Detroit. Sister Mary Canice Johnson is the first director. (Detroit)
	1992	Mercy Center Auburn opens as center for spirituality and retreat. (Auburn)
	1992	Mercy Education Resource Center is established to continue the education ministry of the Sisters. (Auburn)
	1993	The Cedar Rapids Regional Community takes the first steps down the road to reimagining and re-configuring. (Cedar Rapids)
	1996	The Omaha Regional Community participates in the West Midwest Collaborative Mercy New Membership Team. (Omaha)
	1997	The Chicago Regional Community becomes co-sponsors in the formation of Provena Health System. (Chicago)
	1998	The Chicago Regional Community joins with members of LCWR, Region 8 to form Project Irene: Illinois Religious Engaging in Nonviolent Endeavors. (Chicago)
	1999	Fox Valley Sisters celebrate their 90th Anniversary in Aurora, Illinois. (Chicago)
	2000	The Cedar Rapids Community celebrates its 125th anniversary year. (Cedar Rapids)
	2003	The Chicago Regional Community becomes a co-sponsor of Mercy Housing, Inc. (Chicago)
	2004	The Regional Communities of Chicago, Cedar Rapids, Burlingame, Auburn, Omaha and Detroit agree to work together to form the West Midwest Community in the re-imagining and reconfiguration of the Institute of the Sisters of Mercy of the Americas.
	2004-07	Sisters of Mercy of both the Auburn and the Burlingame Regional Communities join together to celebrate 150 years of service to the people of California. (Auburn/Burlingame)

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	2006	The Sisters of Mercy in Argentina celebrate their 150th Anniversary of their coming to Buenos Aires. (Detroit)
207	2008	In March, the West Midwest Community holds its first Assembly.
	2008	On July 1, the West Midwest Community comes into existence.
		Hurrah for new foundations! They make the old, young and the young, merry!
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N. Comments		