MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Note: Read and understand Material Safety Data Sheet before handling or disposing of product.

Effective date: 25 FEB, 04

MSDS No. 66122

SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

NIPPON OIL CORPORATION

3-12, Nishi Shimbashi 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105-8412

Japan

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

+81-3-3502-9168

TELEPHONE NUMBER FOR INFORMATION:

+81-3-3502-1111

FAX NUMBER FOR INFORMATION:

+81-3-3502-9365

PRODUCT NAME:

EPNOC GREASE AP(N) 1

PRODUCT USE: Lubricating grease

SECTION 2. COMPOSITON / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPOSITION

| Components | Amount(%) | Limit |
|--|-----------|---|
| Highly refined petroleum oil | > 85 | 5 mg/m ³ TWA-OSHA (Mineral Oil Mist #1) 5 mg/m ³ TWA-ACGIH (Mineral Oil Mist #1) |
| Thickener (Lithium soap) | < 10 | |
| Additives Oxidation inhibitors Extreme pressure agents Thickener Metal deactivator | < 5 | 2mg/m ³ TWA-ACGIH (Butylated hydroxytoluene #2) |

Hazardous information

#1 Highly refined petroleum oil, by definition, is considered hazardous according to OSHA. Because it carries the Threshold limit value (TLV) for mineral oil mist.

#2 A component is considered hazardous according to ACGIH. Because it carries the Threshold Limit Values (TLV) for Butylated hydroxytoluene.

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Warning statement:

Caution!

Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause irritation in some cases.

Precautionary Measures:

Avoid breathing vapor and mist. Keep container closed.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat.

Potential health effect:

Eyes: Skin:

May cause minor irritation.

Inhalation:

May cause minimal skin irritation.

Vapor or mist, in excess of permissible concentrations, or in unusually high concentrations generated from spraying, heating the material, or as from exposure in poorly ventilated

areas or confined spaces, may cause irritation of the nose and throat, headache, nausea, and drowsiness.

Ingestion:

May cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, or diarrhea.

Chronic Properties:

Sensitization properties: Unknown

If prolonged exposure occurs, nausea, headache, diarrhea, and physical

discomfort.

Other remarks:

None

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MAESURES

Eyes:

Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin:

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: Indestion:

Remove exposed person to fresh air if adverse effects are observed. Do not make person vomit unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Note to physician:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTIN MEASURES

Flash point (Typical), ℃ Autoignition tempt., ℃

Not Determined. Not Determined. Not Determined.

Flammability limits: Extinguishing media:

CO₂, dry chemical, or foam.

Special fire fighting procedures:

Recommend wearing self-contained breathing apparatus. Water may

cause splattering. Material will float on water.

Unusual fire & explosion hazards:

Toxic fumes, gases or vapors may evolve on burning.

Explosion data:

Material does not have explosive properties.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Procedures in Case of Accidental Release, Breakage or Leakage:

Stop the source of the leak or release. Clean up releases as soon as possible. Contain, liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up small spills using appropriate techniques such as sorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Follow prescribed procedures for reporting and responding to larger releases.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STRAGE

Do not weld, heat or drill container. Replace cap or bung. Emptied container still contains hazardous material which may ignite with explosive violence if heated sufficiently.

Minimum feasible handling temperatures should be maintained. Periods of exposure to high temperatures should be minimized.

Water contamination should be avoided.

CAUTION: Do not use pressure to empty drum or drum may rupture with explosive force,

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection:

Chemical type goggles or face shield optional.

Skin Protection:

Avoid prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact by wearing impervious protective

clothing including gloves.

Respiratory Protection:

Wear a breathing mask.

Ventilation:

No special ventilation is usually necessary. However, if operating conditions create

high air borne concentrations of this material, special ventilation may be needed.

Other clothing and Equipment:

No special clothing or equipment is usually necessary.

Work practices, hygienic practices:

No information is available.

Other handling and storage requirements: No information is available.

Protective measures during maintenance of contaminated equipment: No Data Available.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

°C

Odor

Appearance

Boiling point

Solubility

Density

Dropping point

Penetration worked

DMSO Extract (Base oil)

@15°C, g/cm³ @25°C, 60W

mass % (IP 346)

Slight odor

Light brown buttery No Data Available Insoluble in water

No Data Available 196

325 < 3

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Conditions to Avoid:

See the Handling and storage section for further details.

Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Hazardous Polymerization:

Thermal decomposition:

Acids. Oxidizing agents. Halogens and halogenated compounds. Will not occur Smoke, carbon monoxide, aldehydes and other products of incomplete

combustion. Hydrogen sulfide and alkyl mercaptans and sulfides may also be released. Under combustion conditions, oxides of the following

elements will be formed: Calcium, Sulfur, Zinc.

SECTION 11, TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Oral:

No Data Available:

Believed to be greater than 5 g/kg (rat)

Practically non-toxic

Dermal:

No Data Available:

Believed to be greater than 3 g/kg (rabbit)

Practically non-toxic

Carcinogen: (Base oil)

OSHA: EU:

This material is listed as Group 3 by IARC.

The classification as a carcinogen need not apply.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradation:

No Data Available

Environmental fate:

This material is not expected to present any environmental problems other than those

associated with oil spills.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Place contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal of this material.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations.

DOT Proper Shipping Name:

IMDG Proper Shipping Name:

ICAO Proper Shipping Name:

Proper Shipping Name: TDG NFPA Proper name:

Not applicable.

Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.

Class 1.

UN Number:

Not applicable.

SECTION 15. REGULATION INFORMATION

The U.S.TSCA inventory:
The EC EINECS inventory:
The CANADA DSL inventory:
The AUSTRALIA AICS inventory:
The KOREA TCCL inventory:

The PHILIPPINE PICCS inventory:

All components of this material are on the US TSCA inventory.

All components of this material are on the EC EINECS inventory.

All components of this material are on the DSL inventory.

All components of this material are on the DSL inventory. All components of this material are on the AlCS inventory. All components of this material are on the TCCL inventory. All components of this material are on the PICCS inventory.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

None

References:

1. Handbook of Toxic and Hazardous Chemicals and Carcinogens (2nd ed.)

2. Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (NIOSH, 1983)

Material safety data sheets are provided as reference information on the safe handling of hazardous or harmful materials to companies using such materials. When referring to this data sheet, companies should remember that they must take responsibility for implementing the proper measures for their own particular situations. This data sheet is not a guarantee of safety.