## ISC CENSUS AND ANNUAL REPORT 2019

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This report is based on a survey carried out in January 2019. All 1,364 schools in UK membership of the constituent associations of ISC ("ISC schools") completed the survey.

Appendix One gives a snapshot of ISC schools as they were in January 2019. Appendix Two shows comparative figures for the schools that completed the Census in both 2018 and 2019 and is therefore the best guide for annual change.

ISC's constituent associations are: the Association of Governing Bodies of Independent Schools (AGBIS), the Girls' Schools Association (GSA), the Headmasters' and Headmistresses' Conference (HMC), the Independent Association of Prep Schools (IAPS), the Independent Schools Association (ISA), the Independent Schools' Bursars Association (ISBA) and The Society of Heads (SofH).

Four associations are affiliate members of ISC: the Council of British International Schools (COBIS), the Boarding Schools' Association (BSA), the Scottish Council of Independent Schools (SCIS) and the Welsh Independent Schools Council (WISC).

The Society of Heads was previously known as the Society of Headmasters and Headmistresses of Independent Schools and was referred to as SHMIS in Censuses up to 2011.

The ISC Research Team would like to thank all participating schools for the considerable time taken to complete the Census and to check returns, particularly during the busy start of the spring term and when other Census completions are required.

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## Foreword

This Census is a rigorous data collection exercise. All Independent Schools Council schools complete the Census, for which we are most grateful. Around half of UK independent schools are ISC schools, educating about $80 \%$ of all independent school children - so this data gives a good idea of general trends across the sector.

The purpose of this Census is to give us the information we need to understand the true picture of our schools, which counters the commonly held stereotype so often portrayed to the public.

The number of pupils in ISC schools continues to rise. More and more receive fee assistance, widening access. Independent schools continue to offer forms of education which are thin on the ground in the state sector, such as single-sex schools (up from last year), boarding, special needs schools and those with an emphasis on music and dance or cathedral choirs. Most of our schools are small schools serving their local community, but some draw pupils from across the world.

The picture this year is one of schools which are, on average, in good health in a challenging climate. They are popular because they ensure excellent pastoral care, effective character education and the development of soft skills such as confidence and resilience, and achieve outstanding academic results. The sector includes schools that are more affordable than you might expect and many continue to increase the amount provided in means-tested bursaries. The great majority are in partnerships with state schools, working together as part of our diverse education system to create learning opportunities for all involved.

At a time of such turbulence nationally, it is reassuring to find that our schools remain strong - as they have been for many hundreds of years.

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Barnaby Lenon, Chairman
Independent Schools Council

## Executive Summary

## 1. CONTROLLED FEE INCREASES AND INCREASING AMOUNT OF FEE ASSISTANCE, PARTICULARLY MEANS-TESTED FEE ASSISTANCE

- Average fee increases this year were 3.7\%.
- There appears to have been a conscious effort by schools over the last 10 years to control fees. Since 2010 fee increases have averaged 3.9\%. Between 2000 and 2010 they averaged 6.6\%.
- The number of pupils in receipt of fee assistance has increased by 3\%, but the numbers of pupils receiving free places where all fees are paid has increased by $5 \%$.
- 6,169 pupils paid no fees at all, 306 more than last year.
- In total, more than $£ 1$ billion was provided in fee assistance. More than $£ 800 \mathrm{~m}$ came directly from ISC schools and approximately half was allocated through a means-tested process.


## 2. HIGHEST NUMBER OF PUPILS AT ISC SCHOOLS SINCE RECORDS BEGAN IN 1974

- There are now a record 536,109 pupils at 1,364 ISC member schools, up from 529,164 in 2018.
- At the 1,307 schools completing the Census in both 2018 and 2019, pupil numbers have risen by $0.1 \%$.
- Within different subsets of pupils there were:
- 28,910 overseas pupils equating to $5.4 \%$ of all pupils (or $4.8 \%$ of pupils if we exclude UK based international schools). These are the same proportions as last year.
- 132,638 pupils attending single-sex schools, equating to $24.7 \%$ of all pupils. This is marginally higher than last year.
- 84,293 pupils identified as having SEND, equating to $15.7 \%$ of all pupils, marginally higher than last year.
- Increases in the proportion of minority ethnic pupils, reflecting general population trends (from 33.4\% last year to $33.8 \%$ this year).
- Variations regionally, with some areas experiencing increases in pupil numbers and others reductions in pupil numbers.


## 3. THE BOARDING LANDSCAPE IS CHANGING, REFLECTING CHANGING PARENTAL PREFERENCES

- There were 69,155 boarding pupils on Census day - 17th January 2019.
- If we consider pupils that boarded at any point during the spring term 2019, there were 72,912 boarders.
- Whilst full boarding remains the most popular boarding pattern, there has been a shift in recent years to weekly and flexi boarding. The proportion of weekly and flexi boarders has increased for 3 consecutive years. In 2016, 15.7\% of boarders were weekly or flexi boarders. This year that stands at 17.9\%.


## 4. DESPITE FEWER THAN 50\% OF ISC SCHOOLS BEING ACADEMICALLY SELECTIVE, ISC PUPILS SIGNIFICANTLY OUTPERFORM THE NATIONAL AND GLOBAL AVERAGES ACADEMICALLY

- For example:
- More than $50 \%$ of independent schools' entries for A-level chemistry were awarded an A* or A compared with less than $30 \%$ of state entries in the UK.
- Proportionately, nearly four times as many ISC pupils gained 40 points in the International Baccalaureate compared with the worldwide average.
- At GCSE, the proportion of entries at grades 9-7 for independent schools was double that of state-funded schools for both French and German.
- The majority (54\%) of ISC pupils continue to a Russell Group university.


## 5. UK INDEPENDENT SCHOOLS ARE PROUD OF THEIR GLOBAL OUTLOOK AND ABILITY TO COMPETE ON A GLOBAL SCALE

- There are 28,910 pupils at ISC schools whose parents live overseas. Whilst this is only a small proportion of all pupils ( $5.4 \%$ or $4.8 \%$ excluding UK based international schools), ISC schools welcome the cultural diversity these pupils bring.
- Non-British pupils also contribute disproportionately to the UK economy, contributing $£ 1.8$ bn to GDP, supporting 39,310 jobs and generating half a billion pounds in tax revenue.
- An increasing number of ISC schools operate campuses overseas, educating 39,616 pupils.
- Whilst the majority of ISC pupils study at UK universities, over 1,700 ISC pupils choose to study overseas in 463 different overseas institutions.
- This year, 457 teachers from outside the UK came to teach in ISC schools.
- ISC pupils perform significantly better in the International Baccalaureate compared with the worldwide average (see point 4 above).


## 6. ISC SCHOOLS APPEAR TO BE EXPANDING THEIR PUBLIC BENEFIT ACTIVITIES

- ISC schools engage in a wide range of partnerships with state schools, which include reading with younger pupils, preparing A-level pupils for Higher Education, sharing facilities and seconding teaching staff.
- Overall there has been an increase in partnership activity this year compared with last year. 11,466 partnerships were recorded this year, compared with 10,553 last year.
- Beyond partnerships with state schools, between $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ and $£ 15 \mathrm{~m}$ was raised for charities at ISC schools this year and 901 ISC schools organise volunteering opportunities for their staff and / or pupils.
- A recent study by Oxford Economics reported that independent schools save the tax payer $£ 3.5$ bn, generate a further $£ 4.1$ bn in tax revenues, contribute $£ 13.7$ bn in GDP and support 302,910 jobs.


## ISC Schools: Location, School Type, Structure and Size

Fig 1. School location and pupil density
Map 1 relates to ISC schools only and covers all of the UK (ISC data 2019). Map 2 illustrates pupil density' for all independent schools, but is confined to England and Wales only (DfE and Welsh Government data 2019). Map 3 shows a detailed breakdown of pupil density' in London.

Map 1. ISC schools in all of the UK (ISC data 2019).

Map 2. This map shows the pupil density ${ }^{1}$ in England and Wales broken down by local authority. Equivalent figures are not available for other parts of the UK.

${ }^{1}$ Proportion of school-age children that are educated independently.

## Fig 2. ISC school membership

This page illustrates the number of schools in ISC membership by school type. We have categorised the schools by their pupils' age, gender and whether they have day or boarding pupils and each school is counted in one (and only one) category for each type. This page also reconciles changes in membership between 2018 and 2019.

## Age

## 1,364 total number of schools

## 251 Senior schools

Schools where all pupils are in Year 7 and above


468 Mixed-age schools
All other schools with mixed age ranges


## 645 Junior schools

Schools where all pupils are in Year 8 and below


## 1,086 Co-ed schools

Schools that do not fall into either the category of boys' or girls' schools

## 166 Girls' schools

Schools with no boys in year groups above nursery

## 112 Boys' schools

Schools with no girls in year groups above nursery

## Day/Boarding

## 891 Day schools

Schools that have no boarders

## 473 Boarding schools

Schools that have at least one boarding pupil

## Changing Membership



Since last year's Census, where 1,326 schools were in membership of the constituent associations: 17 schools left, 53 schools joined, 4 schools consolidated records with affiliated schools to form 2 schools for Census reporting, and 3 schools demerged to form 7 schools for Census reporting. There are therefore 1,364 schools in membership this year, 1,307 of which participated in both the 2018 and 2019 Census. The figures from these schools make up the table in Appendix Two for an accurate comparison of the sector.

## ISC Schools: Location, School Type, Structure and Size

Figure 1 clearly illustrates that the majority of ISC schools are located in southern England; indeed, 52\% of ISC schools are located in London, the South East and South Central. Of all independent schools in England (ISC and non-ISC schools), $48 \%$ are located in these regions, educating 54\% of all independent school pupils.

Figure 2 categorises ISC schools into three main types - by age range, by gender and by day/boarding. These are the categories that are used most frequently throughout this report. It is worth noting, however, that ISC schools could be categorised in other

Fig 3. ISC school structures
Figure 2 illustrates the numbers of ISC schools according to whether they are senior, mixed-age or junior. ISC schools cover a range of different year groups, sometimes making categorisation difficult. For completeness, Figure 3 shows the most common sets of year group ranges found within ISC schools. The blue bars show year group structure for each subcategory. The numbers in white indicate the number of schools that share that particular year group structure.

Senior ${ }^{1}$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 148 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , | 10 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |

Other senior schools: $13^{4}$

## Mixed-age ${ }^{2}$



Other mixed schools: $35^{4}$

Junior ${ }^{3}$


Other junior schools: $43^{4}$
${ }^{1}$ Senior schools are defined as having all pupils in year 7 and above.
${ }^{2}$ Mixed-age schools are defined as all other ISC schools.
${ }^{3}$ Junior schools are defined as having all pupils in year 8 or below.
${ }^{4}$ Some school structures are excluded from this illustration because their structure is shared by fewer than 10 schools: 91 schools are excluded -13 senior schools, 35 mixed-age schools and 43 junior schools.
ways too. For example, $49 \%$ of ISC schools are selective, $51 \%$ are not. Another way we might categorise schools is in relation to charitable status $\mathbf{- 7 4 \%}$ of ISC schools hold charitable status, $26 \%$ do not. Note, this represents a slight drop from last year where $75 \%$ of schools held charitable status.

Figure 2 shows that ISC schools are more likely to be junior schools than senior or mixed-age schools, they are more likely to be co-educational schools than single-sex and more likely to be day schools as opposed to boarding schools. Figure 3 illustrates the difficulties in categorising independent schools neatly owing to their differing structures.

As well as displaying differing structures, ISC schools vary significantly in size from having fewer than 50 pupils to over 2,400, although half of all schools have fewer than 300 pupils. The mean school size is just under 400, but the mode is just under 190. In addition, schools have been steadily growing in size since the mid-1980s. In 1985 the average school size was 314 ; it now stands at 393.

Finally, as illustrated in Figure 4, school size varies according to the type of school; senior schools tend to be larger than junior schools, schools with boarding pupils tend to be larger than schools with only day pupils, and schools that are entirely single-sex tend to be larger than co-educational schools. Due to these size variances, the remainder of this report focuses on pupil numbers to illustrate trends within the sector.

Fig 4. Mean school size by type of school

|  | Average <br> size |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sype of school | 505 |
| Mixed | 540 |
| Junior | 243 |
| Day schools | 363 |
| Schools with boarding pupils | 449 |
| Co-ed schools | 372 |
| Single-sex schools | 477 |
| Overall average | $\mathbf{3 9 3}$ |

## Pupil Numbers

There are now 536,109 pupils at ISC schools, up from 529,164 in 2018, and therefore pupil numbers now stand at a new high since records began in 1974, as illustrated by Figure 5.

If we consider only those schools in membership this year and last year, we still see an increase in pupil numbers of $0.1 \%$.

Fig 5. ISC pupil numbers since 1974 (key milestones)


1974 was the first year the Census was completed.
1982 was the first year the Census was completed on a computer.

## Pupil Numbers: By Region

Whilst overall pupil numbers have grown nationally at ISC schools, regionally the growth varies as illustrated by Figure 6. For example, pupil numbers in Wales are up $2.4 \%$ whereas in Yorkshire \& Humber they are down 1.1\%. It is important to note, however, that smaller regions (in terms of prevalence of ISC schools) are more susceptible to fluctuations. For example,
there are only 19 ISC schools in Wales that completed the Census in both 2018 and 2019. Last year Wales saw a rise of $1.8 \%$; this year it is $2.4 \%$. Similarly, there are only 16 schools in the North East; this year there has been a slight increase of 0.03\% whereas last year there was a $1.7 \%$ decrease.

Fig 6. Annual growth in pupil numbers by region (like-for-like)


Note:The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. More specifically, schools are now classified according to their local authority area; previously they were classified according to county. This has mainly impacted London, the South and East. For example, 40 schools that were previously classified under South East, South Central and East have been reclassified to London. Reclassifications in other areas are minimal. This has had a minimal impact on the above changes in pupil numbers.

## Pupil Numbers: Single-sex and Co-education

The majority of ISC schools are co-educational; approximately one fifth are single-sex, educating 132,638 pupils collectively. 42 ISC schools are single-sex except in their nursery. Excluding these schools in the count of single-sex schools leaves 17\% of ISC schools being single-sex. Further, Figure 7 illustrates that
there are many other schools that are predominantly singlesex. Single-sex girls' schools are more common than single-sex boys' schools and co-educational schools tend to have slightly more boys than girls.

Fig 7. Girls as a percentage of all pupils


Figure 8 illustrates the proportion of single-sex schools compared with co-education at each of the different year groups. Co-education is very common at nursery level where over $90 \%$ of ISC schools have both boys and girls. As children get older, single-sex education becomes more common,
reaching a peak between years 7 and 9 where around $35 \%$ of ISC schools have year groups of either all boys or all girls. Above Year 9 there is a slight shift back to co-education. Finally, it is interesting to see that after Year 8 there are more than twice as many schools with single-sex girls'year groups than single-sex boys'.

Fig 8. Proportion of year groups that are entirely boys, entirely girls, or are co-educational


## Pupil Numbers: Boarders

Boarding numbers were 69,155 (based on the day the Census was taken), making up $12.9 \%$ of total pupil numbers and down very slightly on the 69,979 boarding pupils reported in 2018. Boarding numbers based on pupils who boarded during the spring term were $72,912,925$ fewer than 2018. Figure 9 shows
the number of boarders at ISC schools since 2000 and also the percentage of all pupils that they accounted for. Since the turn of the century, boarding numbers and proportions have remained stable.

Fig 9. Boarders at ISC schools: 2000-2019


Figure 10 illustrates the proportions of boarding pupils at ISC schools - 473 schools, representing $35 \%$ of all ISC schools, cater for boarding pupils. Note, however, that in the large majority (74\%) of ISC boarding schools fewer than half of the pupils board.

Only $2.5 \%$ (or 12 schools) are exclusively boarding schools. Figure 11 illustrates notable regional variations. At schools located in the South West, $25 \%$ of pupils board, while at schools in Greater London, just 3\% of pupils board.

Fig 10. Boarders as a percentage of all pupils


Figure 12 illustrates boarding patterns for the sector as a whole and by year group. For the sector as a whole, $13 \%$ of pupils at ISC schools board. At sixth form, this proportion more than doubles to over one third of all pupils. For junior pupils this proportion is significantly lower, with only $2 \%$ of pupils boarding.

In addition to boarding being far more prevalent at sixth form than at junior level, sixth form pupils are far more likely to board on a full-time basis: $89 \%$ of sixth form boarding pupils are full boarders, $7 \%$ are weekly boarders and $4 \%$ are flexi boarders. In contrast, more than half of junior boarding pupils are weekly or flexi boarders. Whilst full boarding remains most popular overall, the pattern appears to be changing with weekly and flexi boarding becoming more popular. The proportion of weekly and flexi boarders has increased for 3 consecutive years. In 2016 15.7\% of boarders were weekly or flexi boarders. This year this stands at 17.9\%. Many working parents value the flexibility of weekly and flexi boarding.

Fig 11. Boarders as a percentage of all pupils by region

| Region | Number of ISC schools | Number of ISC schools with one or more boarders | Total number of pupils | Total number of boarders | Boarders as \% of pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South West | 101 | 60 | 36,324 | 8,923 | 24.6\% |
| South Central | 218 | 105 | 77,630 | 17,964 | 23.1\% |
| Wales | 21 | 11 | 7,515 | 1,495 | 19.9\% |
| East Midlands | 68 | 24 | 25,098 | 4,421 | 17.6\% |
| South East | 202 | 90 | 77,841 | 13,539 | 17.4\% |
| West Midlands | 94 | 32 | 36,175 | 5,072 | 14.0\% |
| Yorkshire \& Humber | 62 | 24 | 26,264 | 3,248 | 12.4\% |
| East | 154 | 62 | 62,443 | 6,510 | 10.4\% |
| Scotland | 33 | 18 | 24,732 | 2,409 | 9.7\% |
| North West | 85 | 14 | 35,188 | 2,053 | 5.8\% |
| North East | 16 | 5 | 7,237 | 325 | 4.5\% |
| London | 289 | 21 | 104,432 | 2,747 | 2.6\% |
| Total | 1,364 | 473 | 536,109 | 69,155 | 12.9\% |

Note: The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. See footnote on page 8 for more details
Note: Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man are excluded due to the small numbers of schools in these regions, but are included in the total.

Fig 12. Full, weekly and flexi boarding by year group


Note: For Figure 12, pupils are classed as boarders if they boarded at some point during the spring term 2019. In previous tables and charts, pupils are counted as a boarder if they boarded on Census day (17th January 2019).
A larger number of boarders are, therefore, included in Figure 12.

## Pupil Numbers: Movement Between Sectors

Figure 13 illustrates where pupils were educated before joining an ISC school this academic year. More than one quarter of pupils new to the independent sector came from state-funded establishments.

Fig 13. New pupils breakdown


Approximately $7 \%$ of school children are currently educated at independent schools in Britain, but this figure hides a more complex reality. Figure 14 shows that in England over 15\% of school' pupils aged 16 and over attend an ISC school. At age 11 it is closer to $6 \%$ and at age 4 closer to $3 \%$.

Whilst there are subtle points to note ${ }^{1}$ regarding the data used in Figure 14, the important conclusion from these illustrations is that the divide between independent and state is, therefore, a porous one and many more than $7 \%$ of pupils attend an independent school at some point during their school career.

Fig 14. Proportion of all school-age children in England attending an ISC school by age ${ }^{2}$


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## Pupil Numbers: Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)

ISC schools provide provision for 84,293 pupils with SEND (15.7\% of all pupils). Of these, 72,803 pupils have been identified with one or more specific SEND. This compares with 71,468 in 2018. 3,670 pupils are statemented or have EHC
plans (4.4\% of all ISC SEND pupils). The most common SEND is Specific Learning Difficulty (SPLD), which includes conditions such as dyslexia and dyspraxia and represents 57.5\% of all SEND pupils in ISC schools.

Fig 15. SEND pupils

| Types of SEND | Total pupils | \% of all SEND pupils |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Specific Learning Difficulty (SPLD) | 48,473 | $57.5 \%$ |
| Moderate Learning Difficulty (MLD) | 3,456 | $4.1 \%$ |
| Severe Learning Difficulty (SLD) | 354 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulty (PMLD) | 47 | $0.1 \%$ |
| Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEHM) | 10,394 | $12.3 \%$ |
| Speech, Language and Communication Needs (SLCN) | 6,240 | $7.4 \%$ |
| Hearing Impairment (HI) | 1,647 | $2.0 \%$ |
| Visual Impairment (VI) | 1,752 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Multi-Sensory Impairment (MSI) | 377 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Physical Difficulty (PD) | 1,773 | $2.1 \%$ |
| Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD) | 5,361 | $6.4 \%$ |
| Other Difficulty/Disability | 7,260 | $8.6 \%$ |
| SEN support but no specialist assessment of type of need | 11,490 | $13.6 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 4 , 2 9 3}$ |  |

Note: Some pupils have more than one SEND: they are counted under each individual category of SEND, but are counted only once in the total.
Please also note: SEND categories were redefined in 2017 in response to advice from the ISC SEND Expert Group. Therefore, we should not make too many year on year comparisons because responses to questions that have been redefined sometimes take several iterations to become stable.

## Pupil Numbers: Ethnicity

$66 \%$ of all ISC pupils are from a white British background while $34 \%$ are from a minority ethnic background. Figures for the state-funded sector only cover schools in England and the latest data available is from 2018. Figure 17, therefore,

Fig 16. Ethnicity of ISC pupils (2019)

|  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | No. of pupils | \% share |
| White British | 263,482 | $66.2 \%$ |
| Minority ethnic | 134,675 | $33.8 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 9 8 , 1 5 7}$ |  |

As in the UK as a whole, ethnicity in ISC schools varies by region as illustrated by Figure 18. Finally, as with the trends experienced among pupils in the state-funded sector, the
compares ethnicity in England only in 2018 for both ISC schools and state-funded schools. This shows that the ethnic make-up at ISC schools broadly mirrors that of all state schools.

Fig 17. Ethnicity comparisons for schools in England: number of pupils and \% share (2018)

|  |  | State-funded <br> schools |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | \% share

proportion of pupils from a minority ethnic background at ISC schools has increased in recent years; 23\% of ISC pupils were classed as minority ethnic in 20091, compared with 34\% now.

Fig 18. Ethnicity of ISC pupils by region (2019)


Note:The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. See footnote on page 8 for more details.
Please also note, some schools do not record ethnicity data; $85 \%$ of ISC schools were able to submit ethnicity data, equating to $74 \%$ of all ISC pupils. Last year we also recorded ethnicity for $74 \%$ of ISC pupils. Scotland is not included in the above chart because ethnicity was only known for $22 \%$ of pupils in Scotland.

## International Footprint: Non-British Pupils

There are two categories of non-British pupils at ISC schools: those whose parents live overseas and those whose parents live in the UK. Figure 20 illustrates the relative numbers of pupils at ISC schools from different regions, as well as whether or not
their parents live in the UK or overseas. Figure 19 provides the numerical breakdown. In total, 48\% of non-British pupils have parents living in the UK. As one might expect, this percentage is significantly higher for Irish pupils than it is for Chinese pupils.

Fig 19. Non-British pupils at ISC schools

|  | Total nonBritish pupils | Parents | Parents in UK | $\%$ with parents overseas | \% with parents in the UK |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ireland | 1,517 | 79 | 1,438 | 5.2\% | 94.8\% |
| USA | 3,840 | 337 | 3,503 | 8.8\% | 91.2\% |
| Oceania | 999 | 110 | 889 | 11.0\% | 89.0\% |
| Rest of North America | 649 | 101 | 548 | 15.6\% | 84.4\% |
| France | 2,578 | 429 | 2,149 | 16.6\% | 83.4\% |
| India | 1,429 | 241 | 1,188 | 16.9\% | 83.1\% |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka \& Bangladesh | 510 | 95 | 415 | 18.6\% | 81.4\% |
| Italy | 1,960 | 531 | 1,429 | 27.1\% | 72.9\% |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 5,493 | 1,549 | 3,944 | 28.2\% | 71.8\% |
| Poland | 454 | 141 | 313 | 31.1\% | 68.9\% |
| Romania | 284 | 91 | 193 | 32.0\% | 68.0\% |
| Japan | 1,040 | 437 | 603 | 42.0\% | 58.0\% |
| Rest of Africa | 1,501 | 635 | 866 | 42.3\% | 57.7\% |
| Middle East | 1,233 | 624 | 609 | 50.6\% | 49.4\% |
| Central \& South America | 877 | 456 | 421 | 52.0\% | 48.0\% |
| South Korea | 873 | 485 | 388 | 55.6\% | 44.4\% |
| Spain | 2,480 | 1,425 | 1,055 | 57.5\% | 42.5\% |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 1,803 | 1,054 | 749 | 58.5\% | 41.5\% |
| Germany | 3,182 | 1,898 | 1,284 | 59.6\% | 40.4\% |
| Russia | 2,563 | 1,532 | 1,031 | 59.8\% | 40.2\% |
| Nigeria | 1,411 | 911 | 500 | 64.6\% | 35.4\% |
| Central Asia | 567 | 398 | 169 | 70.2\% | 29.8\% |
| Malaysia | 671 | 492 | 179 | 73.3\% | 26.7\% |
| Remainder of Far East | 1,367 | 1,046 | 321 | 76.5\% | 23.5\% |
| Mainland China | 9,585 | 7,708 | 1,877 | 80.4\% | 19.6\% |
| Taiwan | 208 | 179 | 29 | 86.1\% | 13.9\% |
| Thailand | 984 | 923 | 61 | 93.8\% | 6.2\% |
| Hong Kong | 5,222 | 5,003 | 219 | 95.8\% | 4.2\% |
| Total | 55,280 | 28,910 | 26,370 | 52.3\% | 47.7\% |

Fig 20. Nationality of non-British pupils at ISC schools


## International Footprint: Non-British pupils whose parents live overseas

In ISC schools, there are currently 28,910 non-British pupils whose parents live overseas, which represents $5.4 \%$ of the total ISC pupil population in 2019. In 2018, there were 28,513 , also 5.4\% of total pupils. If we exclude "international schools" (where more than $90 \%$ of the pupils are from overseas), the $5.4 \%$ drops to $4.8 \%$. By far the largest numbers of pupils come from China.

Non-British pupils whose parents live overseas are more numerous at ISC schools in the sixth form than as junior pupils: $54 \%$ of such pupils are in years 12 and $13,44 \%$ in years 7 to 11 , with only $2 \%$ in years 6 and below. Not surprisingly, these pupils are much more likely to board: 92\% of non-British pupils whose parents live overseas choose to board.

Figure 21 illustrates trends in non-British pupils whose parents live overseas since 2007, when the Census first started
collecting this data. There has been steady growth in pupil numbers from China in this period. Pupil numbers from the EEA have been increasing since 2017 after a period of decline from 2012. Among pupils from Russia, there have been four years of decline after a period of steady growth. Pupil numbers from Hong Kong have been growing since 2016, although have not yet returned to historical highs.

Since 2009 schools wishing to recruit pupils from outside a non-EEA country (excluding Switzerland) have been required to hold a Tier 4 sponsor licence issued by UK Visas and Immigration (UKVI). Therefore, subject to minor exceptions, any school recruiting non-EEA pupils must be on UKVI's register of licensed sponsors. Our Census discloses that 690 ISC schools are Tier 4 sponsors.

Fig 21. Number of non-British pupils whose parents live overseas from selected countries at ISC schools: 2007-2019


## International Footprint: Non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK

In ISC schools there are currently 26,370 non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK, representing 4.9\% of all pupils. In 2018 there were 25,165 equating to $4.8 \%$ of all pupils.

Among these pupils $45 \%$ come from EEA countries, up 3 percentage points from last year, which is an interesting finding in light of Brexit. A further 13\% come from the USA.

## International Footprint: British pupils whose parents live overseas

As well as non-British pupils, there are 4,493 British pupils at ISC schools whose parents serve in HM Forces. In addition, there
are 4,911 other British pupils whose parents live overseas (see Appendix One: Table 13, p38 for more details).

## International Footprint: Overseas Schools

A growing number of ISC schools are operating overseas campuses. There are currently 58 such campuses educating a total of 39,616 pupils. This has grown from 47 campuses and 32,330 pupils in 2018 . There are, therefore, more pupils being educated in overseas campuses than there are overseas pupils in ISC schools in the UK. Pupils in overseas campuses are not included elsewhere in this Census.

Furthermore, there are approximately 127 ISC affiliated schools, i.e. overseas schools in membership of ISC associations.

Fig 22. Location of overseas campuses of ISC schools

| Location | Schools | Pupils |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Mainland China | 26 | 15,137 |
| Middle East | 13 | 11,637 |
| Thailand | 5 | 2,870 |
| Hong Kong | 4 | 2,099 |
| South Korea | 2 | 1,966 |
| Malaysia | 2 | 1,349 |
| Other | 6 | 4,558 |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 6 1 6}$ |

Fig 23. Overseas schools in membership of ISC associations

| Location | GSA | HMC | IAPS | ISA | SofH |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Africa | 0 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 4 |
| Americas | 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| Asia | 1 | 13 | 8 | 4 | 0 |
| Australasia | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Europe | 2 | 14 | 10 | 2 | 4 |
| Middle East | 0 | 7 | 16 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 1}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ |

Note: ISC does not perform a detailed audit of overseas schools. Therefore, it is possible that some schools could be counted twice if the school is a member of more than one association

Figure 23 shows where these schools are located. Data from these schools is not included elsewhere in this Census

Overseas campuses of ISC schools are only a small part of the landscape of British schools overseas (BSOs). We estimate there to be over 4,000 BSOs, representing around one half of all English-medium international schools worldwide.

## School Fees

For the first time this year we asked schools to separate out fee levels between those charged to UK pupils and those charged to international pupils. Fee levels by age group and fee type for UK pupils are displayed in Figure 24. The majority of pupils attend day schools, meaning the typical fee level is $£ 4,763$ per term. Fees are recorded per term and therefore, on an annual basis this equates to $£ 14,289$.

Fig 24. School fees (excluding nursery fees)
Figures represent average weighted fees per term. Average fee figures are based on fees at schools completing the Census in 2019; percentage change is calculated from the change among the 1,307 schools completing the Census in both 2018 and 2019 without an adjustment for the methodology change.

|  |  | Day fee <br> (boarding <br> schools) | Day fee <br> (day schools) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Age group | Boarding fee | $£ 12,239$ | $£ 7,206$ |

Because of the change in methodology, calculating fee increases is not straightforward. If we compare fee levels for all schools that completed the Census in both 2018 and 2019, we record an overall increase of $3.2 \%$ (excluding nursery fees ${ }^{1}$ ). However, if we adjust for the change in methodology we estimate the true fee increase level to be $3.7 \%$ on a like-for-like basis.

Historic fee changes are displayed in Figure 25. Since 2010 fee increases have averaged at $3.9 \%$. This compares to fee increases averaging 6.6\% in the 10-year period 2000 to 2010. There appears to be a conscious effort by schools to control fee levels. Note, there was a large fee increase in 2004 in response to increasing pension and National Insurance costs for schools. With planned increases to the Teacher Pension Scheme (TPS) this year, we might expect larger than average fee increases in 2020 and the slightly larger fee increase of $3.7 \%$ this year compared with $3.4 \%$ in 2018 might be in anticipation of the additional TPS costs.

Fig 25. Fee increases since 2000 (like-for-like)


[^1]Figure 26 shows how fee increases varied by region. Note, this chart is based on the same methodology used to calculate the 3.2\% fee increase noted earlier. It might, therefore, underestimate the true fee increase, but is a reliable indication of the variability by region. London schools and schools in the East of England appear to have increased their fees by the greatest amount. Schools in Wales show the lowest increases, but as this is a small region with only 19 schools that completed the Census in both 2018 and 2019 it is more susceptible to large fluctuations.

As one might expect, fees vary significantly between day and boarding schools (boarding fees are typically twice that of day school fees as illustrated in Figure 24). Similarly, fees charged by schools vary by region. For example, the average fee ranges from just under $£ 3,600$ per term for day schools in the North West to more than $£ 5,700$ per term for day schools in London (see Table 6 of Appendix One, p33 for more details).

Fig 26. Fee increases by region (like-for-like)


A further illustration of the variation in fees is illustrated in Figure 27 below. For day schools, the majority of schools charge under $£ 2,000$ and 21 charge over $£ 7,000$ per term, reflecting the diverse offering in ISC schools. between $£ 3,000$ and $£ 5,000$ per term, but 40 schools charge

Fig 27. Fee distribution in day schools ${ }^{1}$


Weighted average fee

[^2]
## Scholarships and Bursaries

A total of 176,633 pupils currently receive help with their fees, representing $34 \%$ of all pupils ${ }^{4}$; the value of this help totals over one billion pounds, an increase of 5.3\% on last year. A significant majority (85\%) of total fee assistance is provided
directly from the schools themselves: ISC schools currently provide more than $£ 860 \mathrm{~m}$ of fee assistance annually, an increase of $5.6 \%$ on the previous year.

Fig 28. Contributions to fees ranked by total value of assistance (annual)

|  | Total (pupils) ${ }^{3}$ | Average help received by a pupil (£) | \% of all pupils | Total <br> (value $£ m$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The School | 152,799 | 5,653 | 28.5 | 864 |
| The School: means-tested bursaries | 41,827 | 9,634 | 7.8 | 403 |
| The School: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ | 70,997 | 3,525 | 13.2 | 250 |
| The School: scholarships: non-means-tested | 57,832 | 3,293 | 10.8 | 190 |
| The School: scholarships: means-tested | 2,965 | 6,528 | 0.6 | 19 |
| The School: iTrust | 159 | 4,741 | 0.03 | 0.75 |
| Early Years Funding | 23,899 | 2,445 | 4.5 | 58 |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ | 2,621 | 18,461 | 0.5 | 48 |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme | 1,386 | 22,418 | 0.3 | 31 |
| All other sources | 2,505 | 8,060 | 0.5 | 20 |
| Total number of pupils helped | 176,633 | 5,785 | 33.9 | 1,022 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.
${ }^{3}$ Some pupils receive help from more than one source: they are counted under each category, but are counted only once in the total.

Figure 29 shows that over the past 19 years there has been a consistent trend of schools providing fee assistance to an increasing number of pupils, the only exception being small drops in 2008 and 2016.
opposed to non-means-tested, totalling over $£ 420 \mathrm{~m}$ and representing an increase of $6 \%$ compared with last year. Bursaries and means-tested scholarships are awarded to $8 \%$ of pupils.

Focusing specifically on bursaries and scholarships, schools give more than twice as much means-tested assistance as

Fig 29. Proportion of pupils receiving fee assistance: 2000-2019

— \% of pupils receiving help from somewhere
—— of pupils receiving help from school

[^3]Figure 30 shows a breakdown of the 41,827 means-tested bursaries and the 2,965 means-tested scholarships provided by ISC schools. Nearly half of all pupils on means-tested bursaries have more than half of their fees remitted and 5,998 pay no fees at all. In contrast, means-tested scholarships tend to be smaller and over half are for less than $25 \%$.

If we compare the information provided in Figures 28 and 30 with last year we see that more pupils are in receipt of meanstested fee assistance (44,792 this year compared with 42,977 last year), and the value of this help has increased to a greater
extent (from $£ 398$ m in 2018 to $£ 422$ m this year). Furthermore, the numbers of pupils who have full fees paid has also increased (from 5,863 last year to 6,169 this year). This suggests that ISC schools are continuing to focus on providing larger bursaries to those pupils most in need.

Note, for the first time this year, schools were asked to provide data on greater than 100\% bursaries. These are bursaries that contribute to costs additional to the basic fee. 584 pupils benefit from these bursaries, representing $1.3 \%$ of all means-tested bursaries and scholarships.

Fig 30. Distribution of means-tested bursaries and means-tested scholarships

| Size of means-tested <br> bursary | Number of <br> pupils | \% of means-tested <br> bursary pupils |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $1-25 \%$ | 9,618 | $23.0 \%$ |
| $26-50 \%$ | 13,237 | $31.6 \%$ |
| $51-75 \%$ | 7,406 | $17.7 \%$ |
| $76-100 \%$ | 11,566 | $27.7 \%$ |
| $100 \%$ | 5,441 | $13.0 \%$ |
| $>100 \%$ | 5557 | $1.3 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 1 , 8 2 7}$ |  |

Note: 76-100\% category includes $>100 \%$ means-tested bursaries and scholarships.

In recent years, there has been a shift from non-means-tested scholarships to means-tested bursaries and scholarships, as illustrated in Figure 31. The total value of means-tested bursaries and scholarships provided by schools has increased by over $£ 160 \mathrm{~m}$

| Size of means-tested <br> scholarship | Number of <br> pupils | \% of means-tested <br> scholarship pupils |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $1-25 \%$ | 1,787 | $60.3 \%$ |
| $26-50 \%$ | 653 | $22.0 \%$ |
| $51-75 \%$ | 197 | $6.6 \%$ |
| $76-100 \%$ | 328 | $11.1 \%$ |
| $100 \%$ | 144 | $4.9 \%$ |
| $>100 \%$ | 27 | $0.9 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 , 9 6 5}$ |  |

since 2011, a rise of 62\%; the total value of non-means-tested scholarships has risen by $34 \%$ over the same period. Note that fee levels have risen by the same amount over the same period, meaning that scholarships have not risen in real terms.

Fig 31. Trends in means-tested bursaries and scholarships versus non-means-tested scholarships at ISC schools (2011-2019) ${ }^{1}$


[^4]
## Public Benefit

The range of partnerships with local state schools is summarised in Figure 32. Partnerships are wide ranging and include reading with younger pupils, preparing A-level pupils for higher education, sharing facilities and seconding teaching staff. In summary, 1,142 schools are involved in partnerships with state schools, equating to $84 \%$ of ISC schools. To put this figure into context, only 74\% of ISC schools hold charitable status.

Schools appear to be expanding their partnership work this year. More specifically, 11,466 partnerships were recorded this year, compared with 10,553 last year. Note, the question regarding academy sponsorship was changed this year. Schools were historically recording sponsorship by the schools' federation or trust, but this has now been removed which explains why this figure is significantly lower this year.

Figure 33 is a summary of the facilities available at ISC schools. Whilst some ISC schools have multiple facilities, many do not. For example, among the 1,364 ISC schools there are 82 allweather athletics tracks, i.e. only $6 \%$ of ISC schools. Assuming all these were shared with state schools, they would only serve a small fraction of the $28,000^{1}$ state-funded schools in the UK. Collectively, 2,111 facilities are shared with local state schools. The number of state-funded schools and state-funded pupils benefiting from partnership activities is summarised in Figure 34.

Fig 33. Breakdown of facilities at ISC schools

|  | Number of <br> schools | \% of all <br> ISC schools |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| All-weather athletics track | 82 | $6.0 \%$ |
| Astroturf | 714 | $52.3 \%$ |
| Concert hall/theatre | 744 | $54.5 \%$ |
| Dance studio | 462 | $33.9 \%$ |
| Fitness centre | 466 | $34.2 \%$ |
| Rowing facilities | 90 | $6.6 \%$ |
| Sport centre | 593 | $43.5 \%$ |
| Sports fields | 944 | $69.2 \%$ |
| Squash courts | 217 | $15.9 \%$ |
| Swimming pool | 611 | $44.8 \%$ |
| Tennis courts | 832 | $61.0 \%$ |
| Total schools | $\mathbf{1 , 3 6 4}$ |  |

Fig 34. Number of state schools and state pupils benefiting from partnership activities

Number of state-funded schools benefiting from partnership activities

| Number of <br> state schools | Number of <br> ISC schools | \% of ISC <br> schools |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $1-10$ | 779 | $68.4 \%$ |
| $11-20$ | 216 | $19.0 \%$ |
| $21-30$ | 56 | $4.9 \%$ |
| $31-40$ | 35 | $3.1 \%$ |
| $41-50$ | 23 | $2.0 \%$ |
| $51+$ | 30 | $2.6 \%$ |

Note: the number of state schools benefiting was not provided by 3 schools.

Number of state-funded pupils benefiting from partnership activities

| Number of <br> state pupils | Number of <br> ISC schools | $\%$ of ISC <br> schools |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 20 or fewer | 85 | $7.4 \%$ |
| $20-50$ | 181 | $15.8 \%$ |
| $50-100$ | 222 | $19.4 \%$ |
| $100-200$ | 224 | $19.6 \%$ |
| $200-500$ | 222 | $19.4 \%$ |
| $500+$ | 208 | $18.2 \%$ |

On average, each of the 1,142 schools work with approximately 11 schools and 210 pupils. This is higher than last year, which is a further illustration of schools expanding their partnership work.

Finally, beyond partnership work, $99 \%$ of ISC schools reported that they have raised money for charities over the last year. Not all schools were able to report the amount raised, but for the 69\% of schools that kept such records, the total raised for charity in the year 2018 to 2019 was over $£ 10 \mathrm{~m}$. We estimate that the true amount could be as high as $£ 15 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ if we include the $30 \%$ of schools that didn't report monetary amounts. In addition, 901 ISC schools organise volunteering opportunities for their staff and / or pupils.

[^5]Fig 32. Partnerships with local state schools


## Economic Impact

In 2018, ISC commissioned Oxford Economics to evaluate the impact of independent schools on the UK economy. Its analysts calculated the impact for both the whole independent sector and ISC member schools in particular. The key statistics are illustrated in Figure 35 below.

Oxford Economics, a leader in global forecasting and quantitative analysis calculated that independent schools' contribution to UK GDP in terms of Gross Value Added (GVA) is $£ 13.7$ bn. This is a greater contribution to GDP than the UK's largest defence, aerospace, and security company, BAE Systems. It further considered the number of jobs supported and calculated that 302,910 jobs were supported either directly or indirectly by independent schools, which is more than the total number of jobs in the city of Liverpool. In addition, the analysis concluded that independent schools contributed $£ 3.5$ bn annually in tax revenue. This is equivalent to $£ 129$ per UK household or the annual pay of 108,000 NHS nurses.

In choosing to fund their children's education and not take up a state school place, independent school parents save British taxpayers an estimated $£ 3.5$ bn each year. This takes into account both the recurrent and capital costs that would occur were the 600,000 pupils currently attending independent schools to enter state education, and is the equivalent of funding the construction of more than 20,000 new affordable homes.

Oxford Economics also evaluated the contribution to the economy made by the increased academic attainment levels of ISC pupils. Based on OECD analyses, if ISC schools had not existed for the past 70 years, it is estimated that UK GDP would be $£ 62$ bn lower per annum.

Finally, it is worth noting that non-British pupils contribute disproportionately to the UK economy, contributing $£ 1.8 \mathrm{bn}$ to GDP, supporting 39,310 jobs and generating half a billion pounds in tax revenue.

Fig 35. The impact of Independent schools on the UK economy


## Teaching Staff

A total of 59,749 full-time equivalent teachers are employed at ISC schools. The teaching profession (for the education sector as a whole) has a far greater proportion of female teachers, but this is much less pronounced at ISC schools. $38 \%$ of full-time equivalent teachers at ISC schools are men. This compares with a figure of $26 \%$ in state-funded schools ${ }^{1}$.

Fig 36. Teacher numbers and pupil-teacher ratio

| Full-time |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Men | 21,108 |
| Women | 29,246 |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 0 , 3 5 4}$ |
| Part-time |  |
| Men | 2,981 |
| Women | 13,947 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 6 , 9 2 8}$ |
| Overall full-time equivalent (32.5 hours = 1 full-time) |  |
| Men | 22,642 |
| Women | 37,107 |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 9 , 7 4 9}$ |
| Pupil-teacher ratio | $8.5: 1$ |

For more detail see Appendix One, Tables 19 and 21, p42 and Appendix Two, Tables 12 and $14, \mathrm{p} 55$ and p57.

A total of 9,268 full-time equivalent teaching assistants are employed at ISC schools, making up 13\% of classroom staff. The equivalent proportion at state-funded schools is $37 \%$, almost three times as high. The pupil-teacher ratio at ISC schools is 8.5:1. This compares to an average of 17.9:1 ${ }^{1}$ across all state-funded schools in 2017.

Fig 37. Teaching assistant numbers

| Full-time |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Men | 798 |
| Women | 5,633 |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 , 4 3 1}$ |
| Part-time |  |
| Men | 262 |
| Women | 4,362 |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 , 6 2 4}$ |
| Part-time hours | 4,399 |
| Men | 87,793 |
| Women | $\mathbf{9 2 , 1 9 1}$ |
| Total | 933 |
| Overall full-time equivalent (32.5 hours = 1 full-time) |  |
| Men | 8,334 |
| Women | $\mathbf{9 , 2 6 8}$ |
| Total |  |

For more detail on teaching assistants, see Appendix One, Table 20, p42 and Appendix Two, Table 13, p56.

Every August, ISC publishes exam results data for ISC schools. This data is broken down by exam type, gender and grade. In January, the Department for Education release a more detailed dataset broken down by subject. Figure 38 below displays entry numbers split by state-funded and independent schools. It shows that independent school pupils are over-represented in subjects such as science, maths, modern foreign languages
(MFL), classics, music and drama. For example, independent school pupils' A-level entries make up $30 \%$ of all entries for further maths despite independent school pupils making up only $16 \%{ }^{1}$ of the A-level population. State-funded schools are over-represented in subjects such as English, law, computing, media and general studies. For example, state pupil entries make up $98 \%$ of all entries for law.

Fig 38. A-level entries as a proportion of all entries


Fig 39. Proportion A*/A (A-level) grades in England


[^6]ISC results published in August 2018 revealed that nearly half of A-level entries at ISC independent schools achieve $A^{*}$ and $A$ grades, nearly double the national figure. They further revealed that over $60 \%$ of GCSE/IGCSE entries by independent school pupils were awarded an $A^{*}, A, 9,8$, or 7 grades, more than three times the national average.

Figure 39 displays the proportion of top grades for key subjects (STEM, MFL, arts and classics) for A-level. This chart shows that both independent and state pupils achieve higher grades in many of the key STEM and MFL subjects (compared with the average for all subjects), but significant attainment gaps still remain. For example, at chemistry A-level over 50\%
of independent schools entries were awarded an $A^{*}$ or $A$ compared with under 30\% of state entries. In dance, nearly 70\% of independent school entries achieved an $A^{*}$ or A compared with less than a quarter of state entries. In classics, more than twice as many independent entries achieved and $A^{*}$ or $A$ compared with state school entries.

Figure 40 displays the equivalent information for GCSEs. It shows similar attainment gaps - for example, the proportion of entries at grades 9-7 for independent schools was double that of state-funded schools for both French and German. In music, twice as many independent school entries obtained a grade 7 or higher.

Fig 40. Proportion 9-7 (GCSE) grades in England


Note: for the Science: Double Award, grades 99 and 98 are shown as 9,88 and 87 are shown as 8,77 and 76 are shown as 7. Please also note, in summer 2018, GCSEs in many key subjects were assessed under the new reformed 9-1 grading. Therefore, only reformed GCSEs are analysed above.

The above analysis covers GCSE and A-levels only. 6.2\% of ISC pupils took the International Baccalaureate in 2018, which includes maths, science and MFL. Figure 41 summarises some key statistics published in the IB Diploma Programme Statistical Bulletin alongside those collected for ISC schools in August
2018. Nearly half of all UK IB candidates come from ISC schools. Proportionally, nearly four times as many ISC pupils achieved 40 points compared to the worldwide average. ISC pupils made up one in six of all pupils worldwide gaining the maximum score of 45 points.

Fig 41. Key statistics for IB

|  | Worldwide | UK | ISC |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of candidates taking IB | 163,173 | 4,625 | 2,274 |
| \% candidates gaining 40 or more points | $7.7 \%$ | Not reported | $28.4 \%$ |
| Number of candidates gaining the maximum 45 points | 259 | Not reported | 44 |

## Entrance to Higher Education

The vast majority of ISC school leavers continue to higher education. Only small numbers take alternative routes such as apprenticeships and employment. This year $2.5 \%$ of school leavers went straight to employment in 2018 ${ }^{1}$. Whilst still a small subset, this is higher than last year and might indicate a trend in increasing numbers of pupils bypassing university and going straight into employment. Note, however, that there were changes to the questions this year (more specifically for the first time this year we asked schools to record more detailed
information regarding deferred and gap year pupils) and a review of the data suggests this has impacted how schools recorded information in this section this year. We, therefore, suspect the actual movements are much smaller than reported opposite, but this will be an area of interest in Census 2020. With high university tuition fees and innovative alternative routes, such as the Dyson Institute and apprenticeship schemes with large multinationals, such as PwC, it will be interesting to see if this is a trend.

Fig 42. Higher education destination summary


Of those continuing to higher education, $93 \%$ do so within the UK. The majority (54\%) continue to a Russell Group university of which 5\% of ISC pupils continue to either Oxford or Cambridge. Figure 43 shows the top 20 UK universities attended by ISC pupils.

As mentioned above, for the first time this year we asked schools to break down the university destinations of pupils applying for a deferred entry to university. 3690 pupils (8.4\%) chose to defer entry to university. The universities with the highest proportions of deferred entries were Oxford Brookes (22.0\%) and Newcastle-upon-Tyne (16.1\%).
${ }^{1}$ The year given reflects the year pupils left their school, rather than the year that the figure was published in the Census, meaning that the most recent figure is for 2018.

Fig 43. Destination of ISC pupils attending UK universities: Top 20
Number of pupils as a proportion of all ISC pupils attending UK universities


For the $5 \%$ of pupils that chose to study outside of the UK, the USA is by far the most popular destination attracting almost $50 \%$ of ISC pupils going to overseas universities, as illustrated in Figure 44. However, this is down on last year when over 50\% chose to study in the USA. ISC pupils go on to a wide range of overseas universities and this range has been expanding year on year. In 2012, fewer than 400 overseas institutions attracted

ISC pupils, now there are 463. The top 10 overseas universities are illustrated in Figure 45. The percentages are low, reflecting the wide range of overseas institutions.

Finally, pupils choosing to study overseas are not confined to a small number of ISC schools. Pupils from $59 \%$ of ISC schools with Year 13 leavers go on to higher education overseas.

Fig 44. Destination of ISC pupils going to non-UK universities: Countries Proportion of all pupils attending non-UK universities


Fig 45. Destination of ISC pupils attending non-UK universities: Top 10
Proportion of all ISC pupils attending non-UK universities


## Appendix One

## Non-Comparative Tables

The tables in Appendix One show figures for all 1,364 schools completing the Census this year and therefore cannot be compared to previous years on a like-for-like basis. These tables follow the same format as last year.

Table 1a. School and pupil numbers by association
This table shows total school and pupil numbers broken down by the five heads'associations.

| Schools | GSA | HMC | IAPS | ISA | SofH | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Charities | 143 | 288 | 517 | 235 | 91 | 1,012 |
| Other | 4 | 4 | 91 | 258 | 15 | 352 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 6 4}$ |
| Not-for-profit | 144 | 291 | 525 | 267 | 94 | 1,056 |
| For-profit | 3 | 1 | 83 | 226 | 12 | 308 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 6 4}$ |
| Pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boarders (boys) | 58 | 25,884 | 9,167 | 4,943 | 4,196 | 38,048 |
| Boarders (girls) | 8,470 | 19,294 | 6,960 | 4,587 | 3,279 | 31,107 |
| Day pupils (boys) | 2,821 | 109,796 | 118,199 | 48,769 | 23,253 | 234,887 |
| Day pupils (girls) | 70,921 | 85,399 | 106,851 | 47,407 | 17,280 | 232,067 |
| Total (boys) | 2,879 | 135,680 | 127,366 | 53,712 | 27,449 | 272,935 |
| Total (girls) | 79,391 | 104,693 | 113,811 | 51,994 | 20,559 | 263,174 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 2 , 2 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0 , 3 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 1 , 1 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5 , 7 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 , 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 6 , 1 0 9}$ |

Table 1b. School and pupil numbers by association (further breakdown)
For some ISC schools the heads are in membership of more than one association. For example, a school with pupils from ages 3 to 18 may have a head in membership of IAPS and HMC, but IAPS may only regard the pupils in the junior part of the school as counting towards their membership. Table 1b therefore repopulates Table 1a allowing for this subtlety. For example, there are fewer pupils in IAPS schools in Table 1b due to the exclusions of senior pupils recorded under their membership in Table 1a. The figures in this table should not be compared to any of the other tables in this Census. The only figures that are comparable are those in Table 1b of previous Census reports from 2013 onwards.

| Schools | GSA | HMC | IAPS | ISA | SofH | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Charities | 143 | 288 | 517 | 235 | 91 | 1,012 |
| Other | 4 | 4 | 91 | 258 | 15 | 352 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 6 4}$ |
| Not-for-profit | 144 | 291 | 525 | 267 | 94 | 1,056 |
| For-profit | 3 | 1 | 83 | 226 | 12 | 308 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 6 4}$ |
| Pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boarders (boys) | 58 | 25,884 | 4,695 | 4,943 | 4,196 | 38,048 |
| Boarders (girls) | 8,470 | 19,294 | 2,586 | 4,587 | 3,279 | 31,107 |
| Day pupils (boys) | 2,821 | 109,796 | 86,885 | 48,769 | 23,253 | 234,887 |
| Day pupils (girls) | 70,921 | 85,399 | 72,183 | 47,407 | 17,280 | 232,067 |
| Total (boys) | 2,879 | 135,680 | 91,580 | 53,712 | 27,449 | 272,935 |
| Total (girls) | 79,391 | 104,693 | 74,769 | 51,994 | 20,559 | 263,174 |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 2 , 2 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0 , 3 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 6 , 3 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5 , 7 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 , 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 6}, 109$ |

Table 1c. School and pupil numbers by category of school
This table shows total school and pupil numbers, including a breakdown by category of school. The girls at "single-sex: boys"' schools and the boys at "single-sex: girls"' schools are all in the nursery.

| Schools | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charities | 198 | 380 | 434 | 91 | 154 | 767 | 401 | 611 | 1,012 |
| Other | 53 | 88 | 211 | 21 | 12 | 319 | 72 | 280 | 352 |
| Total | 251 | 468 | 645 | 112 | 166 | 1,086 | 473 | 891 | 1,364 |
| Not-for-profit | 206 | 397 | 453 | 95 | 158 | 803 | 411 | 645 | 1,056 |
| For-profit | 45 | 71 | 192 | 17 | 8 | 283 | 62 | 246 | 308 |
| Total | 251 | 468 | 645 | 112 | 166 | 1,086 | 473 | 891 | 1,364 |
| Pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boarders (boys) | 24,391 | 9,463 | 4,194 | 6,784 | 0 | 31,264 | 38,048 | 0 | 38,048 |
| Boarders (girls) | 20,302 | 8,518 | 2,287 | 0 | 8,062 | 23,045 | 31,107 | 0 | 31,107 |
| Day pupils (boys) | 44,564 | 106,439 | 83,884 | 44,268 | 351 | 190,268 | 76,540 | 158,347 | 234,887 |
| Day pupils (girls) | 37,572 | 128,197 | 66,298 | 162 | 73,011 | 158,894 | 66,699 | 165,368 | 232,067 |
| Total (boys) | 68,955 | 115,902 | 88,078 | 51,052 | 351 | 221,532 | 114,588 | 158,347 | 272,935 |
| Total (girls) | 57,874 | 136,715 | 68,585 | 162 | 81,073 | 181,939 | 97,806 | 165,368 | 263,174 |
| Total | 126,829 | 252,617 | 156,663 | 51,214 | 81,424 | 403,471 | 212,394 | 323,715 | 536,109 |

Table 2. Pupil numbers by age
This table shows numbers of pupils in all ISC schools by age, gender and day/boarding.

| Age on 31st <br> August 2018 | Boarders <br> (boys) | Day pupils <br> (boys) | Boarders <br> (girls) | Day pupils <br> (girls) | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-2$ | 0 | 5,575 | 0 | 5,634 | 11,209 |
| 3 | 0 | 8,164 | 0 | 8,453 | 16,617 |
| 4 | 0 | 10,173 | 0 | 10,195 | 20,368 |
| 5 | 1 | 11,090 | 1 | 10,806 | 21,898 |
| 6 | 5 | 11,720 | 3 | 11,756 | 23,484 |
| 7 | 76 | 13,894 | 67 | 13,387 | 27,424 |
| 8 | 293 | 14,588 | 177 | 14,278 | 29,336 |
| 9 | 562 | 15,737 | 325 | 15,117 | 31,741 |
| 10 | 959 | 16,980 | 623 | 16,264 | 34,826 |
| 11 | 1,781 | 20,507 | 1,665 | 19,606 | 43,559 |
| 12 | 2,225 | 20,126 | 2,050 | 19,605 | 44,006 |
| 13 | 4,412 | 19,025 | 3,278 | 18,849 | 45,564 |
| 14 | 5,162 | 19,182 | 3,988 | 19,290 | 47,622 |
| 15 | 6,011 | 18,411 | 4,875 | 18,443 | 47,740 |
| 16 | 7,188 | 14,325 | 6,103 | 14,745 | 42,361 |
| 17 | 7,386 | 13,765 | 6,250 | 14,024 | 41,425 |
| 18 | 1,697 | 1,357 | 1,456 | 1,240 | 5,750 |
| 19 | 29,048 | 234,887 | 31,107 | 232,067 | 536,109 |
| Total | 268 | 246 | 375 | 1,179 |  |

Table 3. Pupil numbers by year group
This table shows numbers of pupils in all ISC schools by year group, gender and day/boarding.

| Year group | Boarders <br> (boys) | Day pupils <br> (boys) | Boarders <br> (girls) | Day pupils <br> (girls) | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Nursery | 0 | 13,944 | 0 | 14,221 | 28,165 |
| Reception | 0 | 10,140 | 0 | 10,090 | 20,230 |
| Year 1 | 1 | 11,091 | 1 | 10,885 | 21,978 |
| Year 2 | 6 | 11,726 | 3 | 11,707 | 23,442 |
| Year 3 | 71 | 13,894 | 64 | 13,434 | 27,463 |
| Year 4 | 342 | 14,611 | 178 | 14,259 | 29,390 |
| Year 5 | 571 | 15,744 | 320 | 15,135 | 31,770 |
| Year 6 | 953 | 16,996 | 619 | 16,247 | 34,815 |
| Year 7 | 2,844 | 20,619 | 1,701 | 19,696 | 43,860 |
| Year 8 | 4,638 | 19,031 | 3,450 | 18,930 | 46,049 |
| Year 9 | 5,565 | 19,206 | 4,342 | 19,419 | 48,532 |
| Year 10 | 6,034 | 18,553 | 4,751 | 18,524 | 47,862 |
| Year 11 | 7,845 | 14,410 | 6,820 | 14,825 | 43,900 |
| Year 12 | 7,892 | 14,718 | 6,792 | 15,158 | 44,560 |
| Year 13 | $\mathbf{3 8 , 0 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 4 , 8 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 , 1 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 2 , 0 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 6}$ |
| Total | 2,066 | 19,537 | 44,093 |  |  |

Table 4. New pupil numbers by year group
This table shows the numbers of pupils new to their school this academic year by year group, gender and day/boarding.

| Year group | Boarders <br> (boys) | Day pupils <br> (boys) | Boarders <br> (girls) | Day pupils <br> (girls) | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Nursery | 0 | 7,243 | 0 | 7,395 | 14,638 |
| Reception | 0 | 4,527 | 0 | 4,636 | 9,163 |
| Year 1 | 0 | 1,324 | 0 | 1,158 | 2,482 |
| Year 2 | 4 | 1,200 | 1 | 1,128 | 2,333 |
| Year 3 | 34 | 3,465 | 33 | 2,753 | 6,285 |
| Year 4 | 169 | 1,938 | 72 | 1,551 | 3,730 |
| Year 5 | 151 | 1,727 | 105 | 1,726 | 3,709 |
| Year 6 | 260 | 1,621 | 182 | 1,399 | 3,462 |
| Year 7 | 741 | 10,917 | 1,085 | 11,402 | 24,145 |
| Year 8 | 412 | 1,256 | 413 | 1,409 | 3,490 |
| Year 9 | 3,856 | 4,054 | 2,323 | 2,400 | 12,633 |
| Year 10 | 1,316 | 846 | 1,251 | 1,042 | 4,455 |
| Year 11 | 822 | 260 | 830 | 281 | 2,193 |
| Year 12 | 3,064 | 1,831 | 3,489 | 3,051 | 11,435 |
| Year 13 | 475 | 504 | 473 | 506 | 1,958 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 2 , 7 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 2 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 , 8 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6 , 1 1 1}$ |

## Table 5. Pupil numbers by region

This table shows the number of pupils by region. Please see Appendix Three Figure 1 for definitions of regions.

| Region ${ }^{1,2}$ | No. of schools | Boarders (boys) | Day pupils (boys) | Boarders (girls) | Day pupils (girls) | Total boarders | Total day pupils | Total pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| London | 289 | 2,006 | 49,505 | 741 | 52,180 | 2,747 | 101,685 | 104,432 |
| South Central | 218 | 9,789 | 29,384 | 8,175 | 30,282 | 17,964 | 59,666 | 77,630 |
| South East | 202 | 7,090 | 32,948 | 6,449 | 31,354 | 13,539 | 64,302 | 77,841 |
| East | 154 | 3,461 | 28,773 | 3,049 | 27,160 | 6,510 | 55,933 | 62,443 |
| South West | 101 | 4,782 | 13,646 | 4,141 | 13,755 | 8,923 | 27,401 | 36,324 |
| West Midlands | 94 | 2,673 | 15,832 | 2,399 | 15,271 | 5,072 | 31,103 | 36,175 |
| North West | 85 | 1,200 | 17,021 | 853 | 16,114 | 2,053 | 33,135 | 35,188 |
| East Midlands | 68 | 2,667 | 10,292 | 1,754 | 10,385 | 4,421 | 20,677 | 25,098 |
| Yorkshire and Humber | 62 | 1,656 | 11,563 | 1,592 | 11,453 | 3,248 | 23,016 | 26,264 |
| Scotland | 33 | 1,403 | 11,160 | 1,006 | 11,163 | 2,409 | 22,323 | 24,732 |
| Wales | 21 | 847 | 2,944 | 648 | 3,076 | 1,495 | 6,020 | 7,515 |
| North East | 16 | 190 | 3,323 | 135 | 3,589 | 325 | 6,912 | 7,237 |
| All ${ }^{3}$ | 1,364 | 38,048 | 234,887 | 31,107 | 232,067 | 69,155 | 466,954 | 536,109 |

${ }^{1}$ The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. See footnote on page 8 for more details.
${ }^{2}$ Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man are not listed due to the small number of schools in these regions.
${ }^{3}$ The total includes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

Table 6. Fees by region (including nursery fees)
This table shows average termly fees by region and type of school. Please see Appendix Three Figure 1 for definitions of regions.
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrr} & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Day fee } \\ \text { Region }{ }^{1,2}\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Doarding fee } \\ \text { (boarding schools) }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { South East } & £ 12,173 & £ 6,972 & £ 5,260 \\ \hline \text { (day schools) }\end{array}\right]$

[^7]Table 7. Fees by age group (including nursery fees)
This table shows average termly fees for different age groups in ISC schools.

| Age group | Boarding fee | Day fee <br> (boarding schools) | Day fee <br> (day schools) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sixth form | $£ 12,239$ | $£ 7,206$ | $£ 5,174$ |
| Senior | $£ 11,304$ | $£ 6,634$ | $£ 5,009$ |
| Junior | $£ 8,406$ | $£ 5,226$ | $£ 4,426$ |
| Nursery |  | $£ 3,042$ | $£ 3,498$ |
| Overall | $\mathbf{£ 1 1 , 5 6 5}$ | $£ 6, \mathbf{2 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{£ 4 , 6 8 2}$ |

Table 8a. Contributions to fees: senior, mixed-age and junior schools (termly values)
For ISC schools categorised by pupil age, this table shows the breakdown of contributions to fees by type of contribution.

|  | Senior (pupils) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Senior } \\ & \text { (value } \mathrm{fm} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Mixed-age (pupils) | Mixed-age (value £m) | Junior (pupils) | Junior (value $£ m$ ) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { (pupils) } \end{array}$ | Total (value £m) | \% of all pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The school | 43,791 | 118.96 | 76,276 | 128.96 | 32,732 | 40.02 | 152,799 | 287.93 | 28.5 |
| The school: means-tested bursaries | 14,077 | 60.91 | 21,321 | 59.60 | 6,429 | 13.81 | 41,827 | 134.32 | 7.8 |
| The school: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ | 12,282 | 24.96 | 34,153 | 36.11 | 24,562 | 22.36 | 70,997 | 83.43 | 13.2 |
| The school: scholarships: non-means-tested | 24,840 | 29.78 | 29,673 | 30.38 | 3,319 | 3.31 | 57,832 | 63.48 | 10.8 |
| The school: scholarships: means-tested | 994 | 3.30 | 1,657 | 2.64 | 314 | 0.51 | 2,965 | 6.45 | 0.6 |
| The school: iTrust | 0 | 0.00 | 142 | 0.23 | 17 | 0.02 | 159 | 0.25 | 0.03 |
| Early Years Funding | 0 | 0.00 | 7,366 | 6.03 | 16,533 | 13.45 | 23,899 | 19.48 | 4.5 |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ | 358 | 3.05 | 2,042 | 12.48 | 221 | 0.60 | 2,621 | 16.13 | 0.5 |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme | 395 | 2.78 | 970 | 7.55 | 21 | 0.03 | 1,386 | 10.36 | 0.3 |
| All other sources | 782 | 2.46 | 1,186 | 3.13 | 537 | 1.14 | 2,505 | 6.73 | 0.5 |
| Total | 44,380 | 127.25 | 85,138 | 158.15 | 47,115 | 55.23 | 176,633 | 340.62 | 33.9 |
| Number of pupils helped as a \% of all pupils | 36.3 |  | 35.1 |  | 30.2 |  | 33.9 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

Table 8b. Contributions to fees: single-sex and co-educational schools (termly values)
For ISC schools categorised by pupil gender, this table shows the breakdown of contributions to fees by type of contribution.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Single- } \\ & \text { sex: boys } \\ & \text { (pupils) } \end{aligned}$ | Single-sex: boys' (value $£ m$ ) | Singlesex: girls' (pupils) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { girls' } \\ \text { (value } £ m \text { ) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Co-ed } \\ \text { (pupils) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Co-ed } \\ \text { (value } £ m \text { ) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { (pupils) } \end{array}$ | Total (value £m) | \% of all pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The school | 9,925 | 23.97 | 20,748 | 40.66 | 122,126 | 223.30 | 152,799 | 287.93 | 28.5 |
| The school: means-tested bursaries | 3,463 | 13.96 | 6,497 | 23.97 | 31,867 | 96.40 | 41,827 | 134.32 | 7.8 |
| The school: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ | 2,789 | 4.63 | 6,697 | 7.43 | 61,511 | 71.36 | 70,997 | 83.43 | 13.2 |
| The school: scholarships: non-means-tested | 4,557 | 4.88 | 10,134 | 8.54 | 43,141 | 50.06 | 57,832 | 63.48 | 10.8 |
| The school: scholarships: means-tested | 211 | 0.50 | 275 | 0.58 | 2,479 | 5.37 | 2,965 | 6.45 | 0.6 |
| The school: iTrust | 0 | 0.00 | 85 | 0.14 | 74 | 0.11 | 159 | 0.25 | 0.03 |
| Early Years Funding | 864 | 0.70 | 1,567 | 1.25 | 21,468 | 17.52 | 23,899 | 19.48 | 4.5 |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ | 307 | 1.41 | 44 | 0.19 | 2,270 | 14.52 | 2,621 | 16.13 | 0.5 |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 1,386 | 10.36 | 1,386 | 10.36 | 0.3 |
| All other sources | 242 | 0.66 | 230 | 0.76 | 2,033 | 5.31 | 2,505 | 6.73 | 0.5 |
| Total | 10,901 | 26.75 | 21,865 | 42.86 | 143,867 | 271.02 | 176,633 | 340.62 | 33.9 |
| Number of pupils helped as a \% of all pupils | 23.2 |  | 27.7 |  | 36.4 |  | 33.9 |  |  |

[^8]Table 8c. Contributions to fees: day and boarding schools (termly values)
For ISC schools categorised by day and boarding, this table shows the breakdown of contributions to fees by type of contribution.

|  | Schools with boarders (pupils) | Schools with boarders (value $£ m$ ) | Day schools (pupils) | Day schools (value $£ m$ ) | Total (pupils) | Total (value $£ m$ ) | \% of all pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The school | 77,740 | 177.28 | 75,059 | 110.65 | 152,799 | 287.93 | 28.5 |
| The school: means-tested bursaries | 21,676 | 78.59 | 20,151 | 55.73 | 41,827 | 134.32 | 7.8 |
| The school: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ | 33,429 | 52.24 | 37,568 | 31.19 | 70,997 | 83.43 | 13.2 |
| The school: scholarships: non-means-tested | 34,034 | 41.68 | 23,798 | 21.80 | 57,832 | 63.48 | 10.8 |
| The school: scholarships: means-tested | 1,698 | 4.67 | 1,267 | 1.78 | 2,965 | 6.45 | 0.6 |
| The school: iTrust | 68 | 0.10 | 91 | 0.15 | 159 | 0.25 | 0.03 |
| Early Years Funding | 4,822 | 3.74 | 19,077 | 15.73 | 23,899 | 19.48 | 4.5 |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ | 1,096 | 6.81 | 1,525 | 9.32 | 2,621 | 16.13 | 0.5 |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme | 1,381 | 10.35 | 5 | 0.01 | 1,386 | 10.36 | 0.3 |
| All other sources | 1,366 | 4.43 | 1,139 | 2.30 | 2,505 | 6.73 | 0.5 |
| Total | 83,807 | 202.60 | 92,826 | 138.02 | 176,633 | 340.62 | 33.9 |
| Number of pupils helped as a \% of all pupils | 40.4 |  | 29.6 |  | 33.9 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

Table 9. Total number of non-British pupils whose parents live overseas
This table shows the number of non-British pupils whose parents live overseas by country/area of residence.

|  | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Single-sex: } \\ & \text { boys' } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { girls' } \end{array}$ | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | 237 | 132 | 60 | 31 | 20 | 378 | 421 | 8 | 429 |
| Germany | 998 | 883 | 17 | 41 | 98 | 1,759 | 1,891 | 7 | 1,898 |
| Russia | 1,012 | 421 | 99 | 67 | 85 | 1,380 | 1,496 | 36 | 1,532 |
| Spain | 595 | 492 | 338 | 88 | 154 | 1,183 | 1,415 | 10 | 1,425 |
| Ireland | 30 | 44 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 68 | 78 | 1 | 79 |
| Italy | 376 | 138 | 17 | 5 | 13 | 513 | 517 | 14 | 531 |
| Poland | 81 | 59 | 1 | 5 | 14 | 122 | 138 | 3 | 141 |
| Romania | 61 | 30 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 86 | 88 | 3 | 91 |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 1,014 | 459 | 76 | 53 | 102 | 1,394 | 1,507 | 42 | 1,549 |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 763 | 268 | 23 | 39 | 59 | 956 | 1,019 | 35 | 1,054 |
| Nigeria | 577 | 255 | 79 | 46 | 176 | 689 | 884 | 27 | 911 |
| Rest of Africa | 440 | 172 | 23 | 25 | 42 | 568 | 614 | 21 | 635 |
| USA | 191 | 114 | 32 | 23 | 39 | 275 | 318 | 19 | 337 |
| Rest of North America | 73 | 19 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 95 | 97 | 4 | 101 |
| Central and South America | 299 | 149 | 8 | 23 | 63 | 370 | 441 | 15 | 456 |
| Middle East | 467 | 144 | 13 | 22 | 38 | 564 | 586 | 38 | 624 |
| Hong Kong | 2,798 | 2,085 | 120 | 428 | 819 | 3,756 | 4,956 | 47 | 5,003 |
| Mainland China | 4,161 | 3,207 | 340 | 282 | 1,029 | 6,397 | 7,192 | 516 | 7,708 |
| Taiwan | 113 | 63 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 163 | 170 | 9 | 179 |
| Japan | 280 | 112 | 45 | 31 | 33 | 373 | 419 | 18 | 437 |
| South Korea | 328 | 140 | 17 | 35 | 52 | 398 | 457 | 28 | 485 |
| Malaysia | 416 | 72 | 4 | 19 | 49 | 424 | 479 | 13 | 492 |
| Thailand | 622 | 262 | 39 | 55 | 119 | 749 | 917 | 6 | 923 |
| India | 147 | 82 | 12 | 13 | 26 | 202 | 224 | 17 | 241 |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 70 | 24 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 84 | 81 | 14 | 95 |
| Central Asia | 309 | 80 | 9 | 9 | 14 | 375 | 381 | 17 | 398 |
| Remainder of Far East | 842 | 193 | 11 | 33 | 55 | 958 | 1,013 | 33 | 1,046 |
| Oceania | 78 | 25 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 93 | 104 | 6 | 110 |
| Total | 17,378 | 10,124 | 1,408 | 1,396 | 3,142 | 24,372 | 27,903 | 1,007 | 28,910 |
| As a \% of all pupils | 13.6\% | 4.0\% | 0.9\% | 2.7\% | 3.8\% | 6.0\% | 13.1\% | 0.3\% | 5.4\% |

Table 10. Total number of non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK
This table shows the number of non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK by country/area of nationality.

|  | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | 450 | 1,077 | 622 | 252 | 351 | 1,546 | 650 | 1,499 | 2,149 |
| Germany | 306 | 591 | 387 | 152 | 260 | 872 | 513 | 771 | 1,284 |
| Russia | 265 | 347 | 419 | 134 | 154 | 743 | 496 | 535 | 1,031 |
| Spain | 247 | 418 | 390 | 133 | 227 | 695 | 359 | 696 | 1,055 |
| Ireland | 418 | 724 | 296 | 187 | 269 | 982 | 543 | 895 | 1,438 |
| Italy | 361 | 556 | 512 | 193 | 299 | 937 | 431 | 998 | 1,429 |
| Poland | 59 | 179 | 75 | 27 | 59 | 227 | 122 | 191 | 313 |
| Romania | 33 | 87 | 73 | 19 | 26 | 148 | 75 | 118 | 193 |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 1,042 | 1,789 | 1,113 | 423 | 630 | 2,891 | 1,621 | 2,323 | 3,944 |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 174 | 340 | 235 | 83 | 122 | 544 | 301 | 448 | 749 |
| Nigeria | 151 | 258 | 91 | 40 | 114 | 346 | 295 | 205 | 500 |
| Rest of Africa | 208 | 366 | 292 | 64 | 145 | 657 | 376 | 490 | 866 |
| USA | 558 | 1,876 | 1,069 | 329 | 465 | 2,709 | 1,671 | 1,832 | 3,503 |
| Rest of North America | 91 | 232 | 225 | 40 | 69 | 439 | 181 | 367 | 548 |
| Central and South America | 77 | 215 | 129 | 32 | 42 | 347 | 151 | 270 | 421 |
| Middle East | 103 | 309 | 197 | 33 | 79 | 497 | 140 | 469 | 609 |
| Hong Kong | 44 | 133 | 42 | 16 | 37 | 166 | 160 | 59 | 219 |
| Mainland China | 406 | 811 | 660 | 222 | 374 | 1,281 | 944 | 933 | 1,877 |
| Taiwan | 5 | 17 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 23 | 14 | 15 | 29 |
| Japan | 102 | 226 | 275 | 60 | 148 | 395 | 168 | 435 | 603 |
| South Korea | 103 | 153 | 132 | 49 | 117 | 222 | 127 | 261 | 388 |
| Malaysia | 42 | 85 | 52 | 24 | 36 | 119 | 71 | 108 | 179 |
| Thailand | 17 | 33 | 11 | 2 | 10 | 49 | 41 | 20 | 61 |
| India | 162 | 589 | 437 | 155 | 316 | 717 | 259 | 929 | 1,188 |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 49 | 254 | 112 | 56 | 112 | 247 | 103 | 312 | 415 |
| Central Asia | 69 | 43 | 57 | 14 | 29 | 126 | 109 | 60 | 169 |
| Remainder of Far East | 90 | 154 | 77 | 27 | 72 | 222 | 182 | 139 | 321 |
| Oceania | 176 | 388 | 325 | 84 | 155 | 650 | 348 | 541 | 889 |
| Total | 5,808 | 12,250 | 8,312 | 2,852 | 4,721 | 18,797 | 10,451 | 15,919 | 26,370 |
| As a \% of all pupils | 4.6\% | 4.8\% | 5.3\% | 5.6\% | 5.8\% | 4.7\% | 4.9\% | 4.9\% | 4.9\% |

Table 11. New non-British pupils whose parents live overseas
This table shows the number of new non-British pupils whose parents live overseas by country/area of residence.

|  | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | 114 | 64 | 37 | 10 | 9 | 196 | 210 | 5 | 215 |
| Germany | 592 | 581 | 8 | 19 | 68 | 1,094 | 1,176 | 5 | 1,181 |
| Russia | 369 | 143 | 36 | 13 | 19 | 516 | 533 | 15 | 548 |
| Spain | 333 | 327 | 270 | 56 | 103 | 771 | 922 | 8 | 930 |
| Ireland | 14 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 20 | 22 | 1 | 23 |
| Italy | 172 | 62 | 12 | 3 | 7 | 236 | 239 | 7 | 246 |
| Poland | 36 | 29 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 56 | 65 | 1 | 66 |
| Romania | 36 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 50 | 51 | 2 | 53 |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 415 | 216 | 26 | 22 | 45 | 590 | 638 | 19 | 657 |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 337 | 92 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 413 | 419 | 20 | 439 |
| Nigeria | 243 | 82 | 18 | 13 | 43 | 287 | 335 | 8 | 343 |
| Rest of Africa | 214 | 71 | 9 | 4 | 19 | 271 | 286 | 8 | 294 |
| USA | 83 | 50 | 14 | 9 | 18 | 120 | 144 | 3 | 147 |
| Rest of North America | 27 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 38 | 40 | 0 | 40 |
| Central and South America | 174 | 111 | 6 | 15 | 53 | 223 | 283 | 8 | 291 |
| Middle East | 239 | 39 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 264 | 266 | 17 | 283 |
| Hong Kong | 982 | 646 | 48 | 141 | 230 | 1,305 | 1,653 | 23 | 1,676 |
| Mainland China | 1,878 | 1,237 | 163 | 93 | 370 | 2,815 | 3,054 | 224 | 3,278 |
| Taiwan | 57 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 72 | 73 | 2 | 75 |
| Japan | 92 | 45 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 129 | 152 | 0 | 152 |
| South Korea | 133 | 55 | 4 | 7 | 16 | 169 | 188 | 4 | 192 |
| Malaysia | 198 | 30 | 1 | 9 | 22 | 198 | 222 | 7 | 229 |
| Thailand | 229 | 97 | 14 | 10 | 26 | 304 | 335 | 5 | 340 |
| India | 55 | 29 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 78 | 84 | 7 | 91 |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 44 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 49 | 48 | 6 | 54 |
| Central Asia | 157 | 46 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 194 | 199 | 7 | 206 |
| Remainder of Far East | 440 | 79 | 6 | 12 | 22 | 491 | 512 | 13 | 525 |
| Oceania | 29 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 31 | 41 | 2 | 43 |
| Total <br> As a \% of all new pupils | 7,692 $23.9 \%$ | 4,200 $9.5 \%$ | 725 $2.4 \%$ | 481 $5.1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,156 \\ & 8.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,980 \\ & 13.4 \% \end{aligned}$ | 12,190 $24.8 \%$ | 427 $0.8 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,617 \\ & 11.9 \% \end{aligned}$ |

Table 12. New non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK
This table shows the number of new non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK by country/area of nationality.

|  | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | 131 | 248 | 168 | 55 | 83 | 409 | 186 | 361 | 547 |
| Germany | 77 | 143 | 88 | 34 | 50 | 224 | 146 | 162 | 308 |
| Russia | 74 | 77 | 69 | 24 | 26 | 170 | 117 | 103 | 220 |
| Spain | 74 | 89 | 90 | 35 | 49 | 169 | 96 | 157 | 253 |
| Ireland | 99 | 113 | 56 | 35 | 48 | 185 | 106 | 162 | 268 |
| Italy | 91 | 134 | 99 | 45 | 48 | 231 | 118 | 206 | 324 |
| Poland | 20 | 43 | 21 | 9 | 16 | 59 | 31 | 53 | 84 |
| Romania | 12 | 24 | 17 | 4 | 7 | 42 | 19 | 34 | 53 |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 249 | 379 | 279 | 109 | 133 | 665 | 378 | 529 | 907 |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 59 | 60 | 63 | 30 | 26 | 126 | 87 | 95 | 182 |
| Nigeria | 43 | 52 | 18 | 10 | 27 | 76 | 72 | 41 | 113 |
| Rest of Africa | 59 | 93 | 72 | 13 | 31 | 180 | 102 | 122 | 224 |
| USA | 159 | 499 | 301 | 83 | 99 | 777 | 485 | 474 | 959 |
| Rest of North America | 28 | 57 | 46 | 10 | 14 | 107 | 37 | 94 | 131 |
| Central and South America | 29 | 55 | 44 | 6 | 11 | 111 | 36 | 92 | 128 |
| Middle East | 45 | 74 | 69 | 7 | 23 | 158 | 45 | 143 | 188 |
| Hong Kong | 18 | 35 | 8 | 2 | 9 | 50 | 43 | 18 | 61 |
| Mainland China | 139 | 265 | 204 | 76 | 130 | 402 | 313 | 295 | 608 |
| Taiwan | 2 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 |
| Japan | 25 | 64 | 82 | 16 | 44 | 111 | 48 | 123 | 171 |
| South Korea | 26 | 40 | 49 | 17 | 26 | 72 | 42 | 73 | 115 |
| Malaysia | 8 | 26 | 13 | 3 | 9 | 35 | 15 | 32 | 47 |
| Thailand | 6 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 17 |
| India | 35 | 105 | 74 | 27 | 47 | 140 | 62 | 152 | 214 |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 10 | 53 | 20 | 9 | 18 | 56 | 19 | 64 | 83 |
| Central Asia | 17 | 13 | 16 | 3 | 6 | 37 | 29 | 17 | 46 |
| Remainder of Far East | 19 | 35 | 23 | 3 | 19 | 55 | 43 | 34 | 77 |
| Oceania | 44 | 78 | 87 | 13 | 28 | 168 | 87 | 122 | 209 |
| Total | 1,598 | 2,868 | 2,081 | 679 | 1,030 | 4,838 | 2,776 | 3,771 | 6,547 |
| As a \% of all new pupils | 5.0\% | 6.5\% | 7.0\% | 7.1\% | 7.2\% | 5.9\% | 5.6\% | 6.6\% | 6.2\% |

Table 13. British pupils with parents living overseas
This table shows the number of British pupils whose parents live abroad or serve in HM Forces, as well as the number who are new to their school this year.

| British pupils whose parents: | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Live abroad | 3,327 | 1,132 | 452 | 465 | 584 | 3,862 | 4,761 | 150 | 4,911 |
| Serve in HM Forces | 1,403 | 1,692 | 1,398 | 205 | 428 | 3,860 | 3,955 | 538 | 4,493 |
| New British pupils whose parents: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Live abroad | 981 | 321 | 150 | 129 | 157 | 1,166 | 1,403 | 49 | 1,452 |
| Serve in HM Forces | 225 | 305 | 271 | 43 | 67 | 691 | 712 | 89 | 801 |

Table 14. Destination of post-18 school leavers
This table shows the percentage of school leavers in all ISC schools arriving at various destinations post-18.

|  | Senior | Mixed-age | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% to UK universities | 68.6 | 72.8 | 73.1 | 77.0 | 69.0 | 66.8 | 75.9 | 70.6 |
| \% to overseas universities | 4.4 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 1.9 | 3.8 |
| \% to unknown universities | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| \% deferred entries | 9.5 | 7.1 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 9.6 | 6.6 | 8.4 |
| \% to other higher education courses | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| \% to re-take A-levels | 1.7 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| \% to further education or training | 1.1 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| \% to employment | 1.6 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| \% to other | 5.9 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 |
| \% to unknown | 4.5 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 3.8 |
| Total number recorded | 22,851 | 21,321 | 4,182 | 6,808 | 33,182 | 25,687 | 18,485 | 44,172 |

Table 15. Destination of pupils going to non-UK universities
This table shows the destination of post-18 school leavers going to non-UK universities from ISC schools.

|  | Senior | Mixed-age | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { boys } \end{array}$ | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools <br> with boarders | Day <br> schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USA | 486 | 328 | 122 | 136 | 556 | 617 | 197 | 814 |
| Canada | 86 | 49 | 9 | 21 | 105 | 101 | 34 | 135 |
| Hong Kong | 84 | 41 | 9 | 18 | 98 | 122 | 3 | 125 |
| Netherlands | 52 | 67 | 1 | 10 | 108 | 85 | 34 | 119 |
| Spain | 49 | 25 | 2 | 7 | 65 | 59 | 15 | 74 |
| Italy | 44 | 18 | 3 | 4 | 55 | 56 | 6 | 62 |
| Germany | 30 | 18 | 2 | 1 | 45 | 45 | 3 | 48 |
| Australia | 30 | 17 | 2 | 7 | 38 | 38 | 9 | 47 |
| Switzerland | 27 | 16 | 0 | 4 | 39 | 38 | 5 | 43 |
| Unknown | 17 | 22 | 0 | 8 | 31 | 31 | 8 | 39 |
| Other countries | 14 | 19 | 1 | 8 | 24 | 25 | 8 | 33 |
| Ireland | 16 | 15 | 4 | 4 | 23 | 18 | 13 | 31 |
| France | 17 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 20 | 20 | 9 | 29 |
| Japan | 16 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 16 | 17 | 3 | 20 |
| Austria | 6 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 15 | 1 | 16 |
| Czech Republic | 11 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 15 |
| Russia | 7 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| China | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 7 | 1 | 8 |
| Hungary | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| Poland | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 7 |
| United Arab Emirates | 4 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 7 |
| Bulgaria | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 6 |
| Malaysia | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| South Korea | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Denmark | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Thailand | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Total | 1,025 | 689 | 162 | 246 | 1,306 | 1,346 | 368 | 1,714 |
| \% of all pupils going to higher education | 5.3\% | 3.8\% | 4.4\% | 3.9\% | 4.7\% | 6.2\% | 2.3\% | 4.5\% |

Table 16. Size of schools
This table shows all ISC schools by type and various size brackets.

| School size | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { girls' } \end{array}$ | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5-50 | 13 | 10 | 19 | 3 | 1 | 38 | 5 | 37 | 42 |
| 51-100 | 16 | 23 | 67 | 3 | 2 | 101 | 22 | 84 | 106 |
| 101-150 | 11 | 30 | 98 | 8 | 10 | 121 | 25 | 114 | 139 |
| 151-200 | 11 | 41 | 108 | 15 | 17 | 128 | 45 | 115 | 160 |
| 201-250 | 12 | 33 | 82 | 9 | 14 | 104 | 43 | 84 | 127 |
| 251-300 | 8 | 21 | 78 | 14 | 9 | 84 | 32 | 75 | 107 |
| 301-350 | 16 | 27 | 63 | 10 | 11 | 85 | 42 | 64 | 106 |
| 351-400 | 12 | 27 | 52 | 10 | 8 | 73 | 38 | 53 | 91 |
| 401-450 | 12 | 25 | 33 | 6 | 10 | 54 | 28 | 42 | 70 |
| 451-500 | 16 | 19 | 17 | 2 | 9 | 41 | 30 | 22 | 52 |
| 501-550 | 11 | 21 | 12 | 2 | 8 | 34 | 21 | 23 | 44 |
| 551-600 | 15 | 29 | 5 | 1 | 13 | 35 | 25 | 24 | 49 |
| 601-650 | 18 | 20 | 4 | 1 | 15 | 26 | 22 | 20 | 42 |
| 651-700 | 10 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 16 |
| 701-750 | 8 | 16 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 17 | 9 | 16 | 25 |
| 751-800 | 15 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 20 | 19 | 9 | 28 |
| 801-850 | 13 | 14 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 23 | 16 | 12 | 28 |
| 851-900 | 10 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 13 | 18 |
| 901-950 | 5 | 15 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 17 | 20 |
| 951-1000 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| 1001-1050 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 4 | 11 | 15 |
| 1051-1100 | 4 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 13 |
| 1101-1150 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 10 | 13 |
| 1151-1200 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| 1201-1250 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| 1251-1300 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 1301-1350 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1351-1400 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1401-1450 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 1451-1500 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1501-1550 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1551-1600 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1601-1650 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1651-1700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1701+ | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Total | 251 | 468 | 645 | 112 | 166 | 1,086 | 473 | 891 | 1,364 |
| Average size | 505 | 540 | 243 | 457 | 491 | 372 | 449 | 363 | 393 |

Table 17. Boarders as a percentage of all pupils
This table shows all ISC schools grouped by type and percentage of boarders.

| \% boarders | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { girls' } \end{array}$ | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day <br> schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 90 | 296 | 505 | 75 | 113 | 703 | 0 | 891 | 891 |
| 1-4 | 3 | 11 | 24 | 3 | 4 | 31 | 38 | 0 | 38 |
| 5-9 | 4 | 27 | 27 | 4 | 4 | 50 | 58 | 0 | 58 |
| 10-14 | 8 | 30 | 27 | 7 | 6 | 52 | 65 | 0 | 65 |
| 15-19 | 5 | 27 | 13 | 1 | 8 | 36 | 45 | 0 | 45 |
| 20-24 | 12 | 19 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 40 | 44 | 0 | 44 |
| 25-29 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 20 | 24 | 0 | 24 |
| 30-34 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 19 | 23 | 0 | 23 |
| 35-39 | 9 | 10 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 16 | 21 | 0 | 21 |
| 40-44 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 11 | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| 45-49 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 13 | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| 50-54 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 14 | 0 | 14 |
| 55-59 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| 60-64 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| 65-69 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| 70-74 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 75-79 | 11 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| 80-84 | 13 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 14 | 0 | 14 |
| 85-89 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 90-94 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| 95-99 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| 100 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 12 | 0 | 12 |
| Total \% boarders | 251 $35.2 \%$ | 468 $7.1 \%$ | 645 $4.1 \%$ | 112 $13.2 \%$ | $\begin{array}{r} 166 \\ 9.9 \% \end{array}$ | 1,086 $13.5 \%$ | 473 $32.6 \%$ | 891 $0.0 \%$ | 1,364 $12.9 \%$ |

Table 18. Boys as a percentage of all pupils
This table shows all ISC
schools grouped by type and percentage of boys.

| \% boys | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Single-sex: } \\ & \text { girls' } \end{aligned}$ | Co-ed |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 44 | 69 | 22 | 0 | 135 | 0 | 44 | 91 | 135 |
| 1-4 | 0 | 19 | 11 | 0 | 21 | 9 | 11 | 19 | 30 |
| 5-9 | 0 | 5 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 12 | 14 |
| 10-14 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 11 |
| 15-19 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| 20-24 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 10 |
| 25-29 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 7 |
| 30-34 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 12 | 16 |
| 35-39 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 4 | 12 | 16 |
| 40-44 | 3 | 9 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 6 | 37 | 43 |
| 45-49 | 14 | 40 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 137 | 29 | 108 | 137 |
| 50-54 | 27 | 110 | 171 | 0 | 0 | 308 | 105 | 203 | 308 |
| 55-59 | 53 | 77 | 138 | 0 | 0 | 268 | 118 | 150 | 268 |
| 60-64 | 46 | 40 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 144 | 67 | 77 | 144 |
| 65-69 | 9 | 16 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 15 | 28 | 43 |
| 70-74 | 7 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 10 | 14 | 24 |
| 75-79 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 8 |
| 80-84 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| 85-89 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| 90-94 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| 95-99 | 3 | 5 | 11 | 8 | 0 | 11 | 6 | 13 | 19 |
| 100 | 23 | 21 | 57 | 101 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 66 | 101 |
| Total | 251 | 468 | 645 | 112 | 166 | 1,086 | 473 | 891 | 1,364 |
| \% boys | 54.4\% | 45.9\% | 56.2\% | 99.7\% | 0.4\% | 54.9\% | 54.0\% | 48.9\% | 50.9\% |

Table 19. Teacher numbers ${ }^{1}$
This table shows the number of teachers in all ISC schools by type of school.

| Full-time | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { boys' } \end{array}$ | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 7,751 | 9,317 | 4,040 | 3,113 | 1,854 | 16,141 | 11,315 | 9,793 | 21,108 |
| Women | 6,580 | 13,895 | 8,771 | 2,027 | 5,698 | 21,521 | 11,868 | 17,378 | 29,246 |
| Total | 14,331 | 23,212 | 12,811 | 5,140 | 7,552 | 37,662 | 23,183 | 27,171 | 50,354 |
| Part-time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 1,110 | 1,372 | 499 | 289 | 368 | 2,324 | 1,512 | 1,469 | 2,981 |
| Women | 3,227 | 6,916 | 3,804 | 803 | 3,108 | 10,036 | 5,768 | 8,179 | 13,947 |
| Total | 4,337 | 8,288 | 4,303 | 1,092 | 3,476 | 12,360 | 7,280 | 9,648 | 16,928 |
| Part-time hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 17,539 | 23,893 | 8,425 | 5,009 | 6,283 | 38,565 | 24,498 | 25,359 | 49,857 |
| Women | 55,295 | 127,969 | 72,221 | 15,309 | 55,772 | 184,404 | 102,492 | 152,993 | 255,485 |
| Total | 72,834 | 151,862 | 80,646 | 20,318 | 62,055 | 222,969 | 126,990 | 178,352 | 305,342 |
| Overall full-time equivalent ( 32.5 hours $=1$ full-time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 8,291 | 10,052 | 4,299 | 3,267 | 2,047 | 17,328 | 12,069 | 10,573 | 22,642 |
| Women | 8,281 | 17,832 | 10,993 | 2,498 | 7,414 | 27,195 | 15,022 | 22,085 | 37,107 |
| Total | 16,572 | 27,885 | 15,292 | 5,765 | 9,461 | 44,523 | 27,090 | 32,659 | 59,749 |

${ }^{1}$ Nursery teachers are not included.

Table 20. Teaching assistant numbers ${ }^{1}$
This table shows the number of teaching assistants in all ISC schools by type of school.

| Full-time | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 130 | 267 | 401 | 104 | 30 | 664 | 276 | 522 | 798 |
| Women | 231 | 1,997 | 3,405 | 405 | 612 | 4,616 | 1,429 | 4,204 | 5,633 |
| Total | 361 | 2,264 | 3,806 | 509 | 642 | 5,280 | 1,705 | 4,726 | 6,431 |
| Part-time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 45 | 112 | 105 | 33 | 16 | 213 | 68 | 194 | 262 |
| Women | 281 | 1,777 | 2,304 | 241 | 503 | 3,618 | 1,314 | 3,048 | 4,362 |
| Total | 326 | 1,889 | 2,409 | 274 | 519 | 3,831 | 1,382 | 3,242 | 4,624 |
| Part-time hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 615 | 1,912 | 1,872 | 611 | 251 | 3,537 | 1,226 | 3,173 | 4,399 |
| Women | 4,460 | 35,966 | 47,368 | 4,618 | 10,878 | 72,296 | 26,155 | 61,637 | 87,793 |
| Total | 5,074 | 37,878 | 49,240 | 5,230 | 11,129 | 75,833 | 27,382 | 64,810 | 92,191 |
| Overall full-time equivalent ( 32.5 hours $=1$ full-time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 149 | 326 | 459 | 123 | 38 | 773 | 314 | 620 | 933 |
| Women | 368 | 3,104 | 4,862 | 547 | 947 | 6,840 | 2,234 | 6,101 | 8,334 |
| Total | 517 | 3,429 | 5,321 | 670 | 984 | 7,613 | 2,548 | 6,720 | 9,268 |

${ }^{1}$ Nursery staff are not included.

Table 21. Pupil-teacher ratios
This table shows the pupil and teacher gender ratios, along with the overall pupil-teacher ratio in ISC schools.

| Pupils | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Single-sex: } \\ \text { girls } \end{array}$ | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boys | 68,955 | 115,902 | 88,078 | 51,052 | 351 | 221,532 | 114,588 | 158,347 | 272,935 |
| Girls | 57,874 | 136,715 | 68,585 | 162 | 81,073 | 181,939 | 97,806 | 165,368 | 263,174 |
| Total | 126,829 | 252,617 | 156,663 | 51,214 | 81,424 | 403,471 | 212,394 | 323,715 | 536,109 |
| Gender ratios |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boys:girls (pupils) | 1.2:1 | 0.8:1 | 1.3:1 | 315.1:1 | 0.0:1 | 1.2:1 | 1.2:1 | 1.0:1 | 1.0:1 |
| Men:women (teachers) ${ }^{1}$ | 1.0:1 | 0.6:1 | 0.4:1 | 1.3:1 | 0.3:1 | 0.6:1 | 0.8:1 | 0.5:1 | 0.6:1 |
| Men:women (teaching assistants) ${ }^{1}$ | 0.4:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.2:1 | 0.0:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 |
| Pupil-teacher ratio ${ }^{2}$ | 7.6:1 | 8.7:1 | 9.0:1 | 8.7:1 | 8.4:1 | 8.5:1 | 7.6:1 | 9.3:1 | 8.5:1 |

[^9]Table 22. Changes to full-time teachers
This table shows the number of full-time teachers coming into ISC schools (broken down by previous occupation) and leaving ISC schools (broken down by destination).

| Arriving from | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Singlesex: boys' | Singlesex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent schools | 859 | 894 | 637 | 252 | 448 | 1,690 | 1,200 | 1,190 | 2,390 |
| State-funded schools | 649 | 1,304 | 617 | 175 | 426 | 1,969 | 1,007 | 1,563 | 2,570 |
| ITT at university or training college | 147 | 192 | 48 | 23 | 60 | 304 | 188 | 199 | 387 |
| New graduates | 138 | 142 | 86 | 53 | 41 | 272 | 197 | 169 | 366 |
| Industry | 89 | 101 | 33 | 41 | 34 | 148 | 133 | 90 | 223 |
| Outside the UK | 139 | 186 | 132 | 44 | 55 | 358 | 213 | 244 | 457 |
| Retirement | 24 | 23 | 13 | 15 | 11 | 34 | 30 | 30 | 60 |
| Maternity leave | 115 | 197 | 82 | 30 | 108 | 256 | 155 | 239 | 394 |
| Part-time | 98 | 239 | 125 | 33 | 93 | 336 | 213 | 249 | 462 |
| Other | 173 | 347 | 174 | 59 | 105 | 530 | 297 | 397 | 694 |
| Total | 2,431 | 3,625 | 1,947 | 725 | 1,381 | 5,897 | 3,633 | 4,370 | 8,003 |
| Going to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Independent schools | 663 | 645 | 506 | 200 | 314 | 1,300 | 911 | 903 | 1,814 |
| State-funded schools | 206 | 430 | 162 | 54 | 117 | 627 | 350 | 448 | 798 |
| Industry | 89 | 120 | 72 | 40 | 35 | 206 | 130 | 151 | 281 |
| Outside the UK | 150 | 235 | 144 | 56 | 72 | 401 | 221 | 308 | 529 |
| Retirement | 328 | 544 | 339 | 102 | 222 | 887 | 542 | 669 | 1,211 |
| Maternity leave | 210 | 343 | 248 | 60 | 200 | 541 | 269 | 532 | 801 |
| Part-time | 194 | 308 | 174 | 50 | 123 | 503 | 259 | 417 | 676 |
| Other | 478 | 780 | 407 | 131 | 256 | 1,278 | 805 | 860 | 1,665 |
| Total | 2,318 | 3,405 | 2,052 | 693 | 1,339 | 5,743 | 3,487 | 4,288 | 7,775 |
| Net gain |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Independent schools | 196 | 249 | 131 | 52 | 134 | 390 | 289 | 287 | 576 |
| State-funded schools | 443 | 874 | 455 | 121 | 309 | 1,342 | 657 | 1,115 | 1,772 |
| Industry | 0 | -19 | -39 | 1 | -1 | -58 | 3 | -61 | -58 |
| Outside the UK | -11 | -49 | -12 | -12 | -17 | -43 | -8 | -64 | -72 |
| Retirement | -304 | -521 | -326 | -87 | -211 | -853 | -512 | -639 | -1,151 |
| Maternity leave | -95 | -146 | -166 | -30 | -92 | -285 | -114 | -293 | -407 |
| Part-time | -96 | -69 | -49 | -17 | -30 | -167 | -46 | -168 | -214 |
| Other | -305 | -433 | -233 | -72 | -151 | -748 | -508 | -463 | -971 |
| Total | 113 | 220 | -105 | 32 | 42 | 154 | 146 | 82 | 228 |
| Full-time teachers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turnover as \% of full-time teachers | 16.2 | 14.7 | 16.0 | 13.5 | 17.7 | 15.2 | 15.0 | 15.8 | 15.4 |
| Gain as \% of full-time teachers | 0.8 | 0.9 | -0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| Total | 14,331 | 23,212 | 12,811 | 5,140 | 7,552 | 37,662 | 23,183 | 27,171 | 50,354 |

Table 23. SEND pupils ${ }^{1}$
This table shows the numbers of pupils who have been identified with SEND.

| Types of SEND | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single- <br> sex: boys' | Singlesex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific learning difficulty (SPLD) | 15,456 | 23,958 | 9,059 | 4,457 | 7,030 | 36,986 | 24,696 | 23,777 | 48,473 |
| Moderate learning difficulty (MLD) | 477 | 1,802 | 1,177 | 194 | 366 | 2,896 | 1,746 | 1,710 | 3,456 |
| Severe learning difficulty (SLD) | 39 | 210 | 105 | 49 | 14 | 291 | 126 | 228 | 354 |
| Profound and multiple learning difficulty (PMLD) | 2 | 32 | 13 | 1 | 3 | 43 | 17 | 30 | 47 |
| Social, emotional and mental health (SEMH) | 3,200 | 5,402 | 1,792 | 841 | 1,739 | 7,814 | 4,630 | 5,764 | 10,394 |
| Speech, language and communication needs (SLCN) | 621 | 2,890 | 2,729 | 676 | 429 | 5,135 | 2,326 | 3,914 | 6,240 |
| Hearing impairment (HI) | 398 | 897 | 457 | 179 | 277 | 1,296 | 620 | 1,132 | 1,752 |
| Visual impairment (VI) | 403 | 870 | 374 | 193 | 172 | 1,282 | 590 | 1,057 | 1,647 |
| Multi-Sensory impairment (MSI) | 31 | 198 | 148 | 19 | 38 | 320 | 124 | 253 | 377 |
| Physical difficulty (PD) | 400 | 958 | 415 | 213 | 272 | 1,288 | 621 | 1,152 | 1,773 |
| Autistic spectrum disorder (ASD) | 1,106 | 3,254 | 1,001 | 660 | 362 | 4,339 | 2,120 | 3,241 | 5,361 |
| Other difficulty/disability | 1,993 | 3,753 | 1,514 | 687 | 720 | 5,853 | 2,929 | 4,331 | 7,260 |
| SEN support but no specialist assessment of type of need | 1,974 | 4,577 | 4,939 | 1,249 | 1,275 | 8,966 | 4,619 | 6,871 | 11,490 |
| Total | 22,796 | 40,672 | 20,825 | 7,998 | 11,143 | 65,152 | 38,894 | 45,399 | 84,293 |
| \% pupils with SEND | 18.0\% | 16.1\% | 13.3\% | 15.6\% | 13.7\% | 16.1\% | 18.3\% | 14.0\% | 15.7\% |

[^10]
## Appendix Two

## Comparative Tables

Tables in Appendix Two show comparative figures for the 1,307 schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019. In each table the 2019 figures are printed in bold and the 2018 figures are printed in italics. Figures highlighted in yellow show the percentage change between the two years. Where schools are categorised by age, gender and by day and boarding, the categorisation is based on the school as it is in 2019; in a small number of cases this will differ from how the school would have been categorised in 2018.

| Table 1a. Changes to pupil |  | GSA | HMC | IAPS | ISA | SofH | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| numbers by association | Number of schools | 147 | 292 | 603 | 442 | 106 | 1,307 |
|  | Pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| This table shows total school and pupil numbers for schools that participated in the | Boarders (boys) | 58 | 25,884 | 9,155 | 4,859 | 4,196 | 37,952 |
|  |  | 52 | 26,004 | 9,310 | 4,985 | 4,287 | 38,306 |
|  |  | 11.5\% | -0.5\% | -1.7\% | -2.5\% | -2.1\% | -0.9\% |
|  | Boarders (girls) | 8,470 | 19,294 | 6,952 | 4,580 | 3,279 | 31,092 |
| Census in both 2018 and 2019, |  | 8,588 | 19,398 | 7,080 | 4,458 | 3,388 | 31,196 |
| including a breakdown by ISC |  | -1.4\% | -0.5\% | -1.8\% | 2.7\% | -3.2\% | -0.3\% |
| association. Where schools are | Day pupils (boys) | 2,821 | 110,015 | 117,696 | 45,224 | 23,472 | 230,839 |
|  |  | 2,808 | 109,242 | 118,006 | 45,184 | 23,290 | 230,521 |
| in more than one association, |  | 0.5\% | 0.7\% | -0.3\% | 0.1\% | 0.8\% | 0.1\% |
| the figures are included in | Day pupils (girls) | 70,921 | 85,703 | 107,702 | 44,005 | 17,584 | 228,440 |
| all associations of which the |  | 70,597 | 84,628 | 107,492 | 44,044 | 17,280 | 227,592 |
| all associations of which the |  | 0.5\% | 1.3\% | 0.2\% | -0.1\% | 1.8\% | 0.4\% |
| school is in membership. | Total (boys) | 2,879 | 135,899 | 126,851 | 50,083 | 27,668 | 268,791 |
|  |  | 2,860 | 135,246 | 127,316 | 50,169 | 27,577 | 268,827 |
|  |  | 0.7\% | 0.5\% | -0.4\% | -0.2\% | 0.3\% | -0.0\% |
|  | Total (girls) | 79,391 | 104,997 | 114,654 | 48,585 | 20,863 | 259,532 |
|  |  | 79,185 | 104,026 | 114,572 | 48,502 | 20,668 | 258,788 |
|  |  | 0.3\% | 0.9\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.9\% | 0.3\% |
|  | Total | 82,270 | 240,896 | 241,505 | 98,668 | 48,531 | 528,323 |
|  |  | 82,045 | 239,272 | 241,888 | 98,671 | 48,245 | 527,615 |
|  |  | 0.3\% | 0.7\% | -0.2\% | -0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.1\% |

Table 1b. Changes to pupil numbers by category of school
This table shows total school and pupil numbers for schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, including a breakdown by category of school. The girls at "single-sex: boys"'s schools and the boys at "single-sex: girls"'schools are all in the nursery.

| Schools | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of schools | 244 | 440 | 623 | 108 | 164 | 1,035 | 469 | 838 | 1,307 |
| Pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boarders (boys) | 24,317 | 9,441 | 4,194 | 6,729 | 0 | 31,223 | 37,952 | 0 | 37,952 |
|  | 24,515 | 9,538 | 4,253 | 6,774 | 0 | 31,532 | 38,275 | 31 | 38,306 |
|  | -0.8\% | -1.0\% | -1.4\% | -0.7\% |  | -1.0\% | -0.8\% | -100.0\% | -0.9\% |
| Boarders (girls) | 20,295 | 8,510 | 2,287 | 0 | 8,062 | 23,030 | 31,092 | 0 | 31,092 |
|  | 20,226 | 8,726 | 2,244 | 3 | 8,133 | 23,060 | 31,185 | 11 | 31,196 |
|  | 0.3\% | -2.5\% | 1.9\% | -100.0\% | -0.9\% | -0.1\% | -0.3\% | -100.0\% | -0.3\% |
| Day pupils (boys) | 44,369 | 104,320 | 82,150 | 43,806 | 351 | 186,682 | 76,337 | 154,502 | 230,839 |
|  | 43,758 | 103,769 | 82,994 | 43,707 | 395 | 186,419 | 75,807 | 154,714 | 230,521 |
|  | 1.4\% | 0.5\% | -1.0\% | 0.2\% | -11.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.7\% | -0.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Day pupils (girls) | 36,379 | 127,324 | 64,737 | 160 | 71,631 | 156,649 | 66,594 | 161,846 | 228,440 |
|  | 35,719 | 126,555 | 65,318 | 173 | 71,353 | 156,066 | 65,798 | 161,794 | 227,592 |
|  | 1.8\% | 0.6\% | -0.9\% | -7.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.4\% |
| Total (boys) | 68,686 | 113,761 | 86,344 | 50,535 | 351 | 217,905 | 114,289 | 154,502 | 268,791 |
|  | 68,273 | 113,307 | 87,247 | 50,481 | 395 | 217,951 | 114,082 | 154,745 | 268,827 |
|  | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | -1.0\% | 0.1\% | -11.1\% | -0.0\% | 0.2\% | -0.2\% | -0.0\% |
| Total (girls) | 56,674 | 135,834 | 67,024 | 160 | 79,693 | 179,679 | 97,686 | 161,846 | 259,532 |
|  | 55,945 | 135,281 | 67,562 | 176 | 79,486 | 179,126 | 96,983 | 161,805 | 258,788 |
|  | 1.3\% | 0.4\% | -0.8\% | -9.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% |
| Total | 125,360 | 249,595 | 153,368 | 50,695 | 80,044 | 397,584 | 211,975 | 316,348 | 528,323 |
|  | 124,218 | 248,588 | 154,809 | 50,657 | 79,881 | 397,077 | 211,065 | 316,550 | 527,615 |
|  | 0.9\% | 0.4\% | -0.9\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.4\% | -0.1\% | 0.1\% |


| Table 2. Changes to pupil | Age | Boarders (boys) | Day pupils (boys) | Boarders (girls) | Day pupils (girls) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| numbers by age | 0-2 | 0 | 5,491 | 0 | 5,537 | 11,028 |
| This table shows numbers |  | 0 | 5,358 | 0 | 5,449 | 10,807 |
|  |  |  | 2.5\% |  | 1.6\% | 2.0\% |
| of pupils in ISC schools that | 3 | 0 | 7,980 | 0 | 8,289 | 16,269 |
| participated in the Census in |  | 0 | 8,267 | 0 | 8,249 | 16,516 |
| both 2018 and 2019 by age, |  |  | -3.5\% |  | 0.5\% | -1.5\% |
|  | 4 | 0 | 9,948 | 0 | 10,010 | 19,958 |
|  |  | 0 | 10,339 | 0 | 10,096 | 20,435 |
|  |  |  | -3.8\% |  | -0.9\% | -2.3\% |
|  | 5 | 1 | 10,862 | 1 | 10,610 | 21,474 |
|  |  | 0 | 10,921 | 0 | 11,082 | 22,003 |
|  |  |  | -0.5\% |  | -4.3\% | -2.4\% |
|  | 6 | 5 | 11,444 | 3 | 11,530 | 22,982 |
|  |  | 1 | 11,936 | 1 | 11,884 | 23,822 |
|  |  | 400.0\% | -4.1\% | 200.0\% | -3.0\% | -3.5\% |
|  | 7 | 76 | 13,553 | 67 | 13,136 | 26,832 |
|  |  | 81 | 13,447 | 52 | 13,207 | 26,787 |
|  |  | -6.2\% | 0.8\% | 28.8\% | -0.5\% | 0.2\% |
|  | 8 | 293 | 14,278 | 177 | 13,981 | 28,729 |
|  |  | 335 | 14,537 | 140 | 13,923 | 28,935 |
|  |  | -12.5\% | -1.8\% | 26.4\% | 0.4\% | -0.7\% |
|  | 9 | 562 | 15,409 | 325 | 14,815 | 31,111 |
|  |  | 597 | 15,869 | 375 | 15,264 | 32,105 |
|  |  | -5.9\% | -2.9\% | -13.3\% | -2.9\% | -3.1\% |
|  | 10 | 958 | 16,633 | 621 | 15,927 | 34,139 |
|  |  | 997 | 16,648 | 595 | 15,958 | 34,198 |
|  |  | -3.9\% | -0.1\% | 4.4\% | -0.2\% | -0.2\% |
|  | 11 | 1,765 | 20,261 | 1,663 | 19,395 | 43,084 |
|  |  | 1,769 | 19,533 | 1,587 | 19,017 | 41,906 |
|  |  | -0.2\% | 3.7\% | 4.8\% | 2.0\% | 2.8\% |
|  | 12 | 2,202 | 19,856 | 2,046 | 19,361 | 43,465 |
|  |  | 2,207 | 19,608 | 2,025 | 18,728 | 42,568 |
|  |  | -0.2\% | 1.3\% | 1.0\% | 3.4\% | 2.1\% |
|  | 13 | 4,402 | 18,775 | 3,278 | 18,626 | 45,081 |
|  |  | 4,319 | 18,648 | 3,268 | 18,807 | 45,042 |
|  |  | 1.9\% | 0.7\% | 0.3\% | -1.0\% | 0.1\% |
|  | 14 | 5,150 | 18,907 | 3,988 | 19,022 | 47,067 |
|  |  | 5,237 | 18,197 | 4,077 | 18,201 | 45,712 |
|  |  | -1.7\% | 3.9\% | -2.2\% | 4.5\% | 3.0\% |
|  | 15 | 5,999 | 18,169 | 4,874 | 18,211 | 47,253 |
|  |  | 6,001 | 17,441 | 4,715 | 17,858 | 46,015 |
|  |  | -0.0\% | 4.2\% | 3.4\% | 2.0\% | 2.7\% |
|  | 16 | 7,184 | 14,117 | 6,098 | 14,533 | 41,932 |
|  |  | 7,386 | 14,368 | 6,351 | 14,563 | 42,668 |
|  |  | -2.7\% | -1.7\% | -4.0\% | -0.2\% | -1.7\% |
|  | 17 | 7,375 | 13,569 | 6,249 | 13,862 | 41,055 |
|  |  | 7,475 | 13,717 | 6,481 | 13,763 | 41,436 |
|  |  | -1.3\% | -1.1\% | -3.6\% | 0.7\% | -0.9\% |
|  | 18 | 1,691 | 1,330 | 1,456 | 1,220 | 5,697 |
|  |  | 1,592 | 1,454 | 1,341 | 1,303 | 5,690 |
|  |  | 6.2\% | -8.5\% | 8.6\% | -6.4\% | 0.1\% |
|  | 19 | 289 | 257 | 246 | 375 | 1,167 |
|  |  | 309 | 233 | 188 | 240 | 970 |
|  |  | -6.5\% | 10.3\% | 30.9\% | 56.3\% | 20.3\% |
|  | Total | 37,952 | 230,839 | 31,092 | 228,440 | 528,323 |
|  |  | 38,306 | 230,521 | 31,196 | 227,592 | 527,615 |
|  |  | -0.9\% | 0.1\% | -0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% |

Table 3. Changes to pupil numbers by year group This table shows numbers of pupils in ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019 by year group, gender and day/boarding.

| Year group | Boarders (boys) | Day pupils (boys) | Boarders (girls) | Day pupils (girls) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nursery | 0 | 13,673 | 0 | 13,967 | 27,640 |
|  | 0 | 13,805 | 0 | 13,756 | 27,561 |
|  |  | -1.0\% |  | 1.5\% | 0.3\% |
| Reception | 0 | 9,911 | 0 | 9,906 | 19,817 |
|  | 0 | 10,303 | 0 | 10,115 | 20,418 |
|  |  | -3.8\% |  | -2.1\% | -2.9\% |
| Year 1 | 1 | 10,863 | 1 | 10,679 | 21,544 |
|  | 0 | 10,961 | 0 | 11,039 | 22,000 |
|  |  | -0.9\% |  | -3.3\% | -2.1\% |
| Year 2 | 6 | 11,461 | 3 | 11,491 | 22,961 |
|  | 2 | 11,935 | 2 | 11,892 | 23,831 |
|  | 200.0\% | -4.0\% | 50.0\% | -3.4\% | -3.7\% |
| Year 3 | 71 | 13,547 | 64 | 13,166 | 26,848 |
|  | 74 | 13,460 | 49 | 13,274 | 26,857 |
|  | -4.1\% | 0.6\% | 30.6\% | -0.8\% | -0.0\% |
| Year 4 | 342 | 14,299 | 178 | 13,971 | 28,790 |
|  | 336 | 14,563 | 151 | 13,946 | 28,996 |
|  | 1.8\% | -1.8\% | 17.9\% | 0.2\% | -0.7\% |
| Year 5 | 571 | 15,407 | 320 | 14,839 | 31,137 |
|  | 618 | 15,873 | 364 | 15,226 | 32,081 |
|  | -7.6\% | -2.9\% | -12.1\% | -2.5\% | -2.9\% |
| Year 6 | 952 | 16,654 | 617 | 15,901 | 34,124 |
|  | 1,000 | 16,631 | 600 | 15,910 | 34,141 |
|  | -4.8\% | 0.1\% | 2.8\% | -0.1\% | -0.0\% |
| Year 7 | 1,827 | 20,387 | 1,698 | 19,490 | 43,402 |
|  | 1,855 | 19,672 | 1,624 | 18,971 | 42,122 |
|  | -1.5\% | 3.6\% | 4.6\% | 2.7\% | 3.0\% |
| Year 8 | 2,264 | 19,915 | 2,063 | 19,289 | 43,531 |
|  | 2,240 | 19,656 | 2,048 | 18,829 | 42,773 |
|  | 1.1\% | 1.3\% | 0.7\% | 2.4\% | 1.8\% |
| Year 9 | 4,628 | 18,794 | 3,450 | 18,709 | 45,581 |
|  | 4,662 | 18,624 | 3,469 | 18,816 | 45,571 |
|  | -0.7\% | 0.9\% | -0.5\% | -0.6\% | 0.0\% |
| Year 10 | 5,551 | 18,914 | 4,341 | 19,151 | 47,957 |
|  | 5,663 | 18,404 | 4,432 | 18,352 | 46,851 |
|  | -2.0\% | 2.8\% | -2.1\% | 4.4\% | 2.4\% |
| Year 11 | 6,021 | 18,309 | 4,749 | 18,275 | 47,354 |
|  | 5,932 | 17,493 | 4,517 | 17,860 | 45,802 |
|  | 1.5\% | 4.7\% | 5.1\% | 2.3\% | 3.4\% |
| Year 12 | 7,838 | 14,209 | 6,819 | 14,621 | 43,487 |
|  | 8,186 | 14,581 | 7,075 | 14,798 | 44,640 |
|  | -4.3\% | -2.6\% | -3.6\% | -1.2\% | -2.6\% |
| Year 13 | 7,880 | 14,496 | 6,789 | 14,985 | 44,150 |
|  | 7,738 | 14,560 | 6,865 | 14,808 | 43,971 |
|  | 1.8\% | -0.4\% | -1.1\% | 1.2\% | 0.4\% |
| Total | 37,952 | 230,839 | 31,092 | 228,440 | 528,323 |
|  | 38,306 | 230,521 | 31,196 | 227,592 | 527,615 |
|  | -0.9\% | 0.1\% | -0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% |

Table 4. Changes to new pupil numbers by year group
This table shows numbers of new pupils in ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019 by year group, gender and day/boarding.

| Year group | Boarders (boys) | Day pupils (boys) | Boarders (girls) | Day pupils (girls) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nursery | 0 | 7,095 | 0 | 7,232 | 14,327 |
|  | 0 | 7,409 | 0 | 7,289 | 14,698 |
|  |  | -4.2\% |  | -0.8\% | -2.5\% |
| Reception | 0 | 4,419 | 0 | 4,565 | 8,984 |
|  | 0 | 4,634 | 0 | 4,543 | 9,177 |
|  |  | -4.6\% |  | 0.5\% | -2.1\% |
| Year 1 | 0 | 1,297 | 0 | 1,133 | 2,430 |
|  | 0 | 1,347 | 0 | 1,225 | 2,572 |
|  |  | -3.7\% |  | -7.5\% | -5.5\% |
| Year 2 | 4 | 1,181 | 1 | 1,108 | 2,294 |
|  | 1 | 1,253 | 1 | 1,189 | 2,444 |
|  | 300.0\% | -5.7\% | 0.0\% | -6.8\% | -6.1\% |
| Year 3 | 34 | 3,284 | 33 | 2,619 | 5,970 |
|  | 37 | 3,258 | 33 | 2,672 | 6,000 |
|  | -8.1\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | -2.0\% | -0.5\% |
| Year 4 | 169 | 1,905 | 72 | 1,526 | 3,672 |
|  | 179 | 1,957 | 67 | 1,590 | 3,793 |
|  | -5.6\% | -2.7\% | 7.5\% | -4.0\% | -3.2\% |
| Year 5 | 152 | 1,694 | 104 | 1,704 | 3,654 |
|  | 182 | 1,829 | 127 | 1,757 | 3,895 |
|  | -16.5\% | -7.4\% | -18.1\% | -3.0\% | -6.2\% |
| Year 6 | 261 | 1,601 | 180 | 1,375 | 3,417 |
|  | 267 | 1,674 | 179 | 1,449 | 3,569 |
|  | -2.2\% | -4.4\% | 0.6\% | -5.1\% | -4.3\% |
| Year 7 | 728 | 10,857 | 1,085 | 11,356 | 24,026 |
|  | 766 | 10,276 | 1,054 | 11,037 | 23,133 |
|  | -5.0\% | 5.7\% | 2.9\% | 2.9\% | 3.9\% |
| Year 8 | 409 | 1,236 | 413 | 1,394 | 3,452 |
|  | 438 | 1,290 | 400 | 1,204 | 3,332 |
|  | -6.6\% | -4.2\% | 3.3\% | 15.8\% | 3.6\% |
| Year 9 | 3,853 | 4,031 | 2,323 | 2,377 | 12,584 |
|  | 3,811 | 4,176 | 2,261 | 2,605 | 12,853 |
|  | 1.1\% | -3.5\% | 2.7\% | -8.8\% | -2.1\% |
| Year 10 | 1,312 | 826 | 1,250 | 1,023 | 4,411 |
|  | 1,331 | 867 | 1,350 | 1,091 | 4,639 |
|  | -1.4\% | -4.7\% | -7.4\% | -6.2\% | -4.9\% |
| Year 11 | 822 | 250 | 830 | 261 | 2,163 |
|  | 786 | 315 | 756 | 370 | 2,227 |
|  | 4.6\% | -20.6\% | 9.8\% | -29.5\% | -2.9\% |
| Year 12 | 3,063 | 1,818 | 3,489 | 3,041 | 11,411 |
|  | 3,194 | 1,784 | 3,608 | 3,211 | 11,797 |
|  | -4.1\% | 1.9\% | -3.3\% | -5.3\% | -3.3\% |
| Year 13 | 473 | 499 | 471 | 502 | 1,945 |
|  | 511 | 568 | 470 | 525 | 2,074 |
|  | -7.4\% | -12.1\% | 0.2\% | -4.4\% | -6.2\% |
| Total | 11,280 | 41,993 | 10,251 | 41,216 | 104,740 |
|  | 11,503 | 42,637 | 10,306 | 41,757 | 106,203 |
|  | -1.9\% | -1.5\% | -0.5\% | -1.3\% | -1.4\% |

Table 5. Changes to pupil numbers by region
For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the number of pupils by region. Please see Appendix Three Figure 1 for definitions of regions.

| Region ${ }^{1,2}$ | No. of schools | Boarders (boys) | Day pupils (boys) | Boarders (girls) | Day pupils (girls) | Total boarders | Total day pupils | Total pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| London | 274 | 2,006 | 48,106 | 741 | 50,987 | 2,747 | 99,093 | 101,840 |
|  | 274 | 1,974 | 48,065 | 713 | 50,598 | 2,687 | 98,663 | 101,350 |
|  |  | 1.6\% | 0.1\% | 3.9\% | 0.8\% | 2.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |
| South Central | 210 | 9,789 | 28,841 | 8,175 | 29,790 | 17,964 | 58,631 | 76,595 |
|  | 210 | 9,821 | 28,779 | 8,072 | 29,887 | 17,893 | 58,666 | 76,559 |
|  |  | -0.3\% | 0.2\% | 1.3\% | -0.3\% | 0.4\% | -0.1\% | 0.0\% |
| South East | 199 | 7,080 | 32,671 | 6,449 | 31,155 | 13,529 | 63,826 | 77,355 |
|  | 199 | 7,254 | 32,676 | 6,613 | 31,056 | 13,867 | 63,732 | 77,599 |
|  |  | -2.4\% | -0.0\% | -2.5\% | 0.3\% | -2.4\% | 0.1\% | -0.3\% |
| East | 147 | 3,461 | 28,323 | 3,049 | 26,695 | 6,510 | 55,018 | 61,528 |
|  | 147 | 3,433 | 28,031 | 2,916 | 26,248 | 6,349 | 54,279 | 60,628 |
|  |  | 0.8\% | 1.0\% | 4.6\% | 1.7\% | 2.5\% | 1.4\% | 1.5\% |
| South West | 96 | 4,782 | 13,429 | 4,141 | 13,545 | 8,923 | 26,974 | 35,897 |
|  | 96 | 4,831 | 13,359 | 4,127 | 13,534 | 8,958 | 26,893 | 35,851 |
|  |  | -1.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\% | -0.4\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\% |
| West Midlands | 90 | 2,654 | 15,652 | 2,392 | 15,067 | 5,046 | 30,719 | 35,765 |
|  | 90 | 2,687 | 15,740 | 2,382 | 15,214 | 5,069 | 30,954 | 36,023 |
|  |  | -1.2\% | -0.6\% | 0.4\% | -1.0\% | -0.5\% | -0.8\% | -0.7\% |
| North West | 82 | 1,145 | 16,866 | 853 | 16,000 | 1,998 | 32,866 | 34,864 |
|  | 82 | 1,139 | 16,913 | 868 | 16,036 | 2,007 | 32,949 | 34,956 |
|  |  | 0.5\% | -0.3\% | -1.7\% | -0.2\% | -0.4\% | -0.3\% | -0.3\% |
| East Midlands | 64 | 2,655 | 9,948 | 1,746 | 10,122 | 4,401 | 20,070 | 24,471 |
|  | 64 | 2,667 | 9,994 | 1,805 | 10,098 | 4,472 | 20,092 | 24,564 |
|  |  | -0.4\% | -0.5\% | -3.3\% | 0.2\% | -1.6\% | -0.1\% | -0.4\% |
| Yorkshire and Humber | 59 | 1,656 | 11,310 | 1,592 | 11,171 | 3,248 | 22,481 | 25,729 |
|  | 59 | 1,742 | 11,376 | 1,698 | 11,190 | 3,440 | 22,566 | 26,006 |
|  |  | -4.9\% | -0.6\% | -6.2\% | -0.2\% | -5.6\% | -0.4\% | -1.1\% |
| Scotland | 32 | 1,403 | 11,052 | 1,006 | 11,062 | 2,409 | 22,114 | 24,523 |
|  | 32 | 1,427 | 11,006 | 1,050 | 10,949 | 2,477 | 21,955 | 24,432 |
|  |  | -1.7\% | 0.4\% | -4.2\% | 1.0\% | -2.7\% | 0.7\% | 0.4\% |
| Wales | 19 | 847 | 2,888 | 648 | 3,024 | 1,495 | 5,912 | 7,407 |
|  | 19 | 842 | 2,810 | 654 | 2,930 | 1,496 | 5,740 | 7,236 |
|  |  | 0.6\% | 2.8\% | -0.9\% | 3.2\% | -0.1\% | 3.0\% | 2.4\% |
| North East | 16 | 190 | 3,323 | 135 | 3,589 | 325 | 6,912 | 7,237 |
|  | 16 | 197 | 3,298 | 137 | 3,603 | 334 | 6,901 | 7,235 |
|  |  | -3.6\% | 0.8\% | -1.5\% | -0.4\% | -2.7\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% |
| All ${ }^{3}$ | 1,307 | 37,952 | 230,839 | 31,092 | 228,440 | 69,044 | 459,279 | 528,323 |
|  | 1,307 | 38,306 | 230,521 | 31,196 | 227,592 | 69,502 | 458,113 | 527,615 |
|  |  | -0.9\% | 0.1\% | -0.3\% | 0.4\% | -0.7\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\% |

[^11]Table 6. Changes to fees by region Looking at ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the average termly fees by region. Please see Appendix Three Figure 1 for definitions of regions.
${ }^{1}$ The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. See footnote on page 8 for more details. To ensure that fees in 2018 and 2019 are comparable in the table above, schools in both years are allocated to regions using the new methodology.
${ }^{2}$ Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man are not listed due to the small number of schools in these regions.
${ }^{3}$ The total includes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

Table 7. Changes to fees by school type and age group
For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows average termly fees for different age groups.

| Region ${ }^{1,2}$ | Boarding fee | Day fee (boarding schools) | Day fee (day schools) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| London | £13,331 | £8,395 | £5,787 |
|  | £13,044 | £8,391 | £5,538 |
|  | 2.2\% | 0.0\% | 4.5\% |
| South Central | £11,805 | £6,629 | £4,869 |
|  | £11,399 | £6,594 | £4,707 |
|  | 3.6\% | 0.5\% | 3.4\% |
| South East | £12,175 | £6,967 | £5,299 |
|  | £11,763 | £6,727 | £5,118 |
|  | 3.5\% | 3.6\% | 3.5\% |
| East | £11,212 | £6,217 | £4,973 |
|  | £10,647 | £5,989 | £4,789 |
|  | 5.3\% | 3.8\% | 3.8\% |
| South West | £11,101 | £5,681 | £4,234 |
|  | £10,898 | £5,572 | £4,098 |
|  | 1.9\% | 2.0\% | 3.3\% |
| West Midlands | £11,169 | £5,475 | £4,004 |
|  | £10,935 | £5,323 | £3,862 |
|  | 2.1\% | 2.9\% | 3.7\% |
| North West | £10,572 | £5,042 | £3,599 |
|  | £10,358 | £5,142 | £3,486 |
|  | 2.1\% | -1.9\% | 3.2\% |
| East Midlands | £10,720 | £6,114 | £4,257 |
|  | £10,499 | £6,120 | £4,063 |
|  | 2.1\% | -0.1\% | 4.8\% |
| Yorkshire and Humber | £12,216 | £6,255 | £3,903 |
|  | £11,712 | £5,588 | £3,799 |
|  | 4.3\% | 11.9\% | 2.7\% |
| Scotland | £11,021 | £6,234 | £3,954 |
|  | £10,588 | £5,872 | £3,832 |
|  | 4.1\% | 6.2\% | 3.2\% |
| Wales | £11,041 | £4,923 | £3,942 |
|  | £10,804 | £4,727 | £3,917 |
|  | 2.2\% | 4.1\% | 0.7\% |
| North East | £9,438 | £4,533 | £4,012 |
|  | £9,159 | £4,374 | £3,873 |
|  | 3.0\% | 3.6\% | 3.6\% |
| All ${ }^{3}$ | £11,568 | £6,278 | £4,714 |
|  | £11,216 | £6,121 | £4,539 |
|  | 3.1\% | 2.6\% | 3.9\% |


|  | Boarding fee | Day fee (boarding schools) | Day fee (day schools) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sixth form | £12,230 | £7,218 | £5,230 |
|  | £11,790 | £7,056 | £5,022 |
|  | 3.7\% | 2.3\% | 4.1\% |
| Senior | £11,315 | £6,636 | £5,049 |
|  | £11,006 | £6,517 | £4,864 |
|  | 2.8\% | 1.8\% | 3.8\% |
| Junior | £8,406 | £5,226 | £4,447 |
|  | £8,252 | £4,924 | £4,295 |
|  | 1.9\% | 6.1\% | 3.5\% |
| Nursery |  | £3,042 | £3,495 |
|  |  | £2,847 | £3,339 |
|  |  | 6.8\% | 4.7\% |
| Overall | £11,568 | £6,278 | £4,714 |
|  | £11,216 | £6,121 | £4,539 |
|  | 3.1\% | 2.6\% | 3.9\% |

Table 8a. Changes to contributions to fees: senior, mixed-age and junior schools (termly values)
For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the breakdown of contributions to fees by type of contribution.

| Senior (pupils) | Senior (value $£ m$ ) | Mixed-age (pupils) | Mixed-age (value $£ m$ ) | Junior (pupils) | Junior (value $£ m$ ) | Total (pupils) | Total (value $£ m$ ) | \% of all pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43,241 | 117.9 | 75,118 | 128.7 | 31,889 | 39.6 | 150,248 | 286.2 | 28.4 |
| 42,445 | 109.7 | 72,505 | 123.7 | 31,937 | 38.5 | 146,887 | 272.0 | 27.8 |
| 1.9\% | 7.5\% | 3.6\% | 4.0\% | -0.2\% | 2.6\% | 2.3\% | 5.2\% | 2.2\% |
| The school: means-tested bursaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13,933 | 60.6 | 20,533 | 59.1 | 6,380 | 13.7 | 40,846 | 133.5 | 7.7 |
| 13,376 | 55.9 | 20,438 | 56.6 | 6,469 | 13.1 | 40,283 | 125.6 | 7.6 |
| 4.2\% | 8.5\% | 0.5\% | 4.5\% | -1.4\% | 4.3\% | 1.4\% | 6.3\% | 1.3\% |
| The school: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12,056 | 24.6 | 33,008 | 35.9 | 23,772 | 22.0 | 68,836 | 82.6 | 13.0 |
| 11,334 | 22.2 | 31,328 | 34.5 | 23,488 | 21.2 | 66,150 | 77.9 | 12.5 |
| 6.4\% | 10.9\% | 5.4\% | 4.1\% | 1.2\% | 4.1\% | 4.1\% | 6.0\% | 3.9\% |
| The school: scholarships: non-means-tested |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24,583 | 29.4 | 29,923 | 30.8 | 3,311 | 3.3 | 57,817 | 63.4 | 10.9 |
| 24,027 | 28.2 | 29,754 | 30.2 | 3,452 | 3.5 | 57,233 | 61.8 | 10.8 |
| 2.3\% | 4.4\% | 0.6\% | 1.9\% | -4.1\% | -5.4\% | 1.0\% | 2.6\% | 0.9\% |
| The school: scholarships: means-tested |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 994 | 3.3 | 1,657 | 2.6 | 300 | 0.5 | 2,951 | 6.4 | 0.6 |
| 998 | 3.5 | 1,204 | 2.3 | 363 | 0.7 | 2,565 | 6.6 | 0.5 |
| -0.4\% | -6.5\% | 37.6\% | 14.3\% | -17.4\% | -30.5\% | 15.0\% | -1.8\% | 14.9\% |
| The school: iTrust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0.00 | 142 | 0.23 | 17 | 0.02 | 159 | 0.25 | 0.03 |
| 0 | 0.00 | 28 | 0.10 | 20 | 0.03 | 48 | 0.13 | 0.01 |
|  |  | 407.1\% | 138.6\% | -15.0\% | -24.8\% | 231.3\% | 99.8\% | 230.8\% |
| Early Years Funding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0.0 | 7,385 | 6.1 | 15,925 | 12.9 | 23,310 | 18.9 | 4.4 |
| 0 | 0.0 | 7,535 | 5.9 | 16,166 | 12.2 | 23,701 | 18.1 | 4.5 |
|  |  | -2.0\% | 2.9\% | -1.5\% | 5.5\% | -1.6\% | 4.7\% | -1.8\% |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 281 | 1.9 | 1,991 | 12.1 | 214 | 0.6 | 2,486 | 14.5 | 0.5 |
| 261 | 1.7 | 1,680 | 9.8 | 156 | 0.5 | 2,097 | 12.1 | 0.4 |
| 7.7\% | 7.5\% | 18.5\% | 22.7\% | 37.2\% | 15.6\% | 18.6\% | 20.2\% | 18.4\% |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 395 | 2.8 | 970 | 7.6 | 21 | 0.0 | 1,386 | 10.4 | 0.3 |
| 384 | 2.7 | 1,036 | 7.9 | 31 | 0.0 | 1,451 | 10.6 | 0.3 |
| 2.9\% | 3.1\% | -6.4\% | -3.9\% | -32.3\% | 19.5\% | -4.5\% | -2.1\% | -4.6\% |
| All other sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 778 | 2.5 | 1,140 | 3.1 | 536 | 1.1 | 2,454 | 6.7 | 0.5 |
| 1,381 | 4.0 | 1,117 | 3.2 | 563 | 1.4 | 3,061 | 8.6 | 0.6 |
| -43.7\% | -39.2\% | 2.1\% | -1.6\% | -4.8\% | -17.0\% | -19.8\% | -21.8\% | -19.9\% |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43,757 | 125.0 | 83,969 | 157.5 | 45,780 | 54.2 | 173,506 | 336.7 | 33.8 |
| 43,574 | 118.2 | 81,314 | 150.4 | 45,968 | 52.7 | 170,856 | 321.3 | 33.3 |
| 0.4\% | 5.8\% | 3.3\% | 4.7\% | -0.4\% | 2.9\% | 1.6\% | 4.8\% | 1.4\% |
| Number of pupils as a \% of all pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36.2 |  | 35.0 |  | 30.0 |  | 33.8 |  |  |
| 36.4 |  | 34.1 |  | 29.8 |  | 33.3 |  |  |
| -0.6\% |  | 2.8\% |  | 0.6\% |  | 1.4\% |  |  |

[^12]Table 8b. Changes to contributions to fees: single-sex and co-educational schools (termly values)
For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the breakdown of contributions to fees by type of contribution.

| Single-sex: boys' (pupils) | Single-sex: boys' (value $£ m$ ) | Single-sex: girls' (pupils) | Single-sex: girls' (value $£ m$ ) | Co-ed (pupils) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Co-ed } \\ \text { (value } £ m \text { ) } \end{array}$ | Total (pupils) | Total (value $£ m$ ) | \% of all pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The school |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9,810 | 23.9 | 20,200 | 39.7 | 120,238 | 222.6 | 150,248 | 286.2 | 28.4 |
| 9,522 | 23.8 | 19,522 | 37.5 | 117,843 | 210.7 | 146,887 | 272.0 | 27.8 |
| 3.0\% | 0.6\% | 3.5\% | 5.9\% | 2.0\% | 5.6\% | 2.3\% | 5.2\% | 2.2\% |
| The school: means-tested bursaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,460 | 13.9 | 6,407 | 23.8 | 30,979 | 95.8 | 40,846 | 133.5 | 7.7 |
| 3,367 | 13.4 | 6,499 | 22.6 | 30,417 | 89.6 | 40,283 | 125.6 | 7.6 |
| 2.8\% | 3.7\% | -1.4\% | 5.3\% | 1.8\% | 6.9\% | 1.4\% | 6.3\% | 1.3\% |
| The school: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,677 | 4.6 | 6,435 | 7.0 | 59,724 | 71.0 | 68,836 | 82.6 | 13.0 |
| 2,619 | 4.3 | 5,843 | 6.3 | 57,688 | 67.3 | 66,150 | 77.9 | 12.5 |
| 2.2\% | 7.4\% | 10.1\% | 11.3\% | 3.5\% | 5.5\% | 4.1\% | 6.0\% | 3.9\% |
| The school: scholarships: non-means-tested |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,557 | 4.9 | 9,882 | 8.2 | 43,378 | 50.4 | 57,817 | 63.4 | 10.9 |
| 4,348 | 5.2 | 9,326 | 7.7 | 43,559 | 48.9 | 57,233 | 61.8 | 10.8 |
| 4.8\% | -6.5\% | 6.0\% | 5.7\% | -0.4\% | 3.1\% | 1.0\% | 2.6\% | 0.9\% |
| The school: scholarships: means-tested |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 211 | 0.5 | 275 | 0.6 | 2,465 | 5.4 | 2,951 | 6.4 | 0.6 |
| 169 | 0.8 | 340 | 0.9 | 2,056 | 4.8 | 2,565 | 6.6 | 0.5 |
| 24.9\% | -40.3\% | -19.1\% | -33.3\% | 19.9\% | 10.6\% | 15.0\% | -1.8\% | 14.9\% |
| The school: iTrust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0.00 | 85 | 0.14 | 74 | 0.11 | 159 | 0.25 | 0.03 |
| 1 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | 47 | 0.12 | 48 | 0.13 | 0.01 |
| -100.0\% | -100.0\% |  |  | 57.4\% | -9.9\% | 231.3\% | 99.8\% | 230.8\% |
| Early Years Funding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 841 | 0.7 | 1,537 | 1.2 | 20,932 | 17.0 | 23,310 | 18.9 | 4.4 |
| 841 | 0.6 | 1,599 | 1.3 | 21,261 | 16.2 | 23,701 | 18.1 | 4.5 |
| 0.0\% | 6.2\% | -3.9\% | -2.9\% | -1.5\% | 5.2\% | -1.6\% | 4.7\% | -1.8\% |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 307 | 1.4 | 40 | 0.2 | 2,139 | 12.9 | 2,486 | 14.5 | 0.5 |
| 324 | 1.7 | 46 | 0.2 | 1,727 | 10.2 | 2,097 | 12.1 | 0.4 |
| -5.2\% | -18.1\% | -13.0\% | -0.5\% | 23.9\% | 27.1\% | 18.6\% | 20.2\% | 18.4\% |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,386 | 10.4 | 1,386 | 10.4 | 0.3 |
| 7 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,444 | 10.6 | 1,451 | 10.6 | 0.3 |
| -100.0\% | -100.0\% |  |  | -4.0\% | -2.0\% | -4.5\% | -2.1\% | -4.6\% |
| All other sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 242 | 0.7 | 230 | 0.8 | 1,982 | 5.3 | 2,454 | 6.7 | 0.5 |
| 306 | 1.0 | 362 | 0.7 | 2,393 | 6.9 | 3,061 | 8.6 | 0.6 |
| -20.9\% | -31.8\% | -36.5\% | 5.1\% | -17.2\% | -23.2\% | -19.8\% | -21.8\% | -19.9\% |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,770 | 26.6 | 21,300 | 41.8 | 141,436 | 268.2 | 173,506 | 336.7 | 33.8 |
| 10,626 | 27.1 | 20,956 | 39.6 | 139,274 | 254.6 | 170,856 | 321.3 | 33.3 |
| 1.4\% | -1.7\% | 1.6\% | 5.6\% | 1.6\% | 5.4\% | 1.6\% | 4.8\% | 1.4\% |
| Number of pupils as a \% of all pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23.2 |  | 27.4 |  | 36.4 |  | 33.8 |  |  |
| 22.9 |  | 27.1 |  | 35.8 |  | 33.3 |  |  |
| 1.3\% |  | 1.4\% |  | 1.4\% |  | 1.4\% |  |  |

[^13]Table 8c. Changes to contributions to fees: day and boarding schools (termly values)
For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the breakdown of contributions to fees by type of contribution.

| Schools with boarders (pupils) | Schools with boarders (value $£ m$ ) | Day schools (pupils) | Day schools (value $£ m$ ) | Total (pupils) | Total (value $£ m$ ) | \% of all pupils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The school |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 77,638 | 177.0 | 72,610 | 109.2 | 150,248 | 286.2 | 28.4 |
| 75,146 | 170.2 | 71,741 | 101.8 | 146,887 | 272.0 | 27.8 |
| 3.3\% | 4.0\% | 1.2\% | 7.3\% | 2.3\% | 5.2\% | 2.2\% |
| The school: means-tested bursaries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21,621 | 78.4 | 19,225 | 55.1 | 40,846 | 133.5 | 7.7 |
| 21,273 | 73.9 | 19,010 | 51.7 | 40,283 | 125.6 | 7.6 |
| 1.6\% | 6.1\% | 1.1\% | 6.5\% | 1.4\% | 6.3\% | 1.3\% |
| The school: eligible families ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33,387 | 52.1 | 35,449 | 30.4 | 68,836 | 82.6 | 13.0 |
| 31,553 | 49.9 | 34,597 | 27.9 | 66,150 | 77.9 | 12.5 |
| 5.8\% | 4.4\% | 2.5\% | 9.0\% | 4.1\% | 6.0\% | 3.9\% |
| The school: scholarships: non-means-tested |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34,029 | 41.7 | 23,788 | 21.8 | 57,817 | 63.4 | 10.9 |
| 33,799 | 41.3 | 23,434 | 20.5 | 57,233 | 61.8 | 10.8 |
| 0.7\% | 0.8\% | 1.5\% | 6.3\% | 1.0\% | 2.6\% | 0.9\% |
| The school: scholarships: means-tested |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,698 | 4.7 | 1,253 | 1.8 | 2,951 | 6.4 | 0.6 |
| 1,661 | 4.9 | 904 | 1.6 | 2,565 | 6.6 | 0.5 |
| 2.2\% | -5.4\% | 38.6\% | 9.2\% | 15.0\% | -1.8\% | 14.9\% |
| The school: iTrust |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68 | 0.10 | 91 | 0.15 | 159 | 0.25 | 0.03 |
| 31 | 0.10 | 17 | 0.02 | 48 | 0.13 | 0.01 |
| 119.4\% | -0.8\% | 435.3\% | 510.1\% | 231.3\% | 99.8\% | 230.8\% |
| Early Years Funding |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,810 | 3.7 | 18,500 | 15.2 | 23,310 | 18.9 | 4.4 |
| 4,999 | 3.7 | 18,702 | 14.4 | 23,701 | 18.1 | 4.5 |
| -3.8\% | 0.3\% | -1.1\% | 5.8\% | -1.6\% | 4.7\% | -1.8\% |
| Local Education Authorities ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,049 | 6.4 | 1,437 | 8.1 | 2,486 | 14.5 | 0.5 |
| 834 | 4.7 | 1,263 | 7.4 | 2,097 | 12.1 | 0.4 |
| 25.8\% | 36.6\% | 13.8\% | 9.8\% | 18.6\% | 20.2\% | 18.4\% |
| Government Music and Dance Scheme |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,381 | 10.3 | 5 | 0.0 | 1,386 | 10.4 | 0.3 |
| 1,432 | 10.6 | 19 | 0.0 | 1,451 | 10.6 | 0.3 |
| -3.6\% | -2.1\% | -73.7\% | -20.8\% | -4.5\% | -2.1\% | -4.6\% |
| All other sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,366 | 4.4 | 1,088 | 2.3 | 2,454 | 6.7 | 0.5 |
| 1,946 | 6.2 | 1,115 | 2.4 | 3,061 | 8.6 | 0.6 |
| -29.8\% | -28.4\% | -2.4\% | -4.9\% | -19.8\% | -21.8\% | -19.9\% |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83,646 | 201.9 | 89,860 | 134.8 | 173,506 | 336.7 | 33.8 |
| 82,012 | 195.4 | 88,844 | 125.9 | 170,856 | 321.3 | 33.3 |
| 2.0\% | 3.3\% | 1.1\% | 7.1\% | 1.6\% | 4.8\% | 1.4\% |
| Number of pupils as a \% of all pupils |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40.4 |  | 29.3 |  | 33.8 |  |  |
| 39.8 |  | 29.0 |  | 33.3 |  |  |
| 1.5\% |  | 1.2\% |  | 1.4\% |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

Table 9. Changes to non-British pupils whose parents live overseas

For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the number of non-British pupils whose parents live overseas broken down by country/ area of residence.

|  | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | 234 | 132 | 60 | 28 | 20 | 378 | 418 | 8 | 426 |
|  | 238 | 117 | 46 | 18 | 26 | 357 | 396 | 5 | 401 |
|  | -1.7\% | 12.8\% | 30.4\% | 55.6\% | -23.1\% | 5.9\% | 5.6\% | 60.0\% | 6.2\% |
| Germany | 994 | 885 | 17 | 39 | 98 | 1,759 | 1,889 | 7 | 1,896 |
|  | 1,023 | 777 | 8 | 48 | 81 | 1,679 | 1,799 | 9 | 1,808 |
|  | -2.8\% | 13.9\% | 112.5\% | -18.8\% | 21.0\% | 4.8\% | 5.0\% | -22.2\% | 4.9\% |
| Russia | 1,009 | 421 | 97 | 67 | 85 | 1,375 | 1,493 | 34 | 1,527 |
|  | 1,145 | 453 | 96 | 63 | 112 | 1,519 | 1,680 | 14 | 1,694 |
|  | -11.9\% | -7.1\% | 1.0\% | 6.3\% | -24.1\% | -9.5\% | -11.1\% | 142.9\% | -9.9\% |
| Spain | 593 | 492 | 338 | 87 | 154 | 1,182 | 1,413 | 10 | 1,423 |
|  | 569 | 477 | 356 | 93 | 168 | 1,141 | 1,393 | 9 | 1,402 |
|  | 4.2\% | 3.1\% | -5.1\% | -6.5\% | -8.3\% | 3.6\% | 1.4\% | 11.1\% | 1.5\% |
| Ireland | 30 | 44 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 68 | 78 | 1 | 79 |
|  | 31 | 49 | 7 | 6 | 12 | 69 | 84 | 3 | 87 |
|  | -3.2\% | -10.2\% | -28.6\% | 16.7\% | -66.7\% | -1.4\% | -7.1\% | -66.7\% | -9.2\% |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 1,530 | 685 | 93 | 62 | 133 | 2,113 | 2,248 | 60 | 2,308 |
|  | 1,460 | 686 | 65 | 59 | 134 | 2,018 | 2,177 | 34 | 2,211 |
|  | 4.8\% | -0.1\% | 43.1\% | 5.1\% | -0.7\% | 4.7\% | 3.3\% | 76.5\% | 4.4\% |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 758 | 272 | 23 | 39 | 55 | 959 | 1,018 | 35 | 1,053 |
|  | 737 | 282 | 25 | 28 | 52 | 964 | 1,021 | 23 | 1,044 |
|  | 2.8\% | -3.5\% | -8.0\% | 39.3\% | 5.8\% | -0.5\% | -0.3\% | 52.2\% | 0.9\% |
| Nigeria | 577 | 255 | 79 | 46 | 176 | 689 | 884 | 27 | 911 |
|  | 585 | 240 | 80 | 29 | 200 | 676 | 891 | 14 | 905 |
|  | -1.4\% | 6.3\% | -1.3\% | 58.6\% | -12.0\% | 1.9\% | -0.8\% | 92.9\% | 0.7\% |
| Rest of Africa | 437 | 170 | 23 | 25 | 42 | 563 | 611 | 19 | 630 |
|  | 373 | 147 | 21 | 18 | 61 | 462 | 524 | 17 | 541 |
|  | 17.2\% | 15.6\% | 9.5\% | 38.9\% | -31.1\% | 21.9\% | 16.6\% | 11.8\% | 16.5\% |
| USA | 191 | 114 | 32 | 23 | 39 | 275 | 318 | 19 | 337 |
|  | 196 | 141 | 14 | 30 | 31 | 290 | 307 | 44 | 351 |
|  | -2.6\% | -19.1\% | 128.6\% | -23.3\% | 25.8\% | -5.2\% | 3.6\% | -56.8\% | -4.0\% |
| Rest of North America | 72 | 20 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 95 | 97 | 4 | 101 |
|  | 67 | 42 | 0 | 7 | 10 | 92 | 108 | 1 | 109 |
|  | 7.5\% | -52.4\% |  | -71.4\% | -60.0\% | 3.3\% | -10.2\% | 300.0\% | -7.3\% |
| Central and South America | 299 | 148 | 8 | 23 | 63 | 369 | 441 | 14 | 455 |
|  | 280 | 136 | 23 | 36 | 68 | 335 | 429 | 10 | 439 |
|  | 6.8\% | 8.8\% | -65.2\% | -36.1\% | -7.4\% | 10.1\% | 2.8\% | 40.0\% | 3.6\% |
| Middle East | 460 | 144 | 13 | 22 | 38 | 557 | 579 | 38 | 617 |
|  | 621 | 183 | 10 | 16 | 38 | 760 | 778 | 36 | 814 |
|  | -25.9\% | -21.3\% | 30.0\% | 37.5\% | 0.0\% | -26.7\% | -25.6\% | 5.6\% | -24.2\% |
| Hong Kong | 2,797 | 2,086 | 120 | 428 | 818 | 3,757 | 4,956 | 47 | 5,003 |
|  | 2,667 | 2,114 | 117 | 375 | 798 | 3,725 | 4,835 | 63 | 4,898 |
|  | 4.9\% | -1.3\% | 2.6\% | 14.1\% | 2.5\% | 0.9\% | 2.5\% | -25.4\% | 2.1\% |
| Mainland China | 4,156 | 3,206 | 340 | 282 | 1,029 | 6,391 | 7,187 | 515 | 7,702 |
|  | 3,873 | 3,089 | 302 | 248 | 904 | 6,112 | 6,792 | 472 | 7,264 |
|  | 7.3\% | 3.8\% | 12.6\% | 13.7\% | 13.8\% | 4.6\% | 5.8\% | 9.1\% | 6.0\% |
| Taiwan | 112 | 64 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 163 | 170 | 9 | 179 |
|  | 93 | 59 | 2 | 4 | 14 | 136 | 142 | 12 | 154 |
|  | 20.4\% | 8.5\% | 50.0\% | -25.0\% | -7.1\% | 19.9\% | 19.7\% | -25.0\% | 16.2\% |
| Japan | 280 | 112 | 45 | 31 | 33 | 373 | 419 | 18 | 437 |
|  | 244 | 102 | 38 | 18 | 44 | 322 | 369 | 15 | 384 |
|  | 14.8\% | 9.8\% | 18.4\% | 72.2\% | -25.0\% | 15.8\% | 13.6\% | 20.0\% | 13.8\% |
| South Korea | 322 | 146 | 17 | 35 | 46 | 404 | 457 | 28 | 485 |
|  | 276 | 148 | 29 | 29 | 35 | 389 | 422 | 31 | 453 |
|  | 16.7\% | -1.4\% | -41.4\% | 20.7\% | 31.4\% | 3.9\% | 8.3\% | -9.7\% | 7.1\% |
| Malaysia | 416 | 72 | 4 | 19 | 49 | 424 | 479 | 13 | 492 |
|  | 423 | 60 | 10 | 25 | 47 | 421 | 487 | 6 | 493 |
|  | -1.7\% | 20.0\% | -60.0\% | -24.0\% | 4.3\% | 0.7\% | -1.6\% | 116.7\% | -0.2\% |
| Thailand | 622 | 262 | 39 | 55 | 119 | 749 | 917 | 6 | 923 |
|  | 605 | 216 | 38 | 43 | 130 | 686 | 856 | 3 | 859 |
|  | 2.8\% | 21.3\% | 2.6\% | 27.9\% | -8.5\% | 9.2\% | 7.1\% | 100.0\% | 7.5\% |
| India | 147 | 81 | 12 | 13 | 26 | 201 | 224 | 16 | 240 |
|  | 153 | 77 | 5 | 12 | 20 | 203 | 226 | 9 | 235 |
|  | -3.9\% | 5.2\% | 140.0\% | 8.3\% | 30.0\% | -1.0\% | -0.9\% | 77.8\% | 2.1\% |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 70 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 80 | 81 | 10 | 91 |
|  | 54 | 32 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 76 | 76 | 11 | 87 |
|  | 29.6\% | -37.5\% | 0.0\% | 50.0\% | -11.1\% | 5.3\% | 6.6\% | -9.1\% | 4.6\% |
| Central Asia | 308 | 82 | 8 | 8 | 13 | 377 | 381 | 17 | 398 |
|  | 336 | 78 | 11 | 6 | 12 | 407 | 404 | 21 | 425 |
|  | -8.3\% | 5.1\% | -27.3\% | 33.3\% | 8.3\% | -7.4\% | -5.7\% | -19.0\% | -6.4\% |
| Remainder of Far East | 834 | 193 | 11 | 33 | 55 | 950 | 1,005 | 33 | 1,038 |
|  | 801 | 177 | 16 | 15 | 55 | 924 | 968 | 26 | 994 |
|  | 4.1\% | 9.0\% | -31.3\% | 120.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.8\% | 3.8\% | 26.9\% | 4.4\% |
| Oceania | 78 | 25 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 93 | 104 | 6 | 110 |
|  | 77 | 44 | 3 | 8 | 20 | 96 | 116 | 8 | 124 |
|  | 1.3\% | -43.2\% | 133.3\% | -12.5\% | -50.0\% | -3.1\% | -10.3\% | -25.0\% | -11.3\% |
| Total | 17,326 | 10,131 | 1,404 | 1,387 | 3,130 | 24,344 | 27,867 | 994 | 28,861 |
|  | 16,927 | 9,926 | 1,323 | 1,236 | 3,081 | 23,859 | 27,280 | 896 | 28,176 |
|  | 2.4\% | 2.1\% | 6.1\% | 12.2\% | 1.6\% | 2.0\% | 2.2\% | 10.9\% | 2.4\% |


| Table 10. Changes to new non-British pupils whose parents live overseas |  | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | France | 111 | 64 | 37 | 7 | 9 | 196 | 207 | 5 | 212 |
|  |  | 103 | 61 | 36 | 4 | 12 | 184 | 197 | 3 | 200 |
|  |  | 7.8\% | 4.9\% | 2.8\% | 75.0\% | -25.0\% | 6.5\% | 5.1\% | 66.7\% | 6.0\% |
|  | Germany | 591 | 582 | 8 | 19 | 68 | 1,094 | 1,176 | 5 | 1,181 |
|  |  | 581 | 468 | 2 | 27 | 56 | 968 | 1,046 | 5 | 1,051 |
|  |  | 1.7\% | 24.4\% | 300.0\% | -29.6\% | 21.4\% | 13.0\% | 12.4\% | 0.0\% | 12.4\% |
|  | Russia | 369 | 143 | 34 | 13 | 19 | 514 | 533 | 13 | 546 |
|  |  | 364 | 136 | 31 | 13 | 18 | 500 | 527 | 4 | 531 |
|  |  | 1.4\% | 5.1\% | 9.7\% | 0.0\% | 5.6\% | 2.8\% | 1.1\% | 225.0\% | 2.8\% |
|  | Spain | 331 | 327 | 270 | 55 | 103 | 770 | 920 | 8 | 928 |
| For ISC schools that participated |  | 346 | 343 | 292 | 67 | 128 | 786 | 973 | 8 | 981 |
|  |  | $-4.3 \%$ | -4.7\% | -7.5\% | -17.9\% | -19.5\% | -2.0\% | -5.4\% | 0.0\% | -5.4\% |
| in the Census in both 2018 | Ireland | 14 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 20 | 22 | 1 | 23 |
| and 2019, this table shows the |  | 9 | 19 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 25 | 28 | 2 | 30 |
|  |  | 55.6\% | -57.9\% | -50.0\% | 200.0\% | -100.0\% | -20.0\% | -21.4\% | -50.0\% | -23.3\% |
| number of new non-British pupils whose parents live | Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 658 | 324 | 39 | 26 | 63 | 932 | 992 | 29 | 1,021 |
|  |  | 613 | 287 | 23 | 17 | 53 | 853 | 898 | 25 | 923 |
|  |  | 7.3\% | 12.9\% | 69.6\% | 52.9\% | 18.9\% | 9.3\% | 10.5\% | 16.0\% | 10.6\% |
| overseas broken down by country/area of residence. | Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 337 | 92 | 10 | 7 | 19 | 413 | 419 | 20 | 439 |
|  |  | 329 | 103 | 11 | 4 | 17 | 422 | 424 | 19 | 443 |
|  |  | 2.4\% | -10.7\% | -9.1\% | 75.0\% | 11.8\% | -2.1\% | -1.2\% | 5.3\% | -0.9\% |
|  | Nigeria | 243 | 82 | 18 | 13 | 43 | 287 | 335 | 8 | 343 |
|  |  | 199 | 73 | 28 | 9 | 52 | 239 | 296 | 4 | 300 |
|  |  | 22.1\% | 12.3\% | -35.7\% | 44.4\% | -17.3\% | 20.1\% | 13.2\% | 100.0\% | 14.3\% |
|  | Rest of Africa | 211 | 70 | 9 | 4 | 19 | 267 | 283 | 7 | 290 |
|  |  | 177 | 51 | 8 | 6 | 23 | 207 | 227 | 9 | 236 |
|  |  | 19.2\% | 37.3\% | 12.5\% | -33.3\% | -17.4\% | 29.0\% | 24.7\% | -22.2\% | 22.9\% |
|  | USA | 83 | 50 | 14 | 9 | 18 | 120 | 144 | 3 | 147 |
|  |  | 88 | 53 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 128 | 127 | 19 | 146 |
|  |  | -5.7\% | -5.7\% | 180.0\% | 12.5\% | 80.0\% | -6.3\% | 13.4\% | -84.2\% | 0.7\% |
|  | Rest of North America | 27 | 8 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 38 | 40 | 0 | 40 |
|  |  | 34 | 20 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 49 | 54 | 0 | 54 |
|  |  | -20.6\% | -60.0\% |  | -100.0\% | -50.0\% | -22.4\% | -25.9\% |  | -25.9\% |
|  | Central and South America | 174 | 111 | 6 | 15 | 53 | 223 | 283 | 8 | 291 |
|  |  | 197 | 104 | 17 | 28 | 57 | 233 | 311 | 7 | 318 |
|  |  | -11.7\% | 6.7\% | -64.7\% | -46.4\% | -7.0\% | -4.3\% | -9.0\% | 14.3\% | -8.5\% |
|  | Middle East | 239 | 39 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 264 | 266 | 17 | 283 |
|  |  | 352 | 84 | 6 | 4 | 10 | 428 | 419 | 23 | 442 |
|  |  | -32.1\% | -53.6\% | -16.7\% | 125.0\% | 0.0\% | -38.3\% | -36.5\% | -26.1\% | -36.0\% |
|  | Hong Kong | 982 | 646 | 48 | 141 | 230 | 1,305 | 1,653 | 23 | 1,676 |
|  |  | 1,025 | 670 | 61 | 113 | 233 | 1,410 | 1,719 | 37 | 1,756 |
|  |  | -4.2\% | -3.6\% | -21.3\% | 24.8\% | -1.3\% | -7.4\% | -3.8\% | -37.8\% | -4.6\% |
|  | Mainland China | 1,878 | 1,237 | 163 | 93 | 370 | 2,815 | 3,054 | 224 | 3,278 |
|  |  | 1,748 | 1,330 | 131 | 98 | 330 | 2,781 | 2,998 | 211 | 3,209 |
|  |  | 7.4\% | -7.0\% | 24.4\% | -5.1\% | 12.1\% | 1.2\% | 1.9\% | 6.2\% | 2.2\% |
|  | Taiwan | 56 | 17 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 72 | 73 | 2 | 75 |
|  |  | 55 | 21 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 75 | 69 | 9 | 78 |
|  |  | 1.8\% | -19.0\% | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% | -4.0\% | 5.8\% | -77.8\% | -3.8\% |
|  | Japan | 92 | 45 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 129 | 152 | 0 | 152 |
|  |  | 109 | 34 | 9 | 3 | 19 | 130 | 143 | 9 | 152 |
|  |  | -15.6\% | 32.4\% | 66.7\% | 333.3\% | -47.4\% | -0.8\% | 6.3\% | -100.0\% | 0.0\% |
|  | South Korea | 132 | 56 | 4 | 7 | 15 | 170 | 188 | 4 | 192 |
|  |  | 131 | 54 | 9 | 10 | 6 | 178 | 179 | 15 | 194 |
|  |  | 0.8\% | 3.7\% | -55.6\% | -30.0\% | 150.0\% | -4.5\% | 5.0\% | -73.3\% | -1.0\% |
|  | Malaysia | 198 | 30 | 1 | 9 | 22 | 198 | 222 | 7 | 229 |
|  |  | 198 | 25 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 211 | 223 | 4 | 227 |
|  |  | 0.0\% | 20.0\% | -75.0\% | 28.6\% | 144.4\% | -6.2\% | -0.4\% | 75.0\% | 0.9\% |
|  | Thailand | 229 | 97 | 14 | 10 | 26 | 304 | 335 | 5 | 340 |
|  |  | 240 | 66 | 21 | 10 | 29 | 288 | 326 | 1 | 327 |
|  |  | -4.6\% | 47.0\% | -33.3\% | 0.0\% | -10.3\% | 5.6\% | 2.8\% | 400.0\% | 4.0\% |
|  | India | 55 | 29 | 7 | 3 | 10 | 78 | 84 | 7 | 91 |
|  |  | 60 | 31 | 0 | 3 | 11 | 77 | 85 | 6 | 91 |
|  |  | $-8.3 \%$ | -6.5\% |  | 0.0\% | -9.1\% | 1.3\% | -1.2\% | 16.7\% | 0.0\% |
|  | Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 44 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 46 | 48 | 3 | 51 |
|  |  | 31 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 34 | 37 | 1 | 38 |
|  |  | 41.9\% | 16.7\% | -100.0\% | 0.0\% | 33.3\% | 35.3\% | 29.7\% | 200.0\% | 34.2\% |
|  | Central Asia | 157 | 47 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 195 | 199 | 7 | 206 |
|  |  | 146 | 28 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 168 | 168 | 11 | 179 |
|  |  | 7.5\% | 67.9\% | -60.0\% | -50.0\% | 28.6\% | 16.1\% | 18.5\% | -36.4\% | 15.1\% |
|  | Remainder of Far East | 439 | 79 | 6 | 12 | 22 | 490 | 511 | 13 | 524 |
|  |  | 420 | 57 | 11 | 6 | 21 | 461 | 475 | 13 | 488 |
|  |  | 4.5\% | 38.6\% | -45.5\% | 100.0\% | 4.8\% | 6.3\% | 7.6\% | 0.0\% | 7.4\% |
|  | Oceania | 29 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 31 | 41 | 2 | 43 |
|  |  | 34 | 24 | 0 | 2 | 13 | 43 | 51 | 7 | 58 |
|  |  | -14.7\% | -58.3\% |  | 100.0\% | -38.5\% | -27.9\% | -19.6\% | -71.4\% | -25.9\% |
|  | Total | 7,679 | 4,200 | 722 | 475 | 1,155 | 10,971 | 12,180 | 421 | 12,601 |
|  |  | 7,589 | 4,148 | 715 | 446 | 1,128 | 10,878 | 12,000 | 452 | 12,452 |
|  |  | 1.2\% | 1.3\% | 1.0\% | 6.5\% | 2.4\% | 0.9\% | 1.5\% | -6.9\% | 1.2\% |

Table 11. Changes to British pupils with parents living overseas
For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the number of British pupils whose parents live overseas and the number of British pupils whose parents serve in HM Forces and those who are new to their school this year.

| British pupils whose parents: | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Live abroad | 3,327 | 1,132 | 451 | 464 | 584 | 3,862 | 4,761 | 149 | 4,910 |
|  | 3,292 | 1,099 | 300 | 377 | 541 | 3,773 | 4,454 | 237 | 4,691 |
|  | 1.1\% | 3.0\% | 50.3\% | 23.1\% | 7.9\% | 2.4\% | 6.9\% | -37.1\% | 4.7\% |
| Serve in HM Forces | 1,403 | 1,691 | 1,390 | 205 | 428 | 3,851 | 3,954 | 530 | 4,484 |
|  | 1,312 | 1,579 | 1,325 | 122 | 341 | 3,753 | 3,778 | 438 | 4,216 |
|  | 6.9\% | 7.1\% | 4.9\% | 68.0\% | 25.5\% | 2.6\% | 4.7\% | 21.0\% | 6.4\% |
| New British pupils whose parents: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Live abroad | 981 | 321 | 149 | 128 | 157 | 1,166 | 1,403 | 48 | 1,451 |
|  | 974 | 320 | 107 | 117 | 127 | 1,157 | 1,303 | 98 | 1,401 |
|  | 0.7\% | 0.3\% | 39.3\% | 9.4\% | 23.6\% | 0.8\% | 7.7\% | -51.0\% | 3.6\% |
| Serve in HM Forces | 225 | 305 | 271 | 43 | 67 | 691 | 712 | 89 | 801 |
|  | 265 | 304 | 275 | 28 | 50 | 766 | 772 | 72 | 844 |
|  | -15.1\% | 0.3\% | -1.5\% | 53.6\% | 34.0\% | -9.8\% | -7.8\% | 23.6\% | -5.1\% |

Table 12. Changes to teacher numbers ${ }^{1}$
This table shows the number of teachers in ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019.

| Full-time | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 7,703 | 9,216 | 3,979 | 3,093 | 1,819 | 15,986 | 11,291 | 9,607 | 20,898 |
|  | 7,669 | 9,157 | 3,980 | 3,097 | 1,722 | 15,987 | 11,268 | 9,538 | 20,806 |
|  | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | -0.0\% | -0.1\% | 5.6\% | -0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.7\% | 0.4\% |
| Women | 6,483 | 13,721 | 8,596 | 1,999 | 5,600 | 21,201 | 11,829 | 16,971 | 28,800 |
|  | 6,412 | 13,609 | 8,720 | 1,972 | 5,704 | 21,065 | 11,710 | 17,031 | 28,741 |
|  | 1.1\% | 0.8\% | -1.4\% | 1.4\% | -1.8\% | 0.6\% | 1.0\% | -0.4\% | 0.2\% |
| Total | 14,186 | 22,937 | 12,575 | 5,092 | 7,419 | 37,187 | 23,120 | 26,578 | 49,698 |
|  | 14,081 | 22,766 | 12,700 | 5,069 | 7,426 | 37,052 | 22,978 | 26,569 | 49,547 |
|  | 0.7\% | 0.8\% | -1.0\% | 0.5\% | -0.1\% | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% |
| Part-time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 1,084 | 1,353 | 495 | 277 | 364 | 2,291 | 1,498 | 1,434 | 2,932 |
|  | 1,030 | 1,267 | 490 | 271 | 335 | 2,181 | 1,432 | 1,355 | 2,787 |
|  | 5.2\% | 6.8\% | 1.0\% | 2.2\% | 8.7\% | 5.0\% | 4.6\% | 5.8\% | 5.2\% |
| Women | 3,169 | 6,857 | 3,726 | 798 | 3,063 | 9,891 | 5,763 | 7,989 | 13,752 |
|  | 3,026 | 6,700 | 3,786 | 730 | 2,932 | 9,850 | 5,646 | 7,866 | 13,512 |
|  | 4.7\% | 2.3\% | -1.6\% | 9.3\% | 4.5\% | 0.4\% | 2.1\% | 1.6\% | 1.8\% |
| Total | 4,253 | 8,210 | 4,221 | 1,075 | 3,427 | 12,182 | 7,261 | 9,423 | 16,684 |
|  | 4,056 | 7,967 | 4,276 | 1,001 | 3,267 | 12,031 | 7,078 | 9,221 | 16,299 |
|  | 4.9\% | 3.1\% | -1.3\% | 7.4\% | 4.9\% | 1.3\% | 2.6\% | 2.2\% | 2.4\% |
| Part-time (hours) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 17,182 | 23,571 | 8,365 | 4,889 | 6,201 | 38,027 | 24,328 | 24,790 | 49,118 |
|  | 15,569 | 21,584 | 8,233 | 4,664 | 5,681 | 35,042 | 22,482 | 22,904 | 45,386 |
|  | 10.4\% | 9.2\% | 1.6\% | 4.8\% | 9.2\% | 8.5\% | 8.2\% | 8.2\% | 8.2\% |
| Women | 54,115 | 126,676 | 70,858 | 15,185 | 54,751 | 181,713 | 102,362 | 149,287 | 251,649 |
|  | 50,426 | 123,177 | 69,109 | 13,404 | 51,421 | 177,888 | 98,681 | 144,032 | 242,713 |
|  | 7.3\% | 2.8\% | 2.5\% | 13.3\% | 6.5\% | 2.1\% | 3.7\% | 3.6\% | 3.7\% |
| Total | 71,297 | 150,247 | 79,222 | 20,075 | 60,952 | 219,740 | 126,690 | 174,077 | 300,767 |
|  | 65,995 | 144,762 | 77,342 | 18,067 | 57,102 | 212,930 | 121,163 | 166,936 | 288,099 |
|  | 8.0\% | 3.8\% | 2.4\% | 11.1\% | 6.7\% | 3.2\% | 4.6\% | 4.3\% | 4.4\% |
| Overall full-time equivalent ( 32.5 hours $=1$ full-time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 8,232 | 9,941 | 4,236 | 3,243 | 2,010 | 17,156 | 12,040 | 10,370 | 22,409 |
|  | 8,148 | 9,821 | 4,233 | 3,241 | 1,897 | 17,065 | 11,960 | 10,243 | 22,202 |
|  | 1.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 6.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.7\% | 1.2\% | 0.9\% |
| Women | 8,148 | 17,619 | 10,776 | 2,466 | 7,285 | 26,792 | 14,979 | 21,564 | 36,543 |
|  | 7,964 | 17,399 | 10,846 | 2,384 | 7,286 | 26,538 | 14,746 | 21,463 | 36,209 |
|  | 2.3\% | 1.3\% | -0.6\% | 3.4\% | -0.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.6\% | 0.5\% | 0.9\% |
| Total | 16,380 | 27,560 | 15,013 | 5,710 | 9,294 | 43,948 | 27,018 | 31,934 | 58,952 |
|  | 16,112 | 27,220 | 15,080 | 5,625 | 9,183 | 43,604 | 26,706 | 31,705 | 58,412 |
|  | 1.7\% | 1.2\% | -0.4\% | 1.5\% | 1.2\% | 0.8\% | 1.2\% | 0.7\% | 0.9\% |

[^14]Table 13. Changes to teaching assistant numbers ${ }^{1}$
This table shows the number of teaching assistants in ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019.

| Full-time | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men | 122 | 260 | 388 | 98 | 24 | 648 | 272 | 498 | 770 |
|  | 116 | 321 | 369 | 87 | 27 | 692 | 260 | 546 | 806 |
|  | 5.2\% | -19.0\% | 5.1\% | 12.6\% | -11.1\% | -6.4\% | 4.6\% | -8.8\% | -4.5\% |
| Women | 218 | 1,930 | 3,316 | 393 | 596 | 4,475 | 1,412 | 4,052 | 5,464 |
|  | 190 | 1,952 | 3,245 | 374 | 607 | 4,406 | 1,338 | 4,049 | 5,387 |
|  | 14.7\% | -1.1\% | 2.2\% | 5.1\% | -1.8\% | 1.6\% | 5.5\% | 0.1\% | 1.4\% |
| Total | 340 | 2,190 | 3,704 | 491 | 620 | 5,123 | 1,684 | 4,550 | 6,234 |
|  | 306 | 2,273 | 3,614 | 461 | 634 | 5,098 | 1,598 | 4,595 | 6,193 |
|  | 11.1\% | -3.7\% | 2.5\% | 6.5\% | -2.2\% | 0.5\% | 5.4\% | -1.0\% | 0.7\% |
| Part-time |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 41 | 113 | 101 | 33 | 14 | 208 | 68 | 187 | 255 |
|  | 54 | 138 | 102 | 30 | 13 | 251 | 90 | 204 | 294 |
|  | -24.1\% | -18.1\% | -1.0\% | 10.0\% | 7.7\% | -17.1\% | -24.4\% | -8.3\% | -13.3\% |
| Women | 271 | 1,771 | 2,234 | 236 | 488 | 3,552 | 1,313 | 2,963 | 4,276 |
|  | 261 | 1,756 | 2,430 | 241 | 504 | 3,702 | 1,343 | 3,104 | 4,447 |
|  | 3.8\% | 0.9\% | -8.1\% | -2.1\% | -3.2\% | -4.1\% | -2.2\% | -4.5\% | -3.8\% |
| Total | 312 | 1,884 | 2,335 | 269 | 502 | 3,760 | 1,381 | 3,150 | 4,531 |
|  | 315 | 1,894 | 2,532 | 271 | 517 | 3,953 | 1,433 | 3,308 | 4,741 |
|  | -1.0\% | -0.5\% | -7.8\% | -0.7\% | -2.9\% | -4.9\% | -3.6\% | -4.8\% | -4.4\% |
| Part-time hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 560 | 1,937 | 1,816 | 611 | 221 | 3,481 | 1,226 | 3,087 | 4,313 |
|  | 765 | 2,359 | 1,899 | 645 | 169 | 4,209 | 1,511 | 3,512 | 5,023 |
|  | -26.8\% | -17.9\% | -4.4\% | -5.2\% | 30.4\% | -17.3\% | -18.8\% | -12.1\% | -14.1\% |
| Women | 4,314 | 35,896 | 46,155 | 4,492 | 10,581 | 71,291 | 26,130 | 60,234 | 86,364 |
|  | 3,976 | 35,572 | 48,353 | 4,308 | 10,151 | 73,441 | 25,407 | 62,493 | 87,900 |
|  | 8.5\% | 0.9\% | -4.5\% | 4.3\% | 4.2\% | -2.9\% | 2.8\% | -3.6\% | -1.7\% |
| Total | 4,874 | 37,833 | 47,971 | 5,104 | 10,802 | 74,772 | 27,357 | 63,321 | 90,678 |
|  | 4,741 | 37,930 | 50,252 | 4,953 | 10,320 | 77,650 | 26,918 | 66,005 | 92,923 |
|  | 2.8\% | -0.3\% | -4.5\% | 3.0\% | 4.7\% | -3.7\% | 1.6\% | -4.1\% | -2.4\% |
| Overall full-time equivalent ( 32.5 hours $=1$ full-time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men | 139 | 320 | 444 | 117 | 31 | 755 | 310 | 593 | 903 |
|  | 140 | 394 | 427 | 107 | 32 | 822 | 306 | 654 | 961 |
|  | -0.2\% | -18.8\% | 3.8\% | 9.3\% | -4.4\% | -8.1\% | 1.1\% | -9.3\% | -6.0\% |
| Women | 351 | 3,034 | 4,736 | 531 | 922 | 6,669 | 2,216 | 5,905 | 8,121 |
|  | 312 | 3,047 | 4,733 | 507 | 919 | 6,666 | 2,120 | 5,972 | 8,092 |
|  | 12.3\% | -0.4\% | 0.1\% | 4.9\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 4.5\% | -1.1\% | 0.4\% |
| Total | 490 | 3,354 | 5,180 | 648 | 952 | 7,424 | 2,526 | 6,498 | 9,024 |
|  | 452 | 3,440 | 5,160 | 613 | 952 | 7,487 | 2,426 | 6,626 | 9,052 |
|  | 8.4\% | -2.5\% | 0.4\% | 5.6\% | 0.1\% | -0.8\% | 4.1\% | -1.9\% | -0.3\% |

Table 14. Changes to pupil-teacher ratios
This table shows the pupil and teacher gender ratios along with pupil-teacher ratio in ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019.

| Full-time | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boys | 68,686 | 113,761 | 86,344 | 50,535 | 351 | 217,905 | 114,289 | 154,502 | 268,791 |
|  | 68,273 | 113,307 | 87,247 | 50,481 | 395 | 217,951 | 114,082 | 154,745 | 268,827 |
|  | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | -1.0\% | 0.1\% | -11.1\% | -0.0\% | 0.2\% | -0.2\% | -0.0\% |
| Girls | 56,674 | 135,834 | 67,024 | 160 | 79,693 | 179,679 | 97,686 | 161,846 | 259,532 |
|  | 55,945 | 135,281 | 67,562 | 176 | 79,486 | 179,126 | 96,983 | 161,805 | 258,788 |
|  | 1.3\% | 0.4\% | -0.8\% | -9.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% |
| Total | 125,360 | 249,595 | 153,368 | 50,695 | 80,044 | 397,584 | 211,975 | 316,348 | 528,323 |
|  | 124,218 | 248,588 | 154,809 | 50,657 | 79,881 | 397,077 | 211,065 | 316,550 | 527,615 |
|  | 0.9\% | 0.4\% | -0.9\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.4\% | -0.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Ratios |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pupil-teacher ${ }^{1}$ | 7.7:1 | 8.7:1 | 9.0:1 | 8.7:1 | 8.4:1 | 8.5:1 | 7.6:1 | 9.2:1 | 8.5:1 |
|  | 7.7:1 | 8.8:1 | 9.1:1 | 8.8:1 | 8.5:1 | 8.5:1 | 7.7:1 | 9.3:1 | 8.6:1 |
|  | -0.7\% | -0.7\% | -0.8\% | -1.4\% | -0.9\% | -0.7\% | -0.7\% | -0.8\% | -0.8\% |
| Boys:girls (pupils) | 1.2:1 | 0.8:1 | 1.3:1 | 315.8:1 | 0.0:1 | 1.2:1 | 1.2:1 | 1.0:1 | 1.0:1 |
|  | 1.2:1 | 0.8:1 | 1.3:1 | 286.8:1 | 0.0:1 | 1.2:1 | 1.2:1 | 1.0:1 | 1.0:1 |
|  | -0.7\% | -0.0\% | -0.2\% | 10.1\% | -11.4\% | -0.3\% | -0.5\% | -0.2\% | -0.3\% |
| Men:women (teachers) ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$ | 1.0:1 | 0.6:1 | 0.4:1 | 1.3:1 | 0.3:1 | 0.6:1 | 0.8:1 | 0.5:1 | 0.6:1 |
|  | 1.0:1 | 0.6:1 | 0.4:1 | 1.4:1 | 0.3:1 | 0.6:1 | 0.8:1 | 0.5:1 | 0.6:1 |
|  | -1.3\% | -0.0\% | 0.7\% | -3.2\% | 6.0\% | -0.4\% | -0.9\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% |
| Men:women (teaching assistants) ${ }^{2}$ | 0.4:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.2:1 | 0.0:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 |
|  | 0.4:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.2:1 | 0.0:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 | 0.1:1 |
|  | -11.1\% | -18.5\% | 3.8\% | 4.2\% | -4.6\% | -8.1\% | -3.3\% | -8.3\% | -6.4\% |

${ }^{1}$ Pupil-teacher ratio excludes nursery teachers and nursery pupils.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes nursery staff.

Table 15. Changes to full-time teachers This table shows the number of full-time teaching staff coming into ISC schools (broken down by previous occupation) and leaving schools (broken down by destination). This table comprises those schools
that participated in the
Census in both 2018
and 2019.

| Arriving from | Senior | Mixedage | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independent schools | 851 | 886 | 628 | 245 | 441 | 1,679 | 1,199 | 1,166 | 2,365 |
|  | 778 | 856 | 623 | 256 | 398 | 1,603 | 1,054 | 1,203 | 2,257 |
|  | 9.4\% | 3.5\% | 0.8\% | -4.3\% | 10.8\% | 4.7\% | 13.8\% | -3.1\% | 4.8\% |
| State-funded schools | 640 | 1,266 | 597 | 172 | 417 | 1,914 | 998 | 1,505 | 2,503 |
|  | 633 | 1,276 | 676 | 186 | 453 | 1,946 | 1,060 | 1,525 | 2,585 |
|  | 1.1\% | -0.8\% | -11.7\% | -7.5\% | -7.9\% | -1.6\% | -5.8\% | -1.3\% | -3.2\% |
| ITT at university or training college | 144 | 192 | 47 | 23 | 57 | 303 | 187 | 196 | 383 |
|  | 126 | 160 | 64 | 32 | 72 | 246 | 162 | 188 | 350 |
|  | 14.3\% | 20.0\% | -26.6\% | -28.1\% | -20.8\% | 23.2\% | 15.4\% | 4.3\% | 9.4\% |
| New graduates | 134 | 137 | 84 | 49 | 41 | 265 | 193 | 162 | 355 |
|  | 135 | 160 | 95 | 36 | 41 | 313 | 196 | 194 | 390 |
|  | -0.7\% | -14.4\% | -11.6\% | 36.1\% | 0.0\% | -15.3\% | -1.5\% | -16.5\% | -9.0\% |
| Industry | 89 | 99 | 33 | 41 | 34 | 146 | 132 | 89 | 221 |
|  | 78 | 102 | 58 | 28 | 40 | 170 | 108 | 130 | 238 |
|  | 14.1\% | -2.9\% | -43.1\% | 46.4\% | -15.0\% | -14.1\% | 22.2\% | -31.5\% | -7.1\% |
| Outside the UK | 137 | 165 | 130 | 44 | 53 | 335 | 213 | 219 | 432 |
|  | 105 | 215 | 128 | 50 | 70 | 328 | 216 | 232 | 448 |
|  | 30.5\% | -23.3\% | 1.6\% | -12.0\% | -24.3\% | 2.1\% | -1.4\% | -5.6\% | -3.6\% |
| Other | 397 | 808 | 388 | 136 | 301 | 1,156 | 695 | 898 | 1,593 |
|  | 422 | 769 | 380 | 90 | 275 | 1,206 | 617 | 954 | 1,571 |
|  | -5.9\% | 5.1\% | 2.1\% | 51.1\% | 9.5\% | -4.1\% | 12.6\% | -5.9\% | 1.4\% |
| Total | 2,392 | 3,553 | 1,907 | 710 | 1,344 | 5,798 | 3,617 | 4,235 | 7,852 |
|  | 2,277 | 3,538 | 2,024 | 678 | 1,349 | 5,812 | 3,413 | 4,426 | 7,839 |
|  | 5.1\% | 0.4\% | -5.8\% | 4.7\% | -0.4\% | -0.2\% | 6.0\% | -4.3\% | 0.2\% |
| Going to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Independent schools | 657 | 633 | 500 | 199 | 312 | 1,279 | 908 | 882 | 1,790 |
|  | 615 | 700 | 454 | 191 | 292 | 1,286 | 867 | 902 | 1,769 |
|  | 6.8\% | -9.6\% | 10.1\% | 4.2\% | 6.8\% | -0.5\% | 4.7\% | -2.2\% | 1.2\% |
| State-funded schools | 202 | 405 | 157 | 54 | 115 | 595 | 346 | 418 | 764 |
|  | 163 | 387 | 167 | 40 | 110 | 567 | 287 | 430 | 717 |
|  | 23.9\% | 4.7\% | -6.0\% | 35.0\% | 4.5\% | 4.9\% | 20.6\% | -2.8\% | 6.6\% |
| Industry | 89 | 111 | 72 | 40 | 35 | 197 | 124 | 148 | 272 |
|  | 64 | 110 | 42 | 25 | 40 | 151 | 81 | 135 | 216 |
|  | 39.1\% | 0.9\% | 71.4\% | 60.0\% | -12.5\% | 30.5\% | 53.1\% | 9.6\% | 25.9\% |
| Outside the UK | 147 | 219 | 144 | 56 | 69 | 385 | 218 | 292 | 510 |
|  | 117 | 195 | 121 | 50 | 70 | 313 | 185 | 248 | 433 |
|  | 25.6\% | 12.3\% | 19.0\% | 12.0\% | -1.4\% | 23.0\% | 17.8\% | 17.7\% | 17.8\% |
| Other (incl. retirement) | 1,174 | 1,947 | 1,154 | 342 | 777 | 3,156 | 1,873 | 2,402 | 4,275 |
|  | 1,275 | 2,046 | 1,170 | 340 | 853 | 3,298 | 2,014 | 2,477 | 4,491 |
|  | -7.9\% | -4.8\% | -1.4\% | 0.6\% | -8.9\% | -4.3\% | -7.0\% | -3.0\% | -4.8\% |
| Total | 2,269 | 3,315 | 2,027 | 691 | 1,308 | 5,612 | 3,469 | 4,142 | 7,611 |
|  | 2,234 | 3,438 | 1,954 | 646 | 1,365 | 5,615 | 3,434 | 4,192 | 7,626 |
|  | 1.6\% | -3.6\% | 3.7\% | 7.0\% | -4.2\% | -0.1\% | 1.0\% | -1.2\% | -0.2\% |
| Net gain |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Independent schools | 194 | 253 | 128 | 46 | 129 | 400 | 291 | 284 | 575 |
|  | 163 | 156 | 169 | 65 | 106 | 317 | 187 | 301 | 488 |
|  | 19.0\% | 62.2\% | -24.3\% | -29.2\% | 21.7\% | 26.2\% | 55.6\% | -5.6\% | 17.8\% |
| State-funded schools | 438 | 861 | 440 | 118 | 302 | 1,319 | 652 | 1,087 | 1,739 |
|  | 470 | 889 | 509 | 146 | 343 | 1,379 | 773 | 1,095 | 1,868 |
|  | -6.8\% | -3.1\% | -13.6\% | -19.2\% | -12.0\% | -4.4\% | -15.7\% | -0.7\% | -6.9\% |
| Industry | 0 | -12 | -39 | 1 | -1 | -51 | 8 | -59 | -51 |
|  | 14 | -8 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 19 | 27 | -5 | 22 |
|  |  | 50.0\% | -343.8\% | -66.7\% |  | -368.4\% | -70.4\% | 1080.0\% | -331.8\% |
| Outside the UK | -10 | -54 | -14 | -12 | -16 | -50 | -5 | -73 | -78 |
|  | -12 | 20 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 31 | -16 | 15 |
|  | -16.7\% | -370.0\% | -300.0\% |  |  | -433.3\% | -116.1\% | 356.3\% | -620.0\% |
| Other | -777 | -1,139 | -766 | -206 | -476 | -2,000 | -1,178 | -1,504 | -2,682 |
|  | -853 | -1,277 | -790 | -250 | -578 | -2,092 | -1,397 | -1,523 | -2,920 |
|  | -8.9\% | -10.8\% | -3.0\% | -17.6\% | -17.6\% | -4.4\% | -15.7\% | -1.2\% | -8.2\% |
| Total | 123 | 238 | -120 | 19 | 36 | 186 | 148 | 93 | 241 |
|  | 43 | 100 | 70 | 32 | -16 | 197 | -21 | 234 | 213 |
|  | 186.0\% | 138.0\% | -271.4\% | -40.6\% | -325.0\% | -5.6\% | -804.8\% | -60.3\% | 13.1\% |
| Full-time teachers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turnover as \% of full-time teachers | 16.0 | 14.5 | 16.1 | 13.6 | 17.6 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 15.3 |
|  | 15.9 | 15.1 | 15.4 | 12.7 | 18.4 | 15.2 | 14.9 | 15.8 | 15.4 |
|  | 0.8\% | -4.3\% | 4.8\% | 6.5\% | -4.1\% | -0.4\% | 0.4\% | -1.2\% | -0.5\% |
| Gain as \% of full-time teachers | 0.9 | 1.0 | -1.0 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
|  | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 | -0.2 | 0.5 | -0.1 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
|  | 183.9\% | 136.2\% | -273.1\% | -40.9\% | -325.2\% | -5.9\% | -800.4\% | -60.3\% | 12.8\% |

Table 16. Changes to new non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK

For ISC schools that participated in the Census in both 2018 and 2019, this table shows the number of new non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK broken down by country/ area of nationality.

|  | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex: boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Day } \\ \text { schools } \end{array}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | 130 | 169 | 147 | 54 | 82 | 310 | 186 | 260 | 446 |
|  | 120 | 175 | 104 | 46 | 76 | 277 | 156 | 243 | 399 |
|  | 8.3\% | -3.4\% | 41.3\% | 17.4\% | 7.9\% | 11.9\% | 19.2\% | 7.0\% | 11.8\% |
| Germany | 76 | 147 | 80 | 33 | 50 | 220 | 146 | 157 | 303 |
|  | 95 | 144 | 76 | 34 | 43 | 238 | 151 | 164 | 315 |
|  | -20.0\% | 2.1\% | 5.3\% | -2.9\% | 16.3\% | -7.6\% | -3.3\% | -4.3\% | -3.8\% |
| Russia | 74 | 74 | 69 | 24 | 26 | 167 | 117 | 100 | 217 |
|  | 96 | 74 | 99 | 37 | 38 | 194 | 127 | 142 | 269 |
|  | -22.9\% | 0.0\% | -30.3\% | -35.1\% | -31.6\% | -13.9\% | -7.9\% | -29.6\% | -19.3\% |
| Spain | 74 | 88 | 89 | 35 | 49 | 167 | 96 | 155 | 251 |
|  | 71 | 110 | 83 | 36 | 49 | 179 | 100 | 164 | 264 |
|  | 4.2\% | -20.0\% | 7.2\% | -2.8\% | 0.0\% | -6.7\% | -4.0\% | -5.5\% | -4.9\% |
| Ireland | 96 | 116 | 55 | 34 | 45 | 188 | 106 | 161 | 267 |
|  | 112 | 87 | 41 | 26 | 41 | 173 | 122 | 118 | 240 |
|  | -14.3\% | 33.3\% | 34.1\% | 30.8\% | 9.8\% | 8.7\% | -13.1\% | 36.4\% | 11.3\% |
| Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 364 | 568 | 406 | 167 | 203 | 968 | 546 | 792 | 1,338 |
|  | 358 | 453 | 403 | 150 | 173 | 891 | 466 | 748 | 1,214 |
|  | 1.7\% | 25.4\% | 0.7\% | 11.3\% | 17.3\% | 8.6\% | 17.2\% | 5.9\% | 10.2\% |
| Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 57 | 59 | 62 | 29 | 24 | 125 | 87 | 91 | 178 |
|  | 97 | 79 | 44 | 17 | 23 | 180 | 120 | 100 | 220 |
|  | -41.2\% | -25.3\% | 40.9\% | 70.6\% | 4.3\% | -30.6\% | -27.5\% | -9.0\% | -19.1\% |
| Nigeria | 43 | 53 | 17 | 10 | 27 | 76 | 72 | 41 | 113 |
|  | 30 | 32 | 37 | 9 | 19 | 71 | 56 | 43 | 99 |
|  | 43.3\% | 65.6\% | -54.1\% | 11.1\% | 42.1\% | 7.0\% | 28.6\% | -4.7\% | 14.1\% |
| Rest of Africa | 59 | 89 | 69 | 13 | 31 | 173 | 102 | 115 | 217 |
|  | 46 | 71 | 61 | 15 | 18 | 145 | 93 | 85 | 178 |
|  | 28.3\% | 25.4\% | 13.1\% | -13.3\% | 72.2\% | 19.3\% | 9.7\% | 35.3\% | 21.9\% |
| USA | 157 | 490 | 298 | 83 | 99 | 763 | 485 | 460 | 945 |
|  | 161 | 452 | 335 | 58 | 108 | 782 | 433 | 515 | 948 |
|  | -2.5\% | 8.4\% | -11.0\% | 43.1\% | -8.3\% | -2.4\% | 12.0\% | -10.7\% | -0.3\% |
| Rest of North America | 27 | 54 | 45 | 10 | 14 | 102 | 37 | 89 | 126 |
|  | 21 | 32 | 45 | 11 | 10 | 77 | 48 | 50 | 98 |
|  | 28.6\% | 68.8\% | 0.0\% | -9.1\% | 40.0\% | 32.5\% | -22.9\% | 78.0\% | 28.6\% |
| Central and South America | 29 | 52 | 42 | 5 | 10 | 108 | 36 | 87 | 123 |
|  | 27 | 54 | 30 | 11 | 9 | 91 | 48 | 63 | 111 |
|  | 7.4\% | -3.7\% | 40.0\% | -54.5\% | 11.1\% | 18.7\% | -25.0\% | 38.1\% | 10.8\% |
| Middle East | 45 | 64 | 65 | 6 | 23 | 145 | 45 | 129 | 174 |
|  | 42 | 92 | 69 | 7 | 30 | 166 | 54 | 149 | 203 |
|  | 7.1\% | -30.4\% | -5.8\% | -14.3\% | -23.3\% | -12.7\% | -16.7\% | -13.4\% | -14.3\% |
| Hong Kong | 18 | 35 | 8 | 2 | 9 | 50 | 43 | 18 | 61 |
|  | 46 | 27 | 17 | 11 | 6 | 73 | 76 | 14 | 90 |
|  | -60.9\% | 29.6\% | -52.9\% | -81.8\% | 50.0\% | -31.5\% | -43.4\% | 28.6\% | -32.2\% |
| Mainland China | 139 | 265 | 200 | 75 | 129 | 400 | 313 | 291 | 604 |
|  | 137 | 260 | 164 | 53 | 104 | 404 | 276 | 285 | 561 |
|  | 1.5\% | 1.9\% | 22.0\% | 41.5\% | 24.0\% | -1.0\% | 13.4\% | 2.1\% | 7.7\% |
| Taiwan | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
|  | 3 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 10 | 13 |
|  | -33.3\% | -50.0\% | 50.0\% |  | -100.0\% | 33.3\% | 33.3\% | -50.0\% | -30.8\% |
| Japan | 25 | 63 | 82 | 16 | 44 | 110 | 48 | 122 | 170 |
|  | 32 | 76 | 100 | 10 | 48 | 150 | 58 | 150 | 208 |
|  | -21.9\% | -17.1\% | -18.0\% | 60.0\% | -8.3\% | -26.7\% | -17.2\% | -18.7\% | -18.3\% |
| South Korea | 21 | 48 | 45 | 14 | 21 | 79 | 42 | 72 | 114 |
|  | 22 | 46 | 38 | 9 | 25 | 72 | 30 | 76 | 106 |
|  | -4.5\% | 4.3\% | 18.4\% | 55.6\% | -16.0\% | 9.7\% | 40.0\% | -5.3\% | 7.5\% |
| Malaysia | 8 | 25 | 13 | 3 | 9 | 34 | 15 | 31 | 46 |
|  | 13 | 17 | 11 | 5 | 11 | 25 | 15 | 26 | 41 |
|  | -38.5\% | 47.1\% | 18.2\% | -40.0\% | -18.2\% | 36.0\% | 0.0\% | 19.2\% | 12.2\% |
| Thailand | 6 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 16 |
|  | 9 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 15 | 3 | 18 |
|  | -33.3\% | 50.0\% | -66.7\% | -100.0\% | 0.0\% | 8.3\% | -33.3\% | 100.0\% | -11.1\% |
| India | 35 | 105 | 72 | 27 | 47 | 138 | 62 | 150 | 212 |
|  | 30 | 129 | 86 | 37 | 50 | 158 | 63 | 182 | 245 |
|  | 16.7\% | -18.6\% | -16.3\% | -27.0\% | -6.0\% | -12.7\% | -1.6\% | -17.6\% | -13.5\% |
| Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 10 | 51 | 19 | 9 | 18 | 53 | 19 | 61 | 80 |
|  | 13 | 52 | 17 | 11 | 10 | 61 | 27 | 55 | 82 |
|  | -23.1\% | -1.9\% | 11.8\% | -18.2\% | 80.0\% | -13.1\% | -29.6\% | 10.9\% | -2.4\% |
| Central Asia | 17 | 15 | 14 | 3 | 6 | 37 | 29 | 17 | 46 |
|  | 19 | 29 | 13 | 10 | 5 | 46 | 42 | 19 | 61 |
|  | -10.5\% | -48.3\% | 7.7\% | -70.0\% | 20.0\% | -19.6\% | -31.0\% | -10.5\% | -24.6\% |
| Remainder of Far East | 19 | 32 | 23 | 3 | 19 | 52 | 43 | 31 | 74 |
|  | 34 | 29 | 21 | 7 | 14 | 63 | 39 | 45 | 84 |
|  | -44.1\% | 10.3\% | 9.5\% | -57.1\% | 35.7\% | -17.5\% | 10.3\% | -31.1\% | -11.9\% |
| Oceania | 44 | 74 | 87 | 13 | 28 | 164 | 87 | 118 | 205 |
|  | 50 | 101 | 80 | 25 | 29 | 177 | 91 | 140 | 231 |
|  | -12.0\% | -26.7\% | 8.8\% | -48.0\% | -3.4\% | -7.3\% | -4.4\% | -15.7\% | -11.3\% |
| Total | 1,575 | 2,749 | 2,011 | 669 | 1,016 | 4,650 | 2,776 | 3,559 | 6,335 |
|  | 1,684 | 2,635 | 1,979 | 638 | 949 | 4,711 | 2,709 | 3,589 | 6,298 |
|  | -6.5\% | 4.3\% | 1.6\% | 4.9\% | 7.1\% | -1.3\% | 2.5\% | -0.8\% | 0.6\% |


|  |  | Senior | Mixed-age | Junior | Single-sex boys' | Single-sex: girls' | Co-ed | Schools with boarders | Day schools | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | France | 445 | 732 | 578 | 250 | 345 | 1,160 | 650 | 1,105 | 1,755 |
|  |  | 434 | 655 | 576 | 233 | 307 | 1,125 | 621 | 1,044 | 1,665 |
| Table 17. Changes to non-British pupils whose parents live in the UK |  | 2.5\% | 11.8\% | 0.3\% | 7.3\% | 12.4\% | 3.1\% | 4.7\% | 5.8\% | 5.4\% |
|  | Germany | 302 | 591 | 375 | 151 | 257 | 860 | 513 | 755 | 1,268 |
|  |  | 296 | 566 | 363 | 140 | 230 | 855 | 497 | 728 | 1,225 |
|  |  | 2.0\% | 4.4\% | 3.3\% | 7.9\% | 11.7\% | 0.6\% | 3.2\% | 3.7\% | 3.5\% |
|  | Russia | 264 | 333 | 419 | 134 | 154 | 728 | 496 | 520 | 1,016 |
|  |  | 289 | 338 | 480 | 140 | 190 | 777 | 540 | 567 | 1,107 |
|  |  | -8.7\% | -1.5\% | -12.7\% | -4.3\% | -18.9\% | -6.3\% | -8.1\% | -8.3\% | -8.2\% |
|  | Spain | 246 | 424 | 381 | 132 | 226 | 693 | 359 | 692 | 1,051 |
| For ISC schools that participated in the |  | 228 | 391 | 352 | 118 | 184 | 669 | 313 | 658 | 971 |
|  |  | 7.9\% | 8.4\% | 8.2\% | 11.9\% | 22.8\% | 3.6\% | 14.7\% | 5.2\% | 8.2\% |
|  | Ireland | 408 | 734 | 291 | 186 | 257 | 990 | 543 | 890 | 1,433 |
| Census in both 2018 |  | 404 | 568 | 310 | 163 | 259 | 860 | 546 | 736 | 1,282 |
|  |  | 1.0\% | 29.2\% | -6.1\% | 14.1\% | -0.8\% | 15.1\% | -0.5\% | 20.9\% | 11.8\% |
| and 2019, this table shows the number of | Remainder of Europe (EEA) | 1,471 | 2,593 | 1,745 | 662 | 995 | 4,152 | 2,246 | 3,563 | 5,809 |
|  |  | 1,203 | 2,377 | 1,653 | 560 | 840 | 3,833 | 2,064 | 3,169 | 5,233 |
|  |  | 22.3\% | 9.1\% | 5.6\% | 18.2\% | 18.5\% | 8.3\% | 8.8\% | 12.4\% | 11.0\% |
| non-British pupils whose parents live | Remainder of Europe (non-EEA) | 170 | 328 | 234 | 82 | 118 | 532 | 301 | 431 | 732 |
|  |  | 329 | 264 | 236 | 58 | 107 | 664 | 319 | 510 | 829 |
|  |  | -48.3\% | 24.2\% | -0.8\% | 41.4\% | 10.3\% | -19.9\% | -5.6\% | -15.5\% | -11.7\% |
| in the UK broken down by country/area | Nigeria | 151 | 251 | 90 | 40 | 114 | 338 | 292 | 200 | 492 |
|  |  | 146 | 182 | 128 | 37 | 97 | 322 | 267 | 189 | 456 |
|  |  | 3.4\% | 37.9\% | -29.7\% | 8.1\% | 17.5\% | 5.0\% | 9.4\% | 5.8\% | 7.9\% |
| of nationality. | Rest of Africa | 206 | 355 | 286 | 64 | 144 | 639 | 376 | 471 | 847 |
|  |  | 187 | 405 | 248 | 73 | 141 | 626 | 403 | 437 | 840 |
|  |  | 10.2\% | -12.3\% | 15.3\% | -12.3\% | 2.1\% | 2.1\% | -6.7\% | 7.8\% | 0.8\% |
|  | USA | 556 | 1,846 | 1,053 | 329 | 464 | 2,662 | 1,671 | 1,784 | 3,455 |
|  |  | 558 | 1,875 | 1,173 | 321 | 467 | 2,818 | 1,614 | 1,992 | 3,606 |
|  |  | -0.4\% | -1.5\% | -10.2\% | 2.5\% | -0.6\% | -5.5\% | 3.5\% | -10.4\% | -4.2\% |
|  | Rest of North America | 90 | 224 | 224 | 40 | 69 | 429 | 181 | 357 | 538 |
|  |  | 90 | 203 | 127 | 36 | 66 | 318 | 183 | 237 | 420 |
|  |  | 0.0\% | 10.3\% | 76.4\% | 11.1\% | 4.5\% | 34.9\% | -1.1\% | 50.6\% | 28.1\% |
|  | Central and South America | 77 | 208 | 125 | 31 | 41 | 338 | 151 | 259 | 410 |
|  |  | 87 | 224 | 117 | 36 | 52 | 340 | 169 | 259 | 428 |
|  |  | -11.5\% | -7.1\% | 6.8\% | -13.9\% | -21.2\% | -0.6\% | -10.7\% | 0.0\% | -4.2\% |
|  | Middle East | 103 | 271 | 188 | 30 | 78 | 454 | 139 | 423 | 562 |
|  |  | 94 | 312 | 220 | 31 | 81 | 514 | 144 | 482 | 626 |
|  |  | 9.6\% | -13.1\% | -14.5\% | -3.2\% | -3.7\% | -11.7\% | -3.5\% | -12.2\% | -10.2\% |
|  | Hong Kong | 44 | 134 | 41 | 16 | 36 | 167 | 160 | 59 | 219 |
|  |  | 96 | 140 | 47 | 40 | 31 | 212 | 230 | 53 | 283 |
|  |  | -54.2\% | -4.3\% | -12.8\% | -60.0\% | 16.1\% | -21.2\% | -30.4\% | 11.3\% | -22.6\% |
|  | Mainland China | 403 | 814 | 648 | 218 | 369 | 1,278 | 944 | 921 | 1,865 |
|  |  | 374 | 798 | 535 | 170 | 302 | 1,235 | 886 | 821 | 1,707 |
|  |  | 7.8\% | 2.0\% | 21.1\% | 28.2\% | 22.2\% | 3.5\% | 6.5\% | 12.2\% | 9.3\% |
|  | Taiwan | 5 | 17 | 6 | 2 |  | 22 | 14 | 14 | 28 |
|  |  | 5 | 24 | 9 | 1 | 15 | 22 | 16 | 22 | 38 |
|  |  | 0.0\% | -29.2\% | -33.3\% | 100.0\% | -73.3\% | 0.0\% | -12.5\% | -36.4\% | -26.3\% |
|  | Japan | 101 | 227 | 273 | 60 | 147 | 394 | 168 | 433 | 601 |
|  |  | 119 | 272 | 285 | 55 | 168 | 453 | 187 | 489 | 676 |
|  |  | -15.1\% | -16.5\% | -4.2\% | 9.1\% | -12.5\% | -13.0\% | -10.2\% | -11.5\% | -11.1\% |
|  | South Korea | 80 | 178 | 126 | 45 | 96 | 243 | 127 | 257 | 384 |
|  |  | 83 | 181 | 111 | 38 | 91 | 246 | 127 | 248 | 375 |
|  |  | -3.6\% | -1.7\% | 13.5\% | 18.4\% | 5.5\% | -1.2\% | 0.0\% | 3.6\% | 2.4\% |
|  | Malaysia | 40 | 81 | 52 | 24 | 34 | 115 | 71 | 102 | 173 |
|  |  | 39 | 66 | 56 | 18 | 32 | 111 | 64 | 97 | 161 |
|  |  | 2.6\% | 22.7\% | -7.1\% | 33.3\% | 6.3\% | 3.6\% | 10.9\% | 5.2\% | 7.5\% |
|  | Thailand | 17 | 32 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 47 | 41 | 18 | 59 |
|  |  | 26 | 29 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 45 | 51 | 12 | 63 |
|  |  | -34.6\% | 10.3\% | 25.0\% | -77.8\% | 11.1\% | 4.4\% | -19.6\% | 50.0\% | -6.3\% |
|  | India | 160 | 591 | 432 | 153 | 313 | 717 | 259 | 924 | 1,183 |
|  |  | 131 | 672 | 438 | 140 | 294 | 807 | 298 | 943 | 1,241 |
|  |  | 22.1\% | -12.1\% | -1.4\% | 9.3\% | 6.5\% | -11.2\% | -13.1\% | -2.0\% | -4.7\% |
|  | Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Bangladesh | 46 | 255 | 109 | 56 | 107 | 247 | 102 | 308 | 410 |
|  |  | 47 | 251 | 77 | 51 | 67 | 257 | 136 | 239 | 375 |
|  |  | -2.1\% | 1.6\% | 41.6\% | 9.8\% | 59.7\% | -3.9\% | -25.0\% | 28.9\% | 9.3\% |
|  | Central Asia | 69 | 43 | 55 | 14 | 29 | 124 | 109 | 58 | 167 |
|  |  | 48 | 70 | 55 | 29 | 15 | 129 | 100 | 73 | 173 |
|  |  | 43.8\% | -38.6\% | 0.0\% | -51.7\% | 93.3\% | -3.9\% | 9.0\% | -20.5\% | -3.5\% |
|  | Remainder of Far East | 90 | 151 | 76 | 27 | 72 | 218 | 182 | 135 | 317 |
|  |  | 96 | 166 | 100 | 41 | 59 | 262 | 172 | 190 | 362 |
|  |  | -6.3\% | -9.0\% | -24.0\% | -34.1\% | 22.0\% | -16.8\% | 5.8\% | -28.9\% | -12.4\% |
|  | Oceania | 171 | 385 | 320 | 84 | 150 | 642 | 348 | 528 | 876 |
|  |  | 181 | 443 | 342 | 93 | 170 | 703 | 361 | 605 | 966 |
|  |  | -5.5\% | -13.1\% | -6.4\% | -9.7\% | -11.8\% | -8.7\% | -3.6\% | -12.7\% | -9.3\% |
|  | Total | 5,715 | 11,798 | 8,137 | 2,832 | 4,629 | 18,189 | 10,443 | 15,207 | 25,650 |
|  |  | 5,590 | 11,472 | 8,046 | 2,631 | 4,274 | 18,203 | 10,308 | 14,800 | 25,108 |
|  |  | 2.2\% | 2.8\% | 1.1\% | 7.6\% | 8.3\% | -0.1\% | 1.3\% | 2.8\% | 2.2\% |

## Appendix Three

## ISC Regions

Fig 1. ISC English Regions


## independent schools <br> council

t 02077667070

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London
SW1H 9BU
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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ It is important to note that we are comparing pupils in schools only. That means we are excluding, for example, pupils in further education (FE) colleges at age 16+. The Department for Education does not provide data on the numbers of pupils in FE colleges. Data can be extracted from other sources, but the data does not separate out those pupils studying A-level or equivalent type courses compared with more vocational courses such as apprenticeships. Using schools only (as per Figure 14) is the most reliable dataset, but it should be noted that the $15 \%$ estimate above is likely to be an overestimate.
    ${ }^{2}$ Numbers of pupils in ISC schools is taken from the ISC Census dataset. The comparison numbers of school-age children in all schools in England is taken from the Department for Education's Schools, Pupils and their Characteristics dataset.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Fees are considered both including and excluding nursery fees. Nursery fees are typically lower

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Note: schools in Northern Ireland have been excluded because they are typically funded by the state so they would look artificially low. Similarly, international and special schools have been excluded because they have unusually high fees reflecting the additional needs of these pupils. Schools in the Channel Islands and Isle of Man have also been excluded. Further note that fees are calculated on a weighted average basis and exclude nursery fees. Only fees for UK-based pupils have been included.

[^3]:    ${ }^{4}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Trends are only shown from 2011 onwards due to changes in methods of data collection relating to fee assistance. Note, due to the change in methodology we should be cautious about drawing too many conclusions in trend data between 2015 and 2016.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Estimate by combining data from Department for Education (England), StatsWales, DENI and the Scottish Government.
    ${ }^{2}$ Upper estimate assumes the remainder schools ( $30 \%$ ) raised funds in line with the average of $£ 11,000$ per school.

[^6]:    ' ISC exam result data, published in August, is based on ISC's internal exam collection exercise. Not all ISC schools submit results, but the large majority do. The subject breakdown, displayed in Figures 39 and 40, is based on exam data supplied by the Department for Education (DfE). The datasets, therefore, vary and are not directly comparable. For example, ISC exam data is for ISC schools only, the DfE data includes all independent schools. ISC exam data is for ISC schools in the UK, the DfE data includes schools in England only. In addition, DfE excludes IGCSEs that no longer feature in their performance tables, which account for $46 \%$ of all Year 11 exam entries at ISC schools. Finally, please note that DfE excludes data for schools where the number of entries for a particular subject is 5 or fewer, which will have a small impact on the data displayed above (such as subjects for which there are relatively few entries). Finally, the dataset above is based on 195,454 A-level pupils in the state-funded sector and 36,532 A-level pupils in the independent sector, meaning independent pupils make up $15.7 \%$ of the total A-level population.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. See footnote on page 8 for more details.
    ${ }^{2}$ Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man are not listed due to the small number of schools in these regions.
    ${ }^{3}$ The total includes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excludes nursery staff.
    ${ }^{2}$ Pupil-teacher ratios exclude nursery teachers and nursery pupils.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Some pupils have more than one SEND: they are counted under each individual category of SEND, but are counted only once in the total.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ The methodology used to allocate schools to regions has changed from 2018. See footnote on page 8 for more detail. To ensure that pupils in 2018 and 2019 are comparable in the table above, schools in both years are allocated to regions using the new methodology.
    ${ }^{2}$ Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man are not listed due to the small number of schools in these regions.
    ${ }^{3}$ The total includes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

[^12]:    'Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes HM Forces discounts, staff discounts, sibling discounts and clergy discounts.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes data for schools in Northern Ireland, the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man.

[^14]:    ${ }^{1}$ Nursery teachers are not included.

