Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NDTV WORLDWIDE LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of NDTV Worldwide Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating



the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2016, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other matters

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2015 were audited by Price Waterhouse, Chartered Accountants who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 2 May 2015.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2016 ("the order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the Annexure A statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 of the order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B"; and



Place: Gurgaon

Date: 5 May 2016

- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations as at 31 March 2016;
 - ii. The Company does not have any long-term contracts or derivative contracts as at 31 March 2016; and
 - iii. The Company does not have any dues on account of Investor Education and Protection Fund.

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants .

Firm registration number: 116231W/W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership number: 092212

Annexure A referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of NDTV Worldwide Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016.

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets were verified during the year. As informed to us, the discrepancies noticed on such verification were not material and have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not hold any immovable property in its name. Accordingly, para 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not hold any physical inventory. Accordingly, para 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, para 3 (iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any transactions related to loans, investments, guarantees and securities to which the provisions of Section 185 and Section 186 of the Act are applicable. Accordingly, para 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) As per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits as mentioned in the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, para 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, for any of the services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, para 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, service tax, cess and other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate



authorities though there has been a slight delay in a few cases pertaining to service tax. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues on account of duty of excise, duty of customs, employees' state insurance, sales tax and value added tax.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax, service tax, cess and other statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2016, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax and service tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. Accordingly, para 3 (vii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not have any outstanding dues to any financial institutions, banks, government or debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, para 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, para 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, there has been no fraud by the Company and neither any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the managerial remuneration has been provided and paid by the Company in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, para 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or person connected with him covered by Section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, para 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.



Place: Gurgaon

Date: 5 May 2016

(xvi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 116231W/W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership number: 092212

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the financial statements of NDTV Worldwide Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of NDTV Worldwide Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting, issued by the ICAI.

For B S R & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration number: 116231W/W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership number: 092212

Place: Gurgaon Date: 5 May 2016

D. I. Cl	Nadan	As at	
Balance Sheet	Notes	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3	1.20	1.20
Reserves and surplus	4	174.66	169.87
		175.86	171.07
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term provisions	5	2.75	2.63
		2.75	2,63
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	6		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small			
enterprises;		-	-
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro			
enterprises and small enterprises		10.36	37.41
Other current liabilities	7	21.31	16.16
Short-term provisions	5	0.10	0.09
		31.77	53.66
TOTAL		210.38	227.36
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	8	3.60	4.16
Intangible assets	9	0.20	0.20
Non-current investments	10	0.20	0.20
Deferred tax assets	11	2.22	2.35
Long-term loans and advances	12	53.99	24.27
Trade receivables	13		6.46
		60.21	37.64
Current assets			
Trade receivables	13	27.00	79.31
Cash and bank balances	15	100.50	77.51
Short-term loans and advances	12	17.06	30.71
Other current assets	14	5.61	2.19
		150.17	189.72
TOTAL		210.38	227.36
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 116231W / W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership Number: 092212

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

NDTV Worldwide Limited

K V L Narayan Rao

Director

Shyatto Raha Managing Director

Vikramatitya Chandra Group Chief Executive Officer

Saurav Banerjee

Director, Finance and Group CFO

Place: New Delti Date: May3, 2016

(Amount in Rupees million except per share data)

Statement of Profit and Loss	Notes	Year end	Year ended		
Statement of Front and Loss	rotes	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015		
Income					
Revenue from operations	16	133.25	161.13		
Other income	17	14.66	26.17		
Total revenue (I)		147.91	187.30		
Expenses					
Production expenses	18	23.80	41.72		
Employee benefits expenses	19	65.46	53.52		
Operations and administration expenses	20	49.88	46.39		
Marketing, distribution and promotion expenses	21	0.37	0.10		
Finance costs	22	0.03	0.02		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	23	2.25	2.43		
Total (II)		141.79	144.18		
Profit before tax (I) - (II)		6.12	43.12		
Tax expense:					
Current tax		1.20	9.01		
Tax on earlier years			(7.01)		
Deferred tax	11	0.13	13.63		
Total tax expense		1.33	15.63		
Profit for the year		4.79	27.49		
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Rs 10 per share (Previous year : Rs 10 per share]					
Basic and diluted	24	40.06	229.92		
Summary of significant accounting policies	2				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 116231W / W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership Number: 092212

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

NDTV Worldwide Limited

K V L Narayan Rao

Director

Shyatto Raha

Managing Director

Vikramaditya Chandra Group Chief Acecutive Officer

Saurav Banerjee

Director, Finance and Group CFO

Mh

Place: NEW DEWI Date: May 3, 2016

		Cimou	Year ended
Cash Flow Statement	Notes	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Cash flow from operating activities			
rofit before tax		6.12	43.12
djustments for:			
Depreciation and amortisation		2.25	2.43
Inrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss		(0.16)	0.14
rovision for doubtful advances - Written back		-	(0.03
ad debts written off		0.16	4.2
rovision for doubtful debts written back		(5.34)	(16.03
inance cost		0.03	0.02
iabilities for operating expenses written back		(1.19)	(0.17
nterest income on bank deposits		(7.67)	(4.61
nterest income on loan to subsidiary		(1.46)	
Operating profit before working capital changes		(7.26)	29.09
fovements in working capital :		(1123)	2710
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables		(25.86)	(3.46
Increase / (decrease) in long-term provisions		0.12	0.50
Increase / (decrease) in short-term provisions		0.01	0.03
Increase/ (decrease) in other current liabilities		4.31	(2.83)
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables		64.10	15.03
Decrease / (increase) in long-term loans and advances			
Decrease / (increase) in short-term loans and advances		(3.06)	(31.18
Decrease / (increase) in other current assets		2.81	(5.16)
		(3.71)	0.4
ash generated from /(used in) operations		31.46	2.44
irect taxes paid (net of refunds)		(16.21)	14.7:
et cash flow generated from operating activities (A)		15.25	17.19
ash flows from investing activities			
urchase of tangible assets		(1.14)	(0.57
urchase of intangible assets		(0.14)	(0.02
roceeds from sale of tangible assets		0.44	,
urchase of non-current investments			(0.03
oan given to fellow subsidiary		30.00	
oan received back from fellow subsidiary		(30.00)	
nterest received on loan to subsidiary		1.46	
ank deposits matured during the year		22.50	30.00
ank deposits made during the year		(62.50)	(62.50)
nterest received		7.15	
let cash flow used in investing activities (B)		(32.23)	(30.05)
		()	(= 1,12)
ash flows from financing activities oan taken from NDTV	_		
oan repaid to NDTV		•	20.00
•			(20.00)
nance costs		(0.03)	(0.02)
et cash flow from financing activities (C)		(0.03)	(0.02)
et increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)		(17.01)	(12.88)
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		32.51	45.39
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		15.50	32.51
omponents of each and each environment		As at	
omponents of cash and cash equivalents		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
ash in hand		0.07	0.06
alances with banks -		7. antighter	
- Current account		2.93	4.86
- Deposits due to mature within 3 months from reporting date		12.50	27.59
otal cash and cash equivalents	15	15.50	32.51
ummary of significant accounting policies	2		
Summary of significant accounting policies	2		



Cash Flow Statement

Notes:

1. The above cash flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Accounting Standard-3 "Cash Flow Statements" as specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rule 2014.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 116231W / W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership Number: 092212

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

NDTV Worldwide Limited

K V L Narayan Rao

Director

Shyatto Raha Managing Director

Vikramadity Group Chief Executive Officer Saurav Banerjee Director, Finance and Group CFO

Place: New DELHI

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

1. Corporate information

1. The Company was incorporated on July 10, 2008 as NDTV Emerging Markets India Private Limited. Thereafter, in November 2008, Its name was changed to NDTV Worldwide Private Limited. The Company converted into Public Limited Company and its name was changed to NDTV Worldwide Limited w.e.f September 23, 2011. The Company provides consultancy services for setting up channels, provides operational, technical consulting and training for broadcasters, consultancy services for channel branding and broadcast graphics, licensing of software, resource re-engineering, channel management services, designing of web and applications, etc.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical convention on a going concern basis, on the accrual basis of accounting and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, to the extent applicable. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees rounded off to the nearest million.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current in accordance with the Company's operating cycle and other relevant criteria. Based on the nature of the product or services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current - non current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.2 Use of estimates

In the preparation of the financial statements, the management of the Company makes appropriate estimates and assumptions [in conformity with the applicable accounting principles in India] that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the year. Examples of such estimates include provisions for doubtful debts, future obligations under employee retirement benefit plans, income taxes, and the useful lives of fixed assets and intangible assets provisions and liabilities to be transferred and written.

Provisions: Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event's. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there it is possible and make a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to their present value.

Contingent liability: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

2.3 Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated at the cost of acquisition, which includes taxes, duties, freight, insurance and other incidental expenses incurred for bringing the assets to the working condition required for their intended use, less depreciation and impairment.

Subsequent expenditures related to an item of tangible fixed asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing assets beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The useful lives as estimated for tangible assets are in accordance with the useful lives as indicated in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following classes of assets where different useful lives have been used. The estimated useful lives of the assets used by the Company are lower than those specified in the Companies Act, 2013 in the following case:

Asset Head	Useful Life (years)
Computers	5

The estimates of useful lives of the assets are based on the technical evaluation.

Individual assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are depreciated at the rate of 100% in the year of acquisition.

The useful lives are reviewed by the management at each financial year-end and revised, if appropriate. In case of a revision, the unamortised depreciable amount is charged over the revised remaining useful life.

Any loss arising from the retirement of and gains or losses arising from disposal of fixed assets which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

2.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognised if they are separately identifiable and the Company controls the future economic benefits arising from them. All other expenses on intangible items are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Amortization on intangible assets is provided using the Straight Line Method based on the useful lives as estimated by the management. Amortization is charged on a prorata basis for assets purchased/sold during the year. Individual assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are depreciated at the rate of 100% on a pro-rata basis. The management's estimates of useful lives for intangible assets are given below:

Asset Head	Useful Life
	(years)
Computer Software	6

Amortisation method and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date. If the useful life of an asset is estimated to be significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortisation method is changed to reflect the changed pattern.

2.5 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The carrying values of assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine if there is indication of any impairment, using external and internal sources. If any indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date. Impairment occurs where the carrying value of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds the present value of future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset or its cash generating unit and its eventual disposal. The impairment loss to be expensed is determined as the excess of the carrying amount over the higher of the asset's net sales price or present value of future cash flows from use of the assets as determined above. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. Impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

2.6 Leases

Assets taken on leases where significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease rentals are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.7 Revenue recognition

Revenue from fixed price and fixed time-frame contracts are recognised over the period of time, where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is established. Revenue on project based contracts are recognised as the related services are performed. Revenue from the end of last billing to the customer till the date of reporting is recognised as 'unbilled revenue'. Revenue from sale of software is recognised as per terms of contract when no significant uncertainty exists with respect to ultimate collection.

2.8 Other income

Interest income: Interest Income is recognised on a proportion of time basis taking into account the principal outstanding and the rate applicable.

2.9 Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date of acquisition are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. However, that part of long term investments which is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date is also presented under 'current assets' as "current portion of long term investments".

Long-term investments (including current portion thereof) are carried at cost less any other-than-temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each individual investment.

Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investments.

Any reductions in the carrying amount and any reversals of such reductions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.10 Foreign currency transaction

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the rates of exchange in force at the time the transactions are effected. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are restated at the year-end exchange rate. All non-monetary assets and liabilities are stated at the rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions.

Gains / (losses) arising out of fluctuations in the exchange rates are recognised as income / expense in the period in which they arise.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

2.11 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised as expenses at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

Defined contribution plans

The Company's provident fund scheme is a defined contribution plan. The Company's contribution paid/ payable under the scheme is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined henefit plans

The Company's gratuity benefit scheme is defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of a defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in current and prior periods; the benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The calculation of the Company's obligation under the plan is performed usually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

The Company recognises all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. All expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the employee benefits expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When benefits of a plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit related to past service by employees is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. The Company recognises gains and losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs.

2.12 Earning per share (EPS)

Basic EPS

The earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's basic EPS comprise the net profit/(loss) after tax. The number of shares used in computing basic EPS is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS

The net profit / (loss) after tax and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for all the effects of dilutive potential equity shares for calculating the diluted EPS.

2.13 Taxes on income

Income-tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). Income-tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except that tax expense related to items recognised directly in reserves is also recognised in those reserves.

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the applicable tax rates and tax laws. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income i.e. differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

3. Share capital	(Amount in Rupees million exce	ept number of shares)
	As at	
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Authorised		
500,000 (previous year 500,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each	5.00	5.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up		
119,566 (previous year 119,556) equity shares of Rs.10 each	1.20	1.20
	1.20	1.20

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Equity shares	As at March 31, 2016		As at March 31, 2016 As at March 31, 2015	
Equity shares	Numbers	Rs in millions	Numbers	Rs in millions
At the beginning of the year	119,566	1.20	119,566	1.20
Outstanding at the end of the year	119,566	1.20	119,566	1,20

(b) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Fauity shares	As at March 31, 2016		As at March 31, 2015	
Equity shares	Numbers	Rs in millions	Numbers	Rs in millions
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up held by:				
New Delhi Television Limited, holding company	110,000	1.10	110,000	1.10

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at M	arch 31, 2016	As at M	arch 31, 2015
Name of the shareholder	Numbers	% holding	Numbers	% holding
Equity shares of Rupees 10 each fully paid held by:				
New Delhi Television Limited	110,000	92.00%	110,000	92.00%

(d) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the equity shares

The Company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the Company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not on show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company. Voting rights cannot be exercised in respect of shares on which any call or other sums presently payable have not been paid. Failure to pay any amount called up on shares may lead to forfeiture of the shares. On winding up of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

(Amou	nt in Rupees million)
As at	
March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
4 1124	
5.18	5.18
5.18	5.18
164.69	137.20
4.79	27.49
169.48	164.69
174.66	169.87
	As at March 31, 2016 5.18 5.18 164.69 4.79 169.48



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

5. Provisions			(Amour	nt in Rupees million)
	As a	ıt	As at	
	Long-	erm	Short-te	rm
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Provision for employee benefits	The second secon			
Provision for gratuity (refer note 25)	2 75	2 63	0.10	0.09
	2.75	2.63	0.10	0.09

6. Trade payables	(Amount in Rupee	s million)
	As at	
	March 31, 2016 March	31, 2015
Trade payables	The state of the s	
-total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	X#I	
enterprises; (refer note 29)		
-total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	10.36	37.41
	10.36	37.41
7. Other current liabilities	(Amount in Rupee	s million)
		31, 2015
Employee benefit payable	1.20	1.50
Income received in advance	13.72	
Advances from customers	2.97	9.98
Statutory dues payable		9.98 0.87
omator) dues payable	2.58	
Payable against purchase of fixed assets	2.58 0.84	0.87



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

8. Tangible assets					(Amount in R	Rupees million)
	Plant and machinery	Computers	Office equipments	Furniture and lixtures	Vehicles	Tota
Gross Block						
As at April 1, 2015	3.01	4.79	2.46	0.65	1.95	12.86
Additions	0.46	1.23	0.29	•	-	1.98
Disposals		1.03	0.18	-	-	1.21
As at March 31, 2016	3.47	4,99	2.57	0.65	1.95	13.63
Depreciation						
As at April 1, 2015	1.64	3.11	2.10	0.36	1.49	8.70
Charge for the year	0.56	0.80	0.28	0.11	0.36	2.11
Disposals	-	0.60	0.17		-	0.77
As at March 31, 2016	2.20	3.30	2,21	0.47	1.85	10.03
Net Block						
As at March 31, 2016	1.27	1.69	0.36	0.18	0.10	3.60
As at April 1, 2015	1.37	1.68	0.36	0.29	0.46	4.16

					(Amount in F	tupees million)
	Plant and machinery	Computers	Office equipments	Furniture and lixtures	Vehicles	Total
Gross Block						
As at April 1, 2014	3.01	4.37	2.31	0.65	1.95	12.28
Additions		0.42	0.15	1	-	0.57
Disposals		-	•	-	-	
As at March 31, 2015	3,01	4.79	2.46	0.65	1.95	12.86
Depreciation						
As at April 1, 2014	1.09	2.24	1.72	0.23	1.12	6.40
Charge for the year	0.55	0.87	0.38	0.13	0.37	2.30
Disposals		-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2015	1.64	3.11	2.10	0.36	1.49	8.70
Net Block						
As at March 31, 2015	1.37	1.68	0,36	0.29	0,46	4.16
As at April 1, 2014	1.92	2,13	0.59	0.42	0.83	5.89

9. Intangible assets	(Amount in Ru	pees million)
	Computer software	Total
Gross block		
As at April 1, 2015	0.78	0.78
Addition	0.14	0.14
As at March 31, 2016	0.92	0.92
Amortisation		
As at April 1, 2015	0.58	0.58
Charge for the year	0.14	0.14
As at March 31, 2016	0.72	0.72
Net Block		
As at March 31, 2016	0.20	0.20

	(Amount in Rupees millio		
	Computer software	Total	
Gross block			
As at April 1, 2014	0.76	0.76	
Purchase during the year	0.02	0.02	
As at March 31, 2015	0.78	0.78	
Amortisation			
As at April 1, 2014	0.45	0.45	
Charge for the year	0.13	0.13	
As at March 31, 2015	0.58	0.58	
Net Block			
As at March 31, 2015	0.20	0.20	



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

10. Non-current investments		(Amount	t in Rupees million)	
	-	As at March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
Trade investments (valued at cost unless stated otherwise)				
Unquoted				
Investment in fellow subsidiary NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited		0.20	0.20	
-20,000 (previous year 20,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up		0.20	0.20	
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	-	0.20	0.20	
		(Amoun	t in Rupees million)	
11. Deferred tax asset		As at		
Deferred tax liability		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
Others Deferred tax liability (A)	_		0.32 0.32	
Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis		0.89	0.73	
tax purposes on payment dashed the properties of the financial reporting and depreciation and depreciation amortisation charged for the financial reporting		0.62		
Provision for doubtful debts and advances Deferred tax asset (B)		0.71 2.22	1.94 2.67	
Net deferred tax asset (A+B)	_	2.22	2.35	
12. Loans and advances			(Amount	in Rupees million)
3	Long-	As at	Short-te	
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated				
Security deposit	3.09	2.95		-
Advances recoverable in eash or kind Advance income tax (net of provision of income tax Rs. 90.29 million (Previous year Rs. 89.09 million))	41.17	14.51	1.40	2.60 11.66
Prepaid expenses	-	-	0.39	0.92
Advances and imprest to employees			1.18	0.98
Due from government authorities Recoverable from directors	9.73	6.81	14.09	11.63 2.92
Recoverable from directors	53.99	24.27	17.06	30.71
Loans and advances due by directors or other officers, etc.				
	Long-	As at term	Short-te	rm
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Other loans and advances Recoverable from directors	9.73 9.73	6.81 6.81		2.92 2.92
13. Trade receivables			(Amoun	t in Rupees million)
	Non-cu	As at	Curren	
(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date				
they are due for payment Unsecured, considered good	-	6.46	23.13	29.92
Unsecured, considered doubtful			2.31	5.99
Provision for doubtful receivables		6.46	25.44 (2.31)	35.91 (5.99)
Other receivables	-	6.46	23,13	29.92
				40.20
Unsecured, considered good	-	6.46	3.87 27.00	49.39 79.3 1

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

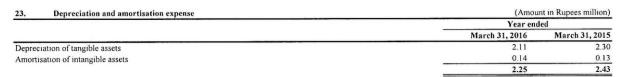
14. Other current assets		As at	in Rupees millio
		March 31, 2016	March 31, 20
nterest accrued on fixed deposits		1.90	1.
Inbilled revenue		3.71	0.
		5.61	2.
5. Cash and bank balances		t in Rupees million)	
	As at March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
ash and cash equivalents ash on hand	0.07	0.06	
asn on nand	0.07	0.00	
On current accounts	2.93	4.86	
- Deposits due to mature within 3 months of reporting date	12.50	27.59	
Deposits due to mature within 5 months of reporting due	15.50	32.51	
Other bank balances — Deposits due to mature within 12 months of reporting date	85.00	45.00	
- Deposits due to mature within 12 months of reporting date	100.50	77.51	
6. Revenue from operations		t in Rupees million)	
	Year ende March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
devenue from operations			
Consultancy income	126.15	130.69	
ale of software hared service income	2.50 3.41	27.13 3.14	
nared service income	3,41	3.14	
Other operating income	1.10	0.17	
Liabilities for operating expenses written back	1.19 133.25	0.17 161.13	
7. Other income	(Amoun	t in Rupees million)	
	Year ende		
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
nterest income on			
	7 (7	4.61	
-Bank deposits	7.67	4.61	
-Loan to subsidiary	1.46		
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation		5.49	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back	1.46	5.49 0.03	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation trovision for doubtful advances written back trovision for doubtful debts written back	1.46	5.49 0.03 16.03	
-Loan to subsidiary foreign exchange fluctuation Provision for doubtful advances written back Provision for doubtful debts written back	1.46	5.49 0.03	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back Provision for doubtful debts written back Miscellaneous income	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back rovision for doubtful debts written back Aiscellaneous income	1.46 0.19 5.34 14.66 (Amoun	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million)	
-Loan to subsidiary Foreign exchange fluctuation Provision for doubtful advances written back Provision for doubtful debts written back Miscellaneous income 8. Production expenses	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year ende	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015	
-Loan to subsidiary Foreign exchange fluctuation Frovision for doubtful advances written back Frovision for doubtful debts written back Miscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees	1.46 0.19	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back rovision for doubtful debts written back fiscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees fire charges	1.46 0.19	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back rovision for doubtful debts written back fiscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees fire charges ubscription, footage and news service	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year ende March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30 0.09	
-Loan to subsidiary foreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back rovision for doubtful debts written back Aiscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees lire charges ubscription, footage and news service	1.46 0.19	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30	
-Loan to subsidiary foreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back rovision for doubtful debts written back Aiscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees tire charges subscription, footage and news service	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year ende March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08 7.00	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30 0.09 9.47	
-Loan to subsidiary Poreign exchange fluctuation Provision for doubtful advances written back Provision for doubtful debts written back Miscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees Hire charges Subscription, footage and news service Other production expense	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year end March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08 7.00 23.80	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30 0.09 9.47	
-Loan to subsidiary Foreign exchange fluctuation Provision for doubtful advances written back Provision for doubtful debts written back Miscellaneous income 18. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees Hire charges Subscription, footage and news service Other production expense	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year end March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08 7.00 23.80 (Amoun Year end	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30 0.09 9.47 41.72 at in Rupees million) ed	
-Loan to subsidiary Foreign exchange fluctuation Provision for doubtful advances written back Provision for doubtful debts written back Miscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees fire charges Subscription, footage and news service Other production expense 9. Employee benefits expense	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year ende March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08 7.00 23.80 (Amoun	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 0.30 0.09 9.47 41.72 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015	
-Loan to subsidiary foreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back discellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees the charges tubscription, footage and news service other production expense 9. Employee benefits expense	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year end March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08 7.00 23.80 (Amoun Year end	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30 0.09 9.47 41.72 at in Rupees million) ed	
-Loan to subsidiary oreign exchange fluctuation rovision for doubtful advances written back driverision for doubtful debts written back driscellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees tire charges subscription, footage and news service other production expense 9. Employee benefits expense falaries, wages and other benefits contribution to provident fund	1.46 0.19 - 5.34 - 14.66 (Amoun Year ende March 31, 2016 16.29 0.43 0.08 7.00 23.80 (Amoun Year ende March 31, 2016	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 0.30 0.09 9.47 41.72 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015	
-Loan to subsidiary foreign exchange fluctuation revision for doubtful advances written back revision for doubtful debts written back discellaneous income 8. Production expenses Consultancy and professional fees tire charges subscription, footage and news service other production expense 9. Employee benefits expense	1.46 0.19	5.49 0.03 16.03 0.01 26.17 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015 31.86 0.30 0.09 9.47 41.72 at in Rupees million) ed March 31, 2015	



20. Operations and administration expenses	Year ended	Year ended	
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
Rent	5.60		5.87
Rates and taxes	1.39		
Electricity and water	0.82		0.80
Printing and stationery	0.13		0.21
Postage and courier	0.06		
Books, periodicals and news papers	1.14		1.17
Local conveyance, travelling and taxi hire	6.27		5.38
Business promotion	1.06		1.18
Repair and maintenance			
Plant and machinery	0.98		1.20
Others	2.66		2.52
Expenditure towards corporate social responsibility	0.91		1.43
Auditors remuneration*	0.39		0.44
Insurance	0.97		0.68
Communication	4.32		3.82
Vehicle maintenance	2.98		3.09
	0.01		
Generator hire and running charges	0.46		0.43
Personnel security charges	0.01		0.04
Staff training	1.63		0.04
Provision for doubtful debts	1.05	21.61	-
Doubtful advances written off	•	(21.61)	
Less: Adjusted with provision	0.16	6,46	
Bad debt written off	0.16		4.21
Less: Adjusted with provision		(2.25)	11.57
Legal, professional and consultancy	15.69		
Bank charges	0.17		0.40
Trade mark/License fee	1.29		1.58
Miscellaneous	0.78		0.37
	49.88		46.39
* Auditor's remuneration	(Amour	nt in Rupees million)	
	Year end	ed	
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
As auditors:	0.35	0.40	
Audit fee Reimbursement of expenses	0.33	0.40	
Out of pocket expenses	0.04	0.04	
***************************************	0.39	0,44	
N. L. d Harden de la constant	(Amoun	nt in Rupees million)	
21. Marketing, distribution and promotion expenses	Year end		
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
	in the original to the origina		
Marketing, distribution and promotion expenses	0.37	0.10	
	0.37	0.10	
22. Finance costs		nt in Rupees million)	
	Year end March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	
Interest	Магси 31, 2010	March 31, 2013	
-Others	0.03	0.02	
	0.03	0.02	

0.02

0.03 0.03





Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

Earnings per share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:	(Amount

nt in Rupees million except per share data)

		Year
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	4.79	27.49
Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year (Nos.)	119,566	119,566
Number of equity shares outstanding at year end (Nos.)	119,566	119,566
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during	119,566	119,566
the year for basic EPS (Nos.)	<i>1</i> €	-
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year for diluted EPS (Nos.)	119,566	119,566
Basic and diluted earnings per equity share (Rs.)	40.06	229.92
Nominal value per share (Rs)	10	10

Post-employment benefit plan (Gratuity) 25.

The reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligations are as below:

Amount	in	Runees	mil	lion)	
Amount	111	Rupecs		HOII)	

		(Amount in Rupees million)				
D. C. J.		As	at			
Particulars		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015			
Changes in the present value of the Obligation:						
Obligations at year beginning		2.72	2.18			
Service cost - Current		0.34	0.59			
Interest cost		0.22	0.20			
Actuarial (gain) / loss		(0.18)	0.22			
Benefit paid	_	(0.25)	(0.47)			
Obligations at year end		2.85	2.72			
		Year	ended			
Particulars		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015			
Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss						
Service Cost - Current		0.34	0.59			
Interest cost		0.22	0.20			
Actuarial (gain) / loss		(0.18)	0.22			
Net defined benefit obligations cost		0.38	1.01			
		As	sat			
Particulars		March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015			
The principal assumptions used in determining post-employment	benefit obligations are shown					
below:		7.70%	7.90%			
Discount Rate						
Future salary increases		5.00%	5.00%			
Experience Adjustment:	9	(Amo	ount in Rupees million)			
Particulars		Year ended				
1 at ticulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014			
(Gain) / Loss on Plan Liabilities	(0.26)	(0.09)	0.39			

The estimates of future salary increases considered in the actuarial valuation take account of inflation seniority promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. The demographic assumptions were as per the published rates of "Life Insurance Corporation of India (2006-08) Mortality Table (ultimate) which is considered a standard table.

Expected contribution to gratuity fund for next financial year is Rs. 0.46 million (previous year Rs. 1.05 million).



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

Related Party Transactions

Names of related parties, where control exists or with whom transactions were carried out during each year and description of relationship as identified and certified by the Group as per the requirements of Accounting Standard-18 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India:

Names of the related parties and nature of relationship

New Delhi Television Limited Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary NDTV Media Limited NDTV Convergence Limited

Fellow Subsidiary (w.e.f May 2nd, 2014) NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited

NDTV Lifestyle Limited Fellow Subsidiary

Key management personnel and their relatives Vikramaditya Chandra Group Chief Executive Officer Director, Finance and Group CFO CEO and Managing Director Saurav Banerjee Shyatto Raha Divya Laroiya Wife of CEO of NDTV Worldwide Limited

Disclosure of related party transactions

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties, in the ordinary course of business for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Nature of relationship / transaction	Holding	Company	Fellow Subsidiary K		Key Manager	ment Personnel	el Total	
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
a) Sale/purchase of goods and services Rendering of services								
New Delhi Television Limited	0.50	1.74		-	-		0.50	1.74
Paid on behalf of Company								
NDTV Convergence Limited		-	2.27	8.70	-		2.27	8.70
NDTV Media Limited		-	0.03	0.03			0,03	0.03
New Delhi Television Limited	0.50	0.54		·			0,50	0.54
Corporate Social Responsibility New Delhi Television Limited		1,22			-			1.22
Services availed of								
NDTV Convergence Limited			1.25	17.24			1.25	17.24
Shared service income NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited			3.41	3.14			3.41	3.14
Shared service cost								
New Delhi Television Limited	6.09	5.35		-	-	-	6.09	5.35
Program Purchased		0						
NDTV Lifestyle Limited	-	-	4.29			-	4.29	-
TradeMark Fee								
New Delhi Television Limited	1.29	1.58	-	- 1			1.29	1.58
Loan paid								
NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited			30.00				30.00	000000000
New Delhi Television Limited (refer note 35)		20.00	-	·		-	-	20,00
Loan received back								
NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited		** **	30.00				30.00	
New Delhi Television Limited (refer note 35)		20.00						20.00
Recovery of excess remuneration from Director paid in earlier years							1	
Shvatto Raha	_	_				9.73	l	0.00
Interest Income					-	9.13	<u> </u>	9.73
NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited	100		1.46				1.46	
Sale of Goods			1.40			-	1,46	
NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited			0.03				0.03	
b) Loans given/taken and repayment thereof			0.03				0.03	
Balance at the year end							l .	
Trade Payable	1.97	2.92	0.30	26.36	_		2.27	29.28
Trade Receivables		1.38	7.86	3.43		_	7.86	4.82
Loan and Advances*		-			9.73	9.73	9.73	9.73
Other Payables		-	-				-	
c) Remuneration to key managerial personnel								
Mr. Shyatto Raha - Directors Remuneration		-	-	-	7.35	8.63	7.35	8.63
Mr. Shyatto Raha - Professional Fee					5.20	1.81	5.20	1.81
Mrs. Divya Laroiya		· ·	-		6.18	5.77	6.18	5.77

^{*} The Company had paid managerial remuneration for the years 2011-12, 2012-13 and 2013-14 which was in excess of specified limits/existing Central Government approvals. Following the outcome of representations made to Central Government, the Company has reversed the excess remuneration paid till March 31,2014, amounting to Rs 9.73 million, during the year which is now being held in trust by the respective Directors and accordingly shown as advance recoverable from directors. The same shall be recovered from the Directors in a reasonable period of time not exceeding 36 months.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

27. Expenditure in foreign currency

(Amount in Rupees million)

		Year ended
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Travelling expenses	3.45	4.77
Other expenses*	2.50	4.58
	5.95	9.35

* Includes hosting and streaming services, consultancy expenses etc.

28. Earnings in foreign currency

(Amount in Rupees million)

Year ended	
March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
106.07	135.24
3.48	8.22
109.55	143.46
	106.07 3.48

29. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

(Amount in Rupees million)

	(Amount in Rupees minion	
Particulars	As at	
ratticulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
(a) The amounts remaining unpaid to micro, small and medium enterprises as at the end of the year		
- Principal	Nil	Nil
- Interest	Nil	Nil
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer as per the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil
(c) The amounts of the payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
(d) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil
(e) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
(f) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil

30. Segment information

The Company operates in the single primary segment of consulting relating to broadcast media and accordingly, there is no separate reportable segment.

31. Unhedged foreign currency exposure

The foreign currency (FC) exposures that are not hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as follows:

(Amount in Rupees million)

Particulars	Year ended M	Year ended March 31, 2016		Year ended March 31, 2015	
	Amount in FC (In million)	Amount in Rupees million	Amount in FC (In million)	Amount in Rupees million	
Receivables					
USD	0.02	1.23	0.70	43.63	
Total	0.02	1.23	0.70	43.63	

32. Other commitment

The Company has given a provided a letter of comfort to NDTV Ethnic Retail Limited and Indianroots Retail Private Limited, a fellow subsidiaries, undertaking that the Company shall provide financial an operational support to assist that company in meeting its liabilities as and when they fall due, to the extent of Company's proportion in the share capital.



NDTV Worldwide Limited Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

33. Previous year figures

The previous years figures have been reclassified to conform to the current years' classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For BSR & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 116231W / W-100024

Rakesh Dewan

Partner

Membership Number: 092212

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

NDTV Worldwide Limited

K V L Narayan Rao

Director

Vikramaditya Chandra Group Chief Executive Officer

Director, Finance and Group CFO

Shyatto Raha

Managing Director

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Place: Hew DerHI May 3, 2016