

1. IN BRIEF

Drier than normal condition continued to be experienced at most parts of the country in July, with more than fifty percent of the rainfall reporting stations recording *below average* to *well below average* rainfall.

Overall, out of the 23 rainfall monitoring stations, 7 recorded *well below average* rainfall, 5 *below average*, 7 *average*, and 4 *above average*.

A series of trough of low pressure affected the country on three occasions, however, this was not enough with dry conditions recorded from various stations. Significant 24-hour rainfall was recorded at RKS Lodoni with 139.0mm on the 27th and Udu Point with 106.0mm on the 29th. Rotuma recorded its new highest ever July daily rainfall of 204.6mm on the 3rd, since observations began in 1932 (Table 1).

On temperatures, the highest day-time temperature was registered at Keiyasi with 34.5° C on the 13^{th} , followed by Yaqara with 33.7° C on the 26^{th} , Seaqaqa with 33.4° C on the 14^{th} , Momi with 33.3° C on the 26^{th} , Yasawa-i-Rara and Levuka both with 33.0° C on the 25^{th} and 21^{st} , respectively and Rarawai Mill (Ba) with 32.9° C on the 13^{th} .

beginning of the month. The coolest night-time temperature of 12.9°C was recorded at Nadarivatu on the 8th, followed by Keiyasi with 13.8°C on the 7th, Seaqaqa with 14.4°C on the 7th and Monasavu with 14.5°C on the 6th.

A new mean monthly night-time temperature for July was recorded at Laucala Bay (Suva), Nausori Airport, Monasavu, Lakeba, Vunisea and Ono-i-Lau. Nadi Airport registered a new highest daily night-time temperature for July since observations began in 1942 (Table 1).

Winds in the southerly and westerly wind quadrant were dominant at Nadi Airport while winds in the northeasterly to easterly wind quadrant were dominant at Nausori Airport during the month, both experiencing light to moderate wind strength (Figure 8).

Warmer than normal sea surface temperature anomalies were observed across most of the Fiji Waters during the month (Figure 9).

The coolest night-time temperatures were recorded at the

2. WEATHER PATTERNS

The weather in July was dominated by the southeast trades and the easterlies generated by high pressure systems to the far south of the country. Also, troughs of low pressure systems affected Fiji in the beginning and end of July as well as during mid-month.

A trough of low pressure affected the country on the 1st without any significant rainfall.

From the 2nd to the 12th, a high pressure system to the far south of Fiji directed strong southeast and easterly winds both over land and Fiji waters.

By the 13th, another trough of low pressure drew near the country from the southwest, moved over Fiji with occasional showers and thunderstorms and cleared the group to the east on the 15th. This was coupled by the dominant southeast trades therefore, the highest 24-hour rainfall recorded was at Vunisea with 83.7mm on the 13th.

ditions as the easterlies prevailed.

On the 27th, a trough moved over the country from the west and affected the group till the 31st. Also, within this period from the 30th till month end, the country was dominated by strong northwesterly winds. Occasional showers accompanied by thunderstorms were experienced during this period and highest 24-hour rainfall was recorded at RKS Lodoni with 139.0mm and at Udu Point with 106.0mm.

Rotuma's weather was also affected by a series of troughs of low pressure systems with the highest 24-hour rainfall recorded on the 3^{rd} with 204.6mm.

From the 16th to the 26th, Fiji experienced mainly fine con-

*Previously known as the Fiji Islands Weather Summary and Monthly Weather Summary

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3. RAINFALL

Generally suppressed rainfall continued to be experienced at most parts of the country, with more than fifty percent of the rainfall reporting stations recording *below average* to *well below average* rainfall. Dry conditions were recorded along the Coral Coast, Sigatoka to Yaqara area, the Mamanuca and Yasawa Group, parts of the Northern Division and Onoi-Lau in the Eastern Division. On the other hand, the presence of troughs and southeast trades contributed to *average* and *above average* rainfall observed at the rest of the stations.

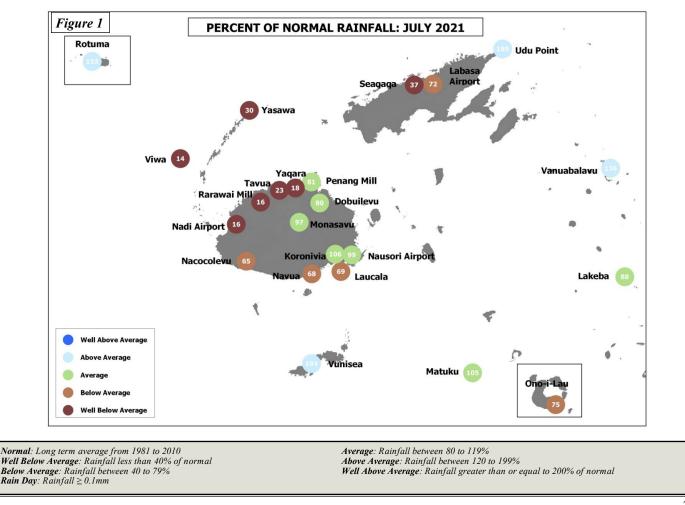
Overall, out of the 23 rainfall monitoring stations that reported in time for the summary compilation, 7 recorded *well below average* rainfall, 5 *below average*, 7 *average*, and 4 *above average* (Table 2, Figures 1-5).

The driest site during the month was Ellington (Rakiraki) with a total monthly rainfall of 1mm, followed by Saqani with 5mm, Yaqara and Rarawai Mill (Ba) both with 8mm, Nadi Airport and Viwa both with 9mm, Momi and Tavua both with 11mm, Yaswa-i-Rara with 14mm, Seaqaqa with 17mm and Wainikoro with 18mm. On the other hand, the highest total monthly rainfall was recorded at Rotuma with 353mm, followed by RKS Lodoni with 248mm, Vunisea with 215mm, Monasavu with 192mm, Nadarivatu with 160mm, Udu Point and Korolevu both with 142mm, Lomaivuna with 141mm, Nasinu with 136mm and Koronivia with 132mm.

A series of trough of low pressure affected the country. Rotuma recorded its most significant 24-hour rainfall of 204.6mm on the 3rd due to active trough of low pressure systems experienced at the beginning of July. Another trough of low pressure, combined with the dominant southeast trades led to occasional showers and resulting in Vunisea recording its highest 24-hour rainfall of 83.7mm on the 13th. Towards the end of the month, a trough of low pressure brought about significant 24-hour rainfall, with RKS Lodoni recording 139.0mm on the 27th and Udu Point recording 106.0mm on the 29th.

Monasavu recorded the highest number of rain days (rainfall ≥ 0.1 mm) during the month with 23 days, followed by Rotuma with 22, Koronivia with 21, and Nasinu with 19. On the other hand, Ellington (Ra) recorded the least number of rain days with 1 day, followed by Momi, Yaqara, Rarawai Mill (Ba) and Viwa all with 2, Nadi Airport with 3, Tavua and Yaswa-i-Rara both with 4 and Wainikoro with 5.

Rotuma recorded its new highest July daily rainfall of 204.6mm on the 3^{rd} , since observations began in 1932 (Table 1).



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4. **AIR TEMPERATURES**

A. **Maximum Day-time Air Temperatures**

Generally *above normal* maximum air temperatures were Generally *above normal* night-time temperatures were recobserved at most parts of Fiji during the month. Out of the 19 climate stations, 17 recorded anomalies \geq +0.5°C and 2 registered anomalies within ± 0.5 °C.

Warmest days on average were recorded at Seaqaqa with 31.6°C, followed by Yaqara with 31.3°C, Keiyasi with 31.2°C, Yasawa-i-Rara with 31.1°C and Labasa Airport with 31.0°C. On the other hand, Monasavu recorded the coolest days on average with 22.7°C, followed by Nadarivatu with 24.1°C, Ono-i-Lau with 26.3°C, Matuku with 26.9°C and Ellington (Ra) with 27.1°C.

The highest day-time air temperature during the month was registered at Keiyasi with 34.5°C on the 13th, followed by Yaqara with 33.7°C on the 26th, Seaqaqa with 33.4°C on the 14th, Momi with 33.3°C on the 26th, Yasawa-i-Rara and Levuka both with 33.0°C on the 25th and 21st, respectively and Rarawai Mill (Ba) with 32.9°C on the 13th. On the other hand, the coolest day-time air temperature of 17.0°C was recorded at Monasavu, followed by Nadarivatu with 19.3° C, Lomaivuna with 22.7°C, all on the 5th, respectively, and Sigatoka and Korolevu both with 23.0°C, on the 1st, respectively.

Nausori and Vunisea (Kadavu) recorded a new mean monthly maximum air temperature for July, since observations began in 1956 and 1929, respectively (Table 1).

TABLE 1 CLIMATE DECODING ESTABLISHED IN HUV 2021

B. **Minimum Night-time Air Temperatures**

orded over most parts of the country during the month. Of the 19 stations, 18 recorded anomalies $\geq +0.5^{\circ}$ C and Yasawa -i-Rara was the lone station that registered anomalies within $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C.

The coolest days on average were registered at Nadarivatu with a mean monthly average of 16.9°C, followed by Monasavu with 17.4°C, Keiyasi with 18.8°C and Labasa Airport with 19.2°C. On the other hand, the warmest nighttime temperatures on average was observed at Rotuma with 25.6°C, followed by Viwa with 24.5°C and Udu Point with 24.3°C.

The coolest night-time temperatures were recorded during the beginning of the month. The lowest daily minimum air temperature of 12.9°C was recorded at Nadarivatu on the 8th, followed by Keiyasi with 13.8°C on the 7th, Seaqaqa with 14.4°C on the 7th and Monasavu with 14.5°C on the 6th. In contrast, the warmest night-time temperature of 26.7°C was recorded at Rotuma on the 10th, followed by Viwa with 26.5°C on the 31st and Levuka with 25.8°C on the 13th.

A new mean monthly minimum air temperature for July was set at Laucala Bay (Suva), Nausori Airport, Monasavu, Lakeba, Vunisea and Ono-i-Lau respectively. Nadi Airport registered a new highest daily night-time temperature since observations began in 1942 (Table 1).

<u>Element</u>	<u>Station</u>	Observed (record)	<u>On</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Previous</u> (record)	<u>Year</u>	<u>Records</u> <u>Began</u>
Daily Rainfall	Rotuma	204.6mm	3 rd	New High	170.7mm	1937	1932
Daily Minimum Temperature	Nadi Airport	25.5°C	31 st	New High	24.5°C	1975	1942
Mean Monthly Max Temperature	Nausori Airport	28.2°C	-	New High	27.8°C	2007	1956
Mean Monthly Max Temperature	Vunisea	27.3°C	-	New High	27.2°C	2007	1929
Mean Monthly Min Temperature	Suva	22.6°C	-	New High	22.2°C	2007	1926
Mean Monthly Min Temperature	Nausori Airport	21.6°C	-	New High	21.2°C	1995	1956
Mean Monthly Min Temperature	Monasavu	17.4°C	-	New High	17.0°C	1999	1980
Mean Monthly Min Temperature	Lakeba	22.4°C	-	New High	22.3°C	1970 1975	1928
Mean Monthly Min Temperature	Vunisea	21.6°C	-	New High	21.4°C	1999	1929
Mean Monthly Min Temperature	Ono-I-Lau	22.5°C	-	New High	21.4°C	1974 1976	1949

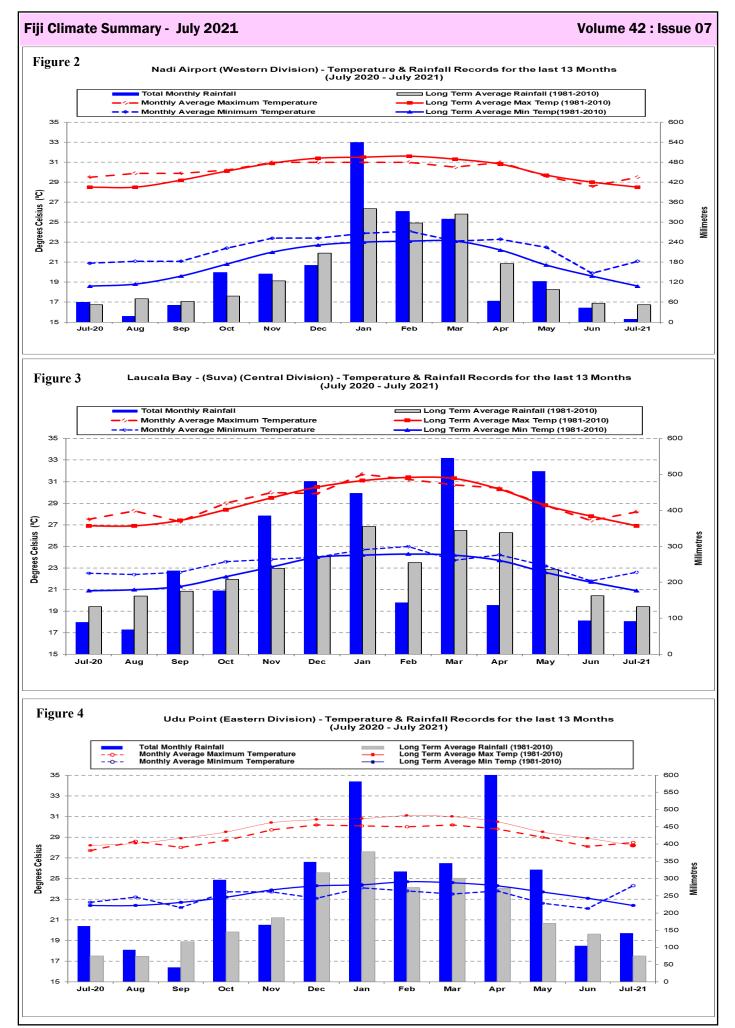
Note: All comparisons in this summary are with respect to "Climatic Normals". This is defined to be the average climate condition over a 30-year period. Fiji uses 1981-2010 period as its "climatic normal" period.

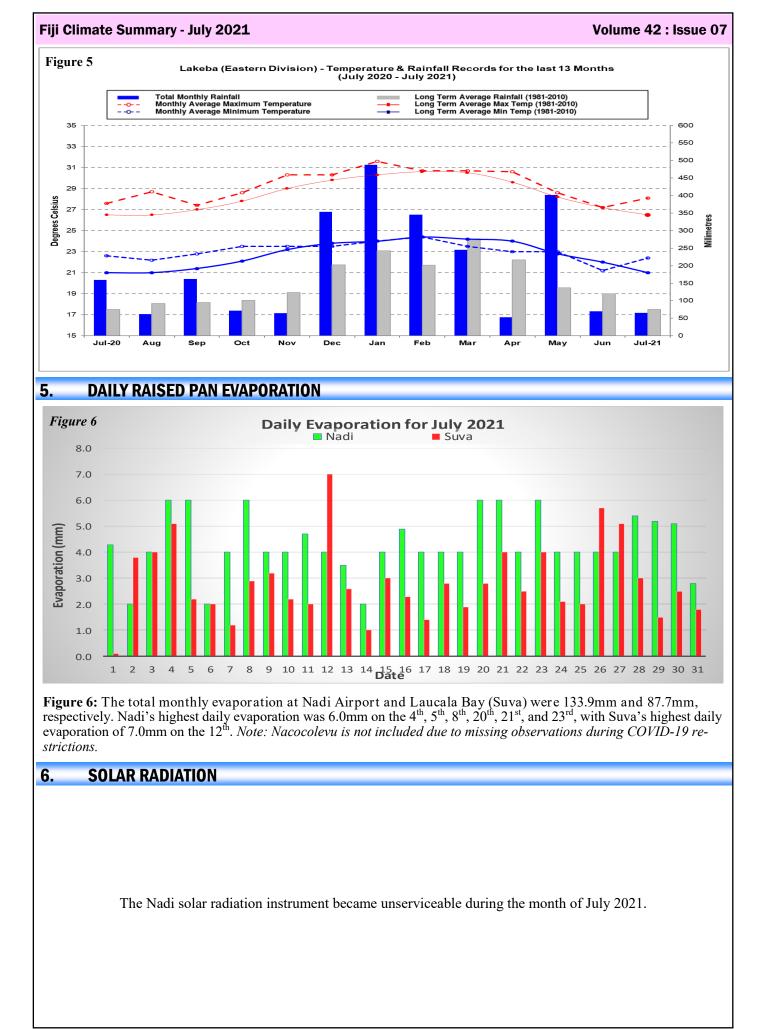
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TABLE 2. DAILY CLIMATE REPORTING SITES: SUMMARY FOR JULY 2021

	Volume 42 : Issue 07			
ULY 2021				
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	RAINFALL TOTAL RAIN MAX.		SUNSHINE KTREME TOTAL				
SAVUSAVU AIRFIELD LABASA AIRFIELD NABOUWALU KORONIVIA NAUSORI AIRPORT NAVUA/TOKOTOKO MONASAVU LAUTOKA AES BA/RARAWAI MILL PENANG MILL MATEI AIRFIELD VANUABALAVU LAKEBA YASAWA VUNISEA MATUKU ONO-I-LAU YAOARA AWS	* DAYS FALL MM % + MM ON 9 16 3 5 28 92 69 18 38 1 48 65 8 15 1 353 153 22 205 3 9 14 2 8 1 142 189 15 106 29 STATION TEMPORARILY 37 72 8 26 27 STATION TEMPORARILY 132 106 21 53 1 113 99 17 51 1 114 68 17 32 1 192 97 23 38 15 INSUFFICIENT DATA 8 16 2 5 31 44 81 7 20 22 STATION TEMPORARILY 117 136 14 38 27 66 88 12 23 30 14 30 4 8 1 215 194 15 84 13 87 105 15 43 27 67 75 15 28 13 8 2 7 22 110 15 73 27 24 6 15 1 141 18 44 27 160 13 80 27 24 8 18 139 27 11 2 8 1 98 10 68 1 1 1 1 1 45 10 13 29	MAX. # MIN. # MAX. C C C C C C 29.5 1.0 21.1 2.5 32.3 28.2 1.3 22.6 1.7 30.0 29.5 1.0 21.1 2.5 32.3 28.2 1.5 20.0 2.0 31.9 30.1 0.7 25.6 1.3 31.1 30.1 2.0 24.5 1.8 32.2 28.5 0.3 24.3 1.9 30.1 CLOSED 31.0 1.8 19.2 0.9 32.3 CLOSED 27.3 0.6 21.4 1.6 30.1 28.6 1.9 20.7 1.9 32.5 22.7 1.7 17.4 1.9 25.6 30.9 1.4 19.5 2.4 32.9 29.0 1.4 22.6 2.4 30.8 CLOSED 28.1 1.6 22.4 30.8 CLOSED 28.1 1.6 22.4 30.8 <	MIN. * ON C ON HRS % 21 17.5 7 230 107 23 19.5 7 166 125 19 15.1 7 168 105 1 23.3 1 176 90 27 22.1 8 1 20.6 30 14 14.6 7 26 17.8 7 25 18.0 7 22 19.2 6 26 14.5 6 13 14.8 7 25 20.1 27 2 19.1 6 8 18.9 23 25 20.7 2 8 19.0 8 26 20.3 2 25 19.0 28 26 19.7 9 21 22.1 2 13 13.8 7 25 16.3 7 25 16.3 7 25 16.3 7 25 16.2 7 21 15.4 7 1 19.9 5 25 16.2 7 21 18 1 8				
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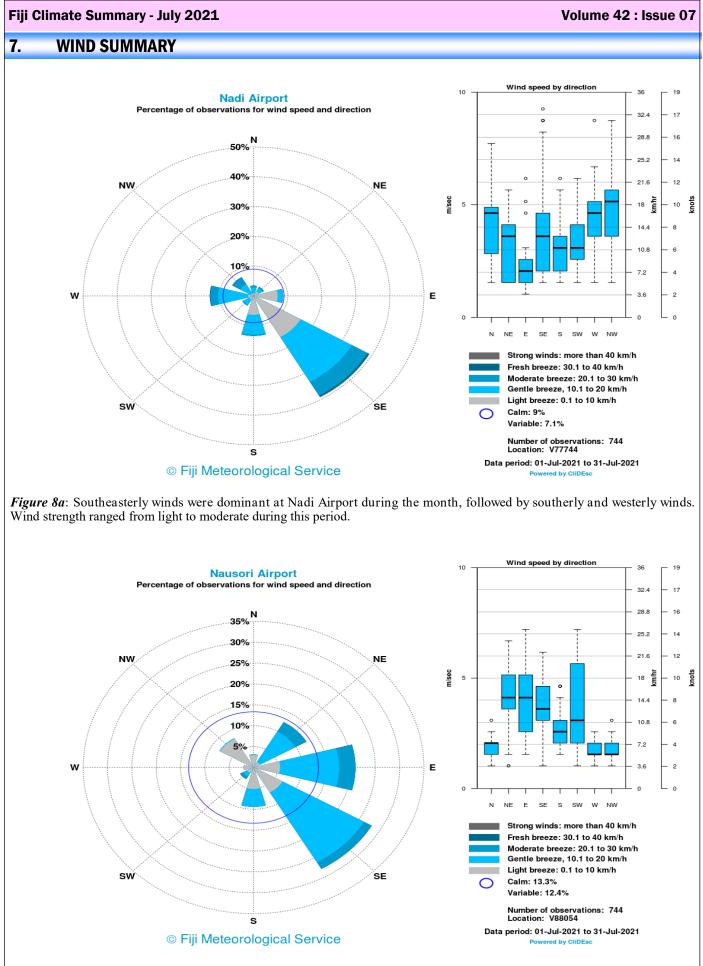


Figure 8b: Southeasterly winds were dominant at Nausori Airport, followed by easterly and then northeasterly. Wind strength ranged from light to moderate breeze during this period.

