



W
WINES OF ARGENTINA
A

CUYO

Cuyo



LOCATION

Latitude & longitude

28° 23' | 34° 58'

SOUTH LATITUDE

67° 04' | 67° 42'

WEST LONGITUDE



CULTIVATED SURFACE

for vinification*



95%
of the
country

Ha: **187.501,1**

Ac: **463.333,97**

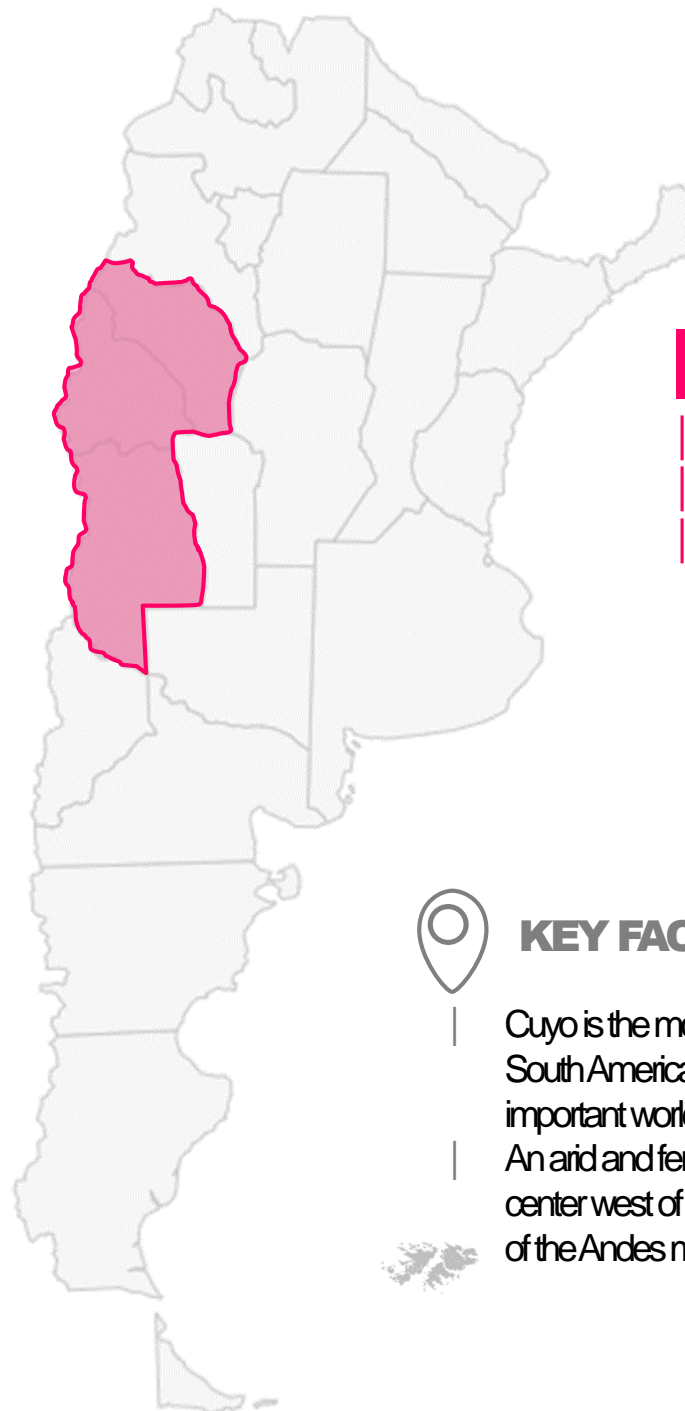


ALTITUDE

of the vineyards

430 – 2.000 masl

1.411 – 6.562 fasl



PROVINCES

La Rioja (GI)

San Juan (GI)

Mendoza (GI)



KEY FACTORS

Cuyo is the most prolific region in South America and one of the most important worldwide.

An arid and fertile region located in the center west of the country, at the foot of the Andes mountain range.

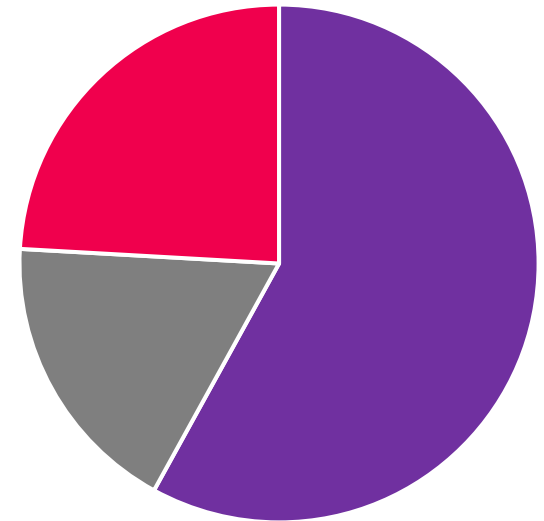


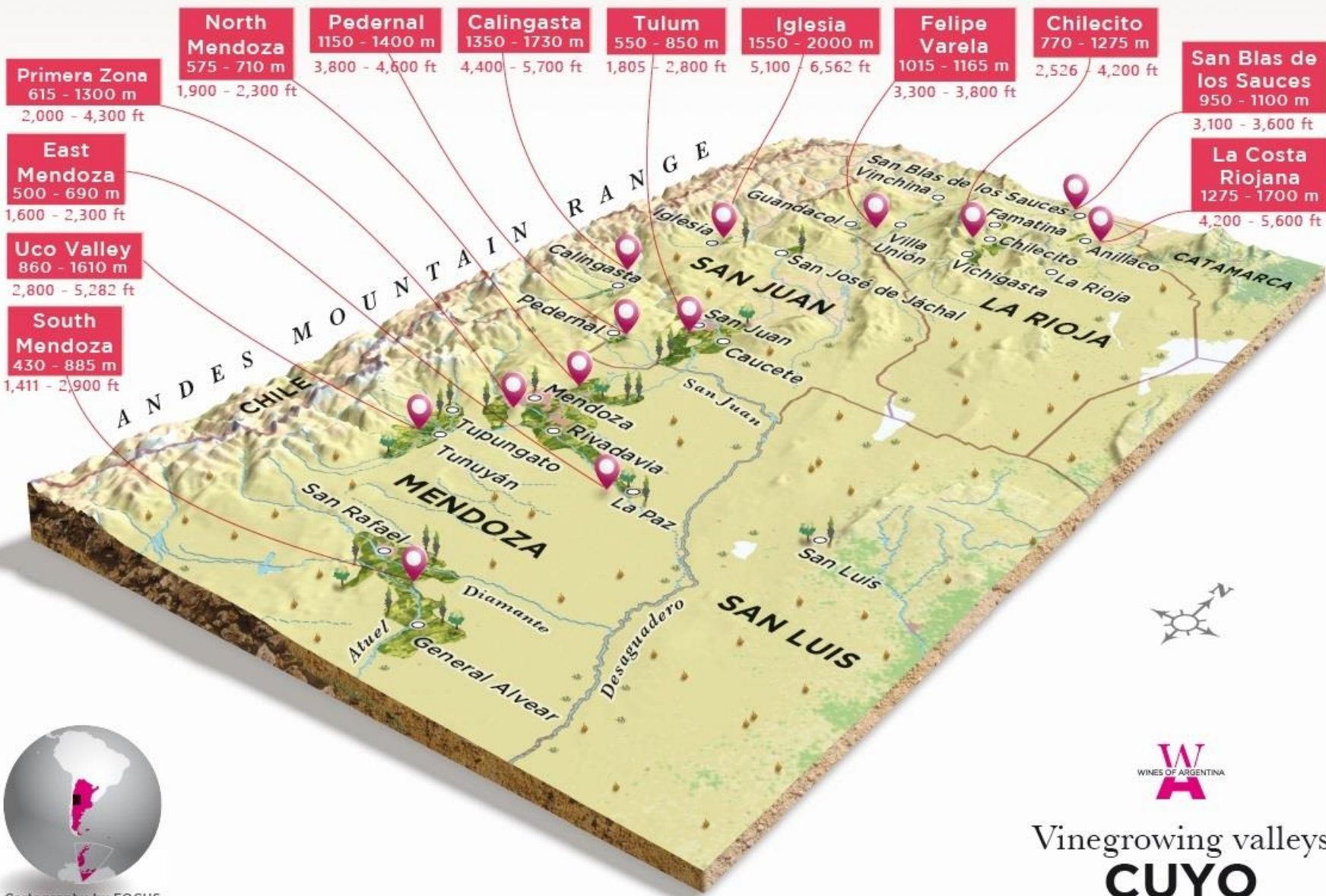
MAIN GRAPE VARIETIES

Distribution by colour*

	Hectares	Acres	
RED VARIETIES	108.823,7	268.914,2	% Red
Malbec	42.344,6	104.637,7	38,91%
Bonarda	17.968,4	44.401,7	16,51%
Cabernet Sauvignon	12.884,0	31.837,7	11,84%
Syrah	11.390,6	28.147,3	10,47%
Tempranillo	5.384,8	13.306,4	4,95%
Merlot	4.372,8	10.805,6	4,02%
Pinot Noir	1.499,2	3.704,7	1,38%
Cabernet Franc	1.214,6	3.001,4	1,12%
Tannat	674,7	1.667,3	0,62%
Petit Verdot	601,1	1.485,4	0,55%
Other red varieties	10.488,9	25.919,1	9,64%
WHITE VARIETIES	33.531,2	82.858,95	% White
Pedro Giménez	9.501,1	23.478,17	28,34%
Torrontés Riojano	6.293,6	15.552,11	18,77%
Chardonnay	5.564,9	13.751,42	16,60%
Moscatel de Alejandría	2.245,9	5.549,84	6,70%
Chenin	1.726,1	4.265,37	5,15%
Sauvignon Blanc	1.732,3	4.280,69	5,17%
Torrontés Sanjuanino	1.566,7	3.871,47	4,67%
Viognier	696,5	1.721,12	2,08%
Semillón	582,1	1.438,43	1,74%
Torrontés Mendocino	485,5	1.199,72	1,45%
Riesling	57,7	142,58	0,17%
Other white varieties	3.078,8	7.608,02	9,18%
PINK VARIETIES	45.146,2	111.560,77	% Pink
Cereza	25.169,7	62.196,85	55,75%
Criolla Grande	13.332,6	32.946,19	29,53%
Criolla Chica	272,7	673,87	0,60%
Criolla Mediana	7,4	18,29	0,02%
Other pink varieties	6.363,8	15.725,59	14,10%
TOTALS	187.501,10	463.333,97	

- Red grapes | **58%**
- White grapes | **17,9%**
- Pink grapes | **24,1%**





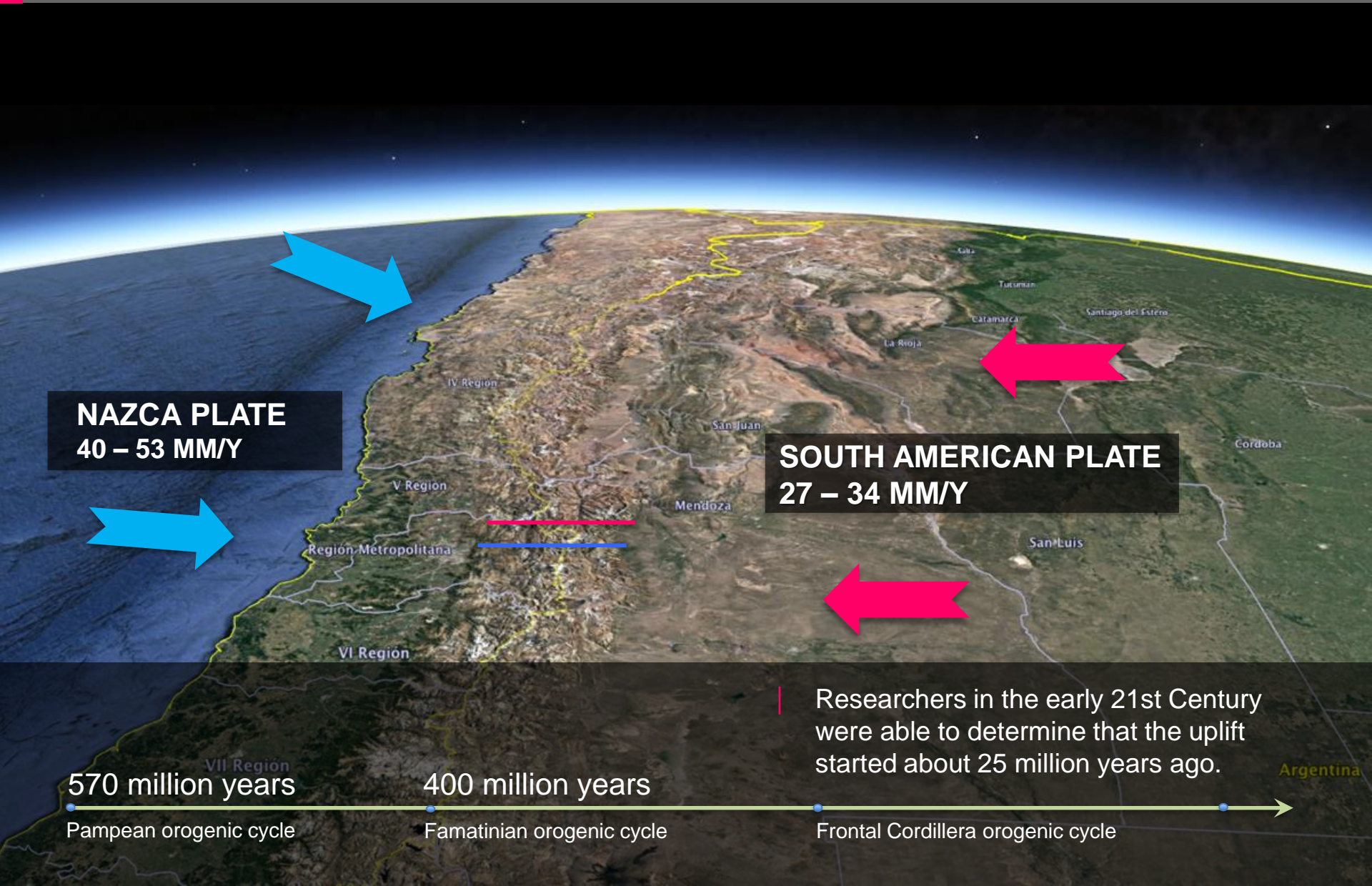
Cartography by FOCUS



Vinegrowing valleys
CUYO

THE ANDES RANGE

Importance



NAZCA PLATE
40 – 53 MM/Y

SOUTH AMERICAN PLATE
27 – 34 MM/Y

570 million years
Pampean orogenic cycle

400 million years
Famatinian orogenic cycle

Researchers in the early 21st Century were able to determine that the uplift started about 25 million years ago.

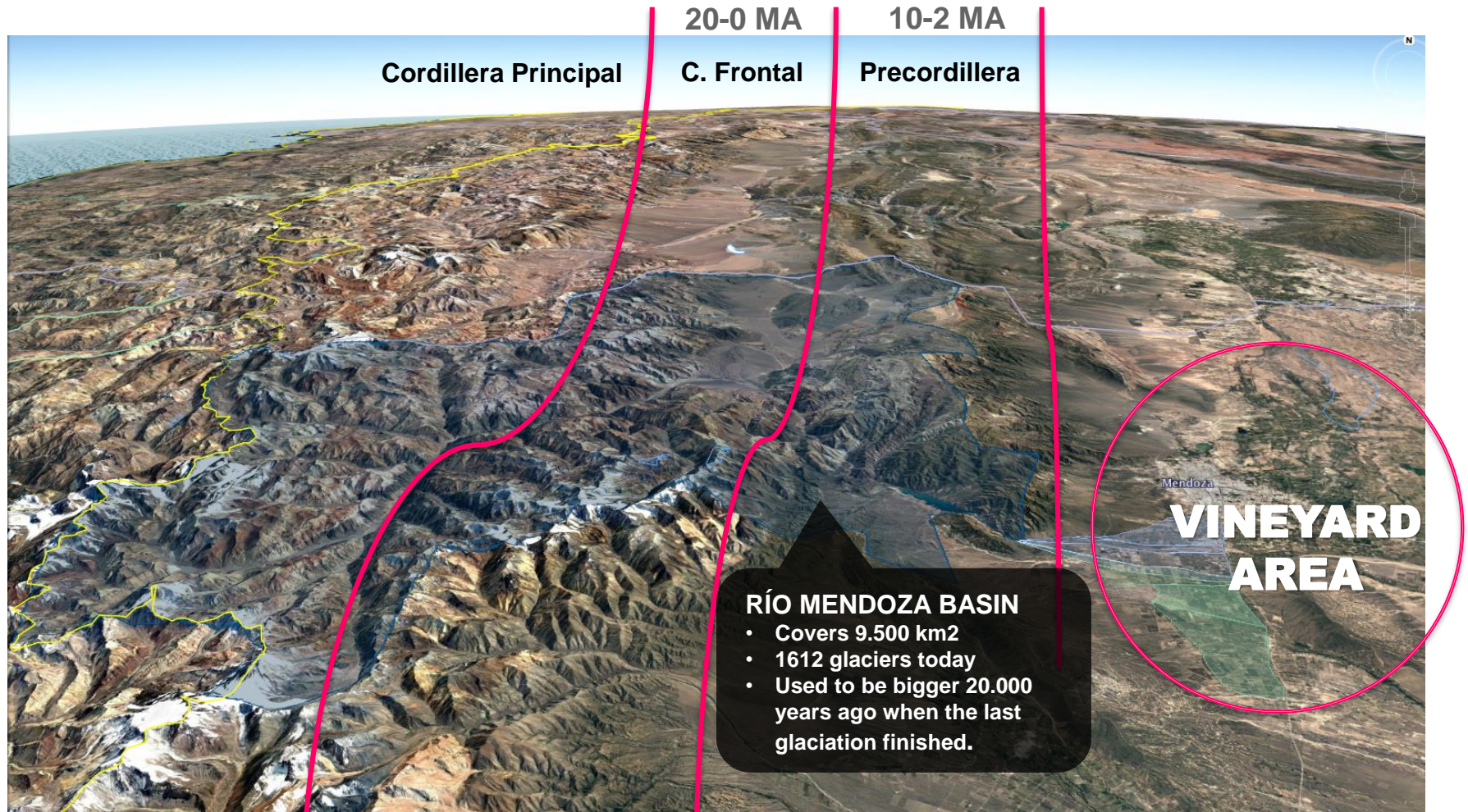
Frontal Cordillera orogenic cycle

Argentina

THE ANDES RANGE

Importance | Soils

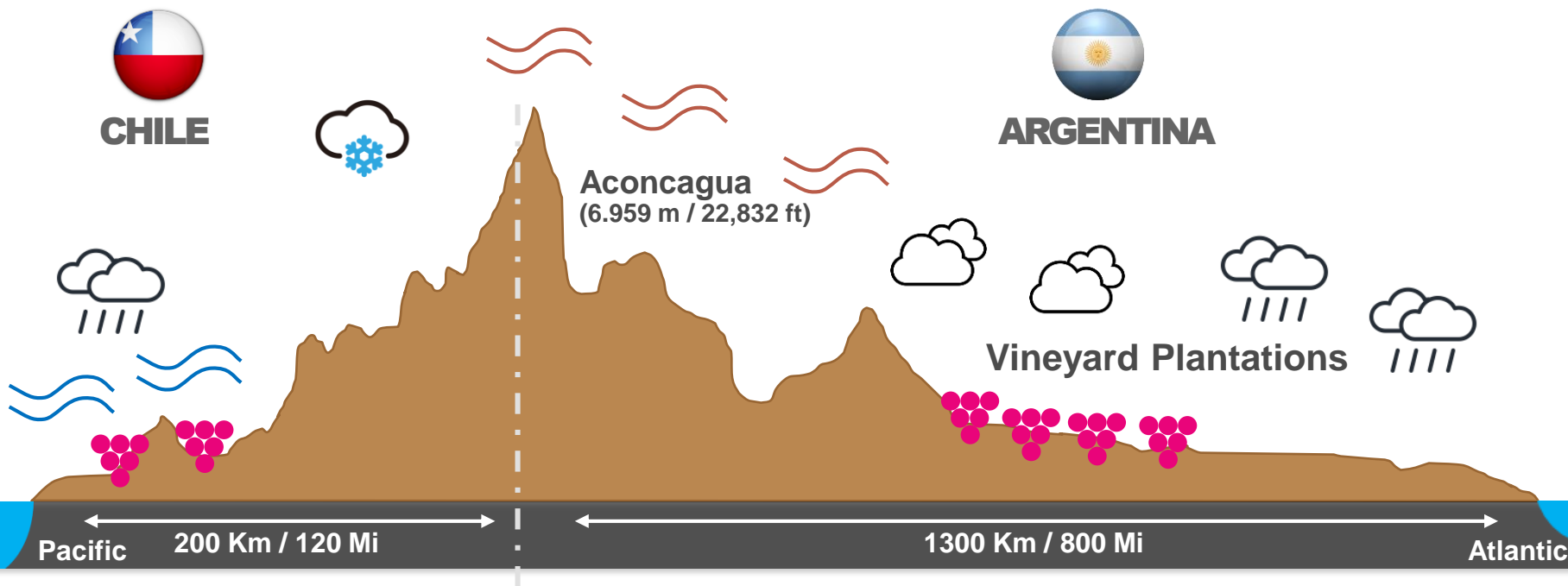
THE ANDES RANGE IS A MULTI-TIME & MULTI-EPISODIC EVENT 5-0



ALTITUDE EFFECT

A singular vineyard at the foothills of the Andes

THE ANDES MOUNTAIN RANGE



Decreased temperatures
Higher diurnal temperature change



Soil composition
changes

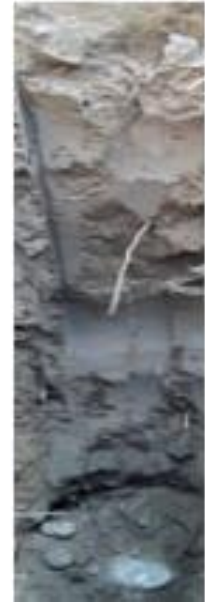


Solar
radiation

THE ANDES RANGE

Importance | Soils

SLOPES





WINESOFARGENTINA.COM

  @winesofarg  /winesofargentina