Supplement to WHO Chronicle, 1978, Vol. 32, No. 3 (March)

International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances

In accordance with article 3 of the Procedure for the Selection of Recommended International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances, notice is hereby given that the following names are under consideration by the World Health Organization as Proposed

International Nonproprietary Names.

Comments on, or formal objections to, the proposed names may be forwarded by any person to the Pharmaceuticals unit of the World Health Organization within four months of the date of their publication in the WHO

Chronicle, e.g. for List 39 Prop. INN not later than 31 July 1978.

The inclusion of a name in the lists of proposed international nonproprietary names does not imply any recommendation for the use of the substance in medicine or pharmacy.

Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 39 2

Proposed International Nonproprietary Name (Latin, English) Chemical Name or Description, Molecular and Graphic Formulae Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number

acecainidum acecainide 4'-[[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]carbamoyl]acetanilide C15H23N3O2 32795-44-1

Comprehensive information on the INN programme can be found in: WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92 4 120581 4 (price: Sw. fr. 6.—); an account of this publication will be found on page 18 of this Supplement (Annex 2). All names from Lists 1-37 of Proposed International Nonproprietary Names, together with a molecular formula index, will be found in: International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Cumulative list No. 5, 1977, World Health Organization, Geneva, 1977 (ISBN 92 4 056011 4) (price: Sw. fr. 48.—). This publication consists, in the main, of a computer printout which groups together all the proposed and recommended international nonproprietary names (INN)—in Latin, English, French, Russian, and Spanish—published up to March 1977. The printout also indicates in which of the 37 individual lists of proposed names and 16 lists of recommended names, each INN was originally published, and gives references to national nonproprietary names, pharmacopoeia monographs, and other sources. In addition, the list contains molecular formulae and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers. For easy reference, national nonproprietary names that differ from INN, molecular formulae, and Chemical Abstracts Service registry numbers are indexed in a series of annexes. A final annex describes the procedure for selecting recommended INN and outlines the general principles to be followed in devising these names. All the textual material published in this volume appears in both English and French.

These publications may be obtained, direct or through booksellers, from the sales agents listed on the back cover of the WHO Chronicle. Orders from countries where sales agents have not yet been appointed may be addressed to: World Health Organization, Distribution and Sales Service, 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland.

1967, 21, 70, 478; 1968, 22, 112, 407; 1969, 23, 183, 418; 1970, 24, 119, 413; 1971, 25, 123, 415; 1972, 26, 121, 414; 1973, 27, 120, 330; 1974, 28, 133; supplements to *WHO Chronicle*, 1974, Vol. 28, No. 9; 1975, Vol. 29, No. 3, No. 9; 1976, Vol. 30, No. 3, No. 9; 1977, Vol. 31, No. 3, No. 9.

Lists of recommended international nonproprietary names were published in Chron. Wld Hith Org., 1955, 9, 185; WHO Chronicle, 1959, 13, 106, 463; 1962, 16, 101; 1965, 19, 165, 206, 249; 1966, 20, 421; 1967, 21, 538; 1968, 22, 463; 1969, 23, 490; 1970, 24, 526; 1971, 25, 476; 1972, 26, 476; 1973, 27, 453; supplements o WHO Chronicle, 1974, Vol. 28, No. 10; 1975, Vol. 29, No. 10; 1976, Vol. 30, No. 10; 1977, Vol. 31, No. 10.

¹ See Annex 1, p. 17.

Other lists of proposed international non-proprietary names can be found in Chron. Wld Hith Org., 1953, 7, 299, 1954, 8, 216, 313; 1956, 10, 28; 1957, 11, 231; 1958, 12, 102; WHO Chronicle, 1959, 13, 105, 152; 1960, 14, 168, 244; 1961, 15, 314, 1962, 16, 385; 1963, 17, 389; 1964, 18, 433, 1965, 19, 446; 1966, 20, 216;

acidum ioprocemicum ioprocemic acid

3-(N-ethylacetamido)-2,4,6-triiodohydrocinnamic acid CtaH14laNOa 1456-52-6

acidum medronicum medronic acid

methylenediphosphonic acid CH₆O₆P₂ 1984-15-2

alimadolum alimadol N-(3-methoxy-3,3-diphenylpropyl)allylamine C₁₉H₂₃NO 52742-40-2

alprostadilum alprostadil (1R,2R,3R)-3-hydroxy-2-[(E)-(3S)-3-hydroxy-1-octenyl]-5-oxocyclopentaneheptanoic acid $C_{20}H_{34}O_5$ 745-65-3

amantanii bromidum amantanium bromide

decyl(2-hydroxyethyl)dimethylammonium bromide 1-adamantanecarboxylate C₂₅H₄₆BrNO₂ 58158-77-3

11

ambruticinum ambruticin $\begin{array}{lll} 6\text{-} [2\text{-}[5\text{-}(6\text{-}ethyl\text{-}3,6\text{-}dihydro\text{-}5\text{-}methyl\text{-}2H\text{-}pyran\text{-}2\text{-}yl)\text{-}3\text{-}methyl\text{-}1,4\text{-}} \\ \text{hexadienyl}]\text{-}3\text{-}methylcyclopropyl]vinyl]\text{tetrahydro\text{-}4,5\text{-}dihydroxy\text{-}} \\ 2H\text{-}pyran\text{-}2\text{-}acetic acid} \\ C_{28}H_{42}O_{5} & 58857\text{-}02\text{-}6 \end{array}$

apalcillinum apalcillin $\label{eq:continuous} (2S,5R,6R)-6-[(R)-2-(4-hydroxy-1,5-naphthyridine-3-carboxamido)-2-phenylacetamido]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-4-thia-1-azabidyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid$

C25H23N5O6S

63469-19-2

arfendazamum arfendazam ethyl 7-chloro-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-4-oxo-5-phenyl-1*H-*1,5-benzodiazepine-1-carboxylate

1-carboxylate C18H17C1N2O3

37669-57-1

befunololum befunolol 7-[2-hydroxy-3-(isopropylamino)propoxy]-2-benzofuranyl methyl ketone C₁₆H₂₁NO₄ 39552-01-7

bufezolacum bufezolac 1-isobutyl-3,4-diphenylpyrazole-5-acetic acid C₂₁H₂₂N₂O₂ 50270-32-1

calcitriolum calcitriol (5Z,7E)-9,10-secocholesta-5,7,10(19)-triene-1 α ,3 β ,25-triol C₂₇H₄₄O₃ 32222-06-3

captoprilum captopril 1-[(2S)-3-mercapto-2-methylpropionyl]-L-proline C₉H₁₅NO₃S 62571-86-2

carburazepamum carburazepam

7-chloro-1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-4*H*-1,4-benzodiazepine-4-carboxamide C₁₇H₁₆CiN₃O₂ 59009-93-7

carfentanilum carfentanil

methyl 1-phenethyl-4-(N-phenylpropionamido)isonipecotate C₂₄H₃₀N₂O₃ 59708-52-0

cefmetazolum cefmetazole

 $\begin{array}{ll} (6R,7S)-7-[2-[(cyanomethyl)thio]acetamido]-7-methoxy-3-[[(1-methyl-1H-tetrazol-5yl)thio]methyl]-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid \\ C_{15}H_{17}N_{7}O_{5}S_{3} & 56796-20-4 \end{array}$

ceforanidum ceforanide

 $\begin{array}{lll} (6R,7R)-7-[2-(\alpha-amino-o-tolyl)acetamido]-3-[[[1-(carboxymethyl)-1 \textit{H-tetrazol-5-yl}]thio]methyl]-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4,2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid \\ C_{20}H_{21}N_7O_6S_2 & 60925-61-3 \end{array}$

cetabenum
cetaben

p-(hexadecylamino)benzoic acid C₂₃H₃₉NO₂ 55986-43-1

cideferronum cideferron macromolecular complex of ferric hydroxide with dextrin and citric acid 64440-87-5

cinecromenum cinecromen

7)

3,4,5-trimethoxycinnamic acid ester with 3-(2-hydroxy-3-morpholinopropyl)-4-methyl-7-(4-morpholinecarboxamido)coumarin C34H41N3O10 62380-23-8

ciproquazonum ciproquazone $\begin{array}{lll} \hbox{1-(cyclopropylmethyl)-6-methoxy-4-phenyl-2(1$$H$)-quinazolinone} \\ \hbox{C}_{19}\hbox{H}_{18}\hbox{N}_{2}\hbox{O}_{2} & 33453-23-5 \end{array}$

iramadolum Iramadol (-)-(1 R^* ,2 R^*)-2-[(R^*)- α -(dimethylamino)-m-hydroxybenzyl]cyclohexanol C₁₅H₂₃NO₂ 63269-31-8

cisplatinum cisplatin cis-diamminedichloroplatinum Cl₂H₆N₂Pt 15663-27-1

clinofibratum clinofibrate 2,2'-[cyclohexylidenebis(p-phenyleneoxy)]bis[2-methylbutyric acid] C28H36O8 30299-08-2

cyclopentolatum cyclopentolate

2-(dimethylamino)ethyl 1-hydroxy- α -phenylcyclopentaneacetate $C_{17}H_{25}NO_3$ 512-15-2

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diclofurimum diclofurime 2,3-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl 2-furyl ketone (E)-O-[2-(diethylamino)-ethyl]oxime C₁₈H₂₂Cl₂N₂O₃ 64743-08-4

dipivefrinum dipivefrine (\pm)-3,4-dihydroxy- α -{(methylamino)methyl]benzyl alcohol 3,4-dipivalate C19H29NO5 52365-63-6

domiodolum domiodol 2- (iodomethyl) -1,3-dioxolane-4-methanol C₅H₉IO₃ 61869-07-6

endralazinum endralazine 6-benzoyl-3-hydrazino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydropyrido $\{4,3-c\}$ pyridazine C₁₄H₁₅N₅O 39715-02-1

eniclobratum eniclobrate 3-pyridylmethyl (\pm)-2-[[α -(p-chlorophenyl)-p-tolyl]oxy]-2-methylbutyrate C₂₄H₂₄ClNO₃ 60662-18-2

mecinolum

α-ethyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzhydrol C16H15F3O 56430-99-0

fluzoperinum fluzoperine 5-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]-4-(p-fluorophenyl)-4-oxazolin-2-one C₁₅H₁₉FN₂O₂ 52867-77-3

fuprazolum fuprazole 3-[2-[(4-cinnamyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-1-benzimidazolyl]-1-(2-furyl)-1-propanone C28H30N4O2 60248-23-9

gestrinonum gestrinone 13-ethyl-17-hydroxy-18,19-dinor-17a-pregna-4,9,11-trien-20-yn-3-one C₂₁H₂₄O₂ 40542-65-2

indobufenum indobufen

 (\pm) -2-[p-(1-oxo-2-isoindolinyl)phenyl]butyric acid C₁₈H₁₇NO₃ 63610-08-2

iodocholesterolum (131) iodocholesterol (131)

19-iodo-¹³¹/cholest-5-en-3β-ol C₂₇H₄₅I³¹IO 42220-21-3

iomapidolum iomapidol N,N'-bis [2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]-2,4,6-triiodo-5-lactamidoisophthalamide $C_{17}H_{22}I_3N_3O_8$ 62883-00-5

iosulamidum iosulamide

3,3'-[sulfonylbis(ethylenecarbonylimino)]bis[5-(N-ethylacetamido)-2,4,6-trilodobenzoic acid]
C2BH2BIsN4O1oS 23205-04-1

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iprazochromum iprazochrome

3-hydroxy-1-isopropyl-5,6-indolinedione 5-semicarbazone C12H16N4O3 7248-21-7

iprocrololum iprocrolol 4-hydroxy-9-[2-hydroxy-3-(isopropylamino)propoxy]-7-methyl-5H-furo[3,2-g][1]benzopyran-5-one C₁₈H₂₁NO₆ 37855-80-4

isobutambenum isobutamben isobutyl p-aminobenzoate C₁₁H₁₅NO₂ 94-14-4

 $\mathbf{H_2N} = \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{II} \\ \mathbf{COCH_2CH(CH_3I_2)} \end{array}$

isocromilum isocromil 2-(*a*-isopropoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-4*H*-1-benzopyran-6-carboxylic acid C₁₉H₁₆O₅ 57009-15-1

isofezolacum isofezolac 1,3,4-triphenylpyrazole-5-acetic acid C₂₃H₁₈N₂O₂ 50270-33-2

lidofeninum lidofenin $\begin{array}{ll} \hbox{ [[(2.6-xylylcarbamoyl)methyl]imino] diacetic acid} \\ \hbox{ C_{14}H$ {\tiny 18}N {\tiny 2}O } \\ \hbox{ $59160-29-1} \end{array}$

meglutolum meglutol 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaric acid C₆H₁₀Q₅ 503-49-1

minaxolonum minaxolone

11 a- (dimethylamino) -2 β -ethoxy-3 α -hydroxy-5 α -pregnan-20-one C₂₅H₄₃NO₃ 62571-87-3

nafetololum nafetolol

1-(tert-butylamino)-3-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-8-hydroxy-1,4-ethanonaphthalen-5-yl)oxy]-2-propanol C19H29NO3 42050-23-7

nordazepamum nordazepam 7-chloro-1,3-dihydro-5-phenyl-2*H*-1,4-benzodiazepin-2-one C₁₅H₁₁CIN₂O 1088-11-5

nufenoxolum nufenoxole

 T_{i}

orpanoxinum orpanoxin

5-(p-chlorophenyl)-2-furanhydracrylic acid C13H11ClO4 60653-25-0

oxitriptanum oxitriptan

5-hydroxy-L-tryptophan C₁₁H₁₂N₂O₃ 4350-09-8

ozolinonum ozolinone

(Z)-3-methyl-4-oxo-5-piperidino- $\Delta^{2,a}$ -thiazolidineacetic acid C₁₁H₁₆N₂O₃S 56784-39-5

parconazolum parconazole cis-1-[[2-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-4-[(2-propynyloxy)methyl]-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]imidazole $C_{17}H_{16}Cl_2N_2O_3$ 61400-59-7

N − CH₂ CH₃ 0CH₃ C≡C

pipofezinum pipofezine 5-methyl-3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-5H-pyridazino [3,4-b] [1,4] benzoxazine C₁₆H₁₉N₅O 24886-52-0

$$\bigcup_{0}^{CH^{3}} \bigvee_{N}^{N-CH^{3}}$$

plafibridum plafibride 1-[2-(p-chlorophenoxy)-2-methylpropionyl]-3-(morpholinomethyl)urea $C_{16}H_{22}CIN_3O_4$ 63394-05-8

) proroxanum proroxan

1-(1,4-benzodioxan-6-yl)-3-(3-phenyl-1-pyrrolidinyl)-1-propanone C₂₁H₂₃NO₃ 33743-96-3

protiofatum protiofate dipropyl 3,4-dihydroxy-2,5-thiophenedicarboxylate $C_{12}H_{16}O_6S$ 58416-00-5

proxicromilum proxicromil

6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-4-oxo-10-propyl-4*H*-naphtho [2,3-*b*]pyran-2-carboxylic acid C17H1eO5 60400-92-2

selegilinum selegiline (R)-(-)-N,a-dimethyl-N-2-propynylphenethylamine C19H17N 14611-51-9

setastinum setastine 1-[2-[(p-chloro-a-methyl-a-phenylbenzyl)oxy]ethyl]hexahydro-1*H*-azepine C₂₂H₂₈CINO 64294-95-7

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sinefunginum sinefungin 6,9-diamino-1-(6-amino-9*H*-purin-9-yl)-1,5,6,7,8,9-hexadeoxy- β -D-*ribo*-decofuranuronic acid C₁₅H₂₉N₇O₅ 58944-73-3

terfluranolum terfluranol $\begin{array}{lll} 4.4' - [(1R.2S) - 1 - methyl - 2 - (2.2.2 - trifluoroethyl) ethylene] diphenol & & & & & & & \\ C_{17}H_{12}F_3O_2 & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$

tinazolinum tinazoline

3-(2-imidazolin-2-ylthio)indole C11H11N3S 62882-99-9

tioxaprofenum tioxaprofen

2-[[4,5-bis(p-chlorophenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]propionic acid C18H13Cl2NO3S 40198-53-6

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tioxidazolum tioxidazole

methyl 6-propoxy-2-benzothiazolecarbamate C12H14N2O3S 61570-90-9

tiratricolum tiratricol

)

tocofenoxatum tocofenoxate

[4-(4-hydroxy-3-iodophenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenyl]acetic acid C14HelaO4 51-24-1

all-rac-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-(4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)-6-chromanyl (p-chlorophenoxy)acetate Сэ7H55ClO4 61343-44-0

$$CI \xrightarrow{\bigcap_{\text{CH}_3} \text{CH}_3} CH_3 \xrightarrow{\text{CH}_2)_3 \text{CH}_2 \text{CH}_2)_3 \text{CH}_3 \text{CH}_3} CH(CH_2)_3 \text{CH}_3 CH(CH_3)_3 CH($$

topteronum topterone 17β-hydroxy-17-propylandrost-4-en-3-one C₂₂H₃₄O₂ 60607-35-4

tropabazatum tropabazate phenyl 3a-hydroxy-8-azabicyclo [3.2.1]octane-8-carboxylate carbazate (ester) $C_{15}H_{19}N_3O_4$ 64294-94-6

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{H} & \mathsf{CO} \\ \mathsf{CH}_2 - \mathsf{C} & \mathsf{CH}_2 & \mathsf{O} \\ & \mathsf{I} & \mathsf{I} & \mathsf{I} \\ \mathsf{N} & \mathsf{CH}_2 - \mathsf{OCNHNH}_2 \\ \mathsf{CH}_2 - \mathsf{C} & \mathsf{CH}_2 \\ & \mathsf{H} \end{array}$$

zidometacınum zidometacin 1-(p-azidobenzoyl)-5-methoxy-2-methylindole-3-acetic acid C₁₉H₁₆N₄O₄ 62851-43-8

zoloperonum zoloperone 4-(p-fluorophenyl)-5-[2-[4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-1-piperazinyl]ethyl]-4-oxazolin-2-one
C22H24FN3O3 52867-74-0

zopiclonum zopiclone 4-methyl-1-piperazinecarboxylic acid ester with 6-(5-chloro-2-pyridyl)-6,7-dihydro-7-hydroxy-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-B]pyrazin-5-one C₁₇H₁₇ClN₆O₃ 43200-80-2

zorubicinum zorubicin benzoic acid hydrazide, 3-hydrazone with daunorubicin C₃₄H₃₅N₃O₁₀ 54083-22-6

AMENDMENTS PREVIOUS LISTS

International Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances

Cumulative List No. 3, 1971

p. 39 colestipolum colestipol

Replace the description by: copolymer of diethylenetriamine and 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane

International Nonproprietary Names (INN) for Pharmaceutical Substances:

Cumulative List No. 5, 1977

In the following cases the reference to List 16 of recommended INN should be replaced by an asterisk:

bufrolinum carbantelum carteololum cefatrizinum dimeticonum elanzepinum

um nadololum
norgestimatum
num prostalenum
trilostanum

Delete Insert

p. 121 Delete medigoxinum 23 *

23 * metildigoxinum 361/7

ρ. 209 Delete trimopamum 3416 Insert trepipamum 3818

fenofibratum

glutaurinum

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Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 30

p. 383 bepridilum bepridil Replace chemical information and CAS registry No. by the following : β -[(2-methylpropoxy)methyl]-N-phenyl-N-(phenylmethyl)-1-pyrrolidineethanamine C₂₄H₃₄N₂O 64706-54-3

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Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 33

p. 10 dextranomerum dextranomer

Replace chemical name by the following: dextran 2,3-dihydroxypropyl 2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl ether

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Proposed International Nonproprietary Names (Prop. INN): List 38

p. 2	delete azacortum azacort	<i>insert</i> deflazacortum deflazacort
p. 4	betamicinum betamicin	Replace the center-most ring in the graphic formula by a cyclohexane ring
p. 5	canbisolum , canbisol	Replace (CH ₂) ₃ in the graphic formula by (CH ₃) ₂
	cetocyclinum cetocycline	In the graphic formula add double bond between positions 2 and 3
р. 14	pentafluranolum pentafluranol — — — —	Replace CAS registry No. by : 65634-39-1

Annex 1

.PROCEDURE FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMMENDED INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES*

The following procedure shall be followed by the World Health Organization in the selection of recommended international nonproprietary names for pharmaceutical substances, in accordance with the World Health Assembly resolution WHA3.11:

- Proposals for recommended international nonproprietary names shall be submitted to the World Health Organization on the form provided therefor.
- 2. Such proposals shall be submitted by the Director-General of the World Health Organization to the members of the Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia and Pharmaceutical Preparations designated for this purpose, for consideration in

containce with the "General principles for guidance in devising International Nonproprietary Names", appended to this procedure. The name used by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical substance shall be accepted, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary.

- 3. Subsequent to the examination provided for in article 2, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice that a proposed international nonproprietary name is being considered.
- A. Such notice shall be given by publication in the *Chronicle of the World Health Organization* ¹ and by letter to Member States and to national pharmacopoeia commissions or other bodies designated by Member States.
 - (i) Notice may also be sent to specific persons known to be concerned with a name under consideration.
- B. Such notice shall:
 - (i) set forth the name under consideration;

- (ii) identify the person who submitted a proposal for naming the substance, if so requested by such person;
- (iii) identify the substance for which a name is being considered;
- (iv) set forth the time within which comments and objections will be received and the person and place to whom they should be directed;
- (v) state the authority under which the World Health Organization is acting and refer to these rules of procedure.
- C. In forwarding the notice, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the proposed name during the period it is under consideration by the World Health Organization.
- 4. Comments on the proposed name may be forwarded by any person to the World Health Organization within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the Chronicle of the World Health Organization.
- 5. A formal objection to a proposed name may be filed by any interested person within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in the *Chronicle of the World Health Organization*.¹
 - A. Such objection shall:
 - (i) identify the person objecting;
 - (ii) state his interest in the name;
 - (iii) set forth the reasons for his objection to the name proposed.

- 6. Where there is a formal objection under article 5, the World Health Organization may either reconsider the proposed name or use its good offices to attempt to obtain withdrawal of the objection. Without prejudice to the consideration by the World Health Organization of a substitute name or names, a name shall not be selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international nonproprietary name while there exists a formal objection thereto filed under article 5 which has not been withdrawn.
- 7. Where no objection has been filed under article 5, or all objections previously filed have been withdrawn, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice in accordance with subsection A of article 3 that the name has been selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international nonproprietary name.
- 8. In forwarding a recommended international nonproprietary name to Member States under article 7, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall:
- A. request that it be recognized as the nonproprietary name for the substance; and
- B. request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the name, including prohibiting registration of the name as a trade-mark or trade-name.
- * Text adopted by the Executive Board of WHO in resolution EB15.R7 (Off. Rec. Wid Hith Org., 1955, 60, 3) and amended by the Board in resolution EB43.R9 (Off Rec. Wid Hith Org., 1969, 173, 10).
- ¹ The title of this publication was changed to WHO Chronicle in January 1959.

GENERAL PRINCIPLES FOR GUIDANCE IN DEVISING INTERNATIONAL NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES

- 1. International Nonproprietary Names (INN) should be distinctive in sound and spelling. They should not be inconveniently long and should not be liable to confusion with names in common use.
- 2. The INN for a substance belonging to a group of pharmacologically related substances should, where appropriate, show this relationship. Names that are likely to convey to a patient an anatomical, physiological, pathological or therapeutic suggestion should be avoided.
- These primary principles are to be implemented by using the following secondary principles
- 3. In devising the INN of the first substance in a new pharmacological group, consideration should be given to the possibility of devising suitable INN for related substances, belonging to the new group.
- 4. In devising INN for acids, oneword names are preferred; their salts should be named without modifying the acid name, e.g.

- "oxacillin" and "oxacillin sodium", "ibufenac" and "ibufenac sodium".
- 5. INN for substances which are used as salts should in general apply to the active base or the active acid. Names for different salts or esters of the same active substance should differ only in respect of the name of the inactive acid or the inactive base.

For quaternary ammonium substances, the cation and anion should be named appropriately as separate components of a quaternary substance and not in the amine-salt style.

- 6. The use of an isolated letter or number should be avoided; hyphenated construction is also undesirable.
- 7. To facilitate the translation and pronunciation of INN, "f" should be used instead of "ph", "t" instead of "th", "e" instead of "ae" or "oe", and "i" instead of

"y"; the use of the letters "h" and "k" should be avoided.

- 8. Provided that the names suggested are in accordance with these principles, names proposed by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation, or names already officially in use in any country, should receive preferential consideration.
- 9. Group relationship in INN (see

Guiding Principle 2) should if possible be shown by using a stem from the following list. The stem should only be used for substances of the appropriate group. Where a stem is shown without any hyphens it may be used anywhere in the name. Subsidiary group relationships should be shown by devising INN which show similarities to and are analogous with a previously named substance.

			the substance,
Latin -actidum andr -arolum -azepamum bol -buzonum -cainum cefcillinum cort -cyclinum estr -fibratum -forminum gest gli- ioium -metacinum -mycinum -nidazolum -oridum -oridum -orexum -praminum -profenum prost -relinum sulfaterolum -tizidum -verinum	English -actide andr -arol -azepam bol -buzone -caine cefcillin cort -cycline estr -fibrate -formin gest gli- ioium -metacin -mycin -nidazole -olol -onide -orex -pramine -profen prost -relin sulfaterol -tizide -verine	French -actide andr -arol -azépam bol -buzone -caïne céfcilline cort -cycline estr -fibrate -formine gest gli- ioium -métacine -midazole -olol -onide -orex -pramine -profène prost -réline sulfatérol -tizide -vérine	synthetic polypeptides with a corticotrophin-like action steroids, androgens anticoagulants of the diazepam group substances of the diazepam group steroids, anabolic anti-inflammatory analgesics of the phenylbutazone group local anaesthetics antibiotics, derivatives of cefalosporanic acid antibiotics, derivatives of 6-aminopenicillanic acid corticosteroids, except those of the prednisolone group antibiotics of the tetracycline group estrogenic substances substances of the clofibrate group hypoglycemics of the phenformin group steroids, progestogens sulfonamide hypoglycemics iodine-containing contrast media quaternary ammonium compounds anti-inflammatory substances of the indometacin group antibiotics, produced by <i>Streptomyces</i> strains antiprotozoal substances of the metronidazole group β-adrenergic blocking agents of the propranolol group steroids for topical use, containing an acetal group anorexigenic agents, phenethylamine derivatives substances of the imipramine group anti-inflammatory substances of the ibuprofen group prostaglandins hypophyseal hormone release-stimulating peptides sulfonamides, anti-infective bronchodilators, phenethylamine derivatives diuretics of the chlorothiazide group spasmolytics with a papaverine-like action

Annex 2

NONPROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUBSTANCES: TWENTIETH REPORT OF THE WHO EXPERT COMMITTEE

In its twentieth report 1 the WHO **Expert Committee on Nonproprietary** Names for Pharmaceutical Substances reviewed the general principles for devising, and the procedures for selecting, international nonproprietary names (INN) in the light of developments in pharmaceutical compounds in recent years. The most significant recent change has been the extension to the naming of synthetic chemical substances of the practice previously used for substances originating in or derived from natural products. This practice involves employing a characteristic "stem" indicative of a common property of the members of a group. The reasons for, and the implications of, the change are fully

discussed. Also reported is the intention to change the practice with regard to the nomenclature of individual members of polymeric series.

Other sections of the report concern instructions to be followed by bodies making application for international nonproprietary names, the availability of computer-printed cumulative lists of international nonproprietary names, information supplied by WHO Member States concerning their official use of national or international names for pharmaceutical products, and proposals relative to the withdrawal of international nonproprietary names allocated to substances that are no longer in use.

The official texts relating to the procedures for selecting, and general

guidance for devising, international nonproprietary names are reproduced in two annexes to the report. Other annexes give examples of international nonproprietary names that incorporate selected stems, the most frequently used initial groups of letters in international nonproprietary names, a historical review of the programme of selecting international nonproprietary names, some useful literature references, and a model of the form to be used in all applications for international nonproprietary names.

¹ WHO Technical Report Series, No. 581, 1975 (Nonproprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Substances. Twentieth Report of the WHO Expert Committee), ISBN 92 4 120581 4. Price. Sw. fr 6.—.