

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

in accordance with ISO 14025, ISO 21930 and EN 15804

Owner of the declaration:

Program operator:

Publisher:

Declaration number: Registration number:

ECO Platform reference number:

Issue date: Valid to:

Superwood AS

The Norwegian EPD Foundation The Norwegian EPD Foundation

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# Exterior cladding of Superwood

Superwood AS

www.epd-norge.no







#### **General information** Product: Owner of the declaration: Exterior cladding of Superwood Superwood AS Contact person: Nis Skovholt Phone: +47 62 69 99 60 e-mail: post@superwood.no Program operator: Manufacturer: The Norwegian EPD Foundation Superwood AS Post Box 5250 Majorstuen, 0303 Oslo Høversjøvegen 47 +47 23 08 82 92 2090 Hurdal Phone: e-mail: post@epd-norge.no Norway **Declaration number:** Place of production: Impregnation: Palsgaardvej 3, DK-7362 Hampen, Denmark ÞÒÚÖËFÎ I FË Í I ËÒÞ Planing: Høversjøvegen 47, 2090 Hurdal, Norway **ECO Platform reference number:** Management system: FSC™ (Forest Stewardship Council) Chain of Custody Certificate: NC-COC-011804 This declaration is based on Product Category Rules: Organisation no: NO 913 968 565 MVA CEN Standard EN 15804 serves as core PCR. NPCR015 rev1 wood and wood-based products for use in construction (08/2013). Statement of liability: Issue date: The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the €FİF€İĞ€FÌ underlying information and evidence. EPD Norway shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data or evidence. Valid to: €FİÈ€ÌЀGH **Declared unit:** Year of study: 1 m<sup>3</sup> produced exterior cladding of Superwood Consumption data: 2017. Study performed spring of 2018. Declared unit with option: Comparability: EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804 and are seen in a building context. **Functional unit:** The EPD has been worked out by: 1 m<sup>3</sup> exterior cladding of Superwood, produced, delivered, Oddbjørn Dahlstrøm installed, used in 60 years and waste treated after end of life. Asplan Viak AS, Norway asplan viak Verification: The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025:2010 external ☐ internal Approved Third party verifier: Chief Market Manager Linda Høibye

(Independent verifier approved by EPD Norway)

Managing Director of EPD-Norway



## **Product**

#### Product description:

Impregnated, planed wood from FSC certified spruce (Picea abies), from Norway, Sweden and Finland, for outdoor use over the ground. The wood is impregnated without the use of heavy metals and organic solvents. The impregnation protects the wood completely into the core so that the wood is protected against rot and fungus from the inside. The process takes place without the use of water, so the wood is dry and can be used immediately after impregnation.

## **Product specification:**

Main application area is outdoor cladding (in all known cladding profiles), but noise barriers, windscreens, railings, roofing tables and more are other natural applications. The cladding boards can be delivered with and without surface treatment from the factory. The EPD encompasses all dimensions and profiles of Superwood exterior cladding.

Materials	kg/m³	%
Wood of spruce, dry weight	370.2	84.7 %
Water, in wood, 18%	66.6	15.3 %
Impregnating, SC200	0.12	0.027 %
Total, without surface treatment	436.9	100 %
Packaging: steel ribbon	0.56	
Packaging, plastic 0.02 kg / m <sup>2</sup>	0.95	

#### Technical data:

Superwood has a density of 436.8 kg / m3, with moisture content of 16-20% (18% standard).

Superwood is protected from rotting, fungus and blue mould according to DS / EN 335, user class 3: Wood above ground contact

Standard dimension is 21 mm \* 145 mm.

1 m<sup>3</sup> with Superwood covers 47.6 m<sup>2</sup> with cladding.

For Declaration of Performance (DoP), FSC certificate and complementary information, see <a href="www.superwood.no">www.superwood.no</a>

#### Market:

The EPD includes transport to and sales in Norway. Superwood is also sold from Denmark to Denmark and the rest of Europe.

#### Reference service life, product:

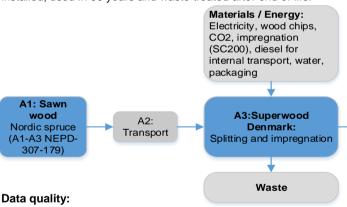
With normal stress and use, life expectancy is 60 years.

Surface treatment:	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	%
Untreated	0.00	0.0 %
Ferrous sulphate, 1 coating: 0,01 kg powder/m <sup>2</sup>	0.48	0.1 %
Signatur (prepatinated), 1 coating: 0.15 kg / m <sup>2</sup>	7.14	1.6 %
Paint: 2 coatings, 0.15 kg / m <sup>2</sup> per coating	14.3	3.3 %

#### LCA: Calculation rules

#### **Functional unit:**

1 m³ exterior cladding of Superwood, produced, delivered, installed, used in 60 years and waste treated after end of life.



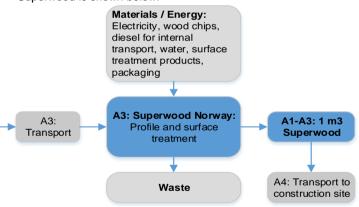
Production data is based on consumption data from 2017. Wood is splitted and impregnated in Denmark, and profiled and surface treated in Norway. Data for sawn wood is based on NEPD-307-179. Data for exported energy from energy recovery is based on data from Statistics Norway and applies to for 2017 (2017a, b and c). Remaining data is based on Ecoinvent v3.2, Allocation, Recycled Content (Nov. 2015) and SimaPro v 8.2.3.0. Characterization factors have been used from EN15804: 2012 + A1: 2013.

#### Allocation:

Allocation has been made according to EN 15804. For sawn wood, economic allocation has been used (value of by-products as wood chips is relatively low, NEPD-307-179-NO). For the production of Superwood, all consumption and waste are mass-allocated for the production of impregnated wood. Primary production of recycled materials is allocated to the main product where the material was used. Material and energy use in the production of different products and profiles are assumed to be similar as the products are processed in approximately the same way.

## System boundary:

Flow sheet for manufacturing (A1-A3) and transport (A4) of Superwood is shown below.



#### Cut-off criteria:

All major raw materials and all the essential energy are included. The production process for raw materials and energy flows that are included with very small amounts (<1%) are not included. This cutoff rule does not apply for hazardous materials or substances.

#### Calculation of biogenic carbon content:

Sequestration and emissions of biogenic carbon is calculated according to NS-EN 16485: 2014. This approach is based on the modularity principle of EN 15804: 2012: emissions should be counted in the module in which it actually occurs. The calculation of biogenic carbon content and conversion to carbon dioxide is done according to the NS-EN 16449: 2014. The contribution to GWP from biogenic carbon is shown for each module on page 8.

370~kg /  $m^3$  dry weight for Superwood has a carbon content converted to carbon dioxide of 678.6~kg  $CO_2$  per  $m^3$  wood. The wood is from sustainable forestry and is FSC certified.



## LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The following information describes the scenarios in the different modules of the EPD. All numbers are pr m<sup>3</sup> Superwood.

#### Transport from production place to user (A4)

All production normally takes place directly from Hurdal to construction site or via retail. It is considered a scenario of 200 km on a truck> 32 t.

Туре	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption
Lorry	53 %	Lorry, >32t, EURO 6	200	0.017 l/tkm 3.4 l/t

#### Installation in the building (A5)

It is assumed 5% loss at installation and 1 MJ energy consumption at construction site.

Waste treatment of the packaging is included in A5.

	Unit	Value
Auxiliary material	kg	0
Water consumption	m <sup>3</sup>	0
Electricity consumption	kWh	0.28
Other energy sources	MJ	0
Material loss	kg	21.8
Output materials from waste		
treatment	kg	1.51
Dust in the air	kg	0

#### Replacement (B4)/Refurbishment (B5)

With normal stress and use, life expectancy is 60 years.

	Unit	Value
Replacement cycle*	year	60
Electricity consumption	kWh	0
Replacement of worn parts		0

#### End of Life (C1, C3, C4)

The product does not contain heavy metals. The waste processing is assumed as wood waste treated with incineration with energy recovery.

	Unit	Value
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0
Collected as mixed construction waste	kg	436.8
Reuse	kg	0
Recycling	kg	0
Energy recovery	kg	436.8
Incineration without energy recovery	kg	0
To landfill	kg	0

#### Maintenance (B2)/Repair (B3)

For Superwood untreated and treated with ferrous sulphate or Signature from the factory there is no need for new surface treatment during the lifetime.

For Superwood treated with paint from the factory,  $\,2$  coatings with new paint (0.15 kg / m2 per coat) every 10 years are necessary, as well as wash before painting.

It is assumed no need for repair (B3) during the lifetime.

Superwood with painted surface	Unit	Value
Maintenance cycle*	year	10
Auxiliary - detergent	kg	0.10
Other resources - 2 coats new paint/cycle	kg	14.3
Water consumption - washing/cycle	litre	2.00
Electricity consumption	MJ	0
Other energy sources	MJ	0
Material loss	kg	0

## Operational energy (B6) and water consumption (B7)

When used as an external cladding, the product has no operational energy or water consumption.

	Unit	Value
Water consumption	m3	0
Electricity consumption	kWh	0
Other energy sources	MJ	0
Power output of equipment	kWh	0

#### Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries (D)

The benefits of exported energy from energy recovery in a municipal treatment facility is calculated with substitution of Norwegian electricity market mix and Norwegian district heating mix. The electricity mix is the same as used in A1-A3 (Norway) and district heating mix is based on production in 2017 (Statistics Norway 2017c)

	Unit	Value	Value
		Untreated, ferr	Painted
		sulphate, Signatur	surface
Substitution of electrical energy	MJ	468	525
Substitution of thermal energy	MJ	4 558	5 113
Substitution of raw materials	kg	0	0

## Transport to waste processing (C2)

The average distance for transport of wood waste is 85 km in 2007 (Raadal et al., 2009).

Туре	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption		
Lorry	Average in Europe	Lorry 16-32t, Euro 5	85	0.045 l/tkm 3.8 l/t		

#### Additional technical information

Conversion of the results from pr m<sup>3</sup> to pr m<sup>2</sup> can be done by multiplying the result with the thickness in meters. Standard thickness is 21 mm. Ex: 159 kg  $CO_2$  e/m<sup>3</sup> \* 0,021 m = 3.35 kg  $CO_2$  e/m<sup>2</sup> exterior dressing by Superwood

<sup>\*</sup> Number or reference lifetime



## **LCA: Results**

The results for global warming in the various modules make a huge contribution from the absorption and emission of biogenic carbon. Net contribution from biogenic carbon in each module is shown on page 8.

Unt. and fe.: Untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate. Signatur: Surface treated with Signature.

LCA results for untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate are merged, as the difference for all indicators (A1-A3) is around 0.1%. For C3, the difference between unt., fe and signature is between 1% and 3% (4% for NHW and 15% for HW).

Syste	System boundaries (X=included, MND= module not declared, MNR=module not relevant)															
Pro	Product stage Ass			Assembly stage			Use stage					End	d of life	stage		Beyond the system boundaries
Raw materials	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
A1	A2	АЗ	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х

Environme	Environmental impact: Untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate / Signaur												
		Unt. and fe.	Signatur		Unt. and fe.	Signatur							
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
GWP	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq	-519	-479	5.11	8.81	11.7	9.94E-03	6.23	701	2.59E-02	-36.4		
ODP	kg CFC11-eq	1.97E-05	2.32E-05	8.87E-07	1.11E-06	1.29E-06	1.01E-09	1.14E-06	5.51E-07	6.65E-09	-4.47E-06		
POCP	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -eq	7.68E-02	9.87E-02	7.2E-04	4.14E-03	5.24E-03	2.24E-06	1.14E-06	4.23E-03	1.07E-05	-1.96E-02		
AP	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq	0.91	1.13	1.06E-02	5.22E-02	6.34E-02	4.45E-05	1.05E-03	0.101	1.82E-04	-0.212		
EP	kg PO <sub>4</sub> 3eq	0.284	0.382	2.05E-03	2.10E-02	2.61E-02	2.26E-05	2.05E-02	0.132	3.90E-05	-7.84E-02		
ADPM	kg Sb-eq	9.14E-04	1.14E-03	1.24E-05	4.78E-05	5.90E-05	1.26E-07	1.82E-05	1.02E-05	2.53E-08	-1.74E-04		
ADPE	MJ	2 124	2 653	71.3	118	144	0.110	94.2	63.2	0.650	-507		

Environme	Environmental impact: Surface treated with paint										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3		A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq	-440		5.11	23.0	401	9.94E-03	6.23	888	1.18E-02	-40.7
ODP	kg CFC11-eq	2.67E-05		8.87E-07	1.48E-06	3.56E-05	1.01E-09	1.14E-06	7.07E-07	1.37E-08	-5.00E-06
POCP	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> -eq	0.121		7.2E-04	6.38E-03	0.221	2.24E-06	1.14E-06	5.07E-03	2.02E-05	-2.19E-02
AP	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -eq	1.36		1.06E-02	7.55E-02	2.23	4.45E-05	1.05E-03	0.120	3.28E-04	-0.237
EP	kg PO <sub>4</sub> 3eq	0.479		2.05E-03	3.26E-02	0.986	2.26E-05	2.05E-02	0.165	6.97E-05	-8.76E-02
ADPM	kg Sb-eq	1.36E-03		1.24E-05	7.03E-05	2.24E-03	1.26E-07	1.82E-05	1.38E-05	5.08E-08	-1.94E-04
ADPE	MJ	3 185		71.3	172	5 326	0.110	94.2	79.7	1.28	-566

**GWP** Global warming potential; **ODP** Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; **POCP** Formation potential of tropospheric photochemical oxidants; **AP** Acidification potential of land and water; **EP** Eutrophication potential; **ADPM** Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources; **ADPE** Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources

Resource	use: Untreated	d surface a	nd surfac	e treated	with ferro	us sulpha	te / Signa	aur			
		Unt. and fe.	Signatur		Unt. and fe.	Signatur					
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
RPEE	MJ	1 896	1 978	0.501	459	463	1.16	1.01	7 260	1.18E-02	-2 302
RPEM	MJ	7 410	7 410	0	7.55	7.55	0	0	-7 259	0	0
TPE	MJ	9 306	9 388	0.501	467	471	1.16	1.01	1.58	1.18E-02	-2 302
NRPE	MJ	1 306	1 791	73.0	76.7	101	0.135	95.8	56.7	0.659	-512
NRPM	MJ	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	INA	INA	0
TRPE	MJ	1 306	1 791	73.0	767	101	0.135	95.8	56.7	0.659	-512
SM	kg	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	0	0	0
W	$m^3$	219	220	1.21E-02	11.0	11.0	8.72E-03	2.03E-02	0.226	6.92E-04	-10.9



Resource	Resource use: Surface treated with paint										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3		A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
RPEE	MJ	2 060		0.501	467	839	1.16	1.007	7 261	2.43E-02	-2 574
RPEM	MJ	7 410		0	7.55	0	0	0	-7 259	0	0
TPE	MJ	9 470		0.501	475	839	1.16	1.007	2.22	2.43E-02	-2 574
NRPE	MJ	2 277		73.0	126	4 880	0.135	95.8	71.7	1.30	-572
NRPM	MJ	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	INA	INA	0
TRPE	MJ	2 277		73.0	126	4 880	0.135	95.8	71.7	1.30	-572
SM	kg	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF	MJ	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	0	0	0
W	m <sup>3</sup>	221	•	1.21E-02	11.1	11.4	8.72E-03	2.03E-02	0.274	1.46E-03	-12.2

RPEE Renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; RPEM Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TPE Total use of renewable primary energy resources; NRPE Non renewable primary energy resources used as energy carrier; NRPM Non renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; TRPE Total use of non renewable primary energy resources; SM Use of secondary materials; RSF Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF Use of non renewable secondary fuels; W Net use of fresh water

End of life - Waste: Untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate / Signaur											
Unt. and fe. Signatur Unt. and fe. Signatur											
Parameter	ameter Unit A1-A3 A1-A3 A4 A5 A5 C1 C2 C3 C4 D								D		
HW	kg	3.56E-02	3.62E-02	3.75E-05	1.81E-03	1.84E-03	1.69E-07	5.76E-05	5.27E.04	4.18E-0.7	-5.35E-04
NHW	IHW kg 55.5 70.2 0.07 3.48 4.24 8.33E-03 4.42 4.83 4.82 -12.5										
RW	kg	8.10E-03	9.42E-03	5.02E-04	4.72E-04	5.38E-04	8.07E-07	6.46E-04	1.57E-04	3.79E-06	2.11E-03

End of life - Waste: Surface treated with paint											
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3		A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HW	kg	3.67E-02		3.75E-05	1.91E-05	5.55E-03	1.69E-07	5.76E-05	1.28E-03	8.59E-07	-5.98E-04
NHW	kg	85.0		0.07	5.22	148	8.33E-03	4.42	7.18	7.42	-14.0
RW	kg	1.07E-02		5.02E-04	6.07E-04	1.33E-02	8.07E-07	6.46E-04	2.07E-04	7.79E-06	-2.36E-03

HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed

End of life - Output flow: - Untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate / Signaur											
	Unt. and fe. Signatur Unt. and fe. Signatur										
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
CR	kg	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	0	0	0
MR	kg	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	MJ	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	450	0	-468
ETE	MJ	INA	INA	0	INA	INA	0	0	4 387	0	-4 558

End of life - Output flow: - Surface treated with paint											
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3		A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
CR	kg	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	0	0	0
MR	kg	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER	kg	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	MJ	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	502	0	-525
ETE	MJ	INA		0	INA	0	0	0	4 892	0	-5 113

CR Components for reuse; MR Materials for recycling; MER Materials for energy recovery; EEE Exported electric energy; ETE Exported thermal energy

INA = Indicator not assessed

Reading example:  $9.0 \text{ E}-03 = 9.0 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0.009$ 



## **Additional Norwegian requirements**

#### Greenhous gas emission from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

**Production Norway:** National production mix with import on low voltage (included production of transmission lines, in addition to direct emissions and losses in grid) is applied for electricity in the manufacturing process (A3). The annual market volume of imports is taken from IEA / OECD statistics and applies for year 2012 (ecoinvent 3.2 Nov. Nov. 2015).

**Production Denmark:** Danish wind power (Guarantee of Origin: KlimaEl Vind). Documentation on certificate is provided upon request to Superwood AS.

Data source	Amount	Unit
Norway: Ecoinvent v3.2 (November 2015)	0.0358	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq/kWh
<b>Denmark</b> : Ecoinvent v3.2 (November 2015), Guarantee of Origin: wind power, KlimaEl wind	0.0197	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq/kWh

#### **Dangerous substances**

- ☑ The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list
- ☐ The product contains substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list that are less than 0,1 % by weight.
- ☐ The product contain dangerous substances, more then 0,1% by weight, given by the REACH Candidate List or the Norwegian Priority list, see table.
- ☐ The product contains no substances given by the REACH Candidate list or the Norwegian priority list. The product is classified as hazardous waste (Avfallsforskiften, Annex III), see table.

Name	CAS no.	Amount

#### **Transport**

Transport from production site Hurdal to construction site according to scenario A4:

200 km

Туре	Capacity utilisation (incl. return) %	Type of vehicle	Distance km	Fuel/Energy consumption
Lorry	53 %	Lorry, >32t, EURO 6	200	0.017 l/tkm 3.4 l/t

#### Indoor environment

Superwood is intended for external use and will not affect indoor environment.

#### **Climate Declaration - Biogenic Carbon**

To increase transparency in the contribution to climate impact, the GWP indicator has been divided into the following sub-indicators:

GWP-IOBC: Climate impact calculated by the principle of immediate oxidation of biogenic carbon.

GWP-BC: Climate impact from net absorption and emissions of biogenic carbon from the materials in each module.

Climate Impact: Untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate / Signaur											
		Unt. and fe.	Signatur		Unt. and fe.	Signatur					
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-IOBC	kg	159	199	5.11	8.81	11.7	9.94E-03	6.23	22.18	2.59E-02	-36.4
GWP-BC kg -679 -679 0 0 0 0 679 0 0								0			
GWP	kg	-519	-479	5.11	8.81	11.7	9.94E-03	6.23	701	2.59E-02	-36.4

Climate Impact: Surface treatment									
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3							
GWP-IOBC	kg	239							
GWP-BC	kg	-679							
GWP	kg	-440							

with paint										
	A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D		
	5.11	23.0	401	9.94E-03	6.23	209	4.62E-02	-40.7		
	0	0	0	0	0	679	0	0		
	5.11	23.0	401	9.94E-03	6.23	888	4.62E-02	-40.7		

## Climate Declaration - Production A3 without use of Guarantee of Origin

To increase transparency in the contribution to climate impact, climate impact of production (A3) in Denmark is calculated without the use of Guarantee of Origin. National market mix with low-voltage imports, including production of line transmission and net loss, is used for electricity in the production process (A3).

Data source	Amount	Unit
Denmark: Ecoinvent v3.2 (November 2015)	0.307	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -eq/kWh

Climate Impact: Untreated surface and surface treated with ferrous sulphate / Signaur											
		Unt. and fe.	Signatur		Unt. and fe.	Signatur					
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A1-A3	A4	A5	A5	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-IOBC	kg	210	250	5.11	11.3	14.2	9.94E-03	6.23	5.19	2.59E02	-36.4

Climate Impact: Surface treatment with paint											
Parameter	Unit	A1-A3		A4	A5	B2	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-IOBC	kg	290		5.11	25.5	401	9.94E-03	6.23	209	4.62E02	-40.7



## **Bibliography**

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