

YUCATÁN

CENOTES & HACIENDAS

Enjoy the beauty, history and mysticism that these attractions have to offer during your visit.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL ZONE

Discover the importance of Uxmal.

GASTRONOMY

Delight your senses with the typical dishes of Yucatán..



CENOTES & HACIENDAS



MAGICAL CENOTES

Yucatan has several natural beauties, among them we can find the cenotes, which represent a great historical heritage, they have an extraordinary beauty. We invite you to visit them and immerse yourself in their magical waters.

SAN IGNACIO, CENOTE

Just 20 minutes away from Mérida, in the town of Chocholá, is the incredibly beautiful San Ignacio cenote, located inside a grotto; the warm turquoise water and its shallow depth are ideal for snorkeling and observing the abundant marine fauna that inhabits the place.

IK KIL CENOTE

This wonderful cenote is located 4 kilometers from the archaeological site of Chichen Itza, also known as Sacred Blue Cenote. It is approximately 60 meters in diameter, 40 meters deep, tree roots hang from the top which adorn the interior of this cenote of warm and crystalline water.

XOCH' CENOTE

It is located in the region of Cuzama. This is one of the most visited due to the incredible natural beauty which offers a view of the álamo tree that crowns the diameter, for its warm blue waters. It has a depth of approximately 67 meters.



Xoch' Cenote



San Ignacio Cenote



Ik Kil Cenote

HACIENDAS

HACIENDA TEMOZÓN

If you visit it, it will take you back to the past with its infrastructure and ornamental details. The Hacienda served as a church during the 17th century.

Presently It is a 5-star hotel. It has 28 luxury suites, a living room, a library and you can also visit the room where the industrial vestiges and elements for the processing of fiber are kept.

It is located 30 km from the archaeological site of Uxmal in the municipality of Abalá.



HACIENDA XCANATÚN

It was built in the 18th century for farming and agricultural purposes, it is also known as "La Casa de Piedra" (The Stone House).

The hacienda opened its doors in 2000 as a luxury hotel. It has 18 rooms with first class facilities, outdoor jacuzzis, its decoration is a mix of traditional and contemporary historical elements.

Located less than 15 km away from the historic center of Merida.



HACIENDA SOTUTA DE PEÓN

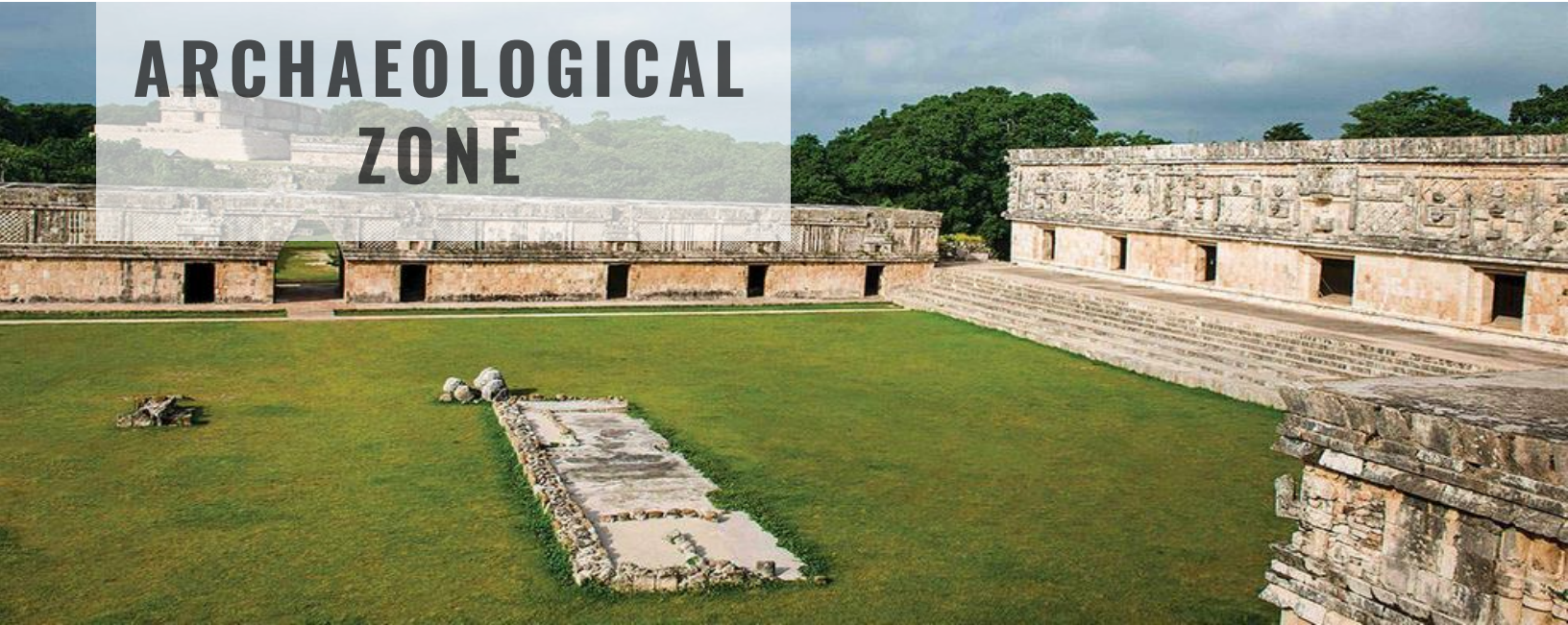
During your visit you will enjoy a trip through the past and the history of the haciendas that are older than 100 years old.

Here the tour is done by trucks. Its henequen plantations will receive you and take you to see the typical Mayan house, its cenote framed by natural stone sculptures, the machine house and the main house.

It is located in the heart of the henequen zone of Yucatan, 48 km from its capital.



ARCHAEOLOGICAL ZONE



UXMAL "THE THREE TIMES BUILT"

Yucatan has 19 archaeological sites open to the public, each one will allow you to learn more about the greatness and importance of the Maya civilization.

Uxmal is located in the south of the state of Yucatan, 80 kilometers from the city of Merida, it is considered the most representative settlement of the architecture of the Puuc Region.

The discoveries in this archaeological zone point to the following:

- The city was founded by the Xiues tribe, its occupation dates from the late classic period (600- 1000 A.D.).
- It had a population of approximately 20,000 inhabitants.
- • They worshiped mainly water deities, earth, sun and Venus, which are present in the orientation and decoration of its structures. An example of this can be found in the "Templo del Adivino" (Pyramid of the Magician). This pyramid is decorated with masks of the god Chaac.



Chaac God Masks

This archaeological zone has 15 groups of buildings, distributed from north to south, in an extension of approximately 2 km.

Among the most representative buildings, for their impressive architecture and ornamentation, are the "Piramide del Adivino" (Pyramid of the Soothsayer), "Palacio del Gobernador" (the Governor's Palace), "Cuadrángulo de las Monjas" (the Quadrangle of the Nuns), "Casa de las Palomas" (the House of the Pigeons), the Ball Court, "Templo de los Falos" (the Temple of the Phalluses) and the Cemetery.

Uxmal was abandoned around 1080 A.D., believed to be due to a social revolt that brought down the ruling elite.

During your visit to Uxmal, at night you can enjoy the sound and light show from the Cuadrángulo de las Monjas, which narrates the Maya legends and customs and is translated into 4 languages



La Casa de las Palomas

GASTRONOMY



PANUCHOS & PAPADZULES

Yucatan enjoys an extensive and exquisite gastronomy which converges with diverse flavors brought by the Spaniards during the vicerealty, with Caribbean and Middle Eastern contributions.

Among the elements that highlight the seasoning in Yucatecan gastronomy are the purple onion, pumpkin seed, xcatic chilli, habanero chilli, sweet chilli, chilli max, achiote and cilantro.

Panuchos are a typical dish and very covered by travelers. Its elaboration consists of the preparation of handmade tortillas which are fried and covered with black beans, shredded turkey or pork, lettuce, red onion and xnipec sauce.



Papadzules are a traditional dish of Yucatecan gastronomy. The name of this dish means "the master's food" (from the Maya, papa - food and dzul - master or gentleman).

This dish is prepared with tortillas filled with hard-boiled egg (like tacos), a pumpkin seed sauce and a tomato sauce with habanero chili to coat the tortillas. Finally, it can be garnished with red onion, chopped habanero chili and toasted pepitas.

We invite you to try these exquisite dishes during your next visit to Yucatán!



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