



# EUV High-NA scanner to extend EUV single exposure

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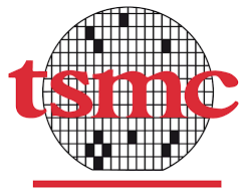
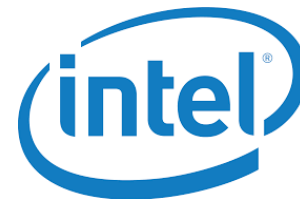
15 June 2016, EUVL Workshop, Berkeley

# Public quotes from major customers on EUV adoption



*Brian Krzanich CEO Intel*

EUV to shorten time to yield  
in the next 5 yrs



EUV will be adopted for  
production at N5

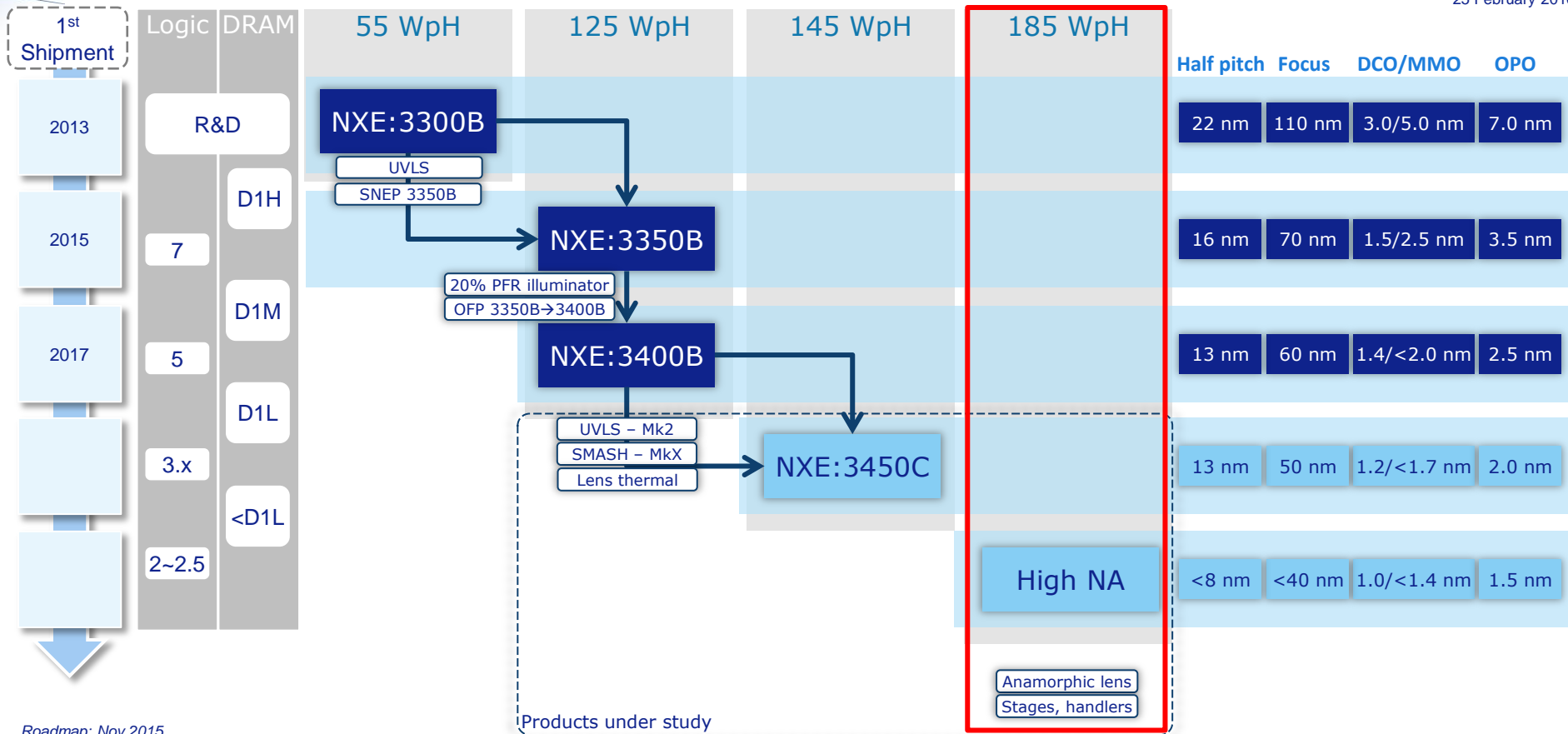


*Mark Liu, Co-CEO TSMC*

**SAMSUNG**

Intend do deploy EUV for 7  
nm

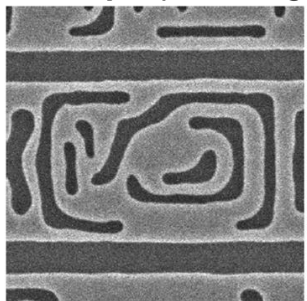
# NXE extension roadmap to optimize capital efficiency



# #Critical exposures for critical logic

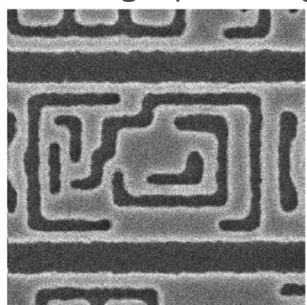
Further reduction of # exposures using EUV 0.55 NA

ArF **triple** patterning

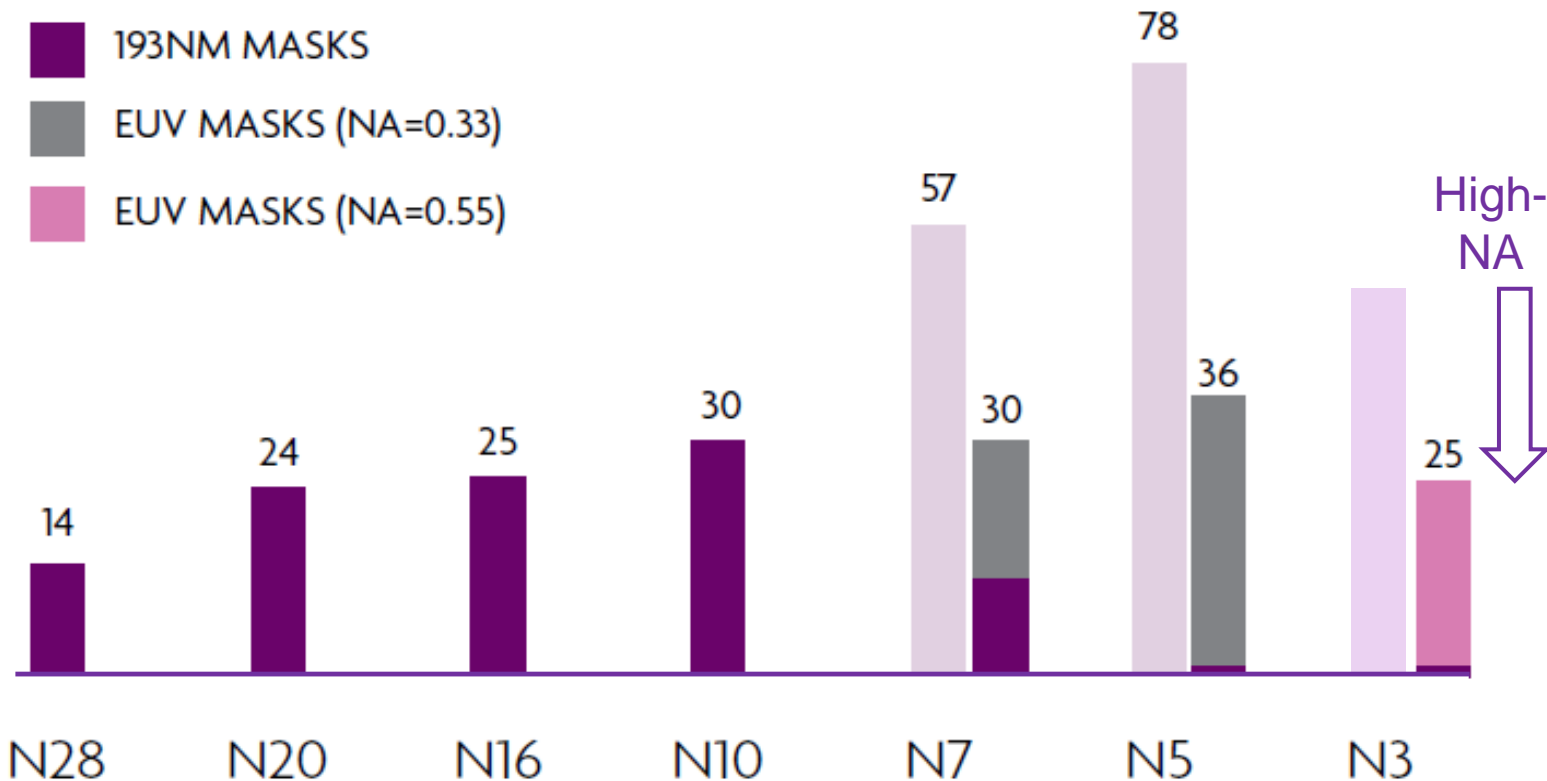


E=39.5mj, F=-30nm

EUV **single** patterning

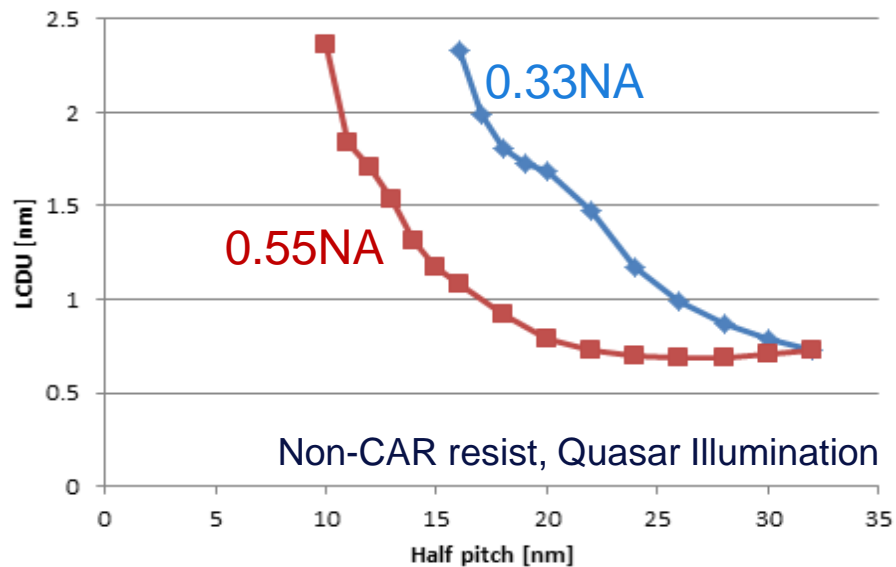
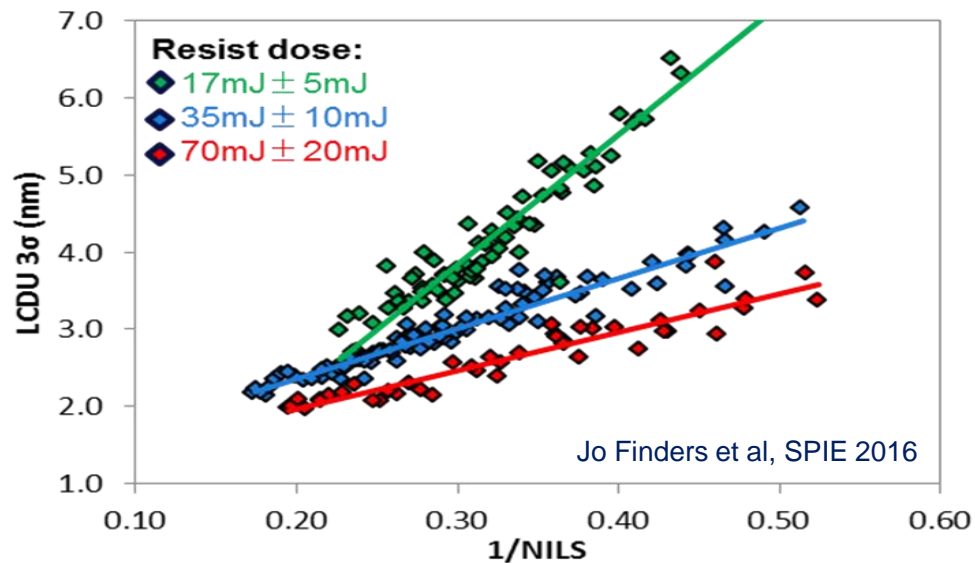
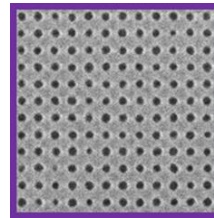


E=16.0mj, F=-50nm



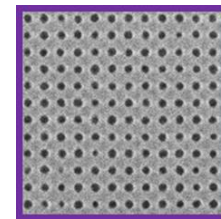
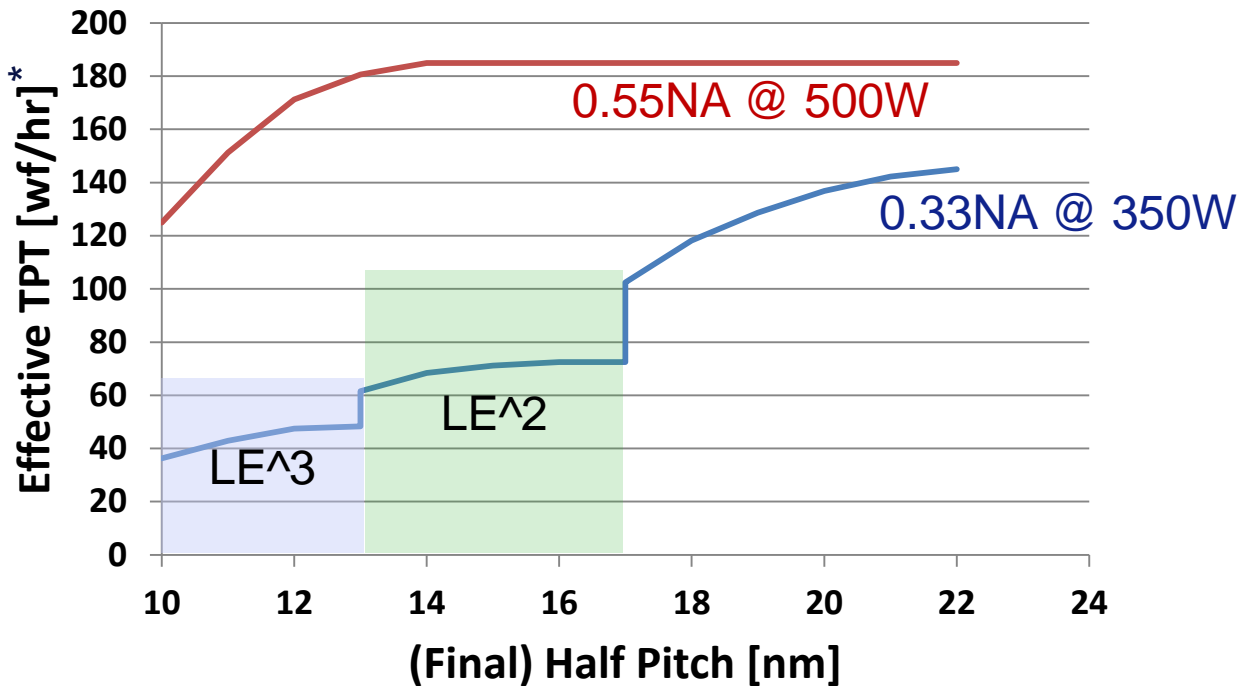
# Larger NA reduces Local CDU

Due to larger aerial image contrast



# Larger NA results in higher effective throughput

NA limits dose and # of LE steps



Quasar Illumination

\* Effective throughput = throughput / # LE steps

# Overview main System Changes High-NA tool

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## New Frames

- Larger to support Lens

## Mask Stage

- 4x current acceleration
- Same for REMA

## Illuminator

- Improved transmission

## Source

- Increased power

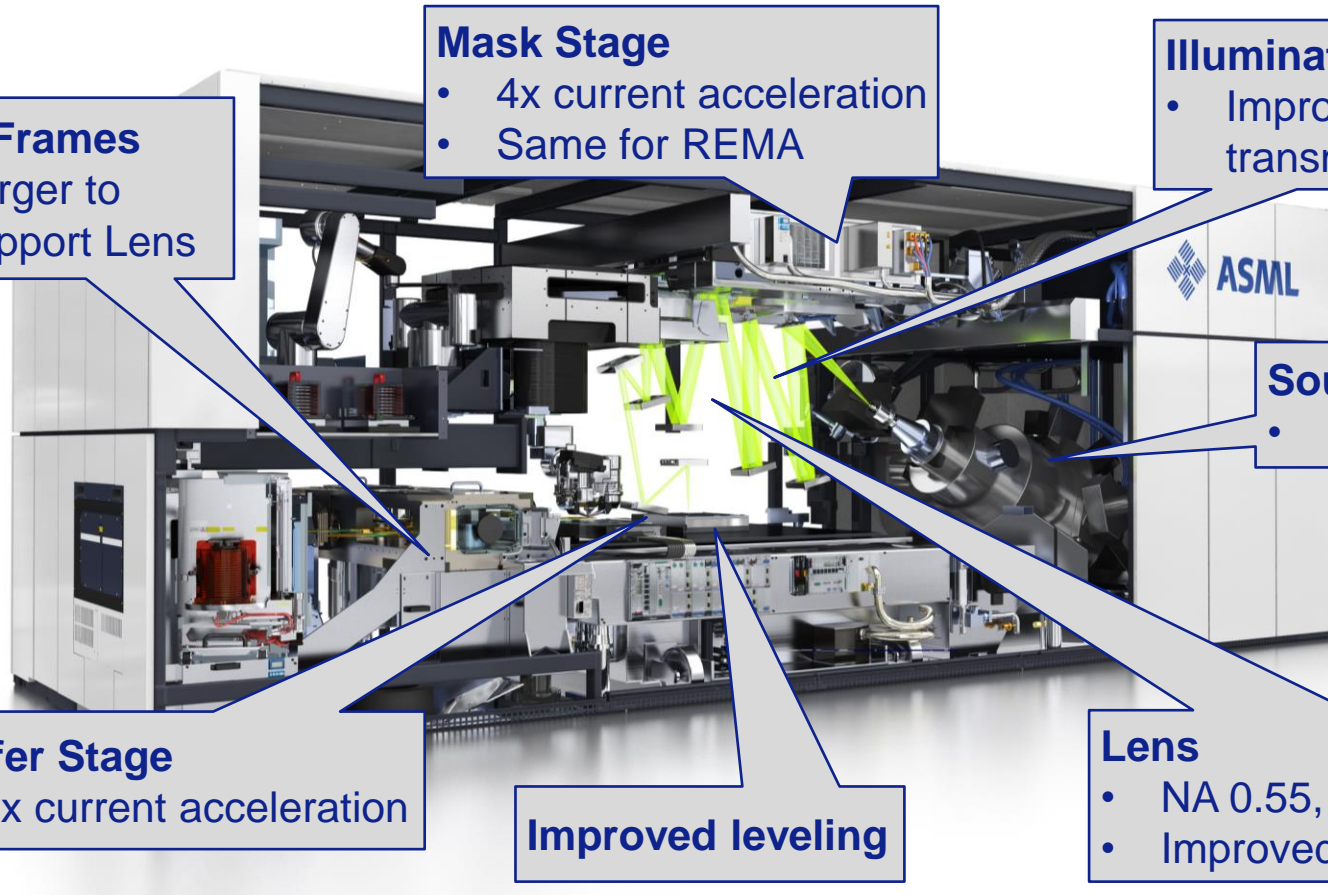
## Wafer Stage

- 2x current acceleration

## Improved leveling

## Lens

- NA 0.55, high transmission
- Improved Thermal Control



# Overview main System Changes High-NA tool

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## New Frames

- Larger to support Lens

## Mask Stage

- 4x current acceleration
- Same for REMA

## Illuminator

- Improved transmission

## Source

- Increased power

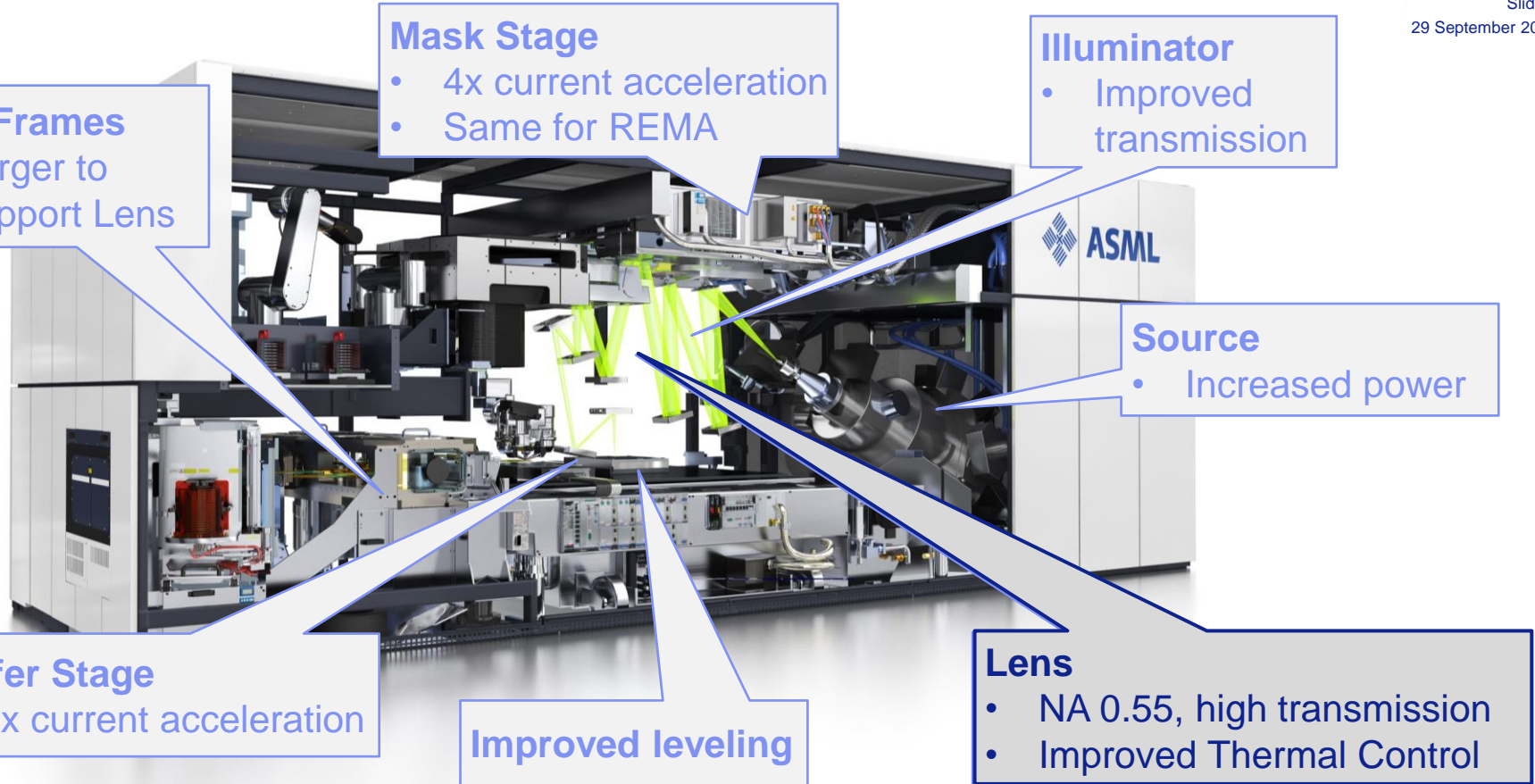
## Wafer Stage

- 2x current acceleration

## Improved leveling

## Lens

- NA 0.55, high transmission
- Improved Thermal Control

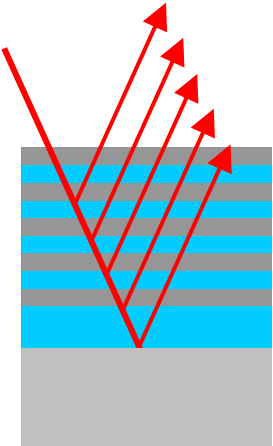
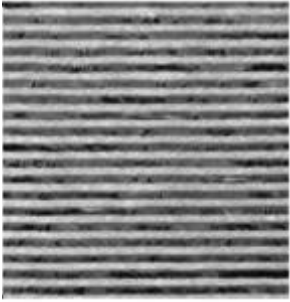




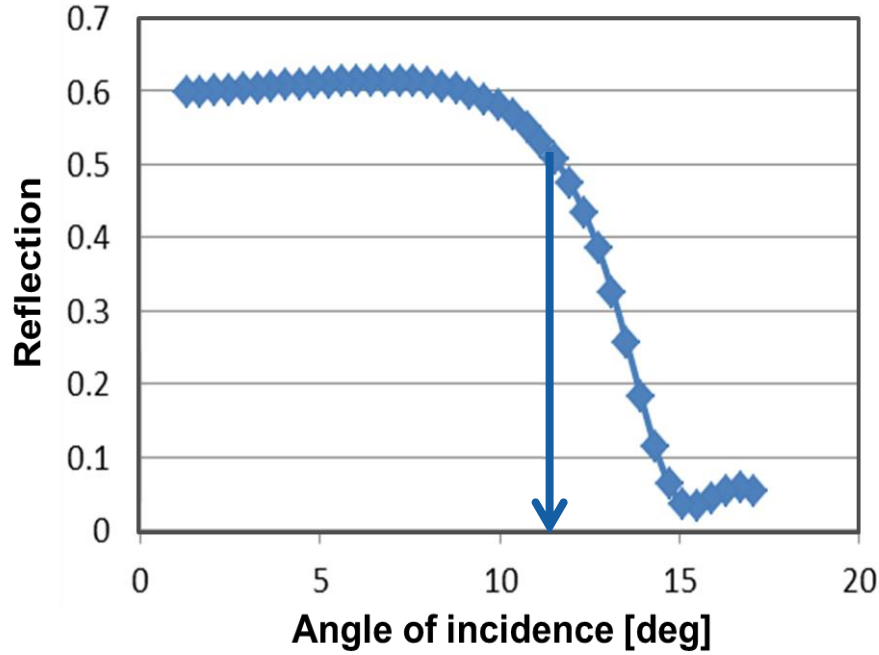
# EUV: it's all about the angle

High-NA comes with large angles

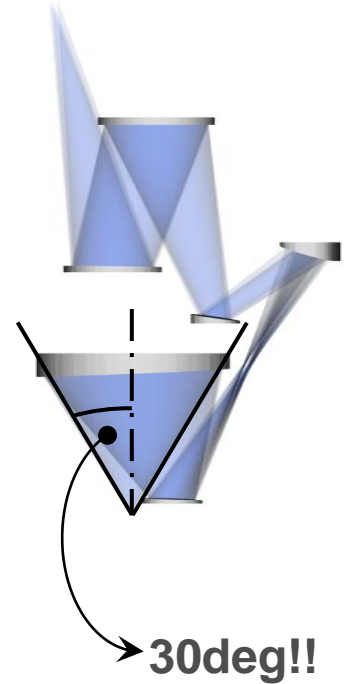
## MoSi Multilayer



### ML reflection



### NA=0.5

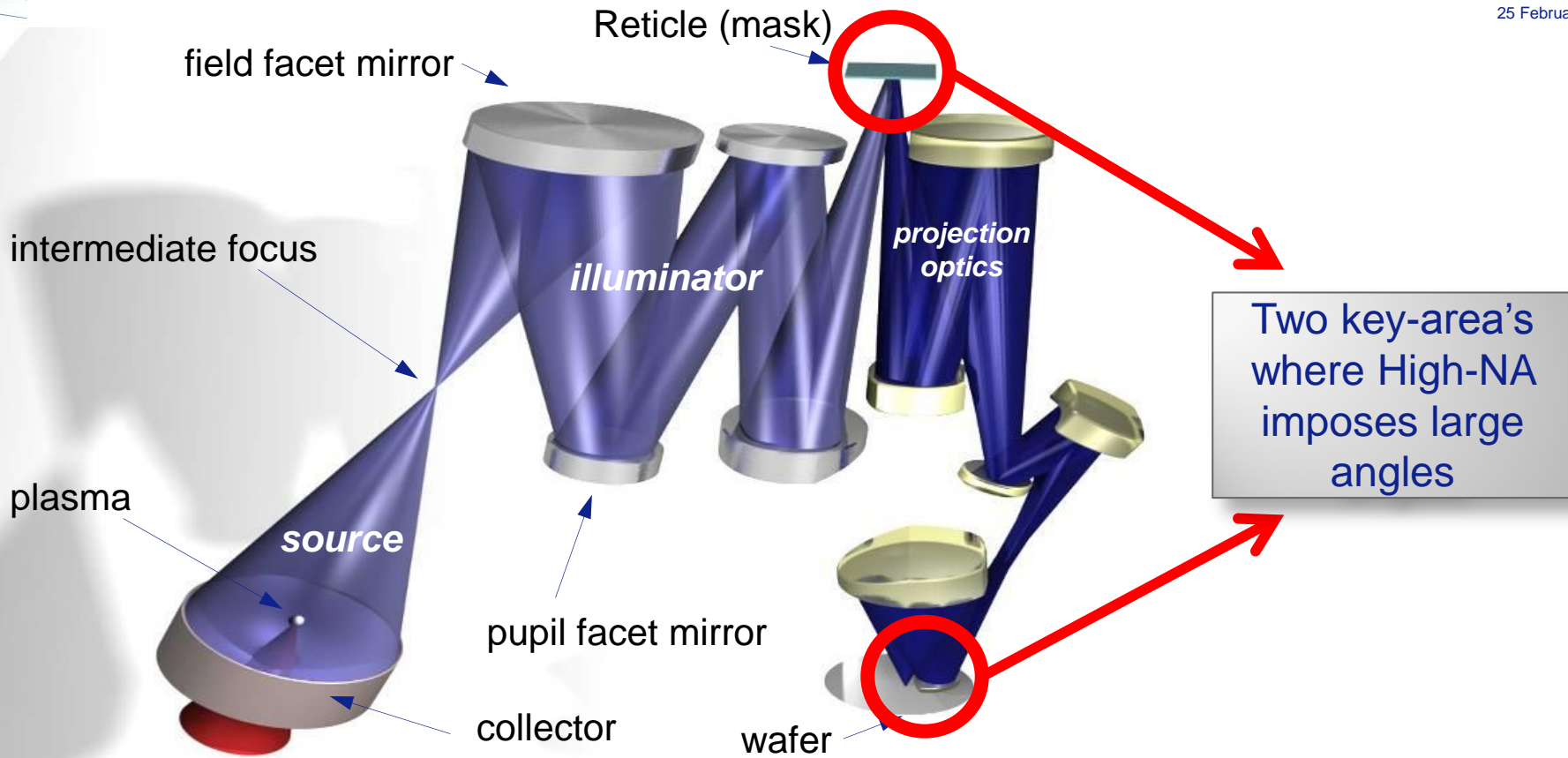


# EUV Optical Train



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# Simple model of the optical column

Bending out the light cones at the mask reduces contrast strongly

$$NA_{mask} = \frac{NA_{wafer}}{Mag}$$

illumination optics

source

mask

$4 \times 10 \text{ nm} = 40 \text{ nm}$

$\sim 120 \text{ nm}$

Small angle

Large angle

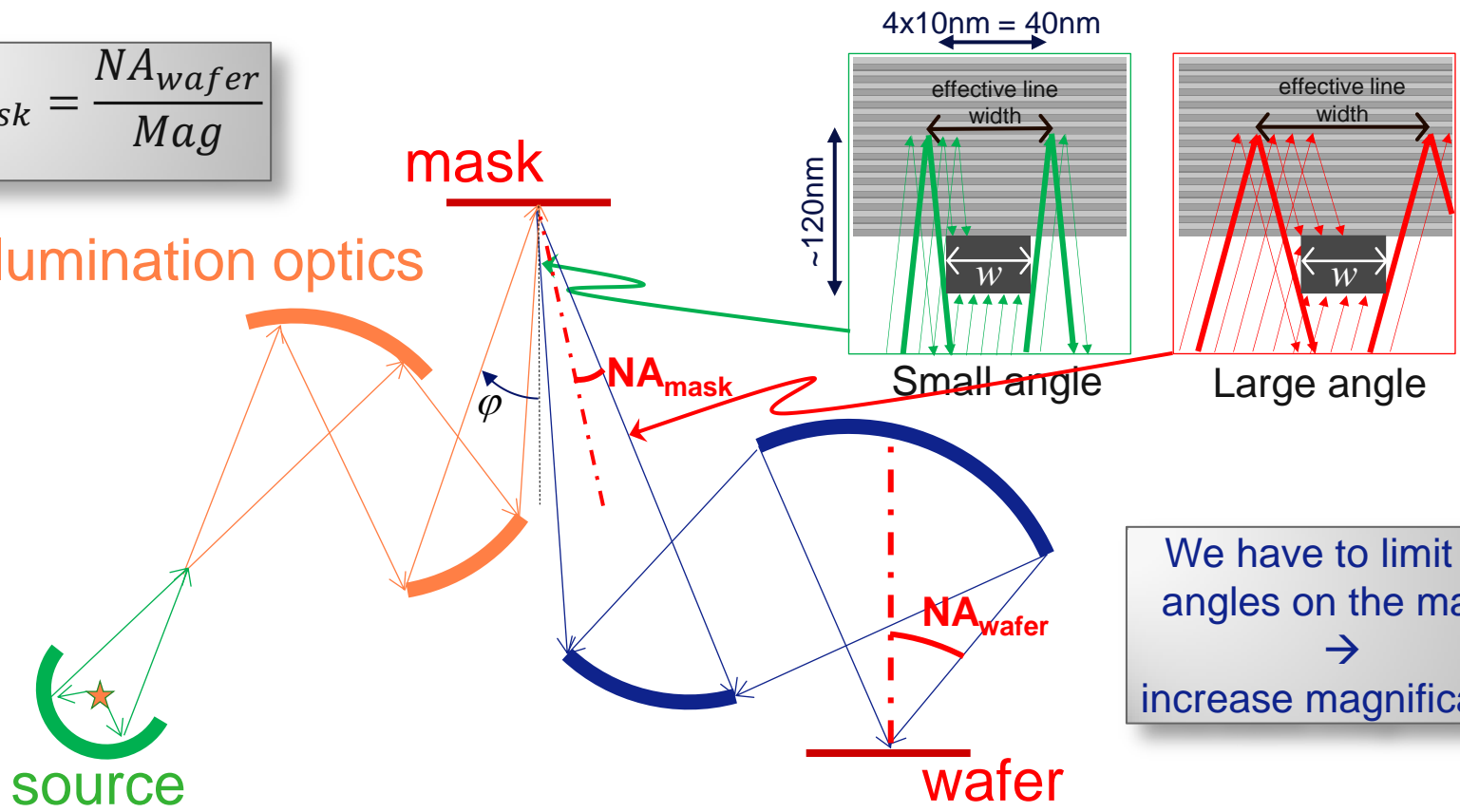
$\phi$

$NA_{mask}$

$NA_{wafer}$

wafer

We have to limit the angles on the mask!  
→  
increase magnification

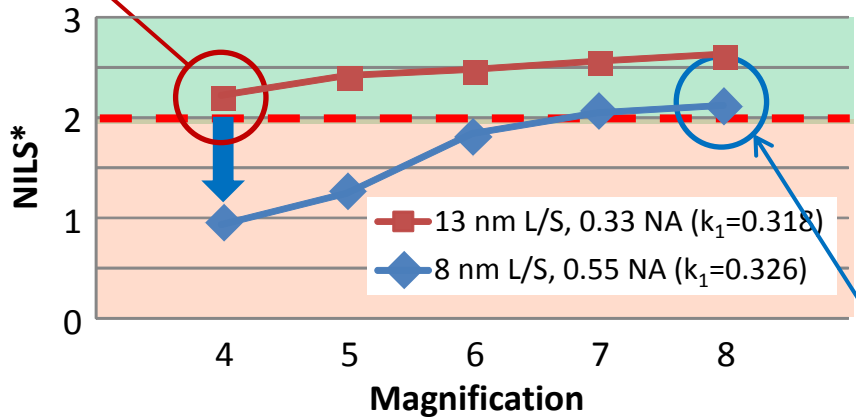


# Image contrast increases with a larger magnification

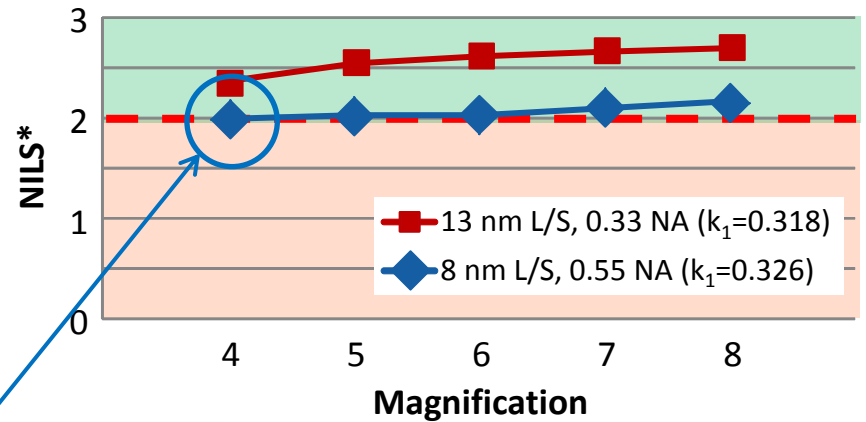
But only needed in one orientation

NXE:3300

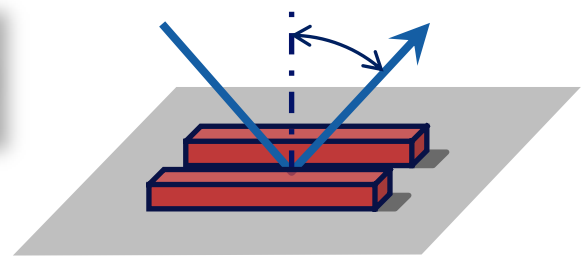
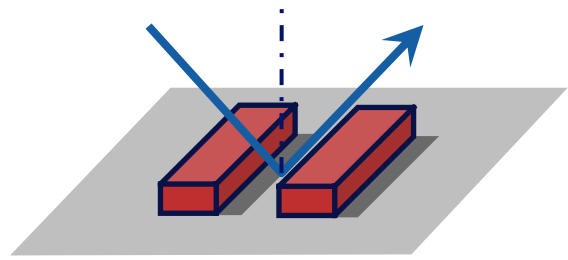
## Horizontal Lines



## Vertical Lines



Anamorphic magnification needed for High-NA



\*NILS = Normalized Image Log Slope, measure for image contrast

J. Van Schoot, et al, "EUV lithography scanner for sub-8nm resolution," Proc. SPIE 9422, (2015).

# High-NA $>0.5NA$ 4x/8x anamorphic magnification

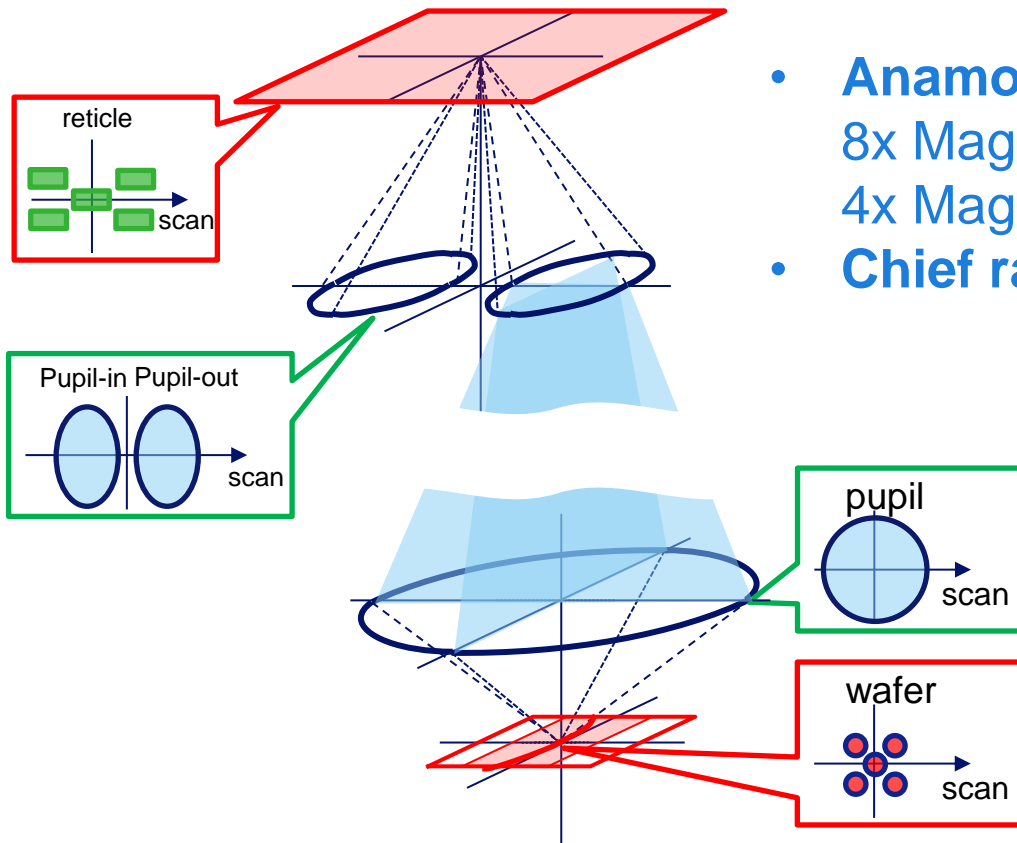
Chief Ray Angle at Mask can be maintained



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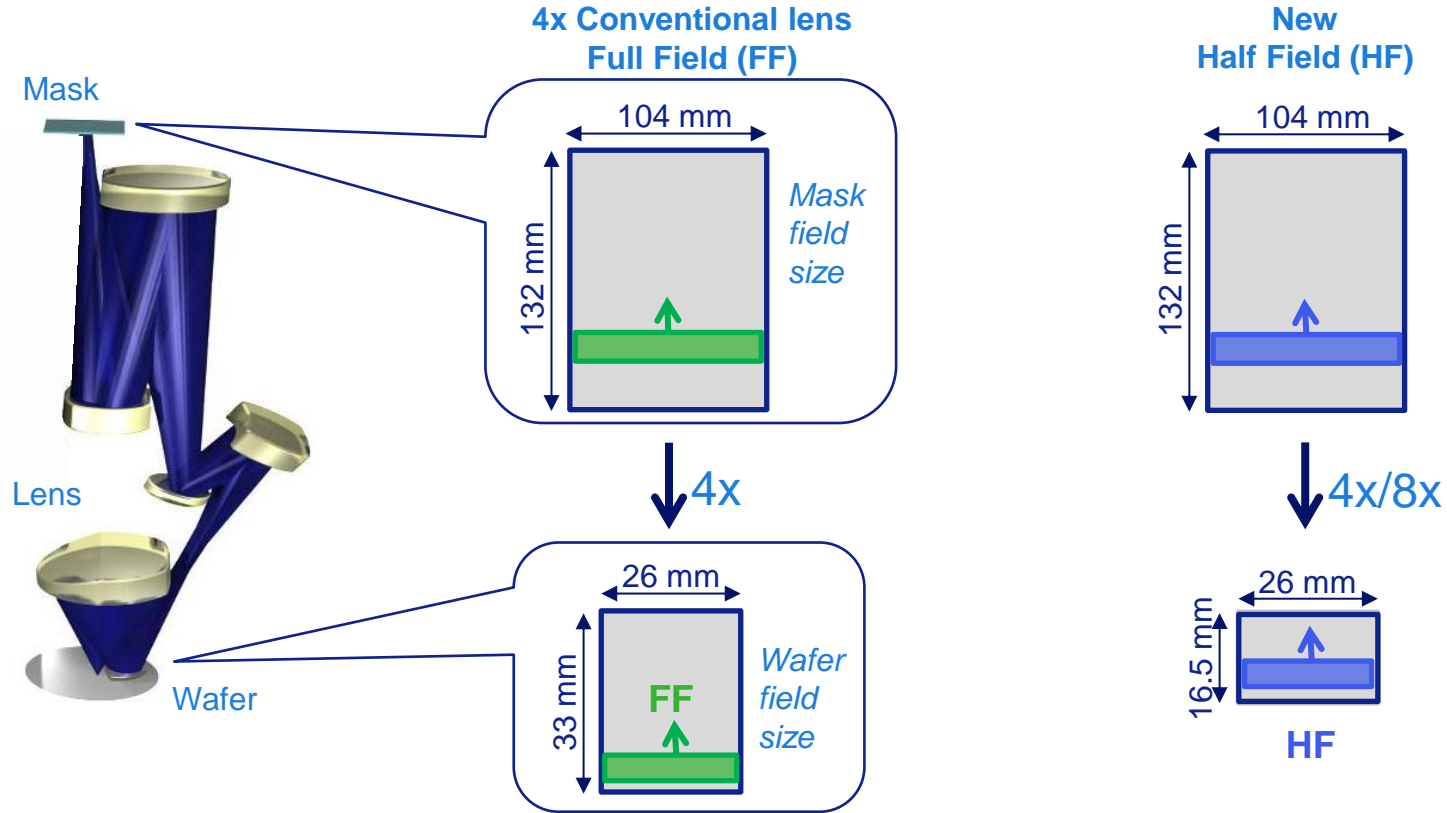


- **Anamorphic optics** → half field:  
8x Magnification in scan  
4x Magnification in other direction
- **Chief ray angle ok** → **Imaging ok**

The pattern at the mask needs to change

# High-NA Anamorphic Lens prints a half field

By utilizing the current 6" mask



Note: rectangular slit shown for illustration purposes

# Anamorphic optics are used in cinematography

“Don’t change the mask”



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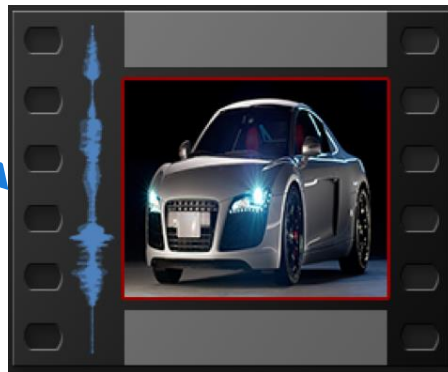


16x9



Anamorphic  
Camera

“The Mask”  
(24x36mm<sup>2</sup>)



16x9

Anamorphic  
Projector

# High-NA optics design concepts available

Larger elements with tighter specifications, no showstoppers



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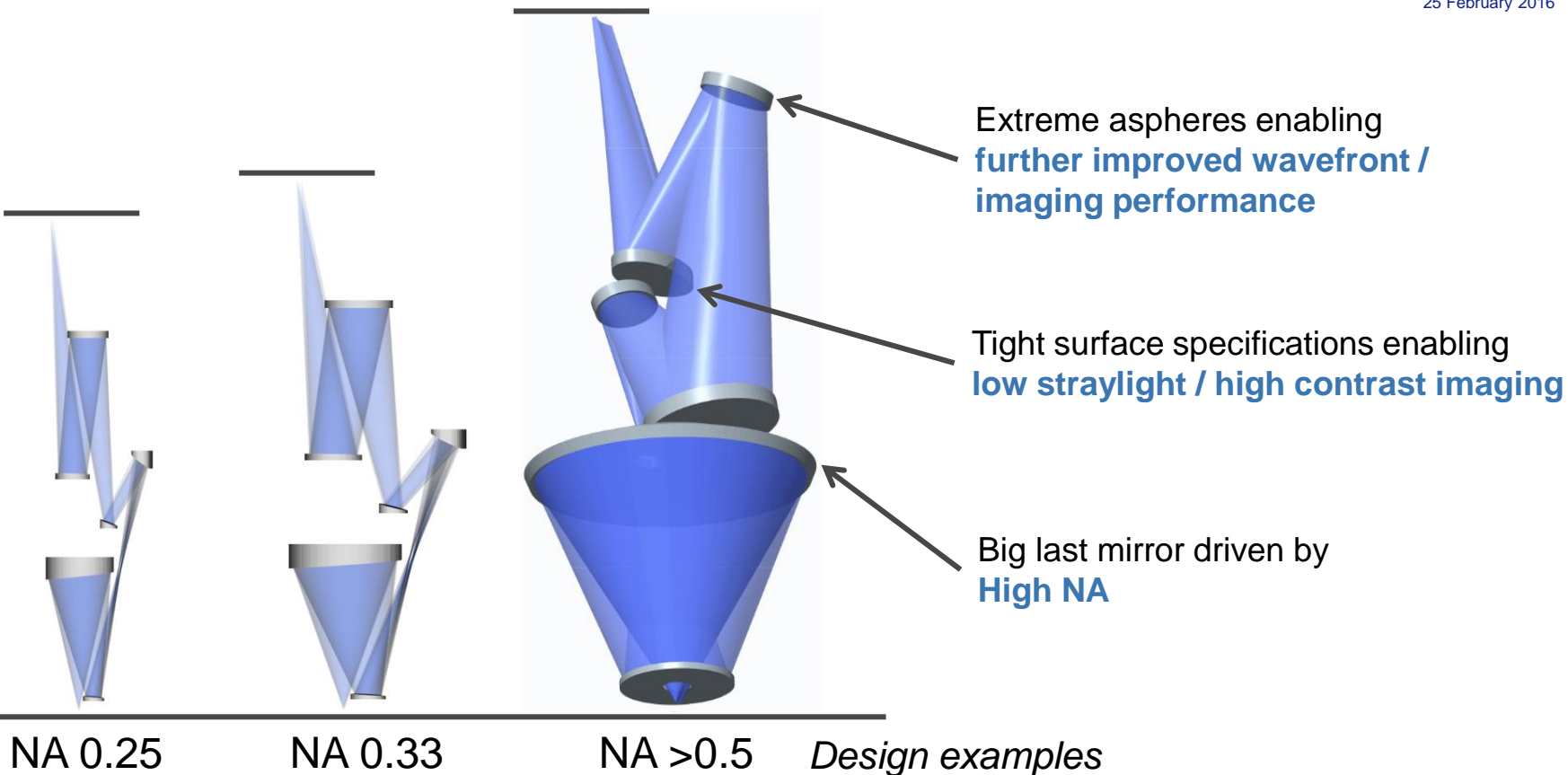
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Reticle level

Wafer level



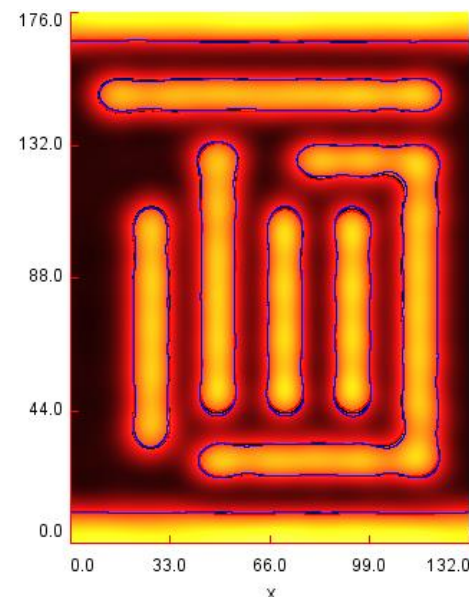
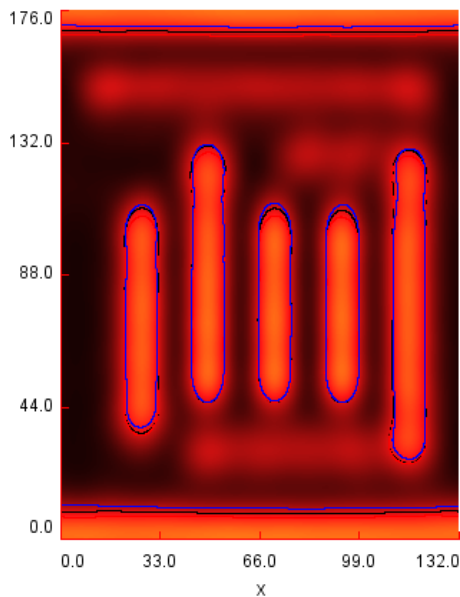
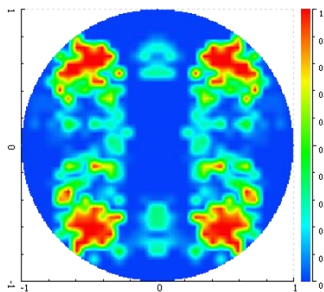
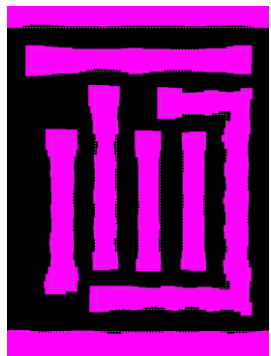
*B. Kneer, et al, "EUV lithography optics for sub-9nm resolution," Proc. SPIE 9422, (2015).*



# Imaging verification of the new Half Field concept

Logic N5 clip Metal-1, 11nm lines, SMO is done at 8x

## Aerial Image Intensity in Hyperlith



Note: pictures at same scale,  
smaller mask reflection is  
also visible

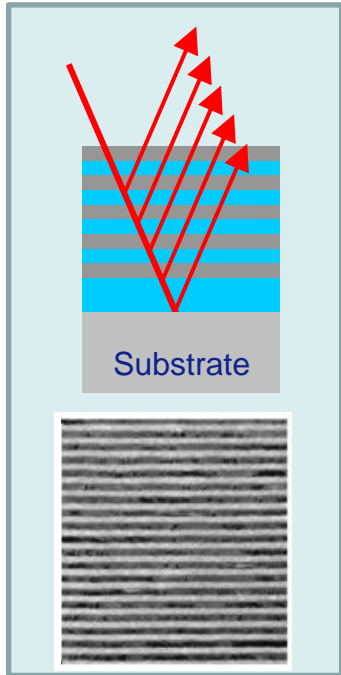
# High-NA optics has ~2x transmission

Smaller angles enable transmission gain vs non-obscured NA 0.33

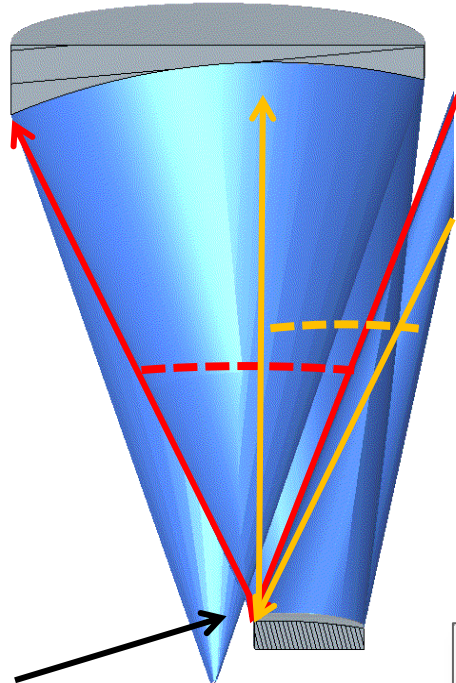


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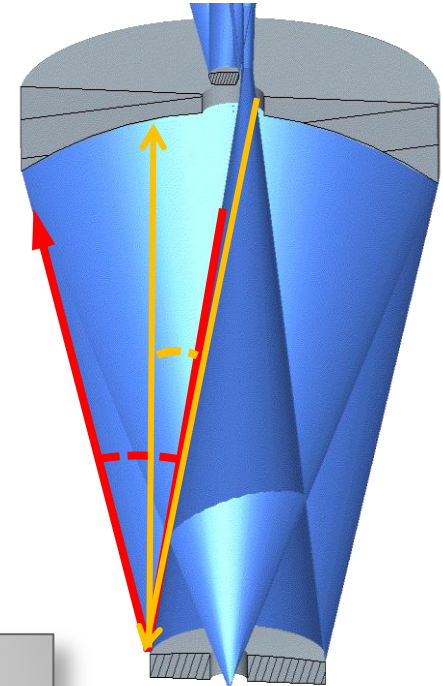


unobscured



Angles and angular spread decrease

obscured



Standard EUV coatings cannot handle these large angles

And even better:  
The smaller angular range increases the transmission

# Proven imaging performance with High-NA optics

## Spaces through pitch with small annular illumination

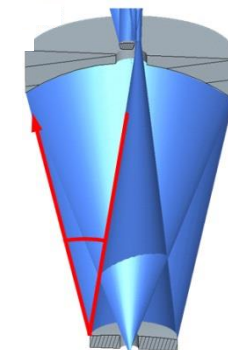
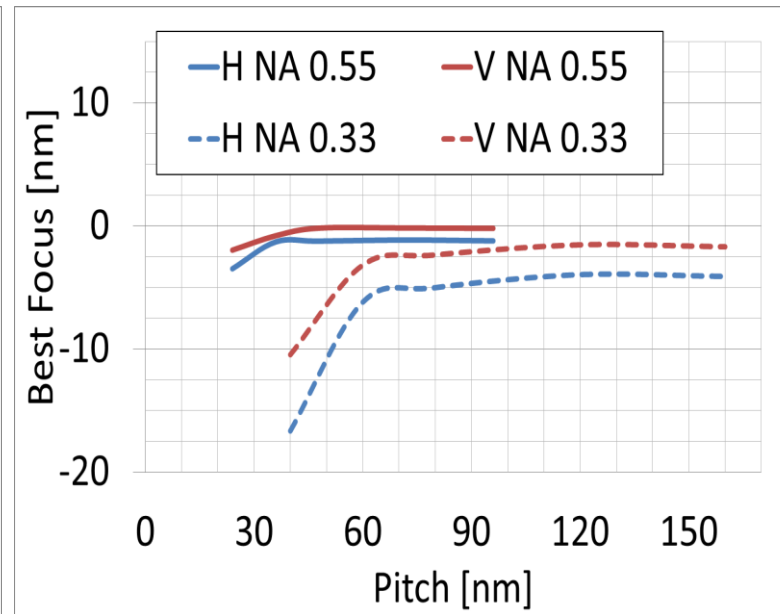
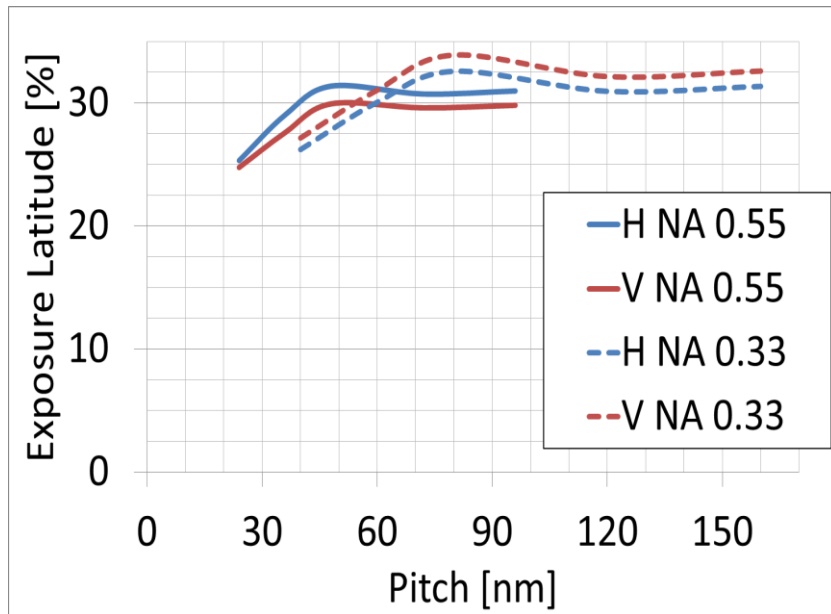


ASML

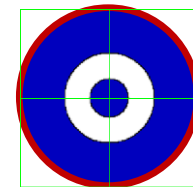
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wafer



HighNA  
obscured pupil

- Start pitch: 24nm for high-NA, 40nm for NA 0.33 →  $k_1 = 0.49$  in both cases.
- Anamorphic high NA w/ central obscuration: comparable exposure latitude, @ smaller pitches.
- Lower Best Focus variation for high NA.

# Overview main System Changes High-NA tool

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## New Frames

- Larger to support Lens

## Mask Stage

- 4x current acceleration
- Same for REMA

## Illuminator

- Improved transmission

## Source

- Increased power

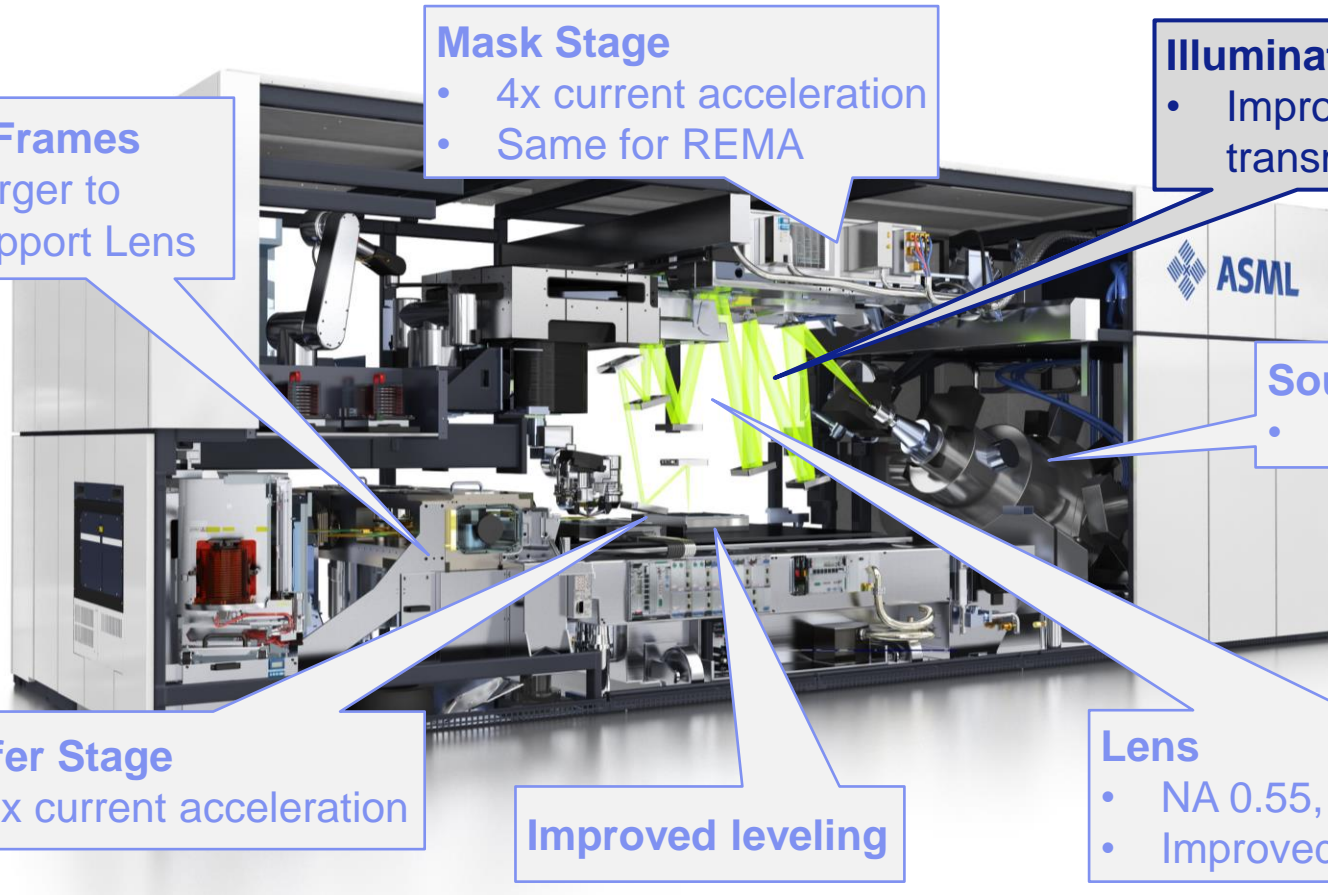
## Wafer Stage

- 2x current acceleration

## Improved leveling

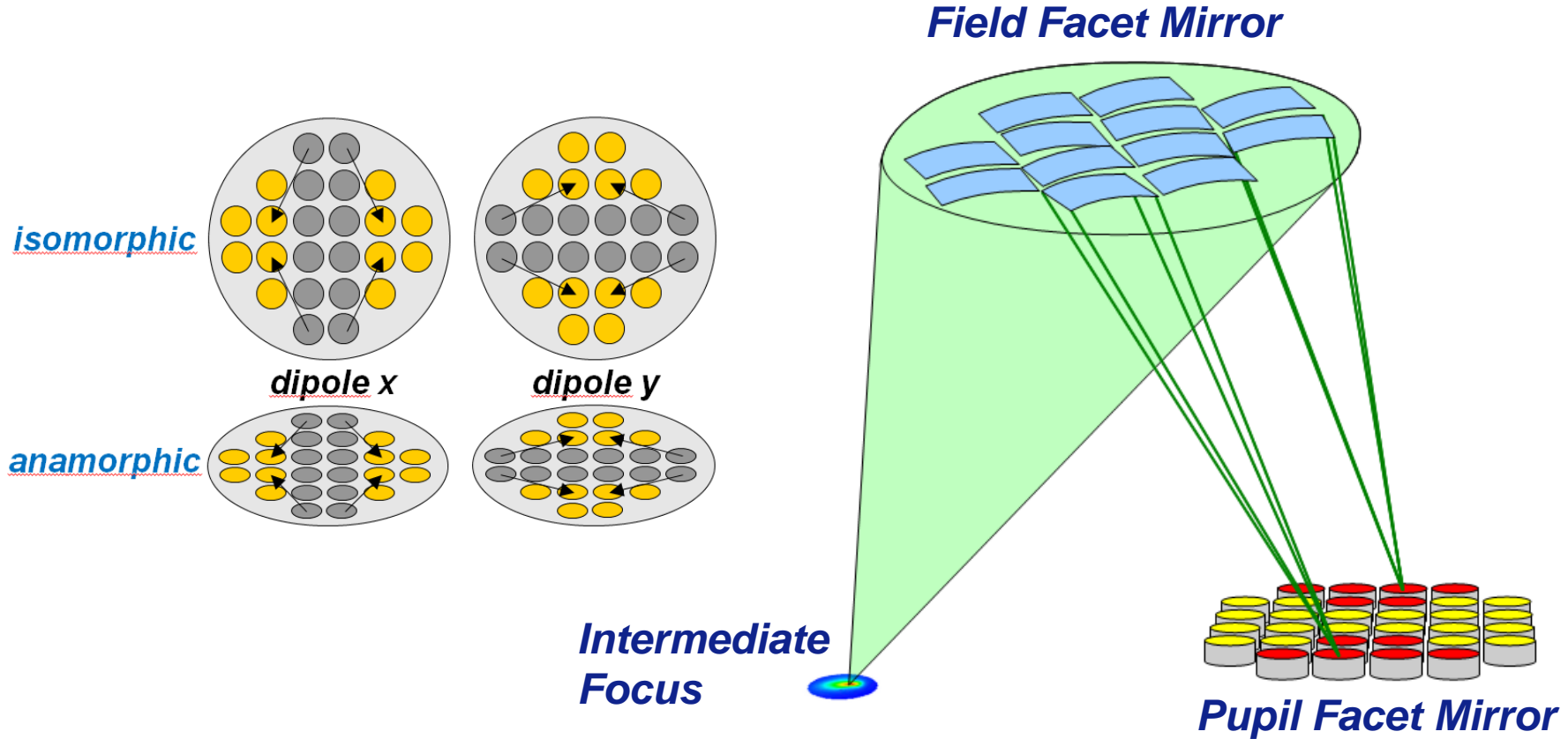
## Lens

- NA 0.55, high transmission
- Improved Thermal Control



# Principle NXE:3300/3400 illuminator can be reused

For anamorphic lithography pupil facet mirror becomes asymmetric

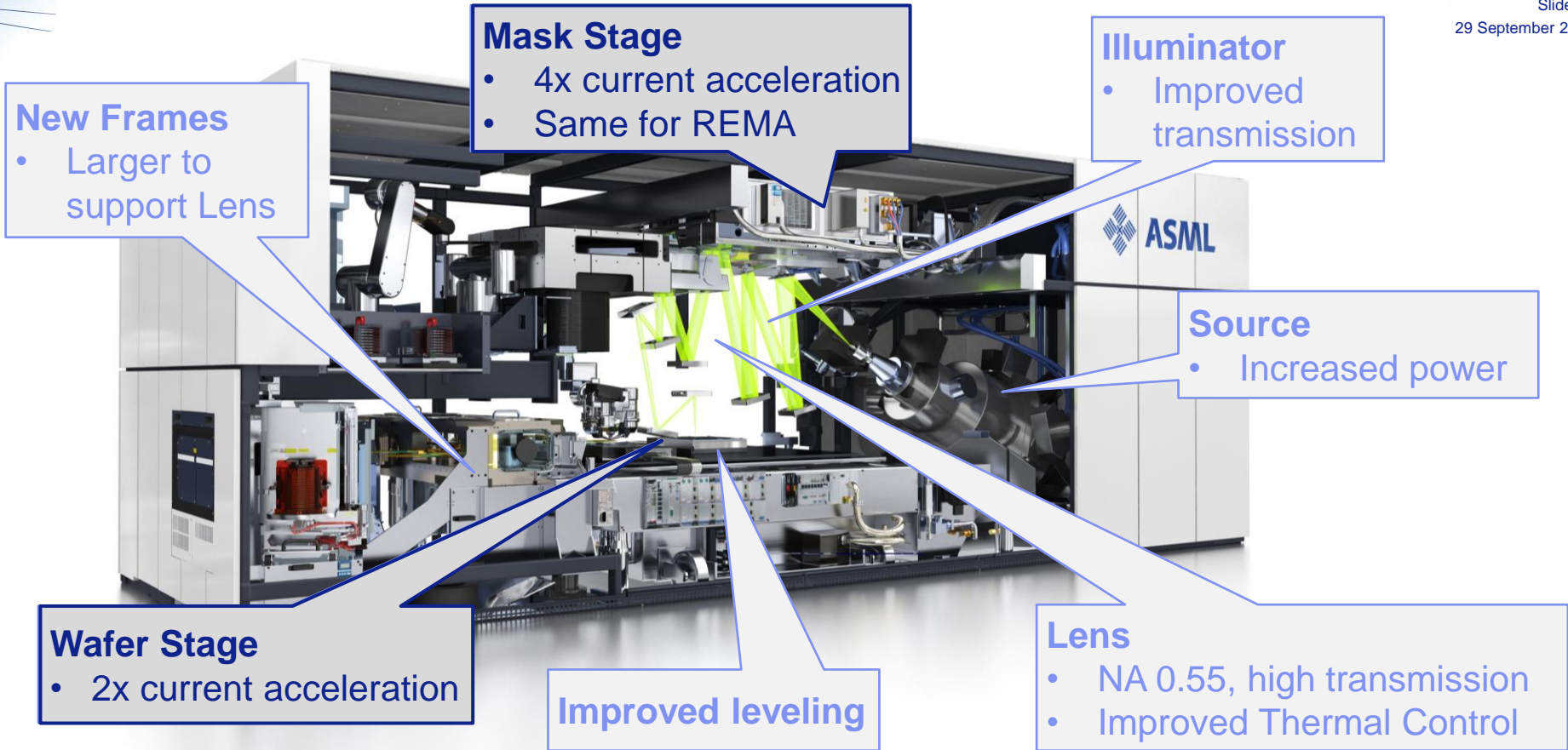


# Overview main System Changes High-NA tool

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# High-NA anamorphic Half Field concept

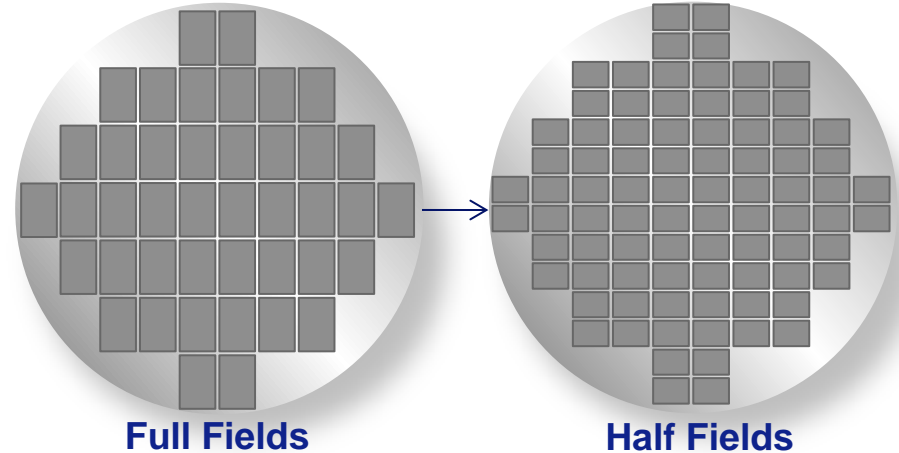
Faster stages enable high productivity

## Half Field yields 2x more fields

- 2x wafer stage acceleration maintains overhead while going to twice number of scans

## Y-magnification 4x → 8x

- 2x wafer acceleration results in 4x mask acceleration

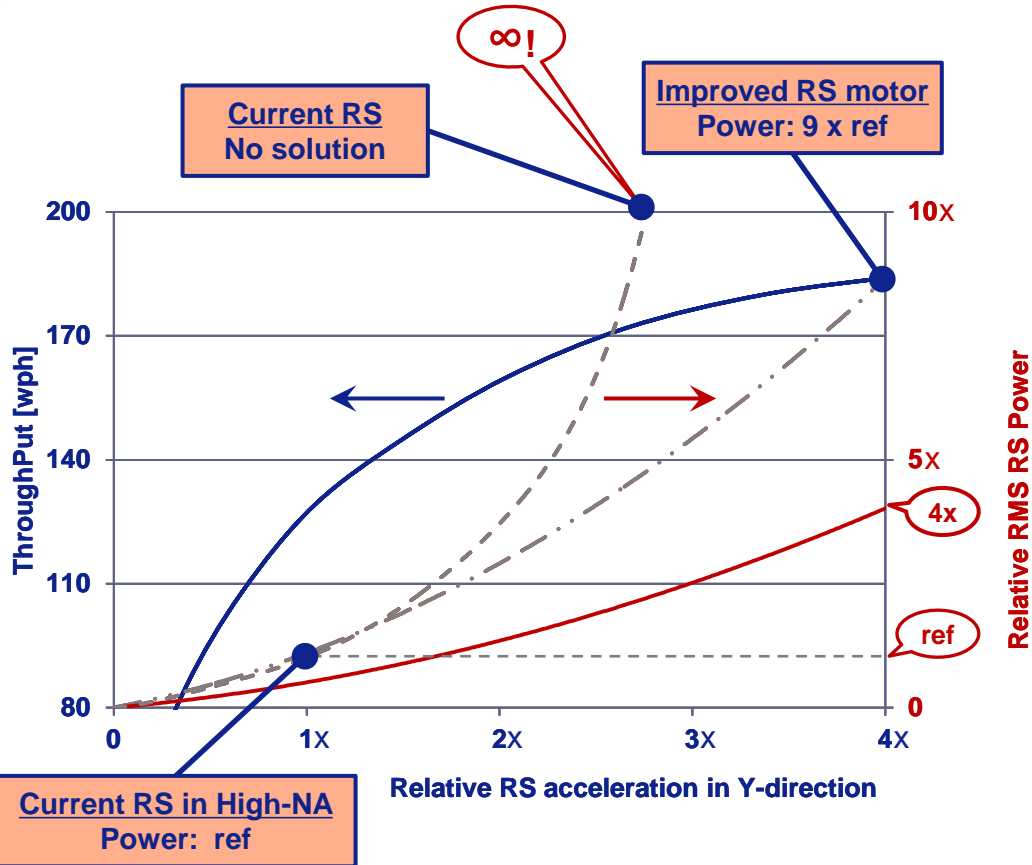


Acceleration of wafer stage ~2x

Acceleration of mask stage ~4x

# High-NA Mask Stage solution for increased acceleration

Improved motor technology & different architecture



$$\text{Power} \sim I^2 \cdot R$$

$$= k \cdot (\text{acc} \cdot \text{mass})^2 \cdot R_{\text{motor}}$$

## Limiting increasing power by:

- Improved motor technology (k, R)
- Reduce mass

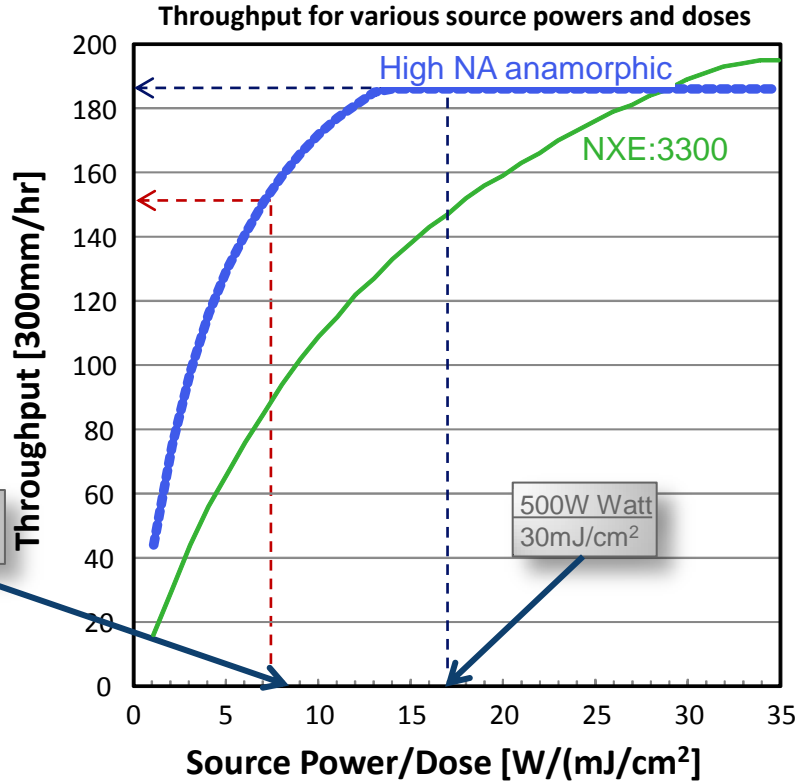
## Further Optimizing power consumption:

- New stage architecture with lower mass



# High-NA Field and Mask Size productivity

500W enables throughput of >150wph with anamorphic HF



WS, RS current performance

WS 2x, RS 4x



HF



High-NA Half Field scanner  
needs 500W for  
150wph at 60mJ/cm<sup>2</sup>

# Overview main System Changes High-NA tool

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## New Frames

- Larger to support Lens

## Mask Stage

- 4x current acceleration
- Same for REMA

## Illuminator

- Improved transmission

## Source

- Increased power

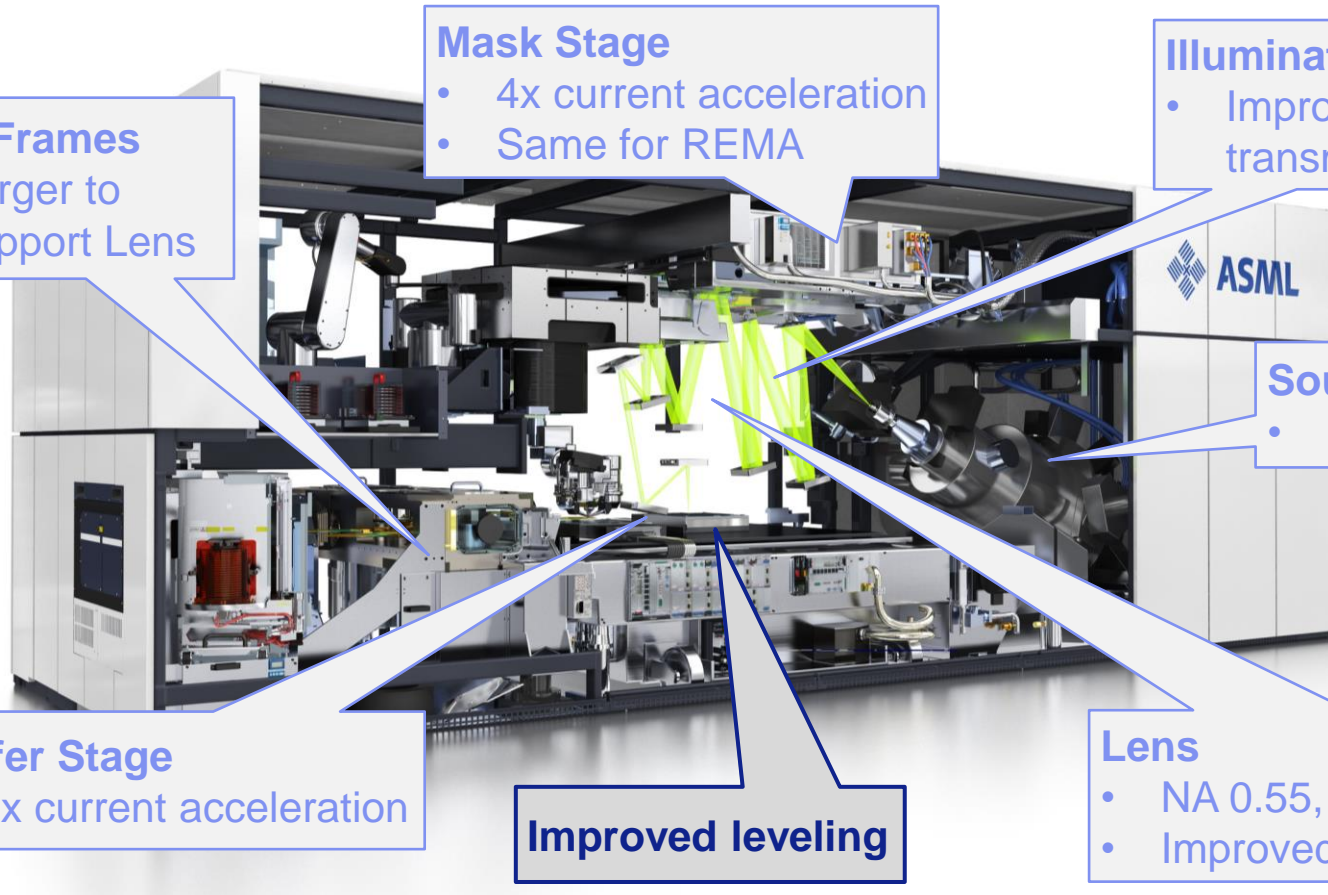
## Wafer Stage

- 2x current acceleration

## Improved leveling

## Lens

- NA 0.55, high transmission
- Improved Thermal Control



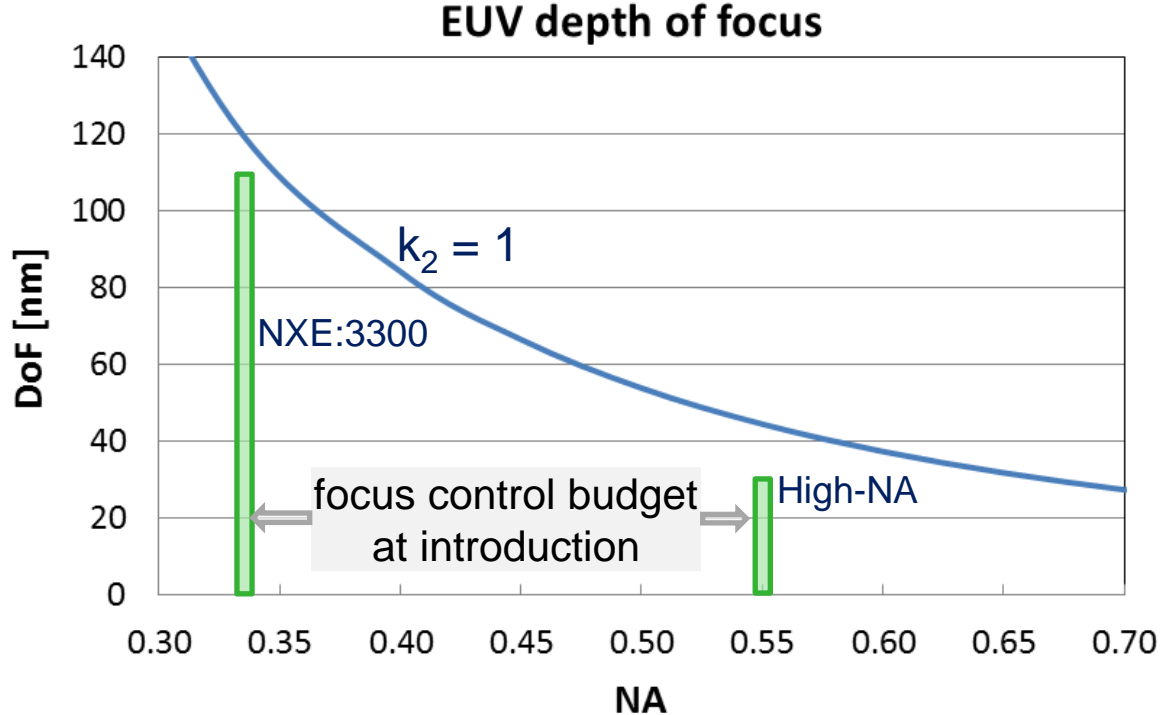
# High-NA calls for tight focus control

High-NA scanner will be introduced in line with focus scaling



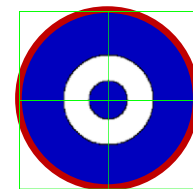
Rayleigh

$$DoF = k_2 \frac{\lambda}{NA^2}$$

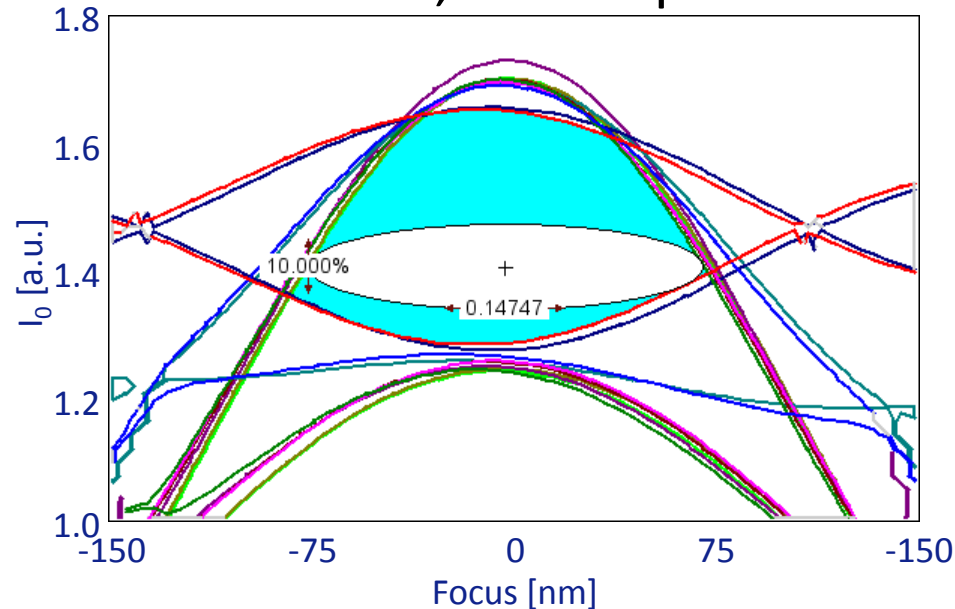


# Focus latitude scales according expectation

## Spaces through pitch with small annular illumination

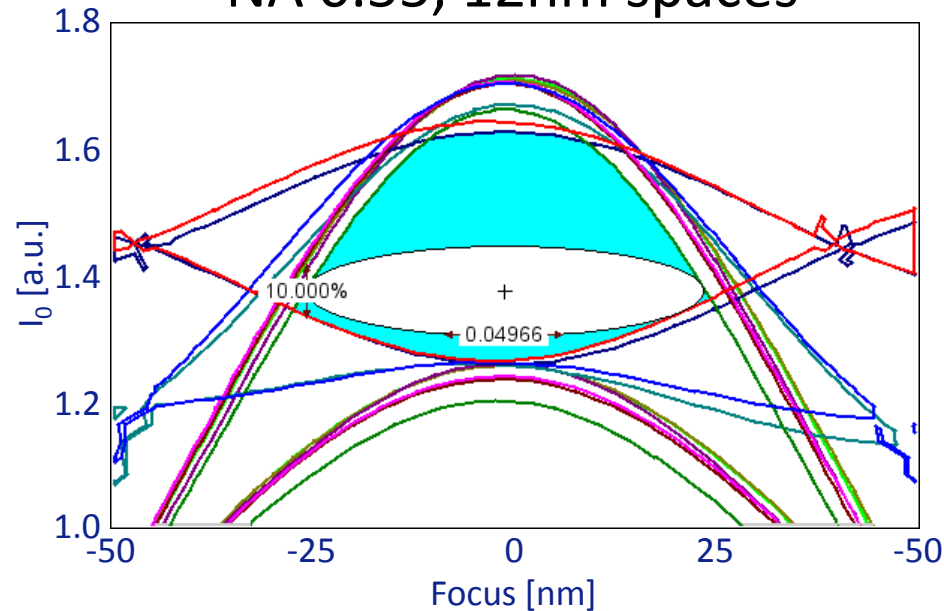


### NA 0.33, 20nm spaces



150nm

### NA 0.55, 12nm spaces

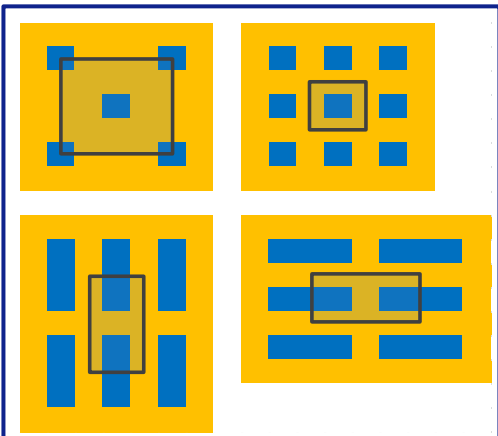


50nm

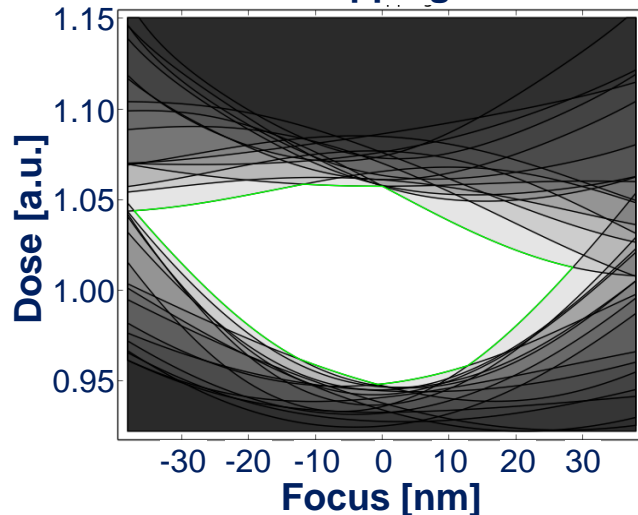
# Overlapping process window @ 8%EL $\rightarrow$ 45nm

NA=0.55, Random cuts, 24nm minimum pitch

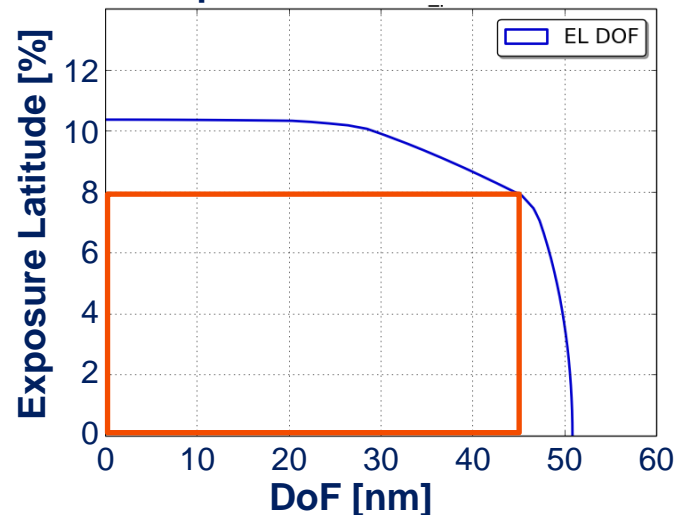
## Cutmask Building Blocks



## Overlapping PW



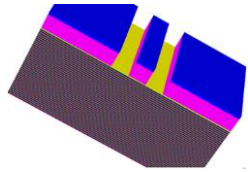
## Exposure Latitude vs DoF



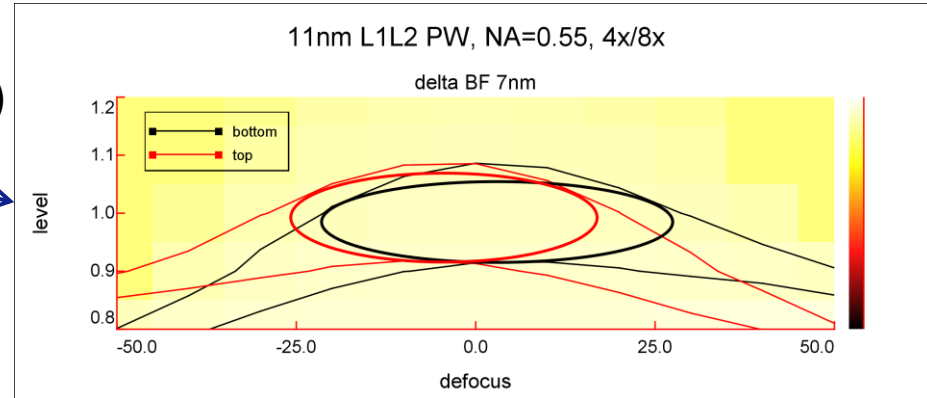
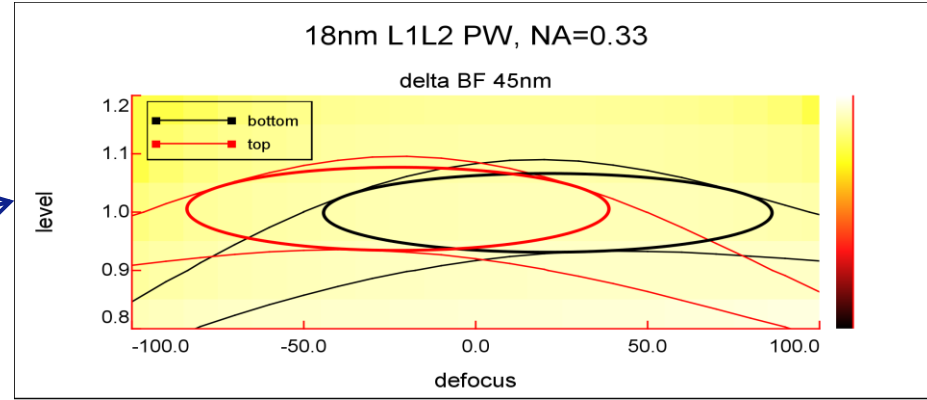
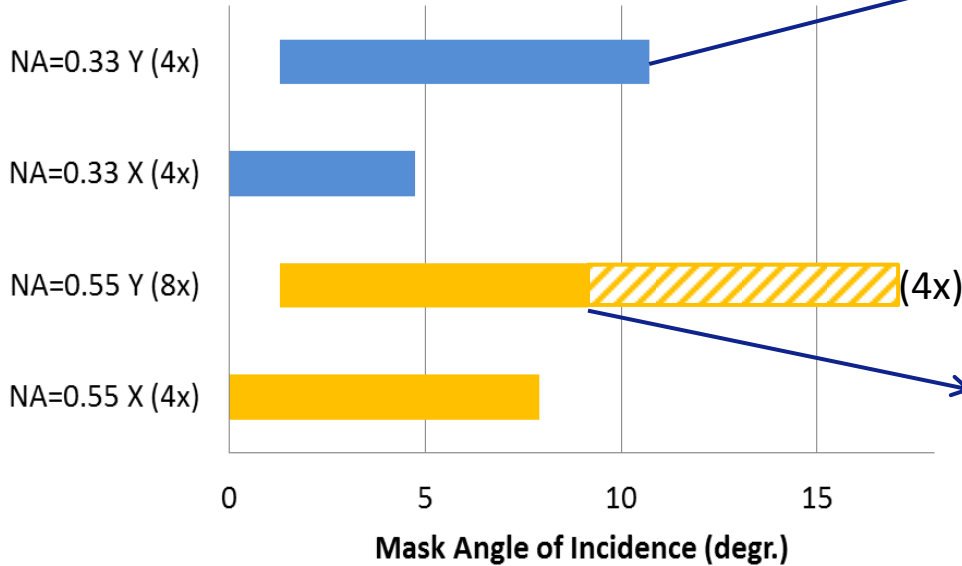
- Combined set of 4 building blocks, 24nm minimum pitch
  - Annular illumination used
  - Overlapping process windows calculated

# High-NA system has smaller M3D effects than 0.33NA

## Smaller mask angles of incidence due to anamorphic system

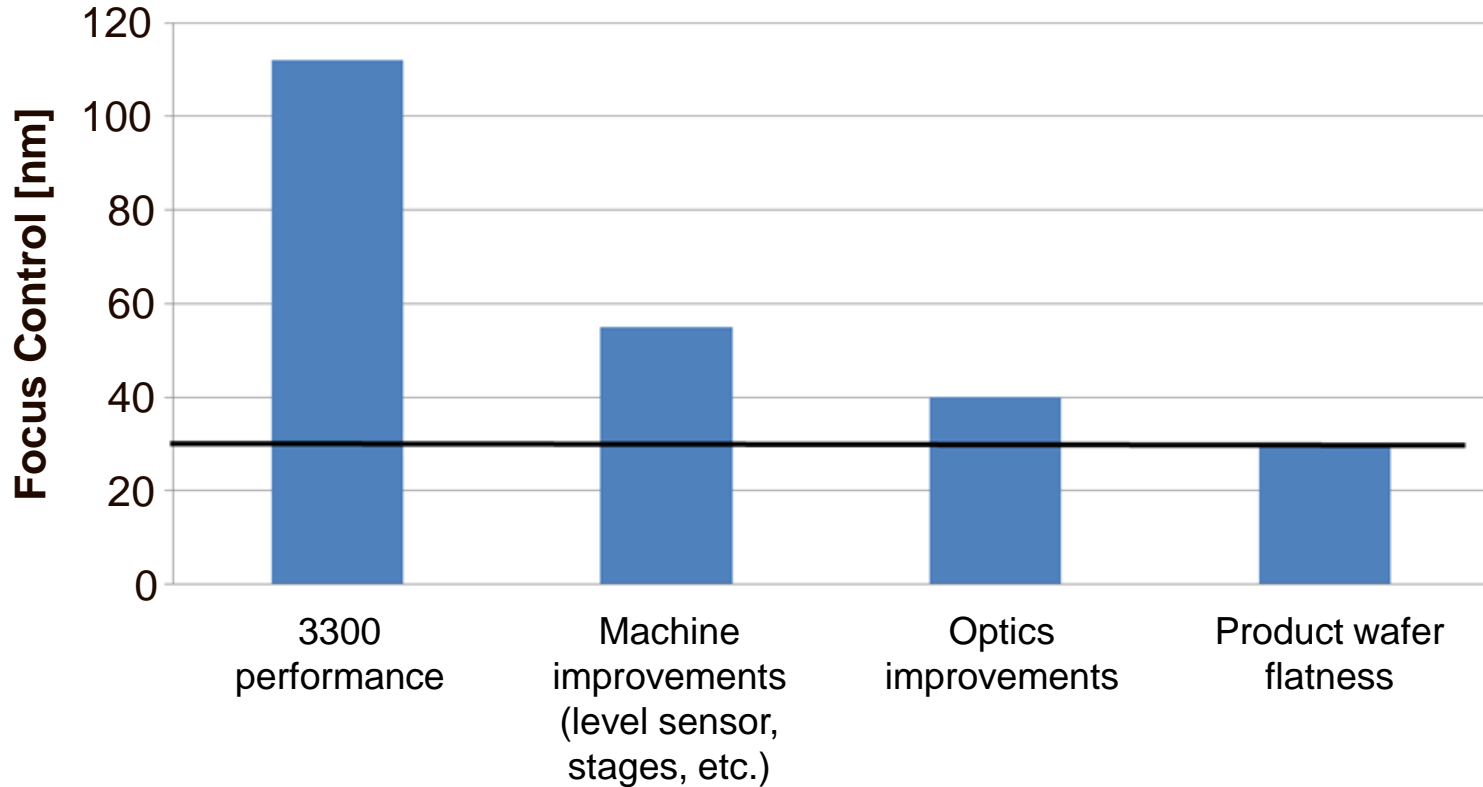


Two-bar trenches are a canary for M3D effects



\*L. de Winter, Understanding the Litho-impact of Phase due to 3D Mask-Effects when using off-axis illumination, EMLC 2015

# Way forward to 30 nm focus control



- **High-NA extends Moore's Law into the next decade**
  - Larger contrast of High-NA helps mitigating LCDU
  - New anamorphic concept enables good imaging with existing mask infrastructure resulting in a Half Field image
  - New stages technologies and high transmission enable throughput ~185WpH
  - We identified measures to meet the tight focus budget



The authors would like to thank the High-NA teams in

- Oberkochen
- Wilton
- Veldhoven



Thank you  
for your attention