

Winners of the Morris D. Forkosch Prize for the best first book in intellectual history:

2021: Ross Carroll, *Uncivil Mirth: Ridicule in Enlightenment Britain* (Princeton University Press)

2020: Hannah Marcus, Forbidden Knowledge: Medicine, Science, and Censorship in Early Modern Italy (University of Chicago Press)

2019: Lydia Barnett, *After the Flood: Imagining the Global Environment in Early Modern Europe* (Johns Hopkins University Press)

2018: Elias Muhanna, *The World in a Book: Al-Nuwayri and the Islamic Encyclopedic Tradition* (Princeton University Press)

2017: Eli Cook, *The Pricing of Progress: Economic Indicators and the Capitalization of American Life* (Harvard University Press)

2016: Surekha Davies, Renaissance Ethnography and the Invention of the Human: New Worlds, Maps and Monsters (Cambridge University Press)

2015: Marc Greif, *The Age of the Crisis of Man: Thought and Fiction in America, 1933–1973* (Princeton University Press)

2014: Rocco Rubini, *The Other Renaissance: Italian Humanism between Hegel and Heidegger* (University of Chicago Press)

2013: Marwa Elshakry, Reading Darwin in Arabic, 1860–1950 (University of Chicago Press)

2012: Jennifer Ratner-Rosenhagen, *American Nietzsche: A History of an Icon and His Ideas* (University of Chicago Press)

2011: Edward Baring, *The Young Derrida and French Philosophy*, 1945–1968 (Cambridge University Press)

2010: Sarah Mortimer, Reason and Religion in the English Revolution: The Challenge of Socinianism (Cambridge University Press)

2009: Stephen Perkinson, *The Likeness of the King: A Prehistory of Portraiture in Late Medieval France* (University of Chicago Press)

2008: Adam Shear, The Kuzari and the Shaping of Jewish Identity, 1167–1900

2007: Julian Bourg, From Revolution to Ethics: May 1968 and Contemporary French Thought

JOURNAL OF THE HISTORY OF IDEAS

2006: William Clark, Academic Charisma and the Origins of the Research University

2005, co-winners: Ethan C. Kleinberg, Generation Existential: Heidegger's Philosophy in France, 1927-1961; and Samuel Moyn, Origins of the Other: Emmanuel Levinas between Revelation and Ethics

2004: David Bradshaw, Aristotle East and West: Metaphysics and the Division of Christendom

2003: Peter Eli Gordon, Rosenzweig and Heidegger: Between Judaism and German Philosophy

2002: Rachel Fulton, From Judgment to Passion: Devotion to Christ and the Virgin Mary, 800-1200

2001: Pamela O. Long, Openness, Secrecy, Authorship: Technical Arts and the Culture of Knowledge from Antiquity to the Renaissance

2000: T. J. Hochstrasser, Natural Law Theories in the Early Enlightenment

1999: Mara Beller, Quantum Dialogue: The Making of a Revolution

1998: Amy Dru Stanley, From Bondage to Contract: Wage Labor, Marriage and the Market in the Age of Slave Emancipation

1997, co-winners: J. E. Merdinger, *Rome and the African Church in the Time of Augustine*; and David M. Rabban, *Free Speech in its Forgotten Years*, 1870–1920

1996: Dennis Des Chene, Physiologia: Natural Philosophy in Late Aristotelian and Cartesian Thought

1995: Mitchell G. Ash, Gestalt Psychology in German Culture, 1890–1967

1994: Elizabeth Lunbeck, *The Psychiatric Persuasion: Knowledge, Gender, and Power in Modern America*

1993: Joseph Brent, Charles Sanders Peirce: A Life

1992: Timothy J. Reiss, The Meaning of Literature

1991: A. M. C. Waterman, Revolution, Economics and Religion: Christian Political Economy, 1798–1833

1990: James Hankins, Plato in the Italian Renaissance

1989: Charles Taylor, Sources of the Self

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1988: Brian Vickers, In Defence of Rhetoric

1987: David Summers, The Judgment of Sense: Renaissance Naturalism and the Rise of Aesthetics