Tahoma-san Sogenji Sutra Book

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Please Note

The densu's introduction to a chant is set in *bold italic print*, and is not always the sutra title.

Ceremonies

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The Heart Sutra Prajna Paramita Hridaya Sutra

Maha Prajna Paramita Hridaya Sutra

Avalokiteshvara Bodhisattva, when practicing deeply the Prajna Paramita, perceived that all five skandhas in their own being are empty and was saved from all suffering.

O Shariputra, form does not differ from emptiness, emptiness does not differ from form. That which is form is emptiness, that which is emptiness, form. The same is true of feelings, perceptions, impulses, consciousness.

O Shariputra, all dharmas are marked with emptiness. They are without birth or death; are not tainted nor pure, do not increase nor decrease. Therefore, in emptiness: no form, no feelings, no perceptions, no impulses, no consciousness; no eyes, no ears, no nose, no tongue, no body, no mind; no color, no sound, no smell, no taste, no touch, no object of mind; no world of eyes through to no world of mind consciousness. No ignorance and also no extinction of it through to no old age and death and also no extinction of it. No suffering, no origination, no stopping, no path, no cognition, also no attainment, with nothing to attain.

The Bodhisattvas depend on Prajna Paramita and their mind is no hindrance. Without any hindrance, no fears exist. Far apart from every deluded view they dwell in Nirvana.

In the Three Worlds all Buddhas depend on Prajna Paramita and attain unsurpassed, complete, perfect Enlightenment.

Therefore know: the Prajna Paramita is the great transcendent mantra, is the great bright mantra, is the utmost mantra, is the supreme mantra, which is able to relieve all suffering and is true, not false. So proclaim the Prajna Paramita mantra, proclaim the mantra that says:

Gyate, gyate, paragyate, parasam gyate, bodhi svaha!



Teidai Denpo Busso No Myogo

(Dharma Lineage)

Teidai Denpo Busso No

Myogo		Gayashata	Sonja
Bibashi	Butsu	Kumorata	Sonja
Shiki	Butsu	Shayatā	Sonja
Bishafu	Butsu	Bashu Banzū	Sonja
Kurason	Butsu	Manurā	Sonja
Kunagon Muni	Butsu	Kaku Rokunā	Sonja
Kashō	Butsu	Shishi	Sonja
		Basha Shita	Sonja
Shakamuni	Butsu	Funyo Mitta	Sonja
Maka Kashō	Sonja	Hannya Tara	Sonja
Anan	Sonja		
Shōna Washu	Sonja	Bodai Darumā	Daishi
Uba Kikutā	Sonja	Niso Eka	Daishi
Dai Daka	Sonja	Sansō Kanchī	Zenji
Misha Kā	Sonja	Dōshin Dai'i	Zenji
Bashu Mitsu	Sonja	Gunin Taiman	Zenji
Budda Nandai	Sonja	Enō Taikan	Zenji
Fukudā Mitta	Sonja	Nangaku Ejō	Zenji
Kyō	Sonja	Baso Dōitsu	Zenji
Funa Yasha	Sonja	Hyakujō Ekai	Zenji
Memyō	Sonja	Ōbaku Kiun	Zenji
Kabimora	Sonja	Rinzai Gigen	Zenji
Ryūjū	Sonja	Kōkē Sonshō	Zenji
Gana Daibā	Sonja	Nanin Egyō	Zenji
Ragorata	Sonja	Fuketsu Enshō	Zenji
Sōgyā Nandai	Sonja	Shusan Seinen	Zenji

Funnyō Zenshō Sekisō Soen Yōgi Hōe	Zenji Zenji Zenji	Dōkyō Etan Hakuin Ekaku Gasan Jitō	Zenji Zenji Zenji
Haku'un Shutan Goso Hōen Engō Kokugon Kukyū Jōryū Ōan Dongē Mittan Kanketsu Shōgen Sōgaku Unan Fugan Kidō Chigu	Zenji	Inzan Ien Taigen Shigen Gisan Zenrai Tekisui Giboku Ryōen Genseki Seisetsu Genjō Taishitsu Mumon Ka Ka Shō Kan Fu	Zenji Zenji Zenji Zenji Zenji Zenji Zenji Zenji
Nanpō Jōmyō Shūhō Myōchō Kanzan Egen Juō Sōhitsu Muin Sōin Nippō Sōshun Giten Genshō Sekkō Sōshin Tōyō Eichō Taigā Tankyō Kōhō Genkun Senshō Zuishō Ian Chisatsu Tōzen Sōshin Yōzan Keiyō Gudō Tōshoku Shidō Munan	Zenji	Ji Hō San Shi I Shi Shi Son Bu Sa Mo Mo Ko Ho Ja Ho F	Ko Sa

Hannya Shingyo

Maka Hannya Mu Chi Yaku Mu Toku Haramita Shingyo I Mu Sho Tok' Ko Kan Ji Zai Bo Sa Gyo Jin Bo Dai Sat Ta Han Nya Ha Ra Mi Ta E Han-nya Ha Ra Mi Ta Ii Sho Ken Go On Kai Ko Shin Mu Kei Ge Ku Do Is-sai Ku Yaku Mu Kei Ge Ko Mu Sha Ri Shi U Ku Fu On Ri Shiki Fu I Ku Is-sai Ten Do Mu So Ku Fu I Shiki Ku Gyo Ne Han Shiki Soku Ze Ku San Ze Sho Butsu Ku Soku Ze Shiki E Han-nya Ha Ra Mi Ta Ko Toku A Noku Ta Ra Ju So Gyo Shiki Yaku Bu Nyo Ze San Myaku San Bo Dai Sha Ri Shi Ko Chi Han-nya Ha Ra Ze Sho Ho Ku So Mi Ta Fu Sho Fu Metsu Ze Dai Jin Shu Fu Ku Fu Io Ze Dai Myo Shu Fu Zo Fu Gen Ze Mu Jo Shu Ze Ko Ku Chu Ze Mu To Do Shu Mu Shiki Mu Ju No Jo Is-sai Ku Shin So Gyo Shiki Mu Gen Jitsu Fu Ko Ni Bi Zes-shin Ko Setsu Ni Mu Shiki Sho Ko Mi Han-nya Ha Ra Mi Ta Soku Ho Mu Gen Kai Shu Soku Setsu Nai Shi Mu I Shiki Kai Shu Watsu Mu Mu Myo Yaku Mu Gya Tei Gya Tei Mu Myo Jin Ha Ra Gya Tei Nai Shi Mu Ro Shi Ha Ra So Gya Tei Yaku Mu Ro Shi Jin Bo Ji So Wa Ka

Mu Ku Shu Metsu Do

Han-nya Shin Gyo

Sho Sai Shu

The Great Light Dharani [Repeat three times]

Na Mu Sa Man Da

Mo To Nan

O Ha Ra Chi

Ko To Sha

So No Nan

To Ji To En

Gya Gya

Gya Ki

Gya Ki

Un Nun

Shi Fu Ra

Shi Fu Ra

Ha Ra Shi Fu Ra

Ha Ra Shi Fu Ra

Chi Shu Sa

Chi Shu Sa

Shi Shu Ri

Shi Shu Ri

So Ha Ja

So Ha Ja

Se Chi Gya

Shi Ri Ei

So Mo Ko

Preface to the Recorded Sayings of Zen Master Rinzai

Preface to the Recorded Sayings of Zen Master Rinzai

On top of Mount Obaku he met the painful stick. On Taigu's ribs he could use his fist. "Garrulous grandmother!" "Bed-wetting little devil!" "This lunatic twice pulling the tiger's whiskers!" In a rocky gorge he planted pines, a landmark for later generations. He dug the ground with his mattock; the others were nearly buried alive. Having approved the youngster, Obaku slapped himself right on the mouth. On leaving, Rinzai wanted to burn the armrest; he will sit upon the tongues of everyone.

If he didn't go to Kanan he'd return to Kahoku. His temple overlooked the old ferry landing—he carried travelers across the stream. He guarded the vital fording-place like an escarpment ten-thousand spans high.

Snatching away the man or the surroundings, he shaped and fashioned superlative students. With his Three States and Three Fundamentals he forged and tempered black-robed monks. He's always at home, yet forever on the way. The true man without rank went in and out the face. The monks of the two halls gave equal shouts, but guest and host were obvious.

Illumination and action are simultaneous, fundamentally without front or back. A mirror confronting a form. An empty valley echoing a sound.

Marvelously responding in any direction, he left not a trace behind. Tucking up his robe he journeyed southward, then went to stay in Daimei. Koke took him as his teacher and attended him in the Eastern Hall. Still using the copper pitcher and iron bowl, he closed his room and stopped his words. As the pines grew old and the clouds idled, he found boundless contentment within himself. He had not long sat facing the wall when the secret transmission neared its end. To whom was the True Dharma transmitted? It was extinguished upon reaching the blind ass!

Old En of Engaku has now undertaken to circulate this text. It has been examined and corrected, therefore it contains no error or confusion.

There is still one more shout coming. It needs further consideration: Zen students who have the eye to see, I entreat you not to exploit this text. Preface respectfully composed on the day of the mid-autumn festival, the year Senna of Koshi era.



Dai Hi Shu

The Great Compassionate Dharani

Na Mu Ka Ra Tan No To Ra Ya Ya Na Mu O Ri To Ryo To Ryo Ya Bo Ryo Ki Chi Ho Ja Ya Chi Mo Ko Ho Ja Ya Chi Shi Fu Ra Ya Fu Ji Sa To Bo Ya Mo Ko Sa To Bo To Ra To Ra Chi Ri Ni Ya Mo Ko Kya Ru Ni Shi Fu Ra Ya Sha Ro Sha Ro Mo Mo Kya Ya En Sa Ha Ra Ha Ei Ha Mo Ra Ho Chi Ri Shu Tan No Ton Sha Yu Ki Yu Ki Na Mu Shi Ki Ri Shi No Shi No O Ra San Fu Ra Sha Ri To I Mo O Ri Ya Bo Ryo Ki Chi Ha Za Ha Za Shi Fu Ra Ri To Bo Fu Ra Sha Ya Ku Ryo Na Mu No Ra Ki Ji Ki Ri Ku Ryo Mo Ra Mo Ko Ho Do Sha Mi Ku Ryo Ku Ryo Ki Ri Sa Bo O To Cho Shu Sha Ro Sha Ro Ben O Shu In Shi Ri Shi Ri Sa Bo Sa To No Mo Bo Su Ryo Su Ryo Gya Mo Ha Te Cho Fu Ji Ya Fu Ji Ya To Ji To En Fu Do Ya Fu Do Ya O Bo Ryo Ki Mi Chi Ri Ya Ryo Gya Chi No Ra Kin Ji Kya Rya Chi I Ki Ri Chi Ri Shu Ni No Mo Ko Fu Ji Sa To Ho Ya Mo No So Mo Ko Sa Bo Sa Bo Shi Do Ya So Mo Ko Mo Ra Mo Ra Mo Ko Shi Do Ya Mo Ki Mo Ki Ri To In So Mo Ko Shi Do Yu Ki

Ku Ryo Ku Ryo Ke Mo

Shi Fu Ra Ya So Mo Ko

[Dai Hi Shu continued]

No Ra Kin Ji So Mo Ko Mo Ra No Ra So Mo Ko Shi Ra Sun O Mo Gya Ya So Mo Ko So Bo Mo Ko Shi Do Ya So Mo Ko Sha Ki Ra O Shi Do Ya So Mo Ko Ho Do Mo Gya Shi Do Ya So Mo Ko No Ra Kin Ji Ha Gya Ra Ya So Mo Ko Mo Ho Ri Shin Gya Ra Ya So Mo Ko Na Mu Ka Ra Tan No To Ra Ya Ya Na Mu O Ri Ya Bo Ryo Ki Chi Shi Fu Ra Ya So Mo Ko Shi Te Do Mo Do Ra Ho Do Ya So Mo Ko

Song Of Zazen

by Hakuin Ekaku Zenji

Hakuin Zenji's Song Of Zazen

All sentient beings are essentially Buddhas. As with water and ice, there is no ice without water; apart from sentient beings there are no Buddhas. Not knowing how close the truth is we seek it far away—what a pity!

We are like one who in the midst of water cries out desperately in thirst. We are like the son of a rich man who wandered away among the poor. The reason we transmigrate through the Six Realms is because we are lost in the darkness of ignorance. Going further and further astray in the darkness, how can we ever be free from birth-and-death?

As for the Mahayana practice of zazen, there are no words to praise it fully. The Six Paramitas, such as giving, maintaining the precepts, and various other good deeds like invoking the Buddha's name, repentance, and spiritual training, all finally return to the practice of zazen. Even those who have sat zazen only once will see all karma erased. Nowhere will they find evil paths, and the Pure Land will not be far away. If we listen even once with open heart to this truth, then praise it and gladly embrace it, how much more so then if on reflecting within ourselves we directly realize Self-nature, giving proof to the truth that Self-nature is no nature. We

will have gone far beyond idle speculation. The gate of the oneness of cause and effect is thereby opened, and not-two, not-three, straight ahead runs the Way.

Realizing the form of no-form as form, whether going or returning, we cannot be any place else. Realizing the thought of no-thought as thought, whether singing or dancing, we are the voice of the Dharma. How vast and wide the unobstructed sky of samadhi! How bright and clear the perfect moonlight of the Fourfold Wisdom! At this moment what more need we seek? As the eternal tranquility of Truth reveals itself to us, this very place is the Land of Lotuses and this very body is the body of the Buddha.



Torei Zenji's Bodhisattva Vow

Torei Zenji's Bodhisattva Vow

Disciples, when I humbly observe the true nature of things, all are the marvelous manifestation of the Tathagata's truth. Atom by atom, instant by instant, all are none other than his mysterious radiance. Because of this our virtuous ancestors extended loving care and reverence toward even such beings as birds and beasts. How, then, can we be but humbly grateful for the food, drink, and clothing that nourishes and protects us throughout the day, these being in essence the warm skin and flesh of the great masters, the incarnate compassion of the Buddha?

If it is so even with inanimate objects, how much more should we be kind and merciful towards human beings, even those who are foolish. Though they become our sworn enemies, reviling and persecuting us, we should regard them as bodhisattva manifestations who, in their great compassion, are employing skillful means to help emancipate us from the sinful karma we have produced over countless kalpas through our biased, self-centered views.

If we awaken in ourselves this deep, pure faith, offering humble words and taking sincere refuge in the Buddha, then with every thought there will

bloom a lotus flower, each with a Buddha; these Buddhas will establish Pure Lands everywhere and reveal the radiance of the Tathagata beneath our very feet.

May we extend this mind throughout the universe, so that we and all sentient beings may equally bring to fruition the seeds of wisdom.



Enmei Jikku Kannon Gyo [repeat thirty-three times]

Enmei Jikku Kannon Gyo Kan Ze On Na Mu Butsu Yo Butsu U In Yo Butsu U En Bup Po So En Jo Raku Ga Jo Cho Nen Kan Ze On Bo Nen Kan Ze On Nen Nen Ju Shin Ki Nen Nen Fu Ri Shin

Shi Gu Sei Gan Mon [repeat three times]

Shu Jo Mu Hen Sei Gan Do Bon No Mu Jin Sei Gan Dan Ho Mon Mu Ryo Sei Gan Gaku Butsu Do Mu Jo Sei Gan Jo

The Bodhisattva Vows

Sentient beings are numberless:
I vow to liberate them.
Desires are inexhaustible:
I vow to put an end to them.
The Dharmas are boundless:
I vow to master them.
The Buddha's way is unsurpassable:
I vow to become it.



Dai E Zenji's Vow for Awakening

Dai E Zenji's Vow for Awakening

Our only prayer is to be firm in our determination to give ourselves completely to the Buddha's Way so that no doubts arise however long the road seems to be; to be light and easy in the four parts of the body; to be strong and undismayed in body and in mind; to be free from illness and drive out both depressed feelings and distraction; to be free from calamity, misfortune, harmful influences and obstructions; not to seek the Truth outside of ourselves, so we may instantly enter the right way; to be unattached to all thoughts that we may reach the perfectly clear bright mind of Prajna and have immediate enlightenment on the Great Matter.

Thereby we receive the transmission of the deep wisdom of the Buddhas to save all sentient beings who suffer in the round of birth and death. In this way we offer our gratitude for the compassion of the Buddhas and the Patriarchs.

Our further prayer is not to be extremely ill or to be suffering at the time of departure, to know its coming seven days ahead so that we can quiet the mind to abandon the body and be unattached to all things at the last moment wherein we return to the Original Mind in the realm of no birth and no death and merge infinitely into the whole universe to manifest as all things in their True Nature and with the great wisdom of the Buddhas to awaken all beings to the Buddha Mind.

We offer this to all Buddhas and Bodhisattva-Mahasattvas of the past, present, and future in the ten quarters and to the Maha Prajna Paramita.



Opening This Dharma

The Dharma,

incomparably profound and exquisite, is rarely met with even in hundreds of thousands of millions of kalpas.

We are now permitted to hold it, see it, hear it, and accept it.

May we awaken to the deep true Mind of Tathagata.



Ita Ten Fu Gin [Morning sutras]

Maha Prajna Paramita Hridaya Sutra [p.1]

Na Mu Sa Man Da [p.6]

On Ita Tei Ta Moko Tei Ta Sowaka
Om Moko Ky Ra Ya Sowaka
On Ken Ba Ya Ken Ba Ya Sowaka
On Kura Dan No Un Jaka Sowaka

Om Bei Shiramanda Ya Sowaka Om Ba Sam Ba En Tei Shuya Jin Sowaka

Nan Da Ryu O
Batsu Nan Da Ryu O
Shakara Ryu O
Washu Kitsu Ryu O
Toku Shaka Ryu O
Anaba Datta Ryu O
Manashi Ryu O
Uhada Ryu O



Buchinson Shin Dharani [Chant to Protecting Deities]

Buchinson Shin

U Shu Ni Sha Bi Ja Ya

Dharani

Bi Shu Tei

No Bo Ba Gya Ba Tei

Ta Re Ro Ki Ya

Ha Ra Chi

Sa Ra Ba Ta Ta Gya Ta

Bi Shi Shu Da Ya Ba Ro Gya Ni Bo Da Ya Sa Ta Ha Ra Mi Ta Ba Gya Ba Tei Ha Ri Ho Ra Ni

Ta Ni Ya Ta Sa Ra Ba Ta Ta Gya Ta On Bi Shu Da Ya Ki Ri Da Ya

Bi Shu Da Ya
Sa Ma Sa Man
Chi Shu Ta No
Chi Shu Chi Ta

Da Ma Ka Mo Da Rei Ha Ba Sha So Ha Ra Da Ba Za Ra Gya Ya

Gya Chi Gya Ka No
So Gya Ta No
So Ba Han Ba
Bi Shu Tei Sa Ra Ba
Ha Pa Da Ha Ya Ta P

Bi Shu Tei Ha Ra Da Ha Ya To Ri
A Bi Shin Sha Gya Chi Ha Ri
To Man So Gya Ta Bi Shu Tei

Ha Ra Ba Sha No Ha Ra Chi Ni
A Mi Ri Ta Ha Ra Da Ya
Bi Sei Kei A Yo Ku Shu Tei

Ma Ka Man Da Ra

San Ma Ya

Ha Da I A Ka Ra

Chi Shu Chi Tei

Ma Ni Ma Ni

A Yu San Da Ra Ni

Ma Ka Ma Ni

Shu Da Ya Shu Da Ya Ta Ta Ta Bo Da Gya Kya No Bi Shu Tei Ku Chi Ha Ri Shu Tei

Bi So Bo Da Bo Ji Shu Tei Ja Ya Ja Ya Bi Ja Ya Bi Ja Ya Sa Mo Ra Sa Mo Ra Sa Ra Ba Bo Da Chi Shu Chi Ta Shu Tei Ba Ji Ri Ba Za Ra Gya Ra Bei Ba Za Ran Ha Ba To Ma Ma Sha Ri Ran Sa Ra Ba Sa To Ba Nan Sha Gya Ya Ha Ri Bi Shu Tei Sa Ra Ba Gya Chi Ha Ri Shu Tei Sa Ra Ba Ta Ta Gya Ta Shis Sha Mei San Ma Jin Ba So En Do Sa Ra Ba Ta Ta Gya Ta San Ma Jin Ba So Chi Shu Chi Tei Bo Ji Ya Bo Ji Ya

Bi Bo Ji Ya Bi Bo Ji Ya Bo Da Ya Bo Da Ya Bi Bo Da Ya Bi Bo Da Ya

Sa Ra Ba Ta Ta Gya Ta

San Man Da Ha Ri Shu Tei

Ki Ri Da Ya

Chi Shu Ta No Chi Shu Chi Ta Ma Ka Mo Da Rei So Wa Ka

Na Mu Sa Man Da [p.6]

On Ita Tei Ta Moko Tei Ta Sowaka

Om Ba Sam Ba En Tei Shuya Jin Sowaka

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Meal Sutras

[before eating]

Maha Prajna Paramita Hridaya Sutra [p.1]

The Five Reflections

First, let us reflect deeply on our true efforts and the efforts of those who brought us this food.

Second, may we live in a way that makes us worthy to receive it.

Third, what is most essential is the practice of mindfulness, which helps us transcend greed, anger, and delusion.

Forth, we appreciate this food, which sustains the good health of our body and mind.

Fifth, we accept this food to complete the awakening of the pure mind of all beings.

Verse of the Three Morsels of Food
The first morsel is to cut all delusions.
The second morsel is to maintain our clear mind.
The third morsel is to liberate all sentient beings.
May we all realize the Buddha's Way.

[after eating]

Verse of the Water Offering

The water with which we wash our bowls tastes like heavenly nectar. We drink it for the myriad beings in all realms, that they too may be filled and satisfied.

[one of the following depending on the meal]

Verse after the Morning Gruel Meal

Having finished the morning meal, let us pray that all beings may accomplish whatever tasks they are engaged in and be fulfilled with all the Buddha Dharmas.

Verse after the Mid-Day/Evening Meal

Having finished the mid-day/evening meal, our bodily strength is fully restored.

Our power extends over the ten quarters and through the three periods of time, and we are strong.

As to revolving the wheel of Dharma, let no thought be wasted over it.

May all beings attain true wisdom.



About Chanting

From the most basic tenet of Zen, self and Buddha are one. Buddha's mind is our mind. We sleep, wake up, eat, and work with the mind of Buddha. Simply chant sutras with your whole Mind, chanting sutras only for the sake of chanting sutras.

To explain it further, ears, mouth, voice, and mind become One, and deep Samadhi is entered. By chanting sutras in this way the deep link among all will be realized; Mind will extend throughout the universe, and inner and outer worlds become One.

Eko:

In a chant by the Densu, Head Monk, or Roshi, any power or merit gained by the Samadhi of the sutra chanting is offered to all beings. This chant is called an eko.

Hannya Shingyo/Heart Sutra:

Embodies the essential teachings of Mahayana Buddhist practice.

Dharani:

The word dharani is from a Sanskrit word that means "to hold or maintain." It is a long verse mantra, which is said to hold deep meaning and beneficial power such as protection or healing for those who recite it, though it makes no intellectual sense. The Japanese versions that are chanted are essentially transliterations of the original Sanskrit. Chanting dharanis was a practice of Shingon and was incorporated in the Chinese Zen of the Sung Dynasty, then brought back to Japan by Japanese Zen Masters.

Sho Sai Shu:

A Dharani to be chanted quickly for harmony and concentration

Dai Hi Shu:

Originally a devotional Dharani to the Lord of Death (Shiva). This sutra is often read in memory of those who had karmic connections with Tahoma-san Sogenji or members of the Sangha.

Buchinson Shin Dharani:

Dharani of the Victorious Buddha Crown. It lists and venerates the spirits who have supported and transmitted the practice of the Buddha Dharma through the ages.

Enmei Jikku Kannon Gyo:

The translation of this mantra reads:

KANZEON!

Devotion to Buddha

at one with the Buddha

Related to all Buddhas in cause and effect.

And to Buddha, Dharma, and Sangha.

Eternal joyful autonomous purity

Morning mind is Kanzeon

Evening mind is Kanzeon

This very moment arises from Mind

This very moment is not separate from Mind!