ALEXANDRIA.

MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24.

ALEXANDRIA. - One of the most pleasant "remembrances" of our late visit to the Valley of Virginia, and some of the neighboring counties, will be, hereafter, to us, the constant and gratifying evidence shown on the part of the people of that section of the State, without exception, and with a heartiness and good will, which we shall ever cherish, of respect for, attachment to, and the kindest feelings towards, ALEXANDRIA. Our brethren and fellow countrymen, bone of our bone and flesh of our flesh. have deeply sympathized with the condition of the citizens of this place during the four years of the war, and since; and have fully appreciated the course and conduct of those, situated as we were, throughout the trying scenes of the past. They carnestly desire the resumption of business relations with Alexandria; they are in favor of all measures tending towards a restoration of trade and commerce here; and they all wish to see the old town, once again, the "market town" of the neighboring country. as it was in former years. No resident Alexandrian could feel more interest than they felt, and still feel, in the defeat of the late attempt, to destroy the future prosperity of Alexandria, by the designed civil invasion of Virginia, and the forcible "abduction" of part of its territory, on what has been called the "capture" of Alexandria, and its "retrocession" to the District of Columbia. This, they justly regarded, not only as the ruin of our beloved city, but as an additional outrage and indignity, gantonly proposed, for the old Commonwealth. As a VIRGINIA town they are deeply interested in our future prosperity; as Virginians, they are united to us, as with "hooks of steel;" -as citizens of the same glorious old State, they want Alexandria to be their frontier towntheir shipping port,-their place of gathering for business purposes. They knew and saw that the success of the project would have destroyed Alexandria and injured their own counties; and they as heartily rejoic dut the failure of the destructive scheme, as it they had fixed in our midst, and been amongst those who would have seen their dearest and fondest hopes destroyed, and their native place once again reduced to the condition of a decayed outlying saburb. We only wish that any of our citizens who were momentarily, or through bad advice or erroncous representations, or the pressure of temporary taxes, induced to give countenance to a scheme, which would but have required tico years to bring them to sorrow and repentance, could hear their friends in the Valley and Piedmont country, in Virginia, talk of Alexandria; and they would never again, for the sake of themselves and their children, give countenance to such a project. It is with VIRGINIA that all our interests, social, commercial, moral and political, are connected. It is to our VIR-GINIA interests, alone, that we look, hereafter, for success-it is upon our dearest and best friends—the people of Virginia—that we can alone rely for material prosperity-it is only as a part and parcel of the glorious and thrice honored State of Virginia, that we can hope

In publishing the extracts from the recent speeches of the leading Radicals at the North which may be found in another column, the Norfolk Day Book says: "They are full of gloomy significance. When such sentiments as those to which we refer are publicly spoken and received with applause; when the President of the United States can be silenced by partisan clamor, and denounced by infuriated mobs: when Municipal bodies add the weight of their official sanction to these indignities; then we are fully justified in the melancholy belief that the had men who are now leading the Radical party are bent on inaugurating a new Revolution .-It requires no prophet to foresee the effect of their mad pelicy on the material interests and political fortunes of the country; for if, as seems to be imminent, their policy prevails, then the Republic may emerge into Imperialism through a sea of blood, poor in everything but graves and immorality."

to be hereafter respected and pro-perous.

DECISION IN WEST VIRGINIA.—We are in debted to a friend recently returned from a visit to the place of his nativity in West Virginia, for the substance of an opinion of considerable interest delivered by Judge Harrison in the case of Armstrong vs. The Board of Registration of Hampshire county.

James D. Armstrong, the plantiff, was elected State Senator from the counties of Hampshire and Hardy to the Legislature of Va., at Richmond during the Confederacy.-After the first proclamation of Paesident John son he applied for a special pardon and reseived it. He then made application to the Board of Registration to be registered as a voter and was refused. He thereupon petitioned Judge Harrison at the late term of the Circuit Court of Hampshire county to grant mandamus, commanding said Board to show cause why he should not be registered. After argument of counsel, the Judge said:

That the only qualifications of a voter were those prescribed by the State Constitution, viz: residence in the State for one year and in the county for thirty days, by all white male citizens of twenty-one years and upwards, who were not convicted of any infamous offencethat the State Legislature had no right to add other tests, and that Mr. Armstrong was entitled to registration. The Judge, in accordance with this decision ordered the Board of Registration to enrol Mr. Armstrong as a voter. - Warrenton Index.

One of the chiefs of the Treasury Bureau, who, during the past fifteen months, has been absent from his official duties at least five months, has just returned from the West, and such a blaze of enthusiasm as has not been witnessed since the firing upon Fort Sumpter, &c. | of the democracy of the North. | Will the livery. There was no extraordinary enthusiasm evinced by the audience.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

'To show the very age and body of the times.'

A New Orleans despatch of Saturday says

that a riotous spirit is manifested among the negroes in the city owing to the disbandment of the 81st and 82d negro infantry, who have since given themselves up to drinking and carousal. Forney's Press of Sunday, however, furnishes a special denying all charges against the negroes, and asserting that General Sheridan is very much annoyed by such maliciously faise reports.

Mr. Romero has received despatches from Mexico to the 27th ult. President Juarez was making preparations to remove his seat of Government to Monterey, and had sent an ex pedition against the city of Durango, which i said to have been abandoned by the main French force, only five hundred remaining.

The Vera Cruz correspondent of the New York Herald, under the date of Sept. 11th, writes that there are no indications of a withdrawal of the French troops, that skirmishing has taken place just outside the walls of the city, and that a new commander is expected from France to succeed Bazaine.

A Washington despatch says that General Grant denies the report circulated by the Radicals that he expressed any preferences concerning the vote in Pennsylvania, and regrets that his name should be mixed up with local politics. It says that the General is a supporter of the President's policy.

Mr. Washburne the U. S. Minister to Paraguay, who was stopped by the allied forces of Brazil and the Argentine Republic which were blockading the Paraguay River, has been permitted to pass, on the energetic remonstrance of this Government.

A salute of twenty-one guns to the Brazilian flag has been fired by the United States vessel Nipsic, in the port Bahia, to make the amende honorable for the seizure of the Confederate vessel Florida in that port. The salute was returned gun for gun.

The South Carolina Legislature adjourned on Friday after passing a law permitting negroes to enjoy the pretection of all laws as to person and property equally with the whites, and to suffer like punishments for offences

General Sheridan has ordered a new commission to make a searching examination in regard to the riot and burning of Brenham, Texas, as he is not satisfied with the report of the recent commission.

The series of experiments upon iron-e'ad argets with Rodman guns are still going on at Fortiess Monroe. The shots from the smooth bore and rifled guns are said to be very effect. to the government. It is nothing but a tope

The great flood in the West is now subsid ing, and the different railroad companies are actively engaged in repairing their damages.t is thought all the roads will be in operation in a few days.

A desputch from Chicago represents the failure of the Producers' Bank as serious.-The liabilities amount to \$186,859, while the assets are only \$110,923.

The committee appointed by the Cleveland convention to lay before the President the proseedings of that body are to have an interview with him to-morrow.

The Oregon House of Representatives has passed the Constitutional Amendment by

The cholera is raging in Nashville, Tenn ssee, and great numbers of the citizens are leaving in consequence.

VIRGINIA NEWS

The Warrenton Index says: "The "Shenandoah," one of the Manassas Gap railroad engines, having been thoroughly repaired in Alexandria, was brought to this place with the view of transporting it hence by oxen over the rough county roads to Piedmont Station, a distance of twenty-three miles. It is the intention of the contractors on the railroad to take up the temporary track, commencing at the farthest point above Piedmont, and use the material in laying a permanent track from that station to Manassas Junction. The "Shenandoah" will be used to carry out that purpose.

Last Friday, a negro man from Appomattox county, named Spencer Patterson, arrived in Lynchburg, and gave himself up to Capt Lacy, of the Freedman's Bureau, stating that he had shot a white men, named Jesse A. Carter. Capt. Lacey immediately delivered the prisoner to the civil authorities, and by them he was committed to jaii to be returned to Appeniattox to be tried for the offence.

The Board of Visitors of the University of Virginia have made provision for the appointment of an Assistant Professor of Mathematics, whose duties shall be made to include as a speciality the department of Civil Engineering. The chair of Practical Economy will be tendered to Captain M. F. Maury.

Gen. Henry A. Morrow, who several times during the war commanded the twentieth U. S. corps to which Geary's division was attached, is now collector of Customs at Detroit. He is the son of James Morrow who kept a hotel in Warrenton, and was born and bred in

General G. W. Custis Lee has been elected Professor of Civil Engineering in the University of Georgia. He is a son of General Robert E. Lee, and was Chief of Staff to Mr Davis

Henry R. Smarr, raised near Upperville, Va., was recently killed in a personal rencoun

The cholera has made its appearance among the negro settlements on the Peninsula, near Hampton, Va.

New Jersey Politics.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] NEWARK, N. J., September 22, 1866. Last evening a large and enthusiastic meet ing was held in Market Place. In spite of the rain hundreds of democrats and conservatives turned out in procession, to greet the veterans from the Cleveland Convention. The whole city was in a blaze from the innumerable torches, and the ccho of the music discoursed by the bands reverberated from the distant sends to the New York Tribune a despatch hills. The Democracy of New Jersey are firm that Indiana, at the coming election, will foll and invincible, struggling without regard to low the lead of Maine; that Illinois will give the past, for the unity and harmony of the forty thousand majority for the Republican sister States of this Union. One constitution, ticket; and that the whole Northwest is in one mother country, one people, is the motto o'clock, having taken nearly three hours in de-

Mr. Botts in New Jersey. PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 19, 1866.—The

Union League Wigwam at this city was filled to-night to hear an address by John Minor Botts. An extract or two from the speech as reported in the New York Herald of Thursday will satisfy the curiosity of the public to know what he is at:

HIS SYMPATHIES DURING THE WAR. Here, in Virginia, while the war lasted, he claimed to be neutral in sympathy and conduct, but to the people of Paterson, now that the war is over and it is known which is the winping side, he says: I suppose I need hardly tell you that although

a citizen of Virginia during that rebeliion my sympathies were not with my State. | Applause.] My sympathies were with the Union and the Union army. | Applause. | My sympathies also were with the deluded, deceived and cheated men of my own State. But not one particle of sympathy did I feel for the rebellion or those who had brought it on .-Applause. I sympathized with the Union party and with the Union army, because I felt and knew that my own liberties and the liber ties of those who surrounded me-the liberties of the whole country-depended upon the success of the Union army; and I may say with truth that I never did hear, during the whole rebellion, of a Union victory than I did not rejoice, and I never heard of a Union defeat that I did not mourn over it, because I knew that every success of the rebel army only pro longed the war and increased the sufferings of the people of the South.

After giving at length his views in opposition to the policy of the administration, he tells

WHAT HE THINKS OF ANDY JOHNSON. Just imagine Washington, Madison or others of our great patriots stumping the country and asking the people to support a doctrine rejected by two thirds of their own Congress, and offering them as a bribe the public offices of the country, and if for these and other reasons Congress does not use its power by an impeachment they will signally fail in their duty to the people and in their efforts to reconstruct the country. [Cheers.] That is not all Mr. Johnson has done to justify an impeachment and a removal from office. He has charged that Congress with being traitors; he has called them a rump Congress; he has called them to Congress at all; he said they were standing on the verge of the government. Well, now, if he believes in all this, that Congress is not constitutionally organized, how dare he put his name to those bills of appropriation which gave millions of your money away? How can he do so? For this alone he deserves impeachment. How dare he attempt to stir up rebellion against the constituted Legislatures of the country? How dare he encourage resistance to the law? Now, for instance, suppose you took it into your head to think these taxation laws were passed by an unauthorized body, and you resisted the collection of the tax, would not that be resisting the law, and would you not be justified in so doing by the President of the United States, telling you it is ordered by an unau horized body? It he does not deserve impeachment on this, then tarewell

NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

The Tribone finds tault with me because as the late Convention I did not support negro suffrage; but I said then, and I say now, I do not think the negro is prepared for it; I do not believe the time has come yet; I do not believe that, after years of bondage, they can instantly be set free and clothed with all the privileges of citizens. They have not yet the knowledge necessary to exercise the civil privileges. I am not one of those either who believe their votes would benefit the South; for it appears to me, looking at the scenes lately occurring in New Orleans and Memphis, that they would have to vote for the Democrats for their own safety, and in such an election as between Grant and Lee-if such a one were to take place-they would throw Johnson as high as a kite, and elect Bob Lee in his place; and it would tend to extermination of their race; for at the elections, if they did not vote with their late rebel masters some drunken man might cause a riot which would end in the firing of their houses over their heads and wholesale slaughter in the streets.

IMPEACHMENT OF THE PRESIDENT. He said there was another thing for which the President ought to be impeached. The people of the country have a right to meet when and where they choose to consult among themselves to discuss matters bearing on their own interest; but without talking of the legitimacy of the Convention at New Orleans, he could say it had committed no treason nor broken any law. It had as good a right to assembe as the copperhead rebels had to meet in Philadelphia. Yet by the encouragement given by the President, and the taking of power from the rightful executive and placing it in the hands of military satraps, wholesale slaughter of loyal citizens was the result, and this also, I think, constitutes an offence which ought to constitute another count in the indictment against him. Gentlemen, we are threatened by his friends, by the press in his service, and his confidential friends, and especially by that incendiary Montgomery Blair, we are threatened with a coup d' etat. We are told that if these copperheads in the North should succeed in electing a quorum with the Southern representative, Andrew Johnson will recognize them, and ignore your use. We can confidently recommend them for loyal representatives. Candor compels me to all affections of the throat. say I do not believe such an absurdity. It would require a bolder man than Andrew Johnson. More, it would require a great fool, and Andrew Johnson is no fool.

A HIT ON SEWARD. There is a gentleman standing at his right hand, his right hand bower, who has been playing court-jester lately, letting himself descend from his high position. He has thrown out such an insinuation and has asked the people, 'Do you want a President or a King?" But as for him it is only charitable to say he is more to be pitied than to be blamed. I would say I believe Seward's mind is gone, for it would require to be unusually developed to go through the domestic affliction and the scenes he went through without their having an effect upon his mind. I came to that conclusion after two late interviews with him, and I mentioned it to many of his friends, all of whom agreed with me, and said he-was not the man he had been; therefore, instead of blaming, I pity him. It is impossible otherwise that such a man could have let himself down to such a depth; but if such a freak should ever enter their heads, you have twenty-five millions and an army led by a loyal head and heart to protect you. They dare not; but let them if they dare. The gen tleman then went on to review the resolutions of the Philadelphia 14th of August Convention, which, he said, was composed of the principles of the Radicals, but enunciated as their

PITCHING INTO GREELEY. He next pitched pretty hard into his friend Greeley, who, he said, had so notimes gone off half-cocked and does not show his usual wisdom by proposing things which only add new cause of strife, and which would tend to be obstacles in the way of the general success of their party, and concluded by saying the only locality in York, and if he had fear of any district in New Jersey it was in Patterson-[laughter]-and requested them to give as much power again, if not more power, to the next Congress, and his labors would then be amply rewarded.

The speech was not concluded until near 11

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

From advices from Europe, by the cable, we learn that all the South German Governments have signified their willingness to introduce the Prussian monetary system in their respective States, taking the thaler and the groschen as the basis of their circulation. By this means unity of the currency will be established throughout Germany. It is stated that the resignation of M. Drouyn de l'Huys was caused by his having written a despatch to M. Benede ti not in accordance with the spirit of the Imperial policy. It is also said that negotiations are taking place between the leaders of the radical and liberal parties in England to effect a fusion on the reform question.

By advices from Europe, by the cable, of Saturday we have the following: A number of Fenians were arrested in London on Saturday. Arms and ammunition were also found. The Dresden Gazette of Saturday says that the announcement of a treaty of peace between Prussia and Saxony was premature. A memorial is being extensively circulated advocating terly in advance. the independence of Frankfort. Mr. Dirke Albrecht has been made Commande-in-Chief of the Austrian army.

Both the New York Tribune and the New York Herald advocate the immediate trial or the immediate release of Mr. Davis.

MARRIED.

On the 16th instant, by Rev. R. C. Leachman WM. HENRY WREKS and Miss V1RGINIA ROBERTA FLORANCE-all of Fauquier.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

BRYAN & BREERWOOD, Are now receiving a very large and complete assortment of Fall and Winter Dry Goods, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Flannels, Blankets, Linseys, Calicoes, Alpacas, Merinoes, Scotch and English Plaids, Silk and Cotton Warp, Plain and Plaid Poplins, Mouselaines, Shawls, and Balmoral Skirts.

Virginia and Maryland 3-4 and 6-4 Cloths and

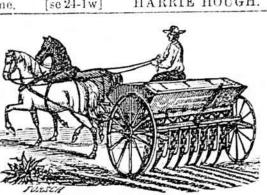
They would call especial attention to their stock of DRESS GOODS, comprising, as i does nearly all styles. sep 21-co2w

DISSOLUTION. ALEXANDRIA, VA.,

Sept. 20, 1866. The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of HOUGH & TOLSON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted by

Harrie Hough, at the old stand, by whom all accounts will be settled HARRIE HOUGH,

E. LAWRENCE TOLSON, The undersigned returns his thanks for th very liberal patronage heretofore received, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the [se 24-1w] HARRIE HOUGH.



TUST RECEIVED-100 WHEAT DRILLS

50 Bickford & Huffman's Iron Cylinde Drills, with Guano and Grass Seed Attachment 9 Tube Drill with Guano Attachment, \$133 Grass Seed Sower Attachment,

50 Willowby's Gum Spring Drills. PRICE: 8 Tube Drill, with Gunno and Grass Seed Sower Attached, - - - \$145 Rhodes' Super Phosphate per ton. -100 tons Whann's Raw Bone Phosphate, for W. H. MAY, sale by 69. Cameron street

sep 3—1m Brades, Endholist LUBRICATORS! THE PEOPLE'S

MOSTSURE AND EFFECTUAL REMEDY For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Diptheria,

and all Pulmonary Diseases. The LUBRICATOR is a medicinal prepara-tion, in the form of a lozenge, which of all modes is the most pleasant and convenient They contain no deleterious ingredient, and are warranted to be always safe, even for the weakest and most sensitive stomach. In croup they give immediate relief. For coughs and colds they are invaluable.

For Catarrh, Asthma and Bronchitis they have no equal in the market, (vide certificates accompanying each box.) Diptheria, that dreaded and desolating disease, they control wonderfully and almost immediately. No public speaker, singer or teacher should

be without them, as they remove hoarseness and strengthen and clear the voice. Always use them in time, and if the symptoms are severe use very freely.

J. H. BLADES & CO., Proprietors,

ELMIRA, NEW YORK. JANNEY & CO., Wholesale Agents, 145, King street, above St. Asaph,

ALEXANDRIA, VA. The great sale of these Lubricators last Winter bore ample testimony to their efficacy and superiority over every other form of troche in

TSTABLISHED 1840.

RESIDING IN THE SOUTH AND SOUTH WESTERN STATES.

Prior to the war we had numerous customers n the South and Southwest, all of whom we most respectfully inform that our stock of Foreign and Domestic First-class Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS.

is now as then, much the largest and most comprehensive in this market. Now, as heretofore, all orders receive our most careful attention.

Our Northern and Eastern correspondents send us new supplies daily. Terms cash. One price only, the actual market value, marked in plain figures. Ma. All parcels for shipment or express, or modes, properly packed free of charge.

An examination of stock solicited; it incurs

no obligation to purchase.

PERRY & BROTHER, Pennsylvania Avenue and Ninth st., sel3-3w] "Perry Building," Washington, D. C.

THRESHERS AND CLEANERS. THRESHING MACHINES. HORSE POWERS, (railway and sweeps)
PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
HAY PRESSES,
CIDER MILLS,
WINE MILLS,

CORN SHELLERS, FAN MILLS.

FAN MILLS.
FARM BOILERS,
VEGETABLE CUTTERS,
HAY, STRAW AND FODDER CUTTERS,
&c., &c. J. P. BARTHOLOW & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in Agricultural Implements, Seeds & Fertilizers,
558, 7th street, Washington, D. C., and
au 29-1m
25, King street, Alexandria, Va.

OTICE.—Having taken out letters of administration on the estate of Caleb Stone, late of Fairfax county, all creditors are requestthe North that would make a decent show for "my policy" was the city of New York; the only State he was apprehensive of was New CALERS STONE payment to me, as early as possible. CALEB S. STONE,

Adm'r, of Caleb Stone, deceased, sep 20-eo2w Painter P. O., Fairfax co., Va. STRAWBERRY PLANTS, &c. -5000 Straw-berry Plants, just received from the most

reliable nurserymen. Also, daily expected to arrive, Grape Vines, Raspberries, Blackberries, and fruit trees, in proper season for planting. HENRY COOK,

EDUCATIONAL.

МІСИТ ВСНООВ.

NORMAN F. MOORE, will, on MONDAY, October 1, open a NIGHT SCHOOL, for the instruction of young men in the Languages, Arithmetic, Writing and Bookkeeping For terms, etc., application can be made at the school-room, No. 60, Fairfax st.

N. B.—The Day School will be continued. MRS. CASTLEMAN IS PREPARED TO re-open her school on Monday, September 17th, at No. 33, south Pitt street, second door

from St. Paul's Church. Her school-room is large and airy, and situated in a central and pleasant location. While drawing no invidious comparison with

the excellent schools already established in Alexandria, she feels assured that she can offer advantages equal to any in the place. She appeals especially to the old Alexandrians, as having herself been a former resident and the daughter of a native Alexandrian

and more especially to the Episcopalians of Alexandria as being the daughter and widow of Episcopal clergymen, who both fell, with the harness on, in the service of the Chur h. Terms, per scholastic year: \$24, \$32, \$40 and \$50, according to advancement-payable quar-

To meet a felt want in the education girls, there will be a sewing class, two afternoons of each week, for which an additional charge of \$1 50 per month will be made.

Miss HARRIET L. POWELL, an experienced and successful teacher, will assi t in the

English Department. Belle haven institute, opens on

OPENS ON MONDAY, 17th INSTANT, affording unusual facilities. A prompt attendance is earnestly requested of those who par-

pose to enter. The Institute has recently been thoroughly repaired and returnished. The Study Hall is elegantly and comfortably furnished. The Music rooms will be supplied with rew and first-class Pianos, from the celebrated factories of Knabe & Co., of Baltimore, and Steinway of New York.

Day scholars can practice in the Institute. There are three experienced and efficient teachers in the Musical Department. OFFICERS:

Miss E. B. GARBER, Principal. Miss A. L. TEBBS, Associate Principal. Miss M. E. STEWART, Drawing and Paint-

Miss M. M. GARBER, Assistant in English.
MONS. and MADAME MALLARD, Languages-French, Italian, &c. Prof. R. E. HEYMAN-assisted by a lady-Music-Piano, Harp, Organ and Guitar.
Miss HELEN M NEVITT, Vocal Music.

NEW SCHOOL -The subscriber feels thankful for former patronage, and again solicits the public favor in his line of business. His school commences the 10th day of September,

1866, and continues to the 10th July, 1867. Terms: For the Latin and Greek Languages, Mathematics, &c., \$175 for 10 months or scholastic year; for the English Branches, \$150. In all cases one-half in advance. JOHN FITZHUGH,

Living 12 miles above Fairfax C. H. Near Herndon Station CULPEPER FEMALE INSTITUTE.

MRS. MARY M. ARCHER, Having removed to the town of Culpeper and taken a large and commediates dwelling, has determined to resume her School, under the above name. She will be pleased to receive a limited number of boarders in her family. Having had experience in the education young ladies, she teels assured of being able t give satisfaction to such as may entrust their daughters to her care. The services of Protessors of the Virginia High School, have been se cured to assist in giving instructions in Ancient and Modern Languages, and Mathematics.

TERMS FOR SCHOLASTIC YEAR, COMMENCING SEPTEMBER 20, 1866. First half session payable in advance; second payment in February, 1867. Higher Branches of English. 25 00 Elementary " Languages, each Instruction in Music, for beginners... 25 00

For advanced pupils, at Professor's prices. Vocal Music, at Professor's charges. Board, including washing, fuel and lights 230. A portion received in kind. REFERENCE IS MADE TO THE FOLLOWING

GENTLEMEN: Rev. Philip Slaughter, Culpeper county. Hon. Jeremiah Morton, Col. A. J. Taliaferro, R. H. Cunningham, esq., Rev. John Cole, Wm. H. Harrison, esq., Amelia county. Dr. F. L. Deane, Richmond. Gen. P. T. Moore, F. L. Marshall, esq., Fauquier county.

Col. C. E. Lightfoot, Culpeper C. H. For further particulars address MRS. MARY M. ARCHER, Care Rev. John Cole Culpeper C. H., Va THE SUBSCRIBER WILL RESUMETHE

Monday, the 10th of September. As hereto fore the number of pupils will be limited. The following are the terms of tuition pe scholastic quarter, in advance: For Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Geography, Arithmetic, English Gram-

duties of his SCHOOL FOR BOYS, on

mar and Composition, \$8. History, Advanced Georgraphy, Arithmetic English Grammar and Composition, \$10. Mathematics and the Natural Sciences, \$12 N. B.—Persons having business with the sub-

scriber may find him at his school room, in the Lyceum building, every hours of 10 and 12 o'clock in.

H. F. HENRY. Lyceum building, every day, between the AALE CLASSICAL AND

MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL SOUTH ROOM, LYCEUM BUILDING.

The undersigned will resume the exercises of his School, on MONDAY, the 10th of Septem-

TERMS, per quarter of ten weeks, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

Junior Class..... 8.00 Senior Class aug 11-eotf CHARLES L. POWELL'S

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

The subscriber will reopen his school for boys on Wednesday, the 12th of September next, at his residence on the corner of Washington and Duke streets, Alexandria, Virginia.-Having had more than ten year's experience, he is prepared to give to those entrusted to his care

a thorough course of instruction in the English branches, Greek, Latin and Mathematics. For those who desire to study French, a competent teacher will be provided. Terms, per quarter of 10 weeks-payable in advance.

For tuition of advanced classes \$12 50 to \$15 For tuition of Junior Class...... 10 00 Preparatory Department...... 8 (0 Preparatory Department 5 to French and Drawing (each)........ 5 to CHAS. L. POWELL, A. M., Principal.

MISS MARK'S SEMINARY.

The next session of this long established insti-The next session of this long established insti-tution will commence on Tuesday, the 18th of September, and continue through a term of for-ty weeks. Every proper effort will be made to promote the physical, moral, and intellectual improvement of the pupils. Parents are re-spectfully reminded of the great benefit accruing from a regular attendance, and the compartitle that has been shipped to this market heretofered atively few advantages of a contrary compartitle that has been shipped to this market heretofered. atively few advantages of a contrary course—
The School Room is eligibly situated at 214,
King street, the residence of the Principal,
where terms and particulars will be given upon

see 12-

CHOICE PICKLING VINEGAR. Sugar-cured Hams.

Small Breast pieces and Shoulders,

Just received and for sale by HOUGH & TOLSON, cor. Prince and Pitt sts. SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY SERIES OF READERS, 2d and 3rd, just received and for sale at FRENCH'S BOOK AND STA-TIONERY STORE, 104, King street. For sale wholesale and retail.

GEO. E. FRENCH. 10 BOXES B. F. BABBET'S SOAP, for sale by aug9-tf F G SWAINE EDUCATIONAL.

RE-OPENING OF ST. JOHN'S COL. tution, one of the oldest in the State, now liber ally endowed by the Legislature, will open to the 18th of September next, with an entire reorganization. It is believed that no similar in stitution offers greater advantages to those wishing to obtain a thorough liberal education or to pursue a partial course.

These advantages are, in part, the following. 1. Extensive and commodious building thoroughly repaired and returnished, capable of boarding 130 students, and of accommod ting more than three hundred; all situated in one of the most beautiful and salubrious localis and affording ample facilities for a full physical developement by boating, swimming, skating and other healthful and useful exercises. Then will also be a well-turnished gymnasium on the

2. A full course in the departments of study usually embraced in a college curriculum, and in addition, a very extensive range of selector n Special Departments.

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