

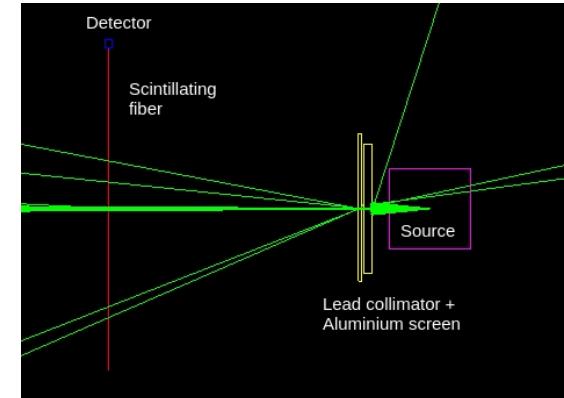
*Gate activities at*



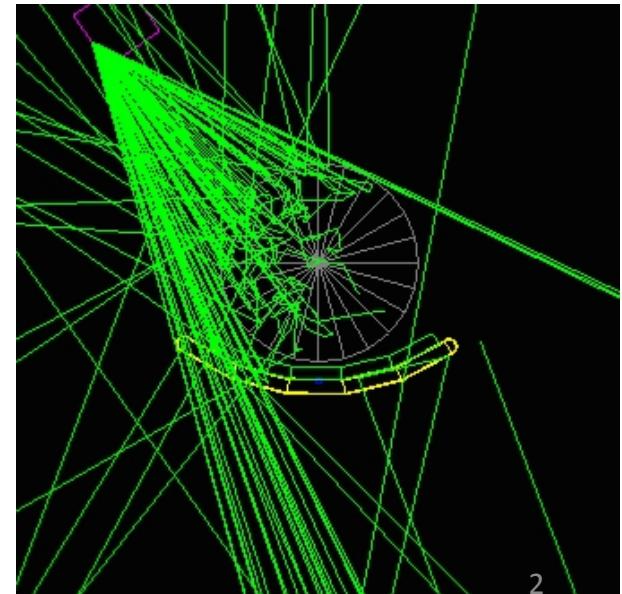
Pierre Gillet, Thomas Deschler, Halima Elazhar,  
Emmanuel Medernach, Nicolas Arbor and Ziad El Bitar  
Groupe DeSIs  
Dosimétrie, Simulation et Instrumentation

# Work of Pierre Gillet (user)

- PhD student : *CT dosimetry with a Plastic Scintillator Detector*
- [pierre.gillet@iphc.cnrs.fr](mailto:pierre.gillet@iphc.cnrs.fr)
- Gate user
- **Study of the PSD's response in an X-ray generator:**
  - Irradiation from 80 to 140 kV
  - Spectrum acquired using SpekCalc and a CdTe spectrometer

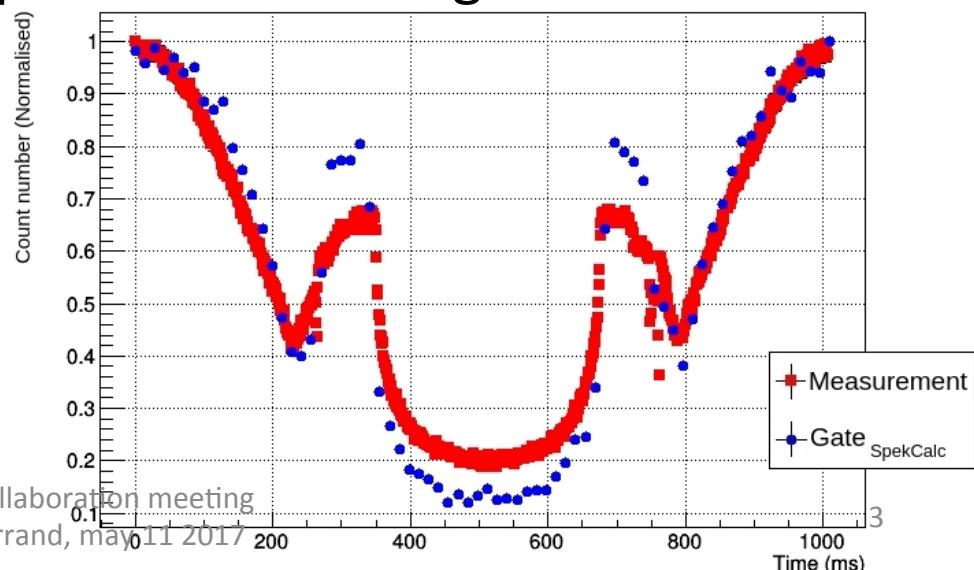
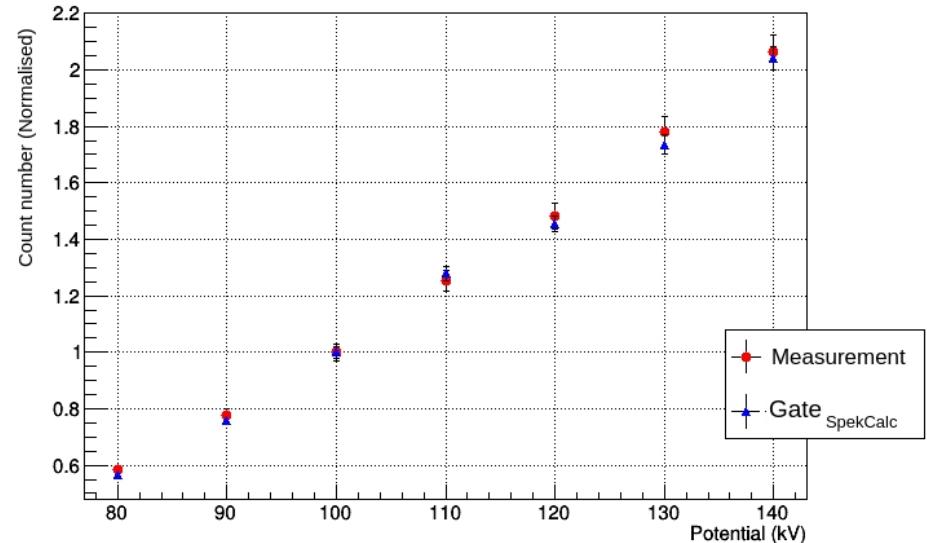


- **CT simulation**
  - The fiber is located under the mattress
  - The goal is to reproduce the scintillating fiber's signal



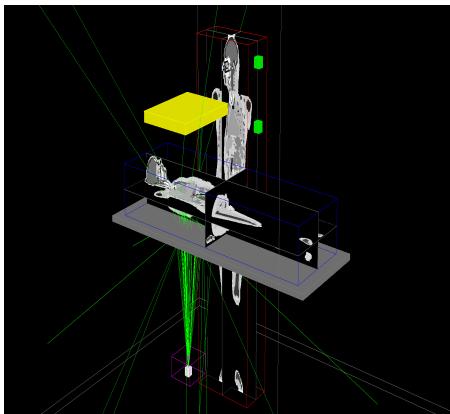
# Validation studies

- X-ray generator
  - Normalised at 100 kV
  - Good agreement
  
- Clinical CT
  - The attenuation due to the phantom is too high in the simulation



# Work of Thomas Deschler (developper)

- PhD student : *Dose reconstruction in interventional radiology*
- *thomas.deschler@iphc.cnrs.fr*
- Contribution to GATE V8.0 : Support of DICOM images
- Thesis work : Development of a Monte Carlo dosimetry software for interventional radiology
  - Generation of patient dosimetry from DICOM files of intervention



## Organs dose:

- Heart:  $17,96 \mu\text{Gy} \pm 0.3\%$
- Lungs:  $46,66 \mu\text{Gy} \pm 0.1\%$
- Kidneys:  $6,551 \mu\text{Gy} \pm 0.5\%$
- Liver:  $21,87 \mu\text{Gy} \pm 0.1\%$
- Pancreas:  $9,814 \mu\text{Gy} \pm 0.6\%$
- Brain:  $66 \text{nGy} \pm 2.4\%$
- Thyroid:  $2.6 \mu\text{Gy} \pm 2.6\%$

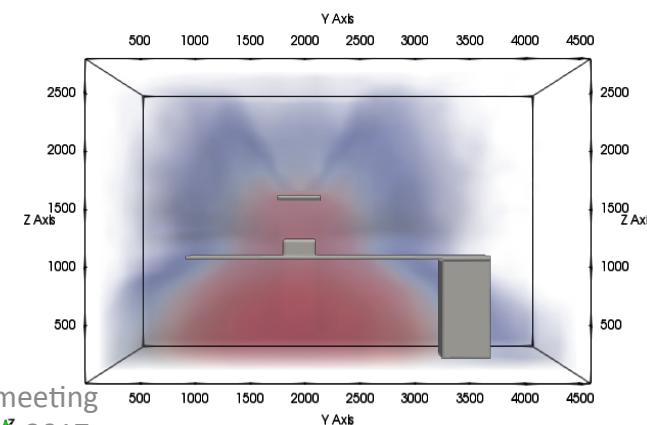
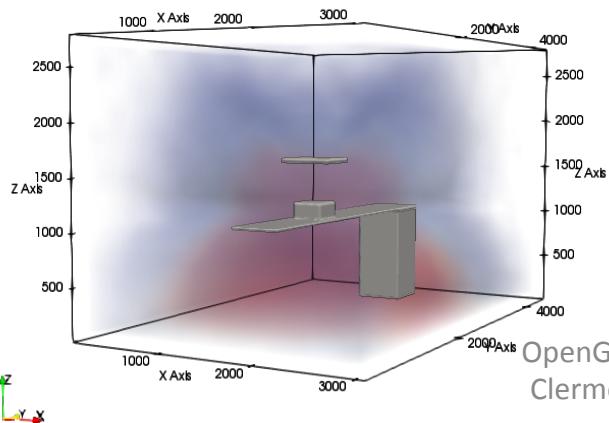


Visualisation of intervention

- Generation of room dose map for staff radioprotection

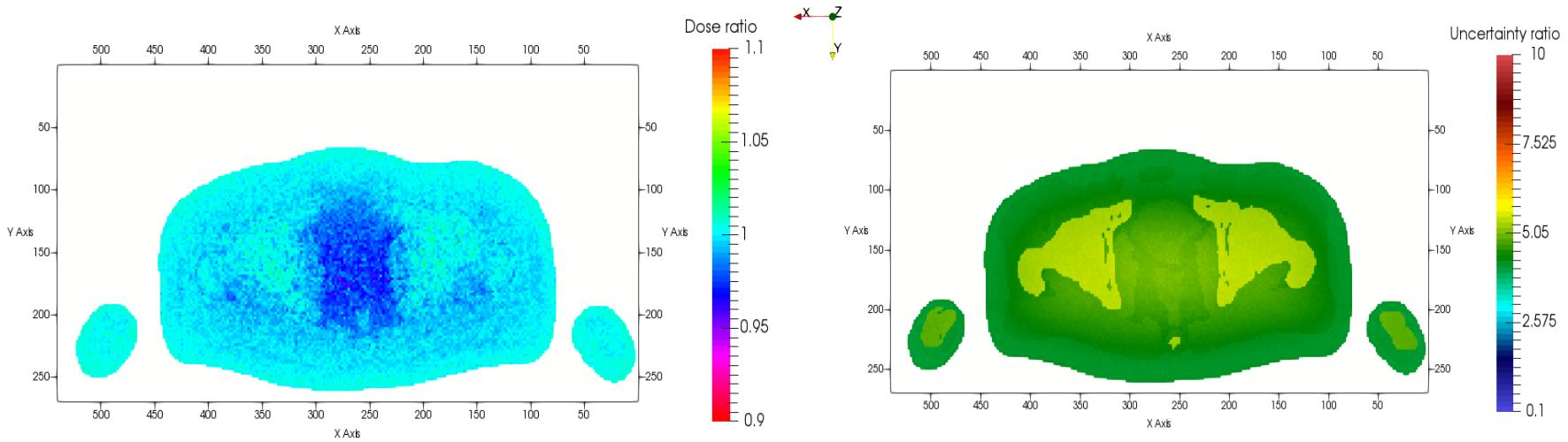
in 2 min at 70kVp and 1mAs

Skin dose map



# Work of Halima Elazhar (developper)

- ✓ NTLE : Neutron Track Length Estimator (Collaboration with JM Létang – CREATIS)
- ✓ Variance reduction technique for neutron dose calculation in radiotherapy applications inspired on the low-energy X-Ray Track Length Estimator (TLE)
- ✓ Calculation based on neutron kerma factors and photon mass energy absorption coefficient for an accurate neutron dose calculation in human body.

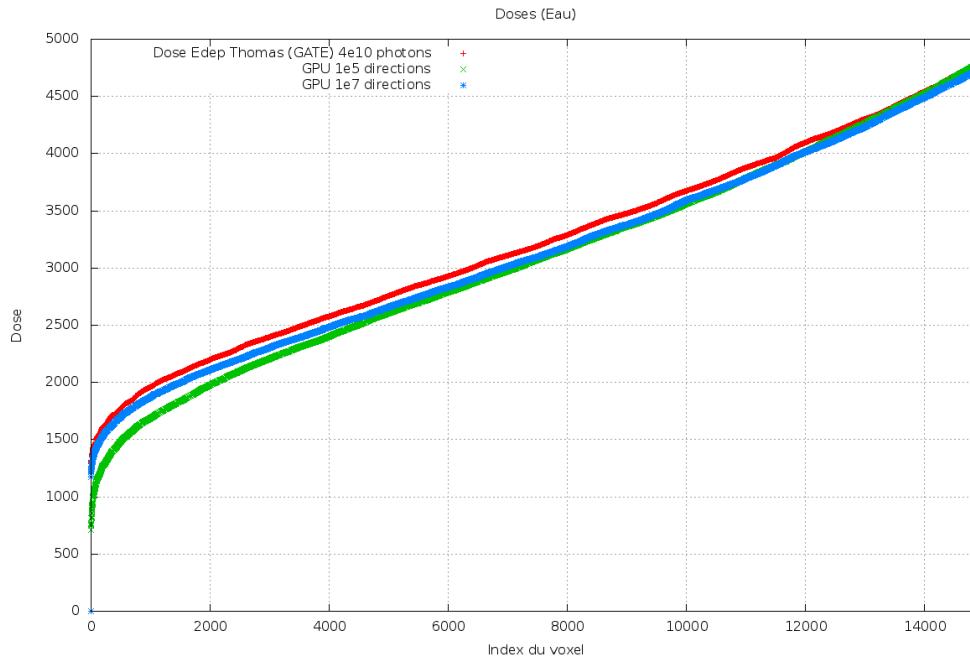


- For a typical secondary neutron spectrum (about  $10^{-9}$  MeV to 10 MeV) in Radiotherapy :
- ✓ Less than 5% dose calculation difference with the Dose Actor
  - ✓ 25 times less particles needed to achieve same uncertainty as Dose Actor

# On going GPU development

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- ✓ Adaptation of algorithm presented in (1) for dosimetry calculation
- ✓ Dose deposit in an heterogeneous voxellized phantom (100x100x100 voxels, 3 materials).
- ✓ Centred point source emission in  $4\pi$
- ✓ Photons' tracks are modeled used ray tracing algorithm
- ✓ Speed up factor of 50 compared to CPU is achieved



(1) B. Auer, C. Rey, V. Beakert, J-M. Gallone and Z. El Bitar (2016)  
*Implementation of a pre-calculated database approach for scatter correction in SPECT*  
Biomed. Phys. Eng. Express 2, 055014

*Thank you for your  
attention*